sPHENIX: the New Heavy Ion Detector at RHIC

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South Padre Island, T

Sarah Campbell

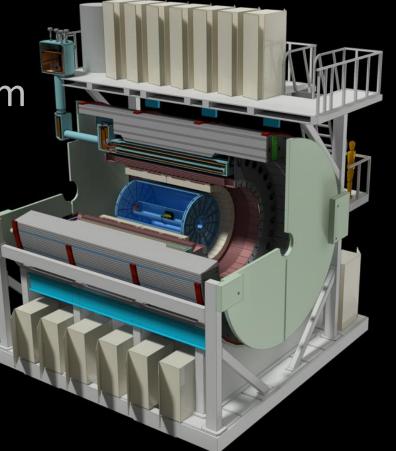
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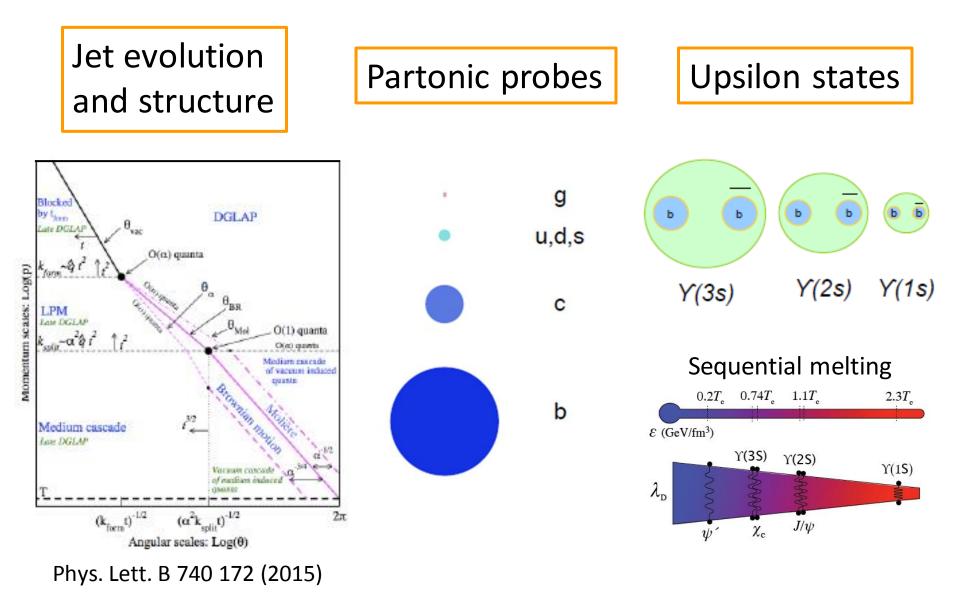


Outline

- Goals of the new RHIC detector
- Detector development
- Simulation and test beam results

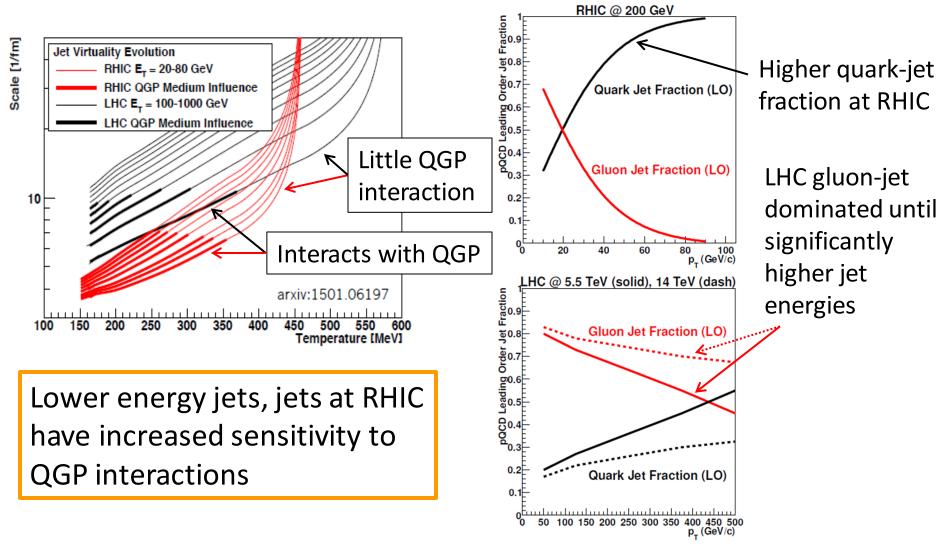


Probe QGP at multiple length-scales



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Jets as QGP probes



Complementary measurements at RHIC & LHC

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Heavy quark-medium interactions

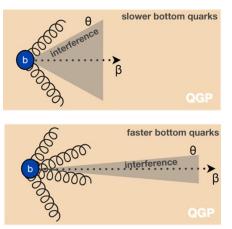
Heavy-Flavor Jets

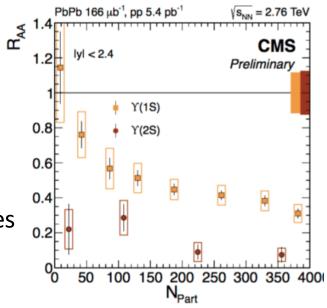
- Collisional vs radiative energy loss
 - Separate \hat{q} and \hat{e}
- Dead cone effect: $\theta_{min} < m_Q/E$

Upsilon States

- Sequential melting & color screening $\rightarrow T_{LHC} \sim 30\%$ higher T_{RHIC}
- Reduced coalescence at RHIC
 - Lower Υ rates, compensated by RHIC luminosities
 - Compare J/ ψ and Υ (2S) where size and binding energies are similar





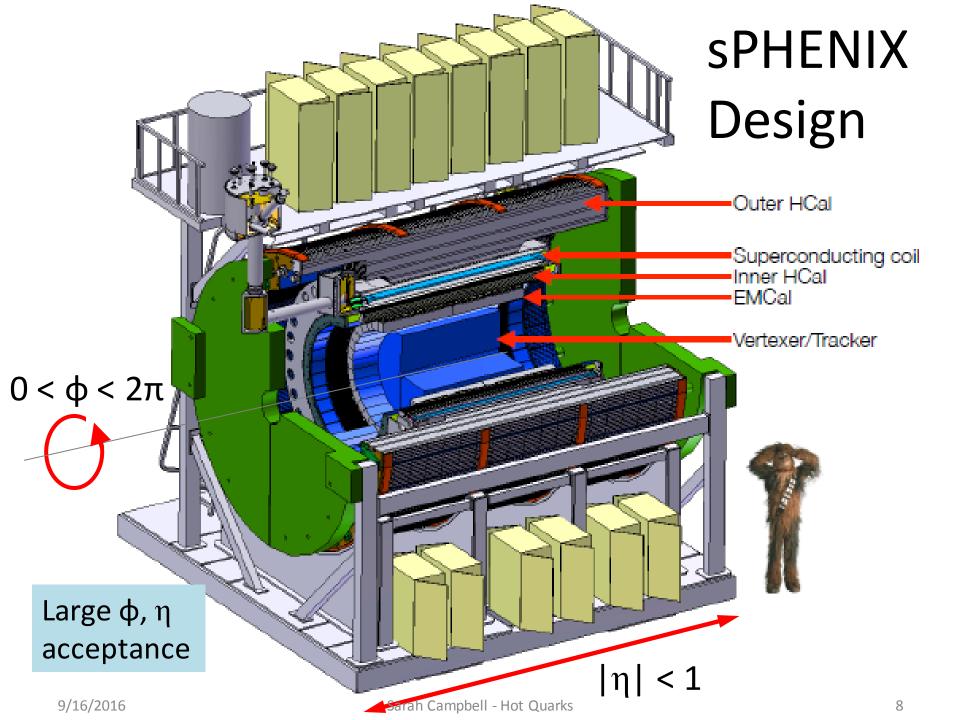


The 3 Pillars of sPHENIX



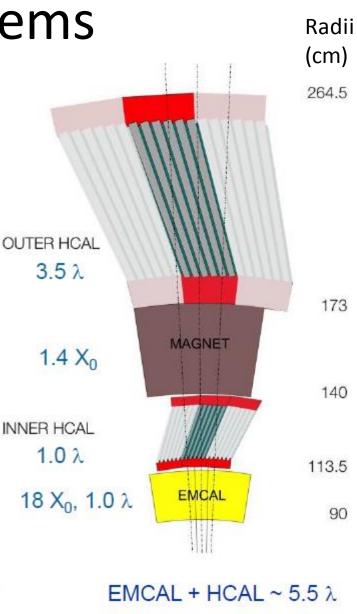
Physics driven detector requirements

Physics goal	Detector requirement
High statistics for rare probes	Accept/sample full delivered luminosity (15kHz rate) Full azimuthal and large rapidity acceptance
Precision Upsilon spectroscopy	Hadron rejection > 99% with good e ^{+/-} acceptance Mass resolution 1% @ m _Y
High jet efficiency and resolution	Full hadron and EM calorimetry Tracking from low to high pT
Control over parton mass	Precision vertexing for heavy flavor ID DCA _{vtx} < 70µm
Control over initial parton p_T	Large acceptance, high resolution photon ID
Full characterization of jet final state	High efficiency tracking for 0.2 < p _T < 40GeV Uniform, constant tracking efficiency



Outer Subsystems

- HCal: Tilted Steel-Si plates
 - Inner and Outer HCal
 - $-\Delta \varphi \times \Delta \eta = 0.1 \times 0.1$
 - Single particle: $\sigma/E < 100\%/VE$
- 1.5T Superconducting magnet
 From BaBar, cold tested at BNL
- EMCal: W powder-Si fiber
 - Δφ x Δη = 0.025 x 0.025
 - $-\sigma/E < 15\%/VE$
 - R&D on 1D (φ) or 2D (φ,η) projective modules



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Calorimeter R&D

EMCal

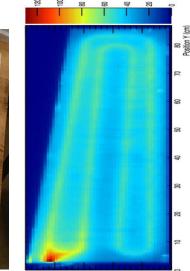
2D projective (η, ϕ) modules





Polystyrene panels embedded with 1mm wavelength shifting fiber





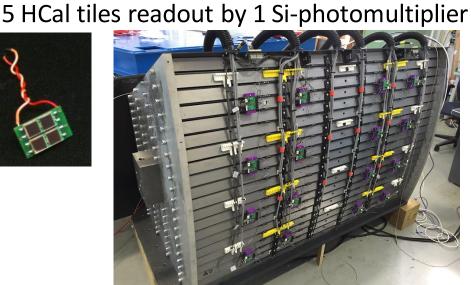
1D projective (ϕ) modules



Lightguide and Si-photomultiplier readout 9/16/2016



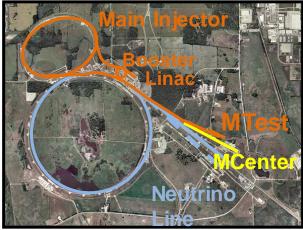




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Calorimeter Test Beam

FermiLab's MTest Facility

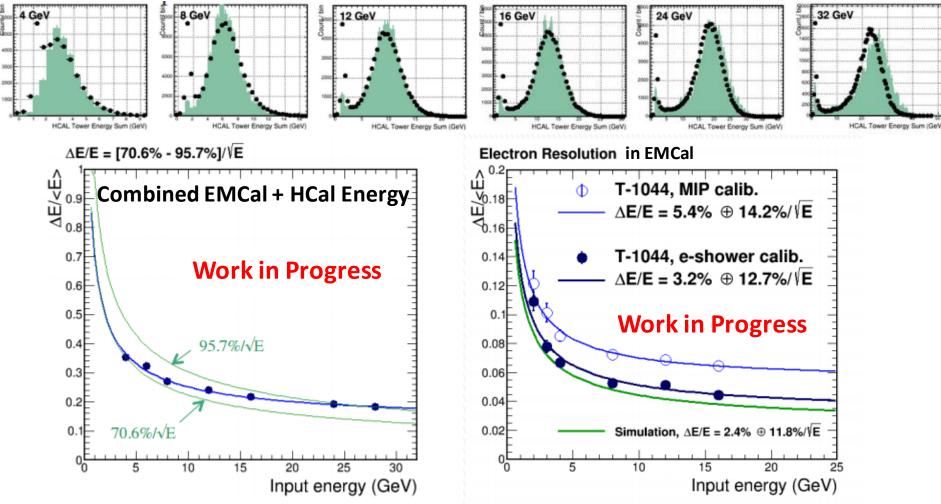


GEANT4 simulation of hadronic shower



Early Test Beam Results

HCal energy distributions well described by simulation

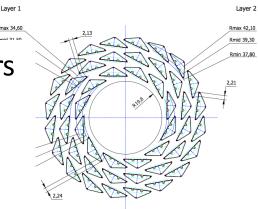


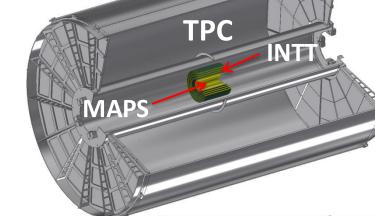
Meets design goals of <100%/ \sqrt{E} and <15%/ \sqrt{E} for EMCal

Tracking Subsystems

MAPS

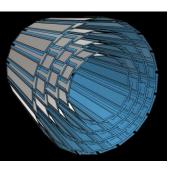
- 3 layers Si sensors
- Based on ALICE ITS upgrade
- DCA_{xy} < 70 μm
- |z_{vtx}|< 10 cm





INTT

- 4 layers Si strips
- Reuse PHENIX
 FVTX electronics

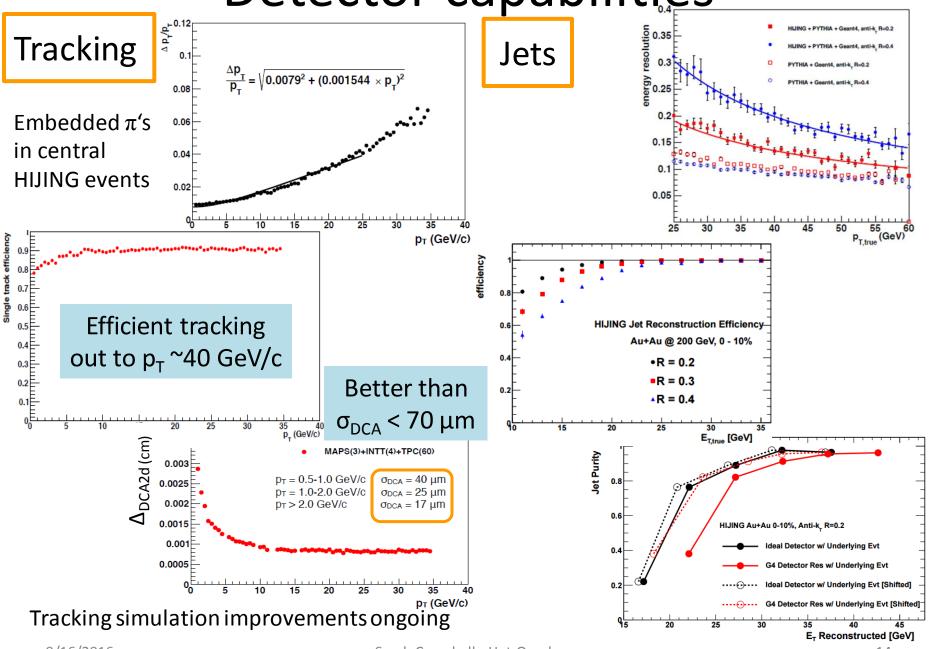


 Pattern recognition, DCA, connect tracking systems, reject pile-up

- Radius 20–78 cm
- ~250 µm effective hit resolution
- Continuous (non-gated) readout
- Pattern recognition, momentum resolution, p_T 0.2-40 GeV/c

TPC

Detector capabilities



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pQCD Rates

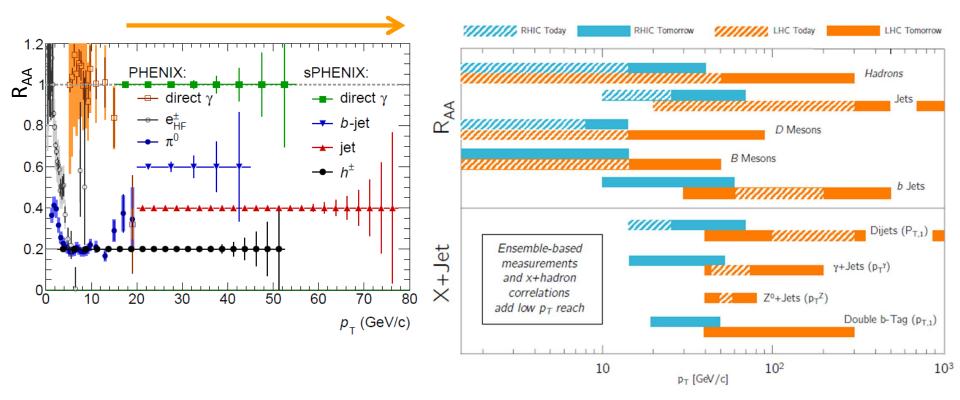
Yields in 0-20% centrality: 22 weeks of Au+Au at RHIC $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV/c}$ 10^7 jets \rightarrow 100B MB events 10^6 jets $p_{T} > 30 \text{ GeV/c}$ \rightarrow 20B 0-20% events $10^4 \gamma_{dir}$ $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV/c}$ **10**_[p₋(<mark>c</mark>ut) [AuAu 0-20%] Hard Processes pQCD @ 200 GeV NLO pQCD W. Vogelsang 10^4 c-, b-jets $p_T > 20$ GeV/c Light q + g jets 10⁻¹ [cut) [AuAu 0-20%] Hard Processes pQCD @ 200 GeV Direct γ FONLL pQCD - M. Cacciari 10⁻² Fragmentation y Charm Quark (R, =1.0) π^0 (R_{AA}=0.2) Charm Hadrons (R_{AA}=0.2) Charm \rightarrow Electron (R₁=0.2) Beauty Quark (R_=1.0) Beauty Hadrons (R_==0.5) Beauty \rightarrow Electron (R, =0.5) Counts/Event with p 10-1 Counts/Event 10⁻⁸ 10 **10**⁻¹⁰ 10 20 30 40 50 30 40 50 60 70 Transverse Momentum (GeV/c) Transverse Momentum (GeV/c)

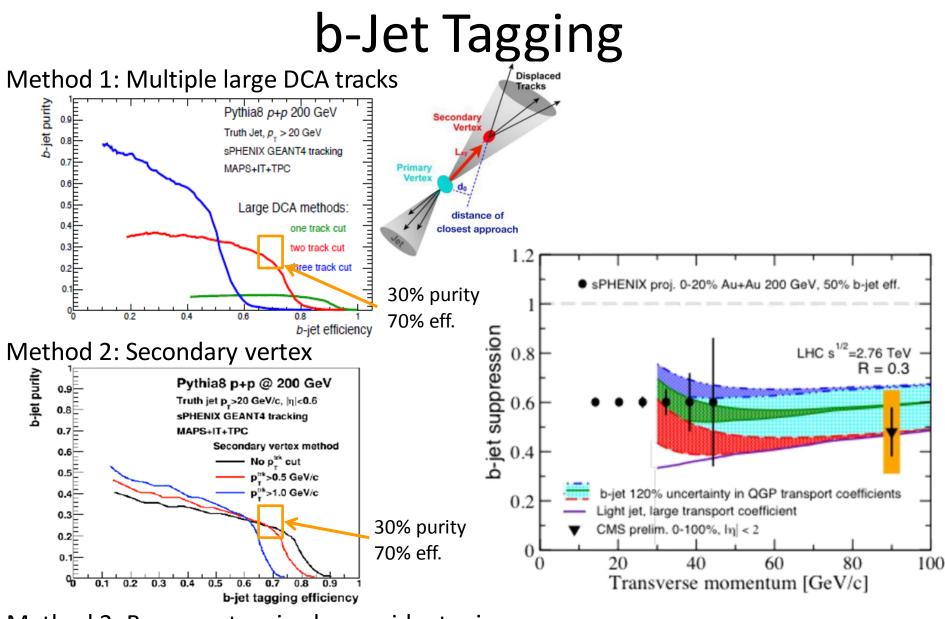
High statistics possible due to increased luminosity at RHIC

Kinematic Reach

Extends range at RHIC

Overlaps with LHC

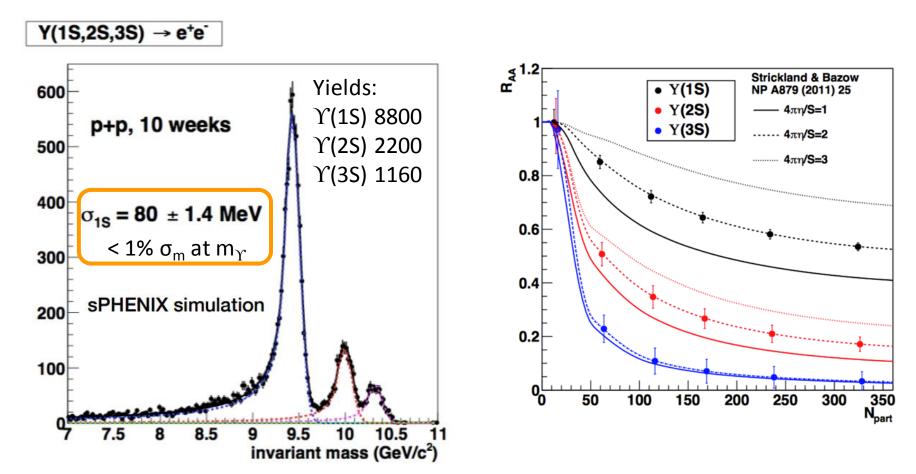




Method 3: B-meson tagging by semi-leptonic decay or by $m_B \rightarrow$ in progress

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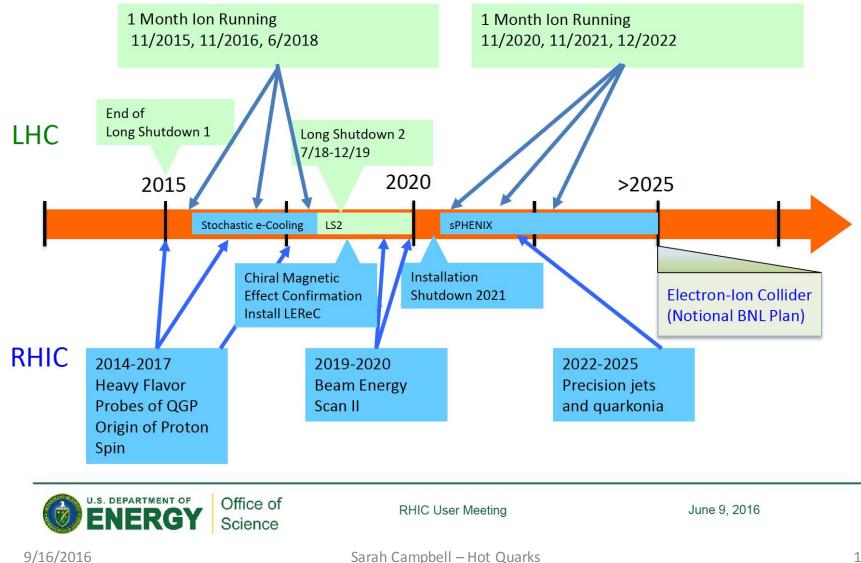
Upsilon states



First time Υ (1S), Υ (2S), Υ (3S) separation achievable at RHIC!

Timeline

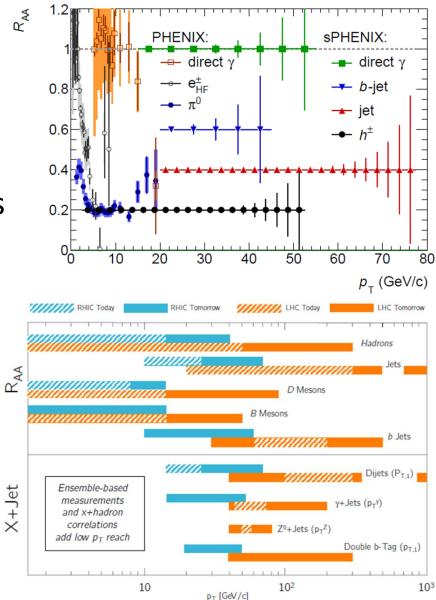
From Tim Hallman at 2016 RHIC/AGS Users meeting:



Conclusions

- New RHIC experiment needed to understand QGP
 - Complement LHC results
 - Extend RHIC results beyond
 PHENIX and STAR capabilities
- sPHENIX design tailored to jet, Υ, and b+jet physics
- Preparing for beam in 2022
- Rich future at RHIC with sPHENIX

http://www.phenix.bnl.gov/phenix/ WWW/publish/documents/sPHENIX _proposal_19112014.pdf





Backup

sPHENIX: the New Heavy Ion Detector at RHIC

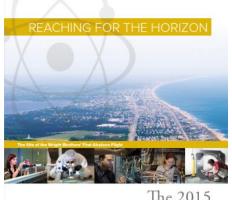
Sarah Campbell Hot Quarks South Padre Island, TX Sept 16, 2016







Goals of the new RHIC detector







RECOMMENDATION I

The progress achieved under the guidance of the 2007 Long Range Plan has reinforced U.S. world leadership in nuclear science. The highest priority in this 2015 Plan is to capitalize on the investments made.

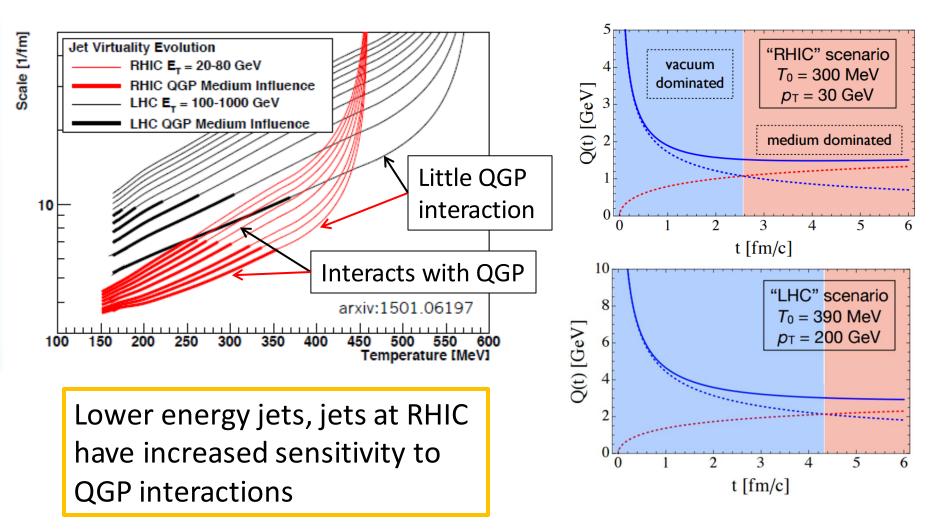
... other facilities ...

 The upgraded RHIC facility provides unique capabilities that must be utilized to explore the properties and phases of quark and gluon matter in the high temperatures of the early universe and to explore the spin structure of the proton.

From sPHENIX Cost and
Schedule Review:

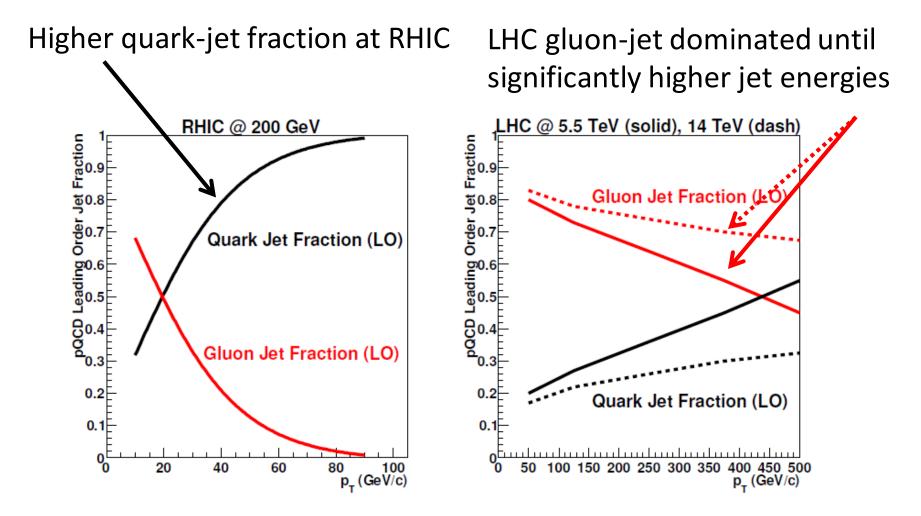
There are two central goals of measurements planned at RHIC, as it completes its scientific mission, and at the LHC: (1) Probe the inner workings of QGP by resolving its properties at shorter and shorter length scales. The complementarity of the two facilities is essential to this goal, as is a state-of-the-art jet detector at RHIC, called sPHENIX. (2) Map the phase diagram of QCD with experiments planned at RHIC.

Jet Evolution and Virtuality



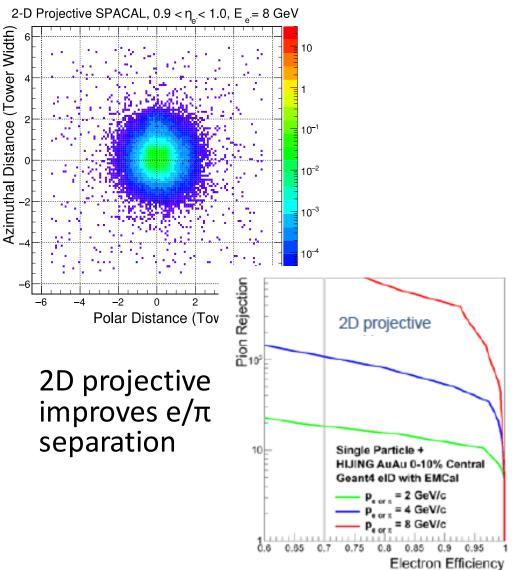
Complementary measurements at RHIC & LHC

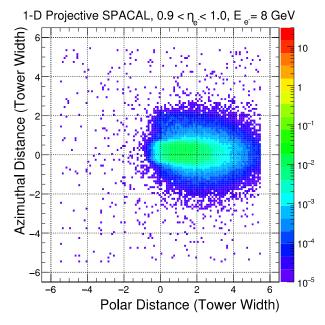
Partonic Composition of Jets



Complementary measurements at RHIC & LHC

1D vs 2D projective EMCal modules

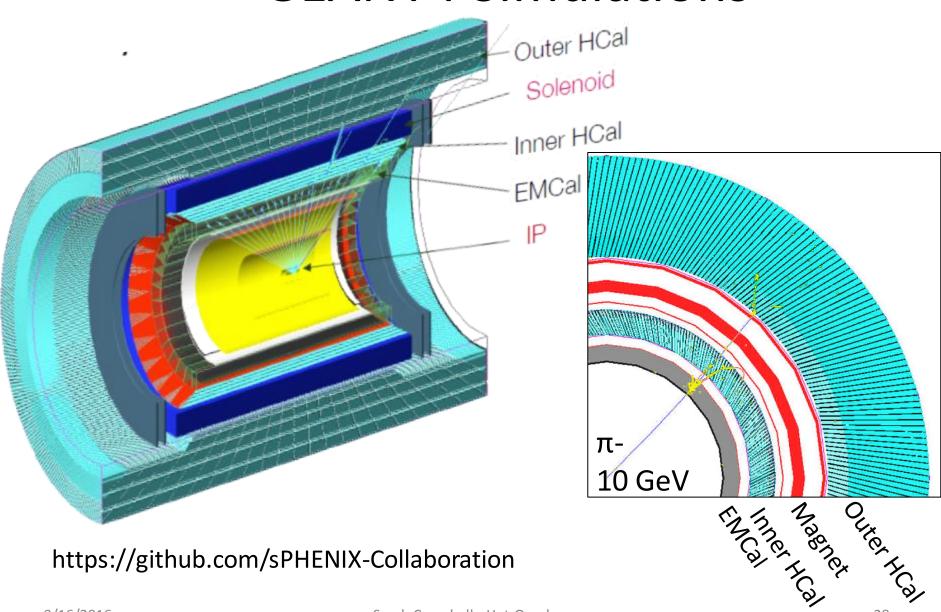




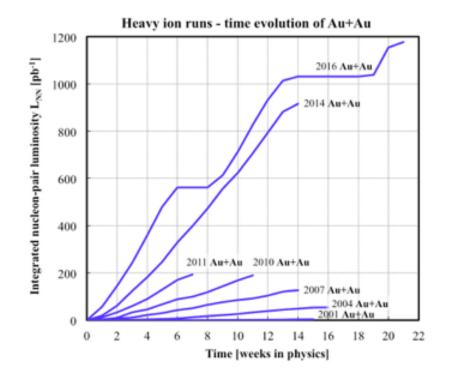
1D Production process more established



GEANT4 Simulations

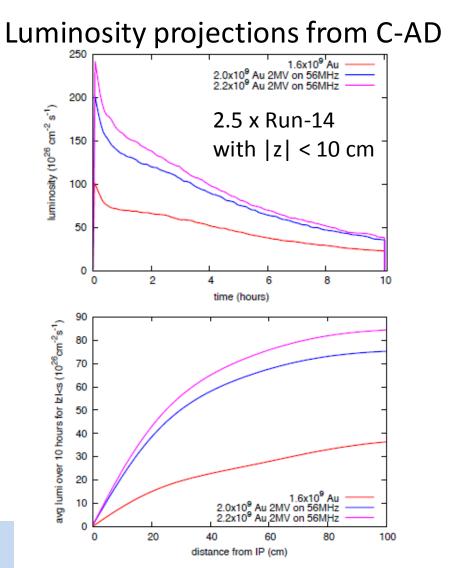


Increased luminosity at RHIC



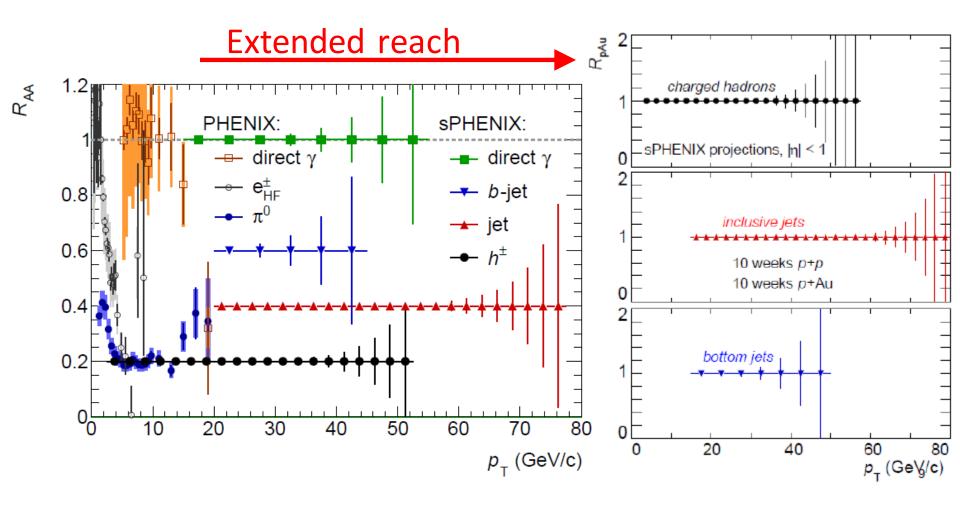
22-weeks 200 GeV Au+Au \rightarrow 100B Min Bias events

High statistics requirement met



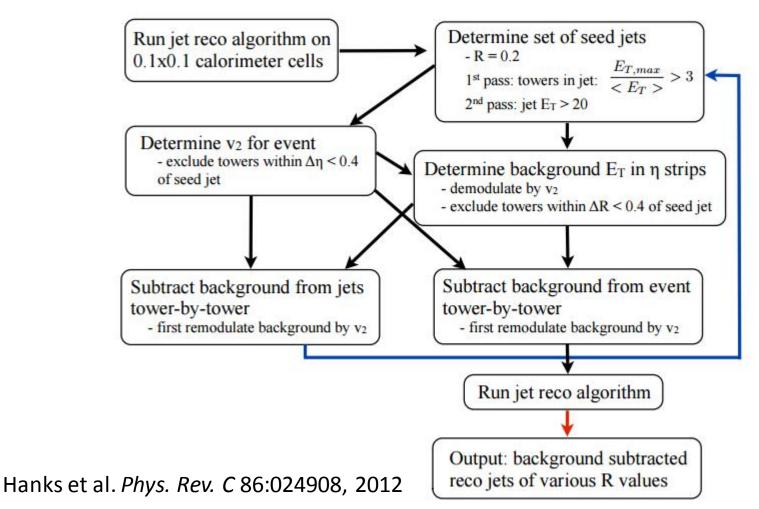
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Increased Kinematic Range



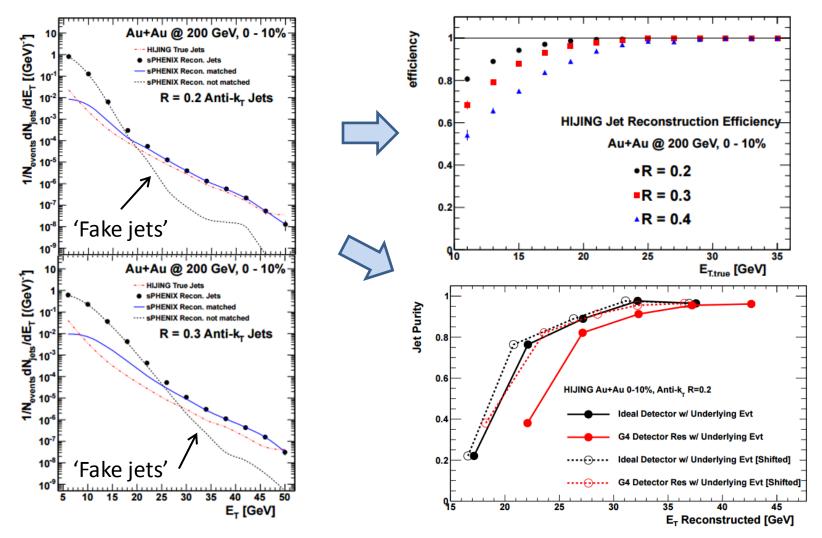
Jet Reconstruction

Inspired by ATLAS' heavy ion jet reconstruction:

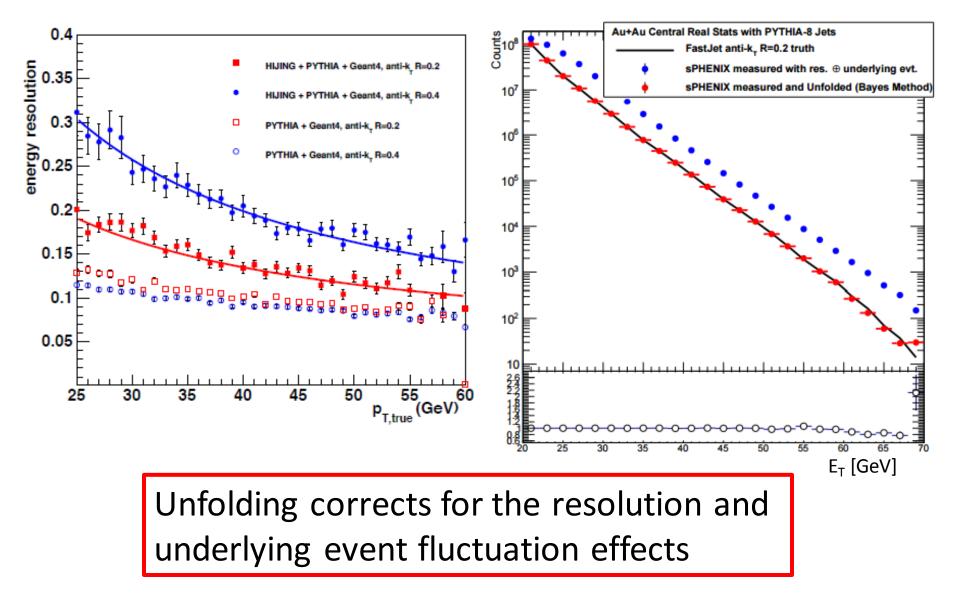


Jet Reconstruction

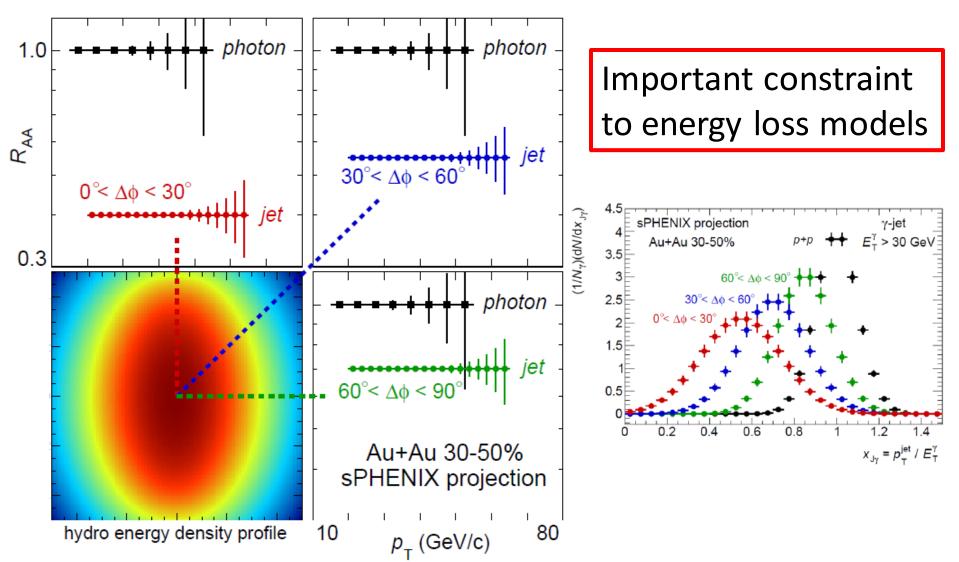
Fluctuations in the underlying event create 'fake jets'



Jet Energy Resolution and Unfolding

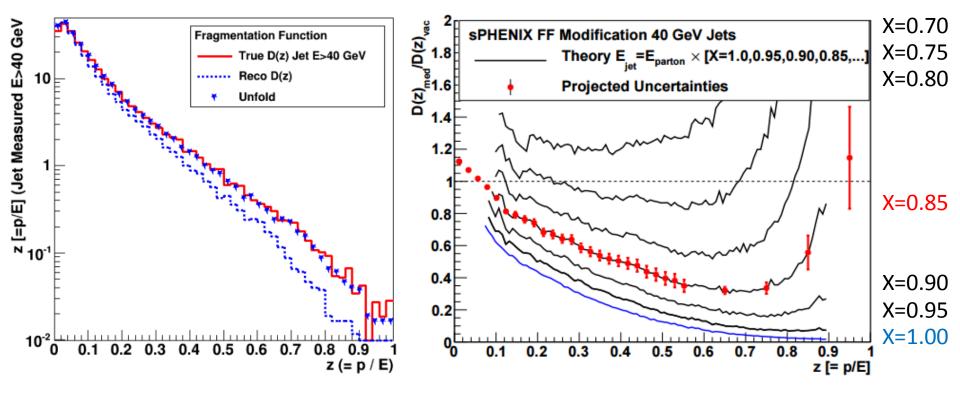


Path Length Dependence

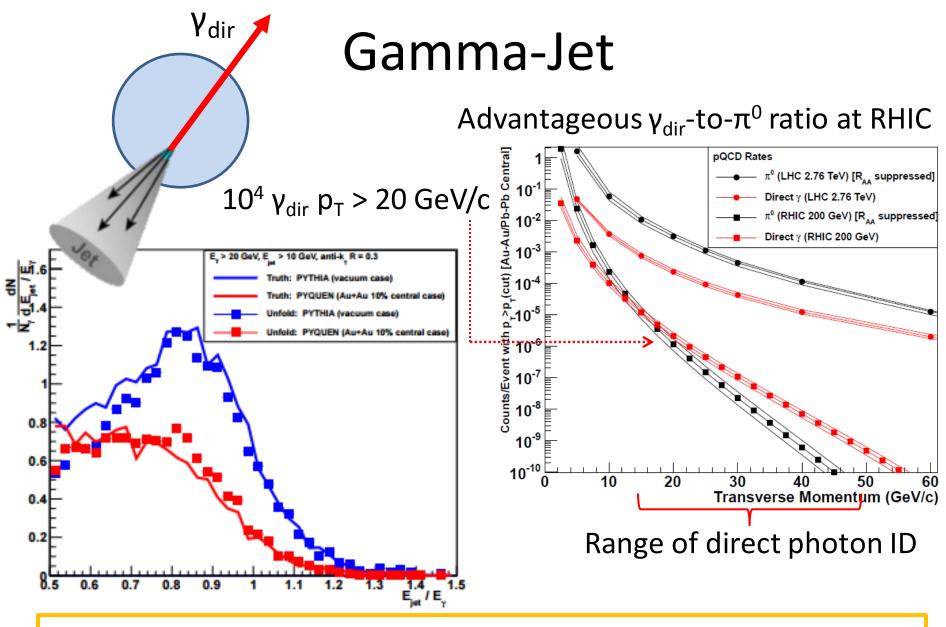


Fragmentation Functions, D(z)

Energy distribution within the jet \rightarrow Dynamics of jet quenching

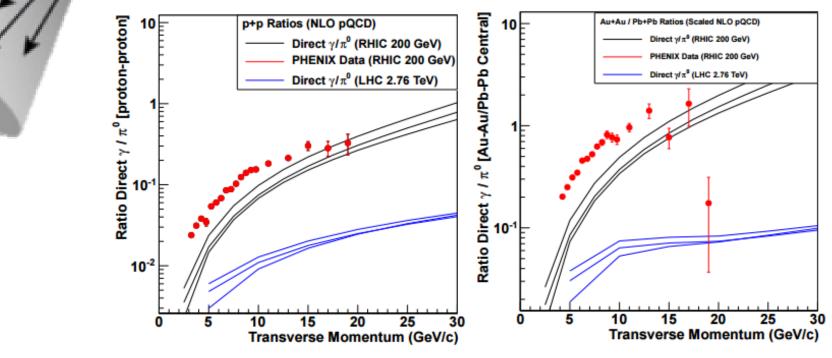


 $X \equiv$ fraction of parton energy retained in jet cone

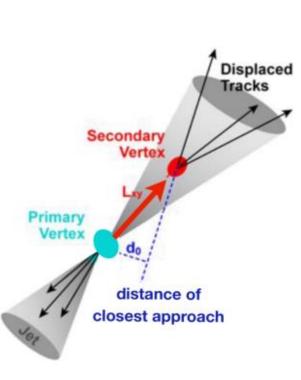


Photon provides unmodified reference for jet energy loss

Gamma-Jet

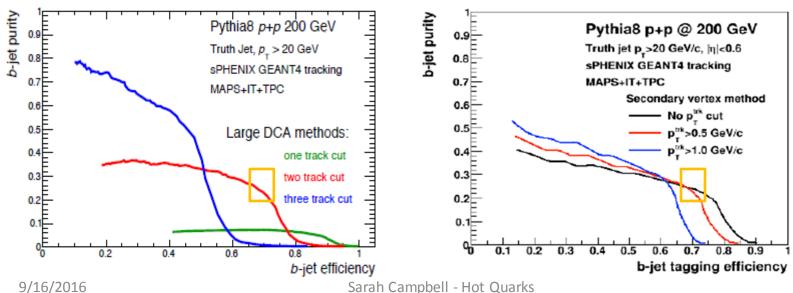


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b-Jet Tagging

- Require 30% purity, 70% efficiency
- 3 Methods:
 - Multiple large DCA tracks
 - Secondary vertex mass
 - B-meson tagging by semi-leptonic decay or by $m_{Inv B} \rightarrow in progress$



b-Jets

