

# BCM/BLM thresholds of LHC experiments vs LHC BLMs

M. Kalliokoski on behalf of BLMTWG

126<sup>th</sup> SPS and LHC Machine Protection Panel Meeting

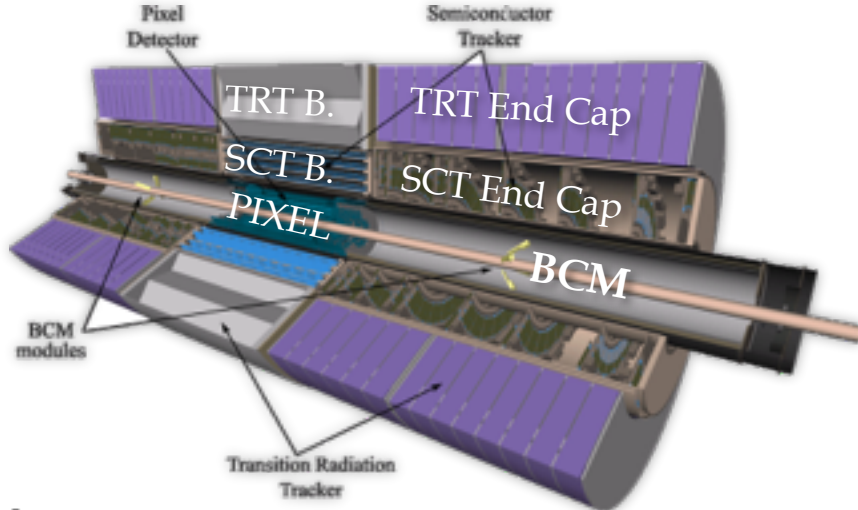
13/05/2016

# Introduction

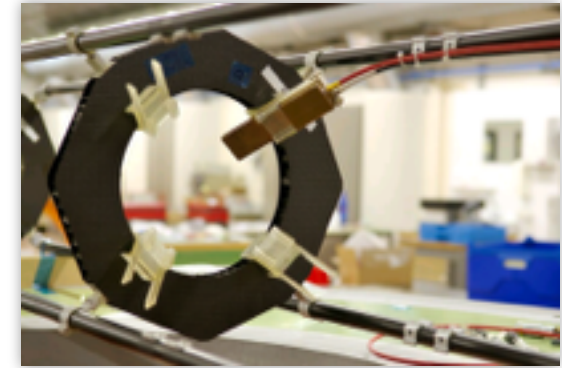
- During April there were three events where ATLAS BCM/BLM system gave beam abort flag:
  - 14/04/16 19:00:33 BCM
  - 17/04/16 02:39:44 BCM
  - 24/04/16 22:44:24 BLM

# ATLAS BCM - Intro

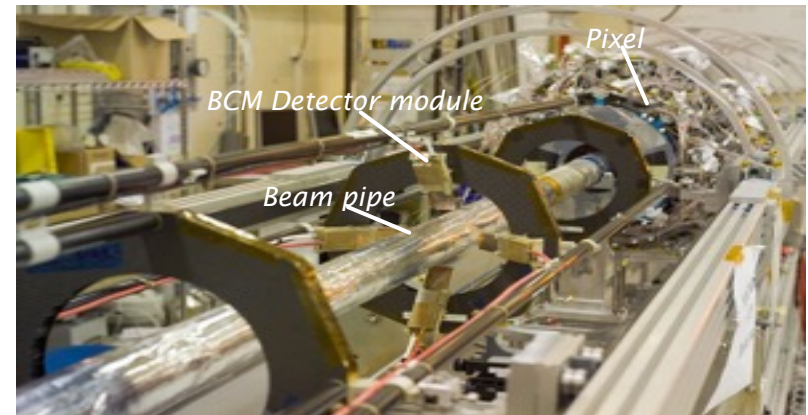
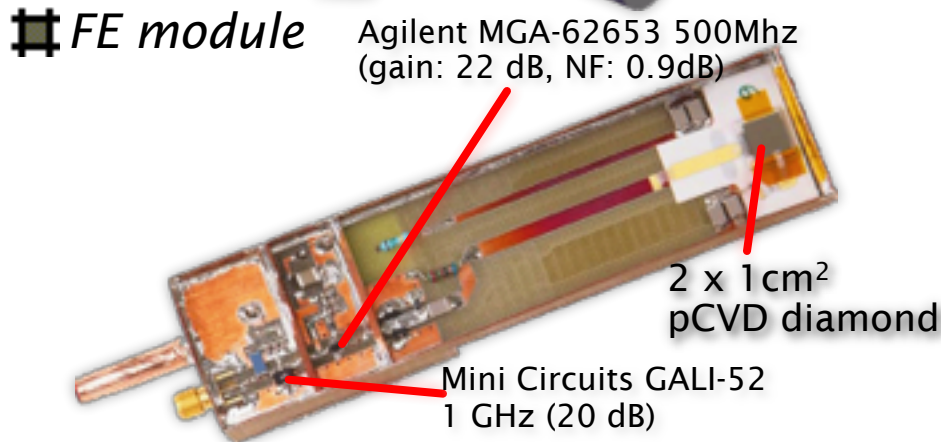
- 4 BCM detectors installed inside PIXEL volume on each side
- $z = \pm 1.84$  m,  $r = 55$  mm, @  $45^\circ$



- Installation on PIXEL structure



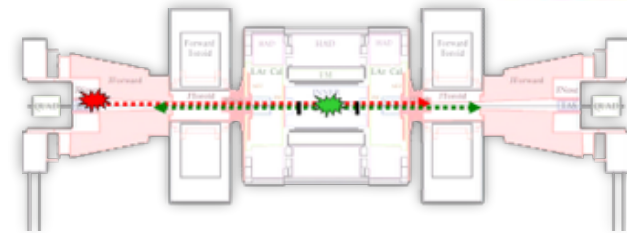
- Together with PIXEL detector



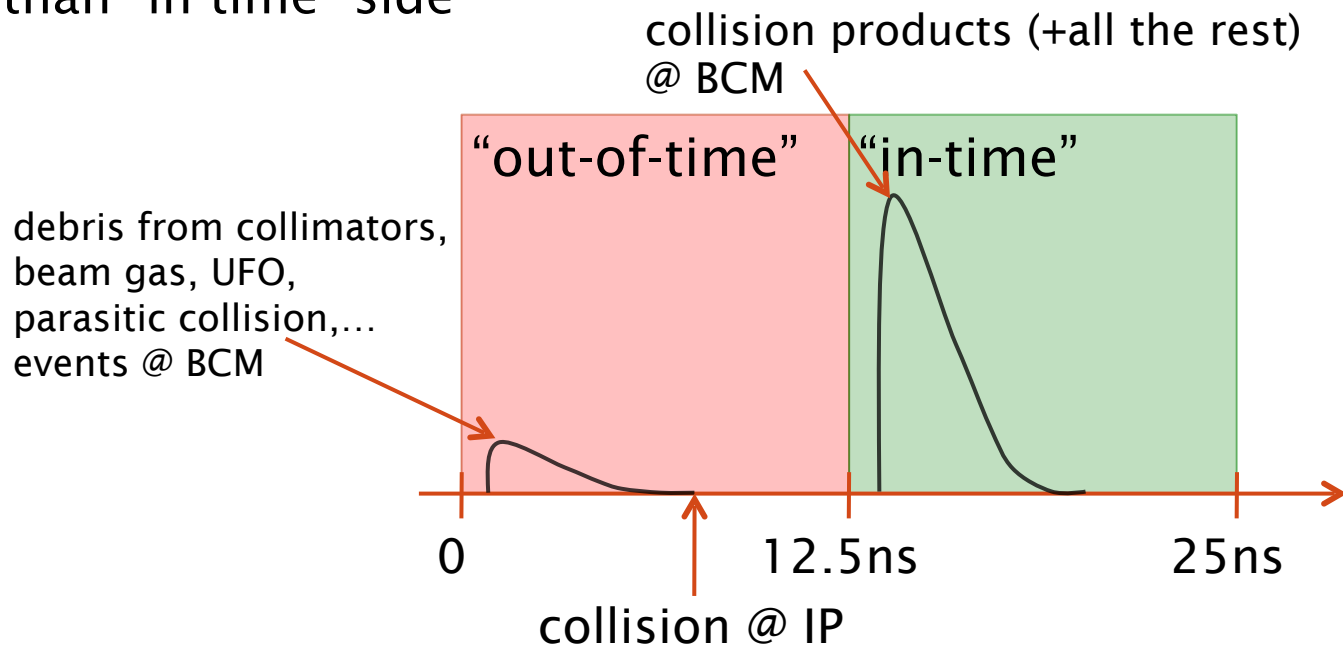
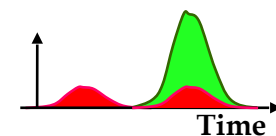
# ATLAS BCM time (ABT)



- We count time in bins of .39 ns grouped in buckets of 25ns
- Collision happen ~6ns before the collision product reach BCM sensors
- Non-collision events (collimators, UFOs, parasitic collisions, beam-gas,...) reach “out-of-time” side ~1/2BC (12ns) earlier than “in-time” side



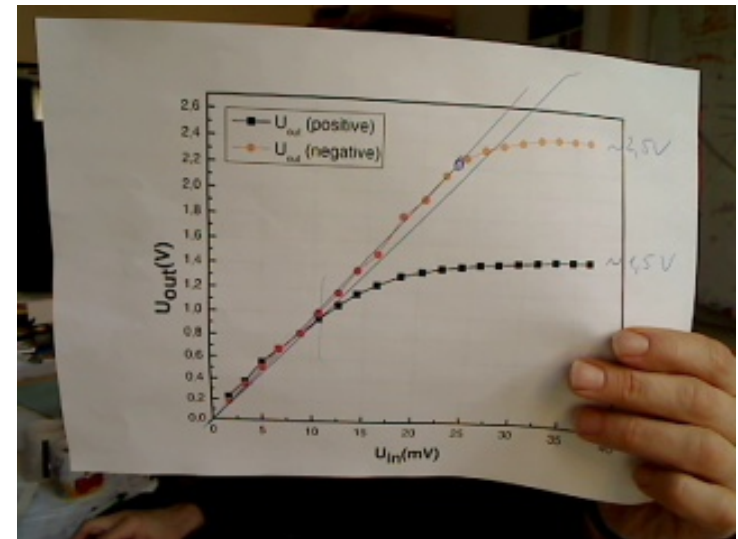
- 2 detector stations
- TAS event:  $\Delta t = 2z/c = 12.5 \text{ ns}$
- Interaction:  $\Delta t = 0, 25, \dots \text{ ns}$





# BCM threshold

- # Threshold cited below are for single high thr. channel.
- # Nominal conditions: HV=1000V
  - # High thr. vs. low thr. signal splitting currently  $\sim 1:150$ .
  - # saturation at FE output  $\sim 1V$ 
    - $\sim 250$  MIP
    - $\sim (0.5 \text{ kMIP/cm}^2)$  at nominal cond.
- # Single channel threshold set to  $\sim 250$  MIP/cm<sup>2</sup> within 25 ns (factor 2 not to exceed FE range)

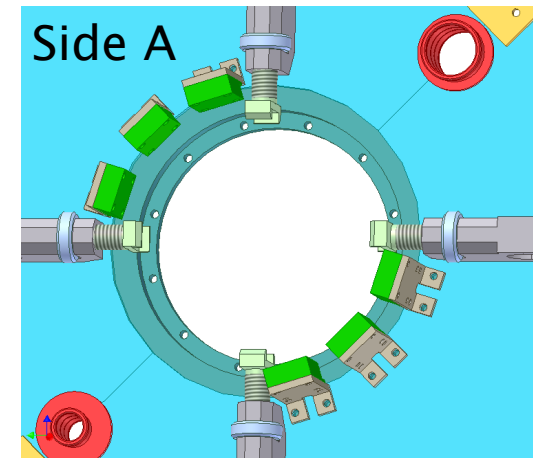
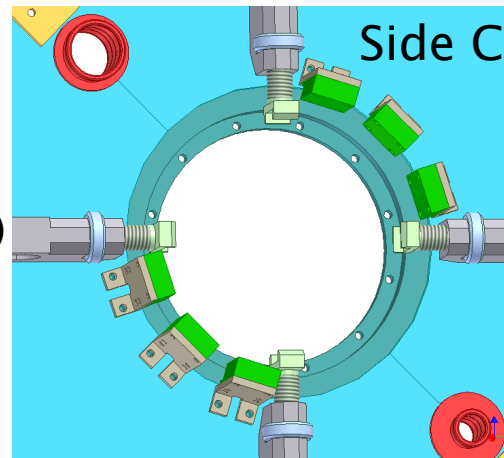
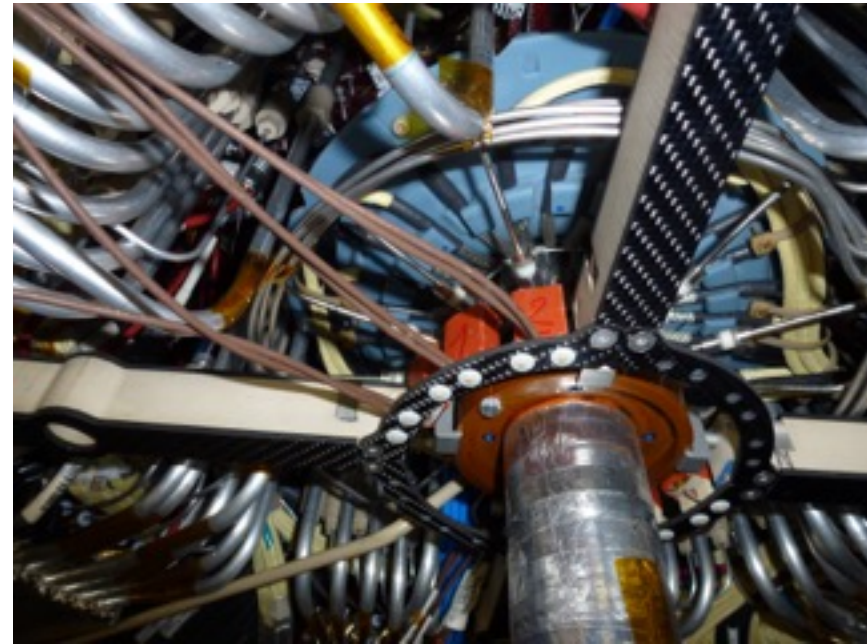




# ATLAS BLM – Intro



- ❏ 6 BLM modules installed on Inner Detector End Plate on each side
- ❏ Z-position of the inner skin of the End Plate is 3457mm for both sides
- ❏ Read out with LHC BLMCFC and BLMTc
- ❏ Only one BLMTc and two BLMCFC crates (one for A and one for C side)
- ❏ Slight modification of HW (B field) and FW (ATLAS specific)
- ❏ Much simpler than BCM



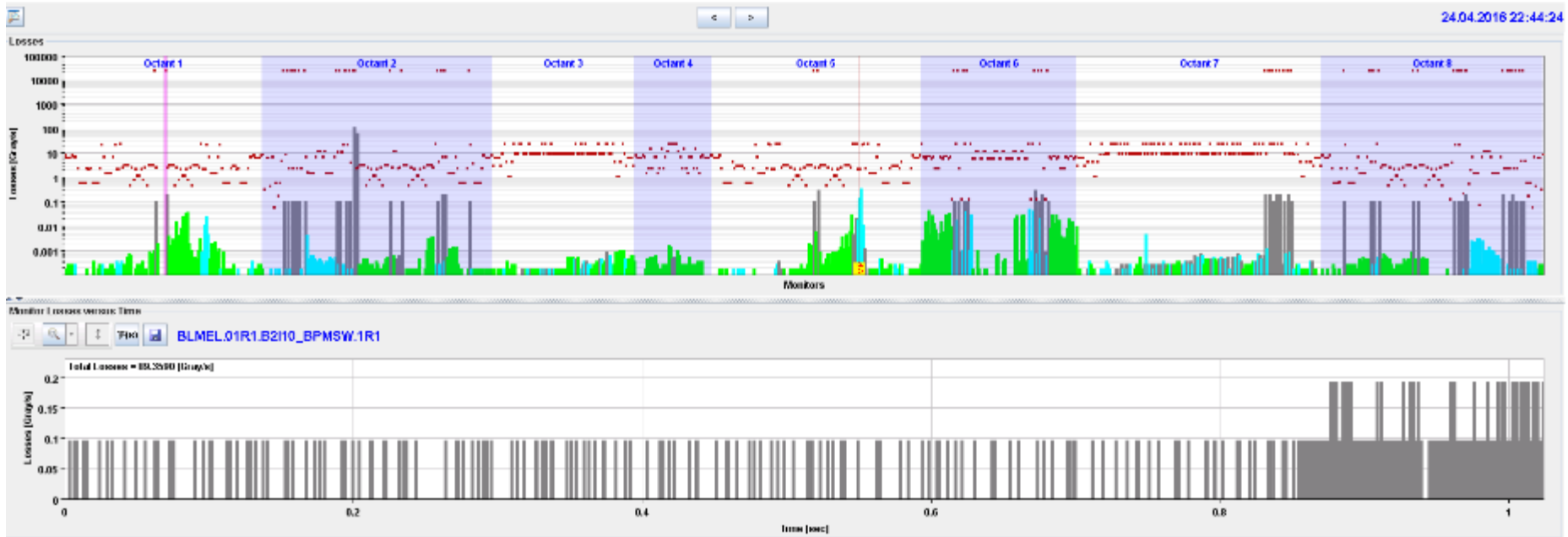
- ❏ For loosing IP — require that 2/6 channels exceed threshold within 40  $\mu$ s on A or on C side (ATLAS FW!). BP is lost when A and C side lower IP simultaneously
- ❏ 1 MIP in BLM diamond sensor ( $\sim 1$  fC charge) in 40  $\mu$ s causes equivalent current of  $\sim 25$  pA.
- ❏ BLM thresholds set to:
  - ❏  $\sim 750$  nA (= 350 bits) in 40  $\mu$ s integration channels.
  - ❏ In addition requiring 2 out of 6 channels to meet this condition within 40  $\mu$ s either on A or on C side to drop **IP**
  - ❏ And in addition requiring this on both (A and C) sides simultaneously to drop **BP**
  - ❏ Compatible with ATLAS Inner Detector “danger level” (in the most unlikely event of all particles coming along Si strips)



14/04/16 19:00:33



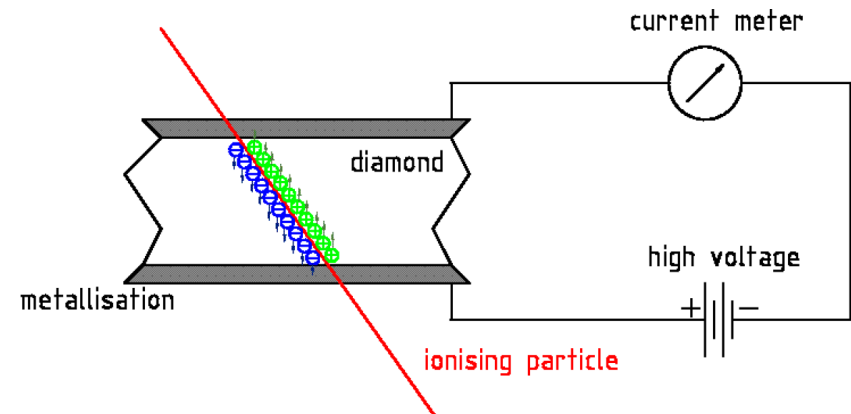
# 24/04/16 22:44:24



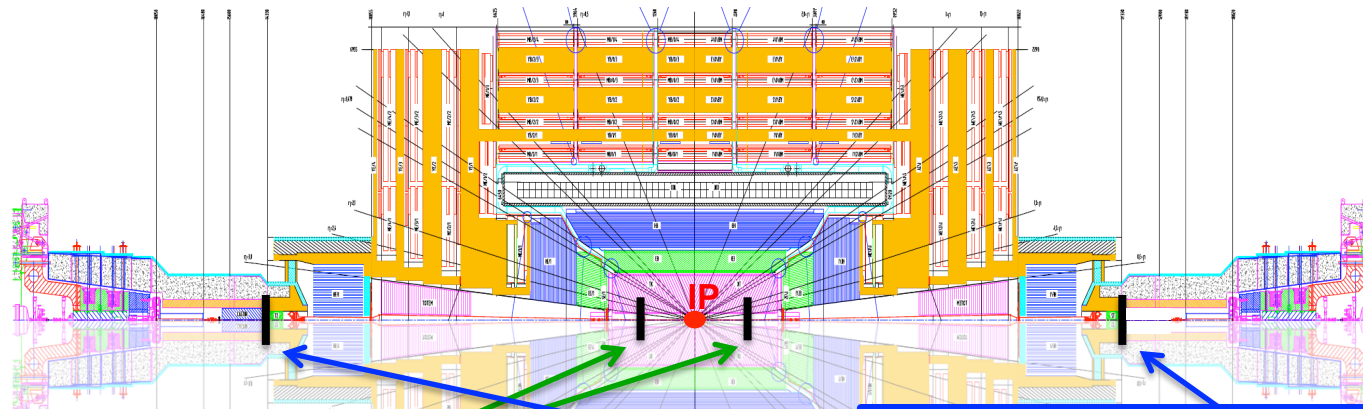
# Beam loss system at CMS

## BCML (Beam condition monitor leakage)

- Based on pCVD diamond sensors
- In total 16 active beam abort channels
- Working principle similar to BLM tubes, signal readout identical



## Positions of diamond detectors at CMS



### BCML1

- $Z = \pm 1.8 \text{ m}$ ,  $r = 4.5 \text{ cm}$
- 4 diamonds per location

### BCML2

- $Z = \pm 14.4 \text{ m}$ ,  $r = 5 \text{ (& } 28) \text{ cm}$
- 4 (12) diamonds per location

# Definition of BCML thresholds at CMS

Running sum I:  $40\mu\text{s}$

- Based on tracker community's damage tolerance:  $10^9 \text{ MIP/cm}^2$
- Adding of a safety margin of 1000:  $10^6 \text{ MIP/cm}^2$   
 **$10^6 \text{ MIP/cm}^2/40\mu\text{s} \sim 30\mu\text{A}$  (6150 ADC) for undamaged pCVD**
- Even more conservative threshold set to  **$10\mu\text{A}$  (2050ADC)**

Running sum IV:  $640\mu\text{s}$

- New introduced in 2016 in for BCML1 because of reduced sensitivity in RS1.
- Definition equal to RS1 definition:  
 **$10^6 \text{ MIP/cm}^2/640\mu\text{s} \sim 1.88\mu\text{A}$  (6150 ADC) for undamaged pCVD**

# Definition of BCML thresholds at CMS

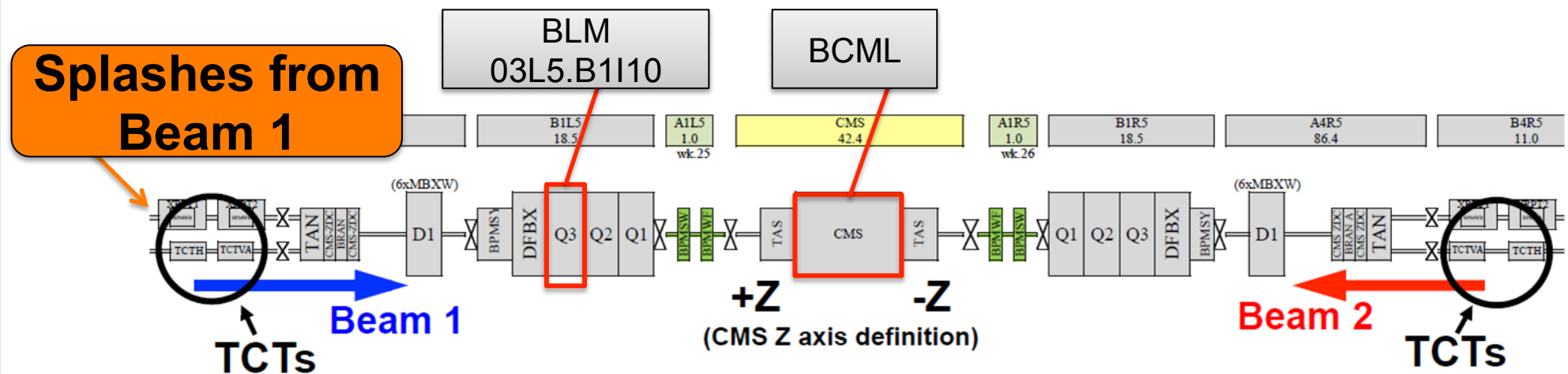
Running sum XII: 83s

- Thresholds is based on a data driven extrapolation
- Set to 3 x the expected signal (EDMS numbers: 1157274v3, 1236236v1)

The CMS BCML threshold definition for 2016 can be found in the EDMS document 1611082v1.

# Splash events on 29<sup>th</sup> of march 2016

- Comparison between BLM tube (03L5.B1110) and BCML detectors during splash events.
- Splash events created by Beam 1 hitting the collimators upstream of CMS.
- Splash events with highest intensity caused a trigger of the beam abort by some of the BCML detectors.





# Splash events on 29<sup>th</sup> of march 2016

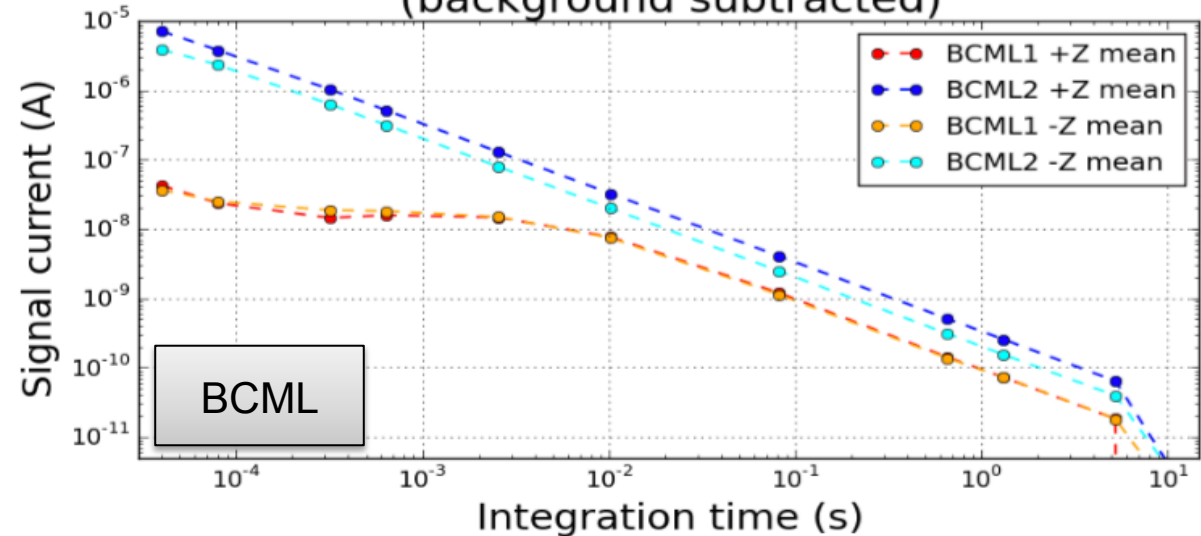
## BCML2:

- RS1 +Z: up to 2200 ADC  
**107%** of beam abort
- RS1 -Z: up to 1090 ADC  
**53%** of beam abort
- (RS4: up to 2480 ADC)

## BCML1:

- RS4: up to 115 ADC  
**3%** of beam abort

Splash event on 29.03.16 - 09:29:14 UTC  
(background subtracted)



## BLM:

- RS1:  
**20%** of beam abort
- RS3:  
**32%** of beam abort
- RS4:  
**31%** of beam abort

