



Heavy neutral and charged Higgs boson searches in the MSSM and the 2HDM at ATLAS and CMS

Gerrit Van Onsem (DESY)
on behalf of the CMS and ATLAS collaborations

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Observed Higgs boson may be part of extended sector

Highlight of LHC Run 1: SM-like Higgs boson observed at m = 125 GeV by ATLAS and CMS

Maybe part of larger Higgs sector?

- Many models beyond the SM predict new (pseudo)scalar bosons
 - Two-Higgs-Doublet models (2HDM)
 - Supersymmetry (MSSM)
 - Models with new electroweak Higgs singlets
 - Models with Higgs triplets
- > 2HDM (and MSSM) predict two SU(2) doublets resulting in 5 physical Higgs bosons
 - Charged H⁺ and H⁻
 - Neutral CP-even H and h
 - Neutral CP-odd A

h often assumed to be observed Higgs boson at 125 GeV

→ leads to stringent constraints on allowed model parameter space

Explored parameter space depends on model assumptions

- > 2HDM benchmark models
 - type-I one doublet couples to both up-type and down-type fermions
 - *type-II* one doublet couples to up-type, other to down-type fermions

14 free parameters but can be reduced by assumptions

■ tan(ß)
ratio of the VEV of the two SU(2) doublets

α mixing angle of mixing matrix

 \mathbf{m}_{h} , \mathbf{m}_{H} , \mathbf{m}_{A} , \mathbf{m}_{H+} physical masses of Higgs bosons

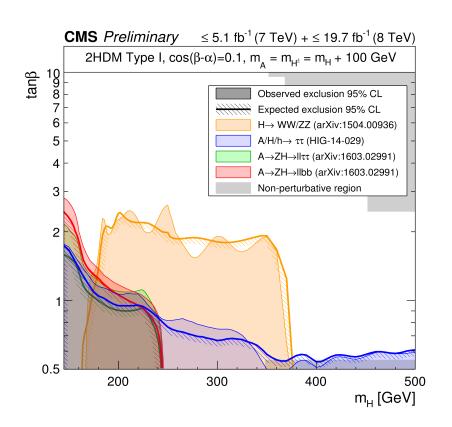
m₁₂
 Z₂ breaking mass parameter

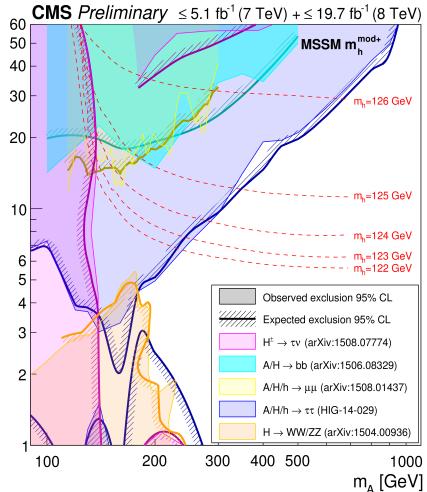
- MSSM is example of 2HDM of type-II
 - Usually scanning 2D plane of tan(ß) vs mass parameter
- > New bosons could couple to fermions (τ, μ, t, b) , SM bosons (h, W, Z) and each other
 - → rich phenomenology at the LHC!

BSM Higgs summary of CMS Run-1

- > (Re)interpretation of 8 CMS Run-1 analyses in 2HDM and MSSM models
- > Choice of fixed parameters motivated from theory + experimental constraints

> Complementarity of experimental BSM searches **explores large** part of parameter space





No significant signal observed in Run 1

> Some moderate excesses at 7+8 TeV (some details in backup)

Search	Topology	Excess	Local σ	Global σ	Citation
$H \rightarrow WW$	lvJ	700 GeV	2.6	0.5 combination	CMS, 1504.00936
reso → Z+bb	llbb	$(m_{bb}, m_{llbb}) = (95,285) \text{ GeV}$	2.6	1.6	CMS, 1603.02991
		(m _{bb} ,m _{IIbb}) = (575,660) GeV	2.85	1.9	
A→Zh	llbb	560 GeV	2.6	1.1	CMS, 1504.04710
H [±] → tb	ttb(b)	200-500 GeV	up to 2.4		ATLAS, 1512.03704
reso → hh	various	300 GeV (γγbb)	2.5		ATLAS, 1509.04670

> No evidence or observations, but interesting channels to follow up at 13 TeV!

Charged H[±]

$$H^{\pm} \rightarrow \tau v$$
, tb $H^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm} 7$

 $H/A \rightarrow TT$

 $H/A \rightarrow bb$

 $H/A \rightarrow tt$

$H \rightarrow ZA, H/A \rightarrow Zh$

H/A → SM boson pair

 $H \rightarrow hh$

 $H \rightarrow ZZ, WW$

Disclaimers:

personal selection of searches, many results not covered in this talk!

Main focus on newer results, with CMS and ATLAS balance

Will not put much emphasis on comparison of results between experiments (note: sometimes requires careful evaluation of signal model assumptions)

Charged H[±]

$$H^{\pm} \rightarrow \tau v$$
, tb $H^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm} Z$

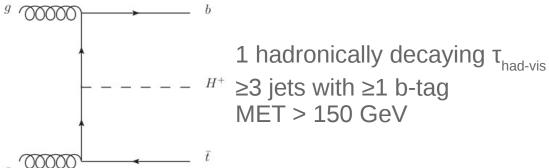
$$H/A \rightarrow fermions$$
 $H/A \rightarrow \tau\tau$
 $H/A \rightarrow bb$
 $H/A \rightarrow tt$

 $H \rightarrow ZA, H/A \rightarrow Zh$

H/A → SM boson pair H → hh H → ZZ, WW

 $m_{_{T}}$ of $\tau_{_{\text{had-vis}}}$ and MET system

> Production of $H^{\pm} \rightarrow \tau \nu$ in association with top



60 62 60

50

45

40 35

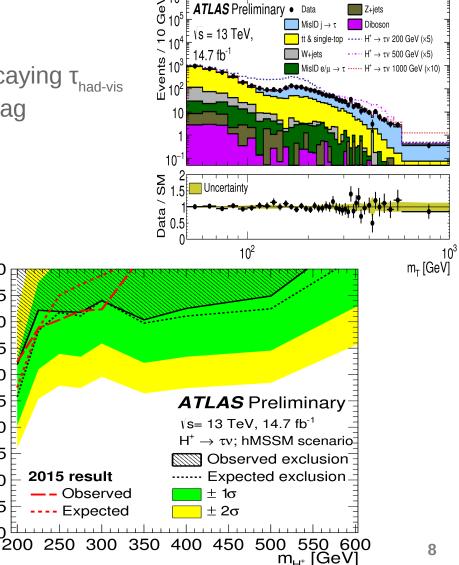
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- Data-driven background estimation for jets identified as τ by applying fake factors from control regions
- Systematic uncertainties:
 τ identification, tt modelling,
 energy scale of jets and τ, ...

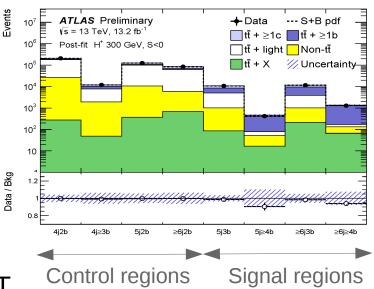


H[±] → tb

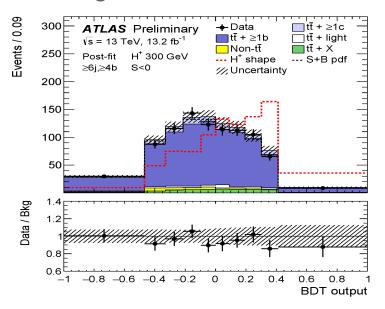
> Production of H[±] → tb in association with top

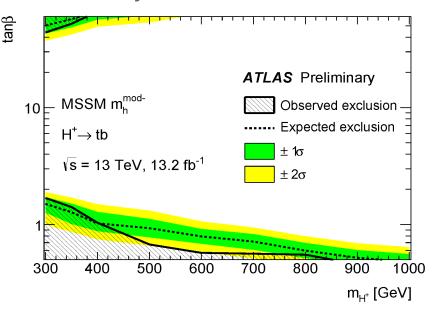
1 lepton (electron or muon) ≥4 jets with ≥2 b-tag Veto events with τ_{had}

4 control regions, 4 signal regions; based on number of jets and b-tagged jets

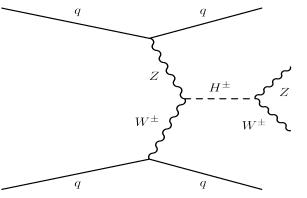


Discriminating variable in signal region: BDT using kinematic information of final state objects





Coupling in 2HDM only at higher order, in Higgs Triplet models at tree level

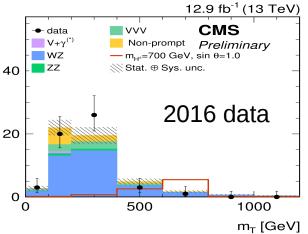


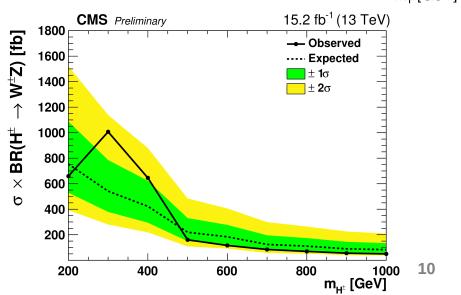
3 leptons (muon or electron) MET > 30 GeV 2 jets, $|\Delta \eta_{ij}|$ > 2.5 dijet mass > 500 GeV

Z candidate from OSSF leptons

- Dominating background WZ and non-prompt leptons (latter estimated from data using fake rate method)
- Systematics: WZ normalization (obtained from control region), non-prompt lepton background, jet energy scale, ...

Discriminating variable: transverse mass WZ system





Events

Charged H[±]

$$H^{\pm} \rightarrow \tau v$$
, tb $H^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm}Z$

H/A → fermions

 $H/A \rightarrow \tau\tau$

H/A → bb

H/A → tt

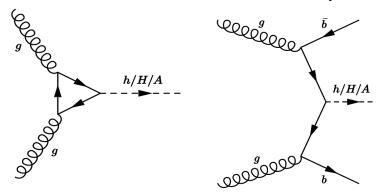
 $H \rightarrow ZA, H/A \rightarrow Zh$

H/A → SM boson pair

 $H \rightarrow hh$

H → ZZ, WW

> Gluon fusion and b-associated production



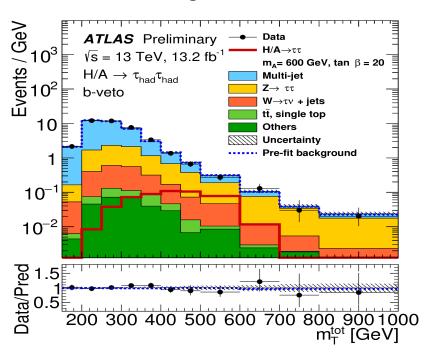
 $\tau_{lep}\tau_{had}$ channel: 1 $\tau_{had-vis}$ and 1 lepton

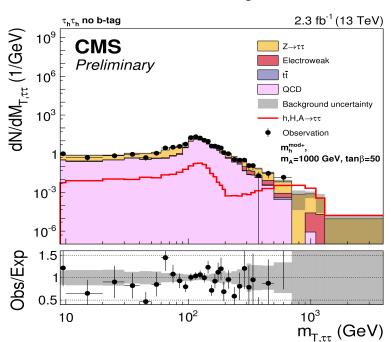
 $\tau_{had} \tau_{had}$ channel: 2 $\tau_{had\text{-vis}}$

[CMS] eµ channel: 1 electron, 1 muon

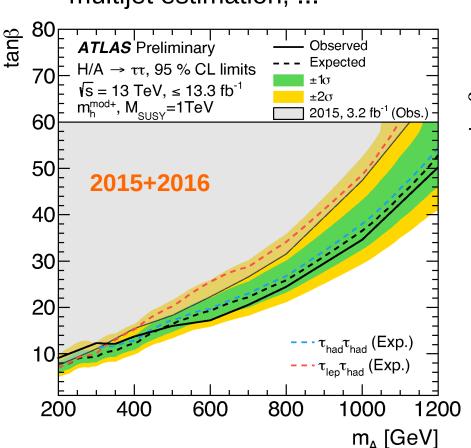
Event categories according to presence of b-tagged jets

> Discriminating variable: ~transverse mass of di-tau system

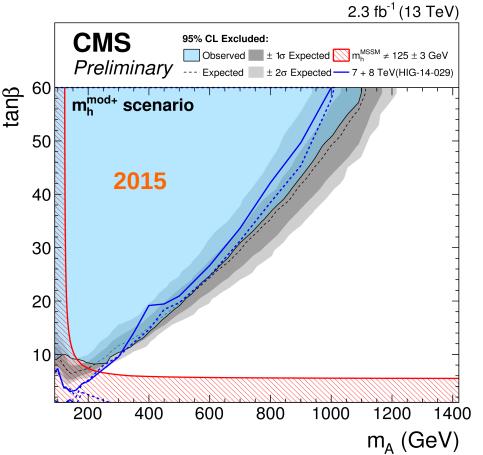




 Systematic uncertainties ATLAS: top background parton shower modelling, τ_{had} energy scale, multijet estimation, ...

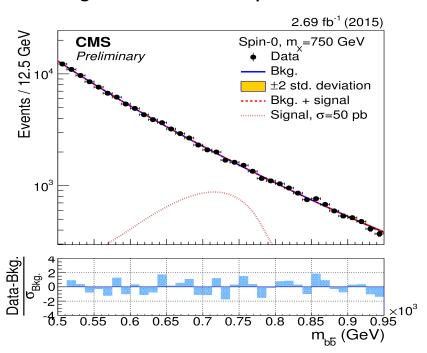


> Systematic uncertainties CMS: top background normalizations, τ_{had} mis-identification rate, τ trigger, ...

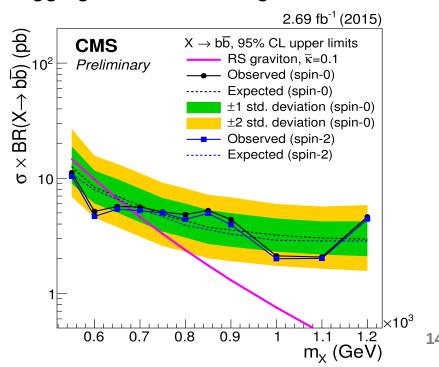


- > Narrow spin-0 resonance, can be interpreted as a heavy Higgs boson
 - ≥2 medium b-tagged jets with ≥1 also tight b-tagged 2 jets with highest b-tag output: $p_{_{T}}$ > 100 GeV and $\Delta\eta_{_{bb}}$ < 1.6 veto on leptons
- \rightarrow Background prediction of m_{bb} variable from smooth data-derived function

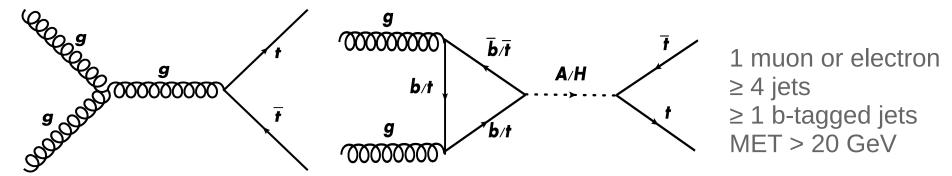
Signal parametrized as convolution of gaussian with exponential



Systematics: jet energy resolution, b-tagging, choice of background PDF, ...



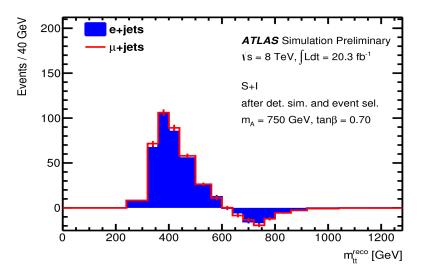
> If new Higgs boson mass above 2m, threshold, decay to top pair allowed

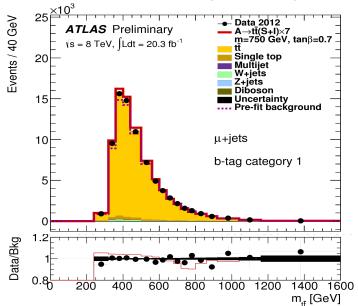


> Semileptonic top pair system reconstruction via kinematic fit

Interference effects between SM tt and H/A → tt create 'peak-dip' structure

in m_# distribution

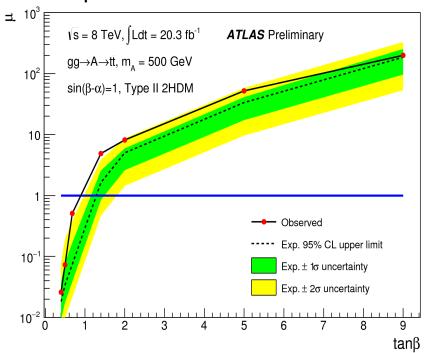




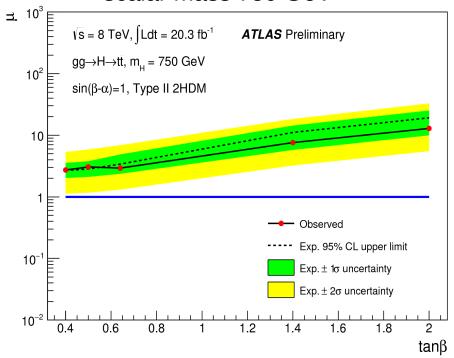
H/A → tt

- > Systematic uncertainties: jet energy scale and resolution, tt cross section, parton density functions, ...
- Upper limits on signal strength (non-trivial scaling of resonance and interference parts) vs tanβ

pseudoscalar mass 500 GeV



scalar mass 750 GeV



Charged H[±]

$$H^{\pm} \rightarrow \tau v$$
, tb $H^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm}Z$

H/A → fermions

 $H/A \rightarrow TT$ $H/A \rightarrow bb$ $H/A \rightarrow tt$

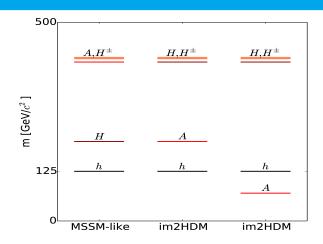
$H \rightarrow ZA, H/A \rightarrow Zh$

 $H/A \rightarrow SM$ boson pair $H \rightarrow hh$ $H \rightarrow ZZ$, WW

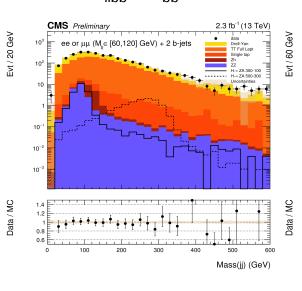
H → ZA

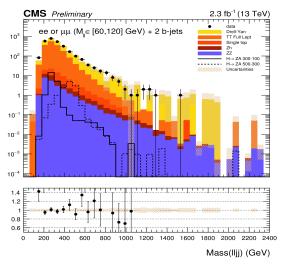
- Mass hierarchy might allow decay of one new Higgs boson to another
- Consider decay of H to Z (decaying to 2 leptons) and A (decaying to 2 b quarks)

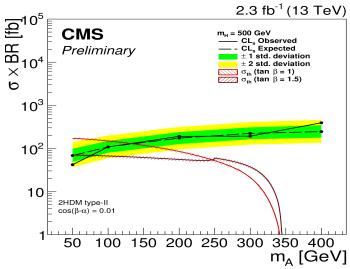
2 OSSF leptons ≥2 b-tagged jets



> Depending on (m_H, m_A) hypothesis, consider rectangular signal region in (m_{HDD}, m_{DD}) plane and use inverse as control region

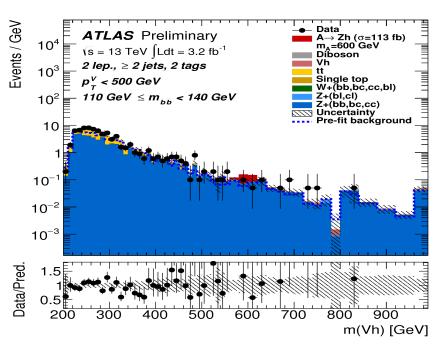


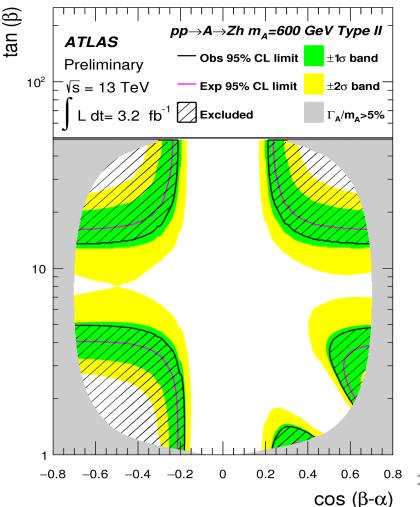




Channels targeted: Z → ee, μμ, νν and h → bb
 categories based on #charged leptons (0 or 2), p_T Z candidate, #b-tagged jets (1 or 2)

- > Discriminating variables
 - Transverse mass (0-lepton)
 - mass llbb system (2-lepton)





Charged H[±]

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, tb $H^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm} Z$

H/A → fermions

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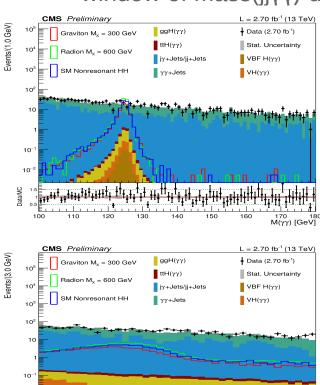
H → hh H → ZZ, WW

H → hh

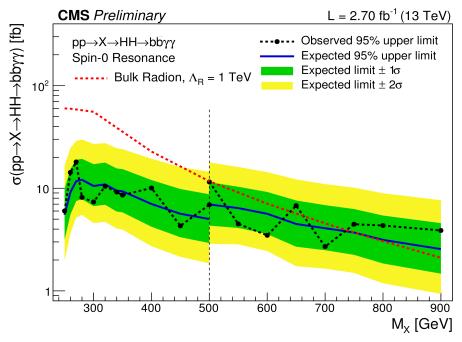
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> Search for resonant production of two SM-like h bosons (hh → bbγγ)

≥2 photon candidates dijet candidate (2 jets with highest b-tag scores) window of mass(jjγγ) depending on signal hypothesis



Parametric fit of 2D plane defined by diphoton and dijet mass



Backup: example of H \rightarrow **hh** \rightarrow **bbbb** (ATLAS, 1606.04782) excluding cross section x BR above 300 fb in range [0.5,3.0] TeV

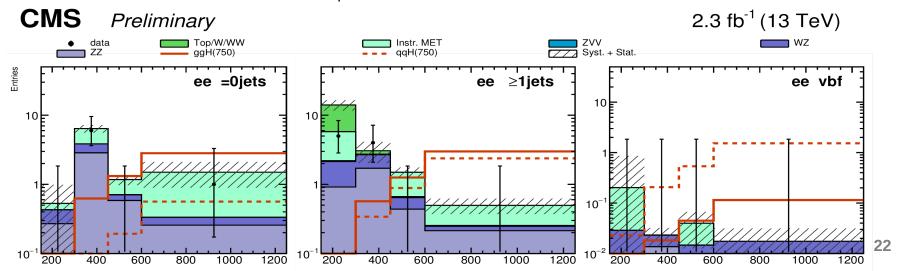
> Search for heavy scalar boson decaying to ZZ → 2l2v

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2 OSSF leptons (muons or electrons)

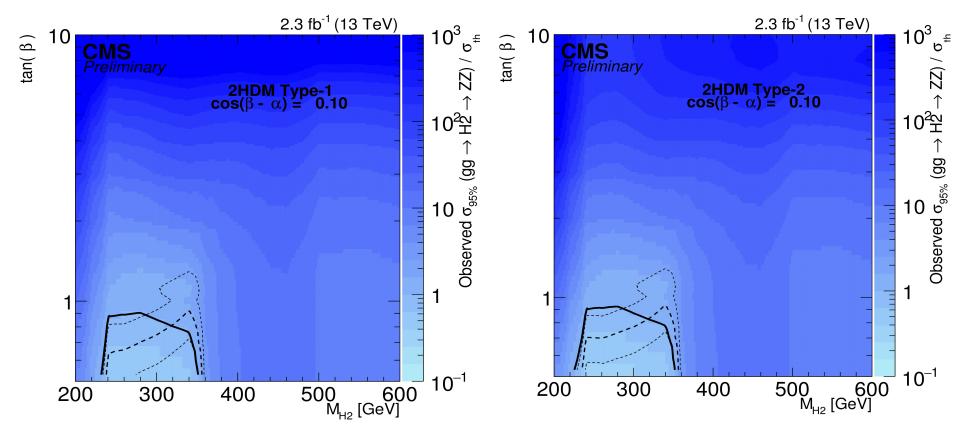
p_{T} dilepton > 55 GeV

MET \geq 125 GeV
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- > Jet multiplicity categories
 - VBF category: ≥2 jets with large pseudorapidity gap and high mass
 - ≥1 jets failing VBF
 - 0 jets
- \rightarrow Discriminating variable: $m_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$ of dilepton and MET system



- > Systematic uncertainties: QCD scale in simulation, jet energy scale, background estimation, ...
- > Interpretation in type-I and type-II 2HDM models

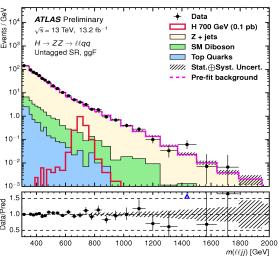


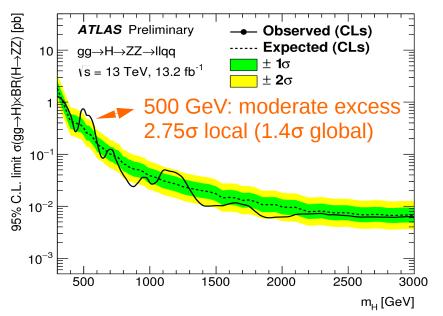
- > 2-lepton analysis (llqq channel)
 - OSSF electrons or muons in Z mass window
 - large-R jet (decay products from Z merged) or ≥2 small-R jets (not merged)

0-lepton analysis (vvqq channel)

- MET > 250 GeV, veto on leptons
- large-R jet
- Systematics: large-R jet energy scale and resolution, W/Z+jets modelling, ...
- Interpretation as new heavy scalar

Mass (dilepton, dijet)





Summary

- Observed Higgs boson at mass 125 GeV may be part of an extended Higgs sector
- Many BSM models predict new scalar, pseudoscalar and charged or neutral Higgs bosons (2HDM, MSSM, ...)
- Rich phenomenology, extensive experimental program in ATLAS/CMS
 Many searches at 7 TeV, 8 TeV and now 13 TeV found no evidence
 13 TeV results more stringent in much of the parameter space (but not all)
- > Currently only few small excesses at 13 TeV exceeding 2σ (some details in backup)

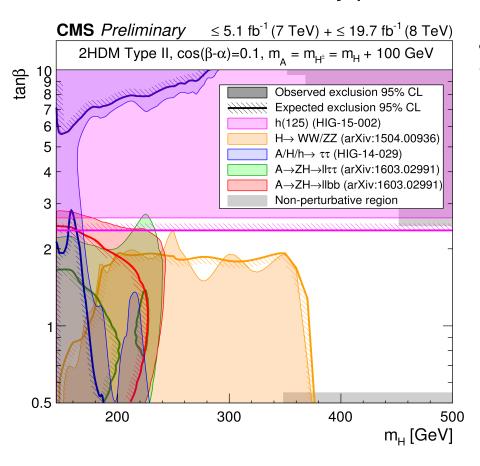
Search	Topology	Excess	Local σ	Global σ	Citation
reso → ZZ/WZ	llqq	500 GeV	2.75	1.4	ATLAS, CONF- 2016-082

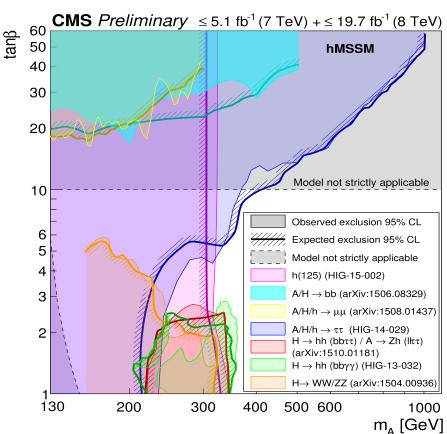
> Many exciting results expected in the near future!



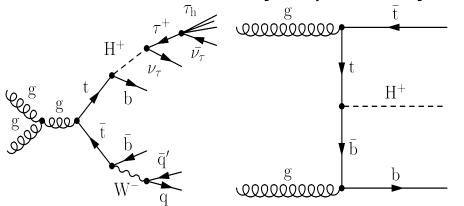
BSM Higgs summary of CMS Run-1

> Additional limit summary plots



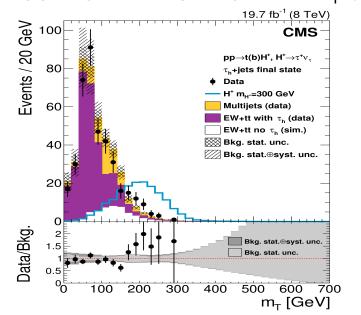


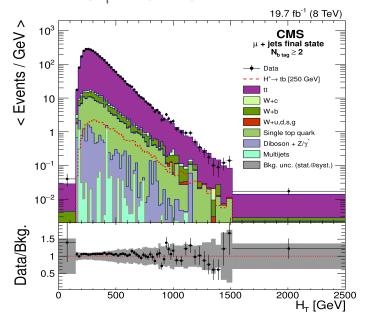
> Production/decay dependency on mass hierarchy of H[±] and top



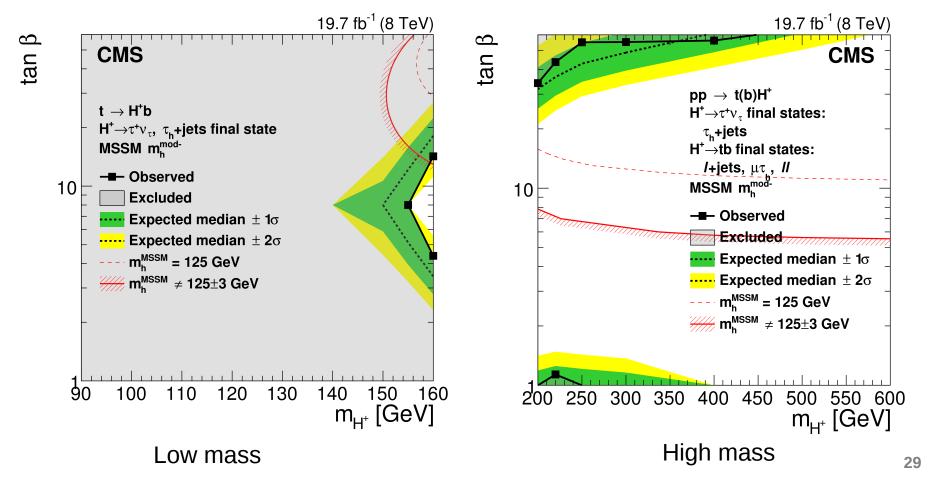
Decay mode	Signatures for $m_{ m H^+} < m_{ m t} - m_{ m b}$	Signatures for $m_{\rm H^+} > m_{\rm t} - m_{\rm b}$
	$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t} \rightarrow bH^{+}\overline{b}H^{-}/bH^{+}\overline{b}W^{-}$	$pp \rightarrow \overline{t}(b)H^+$
$H^+ \to \tau^+ \nu_\tau$	τ_h +jets ⁽⁵⁾	$\tau_{\rm h}$ +jets ⁽⁵⁾ , $\mu \tau_{\rm h}^{(6)}$, $\ell \ell'^{(7)}$
$H^+ \to t \overline{b}$	_	$\mu \tau_{\rm h}^{(6)}$, $\ell \ell'^{(7)}$, ℓ +jets ⁽⁸⁾

> Discriminating variables: transverse mass $m_{_T}$ of $\tau_{_{had}}$ and MET system, b-tagged jet multiplicity, and $H_{_T}$ (scalar sum of $p_{_T}$ of jets)

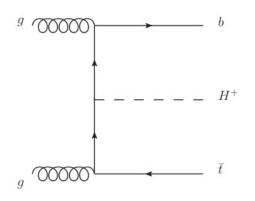




- > Systematic uncertainties: τ identification, b-tagging, tt modelling, ...
- > 95% CL limits can be derived on cross section (x branching ratios) or in specific MSSM scenarios

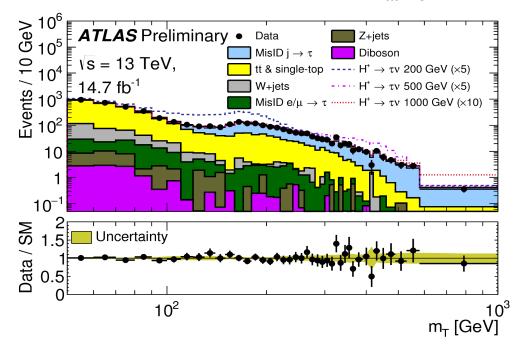


> Production of $H^{\pm} \rightarrow \tau \nu$ in association with top



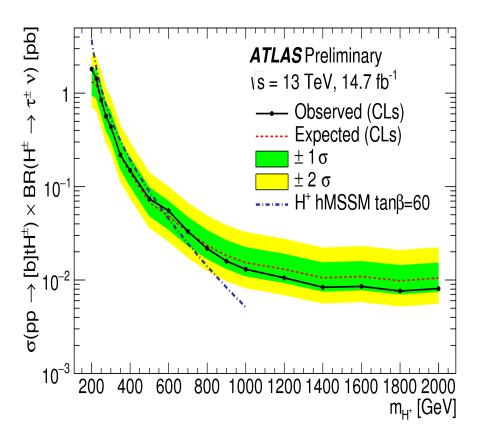
1 hadronically decaying $\tau_{had\text{-}vis}$ \geq 3 jets with \geq 1 b-tag MET > 150 GeV

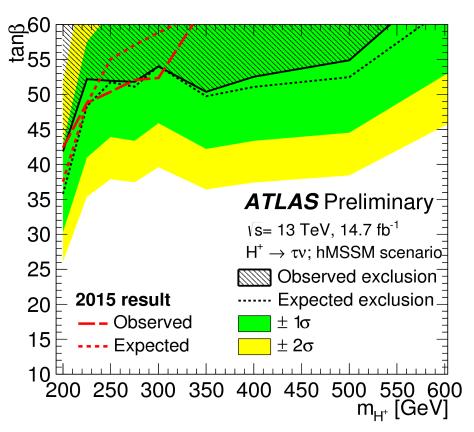
> Discriminating variable: m_T of $\tau_{had-vis}$ and MET system



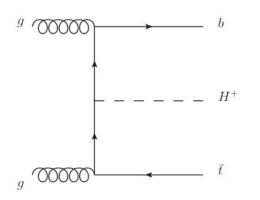
Data-driven background estimation for jets and e/µ identified as T by applying fake factors derived from control regions

- > Systematic uncertainties: τ identification, b-tagging, energy scale of jets and τ , ...
- Limits on cross section x branching ratio, and interpretation in MSSM context





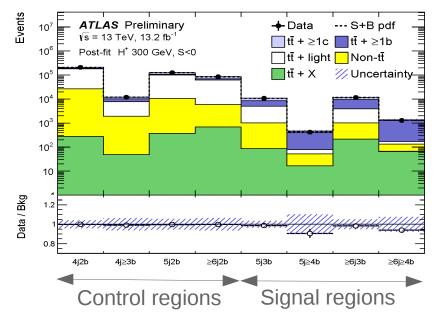
> Production of H[±] → tb in association with top

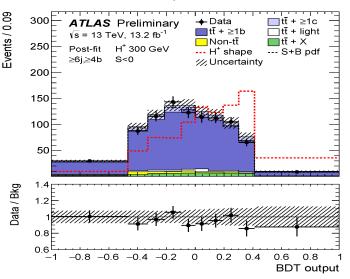


1 lepton (electron or muon) ≥4 jets with ≥2 b-tag Veto events with τ_{had}

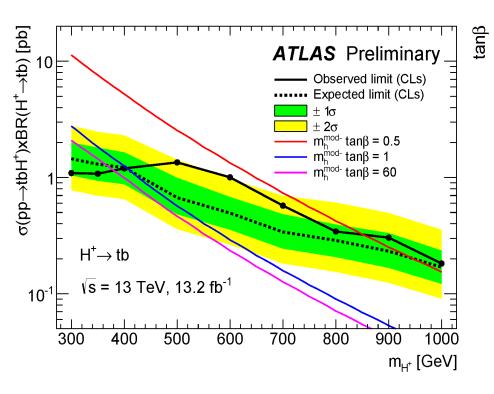
4 control regions, 4 signal regions; based on number of jets and b-tagged jets

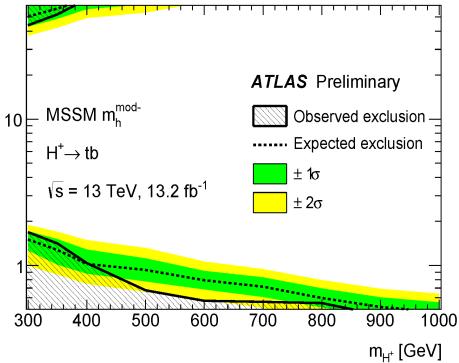
> Discriminating variable in signal region: BDT (leading jet p_T , mass of bb pair, $\Delta R(lep, bb pair)$, mass of jet triplet with largest p_T , ...)



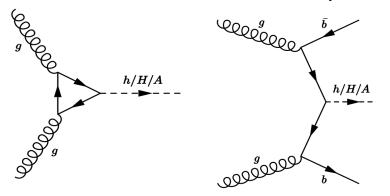


- > Systematic uncertainties: tt + ≥1 b/c modelling, jet flavour tagging, background model statistics, jet energy scale, ...
- Limits on cross section x branching ratio, and interpretation in MSSM context





> Gluon fusion and b-associated production

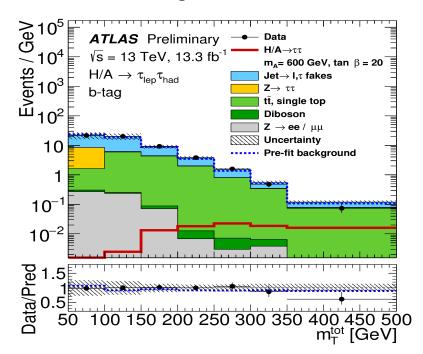


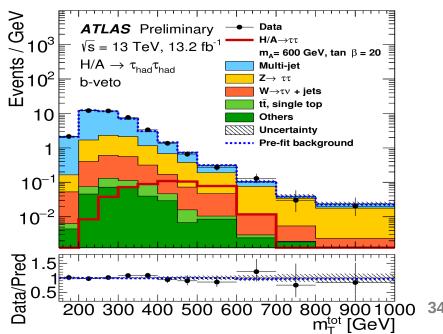
 $\tau_{lep}\tau_{had}$ channel: 1 $\tau_{\text{had-vis}}$ and 1 lepton

 $\tau_{had} \tau_{had}$ channel: 2 $\tau_{had-vis}$

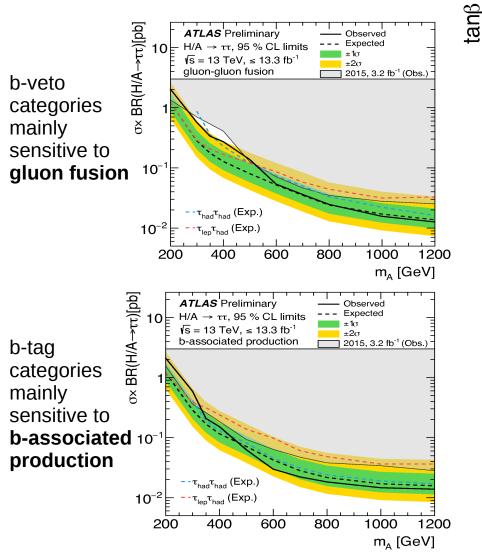
- angular and mass cuts for W/Z background removal
- event categories according to presence of b-tagged jets

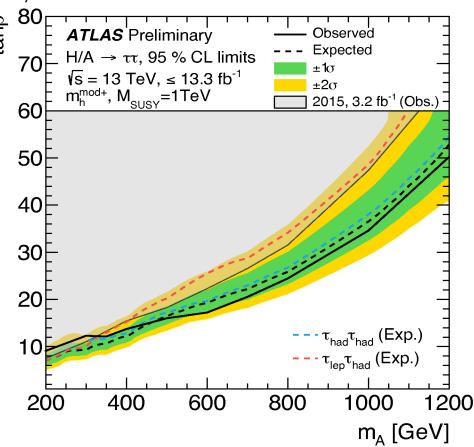
> Discriminating variable: transverse mass of di-tau system





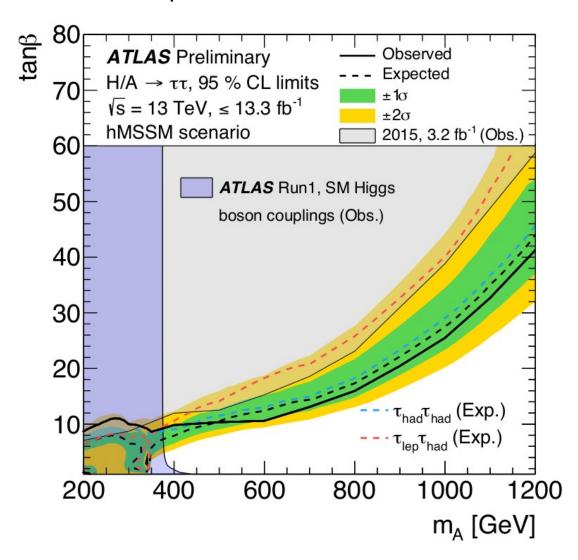
> Systematic uncertainties: top background parton shower modelling, τ_{had} energy scale, multijet estimation, ...



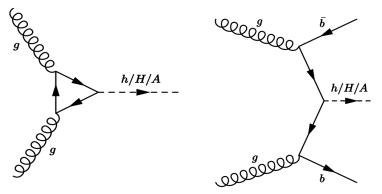


Backup: CMS 13 TeV HIG-16-006 excluding $tan(\beta) > 10$ at $m_A = 200$ GeV and $tan(\beta) > 50$ at $m_A = 1000$ GeV

> hMSSM interpretation



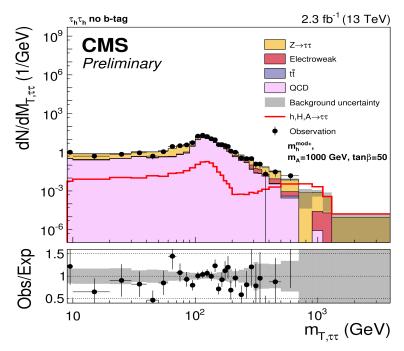
Solution Services Services

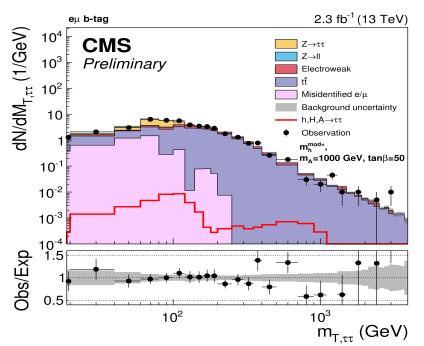


channels: $e\mu$, $e\tau_{had}$, $\mu\tau_{had}$, τ_{had}

- transverse mass cuts for W background removal
- topological discriminator cut for tt rejection
- event categories according to presence of b-tagged jets

> Discriminating variable: transverse mass of di-tau system



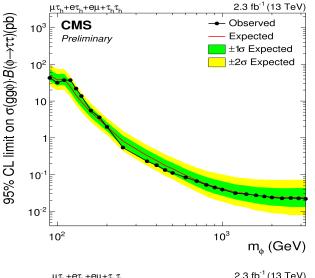


> Systematic uncertainties: top background normalizations, τ_{had} mis-

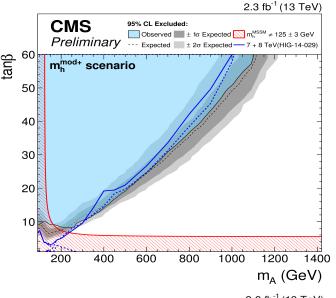
identification rate, τ trigger, ...

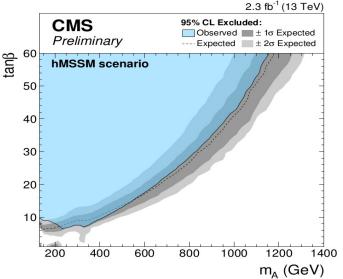
CMS

b-veto categories mainly sensitive to gluon fusion



2.3 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV) Observed Expected Preliminary ±1σ Expected ±2σ Expected 10³ m, (GeV)





b-tag categories mainly sensitive to b-associated production

95% CL limit on $\sigma(\mathsf{bb}\phi) \cdot B(\phi {
ightarrow} au(\mathsf{pb})$

10²

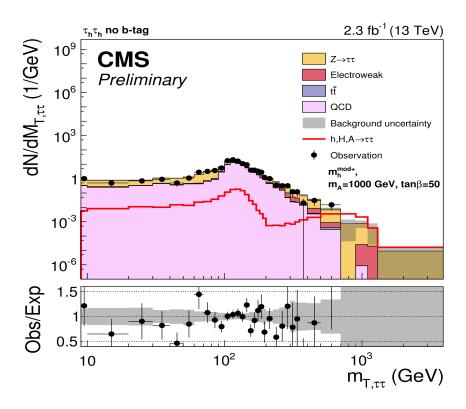
10⁻¹

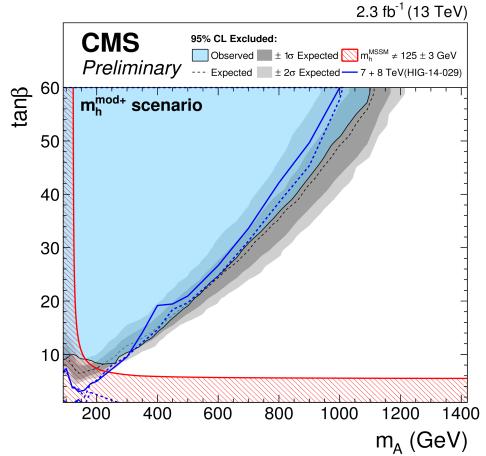
 10^{-2}

10²

- > Channels: $e\mu$, $e\tau_{had}$, $\mu\tau_{had}$, τ_{had}
- > Selections targeting gluon fusion and b-associated production (0 or ≥1 b jet)

Discriminating variable: transverse mass di-tau system

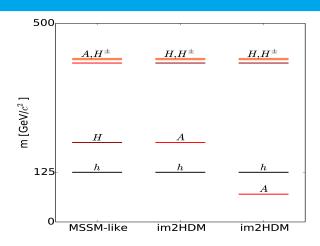




H → ZA

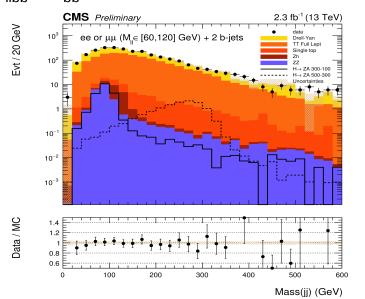
- Mass hierarchy might allow decay of one new Higgs boson to another
- Consider decay of H to Z (decaying to 2 leptons) and A (decaying to 2 b quarks)

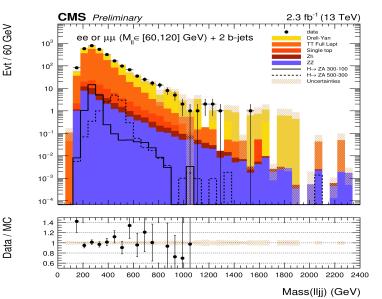
2 OSSF leptons ≥2 b-tagged jets



im = "Inverted mass hierarchy"

> Depending on (m_H, m_A) hypothesis, consider rectangular signal region in (m_{Hhh}, m_{hh}) plane and use inverse as control region





- > Assumed decay of pseudoscalar A to Z boson and SM Higgs boson h
- > Channels targeted: $Z \rightarrow ee$, $\mu\mu$, $\nu\nu$ and $H \rightarrow bb$

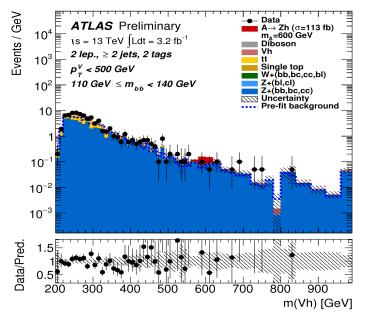
Categories according to

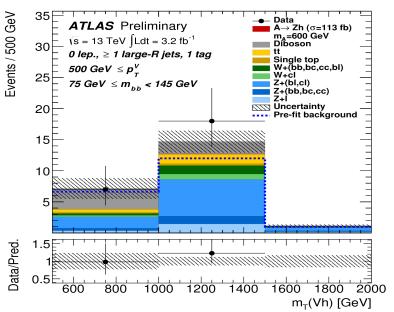
#charged leptons (0 or 2) p_T of Z candidate (low < 500 GeV, high \geq 500 GeV) #b-tagged jets (1 or 2)

Requiring ≥1 *large-R* jet in high-p_⊤ Z categories

Requirements of dilepton mass and (di)jet mass: compatibility with Z and h

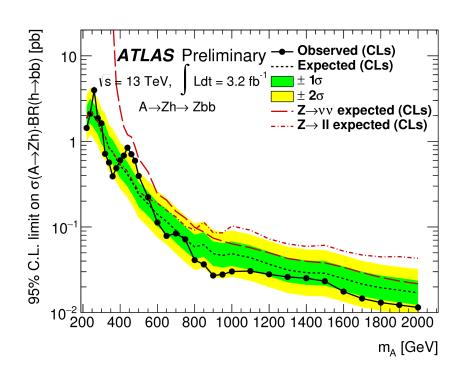
> Discriminating variable: mass in 2-lep, transverse mass in 0-lep categories

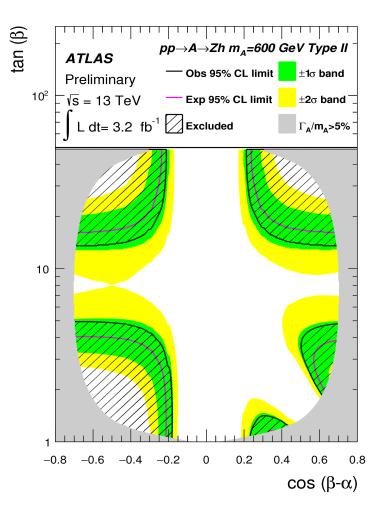




$A \rightarrow Zh$

- > Systematic uncertainties: jet energy scale and resolution, large-R jet mass, b-tagging, ...
- Limits on gluon fusion or b-associated production cross sections x BR, or interpretation in 2HDM parameter space



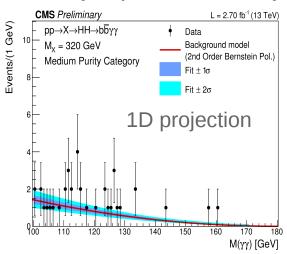


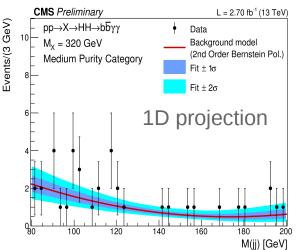
Search for resonant production of two SM-like h bosons (hh → bbγγ)

≥2 photon candidates dijet candidate (2 jets with highest b-tag scores)

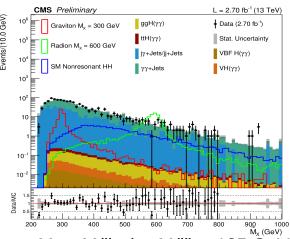
resonance search: window of mass(jjγγ) depending on signal hypothesis

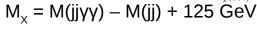
Parametric fit of 2D plane defined by diphoton and dijet mass

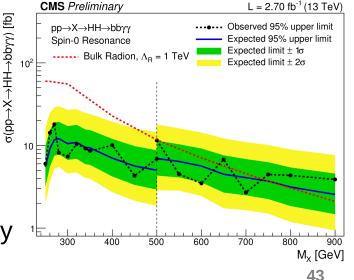




Systematic uncertainties: jet and photon energy scales and resolutions, b-tagging efficiency, ...







H → hh

- > Search for resonant production of two SM-like h bosons (h → bb)
 - "Resolved" regime

up to resonance mass 1.1 TeV

 \geq 4 b-tagged jets forming 2 dijet systems with small ΔR m_{4jet} dependent p_{T} requirements on dijets

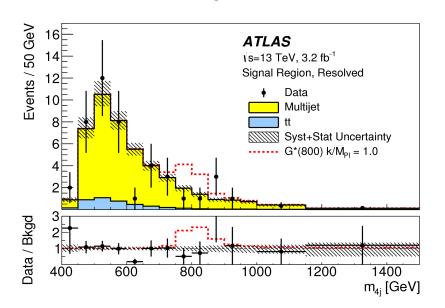
"Boosted" regime

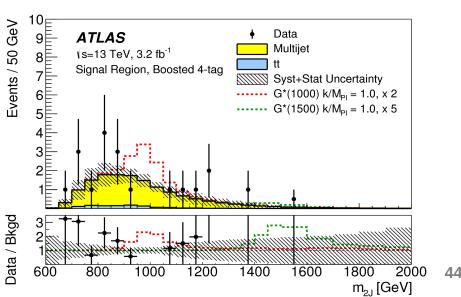
above 1.1 TeV

3 or 4 b-tagged jets

 \geq 2 large-R jets with \geq 2 smaller-R track jets associated to each

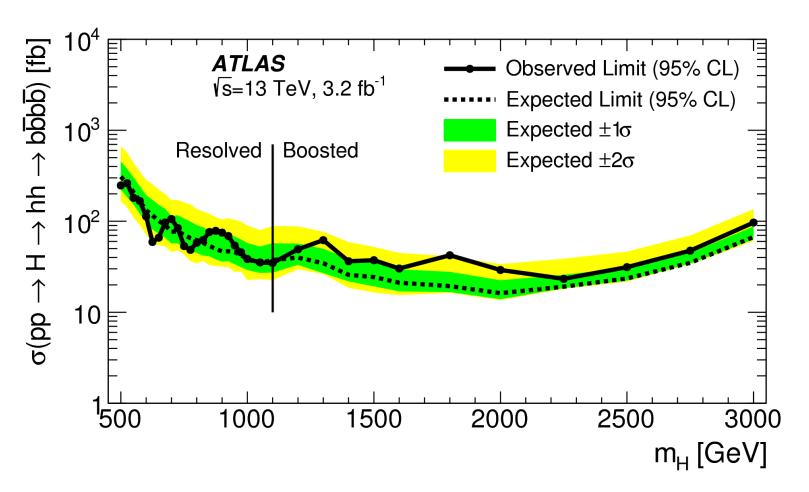
> Discriminating variables: reconstructed resonance mass





H → hh

- Systematic uncertainties: b-tagging, multijet background, large-R jet-mass scale and resolution, ...
- > Interpretation as new narrow-width Higgs resonance



H → hh

> Resonant production of two SM-like h bosons ($h \rightarrow bb$)

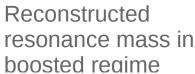
"Resolved" regime

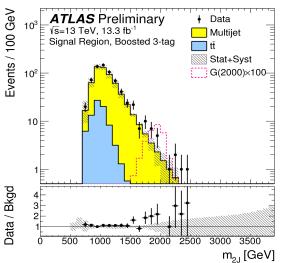
 \geq 4 b-tagged jets forming 2 dijet systems with small Δ R m_{4iet} dependent p_{T} requirements on dijets

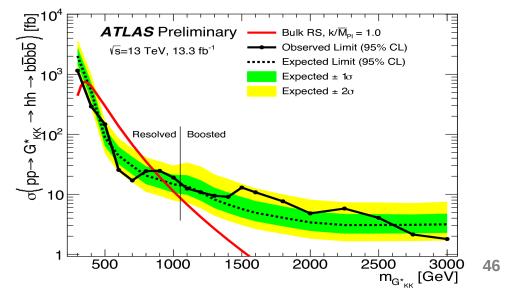
"Boosted" regime

2, 3 or 4 b-tagged jets ≥2 large-R jets with ≥1 smaller-R b-tagged track jets associated to each

- Systematics: b-tagging, multijet background, large-R jet mass scale and resolution
- Interpretation in spin-2 KK graviton resonance context



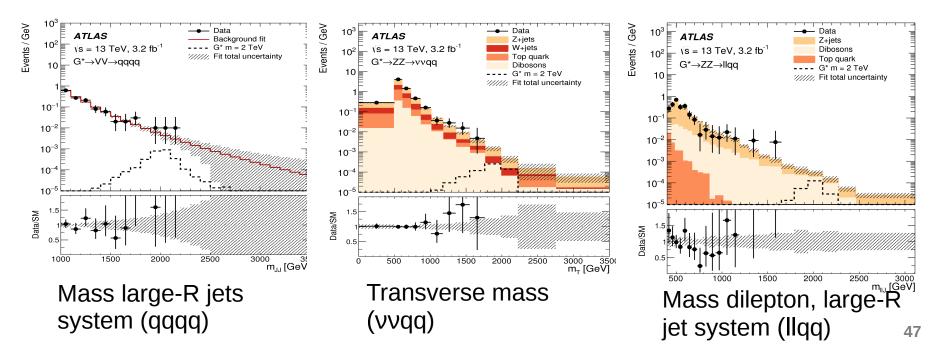




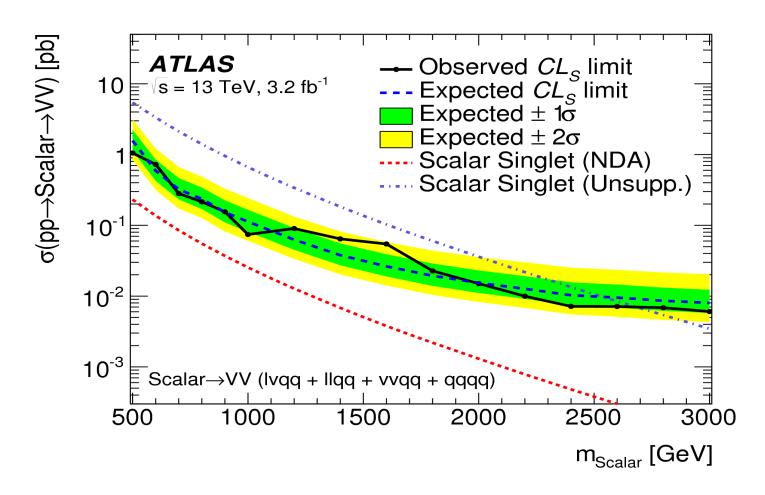
> Relevant channels: qqqq, vvqq, llqq

```
≥1 large-R jet, p_T > 200 GeV, mass > 50 GeV
no leptons, MET > 250 GeV \rightarrow vvqq
no leptons, MET < 250 GeV, additional large-R jet \rightarrow qqqq
2 (OS)SF leptons in Z window \rightarrow llqq
```

Dominant backgrounds: multijet (qqqq) modelled as smoothly falling m_{,J} spectrum, Z+jets (ννqq and llqq) from control region



- > Systematic uncertainties: large-R jet energy/mass scale and resolution, lepton energy scale, theoretical uncertainties of tt and diboson, ...
- > Interpretation as narrow-width scalar singlet

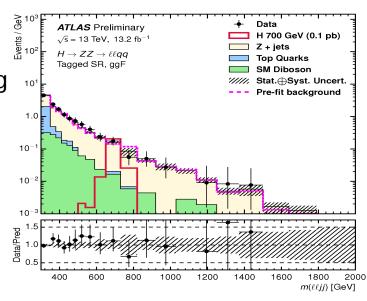


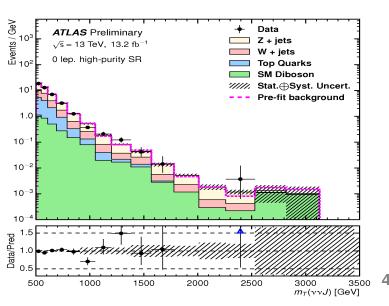
- > 2-lepton analysis (Ilqq channel)
 - OSSF electrons or muons in Z mass window
 - large-R jet (decay products from Z merged) or ≥ 2 small-R jets (not merged) consistent with Z mass

0-lepton analysis (vvqq channel)

- MET > 250 GeV, veto on leptons
- large-R jet consistent with Z mass
- Side-bands of (di)jet mass used to control the main Z/W+jets backgrounds

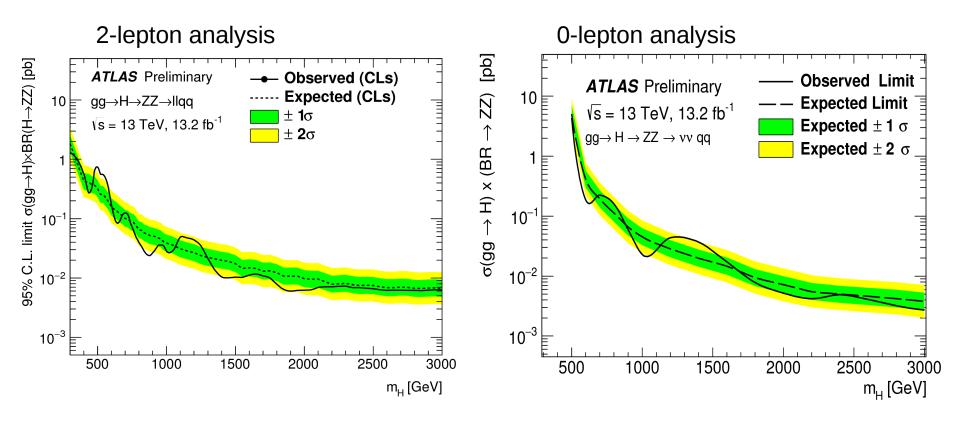
Discriminating variables: masses or transverse masses





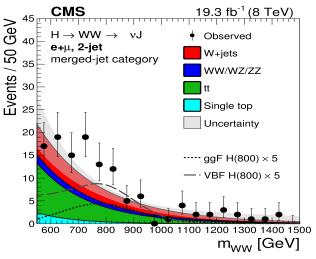
$\boldsymbol{H} \to \boldsymbol{Z}\boldsymbol{Z}$

- > Systematic uncertainties: large-R jet energy scale and resolution, jet structure, W/Z+jets modelling, ...
- Interpretation as new heavy scalar



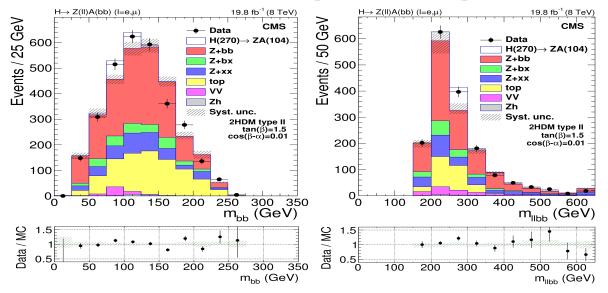
Some moderate excesses in Run 1 (I)

> H → WW, CMS 7+8 TeV [1504.00936]



2.6σ at 700 GeV, 2.1σ at 800 GeV

> reso → Zbb, CMS 8 TeV [1603.02991]

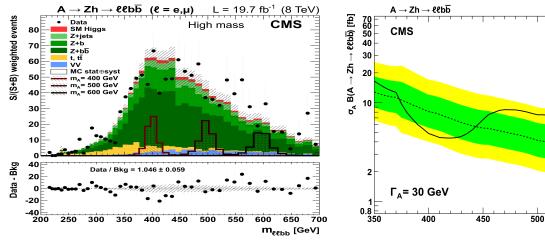


Excess most compatible with hypothesized signal:

 $(m_{bb}, m_{llbb}) = (95,285) \text{ GeV}$ at 2.6 σ local (1.6 σ global)

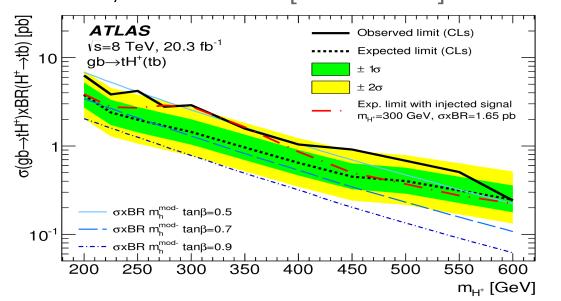
Some moderate excesses in Run 1 (II)

> A → Zh, CMS 8 TeV [1504.04710]



2.6 σ local (1.1 σ global) at 560 GeV

> H[±] → tb, ATLAS 8 TeV [1512.03704]



Broad excess (up to 2.4 σ) more compatible with systematic mismodelling than hypothesized signal

 $L = 19.7 \text{ fb}^{-1} (8 \text{ TeV})$

Observed

Expected

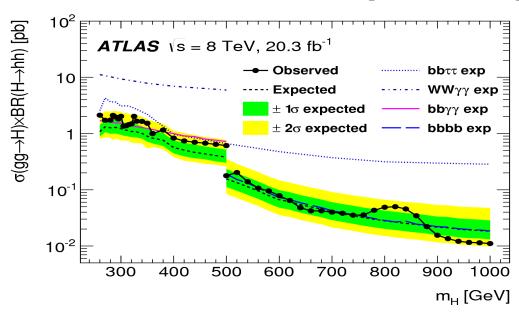
Expected ± 1σ

Expected ± 2σ

m_A [GeV]

Some moderate excesses in Run 1 (III)

> resonance → hh, ATLAS 8 TeV [1509.04670]

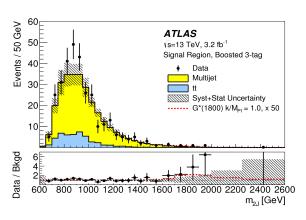


2.5σ local at 300 GeV, largely due to excess in γγbb channel

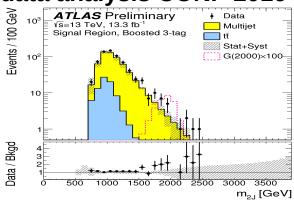
Some moderate excesses in Run 2

> resonance → hh → bbbb, ATLAS 13 TeV (2015) [1606.04782]

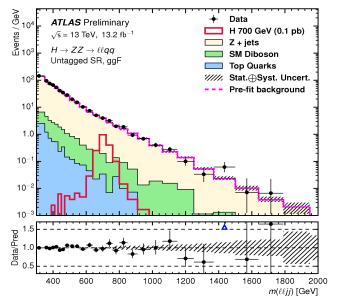
2.0σ local at 900 GeV

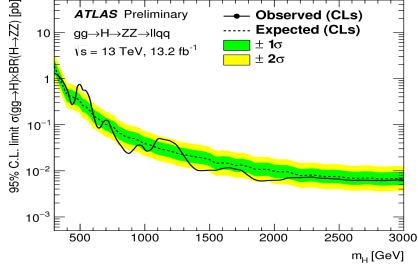


But excess gone in 2015+2016 data analysis CONF-2016-049



> resonance → ZZ/WZ → Ilqq, ATLAS 13 TeV (2015+2016) [ATLAS-CONF-2016-082]





 2.75σ local (1.4 σ global) at 500 GeV