



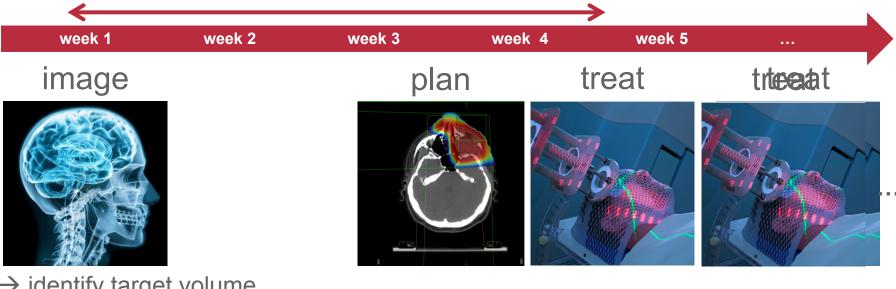
Multi-Modal-In-Room Imaging and Adaptation

Image Guided and Adaptive Proton Therapy for Moving Targets

Antje-Christin Knopf

ENLIGHT Proton Meeting 15/09/2016

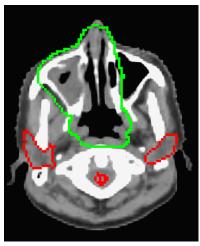
What if something changes?



 \rightarrow identify target volume \rightarrow identify organs at risk

anatomical changes treatment response setup errors

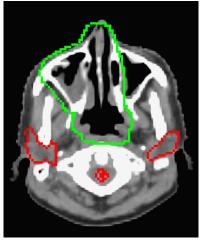
Anatomical changes





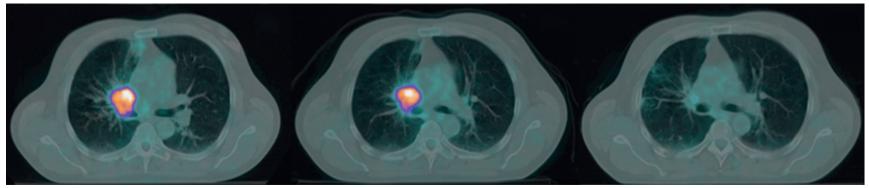
planning CT first treatment day
Treatment response

*Francesca Albertini, PSI



fourth treatment day

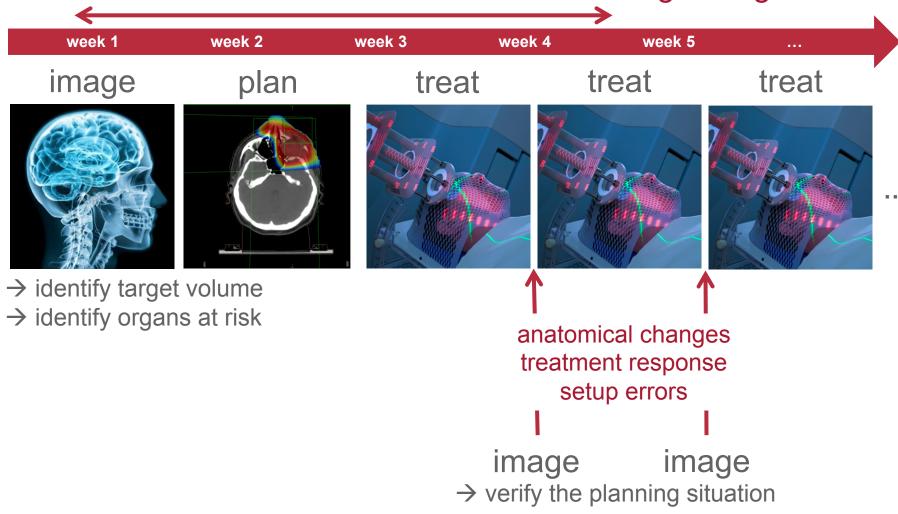
*Grootjans et al, Nature Reviews Clinical Oncology 2015



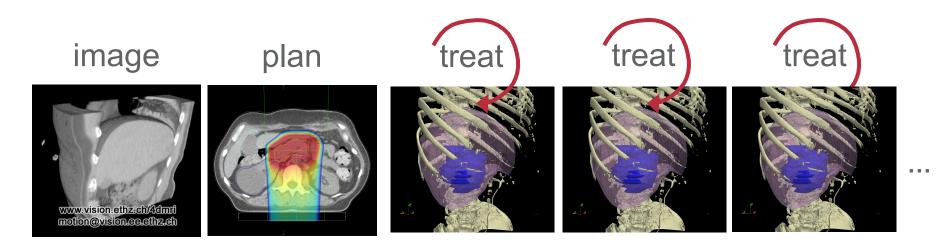
pre-treatment

in-treatment

end-of-treatment

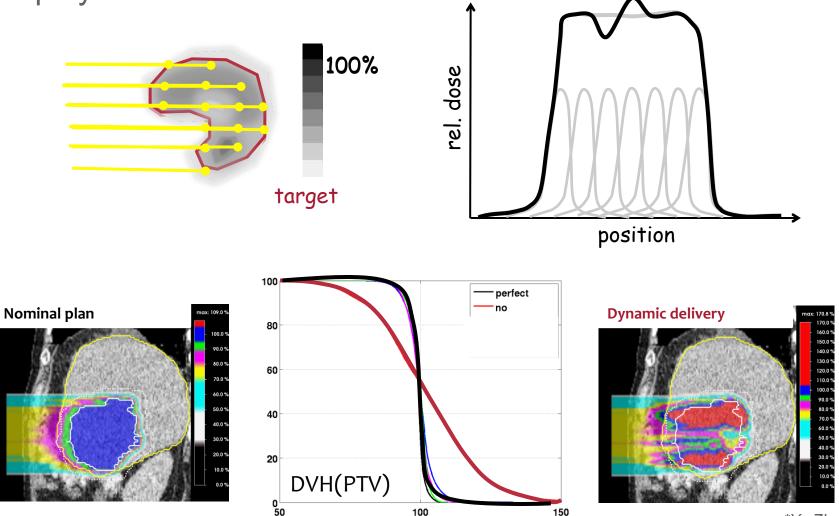






- motion
- \rightarrow target miss
- \rightarrow blurring
- \rightarrow interplay effects

Interplay effects

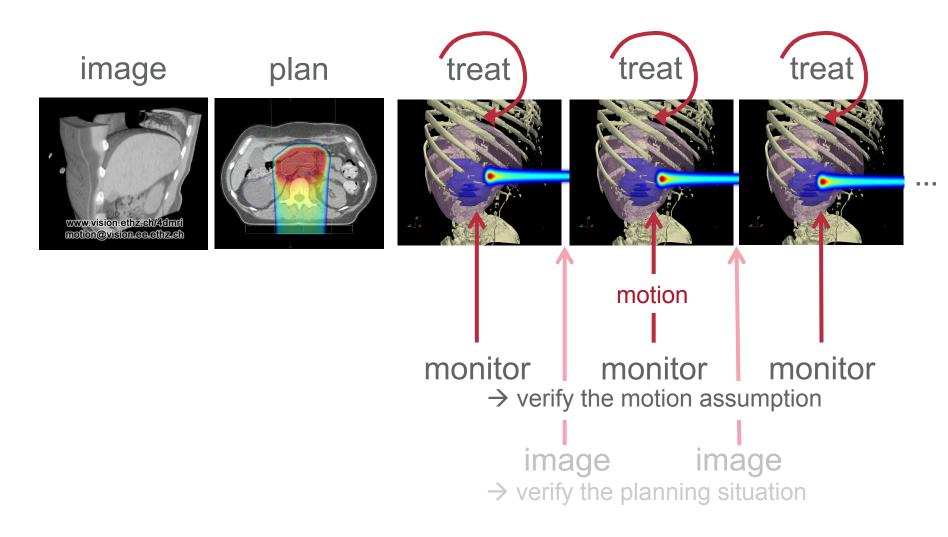


100

150

*Ye Zhang, PSI

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image





high-precision dose delivery requires high-precision imaging





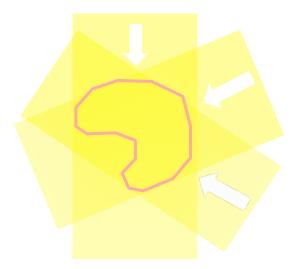
image





high-precision dose delivery requires high-precision imaging





image



www.vision.ethz.ch/4dmrl motion@vision.ee.ethz.ch



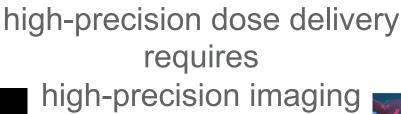
high-precision dose delivery requires high-precision imaging

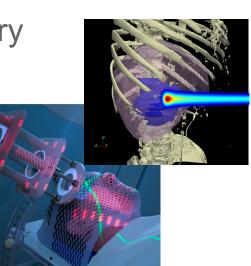




image

www.vision.ethz.ch/4dmri motion@vision.ee.ethz.ch

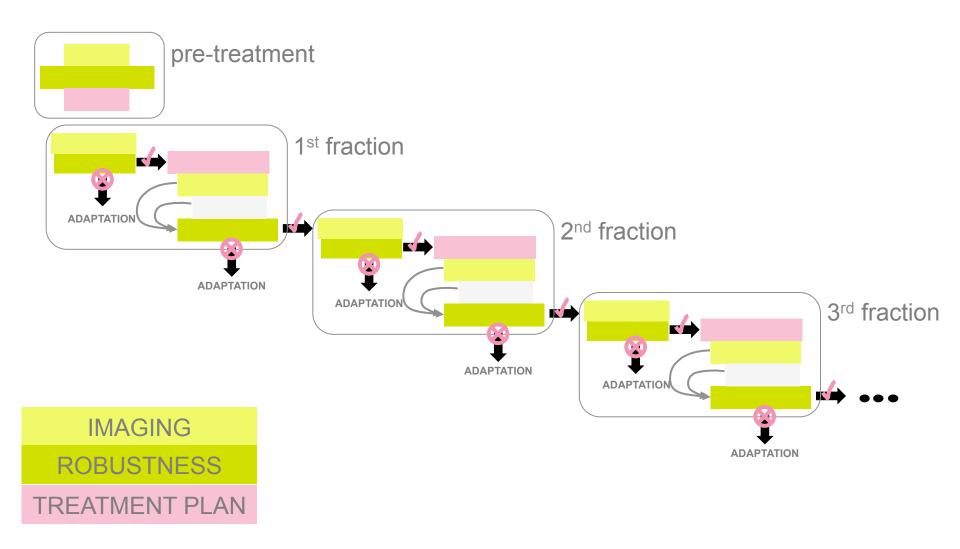


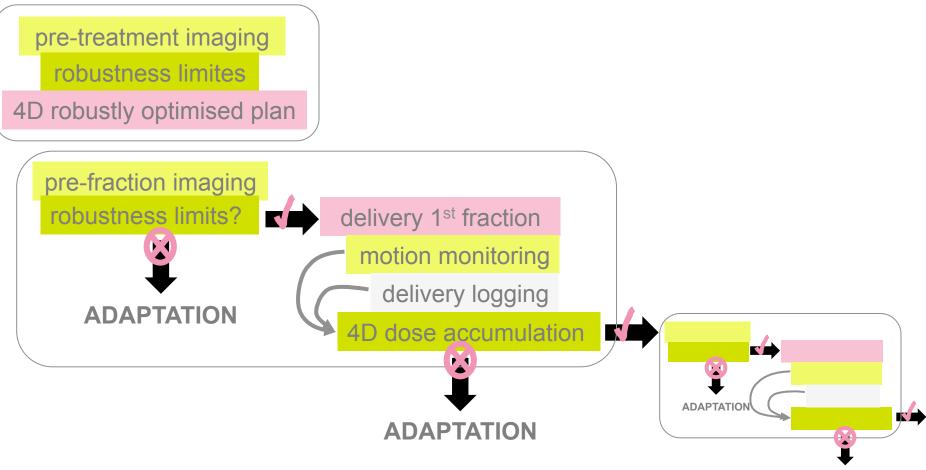


treat

In-room imaging enables adaptive workflows for moving targets.

Imaging information needs to be processed in time to take adaptive decisions.





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IMAGING

pre-treatment imaging

pre-fraction imaging

motion monitoring

IMAGING

pre-treatment imaging

pre-fraction imaging

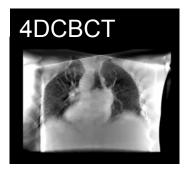
- \rightarrow target definition
- \rightarrow delination of relevant structures
- \rightarrow base for treatment planning
- \rightarrow motion analysis
- \rightarrow setup verification
- \rightarrow anatomical verification
- \rightarrow motion verification

motion monitoring

 \rightarrow real-time online monitoring

4DCT







ROBUSTNESS



robust 4D plan → 5mm motion amplitude limit

ROBUSTNESS



robustness limites



pre-fraction imaging



robust 4D plan

 \rightarrow 5mm motion amplitude limit

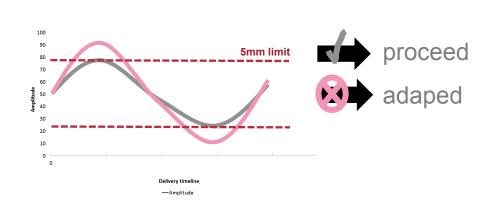
ROBUSTNESS



robustness limites



pre-fraction imaging



robust 4D plan

 \rightarrow 5mm motion amplitude limit

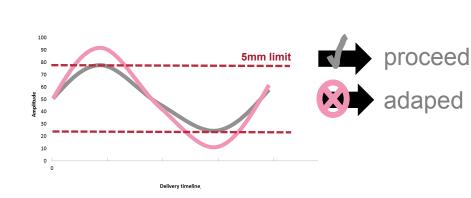
ROBUSTNESS



robustness limites



pre-fraction imaging

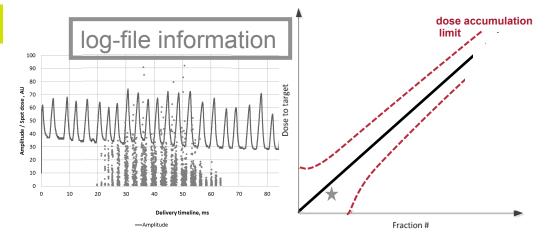


robust 4D plan

 \rightarrow 5mm motion amplitude limit

4D dose accumulation





Delivery timeline

robust 4D plan

5mm limit

 \rightarrow 5mm motion amplitude limit

proceed

adaped

ROBUSTNESS



100 90

80

50 40

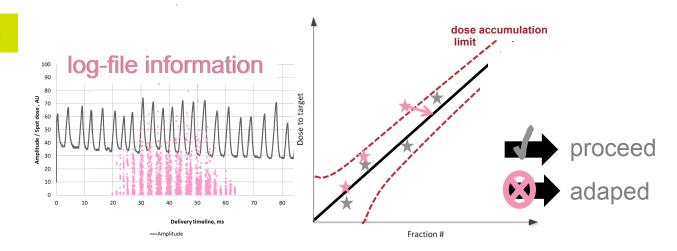
robustness limites



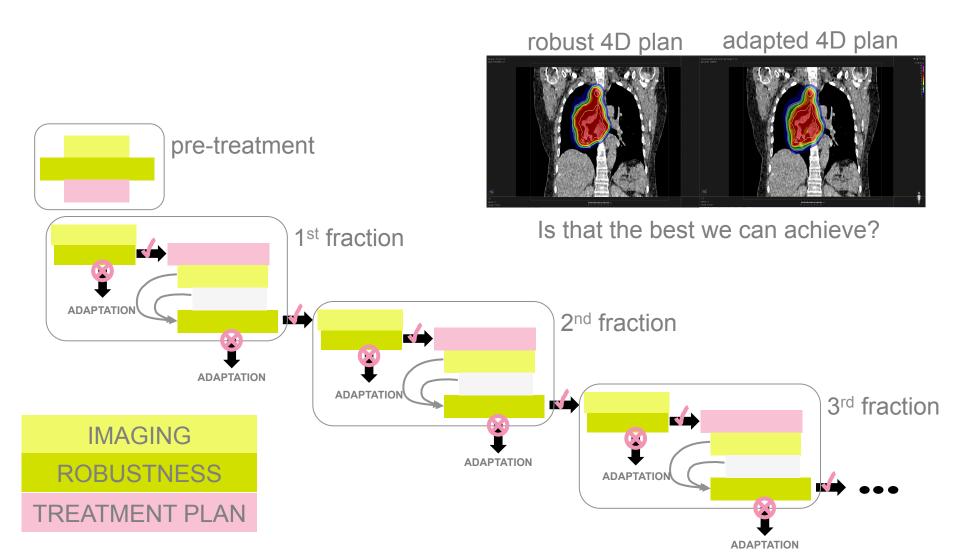
pre-fraction imaging

4D dose accumulation



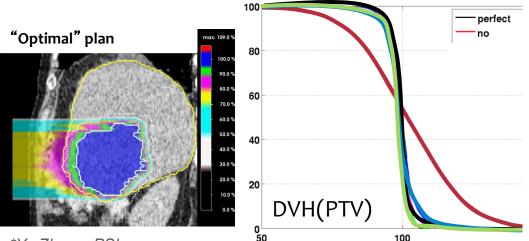


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The future: MR-guided proton therapy?

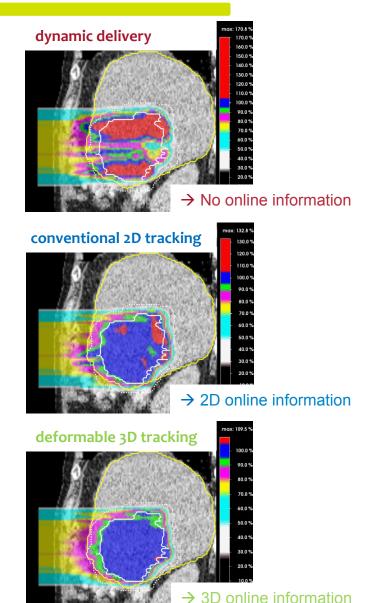
A **robust plan** is in some way always a compromised plan. However, a non-robust **"optimal" plan** will be significantly degraded by motion.



*Ye Zhang, PSI

Theoretically, **tracking** has been proposed as ideal solution.

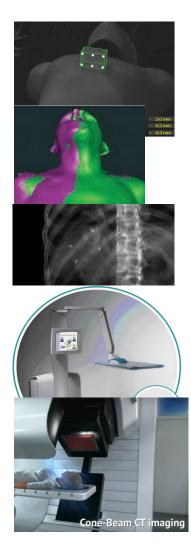
To perform tracking and achieve "optimal" plan quality, **online, real-time 3D information** is required.



The future: MR-guided proton therapy?

Image information:

online real-time 1D 2D 3D

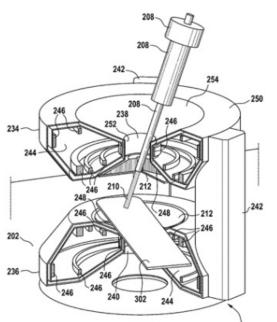


No online, real-time 3D information available!

The future: MR-guided proton therapy?

A combined MR-PT machine could enable online, real-time 3D imaging and thus 3D proton beam tracking.

> Bas Raaymakers, UMCU: "We should go for a MRproton hybrid system. It's simply too cool not to do it."





patent application 20110230754 by Johan Overweg, Philips Hamburg, Germany

Real-time knowledge of the target volume location in combination with high-precision dose delivery will make a real difference!

Summary

Imaging has always been the basis for radiotherapy treatments.

Technology has evolved from pre-treatment imaging via interfractional imaging towards online imaging.

Eventually, a combined PT-MR hybrid machine could provide optimal imaging information and would substitute multi-modal imaging.

Combining online MR imaging and high-precision proton dose delivery would enable optimal IGRT/ART treatments for moving targets.





Thank you very much to my colleagues at

PSI: Toni Lomax Francesca Albertini Ye Zhang

UMCG: Arturs Meijers Cassia Oraboni

for helping preparing these slides.

Thank you very much for your attention !