

# Search for Supersymmetry in final states with two hadronically decaying tau leptons at ATLAS

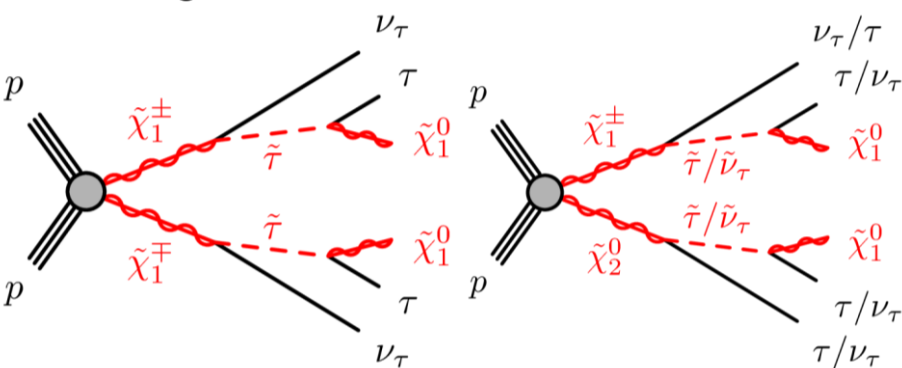
## Abstract

A search for the electroweak production of charginos and neutralinos in final states with at least two hadronically decaying tau leptons and MET is presented. The analysis uses a dataset of proton-proton collisions corresponding to an integrated luminosity of  $36.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ , recorded with the ATLAS detector at the Large Hadron Collider at a centre-of-mass energy of 13 TeV. In addition, the prospect of the search for direct stau production at the High Luminosity LHC with ATLAS detector with  $30000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  is performed.

## Chargino and neutralino production

### Analysis Overview

- ◆ If the coloured sparticles are too heavy for LHC, EWK processes will be dominant.
- ◆ Light stau models are consistent with current dark matter searches
- ◆ BR of C1 and N2 decay through staus or stau neutrinos assumed to be 100%.
- ◆ Free parameter: masses of the charginos and neutralinos.



### Signal Region

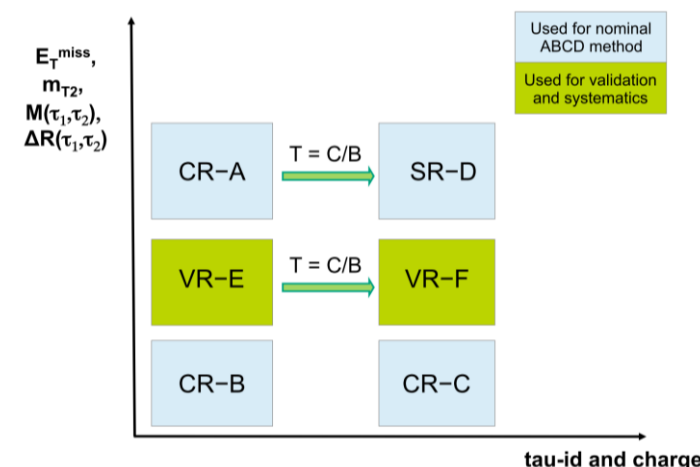
SR-highMass	SR-lowMass
di-tau+ $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ trigger $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 150 \text{ GeV}$ $p_{T,\tau_1} > 80 \text{ GeV}$ $p_{T,\tau_2} > 40 \text{ GeV}$	asymmetric di-tau trigger $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 110 \text{ GeV}$ $p_{T,\tau_1} > 95 \text{ GeV}$ $p_{T,\tau_2} > 65 \text{ GeV}$
at least one medium and one tight tau $M(\tau_1, \tau_2) > 110 \text{ GeV}$ $m_{T2} > 90 \text{ GeV}$	at least two medium taus $m_{T2} > 70 \text{ GeV}$
at least one opposite sign tau pair b-jet veto Z-veto	

### Background Strategy

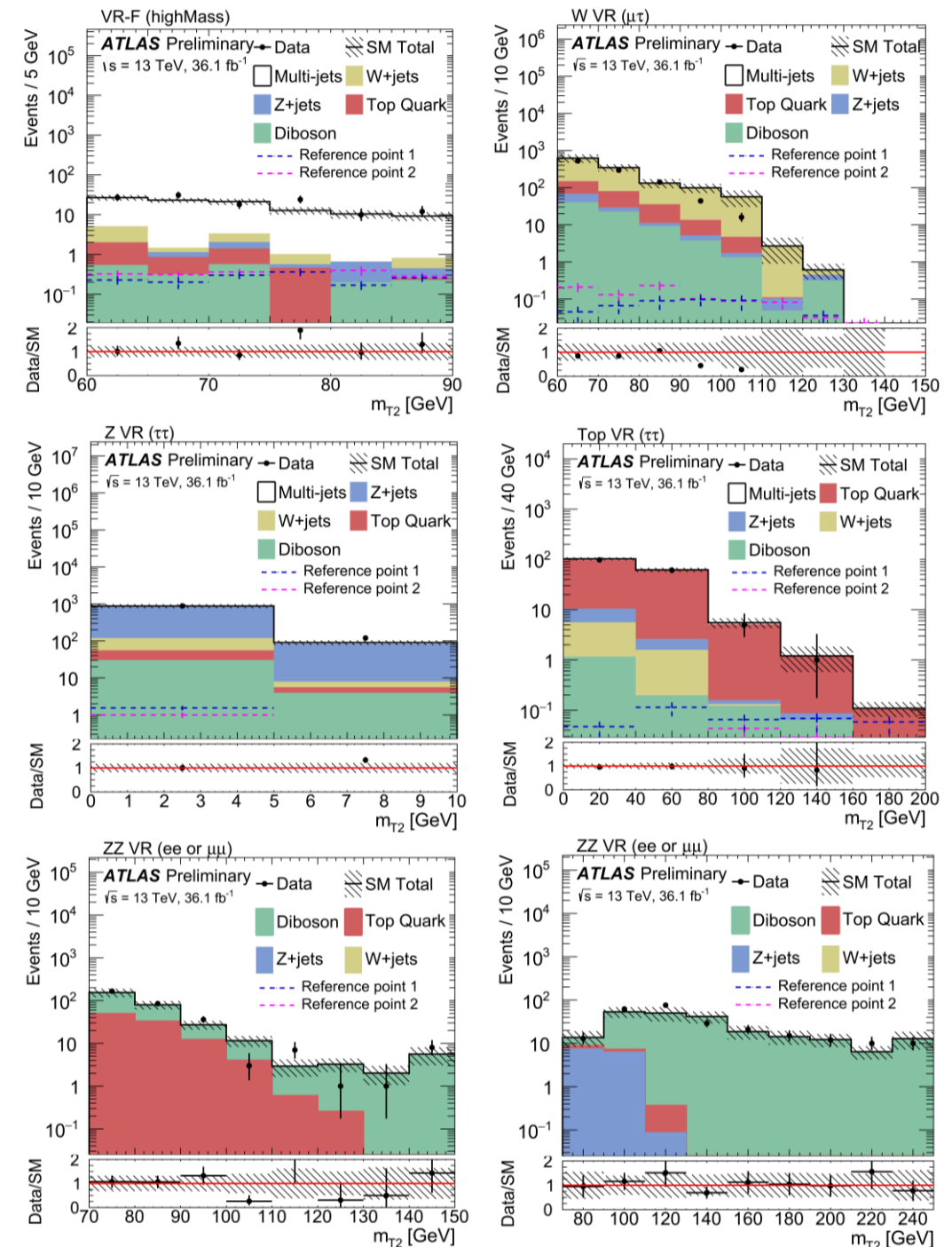
- Reducible backgrounds: (fake taus)
  - Multi-jets: Data-driven ABCD method
  - W+jets: Semi-data-driven
- Irreducible backgrounds: (real taus)
  - Z+jets, Diboson, Top quarks
  - MC simulation based estimation
- Combined fit of W CR, multi-jet CR
- Dedicate VR for each process

### ABCD Method

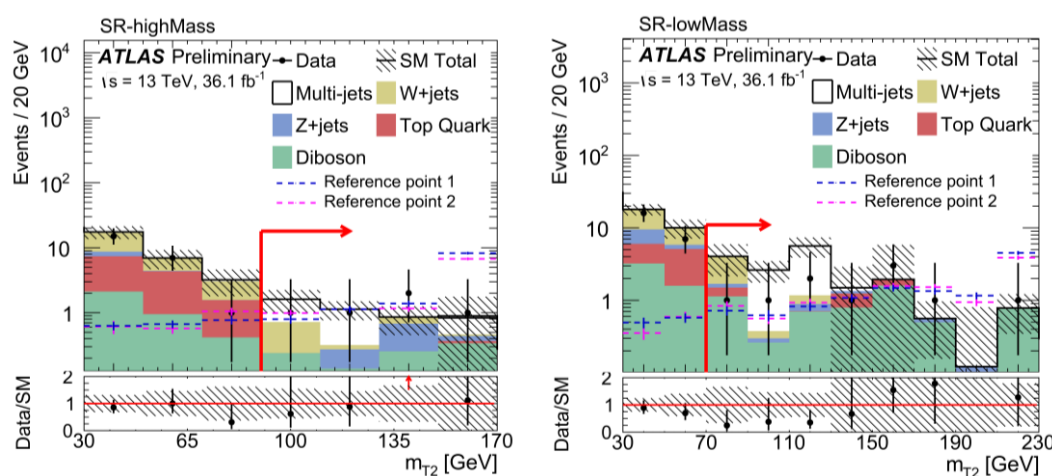
- Four exclusive regions by two sets of uncorrelated variables
- $N_D/N_A = N_C/N_B$
- VR for validation and systematics



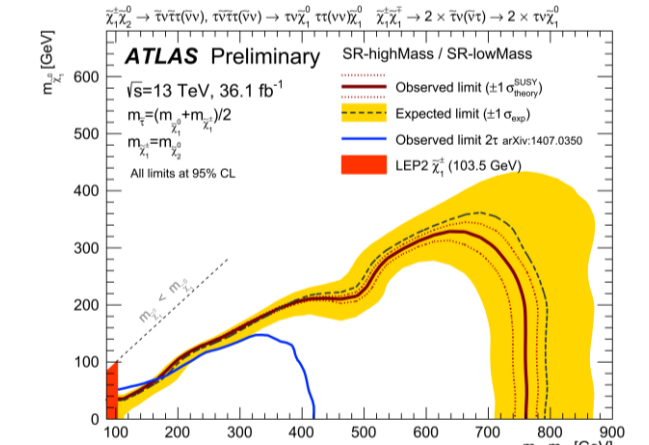
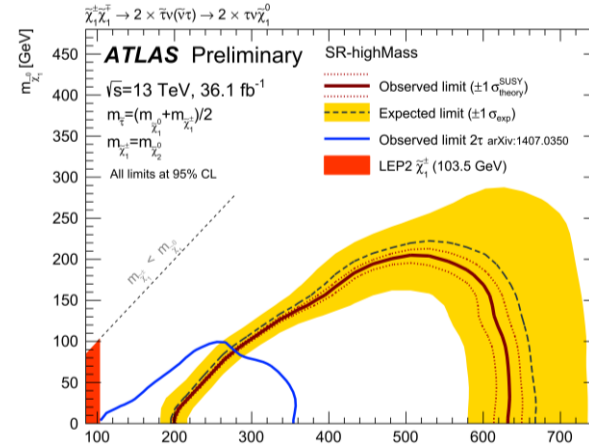
### Validation Regions



### Signal Region Results



SM process	SR-highMass	SR-lowMass
diboson	$1.0 \pm 0.8$	$5.9 \pm 2.2$
W+jets	$0.7 \pm 0.5$	$1.8 \pm 1.1$
top	$0.03^{+0.26}_{-0.03}$	$1.2 \pm 1.0$
Z+jets	$0.6 \pm 0.5$	$0.6^{+0.7}_{-0.6}$
multi-jet	$1.3 \pm 1.1$	$4.3 \pm 4.0$
SM total	$3.7 \pm 1.4$	$14 \pm 6$
Observed	5	10
Reference point 1	$11.8 \pm 2.8$	$11.6 \pm 2.6$
Reference point 2	$11.4 \pm 2.6$	$10.0 \pm 2.1$
$p_0$	0.3	0.5
Expected $\sigma_{\text{vis}}^{95}$ [fb]	$0.17^{+0.08}_{-0.05}$	$0.31^{+0.12}_{-0.08}$
Observed $\sigma_{\text{vis}}^{95}$ [fb]	0.20	0.26



### Variable Definitions

- ◆ The transverse mass  $m_{T2}$  defined as:
 
$$m_{T2} = \min_{\mathbf{q}_T} \left[ \max \left( m_{T,\tau_1}(\mathbf{p}_{T,\tau_1}, \mathbf{q}_T), m_{T,\tau_2}(\mathbf{p}_{T,\tau_2}, \mathbf{p}_T^{\text{miss}} - \mathbf{q}_T) \right) \right]$$
 where  $m_T$  is :

$$m_T(\mathbf{p}_T, \mathbf{q}_T) = \sqrt{2(p_T q_T - \mathbf{p}_T \cdot \mathbf{q}_T)}$$

the  $m_{T2}$  distribution from  $t\bar{t}$  or  $WW$  with 2 leptonically decay W boson has a kinematic end-point at the W mass, while for SUSY particles the distribution extends significantly beyond this end-point.

### Reference

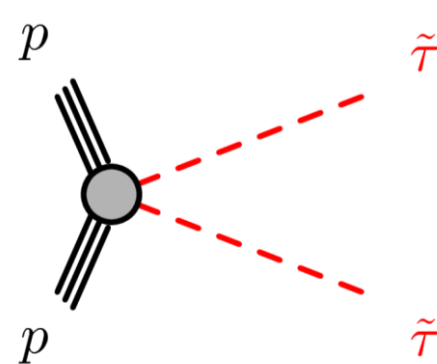
[1] Search for the direct production of charginos and neutralinos in final states with tau leptons in  $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$  pp collisions with the ATLAS detector. ATLAS-CONF-2017-035, 2017, <https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/CONFNOTES/ATLAS-CONF-2017-035/>

[2] Aad G, Abbott B, Abdallah J, et al. Search for the electroweak production of supersymmetric particles in  $s = 8 \text{ TeV}$  p p collisions with the ATLAS detector[J]. Physical review D, 2016, 93(5): 052002.

[3] Prospect for a search for direct stau production in events with at least two hadronic taus and missing transverse momentum at the High Luminosity LHC with the ATLAS Detector Tech. Rep. ATL-PHYS-PUB-2016-021, 2016, <http://cds.cern.ch/record/2220805>

### Motivation

- Direct stau search very challenging in Run 2 due to low cross section.
- Only one scenario(100, 0) excluded in Run 1 using MVA technique[2].



### Direct stau production

### Strategy and Results

- Cut and count method based on MC estimations.
- Expected limits based on Zn with different systematic uncertainty are given[3].

#### SR Definition

- $\geq 2$  OS taus
- loose jet-veto
- Z-veto
- $\Delta R(\tau_1, \tau_2) < 3.5$
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 280 \text{ GeV}$
- $m_{T2} > 40 \text{ GeV}$
- $m_{T\tau_1} + m_{T\tau_2} > 480 \text{ GeV}$

