

Resummation in Higgs Physics

Lorena Rothen

Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron (DESY)

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Outline

- Introduction: Higgs Production and Resummation
- Higgs Transverse Momentum Distribution
- Higgs Production with a Jet Veto
- Summary

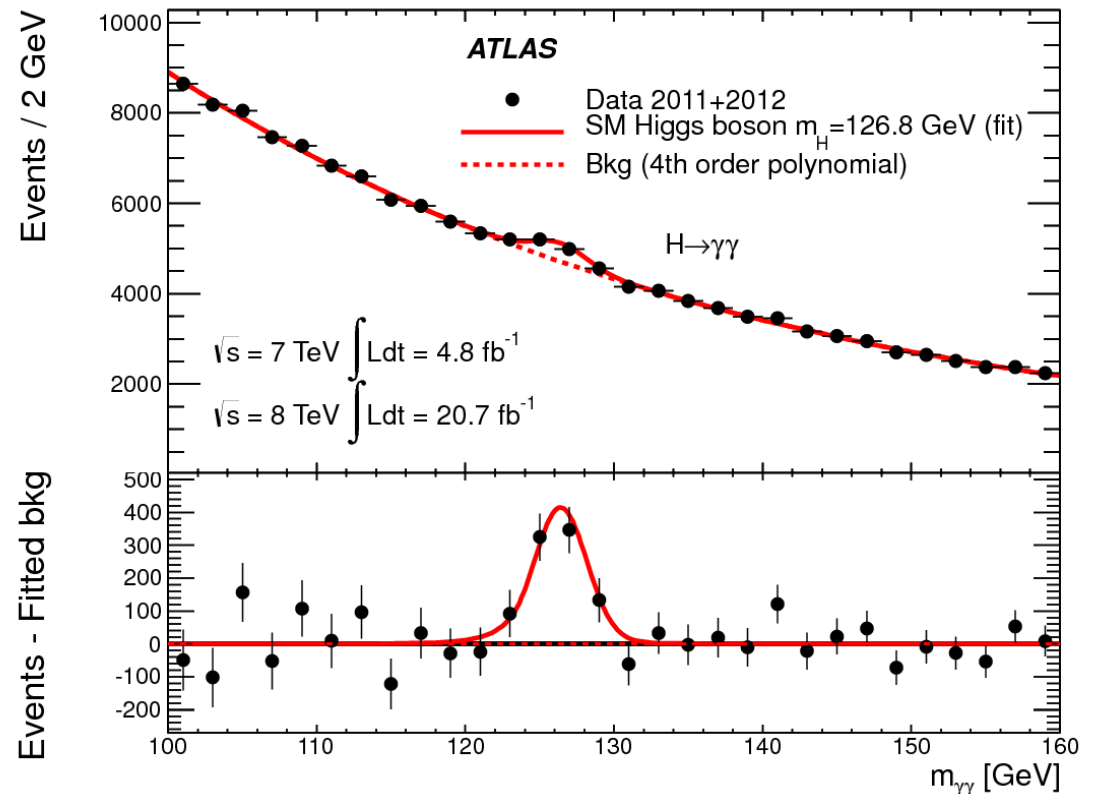
After Higgs Discovery

Higgs discovery:
Not necessarily theoretical
precision physics needed.

To test Higgs properties or set
exclusion limits: High accuracy
in QCD (+EW) predictions

- Couplings, Mass, CP
SM: no free parameters for
the couplings
(masses \rightarrow couplings)
- Differential and exclusive
measurements are of key
importance

$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ATLAS on full 2011+2012 data



Depending on observable, various theoretical challenges to obtain required
precision.

Resummation of Large Logarithms

- High energy physics \rightarrow small coupling constant
Perturbative expansion in the coupling (fixed order predictions).
- When we put exclusive constraints on the transverse momentum of radiation (e.g. kinematical distributions or cuts)
 - Only soft and collinear emission allowed
 - Sudakov double logarithms appear in the fixed order expansion, which can be large and spoil convergence of the series.

$$\alpha_s^n \ln(\lambda)^{2n} \sim \mathcal{O}(1) \quad \text{for } \lambda \ll 1$$

- Need to be resummed to all orders to obtain a reliable theoretical prediction

Resummation of Large Logarithms

- Double logarithms generally exponentiate.

$$\sigma \sim \sigma_0 \exp(\underbrace{\alpha_s L^2}_{\text{LL}} + \underbrace{\alpha_s L}_{\text{NLL}} + \underbrace{\alpha_s^2 L}_{\text{NNLL}} + \dots)$$

$$L = \ln(\lambda)$$

λ : small parameter
(depends on observable)

- Based on this exponentiation we can define a resummed perturbative order

$$\sigma \sim \sigma_0 \left(1 + \alpha_s (\underbrace{L^2}_{\text{LL}} + \underbrace{L}_{\text{NLL}} + \underbrace{c1}_{\text{NNLL}}) + \alpha_s^2 (\underbrace{L^4}_{\text{LL}} + \underbrace{L^3}_{\text{NLL}} + \underbrace{L^2}_{\text{NNLL}} + \underbrace{L}_{\text{NLL}} + \underbrace{c2}_{\text{NNLL}}) + \alpha_s^3 (\underbrace{\vdots}_{\text{LL}} + \underbrace{\vdots}_{\text{NLL}} + \underbrace{\vdots}_{\text{NNLL}} + \underbrace{\vdots}_{\text{NNLL}} + \dots) \right)$$

NLO
NNLO
NNNLO

Resummed Order	Γ_{cusp}	γ, F_{gg}	$I_{g \leftarrow i}$	Matching to:
LL	1-loop	tree	-	-
NLL	2-loop	1-loop	tree	LO
NNLL	3-loop	2-loop	1-loop	NLO
N ³ LL	4-loop	3-loop	2-loop	NNLO

Matching to fixed order results includes power suppressed terms

Resummation is crucial for many Collider Observables

- Threshold
- Transverse Momentum
- Event Shapes
- Jet Veto
- Electroweak
- Masses
- Jet Substructure
- ...

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This Talk
(for Higgs production)

Various Tools available

Resummation by:

- **Collins-Soper-Sterman (CSS) type**

[Collins, Soper, Sterman et al., Bozzi, Catani, de Florian, Ferrera, Grazzini]

- **Soft-Collinear Effective Theory (SCET)**

[Bauer, Fleming, Pirjol, Stewart; Rothstein, Beneke, Chapovsky, Diehl, Feldmann]

- **Branching algorithm**

[Catani, Marchesini, Webber et al.]

Factorization of the cross section allows for resummation via renormalization group evolution (RGE).

- **CAESAR/ARES**

[Banfi, Salam, Zanderighi, +McAslan]

Resummation achieved by numerically simulating QCD radiation to all orders.

Collider Physics

Typical multi-scale problem!

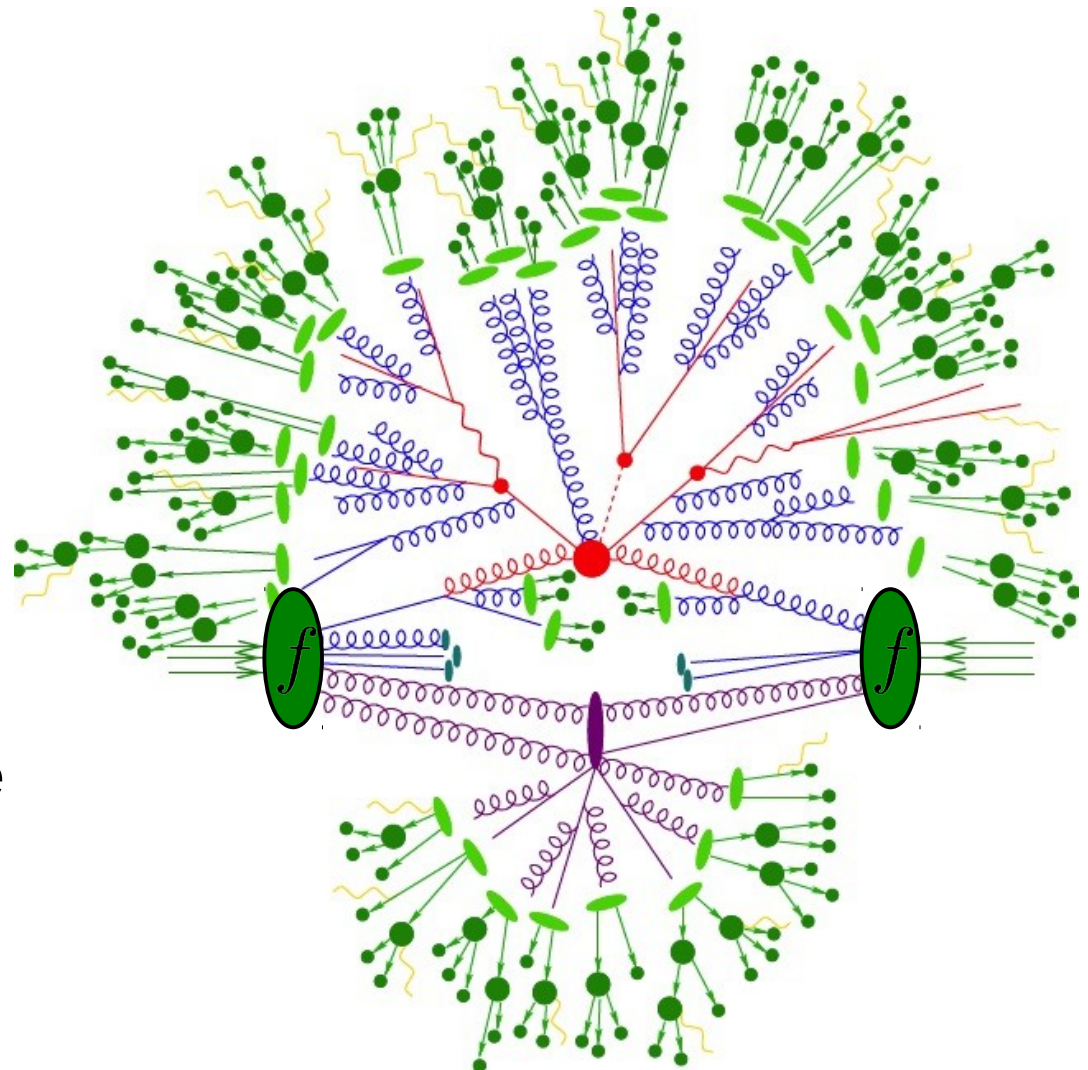
- **Hard collision**
- Proton structure
(non-perturbative long distance physics)
- Collinear & soft radiation

All LHC calculation rely on the factorization

$$d\sigma = d\hat{\sigma} \otimes f f$$

partonic cross section

parton distribution functions (PDFs)



sciencenode.org/feature/sherpa-and-open-science-grid-predicting-emergence-jets.php

Resummation by SCET

Soft-collinear effective theory (SCET) is an effective field theory of QCD:

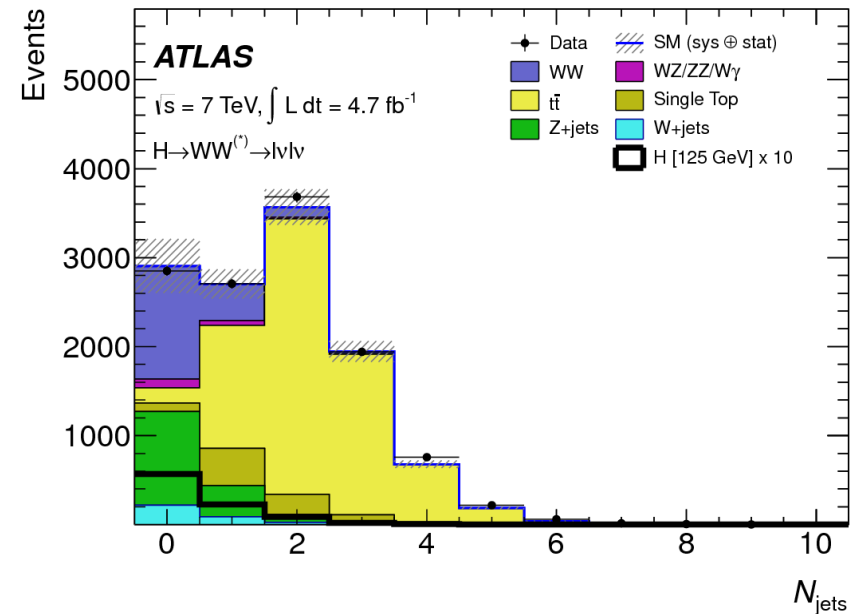
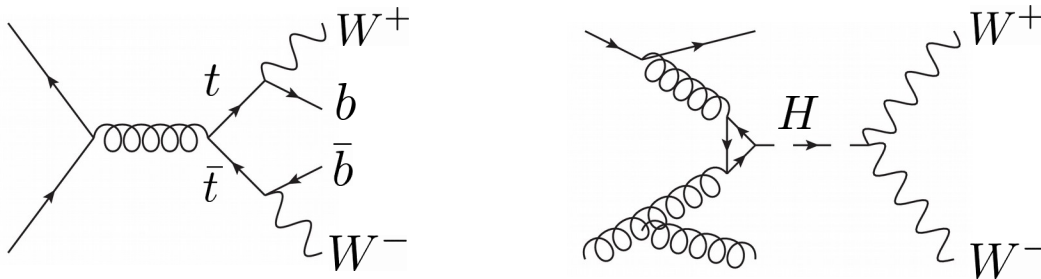
[Bauer, Fleming, Pirjol, Stewart; Rothstein, Beneke, Chapovsky, Diehl, Feldmann]

- Low-energy degrees of freedom: **Soft** and **Collinear** fields
- Off-shell modes are integrated out. Hard-scattering encoded in the **Wilson coefficients** of the operators.
- Advantages:
 - Operator definition (manifest gauge invariance).
 - Systematic scale separation. Derivation of factorization theorems.
 - Resummation by standard **RGE methods**.
 - **Power corrections** manifest at Lagrangian level.

Jet Binning and the Jet Veto

Role of the Jet Veto

- Events are binned by exclusive jet multiplicity.
- Channel to check coupling to W boson $H \rightarrow W W^*$
 - Problem: large top background



- Solution: **jet veto**

Discard events including jets with transverse momentum:

$$p_T^{\text{Jet}} > p_T^{\text{veto}} \sim 15 - 30 \text{ GeV}$$

- Formalism applicable to production of any color singlet (Z, WW, ...)
- Initial-state discrimination → [Talk by Markus Ebert](#)

Resummation for the Jet Veto

Recent work:

- NNLL+NNLO for beam thrust: Berger, Marcantonini, Stewart, Tackmann, Waalewijn '11 [1012.4480]
- NNLL+NNLO: Banfi, Salam, Zanderighi '12 + Monni '12 [1206.4998]
- N^3LL_p +NNLO: Becher, Neubert '12 +LR '13 [1307.0025]
- NNLL'+NNLO: Tackmann, Walsh, Zuberi '12 + Stewart, Walsh '13 [1307.1808]
- Small Radius Jets: Dasgupta, Dreyer, Salam, Soyez '14 [1411.5182]
- NNLL+N³LO+LL_R: Banfi, Caola, Dreyer, Monni, Salam, Zanderighi, Dulat '15 [1511.02886]
- Quark-mass effects: Banfi, Monni, Zanderighi '13 [1308.4634]
- Higgs plus one jet: Liu, Petriello '13 [1303.4405]
- Combination across jet bins: Bougheza, Liu, Petriello, Tackmann, Walsh '13 [1312.4535]
- Rapidity dependent jet vetos: Gangal, Stahlhofen, Tackmann '14 +Gaunt '16 [1412.4792, 1608.01999]

ATLAS vs Theory

- ATLAS compared results to

★ STWZ + XH [Stewart et al. '13]

- NNLL'+NNLO
(includes π^2 Resummation)
- Good agreement with data
- Compared to theoretical predictions from

- N³LL_p+NNLO:
Becher, Neubert, LR '13
- NNLL+NNLO: Banfi et al. '12

results agree within error bands and similar size uncertainties are found.

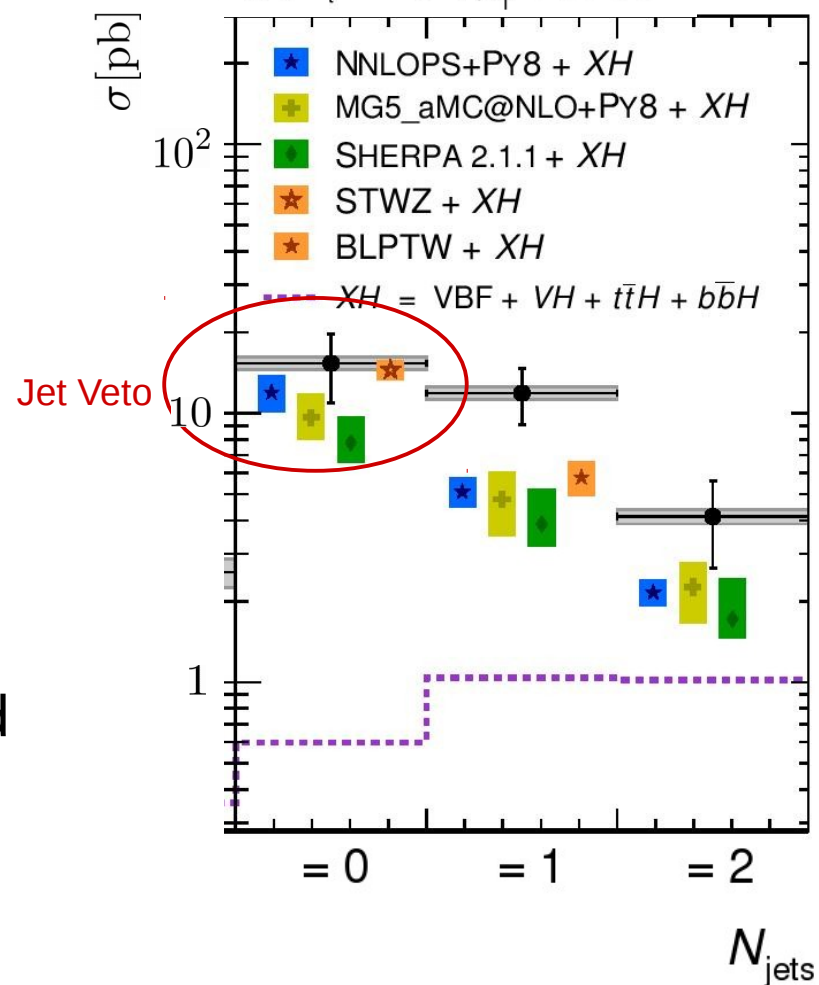
[ATLAS Sept. 2015, 1504.05833]

ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H$

• data, tot. unc. ■ syst. unc.

$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}, 20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

anti- k_t $R = 0.4, p_T^{\text{jet}} > 30 \text{ GeV}$



NNLL+N³LO+LL_R for Jet Veto

Predictions for the jet-veto efficiency and cross section at the LHC by Banfi et al. '15 [1511.02886]

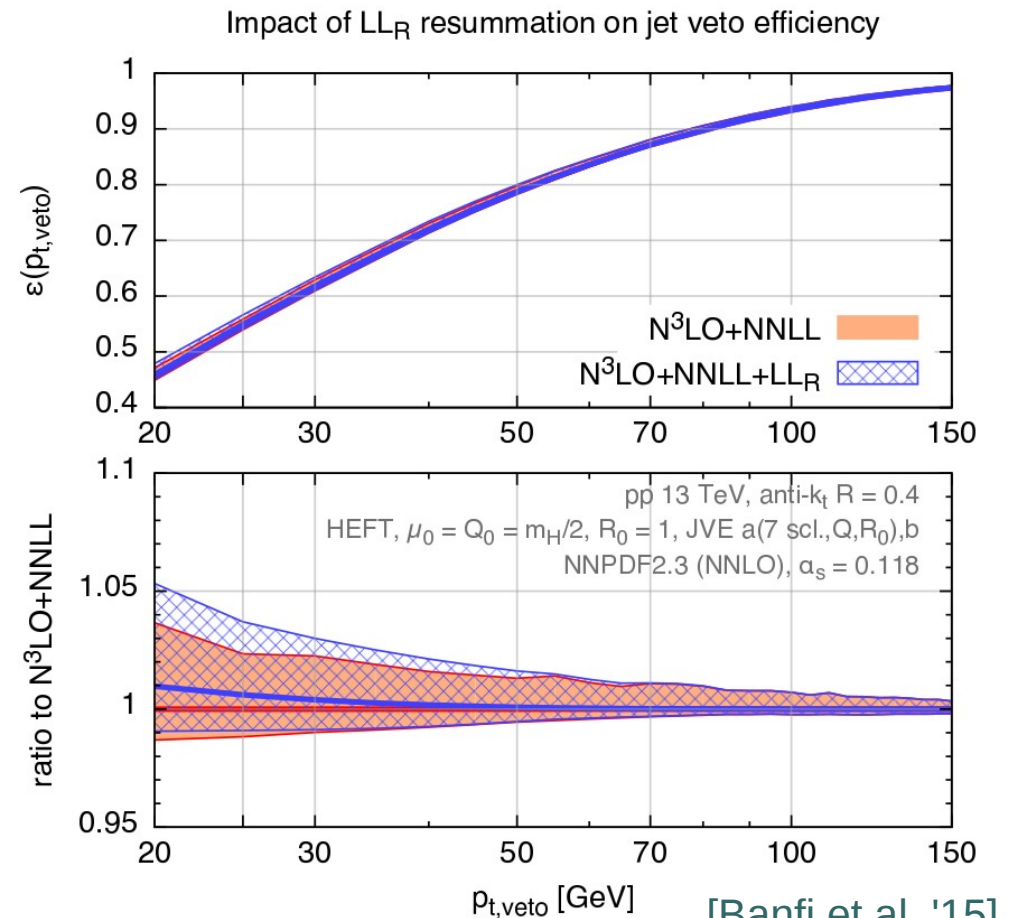
- Total N³LO cross section; H+1 Jet NNLO.
- Exact top- and bottom-mass effects up to NLO.
- NNLL resummation.
- Small jet radius to LL accuracy:

- Terms like

$$\alpha_s^n \log^n (R^2)$$

present in the perturbative series.

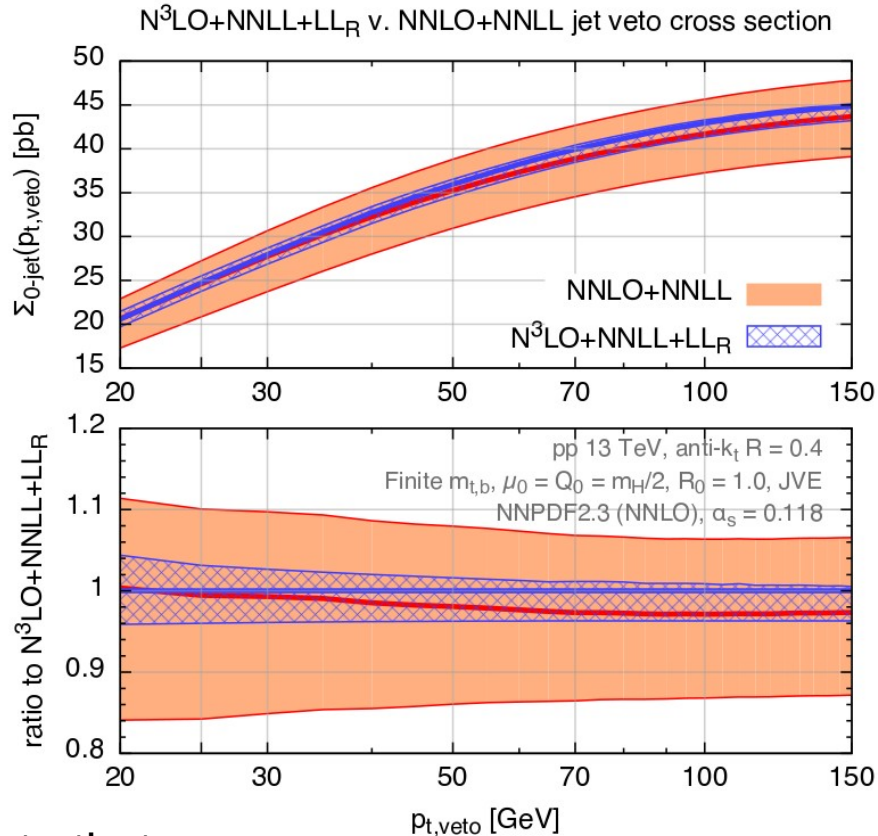
- For small values of R these could be large.
- LL resummation achieved by Dasgupta et al. '14.
- No large effect seen in Higgs production with a jet veto for current choices of R .



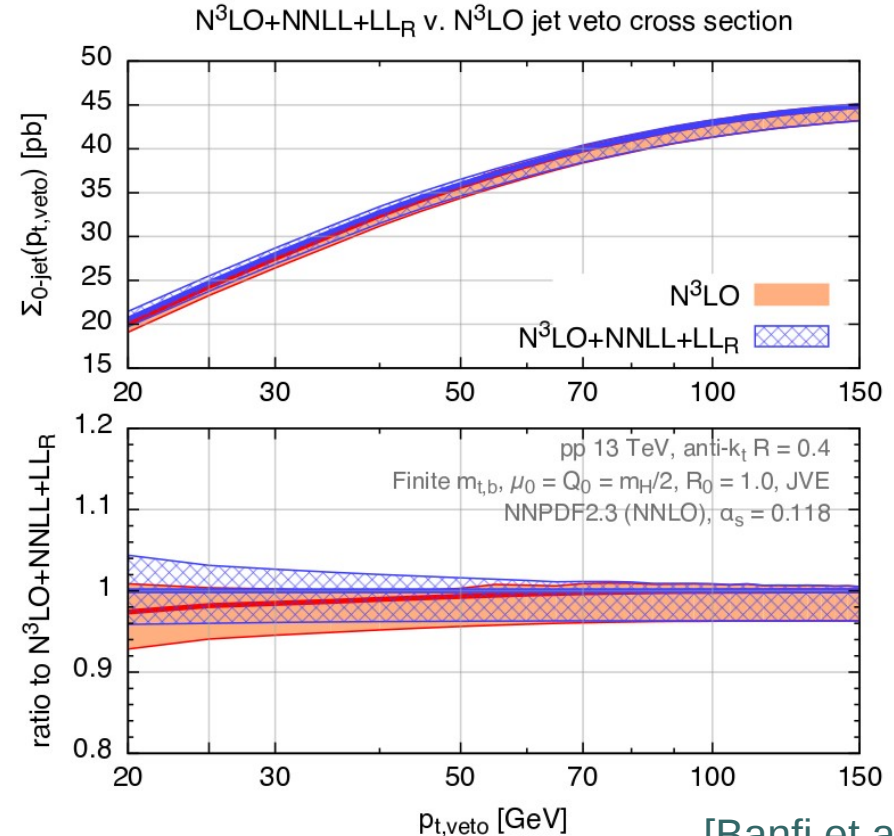
[Banfi et al. '15]

NNLL+N³LO+LL_R for Jet Veto

Central value change < 1%
Significant reduction in uncertainty



N³LO about 2% lower
Similar uncertainty of 3-4%



[Banfi et al. '15]

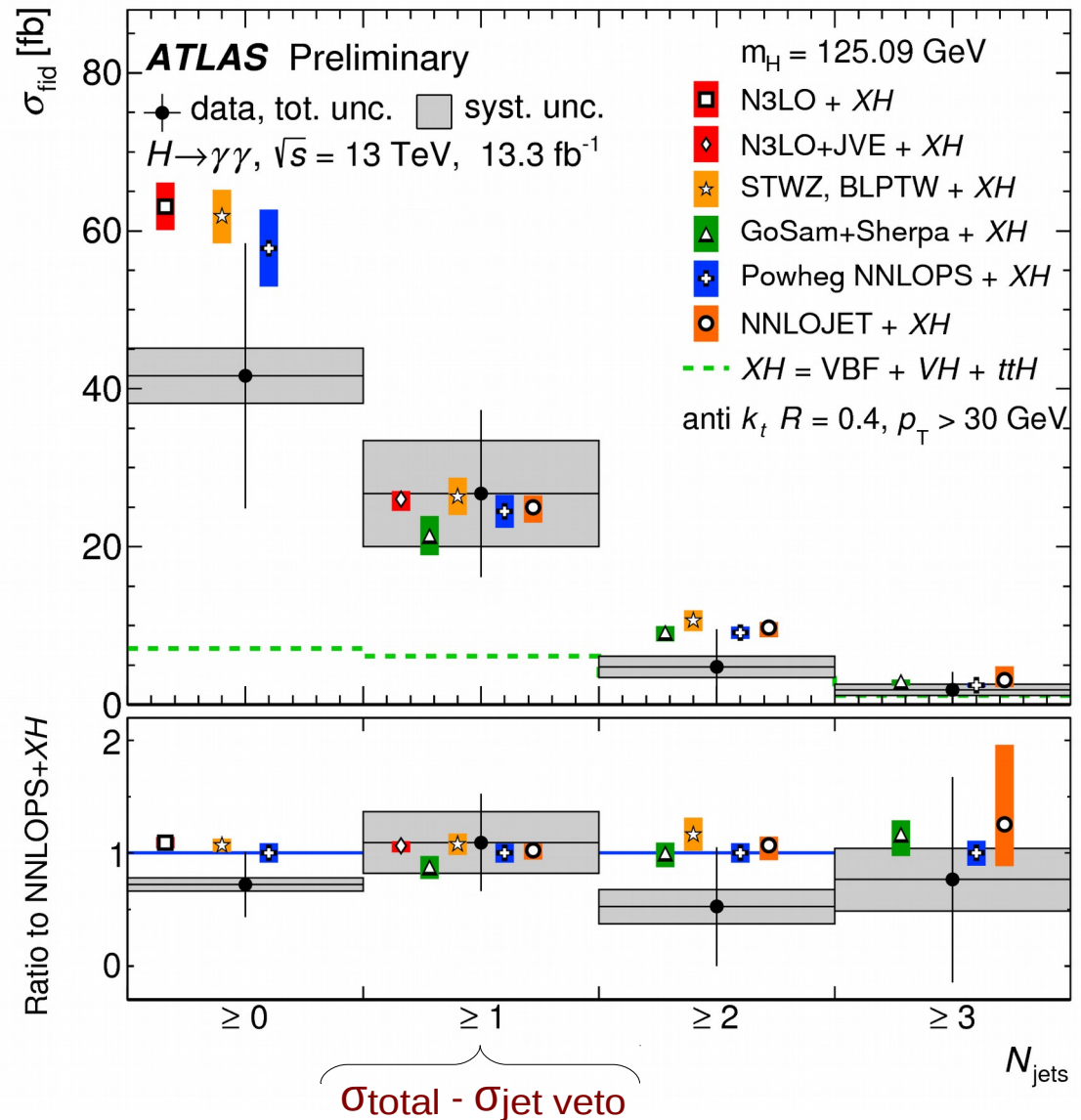
Note that

- Use more “aggressive” treatment of resummation uncertainties than [Stewart et al. '13] and [Becher et al. '13] and $\mu = m_H/2$ as the central scale (very small N³LO uncertainty).
- PDF and strong coupling uncertainties are not included.
- Higher-order quark mass effect, electroweak- and non-perturbative-effects are of the same order as the uncertainty.

Run 2 Data at 13 TeV

$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ in bins of inclusive jet multiplicity

- N3LO+JVE corresponds to NNLL+N³LO+LL_R [Banfi et al.]
- Measured cross section a bit lower (not statistically significant)
- Except for the undershoot in the low p_T^{jet} region, good agreement.



[ATLAS-CONF-2016-067, August '16]

Higgs plus Jets / Multiple scales

- Exclusive 1-jet bin is a multi-scale problem

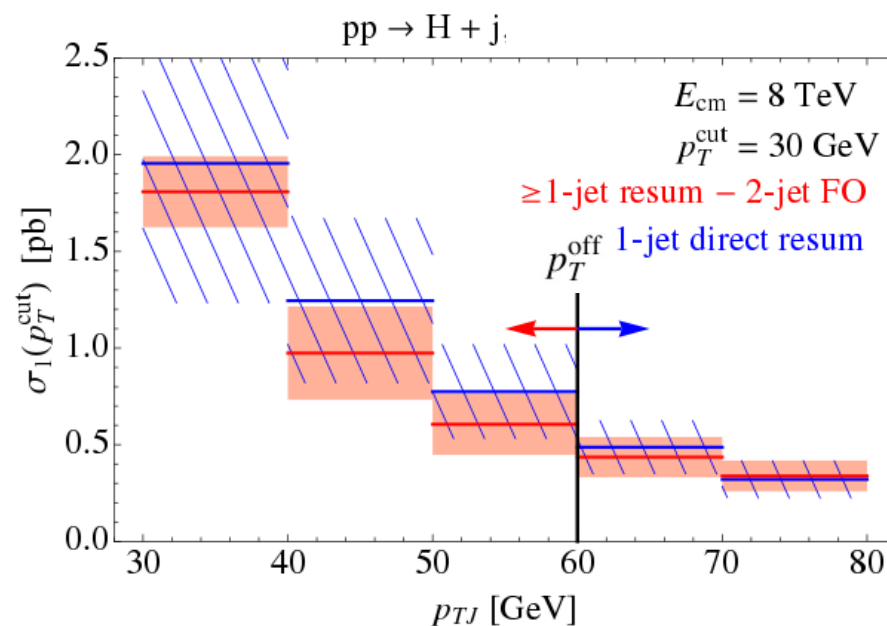
$$p_T^{\text{jet } 2} < p_T^{\text{veto}} < p_T^{\text{jet } 1} < m_H$$

- Additional scale \rightarrow additional large logarithms
- Different resummation needed for each region
- [Liu, Petriello '12](#): NLL'+NLO 1-jet bin direct resummation (resummation of $p_T^{\text{jet } 2} \ll p_T^{\text{veto}}$ and $p_T^{\text{jet } 1}$ at fixed order, valid for the high $p_T^{\text{jet } 1} \sim m_H$ region)

- [Bougheza et al. '13](#): Framework to consistently combine 0-jet and 1-jet bin resummations.
 - Indirect method for resummation in the small region $p_T^{\text{jet } 1}$ given.
 - Description of uncertainty correlations (covariance matrix).

- Jet observables: Non-global logarithms

\rightarrow [Talk by T. Becher](#)



Smooth transition
 (independent of precise p_T^{off})

Transverse Momentum Distributions

Transverse Momentum Distributions

$$P + P \rightarrow H(q) + X$$

- The transverse momentum (q_T) spectrum of bosons is among the most basic kinematic distributions at hadron colliders.

- At fixed order logs

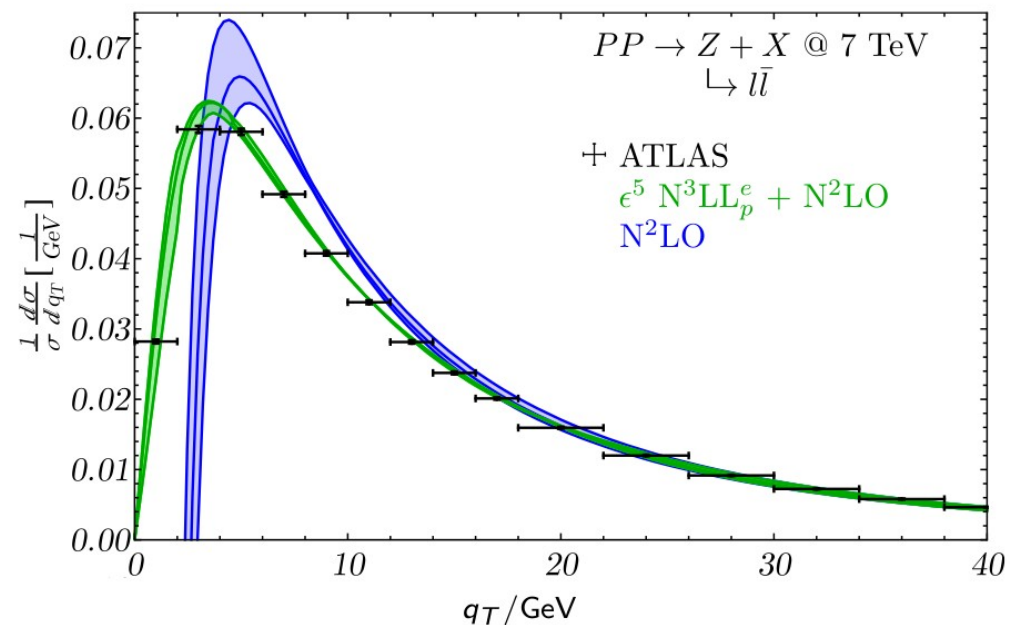
$$\alpha_s^n L^m \quad (L = \log(m_H/q_T), \quad m \leq 2n - 1)$$

appear, which spoil the convergence at small q_T

- Resummation essential in the region

$$q_T \ll m_H$$

- Transition region (turn off resummation) between fixed order at large q_T and resummed result at low values.
- Transverse PDFs (Beam functions)
- CSS & SCET factorization formulas are in impact parameter space (x_T).



[Becher, Luebbert, Neubert, Wilhelm]_{pgr.}

(Higgs) Transverse Momentum Resummation

Monte Carlos: Herwig, Pythia, Sherpa, ...

Analytic tools:

- CSS type:
 - HqT (NNLL+(N)NLO): Bozzi, Catani, de Florian, Ferrera, Grazzini, Tommasini
 - DYqT, DYRes, HRes (NNLL+NNLO) '12: Catani, Cieri, de Florian, Ferrera, Grazzini, Tommasini
- SCET:
 - NNLL+NLO (CuTe 1.0): Becher, Neubert, Wilhelm '12 [1212.2621]
 - NNLL+NNLO: Neill, Rothstein, Vaidya '15 [1503.00005]
 - Gluon TMDPDFs: Echevarria, Kasemets, Mulders, Pisano '15 [1502.05354]
 - NNLO TMDPDFs: Gehrmann, Luebbert, Yang '14 [1403.6451]
 - Rapidity anomalous dimension @ 3 loops (N^3LL): Li, Zhu '16 [1604.01404]
 - N^3LL +NNLO (CuTe 2.0): Becher, Luebbert, Neubert, Wilhelm [in progress]
- CAESAR/ARES approach: NNLL+NNLO Monni, Re, Torielli '16 [1604.02191]
- Quark-mass effects (top and bottom):
Grazzini, Sargsyan '13 [1306.4581]; Banfi, Monni, Zanderighi '13 [1308.4634]
- Non-perturbative effects: Becher, Bell '13 [1312.5327]

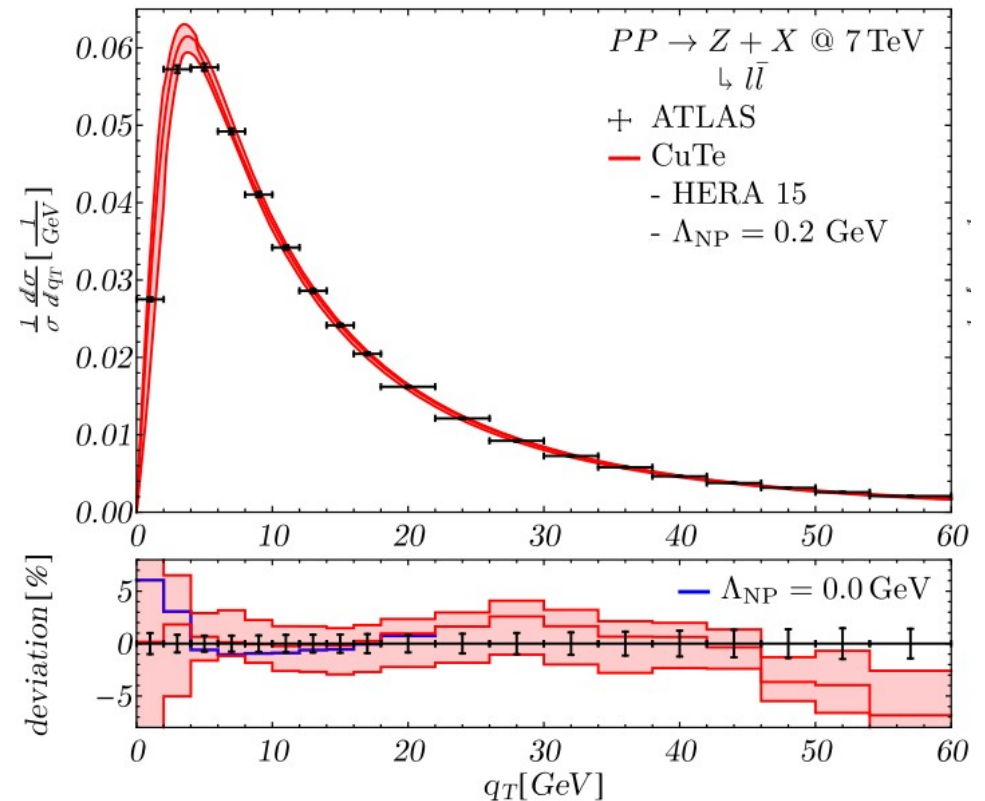
$N^3LL_p + NNLO$ with CuTe

Cute 2.0:

- ϵ^5 $N^3LL_p + NNLO$ precision
- π^2 Resummation
- 4-loop cusp Padé approx.
- q_T matching scheme
- Smooth transit to pure fixed order for q_T between $M/2$ and $3M/4$.
- In following plots an estimate is used for $F^{(3,0)}$. Recently computed value lies within this estimate and would lead to a bit smaller uncertainty bands.

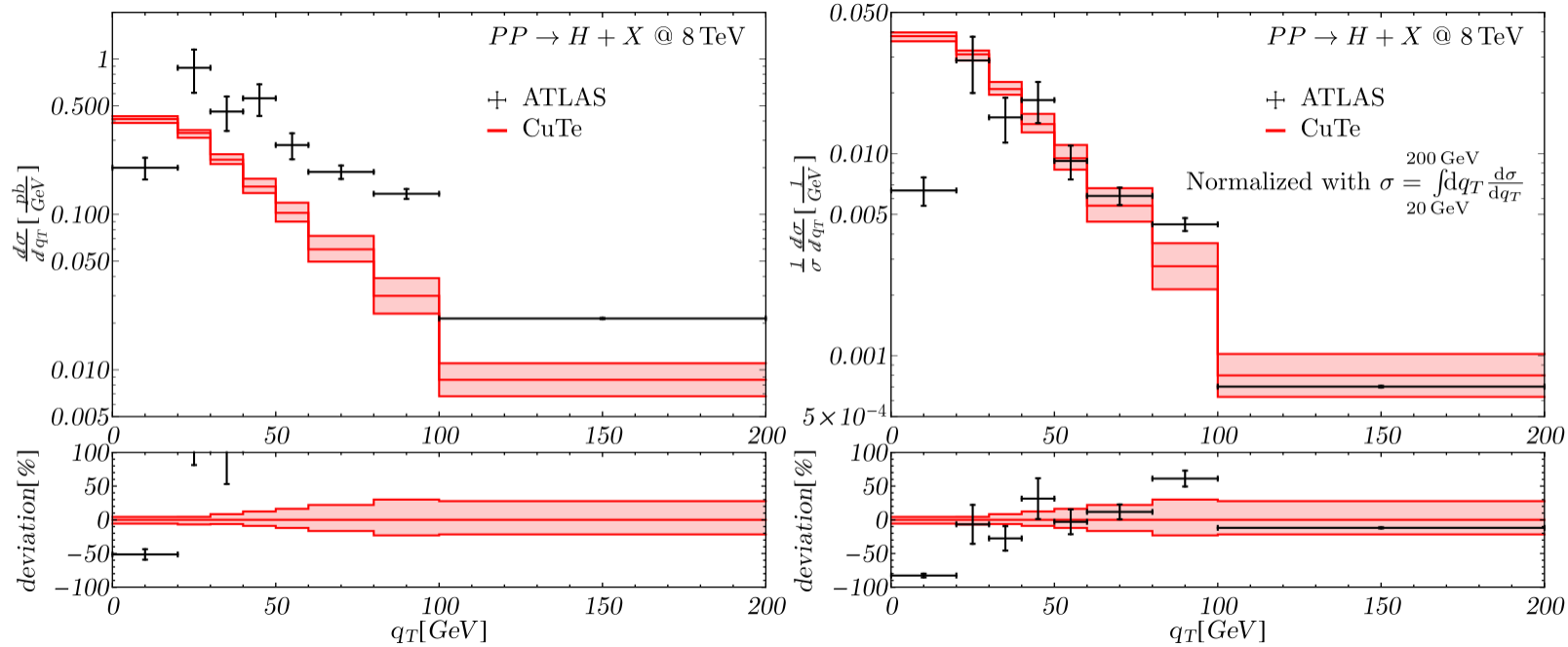
Comparison with Z ATLAS 7 TeV data:

- Good agreement
- Uncertainties include:
 - Higher order in QCD (μ and $F^{(3,0)}$ variations); PDF uncertainty; nonperturbative effects ($q_T < 3$ GeV).



[Becher, Luebbert, Neubert, Wilhelm]_{pgr.}

CuTe vs ATLAS for Higgs

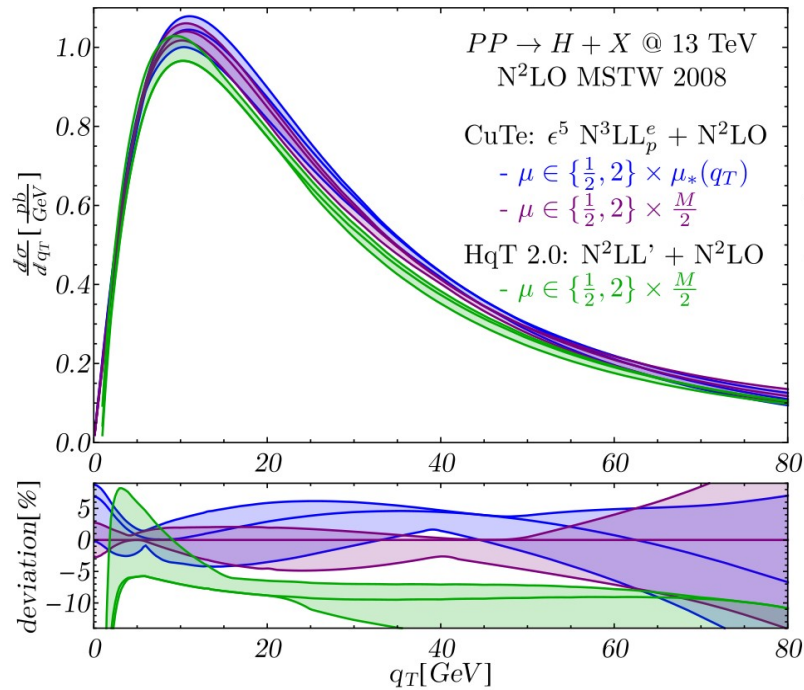


[Becher, Luebbert, Neubert, Wilhelm]_{pgr.}

Comparison with Higgs ATLAS 8 TeV data Hep-ex/1504.05833 20.3 fb⁻¹:

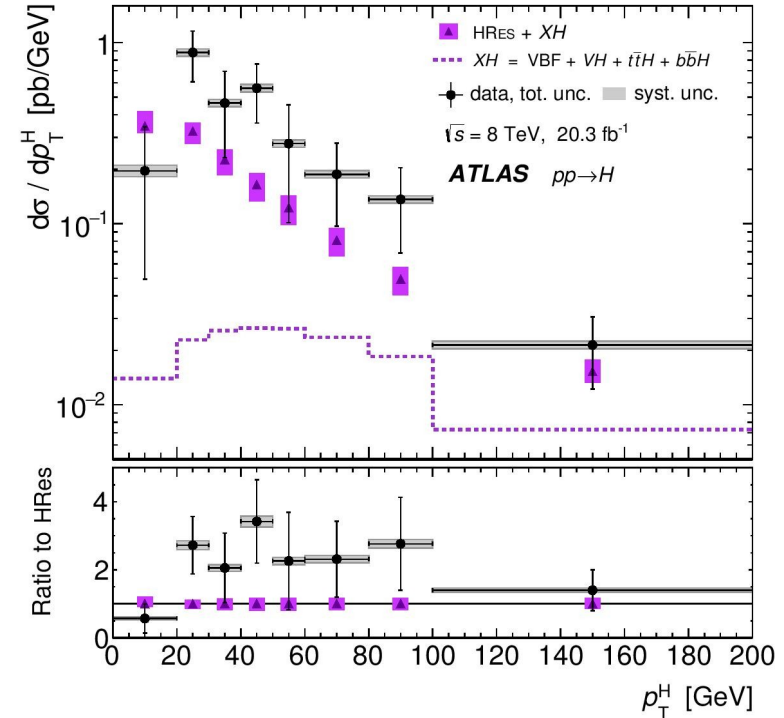
- Siezable uncertainty for Higgs production: Mainly in fixed order part (high q_T region).
- Low statistics for data
 - Can the first experimental bin be trusted (right hand plot: first bin is dropped)
 - Also normalizing to total cross section of the data leads to improved agreement.
- Total Higgs boson production is larger and produced with larger transverse momentum and more associated jets than predicted by current SM calculations.

CuTe vs HqT / HRes vs ATLAS



[Becher, Luebbert, Neubert, Wilhelm]_{pgr.}

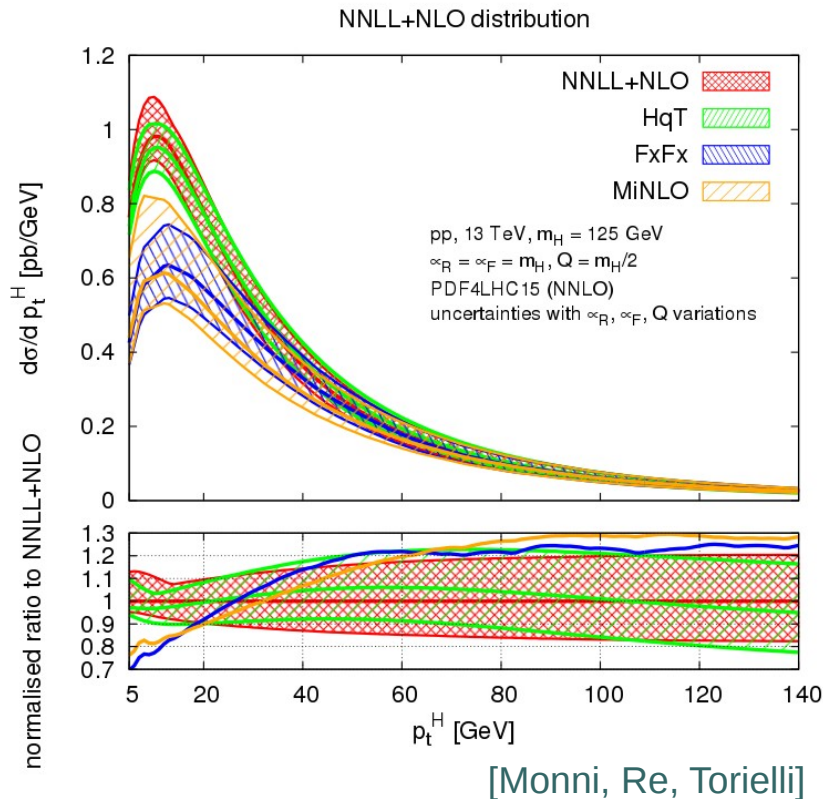
- Similar shape as HqT [Bozzi et al.] (slightly larger result for CuTe)
- Integrated σ
 - $\sigma_{CuTe} = 44 \text{ pb} \pm 8\%$,
 - $\sigma_{HqT} = 40 \text{ pb} \pm 6\%$,
 - $\sigma_{N^3LO} = 44.3 \text{ pb} \pm 2.6\%$



[ATLAS Sept. 2015, 1504.05833]

- HRes: NNLL'+NNLO
 - Includes finite top and bottom quark masses
 - Full kinematic information on Higgs and decays.
- Similar comparison to ATLAS Higgs 8 TeV data as CuTe result on previous page.

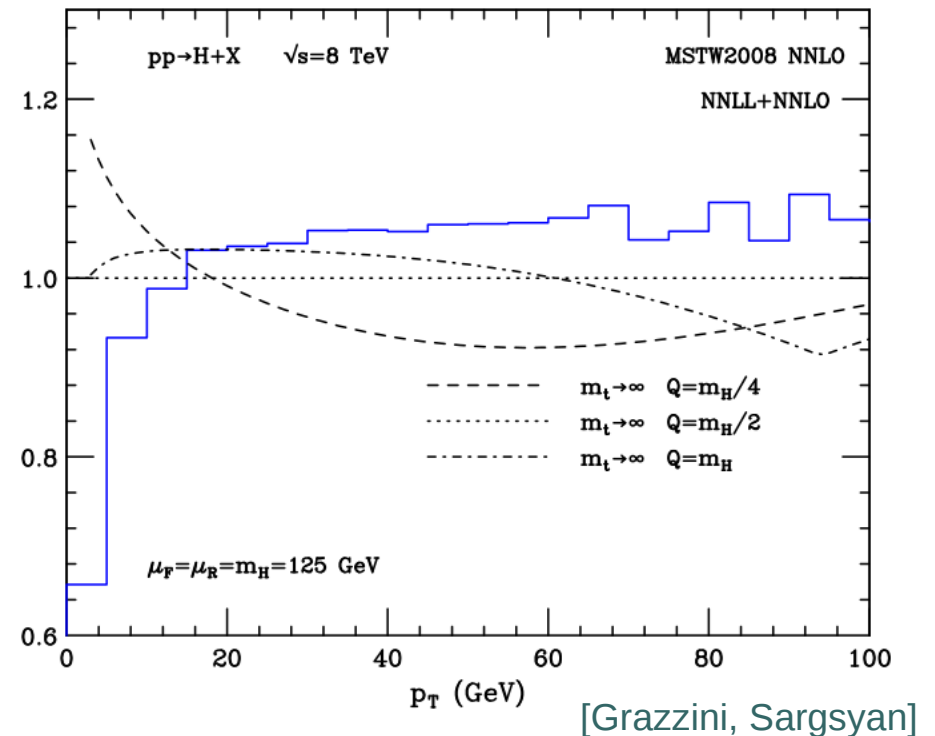
CEASAR Approach / Mass Effects



In 1604.02191: New method entirely formulated in momentum space (NNLL+NNLO).

- Does not rely on factorization theorem
- Moderately higher than HqT in the peak region

NNLL+NNLO with finite quark masses normalized to the $m_t \rightarrow \infty$ limit



Study of impact of finite top and bottom-quark masses up to $O(\alpha_s^3)$

- Distortion of spectrum
- At NNLL+NNLO mass effects important at low q_T (10% effect $q_T < m_b$)

Automation and Resummation: a few Examples

Era of automation for higher order resummation has started for various observables (Higher precision than standard Monte Carlo + Parton Showers)

- Jet Veto: [Becher, R. Frederix, M. Neubert and LR, '15]
 - Automated framework for weak bosons production at NNLL+NLO accuracy
 - Implemented within [MadGraph5_aMC@NLO](#) (Public code)
 - Straightforward to include decays and cuts on the decay products.
- HRes [Bozzi, Catani, Cieri, de Florian, Ferrera, Grazzini, Tommasini]
 - Transverse Momentum: Retains the full kinematic information on the Higgs boson and its decay products.
- GENEVA (Drell-Yan process) [Alioli et al.]
- 2 Loop soft functions [Bell, Rahn, Talbert '15]
- NNLL Resummation for event shape observables: ARES [Banfi, McAslan, Monni, Zanderighi, '15]
- [Farhi, Feige, Freytsis, Schwartz '15], [Gerwick, Hoeche, Marzani, Schumann '15], ...

Summary

- Run 2 → more data available to test various Higgs properties.
- Precise theoretical predictions essential.
- Exclusive observables, kinematic distributions often suffer from large logarithms that need to be resummed (various different approaches).
- Great achievements: Up to $N^3\text{LO}$ fixed order and up to $N^3\text{LL}$ resummed precision reached for certain observables.

Thank you!