

New Physics interpretations at the LHC - ANL

The F particle

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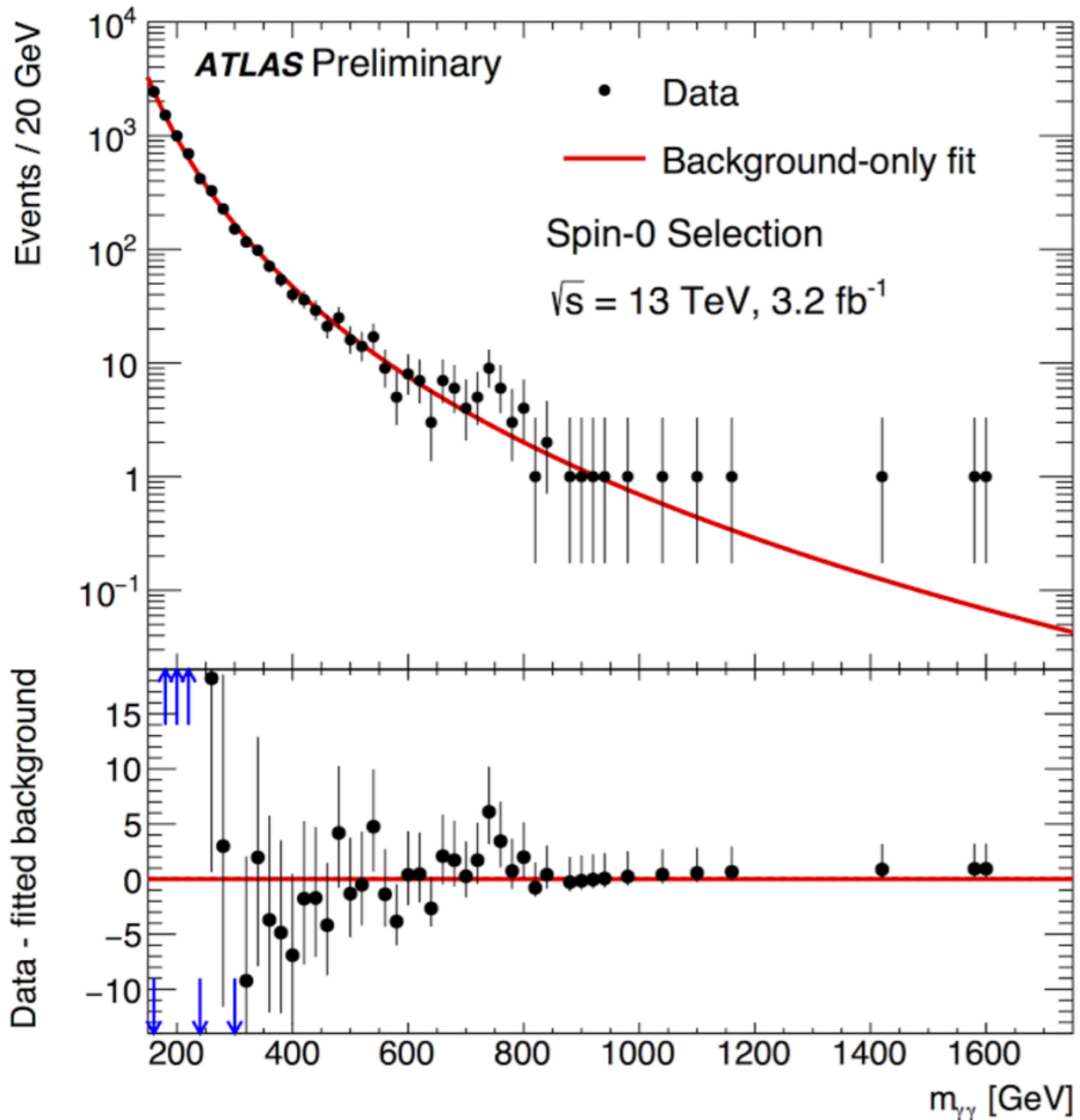


w/ M Low, LT Wang + w/ M Redi, A Strumia, E Vigiani + ...

The unexpected might happen

SPIN-0 ANALYSIS

background-only fit



Leicester City @LCFC · May 2

Leicester City. Champions of England.



1 event in 132 years

Starting point

- Digamma is **spin-0**
- Digamma is a SM **singlet**
- **Resonant** production
- Rate 5 fb
- ... and it is a **real thing**

Why 750?

For “natural” theories like SUSY or Compositeness it is the natural value for scalar masses

$$\delta m_F^2 \simeq \frac{3y_t^2}{4\pi} \left(\frac{m_{\text{LHC}}}{2\text{TeV}} \right)^2 \quad \checkmark$$

- After tuning the Higgs, F naturally 750
- A pseudo scalar singlet in Composite Higgs

$$m_\eta \simeq m_h \times \frac{f}{v}$$

Why only digamma (so far)?

A trivial *analogy* with QCD

- Anomalous (*large*) decay $\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma} = \frac{\alpha^2}{64\pi^2} \left(\frac{N_c}{3}\right)^2 \frac{m_\pi^3}{f_\pi^2}$
- Quarks confined (not seen at low E)
- \digamma the first (lightest) state

CP-odd to avoid dibosons

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\frac{1}{16\pi^2} \frac{\eta}{f} \left[g_1^2 c_B B_{\mu\nu} \tilde{B}^{\mu\nu} + g_2^2 c_W W_{\mu\nu} \tilde{W}^{\mu\nu} + g_3^2 c_G G_{\mu\nu} \tilde{G}^{\mu\nu} \right] + \kappa_f y_f \frac{\eta}{f} i \bar{q} H q$$

\longleftarrow anomaly induced \longrightarrow
 $c_\gamma = c_W + c_B$

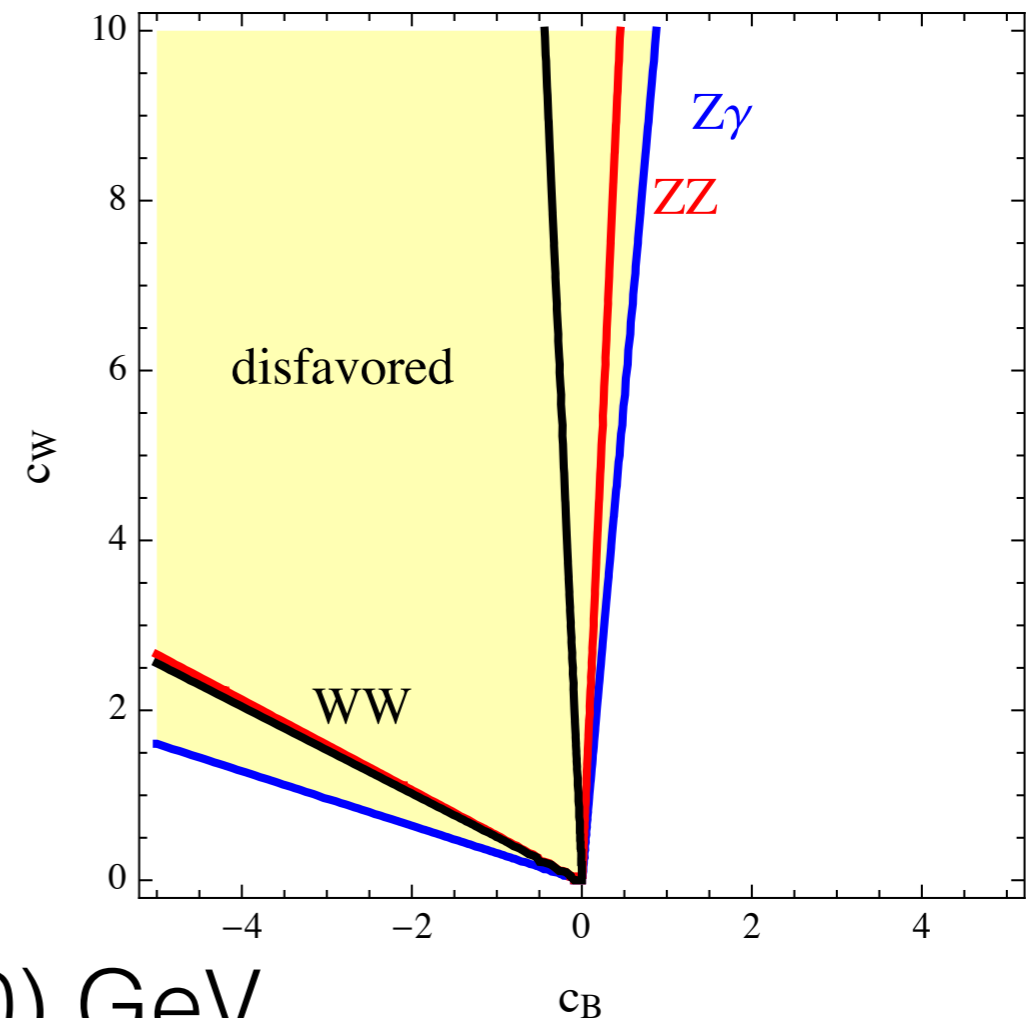
- CP-even has tree-level coupling to WW, ZZ, hh
- CP selects a few higher order interactions
- Room for sizable diphoton, caveat ttbar

If no coupling to top

w/ Matt Low and Liantao Wang

$$f \approx 130 \text{ GeV} \sqrt{c_\gamma c_G} \left(\frac{\text{GeV}}{\Gamma_{tot}} \right)^{1/4}$$

- Width is small
- For $O(1)$ numbers, $f \sim O(200)$ GeV



$$\frac{\Gamma_{\gamma Z}}{\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}} \approx \frac{2(-c_W \cot \theta_W + c_B \tan \theta_W)^2}{c_\gamma^2}, \quad \frac{\Gamma_{ZZ}}{\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}} \approx \frac{(c_W \cot \theta_W^2 + c_B \tan \theta_W^2)^2}{c_\gamma^2},$$

$$\frac{\Gamma_{WW}}{\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}} \approx 2 \frac{c_W^2}{c_\gamma^2 \sin^4 \theta_W}, \quad \frac{\Gamma_{gg}}{\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}} \approx \frac{8\alpha_3^2 c_G^2}{\alpha^2 c_\gamma^2} \approx 1300 \frac{c_G^2}{c_\gamma^2}.$$

Singlet from strong coupling

Composite Higgs - natural

- Higgs and 750 are pNGB, same dynamics
- $m_\eta \simeq m_h \times \frac{f}{v}$
- $f > 600$ GeV, higgs couplings
- ttbar important

New sector - ad hoc

- No link with Higgs
- No ttbar
- No indirect bounds
- Motivated by what?

Vector like confinement

Cilic, Sundrum '09

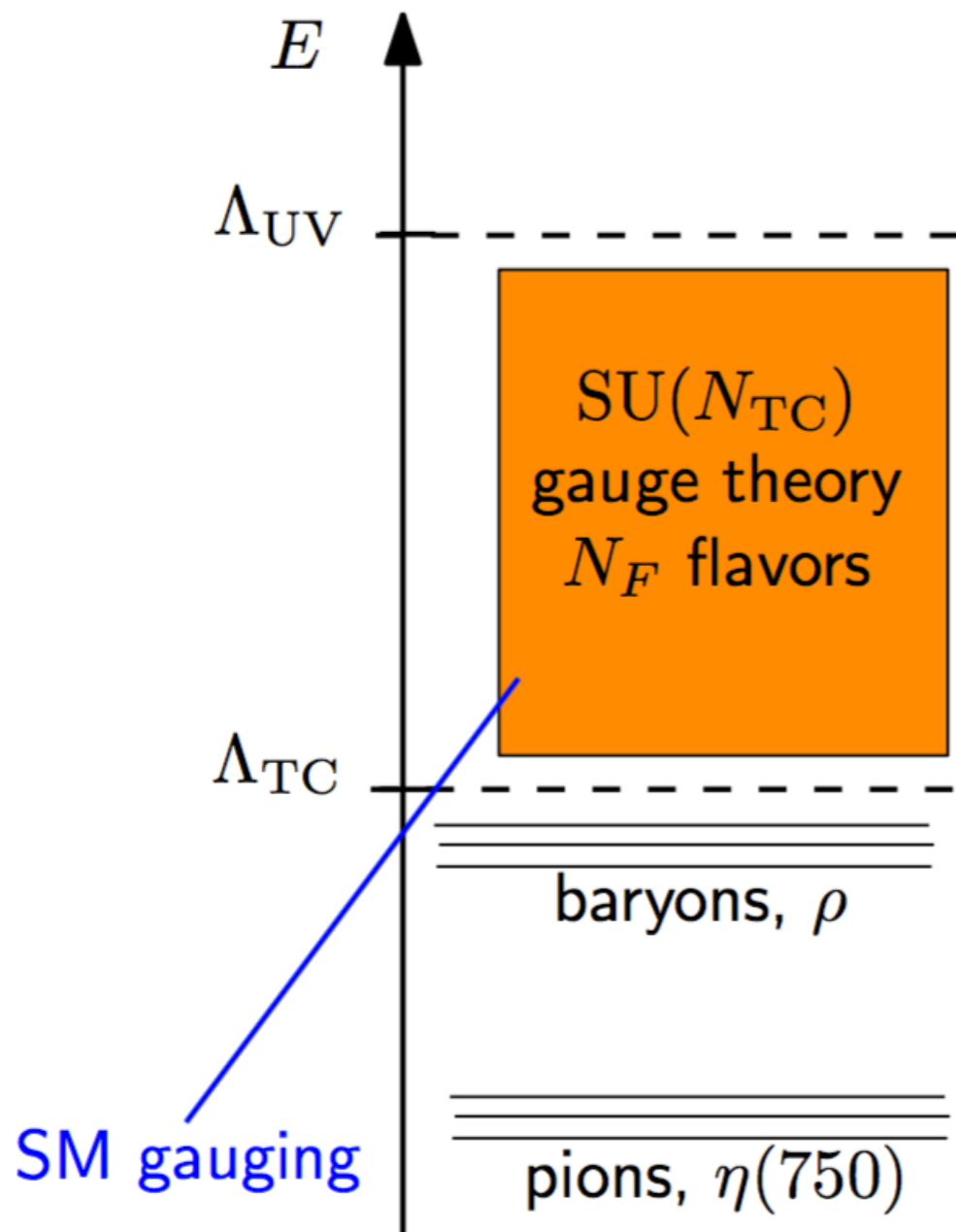
Harigaya, Nomura

Bai Berger Lu

Craig, Draper, Kilic, Thomas

....

A “pion” from a new sector



- UV gauge theory with fermions Q

$$Q = \sum_a (N_{TC}, R_a) \oplus (\bar{N}_{TC}, \bar{R}_a)$$

- Q_a are charged under SM, vector-like
- At low energy theory confines
 $\langle Q_i \bar{Q}^j \rangle = \Lambda_{TC}^3 \delta_i^j$
- Vacuum does **NOT** break SM
- Below Λ_{TC} , weakly-coupled pions
 $SU(N_F)_L \otimes SU(N_F)_R \rightarrow SU(N_F)$
- Pion can have SM quantum numbers
- η is singlet made of color and ew Q_i

analogy is with QCD-QED

GUT inspired reps

$SU(3)_c$	$SU(2)_L$	$U(1)_Y$	name
1	1	0	N
1	1	1	E
1	2	$-1/2$	L
1	3	0	V
$\bar{3}$	1	$1/3$	D
$\bar{3}$	1	$-2/3$	U
3	2	$1/6$	Q
6	1	$-2/3$	S
8	1	0	G

Simplest scenarios: Q_1, Q_2

- $N_{\text{TF}} = \dim(Q_1) + \dim(Q_2)$
- $\eta \sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{d_1}} Q_1 \bar{Q}_1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{d_2}} Q_2 \bar{Q}_2$
- $\eta' \sim Q_1 \bar{Q}_1 + Q_2 \bar{Q}_2$

$$c_B = 2N_{\text{TC}} \text{Tr}(T_\eta Y^2) \quad c_W = 2N_{\text{TC}} \text{Tr}(T_\eta T^a T^a) \quad c_G = 2N_{\text{TC}} \text{Tr}(T_\eta T^A T^A)$$

Fully determined up to the overall N_{TC}

Models with 2 reps

Q	N_{TF}	$\frac{c_B^\eta}{N_{\text{TC}}}$	$\frac{c_W^\eta}{N_{\text{TC}}}$	$\frac{c_G^\eta}{N_{\text{TC}}}$	$\frac{\Gamma_{\gamma Z}^\eta}{\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}^\eta}$	$\frac{\Gamma_{ZZ}^\eta}{\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}^\eta}$	$\frac{\Gamma_{GG}^\eta}{\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}^\eta}$	$\frac{f(\text{GeV})}{N_{\text{TC}}}$	$\frac{c_B^{\eta'}}{N_{\text{TC}}}$	$\frac{c_W^{\eta'}}{N_{\text{TC}}}$	$\frac{c_G^{\eta'}}{N_{\text{TC}}}$	$\frac{\Gamma_{\gamma Z}^{\eta'}}{\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}^{\eta'}}$	$\frac{\Gamma_{ZZ}^{\eta'}}{\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}^{\eta'}}$	$\frac{\Gamma_{GG}^{\eta'}}{\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}^{\eta'}}$	$\frac{f(\text{GeV})}{N_{\text{TC}}}$
$D \oplus L$	5	$\frac{1}{6}\sqrt{\frac{5}{3}}$	$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}$	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{15}}$	1.8	4.7	240	96	$\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$	0.23	1.9	180	—
$D \oplus U$	6	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	0	0	0.57	0.082	0	—	$\frac{5}{3\sqrt{3}}$	0	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	0.57	0.082	470	150
$D \oplus E$	4	$\frac{4}{3}\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$	0	$-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}}$	0.57	0.082	46	170	$\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$	0	$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$	0.57	0.082	180	—
$D \oplus Q$	9	$-\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	17	22	0	—	$\frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	2.9	6.1	740	150
$D \oplus T$	6	$\frac{8}{3\sqrt{3}}$	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$	$-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}}$	0.43	2.4	15	430	$\frac{10}{3\sqrt{3}}$	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$	$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}}$	0.23	1.9	12	—
$L \oplus U$	5	$\frac{7}{6\sqrt{15}}$	$-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{15}}$	200	180	12000	—	$\frac{11}{3\sqrt{10}}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$	0.0027	0.83	60	230
$L \oplus Q$	8	$-\frac{2}{3\sqrt{3}}$	0	$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}}$	0.57	0.082	740	61	$\frac{1}{3}$	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	2.9	6.1	180	210
$L \oplus S$	8	$\frac{7}{12\sqrt{3}}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$	$\frac{5}{4\sqrt{3}}$	200	180	74000	—	$\frac{19}{12}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{5}{4}$	0.095	0.47	610	290
$U \oplus E$	4	$\frac{5}{3\sqrt{6}}$	0	$-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}}$	0.57	0.082	120	110	$\frac{7}{3\sqrt{2}}$	0	$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$	0.57	0.082	60	260
$U \oplus Q$	9	$-\frac{5}{6}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	32	17	0	—	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	0.79	3.0	330	220
$U \oplus V$	6	$-\frac{4}{3\sqrt{3}}$	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$	$-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}}$	83	82	740	—	$\frac{4}{3\sqrt{3}}$	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$	$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}}$	1.5	4.1	29	310
$U \oplus N$	4	$-\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$	0	$-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}}$	0.57	0.082	180	87	$\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$	0	$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$	0.57	0.082	180	—
$E \oplus Q$	7	$-\frac{5}{6}\sqrt{\frac{7}{3}}$	$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{3}{7}}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$	3.6	0.52	70	150	$\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{7}{2}}$	$\frac{3}{\sqrt{14}}$	$\sqrt{\frac{2}{7}}$	1.2	3.7	180	—
$E \oplus S$	7	$-\frac{10}{3\sqrt{21}}$	0	$\frac{5}{2\sqrt{21}}$	0.57	0.082	740	120	$\frac{11}{3}\sqrt{\frac{2}{7}}$	0	$5\sqrt{14}$	0.57	0.082	610	310
$S \oplus V$	9	$-\frac{8}{9}$	$\frac{4}{3}$	$-\frac{5}{6}$	83	82	4600	—	$\frac{8\sqrt{2}}{9}$	$\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$	$\frac{5}{3\sqrt{2}}$	0.43	2.4	380	350
$S \oplus N$	7	$-\frac{8}{3\sqrt{21}}$	0	$-\frac{5}{2\sqrt{21}}$	0.57	0.082	1200	93	$\frac{8}{3}\sqrt{\frac{2}{7}}$	0	$\frac{5}{\sqrt{14}}$	0.57	0.082	1200	230
$N \oplus Q$	7	$\frac{1}{6\sqrt{21}}$	$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{3}{7}}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$	4.9	8.5	470	58	$\frac{1}{3\sqrt{14}}$	$\frac{3}{\sqrt{14}}$	$\sqrt{\frac{2}{7}}$	4.9	8.5	470	140

w/ Redi, Strumia Vigiani

Unstable pions

- Interactions from **WZW term**

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{WZW}} \supset -\frac{1}{16\pi^2} \frac{N_{\text{TC}}}{f} \text{Tr}[\Pi\{F_{\mu\nu}, \tilde{F}_{\mu\nu}\}];$$

- (8,1) bound from di-jet and jet+Z,gamma

$$\mathcal{L}_\chi \supset -\frac{g_3^2}{32\pi^2} \frac{N_{\text{TC}}}{f} d^{\alpha\beta\gamma} \chi^\alpha G_{\mu\nu}^\beta \tilde{G}^{\gamma,\mu\nu} - \frac{g_3 g_Y}{16\pi^2} \frac{N_{\text{TC}}}{f} q_Y \chi^\alpha G_{\mu\nu}^\alpha \tilde{B}^{\mu\nu},$$

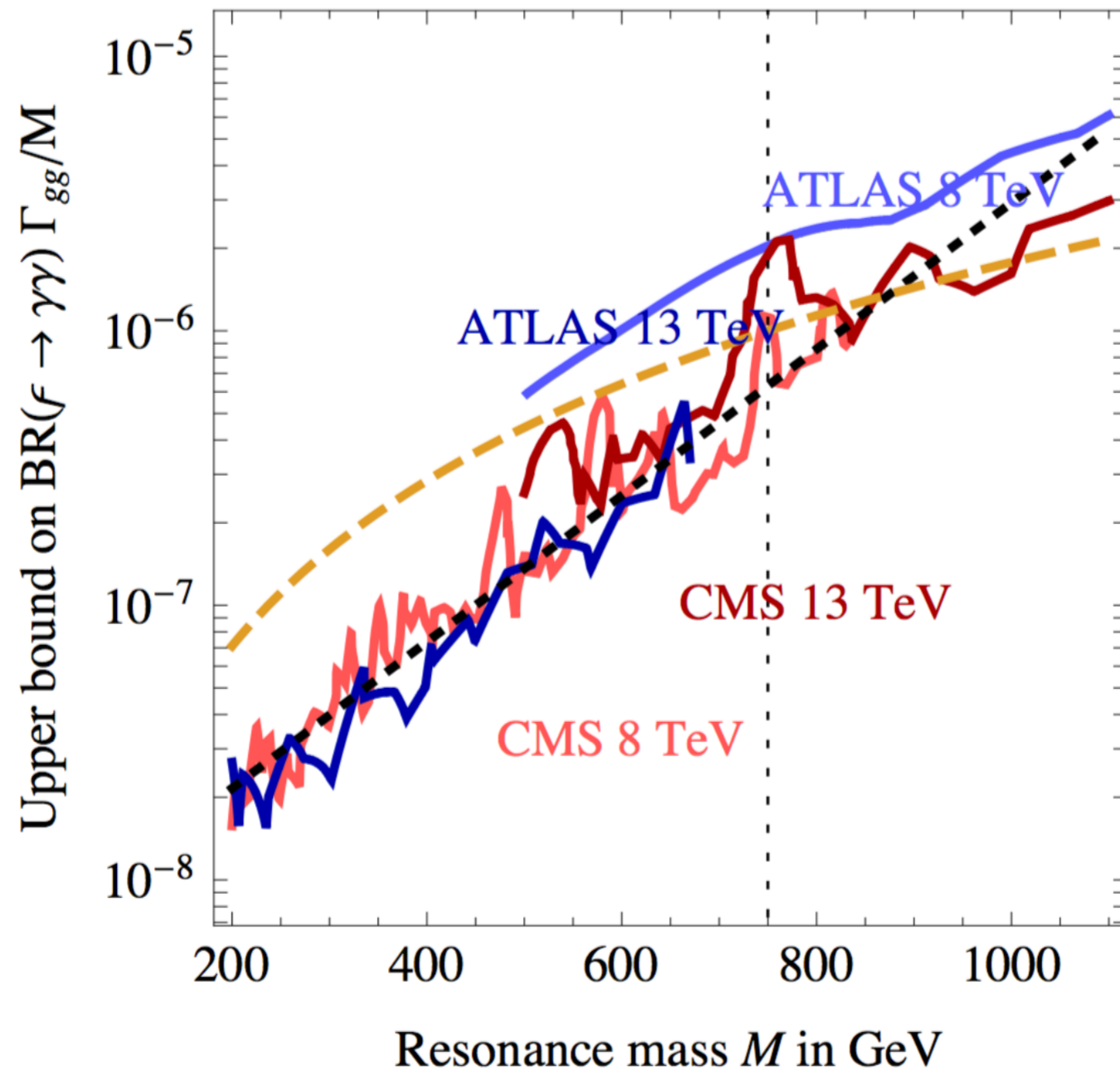
- (8,3) bound from VLQ, T->q+W

$$\mathcal{L}_{\chi_a^\alpha} \supset -\frac{g_2 g_3}{16\pi^2} \frac{N_{\text{TC}}}{f} \chi_a^\alpha G_{\mu\nu}^\alpha \tilde{W}^{a,\mu\nu}$$

- Also other singlets η, η' - like

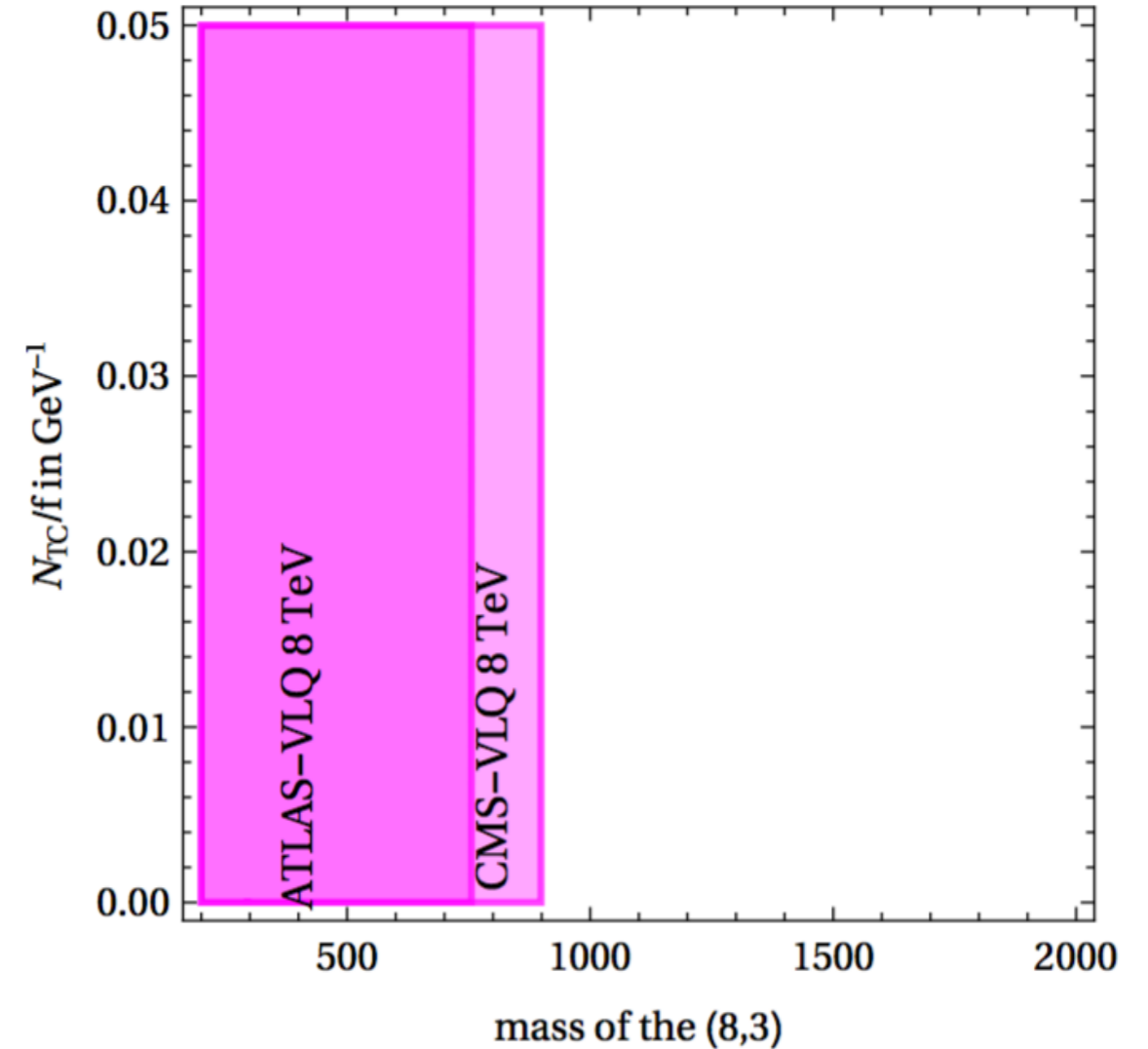
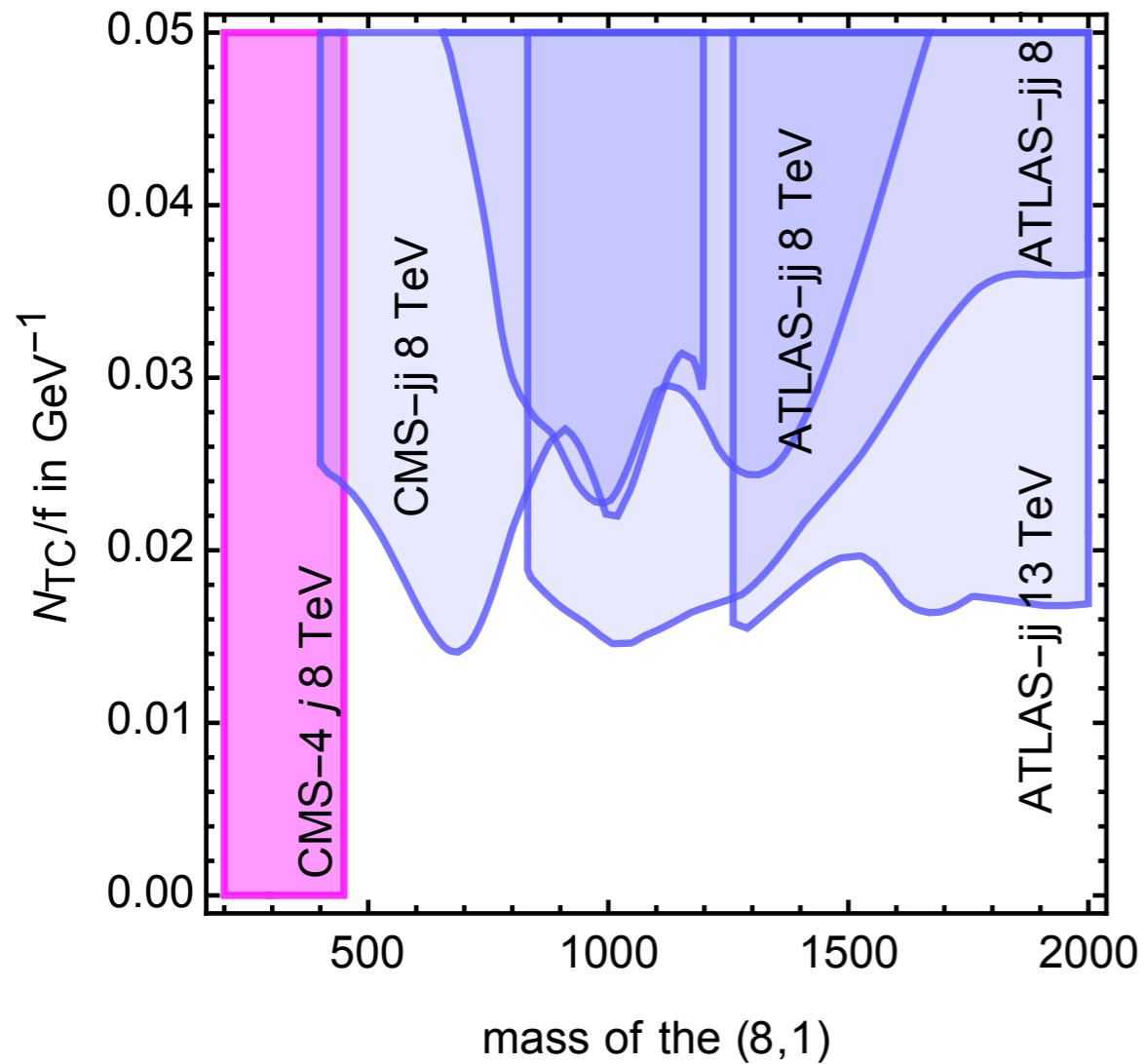
Real pions unstable
(unless G-parity)

Unstable pions, singlet



Also ew triplets - Howe, Knapen

Unstable pions, colored



Resonances well within the reach of LHC



A few exceptions

Models with no stable particles
can be built involving the **Higgs**

- In given models, Yukawa terms $Q H U$
- Funny decay chain, $(8,2) \longrightarrow H^* + (8,1)$
- Just for fun, in these models one can build a *relaxion* scenario... see Antipin Redi

Other aspects of vector like
confinement

Accidental symmetries

(Ex. Imagine QCD is vector like, as our diphoton theories)

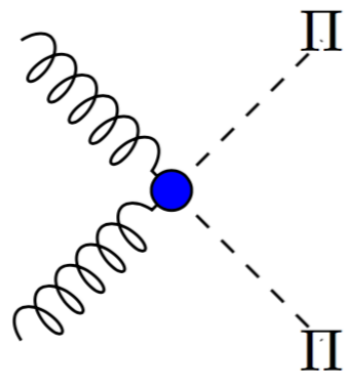
- VL theories with confinement have stable pions
- **Species number** from UV lagrangian
- Colored pions can be collider stable
- Chance to build a compelling DM model

DM as a heavy pion

- Pions made of different quarks are stable (dim-4)

$$\Pi \sim X_1 X_2^* \quad U(1)_1 \times U(1)_2$$

- Annihilation to gauge bosons (gluons)



see also Y. Bai

- Thermal relic via hidden theta-term

DM interactions

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{DM}} = \frac{g_3^2}{16\pi^2} \frac{\Pi^2}{fM^2} \underbrace{C_{\eta\Pi\Pi} c_G G_{\mu\nu}^a \tilde{G}^{a,\mu\nu}}_{\theta\text{-term}} + \frac{g_3^2}{16\pi^2} \underbrace{C_{\Pi\Pi gg} \frac{\Pi^2}{f^2} G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a,\mu\nu}}_{\text{Rayleigh}}$$

- CPV, 750 mediator $C_{\eta\Pi\Pi} = m_{\Pi}^2 / f \tan(\theta_{\text{TFC}}/2)$
- Rayleigh $C_{\Pi\Pi gg} \simeq N_{\text{TFC}} \frac{m_{\Pi}^2}{\Lambda^2}$
- If Π is not the lightest (also $\pi\pi$ scattering)

A composite model

Over-ambitious model: extra $SU(N_{TC})$ with $Q = N_1 \oplus N_2 \oplus U$ and θ_{TC} .

$$TC\pi = \underbrace{(8, 1)_0}_{\chi \sim U\bar{U}} \oplus \underbrace{2 \times [(\bar{3}, 1)_{-2/3} + (3, 1)_{2/3}]}_{\phi_i \sim U\bar{N}_i, \phi_i^*} \oplus \underbrace{4 \times (1, 1)_0}_{\Pi \sim N_1\bar{N}_2, \Pi^*, \eta_{1,2}}$$

Pseudo-scalars η with couplings to $G\tilde{G}, W\tilde{W}, B\tilde{B}$ predicted by anomalies:
 $\eta_2 \sim N_1\bar{N}_1 - N_2\bar{N}_2, \eta_1 \sim N_i\bar{N}_i - \frac{3}{2}U\bar{U}, \eta' \sim Q\bar{Q}$ up to mixings $\propto m_{N_1} - m_{N_2}$.

$TC\pi$ masses in terms of $B_0 \sim \Lambda_{TC}$ for TCQ masses $\Lambda_{TC} \sim m_U > \frac{7}{2}m_{N_{1,2}}$

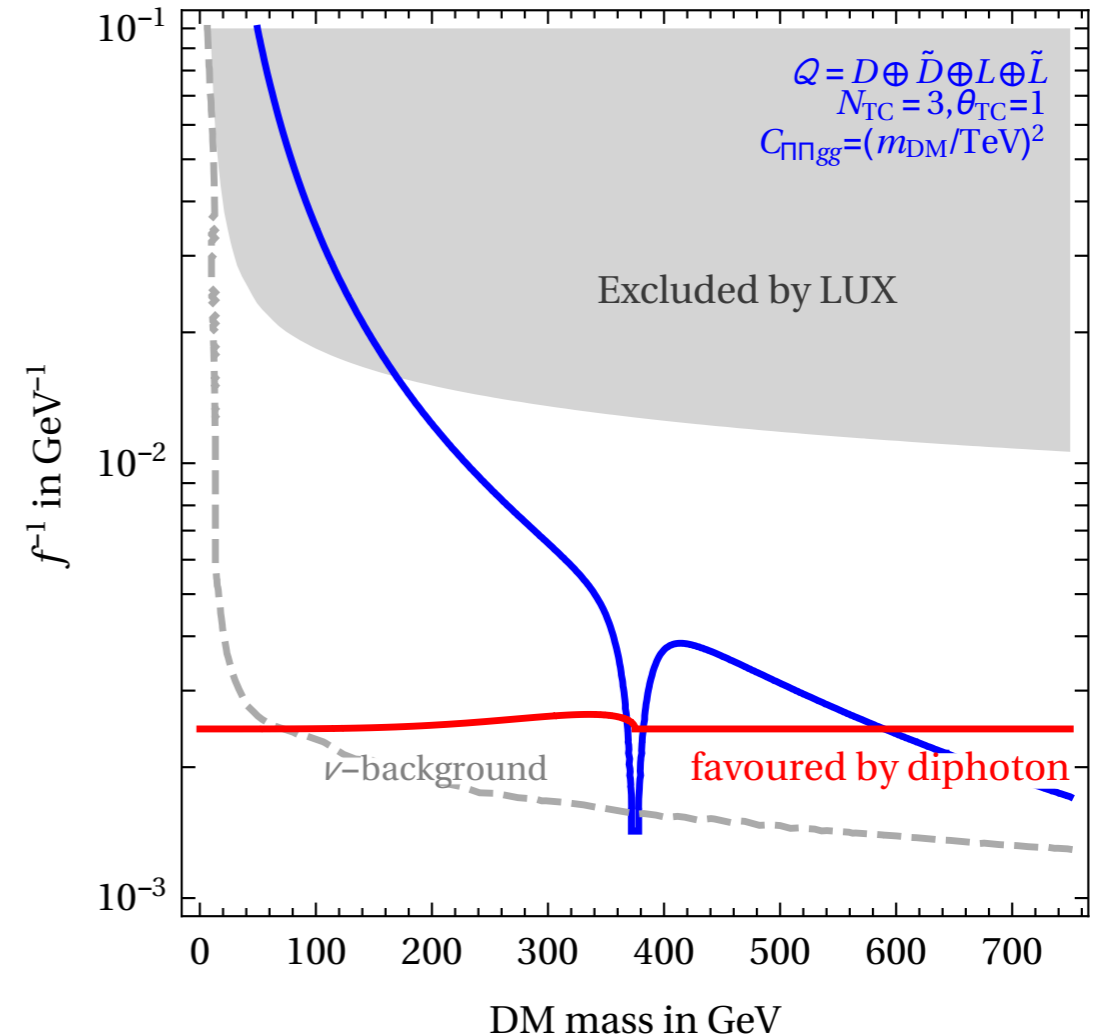
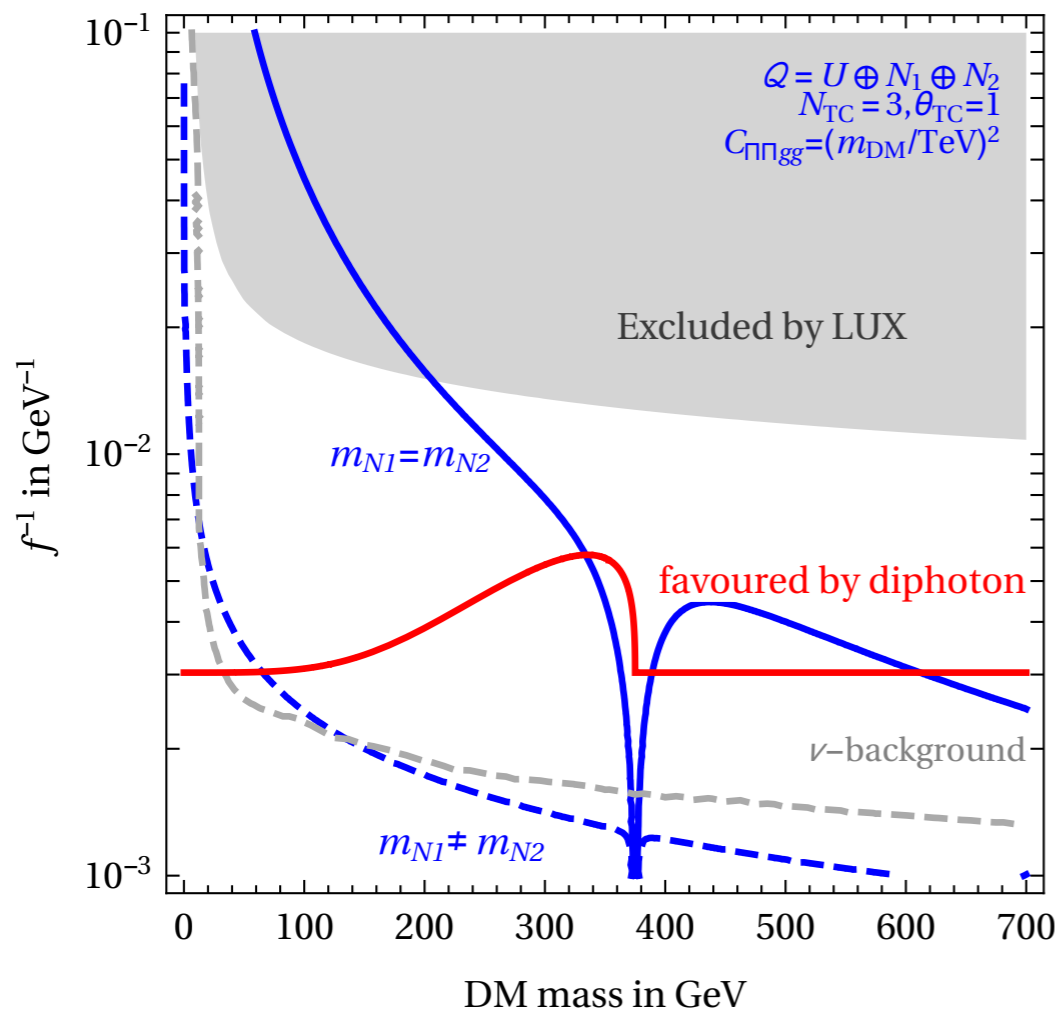
$$\begin{aligned} \text{DM : } m_{\Pi}^2 &= B_0(m_{N_1} + m_{N_2}), \\ 750 \text{ GeV } S : m_{\eta_1}^2 &\approx \frac{4}{5}B_0m_U & m_{\eta'} &\sim \Lambda_{TC} & m_{\eta_2} &\lesssim m_{\Pi} \\ \text{Extra colored: } m_{\chi}^2 &= 2B_0m_U + \Delta_{\chi} & m_{\phi_i}^2 &= B_0(m_U + m_{N_i}) + \Delta_{\phi}, \end{aligned}$$

S can CP decay to DM, $\Gamma(\eta_1 \rightarrow \Pi\Pi^*) \sim \text{GeV} \times \theta_{TC}^2 < 45 \text{ GeV}$.

DM abundance, direct detection: ok. Lightest TCbaryon $N_{1,2}^{N_{TC}}$ can be DM'.

Predictive! Look for extra resonances

Thermal relic



- Interesting range, Rayleigh direct detection
- Lower masses if $\pi\pi$ scattering relevant

Conclusions

Confining theories for 750 open “new”
interesting directions

- If 750 is real, they become really attractive
- If 750 is not real....
- In both cases they are fun!