NNLO Jets for DIS

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in collaboration with T. Gehrmann and J. Niehues

QCD@LHC 2016 Zürich







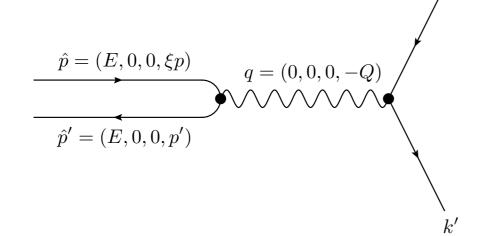
Outline

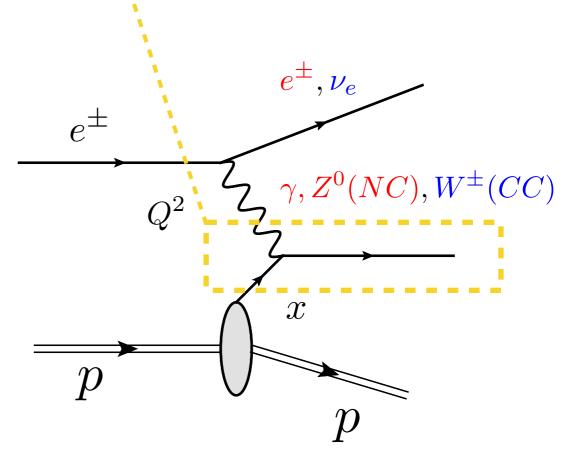
- DIS and HERA's legacy
- Antenna Subtraction at NNLO
- NNLOJET
- Results and analysis
- Summary and outlook

Deep Inelastic Scattering

$$d\sigma = \int \frac{d\xi}{\xi} \sum_{a} f_a(\xi) d\sigma_a$$

- clean probe of proton structure (PDFs)
- two independent variables, (x,Q²)
- Clear exposition in "Breit" (brickwall) frame

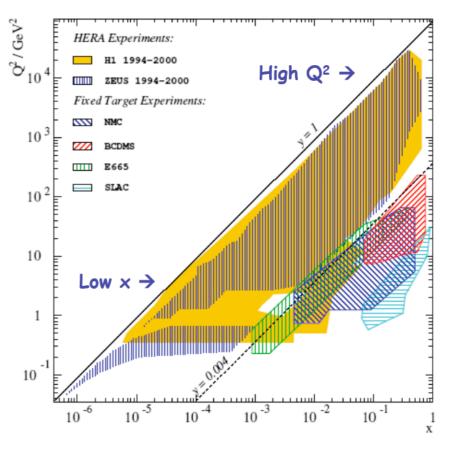




HERA's legacy

- 1994-2000 HERA I
- 2000-2007 HERA II
- H1 and Zeus experiments 0.5fb⁻¹ each
- e^{\pm} (27.5 GeV) + p (460, 575, 820, 920 GeV) —> \sqrt{s} ~ 225-318 GeV
- huge impact on PDFs (esp quark)
- large set of jet data over broad kinematic range... not yet fully exploited

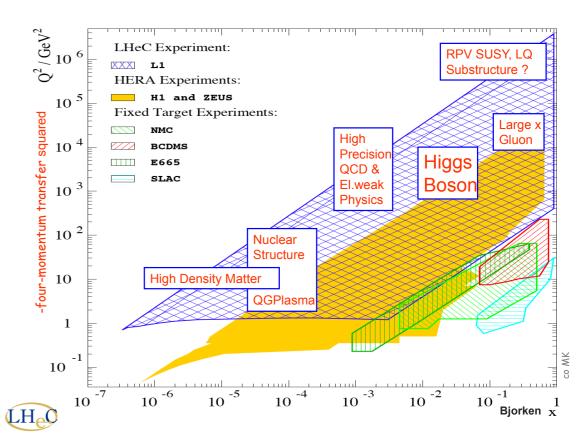


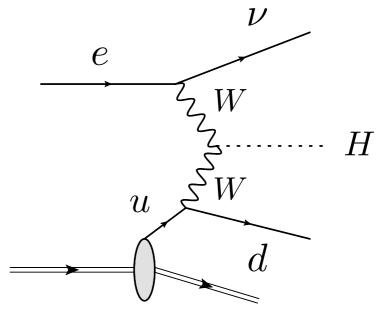


A future e-p collider (LHeC)

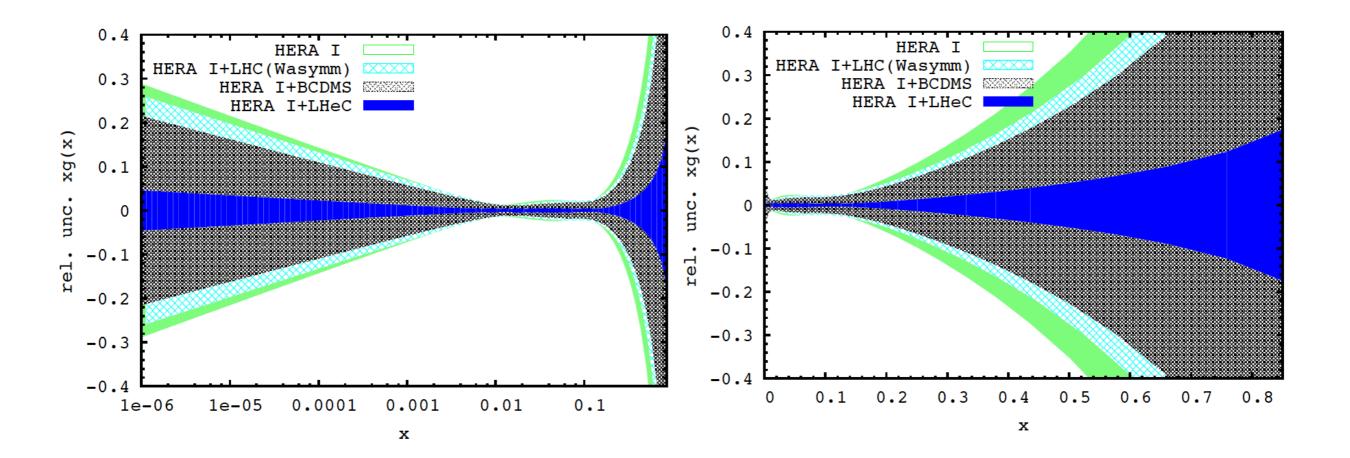
Prospect for e-p collider to run with HL-LHC:

- $Q^2 > 1 \text{ TeV}^2$, $x \sim 0.5$
- precision QCD $\delta \alpha_s \sim 0.1\%$
- PDF uncertainties ~1%
- boosts value of LHC (and VLHC) data
- $x \sim 10^{-6}$ gluon saturation?
- (CC) H+J+ME disentangle WWH from ZZH



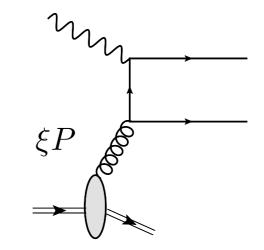


LHeC gluon

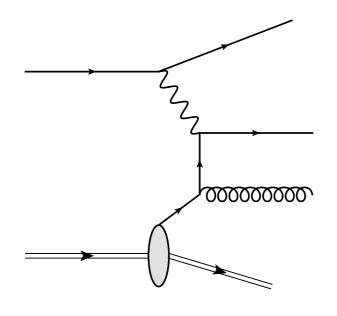


Jet production

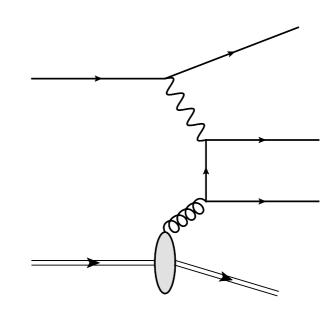
- Dijet production in BGF channel at LO
- rare handle on gluon PDF and $lpha_s$ at HERA
- Inclusive jet production, measure P_T^{jet}



- dijets, measure $\langle P_T \rangle_2 = \frac{1}{2} (P_{T,1} + P_{T,2})$ and $\xi_2 = x (1 + M_{12}^2/Q^2)$
- normalized distributions (relative to NC DIS) for clean measurements

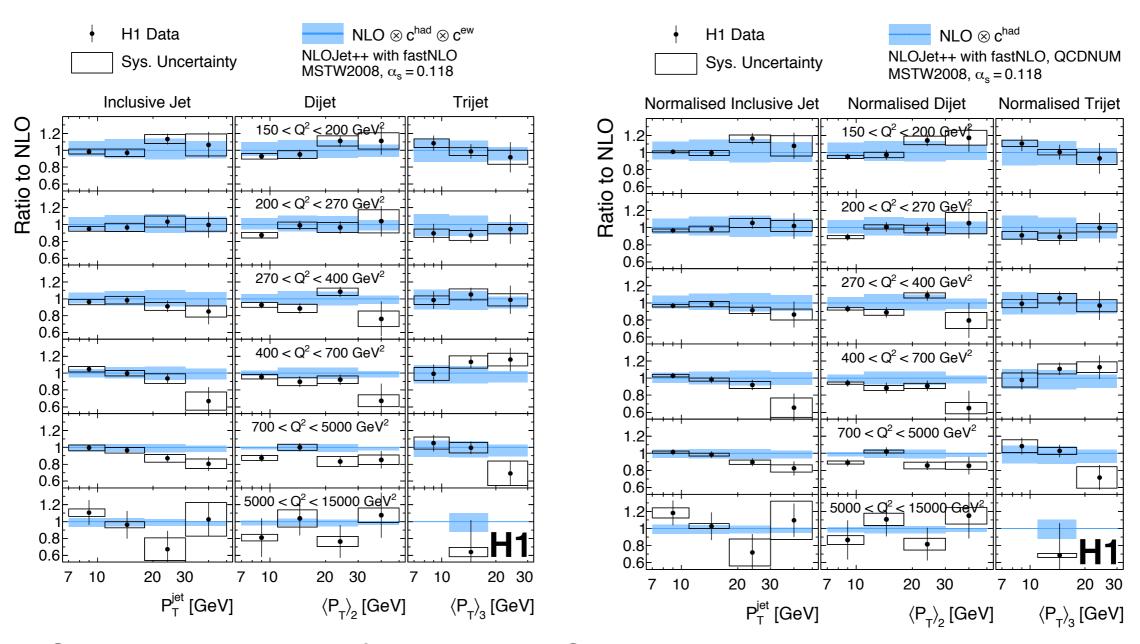


QCD Compton scattering



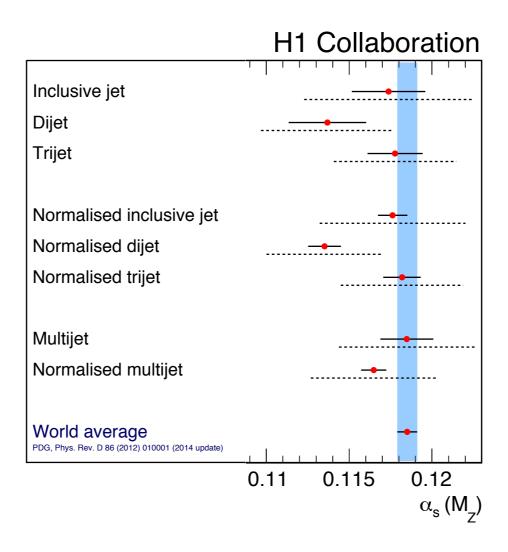
Boson-gluon fusion

NLO at HERA



- Good description of data by NLO
- dominated by scale uncertainty...need for NNLO

NLO at HERA



- extraction of strong coupling dominated by NLO scale uncertainty
- experimental accuracy of normalised jet data close to world average
- would like to include jet data in NNLO average, less reliant on lattice studies

Subtraction at NLO

$$d\sigma_{a,NLO} = \int_{\Phi_{m+1}} d\sigma_a^R + \int_{\Phi_m} d\sigma_a^V + d\sigma_a^{MF}$$

Recast into a finite form using auxiliary subtraction terms

$$d\sigma_{a,NLO} = \int_{\Phi_{m+1}} \left[d\sigma_a^R - d\sigma_a^S \right] + \int_{\Phi_m} \left[d\sigma_a^V - d\sigma_a^T \right]$$

Subtraction at NNLO

At NNLO more terms to regulate

$$\begin{split} \mathrm{d}\sigma_{a,NNLO} &= \int_{\Phi_{m+2}} \left[\mathrm{d}\sigma_{a,NNLO}^{RR} - \mathrm{d}\sigma_{a,NNLO}^{S} \right] \\ &+ \int_{\Phi_{m+1}} \left[\mathrm{d}\sigma_{a,NNLO}^{RV} - \mathrm{d}\sigma_{a,NNLO}^{T} \right] \\ &+ \int_{\Phi_{m}} \left[\mathrm{d}\sigma_{a,NNLO}^{VV} - \mathrm{d}\sigma_{a,NNLO}^{U} \right] \end{split}$$

Antennae

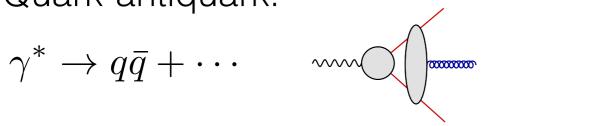
Antenna functions built from matrix elements:

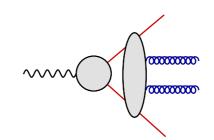
$$X_3^0(i,j,k) \sim \frac{|\mathcal{M}_3^0(i,j,k)|^2}{|\mathcal{M}_2^0(I,K)|^2},$$

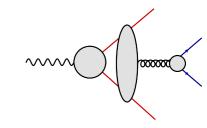
$$X_3^0(i,j,k) \sim \frac{|\mathcal{M}_3^0(i,j,k)|^2}{|\mathcal{M}_2^0(I,K)|^2}, \qquad X_4^0(i,j,k,l) \sim \frac{|\mathcal{M}_4^0(i,j,k,l)|^2}{|\mathcal{M}_2^0(I,L)|^2}$$

Quark-antiquark:

$$\gamma^* \to q\bar{q} + \cdots$$

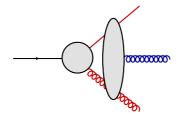


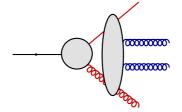


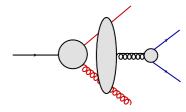


Quark-gluon:

$$\bar{\chi}^0 \to \tilde{g}g + \cdots$$

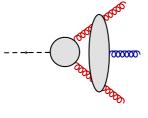


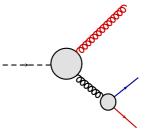


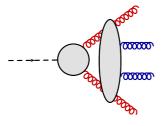


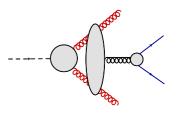
Gluon-gluon:

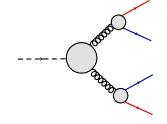
$$H o gg + \cdots$$



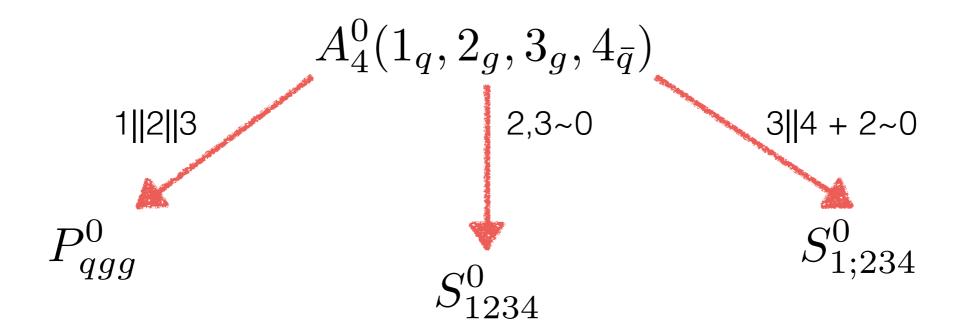








Antenna mimics all singularities of QCD



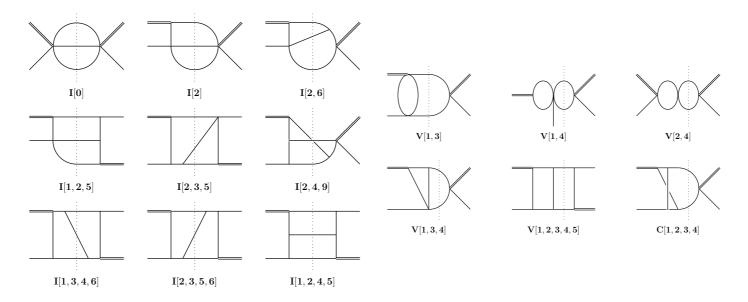
Phase space map smoothly interpolates momenta for reduced matrix element between limits

$$(\widetilde{123}) = xp_1 + r_1p_2 + r_2p_3 + zp_4$$

 $(\widetilde{234}) = (1-x)p_1 + (1-r_1)p_2 + (1-r_2)p_3 + (1-z)p_4$

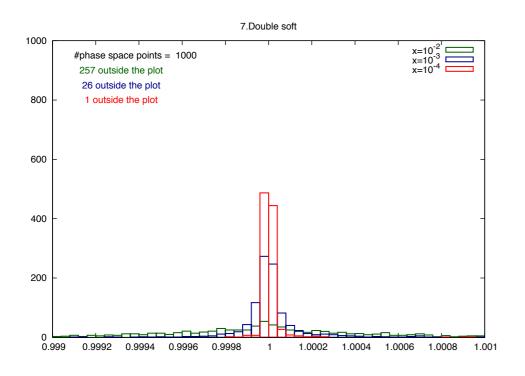
Integrating the Antennae

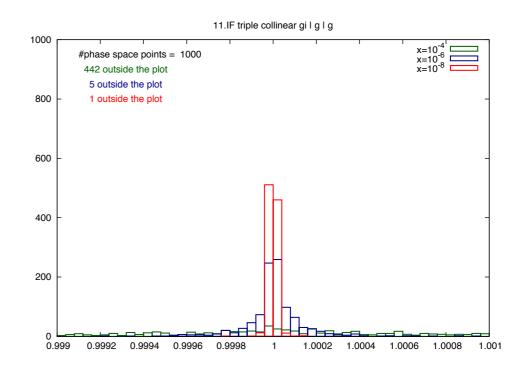
- Relate phase space integrals to multiloop integrals via optical theorem
- apply well developed techniques IBP LI to masters

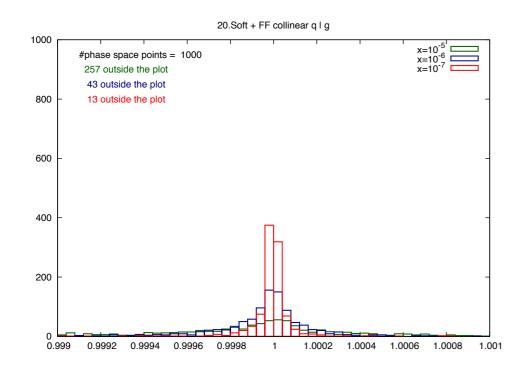


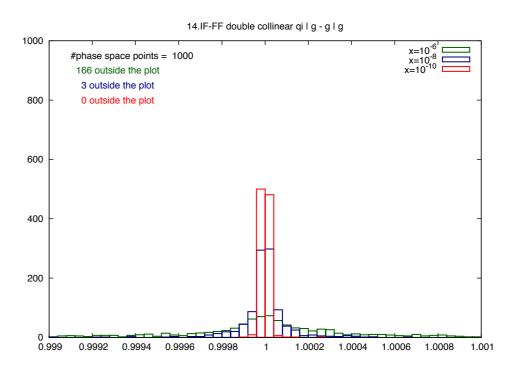
- Final-Final [Gehrman, Gehrmann-De Ridder, Glover '04, '05]
- Initial-Final [Daleo, Gehrmann-De Ridder, Gehrmann, Luisoni '10]
- Initial-Initial [Gehrmann, Monni '11; Boughezal, Gehrmann-De Ridder, Ritzmann '11; Gehrmann, Ritzmann '12]

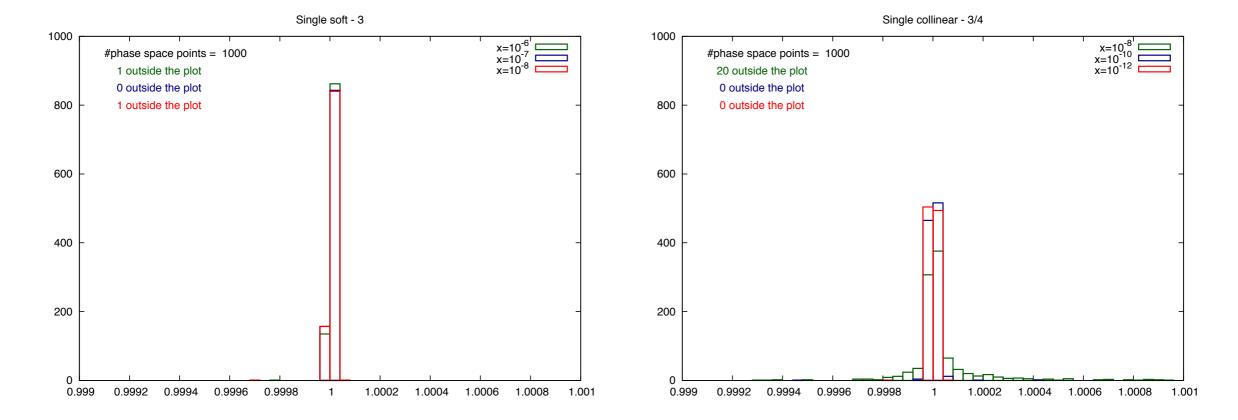
Testing the subtraction terms

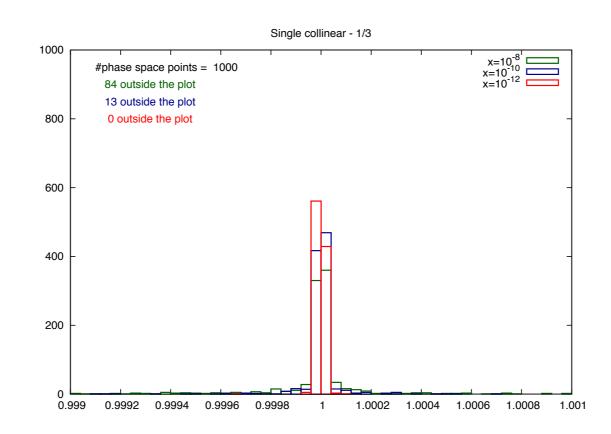












Analytic pole cancellation against 2-loop and 1-loop matrix element

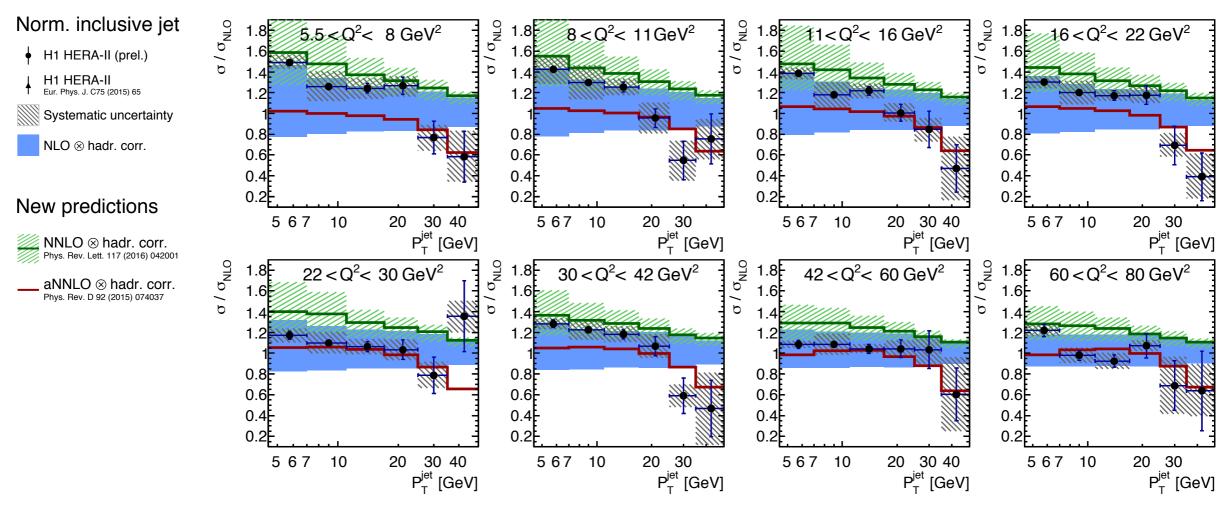
```
James@Jamess-MacBook-Pro-4:~/hepforge/maple/process/jet$ form autoA4g2XU.frm
FORM 4.1 (Mar 13 2014) 64-bits
                                                 Run: Wed May 4 18:13:43 2016
    #-
   poles = 0;
  19.40 sec out of 20.04 sec
James@Jamess-MacBook-Pro-4:~/hepforge/maple/process/jet$ form autoA4g2YU.frm
FORM 4.1 (Mar 13 2014) 64-bits
                                                 Run: Wed May 4 18:14:10 2016
    #-
   poles = 0;
  7.43 sec out of 7.50 sec
James@Jamess-MacBook-Pro-4:~/hepforge/maple/process/jet$ form autoAh4g2XU.frm
FORM 4.1 (Mar 13 2014) 64-bits
                                                 Run: Wed May 4 18:14:42 2016
    #-
   poles = 0;
  8.83 sec out of 8.88 sec
James@Jamess-MacBook-Pro-4:~/hepforge/maple/process/jet$ form autoAh4g2YU.frm
                                                 Run: Wed May 4 18:14:55 2016
FORM 4.1 (Mar 13 2014) 64-bits
    #-
   poles = 0;
  5.37 sec out of 5.41 sec
James@Jamess-MacBook-Pro-4:~/hepforge/maple/process/jet$ form autoagB2g2XU.frm
FORM 4.1 (Mar 13 2014) 64-bits
                                                 Run: Wed May 4 18:15:25 2016
    #-
   poles = 0;
```

NNLOJET

Semi-automated Monte Carlo for NNLO phenomenology (see Mark Sutton's talk)

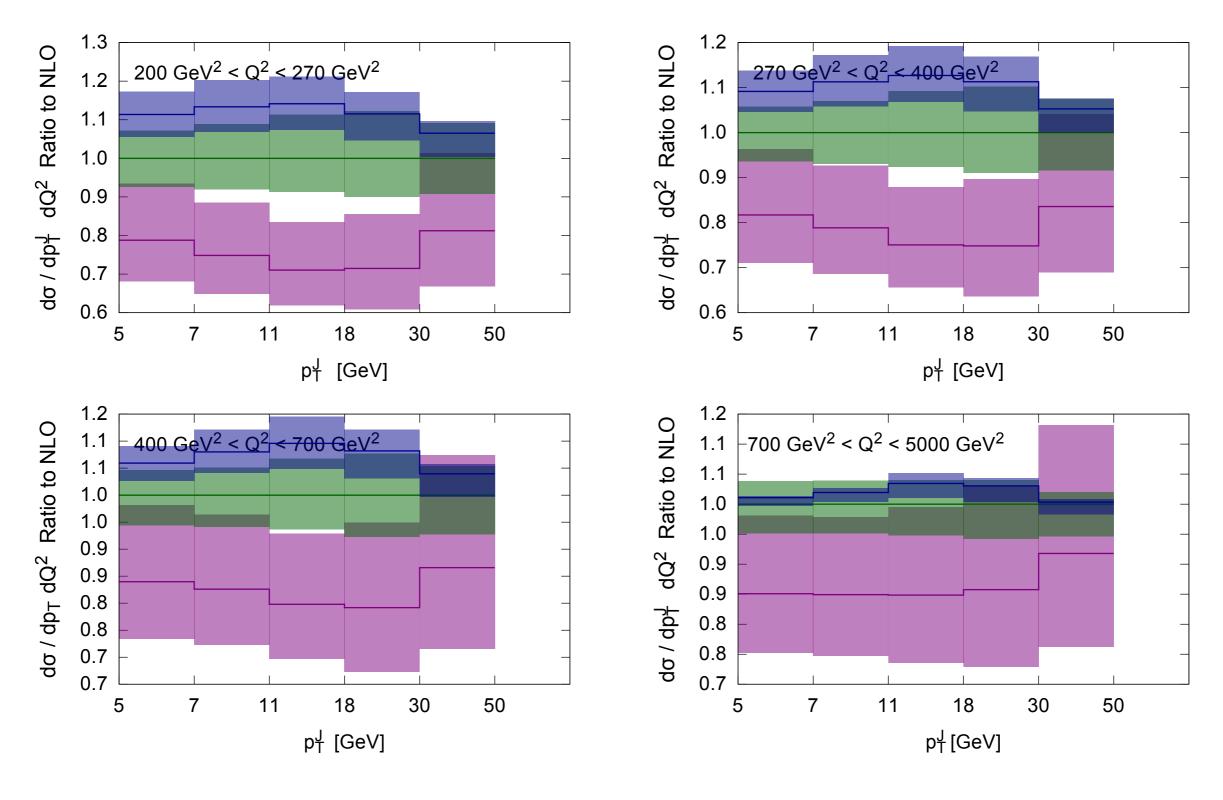
- completely standalone code at LO, NLO, NNLO
- fully differential parton level event generator
- many processes now included at NNLO:
 - $H(\gamma\gamma) + 0.1.2$ jets
 - $Z(I^+I^-)$ + 0,1 jet
 - DIS jets
 - LHC+Tevatron dijet
- is being `Appl-tised' for pheno studies

H1 low Q² inclusive jet

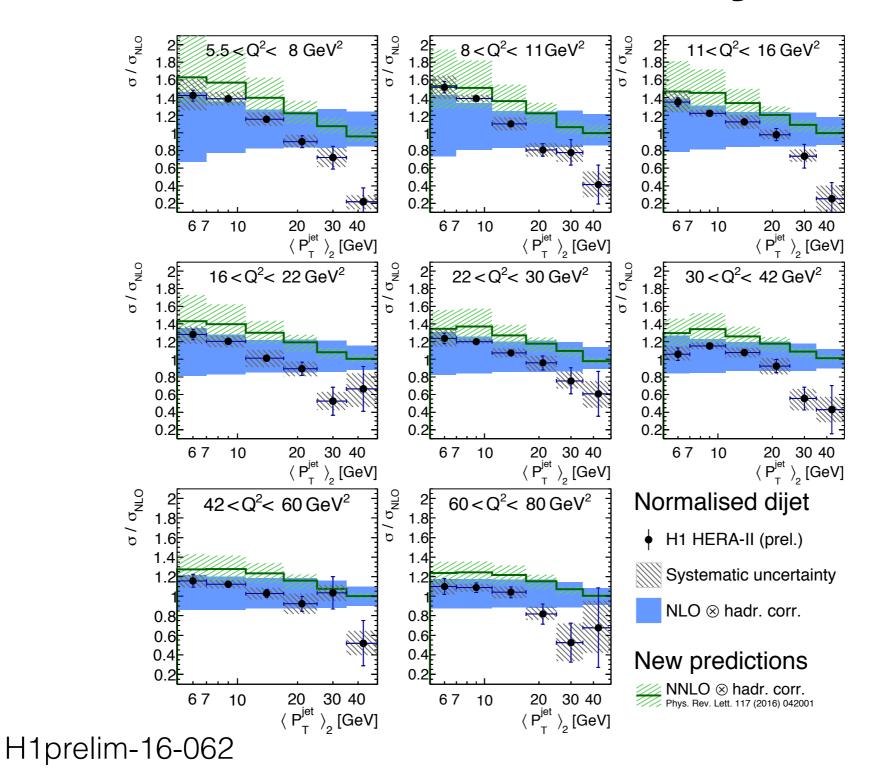


H1prelim-16-062

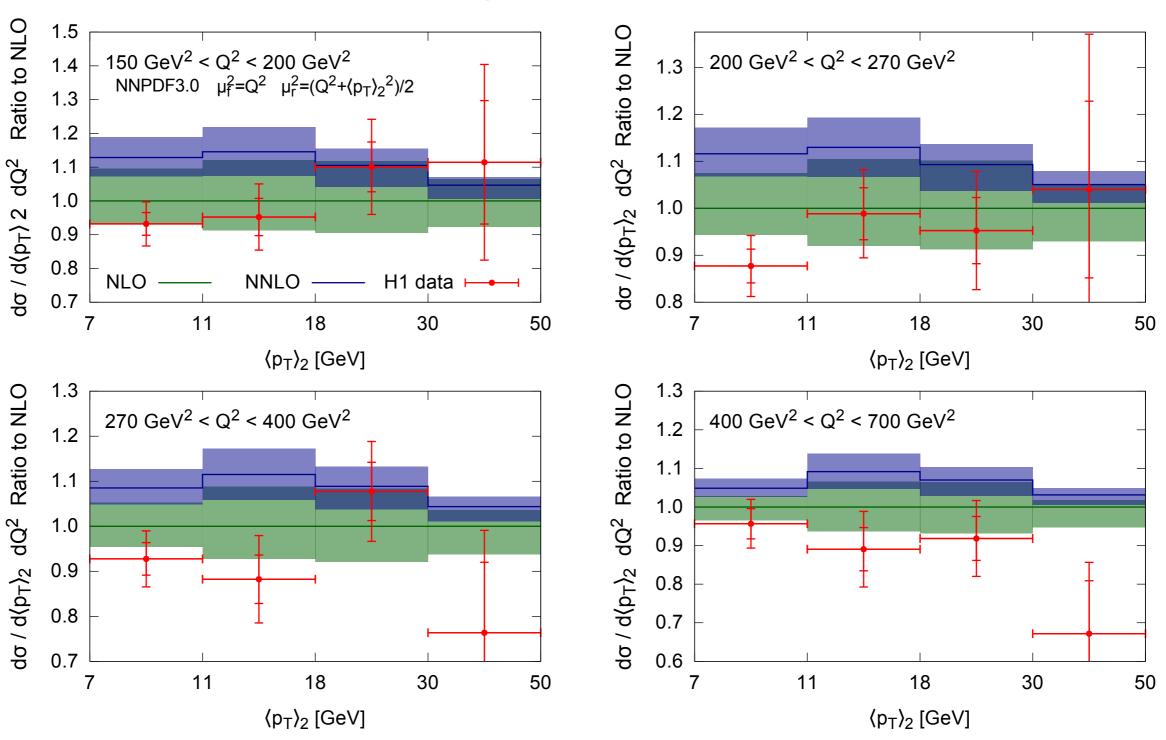
H1 high Q2 inclusive jet



H1 low Q² dijet



H1 high Q² dijet



PhysRevLett.117.042001

Discussion

- NNLO inclusive jet improves scale uncertainty relative to NLO (see H1prelim-16-062 and Daniel Britzger's talk for normalized low Q² analysis)
- NNLO high Q² dijet reduces scale dependence but shows some tension with data (see Daniel Britzger's talk for normalised low Q² analysis)
- potential for impact on PDF fits
- high Q^2 dijet analysis uses symmetric P_t jet cuts and additional M_{jj} cut to mitigate known perturbative instability
- Mii cut vetoes LO phase space in section of lowest Pt bin, large K-factors
- · also, possibly insufficient to remove perturbative instability at high rapidity
- more comprehensive investigation of cuts warranted (no M_{ii}, asymmetric cuts)

Summary and outlook

- HERA data provides vital information on strong coupling and gluon PDF, not yet fully exploited
- prospect of future precision e-p machine demands NNLO accurate jet calculations
- we have used Antenna Subtraction method in NNLOJET framework to calculate fully differential NNLO dijets for the first time
- NNLO significantly improves scale dependence of inclusive jet and dijet predictions relative to NLO
- interesting interplay of cuts requires further investigation to maximise impact of data
- comparison with Zeus analysis forthcoming
- preparation of grids for PDF and strong coupling phenomenology