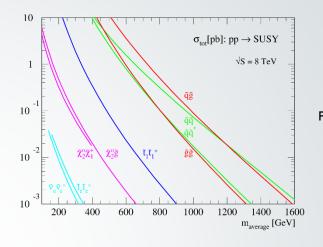
# NNLL soft and Coulomb threshold resummation for squark and gluino production at the LHC

Chris Wever (Karlsruhe Institute of Technology)

M. Beneke, P. Falgari, J. Piclum, C. Schwinn, CW [arXiv: 1312.0837]
M. Beneke, J. Piclum, C. Schwinn, CW [arXiv: 1607.07574]

### **Motivation**

- SUSY searches important at LHC
- In MSSM SUSY particles are pair produced
- Main production: squark and gluino pairs
- Strong exclusion bounds on masses



[Plehn, Prospino 2.1]

- $m_{\tilde{q}} \geq 1.75 \text{TeV}, m_{\tilde{q}} \geq 1.26 \text{TeV}$ First 13 TeV limits:
- Hadronic processes:

$$PP \to \tilde{s}\tilde{s}'X$$

$$PP \to \tilde{s}\tilde{s}'X \qquad \tilde{s}, \tilde{s}' = \text{squarks, gluinos}$$

Partonic processes:

$$gg, q_i \bar{q}_j \rightarrow \tilde{q} \tilde{q}$$
 $q_i q_j \rightarrow \tilde{q} \tilde{q}$ 
 $gq_i \rightarrow \tilde{q} \tilde{q} \qquad \bar{q}_i \bar{q}_j \rightarrow \tilde{q} \tilde{q}$ 
 $gq_i \rightarrow \tilde{g} \tilde{q} \qquad g\bar{q}_i \rightarrow \tilde{g} \tilde{q}$ 
 $gg, q_i \bar{q}_i \rightarrow \tilde{g} \tilde{g}$ 

We only consider degenerate squark masses and also not stops

Squark and gluino pair production processes:

$$gg, q\bar{q} o \tilde{q}\bar{\tilde{q}} \qquad qq o \tilde{q}\tilde{q} \qquad gq o \tilde{g}\tilde{q} \qquad gg, q\bar{q} o \tilde{g}\tilde{g}$$

$$qq \rightarrow \tilde{q}\tilde{q}$$

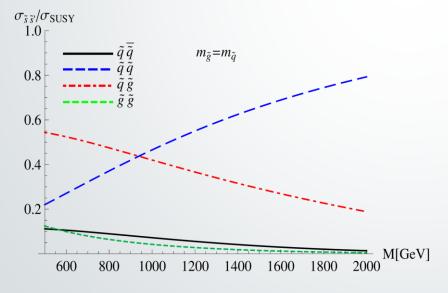
$$gq \to \tilde{g}\tilde{q}$$

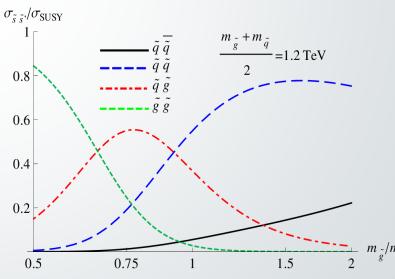
$$gg,\,q\bar{q}\to\tilde{g}\tilde{g}$$

Analytic LO calculations [Kane, Leveille '82; Harisson, Smith '83; Dawson, Eichten, Quigg '85]

Relative contributions to LO cross sections

$$M = \frac{m_{\tilde{s}} + m_{\tilde{s}'}}{2}$$





### NLO cross sections

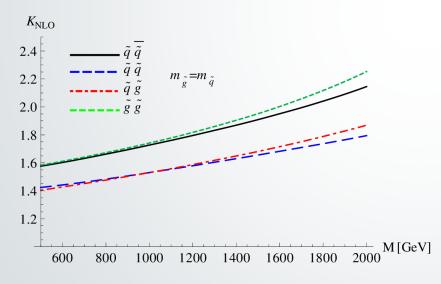
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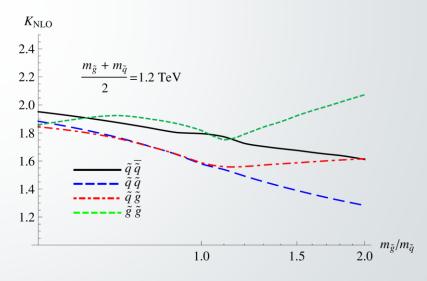
- NLO SUSY QCD: [Beenakker et al. '97, PROSPINO] including PS matching: [Gavin et al. '13, Degrande et al. '16]
- NLO squark-squark production and decay: [Hollik et al.'13, Gavin et al.'14]
- EW corrections: [Bornhauser et al. '07, Germer, Hollik et al. '08-'11, Hollik et al. '15]

$$gg, q\bar{q} \to \tilde{q}\bar{\tilde{q}} \qquad qq \to \tilde{q}\tilde{q} \qquad gq \to \tilde{g}\tilde{q} \qquad gg, q\bar{q} \to \tilde{g}\tilde{g}$$



$$gg, q\bar{q} \rightarrow \tilde{g}\tilde{g}$$





- Increasingly large corrections with increasing average mass M
- Heavy pairs  $s \geq 2M := m_{\tilde{s}} + m_{\tilde{s}'}$  ----> close to threshold

### **Threshold**

4

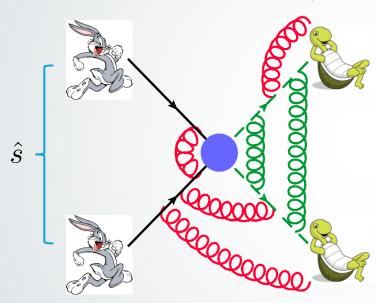
Partonic processes:

$$pp' \to \tilde{s}\tilde{s}'X$$

$$p, p' = \text{partons}$$
  
 $\tilde{s}, \tilde{s}' = \text{squarks,gluinos}$ 

Threshold region:

$$\beta := \sqrt{1 - \frac{(2M)^2}{\hat{s}}} \ll 1, \quad M := \frac{m_{\tilde{s}} + m_{\tilde{s}'}}{2}, \quad \hat{s} = \tau s = \text{partonic cm energy}$$



#### Relevant modes at threshold:

Collinear: 
$$k_- \sim M, k_+ \sim M\beta^2, k_\perp \sim M\beta$$

Hard:

$$k \sim M$$

Soft gluons: 
$$k_0 \sim |k| \sim M\beta^2 \longrightarrow \alpha_s^n \ln^m \beta$$

Potential (gluons): 
$$k_0 \sim M\beta^2, |k| \sim M\beta \longrightarrow (\alpha_s/\beta)^n$$

[Catani et al. '96; Becher, Neubert '06; Kulesza, Motyka '08; ...]

[Fadin, Khoze '87-'89; Fadin et al. '90; Kulesza, Motyka '09; ...]

### Threshold

4

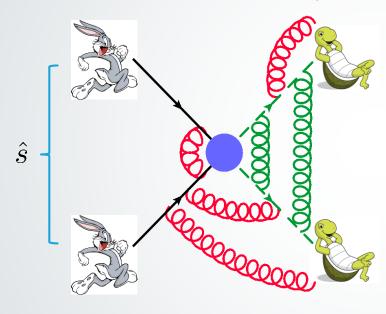
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[Fadin, Khoze '87-'89; Fadin et al. '90; Kulesza, Motyka '09; ...]

Partonic cs enhanced near threshold by soft and coulomb corrections ---> need to resum

Threshold enhanced terms also approximate well away from threshold

$$\alpha_{s} \ln \beta, \left(\frac{\alpha_{s}}{\beta}\right) \sim 1 \qquad \Rightarrow \qquad \hat{\sigma}_{pp'}(\hat{s}) \sim \hat{\sigma}_{pp'}^{(0)} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\alpha_{s}}{\beta}\right)^{k} \exp\left[\lim \frac{\beta g_{0}(\alpha_{s} \ln \beta)}{(\text{LL})} + \underbrace{g_{1}(\alpha_{s} \ln \beta)}_{(\text{NLL})} + \underbrace{\alpha_{s} g_{2}(\alpha_{s} \ln \beta)}_{(\text{NNLL})} + \dots\right] \times \left\{1(\text{LL}, \text{NLL}); \alpha_{s}, \beta(\text{NNLL}); \alpha_{s}^{2}, \alpha_{s}\beta, \beta^{2}(\text{NNNLL}); \dots\right\}$$

# Some history

5

$$\hat{\sigma}_{pp'}(\hat{s}) \sim \hat{\sigma}_{pp'}^{(0)} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{\beta}\right)^k \exp\left[\underbrace{\ln \beta g_0(\alpha_s \ln \beta)}_{\text{(LL)}} + \underbrace{g_1(\alpha_s \ln \beta)}_{\text{(NLL)}} + \underbrace{\alpha_s g_2(\alpha_s \ln \beta)}_{\text{(NNLL)}} + ...\right] \times \left\{1(\text{LL}, \text{NLL}); \alpha_s, \beta(\text{NNLL}); \alpha_s^2, \alpha_s \beta, \beta^2(\text{NNNLL}); ...\right\}$$

- (N)NLL soft resummation [Beenakker et al. '09-'14, NLLFast; Broggio et al. '13]
- Coulomb resummation [Hagiwara/Yokoya '09, Kauth et al. '11]
- Combined soft and Coulomb resummation [Beneke, Falgari, Schwinn '09-'10]
  - ttbar production at NNLL [Beneke, Falgari, Klein, Schwinn 'I I]
  - Squark and gluino pair production:

NLL [Falgari, Schwinn, W'12]

NNLL with annihilation contribution [Beneke, Piclum, Schwinn, W'16]

NNLL in Mellin-space [Beenakker et al. '16]

# Factorization using EFT

6

[Beneke, Falgari, Schwinn '10]

Hierarchy in scales:

$$M\gg M\beta\gg M\beta^2$$
 ——— use EFT

Effective lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L}_{EFT} = \mathcal{L}_{SCET} + \mathcal{L}_{PNRQCD}$$

Collinear-soft Potential-soft

• Field redefinitions: soft gluons decouple from collinear and potential modes at LO in  $\beta$ 

## Factorization using EFT

6

[Beneke, Falgari, Schwinn '10]

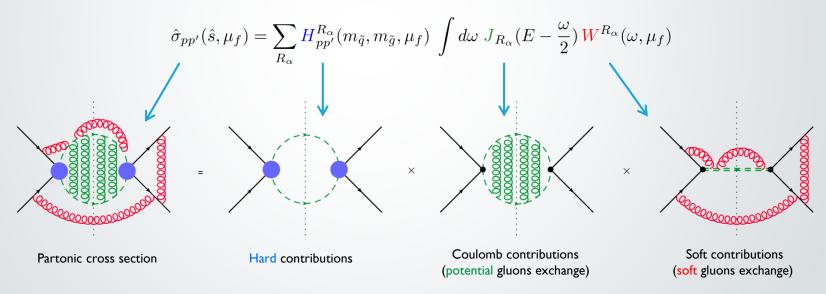
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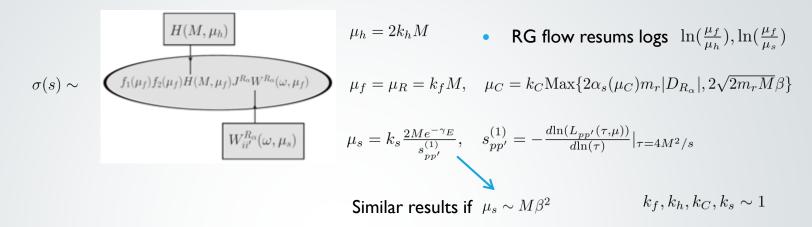
• Field redefinitions: soft gluons decouple from collinear and potential modes at LO in  $\beta$ 



- Coulomb contributions also contain bound-state effects below threshold
- Factorization valid up to NNLL for S-wave processes and for P-wave processes [Falgari et al.'12]
- H and W satisfy evolution equations 

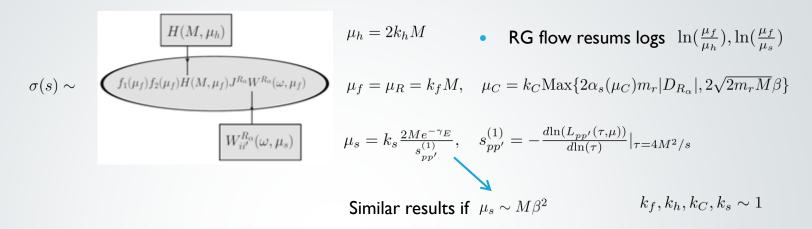
   choose scales to minimize higher order corrections

# Resummation using RG flow



• One-loop SUSY hard matching coefficients computed by [Kulesza et al. '11-'13, Kauth et al. '11, Langenfeld '12] NNLL ingredients known

# Resummation using RG flow



- One-loop SUSY hard matching coefficients computed by [Kulesza et al. '11-'13, Kauth et al. '11, Langenfeld '12]
- Use PDF4LHC15 NNLO\_30 PDF's and match the c.s. to an approximation of the NNLO result:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NNLL}^{\text{matched}} &= [\text{NNLL} - \text{NNLL}(\alpha_s^{0,1,2})] + \text{NNLO}_{\text{app}} \\ \\ \text{NNLO}_{\text{app}} &= \text{NLO}_{\text{Prospino}} + \text{NNLL}(\alpha_s^2)_{\text{soft+Coulomb terms}} \end{aligned}$$

- Theoretical errors:
- Scale variations:  $\frac{1}{2} \le k_f, k_h, k_C, k_s \le 2$  3) NNLO approximation uncertainty
- Parameterization errors:  $E = \sqrt{\hat{s}} 2M$ ,  $M\beta^2$  4) PDF +  $\alpha_s$  uncertainty

1.3

1.2

1.1

1.0 500

1000

1500

M [GeV]

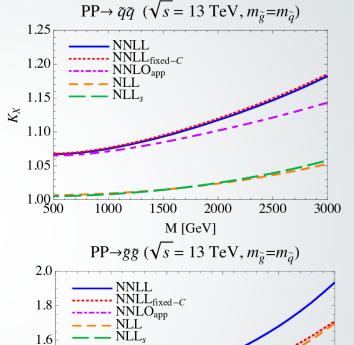
2000

2500

3000

$$K_{\mathrm{NNLL}} = \frac{\sigma^{\mathrm{matched}}}{\sigma^{\mathrm{NLO}}}$$

 $PP \rightarrow q \overline{q} (\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}, m_{\tilde{g}} = m_{\tilde{q}})$ 1.25 1.5 **NNLL** -- NNLL<sub>fixed-C</sub> 1.20 1.4 NNLO<sub>app</sub> 1.15 1.3  $K_X$  $K_X$ 1.10 1.05 1.1 1.0 500 1.00 2000 2500 3000 1500 M [GeV]  $PP \rightarrow qg \ (\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}, m_{\tilde{g}} = m_{\tilde{q}})$ 1.5 2.0 **NNLL** NNLL fixed -C 1.4 1.8 **NNLO**app NLL.



Large NNLL corrections: 10-90% of NLO

 $K_X$ 

1.4

1.0

1000

1500

M[GeV]

2000

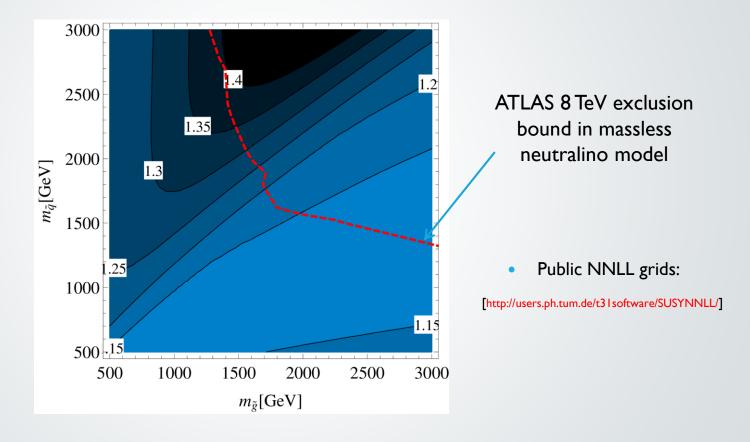
2500

3000

- Corrections on top of NLL: 10-20%
- Corrections beyond NNLO: 0-50%

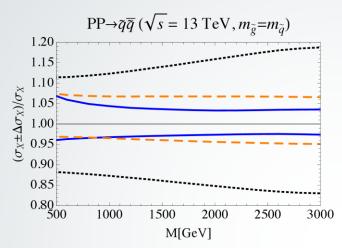
# Contour plot K<sub>NNLL</sub>

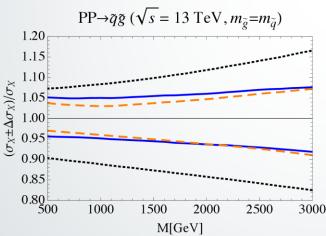
$$PP \to \tilde{q}\bar{\tilde{q}} + \tilde{q}\tilde{q} + \tilde{q}\tilde{g} + \tilde{g}\tilde{g} \ (\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV})$$



- Corrections can become as large as 40%, if squark mass is larger than gluino mass
- Exclusion bound goes through large K<sub>NNLL</sub> regions

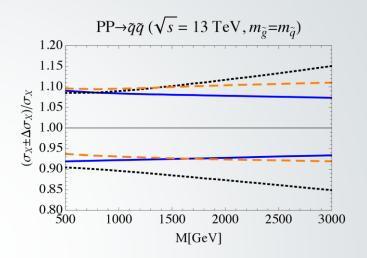
### Uncertainties

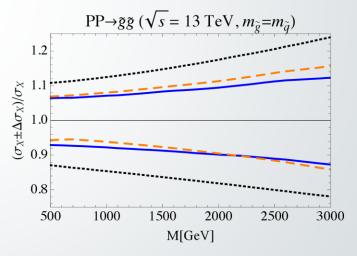






- Blue: NNLL resummation
- Orange: NLL resummation
- Black: NLO fixed order calculation to  $\alpha_s^3$





- NLL corrections reduce NLO errors to  $\pm 5-16\%$
- NNLL corrections reduce further to  $\pm$ 4-12%
- Public code available to reproduce NNLL results

#### П

# Summary

- NNLL corrections for the SUSY processes can be as large as 10-90%
- From NLL to NNLL: errors reduced from  $\pm 5$ -16% to  $\pm 4$ -12%
- Coulomb corrections can be as large as soft corrections ——— need to resum them
- Corrections need to be taken into account for setting more accurate squark-gluino mass (bounds) [Kulesza et al. 'I I]
- Public squark and gluino NNLL grids:

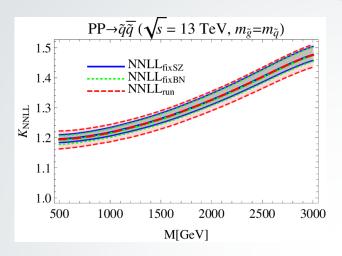
http://users.ph.tum.de/t31software/SUSYNNLL/

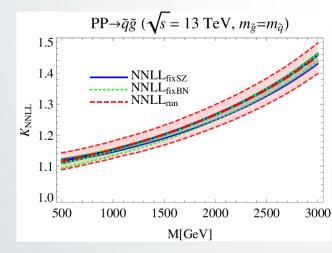
### Outlook

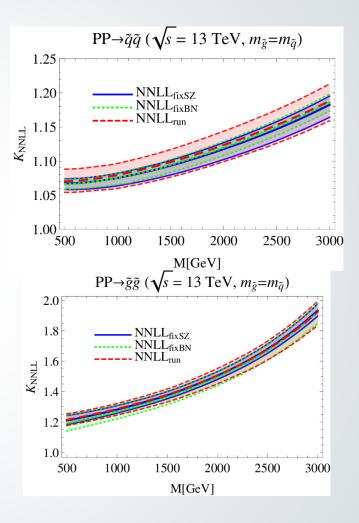
- Detailed comparison with Mellin results [Beenakker et al. '16]
- Extend results to non-degenerate squark masses

# Backup slides

# Soft scale implementation

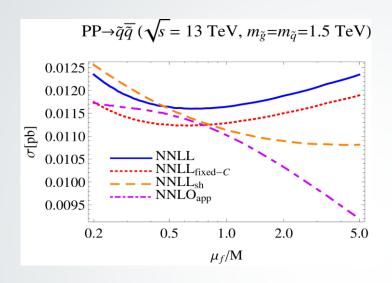


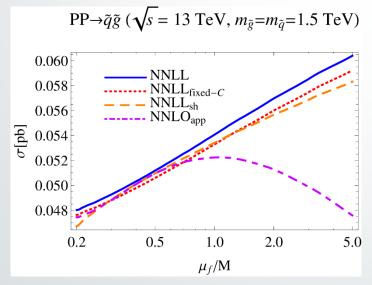


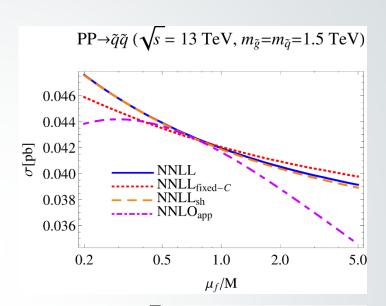


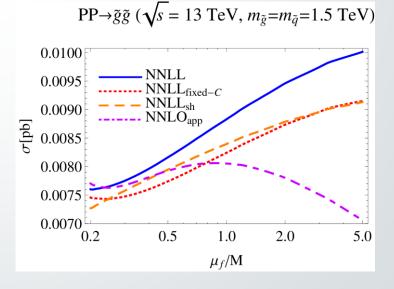
- Overlapping error bands
- Central values fall within error bands of each implementation
- NNLL vs. NLL: difference between soft scale implementation less relevant at NNLL

### Factorization scale dependence









### Finite width

14

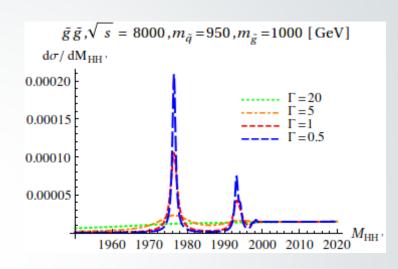
- Squarks and gluinos decay
- Finite width taken into account by:

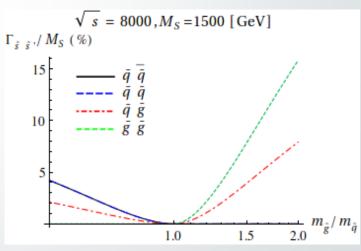
$$E \to E + i\Gamma_{\tilde{s}\tilde{s}'}$$
$$\Gamma_{\tilde{s}\tilde{s}'} = (\Gamma_{\tilde{s}} + \Gamma_{\tilde{s}'})/2$$

Bound state peaks smeared out

Soft logs:  $\alpha_s^n \ln^m \beta \to \alpha_s^n \ln^m (\beta^4 + (\Gamma/M)^2)^{1/4}$ Coulomb:  $(\alpha_s/\beta)^n \to (\alpha_s/(\beta^4 + (\Gamma/M)^2)^{1/4})^n$ 

SQCD widths are most often dominant



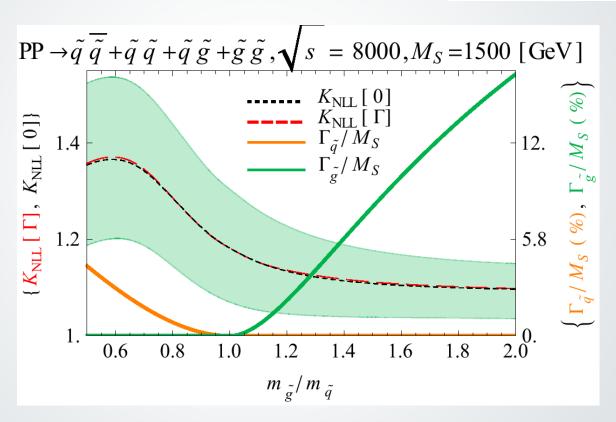


Q: How much does the width effect our previous results?

$$K_{\rm NLL}[\Gamma] = \frac{\sigma^{\rm matched}[\Gamma]}{\sigma^{\rm NLO}[\Gamma]}$$

 $\sqrt{s} = 8000, M_{S} = 1500 \text{ [GeV]}$   $\sigma_{\tilde{s} \tilde{s}} / \sigma_{SUSY}$  0.8 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.6 0.8 0.6 0.9

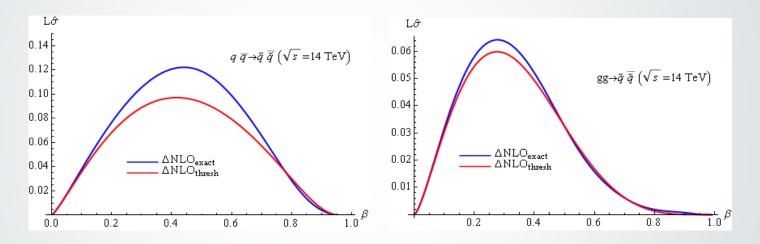
Experimentally relevant total SUSY production:



- Green band: total error for zero width
- Width can be neglected for the total SUSY process

### Need for resummation

$$\sigma_{PP \to \tilde{s}\tilde{s}'X}(s) = \int_0^{\beta_1} d\beta \sum_{p,p'=q,\bar{q},g} \left( \frac{\partial \tau}{\partial \beta} \right) L_{pp'}(\tau,\mu_f) \hat{\sigma}_{pp' \to \tilde{s}\tilde{s}'X}(\tau s,\mu_f)$$



- Sizeable contribution from small  $\beta$  region  $\longrightarrow$  need to resum at threshold
- Threshold enhanced terms also approximate well away from threshold
- <u>Soft logarithms resummation</u> [Catani et al. '96; Becher, Neubert '06; Kulesza, Motyka '08; Langenfeld, Moch '09; Beenakker et al. '09]
- Coulomb resummation [Fadin, Khoze '87-'89; Fadin, Khoze, Sjostrand '90; Kulesza, Motyka '09]
- <u>Simultaneous soft and Coulomb resummation</u> for squark-antisquark at NLL [Beneke, Falgari, Schwinn '10] and top-quark pairs at NNLL [Beneke et al. '11]

## Effective lagrangian

Effective lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L}_{EFT} = \mathcal{L}_{SCET} + \mathcal{L}_{PNRQCD}$$

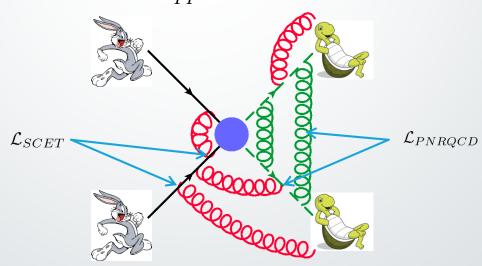
Collinear-soft:

$$\mathcal{L}_{SCET} = \bar{\xi}_c \left( in.D + i \mathcal{D}_{\perp c} \frac{1}{i\bar{n}D_c} i \mathcal{D}_{\perp c} \right) \frac{\bar{\eta}}{2} \xi_c - \frac{1}{2} tr \left( F_c^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu}^c \right)$$

LO Potential-soft:

$$\mathcal{L}_{PNRQCD} = \psi^{\dagger} \left( i D_{s}^{0} + \frac{\overrightarrow{\partial}^{2}}{2m_{\tilde{s}}} + \frac{i \Gamma_{\tilde{s}}}{2} \right) \psi + \psi'^{\dagger} \left( i D_{s}^{0} + \frac{\overrightarrow{\partial}^{2}}{2m_{\tilde{s}'}} + \frac{i \Gamma_{\tilde{s}'}}{2} \right) \psi' + \int d^{3} \overrightarrow{r} \left[ \psi^{\dagger} \mathbf{T}^{(R)a} \psi \right] (\overrightarrow{r}) \left( \frac{\alpha_{s}}{r} \right) \left[ \psi'^{\dagger} \mathbf{T}^{(R')a} \psi' \right] (0)$$

$$pp' \to \tilde{s}\tilde{s}'X$$



• The potential function sums the Coulomb terms:  $(\alpha_s/\beta)^n$ 

The potential function equals twice the imaginary part of the LO Coulomb Green's function:

$$G_C^{R_{\alpha}(0)}(0,0;E) = -\frac{(2m_r)^2}{4\pi} \left\{ \sqrt{-\frac{E}{2m_r}} + (-D_{R_{\alpha}})\alpha_s \left[ \frac{1}{2} \ln(-\frac{8m_r E}{\mu^2}) - \frac{1}{2} + \gamma_E + \psi \left( 1 - \frac{(-D_{R_{\alpha}})\alpha_s}{2\sqrt{-E/(2m_r)}} \right) \right] \right\}$$

 $J_{R_{\alpha}}(E) = \frac{(2m_r)^2 \pi D_{R_{\alpha}} \alpha_s}{2\pi} \left( e^{\pi D_{R_{\alpha}} \alpha_s \sqrt{\frac{2m_r}{E}}} - 1 \right)^{-1} \qquad E > 0$ 

Potential function |:

$$J_{R_{\alpha}}^{\text{bound}}(E) = 2\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \delta(E - \left(-\frac{2m_{\text{r}}\alpha_s^2 D_{R_{\alpha}}^2}{4n^2}\right)) \left(\frac{2m_{\text{r}}(-D_{R_{\alpha}})\alpha_s}{2n}\right)^3 \qquad E < 0$$

It depends on the Casimir coefficients:  $D_{R_{\alpha}}=\frac{1}{2}(C_{R_{\alpha}}-C_{p}-C_{p'})$ 

### NLL resummation formula

NLL partonic cross section is a sum over the total color representations of final state:

$$\hat{\sigma}_{pp'}^{\mathrm{NLL}}(\hat{s},\mu_f) = \sum_{R_\alpha} H_{pp'}^{(0),R_\alpha}(\mu_h) \, U_i(M,\mu_h,\mu_s,\mu_f) \frac{e^{-2\gamma_E\eta}}{\Gamma(2\eta)} \, \int_0^\infty \! d\omega \, \frac{J_{R_\alpha}(M\beta^2 - \frac{\omega}{2})}{\omega} \left(\frac{\omega}{2M}\right)^{2\eta} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{[Beneke, Falgari, Schwinn'l Operators)} \\ \text{Schwinn'l Operators} \end{array}$$

Hard function H is determined by Born cross section at threshold:  $\hat{\sigma}_{pp'}^{(0),R_{\alpha}}(\hat{s}) \underset{\hat{s} \to 4M^2}{\approx} \frac{(2m_r)^2}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{E}{2m_r}} H_{pp'}^{(0),R_{\alpha}}$ 

The function Ui follows from the evolution equations of H and W:

$$U_{i}(M, \mu_{h}, \mu_{f}, \mu_{s}) = \left(\frac{4M^{2}}{\mu_{h}^{2}}\right)^{-2a_{\Gamma}(\mu_{h}, \mu_{s})} \left(\frac{\mu_{h}^{2}}{\mu_{s}^{2}}\right)^{\eta} \times \exp\left[4(S(\mu_{h}, \mu_{f}) - S(\mu_{s}, \mu_{f}))\right]$$

$$-2a_{i}^{V}(\mu_{h}, \mu_{s}) + 2a^{\phi, p}(\mu_{s}, \mu_{f}) + 2a^{\phi, p'}(\mu_{s}, \mu_{f})\right]$$

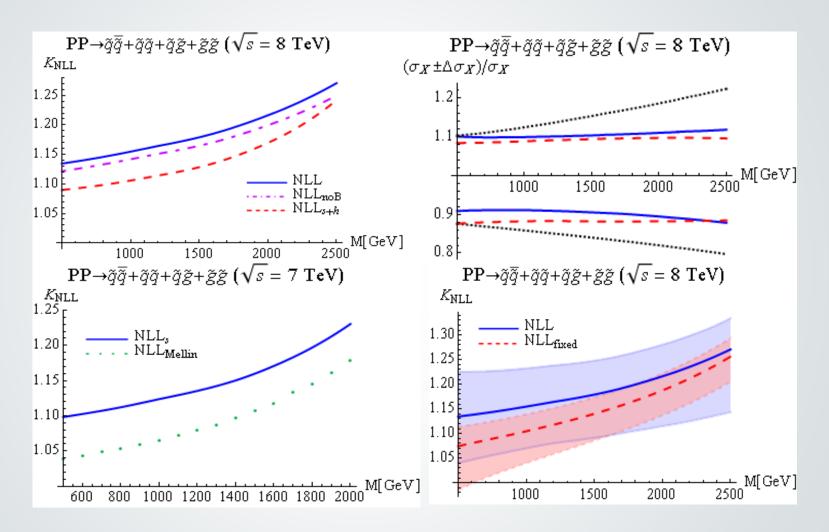
$$S(\mu_{i}, \mu_{j}) = \frac{C_{p} + C_{p'}}{2\beta_{0}^{2}} \left[\frac{4\pi}{\alpha_{s}(\mu_{i})} \left(1 - \frac{1}{r} - \ln r\right) + \left(2K - \frac{\beta_{1}}{\beta_{0}}\right) (1 - r + \ln r) + \frac{\beta_{1}}{2\beta_{0}} \ln^{2} r\right]$$

$$a_{\Gamma}(\mu_{i}, \mu_{j}) = \frac{C_{p} + C_{p'}}{\beta_{0}} \ln r, \quad a_{i}^{V}(\mu_{i}, \mu_{j}) = \frac{\gamma_{i}^{(0), V}}{2\beta_{0}} \ln r, \quad a^{\phi, p}(\mu_{i}, \mu_{j}) = \frac{\gamma^{(0), p}}{2\beta_{0}} \ln r$$

 $\gamma$ 's are the one-loop anomalous-dimension coefficients,  $\beta$ 's the beta coefficients and C's are the Casimir invariants, while other constants are:

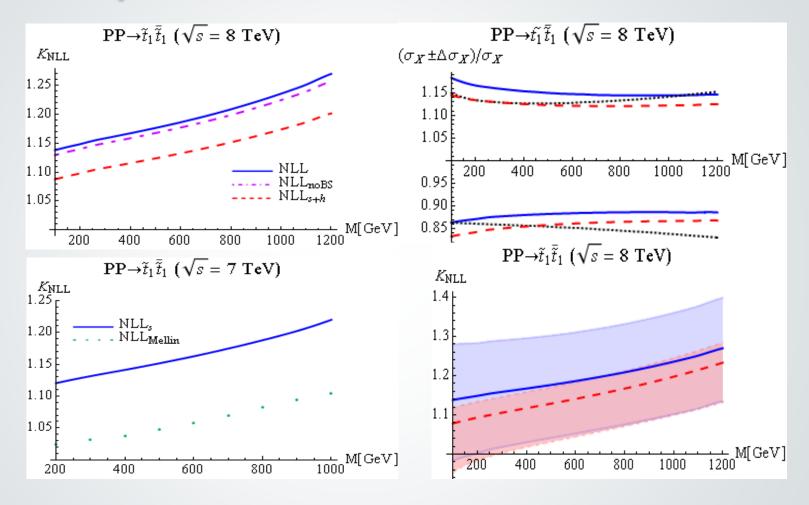
$$\eta = 2a_{\Gamma}(\mu_s, \mu_f), \quad r = \alpha_s(\mu_j)/\alpha_s(\mu_i), \quad K = \left(\frac{67}{18} - \frac{\pi^2}{6}\right)C_A - \frac{10}{9}T_F n_f$$

### Total SUSY cross section



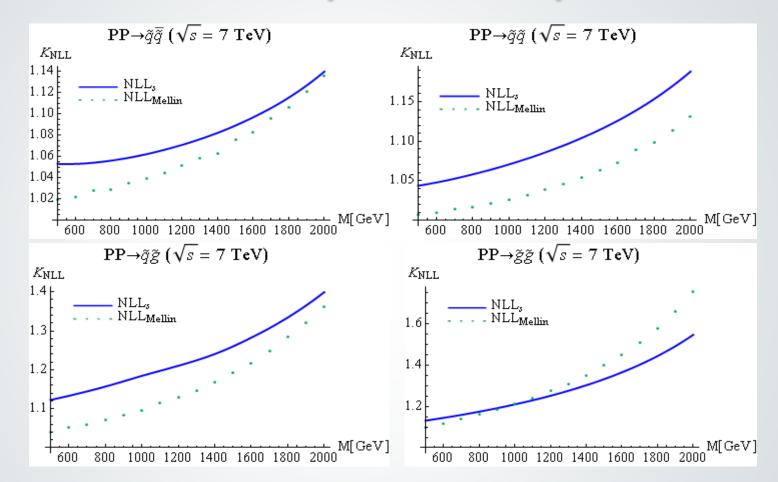
- The corrections are about 15-30%
- Errors reduced to  $\pm 10\%$

# Stops



- Q-qbar fusion P-wave suppressed compared to gluon fusion
- Relatively larger soft corrections from gluon fusion than squark-antisquark

# NLL Mellin space comparison



- Mellin transf.:  $f(x) \to \tilde{f}(N) = \int_0^\infty dx f(x) x^{N-1}$   $N \sim \frac{1}{\beta^2} \longrightarrow \text{Threshold: } N \gg 1$
- Resum and transform back to momentum space

- Only soft resummation: NLL<sub>s</sub>
- Compare with NLL<sub>Mellin</sub> [Kulesza et al. '09, NLLFast]
- Agreement is within error bars