126th LHCC session: ALICE status report

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May $24^{th}/25^{th}$ 2016



Submitted Papers: 6 (since 125th LHCC)

SMALL Centrality dependence of $\psi(2S)$ suppression in p-Pb collisions at **SYSTEMS** $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV, *arXiv:1603.02816*

Measurement of azimuthal correlations of D mesons and charged particles in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and p-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{_{\rm NN}}} = 5.02$ TeV, arXiv:1605.06963

D-meson production in p-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV and in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, arXiv:1605.07569

LARGE Measurement of transverse energy at midrapidity in Pb–Pb collisions at SYSTEMS $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$ TeV, arXiv:1603.04775

Correlated event-by-event fluctuations of flow harmonics in Pb–Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$ TeV, arXiv:1604.07663

Pseudorapidity dependence of the anisotropic flow of charged particles in Pb–Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$ TeV, arXiv:1605.02035

Accepted Papers: 9 (since 125th LHCC)

SMALL Production of K*(892)⁰ and ϕ (1020) in p-Pb collisionsat $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV, **SYSTEMS** *arXiv:1601.07868*, *accepted by EPJC*

Multi-strange baryon production in p-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}}=5.02$ TeV, arXiv:1512.06104, accepted by PLB

Centrality dependence of charged jet production in p-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}} = 5.02$ TeV, arXiv:1603.03402, accepted by EPJC

Particle identification in ALICE: a Bayesian approach arXiv:1602.01392, EPJ+ (2016) 131

LARGE Centrality Dependence of the Charged-Particle Multiplicity Density at Midrapidity in **SYSTEMS** Pb-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$ TeV, *arXiv:1512.06104, accepted by PRL*

Multipion Bose-Einstein correlations in pp, p-Pb, and Pb-Pb collisions at the LHC, arXiv:1512.08902, accepted by PRC

Charge-dependent flow and the search for the Chiral Magnetic Wave in Pb-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}}=2.76$ TeV, arXiv:1512.05739, accepted by PRC

Measurement of an excess in the yield of J/psi at very low pt in Pb-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$ TeV, arXiv:1509.08802, accepted by PRL

Differential studies of inclusive J/ ψ and ψ (2S) production at forward rapidity in Pb–Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}} = 2.76$ TeV, arXiv:1506.08804, accepted by JHEP

Published Papers: 8 (since 125th LHCC)

SMALL Inclusive quarkonium production at forward rapidity in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, **SYSTEMS** *arXiv: 1509.08258, EPJ C76 (2016) no.4, 184*

Forward-central two-particle correlations in p-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}} = 5.02$ TeV, arXiv:1506.08032, PLB 753(2016) 126-139

LARGE Production of light nuclei and anti-nuclei in pp and Pb–Pb collisions at **SYSTEMS** LHC energies, *arXiv:1506.08951, PRC 93 (2015) 024917*

Centrality dependence of the nuclear modification factor of charged pions, kaons, and protons in Pb-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 2.76$ TeV, arXiv:1506.07287, PRC 93 (2016) 034913

Measurement of D_s⁺ production and nuclear modification factor in Pb-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 2.76$ TeV, arXiv:1509.07287, JHEP 1603 (2016) 082

Transverse momentum dependence of D-meson production in Pb-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}} = 2.76$ TeV, arXiv:1509.06888, JHEP 1603 (2016) 081

Event shape engineering for inclusive spectra and elliptic flow in Pb-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 2.76$ TeV, arXiv:1507.06194, PRC 93 (2016) 034916

Anisotropic flow of charged particles in Pb-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}} = 5.02$ TeV arXiv:1602.01119, PRL 116 (2016) 132302

SMALL SYSTEMS (pp & p-Pb) & HARD PROBES





ALICE

Bayesian Particle Identification in ALICE

- Generalized approach for usage of full PID information in ALICE
 - Standard approach cuts in nσ to expected for each detector & species





Bayesian Particle Identification in ALICE

- Generalized approach for usage of full PID information in ALICE
- Proof of Concept: D-meson extraction
 - Trade-off between between purity/ higher dependence on MC
 ⇒ higher purity ideal for correlation analysis
 - Increase in S/B with respect to standard approach particularly at low $p_{\rm T}$
 - Currently only TPC and TOF included in analysis, other PID detectors to come





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- Access to even rarer probes: $\Lambda_C \rightarrow pK\pi$





- First measurement of D-h correlation functions at the LHC
- Provides information on:
 - Charm production & fragmentation process
 - Implementation of underlying event and help tuning MC generators
- Similar correlations functions for pp & p-Pb
 - ⇒ The current measurements shows no evidence for a possible v₂ in min bias p-Pb collisions
 - \Rightarrow Looking forward to p-Pb run this year





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- Similar correlations functions for pp & p-Pb
 - $\Rightarrow \text{ The current measurements shows no} \\ \text{evidence for a possible } v_2 \text{ in min bias} \\ \text{p-Pb collisions} \\ \end{cases}$

 \Rightarrow Looking forward to p-Pb run this year $\underline{\widehat{g}}$





- First D⁰ measurement by ALICE to $p_{T} = 0$
- Reconstruction w/o secondary vertex provides a more precise result at $p_{\rm T} < 2 \ {\rm GeV}/c$ as separation between primary and secondary vertex at low p_{T} is smaller
 - Different systematics between the two methods
 - Smaller contribution from feed-down from **B**-mesons





D-mesons at low p_{τ} in pp & pPb pointing angle θ reconstructed momentum D flight line secondary vertex

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- Reconstruction w/o secondary vertex provides a more precise result at $p_{\rm T} < 2 \ {\rm GeV}/c$ as separation between primary and secondary vertex at low p_{T} is smaller
- $c\bar{c}$ cross sections for pp $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV & p-Pb $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.02 \text{ TeV}$ at mid rapidity determined with improved systematics

$$\begin{split} \sigma^{c\bar{c}}_{_{\text{PP. 7TeV}}} \! = \! 8.18 \pm 0.67 (\text{stat}) \stackrel{+0.90}{_{-1.62}} (\text{syst}) \stackrel{+2.4}{_{-0.36}} (\text{extr}) \\ \pm 0.29 (\text{lum}) \pm 0.36 (\text{FF}) \text{ mb} \end{split}$$

prompt D⁰ $p_{p-Pb, 5.02TeV}^{prompt D^{v}} = 0.89 \pm 0.11(\text{stat}) \stackrel{+0.13}{_{-0.18}}(\text{syst})$ measured for $-0.96 < y_{CMS} < 0.04, p_T > 0$

arXiv:1605.07569

impact parameters ~100 µ m



$\psi(2S)$ suppression in p-Pb vs. event activity

- Decreased ψ(2S) w.r.t J/ψ for central p-Pb collisions
 - \Rightarrow Stronger at backward y
 - \Rightarrow Cancellation of shadowing effects in double ratio
 - $\Rightarrow \ {\sf Hint \ for \ final \ state \ effects}$







Jet production in p-Pb vs. event activity

- Nuclear modification factor $Q_{\text{nPh}} \sim 1$ in all centrality classes
 - \Rightarrow Cold matter effects: shadowing and nuclear PDFs &
 - \Rightarrow Hot matter effects: energy loss

are small for high p_{T} probes

- Measurements of full jet (ATLAS) and charged jet production at midrapidity fully consistent
- Ratio of jet production cross sections with R=0.2 and 0.4 in different centrality fully consistent with pPb min bias ratio and pp 7TeV
 - \Rightarrow No significant broadening of the jet seen at midrapidity

arXiv:1603.03402





May 24th /25th 2016

LARGE SYSTEM (Pb–Pb) & GLOBAL EVENT PROPERTIES







Transverse energy E_T vs. cent

- $\langle dE_T/d\eta \rangle / \langle dN_{ch}/d\eta \rangle$ flat vs. $\langle N_{part} \rangle$
- ⟨d*E*_T/dη⟩/⟨d*N*_{ch}/dη⟩ rises much stronger than expected from extrapolation of low energy experiments
- Bjorken estimate for volume averaged energy density *\epsilon*:

$$\epsilon\tau_0 = \frac{1}{Ac}J\left\langle \frac{\mathrm{d}E_{\mathrm{T}}}{\mathrm{d}\eta}\right\rangle$$

assuming (conservatively) $au_0 = 1 \ {\rm fm}/c$:

- \Rightarrow Energy density ranges from 1.6 to 12.3 GeV/fm³
- \Rightarrow Core densities of up to 21 GeV/fm³

arXiv:1603.04775



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LARGE SYSTEM (Pb–Pb) & ANISOTROPIC FLOW







Anisotropic flow $v_n(\eta)$

- Extended longitudinal scaling observed by PHOBOS in Au-Au collisons holds up to LHC energy
- None of the harmonics show clear centrality dependence in the shape of ν_n(η) within uncertainties
- Small decrease of *v*₃/*v*₂ at high |η| ⇒ viscous effects suppressing higher harmonics
- \blacksquare Small increase of v_4/v_2^2 at high $|\eta|$
 - \Rightarrow Relatively larger contribution from v_2 at larger $|\eta|$
- $v_n/(dN/d\eta)$ vs η flat for all centralities, except v_2
 - $\Rightarrow v_3 \& v_4$ largely driven by local particle density in fixed centrality window







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Event-by-Event fluctuations of flow harmonics

 Study correlation between v_m and v_n via Symmetric 2-harmonic 4-particle Cumulants

 $SC(m,n) = \langle v_m^2 v_n^2 \rangle - \langle v_m^2 \rangle \langle v_n^2 \rangle$

insensitive to:

- Inter-correlations of various symmetry planes & non flow effects
- Normalized SC(m, n)/⟨v_m²⟩⟨v_n²⟩ can be used to constrain temperature dependence of η/s (SC(4,2)) and initial conditions (SC(3,2))
- Anisotropies in central collisions mainly arise from fluctuations
 - ⇒ Discriminate between different initial conditions using both SC(3,2) & SC(4,2) in central events





Overview of 2016 Operations

& News from RUN 2



& News from RUN 2



& News from RUN 2



F. Bock (LBL Berkeley & PI Heidelberg)



Commissioning & Startup in 2016



- TPC RCU2 commissioning finished in time for stable beam
- Shots on TED (21st-22nd March) used for initial trigger alignment
- Finalized trigger alignment during quite beam period





Default strategy

- μ : ~ 1%
- Interaction rate: up to V0AND \sim 300 kHz (*L*=5Hz/µb) with 2500 colliding bunches
- \blacksquare Lifetime: ${\sim}50\%$ in central barrel, ${\sim}80\%$ in muon arm
- Foreseen integrated luminosity: 7.5pb⁻¹ in central barrel, 12 pb⁻¹ in muon arm

Trigger menu:

- Central barrel:
 - Minimum bias: 300 Hz (target ${\sim}900M),$ B=0.2T: ${\sim}150M$
 - High multiplicity trigger: 80 Hz (target ~250M)
 - CALO (EMCAL/DCAL/PHOS) gamma and jet triggers: 60 Hz
 - Double-gap diffractive trigger: 30-50 Hz (downscaled)
 - ACORDE cosmic 4-fold coincidence interleaved with beam: < 1 Hz
 - •

MUON arm:

- Single muon low and high p_{T} : 10-20 Hz (downscaled) and 130 Hz
- Dimuon low p_T: 30 Hz



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126th LHCC: ALICE



Special periods:

- 75M global OR triggers (V0 | AD |SPD) with isolated bunches
- 54M minimum bias triggers with reduced solenoid field B=0.2T (to be continued)
- I0M minimum bias at μ < 0.002 with ZDC during ATLAS/CMS/LHCb vdM



Correction extraction procedure well established (was foreseen for RUN3)

- \blacksquare New calibration allows to correct for up ${\sim}10$ cm distortions
- Distortions fluctuations remain, accounted by increasing errors of affected clusters
- Study of distortions scaling with IR

(caused major delay in starting the production)

- Scaling is not precise enough to reliably extrapolate corrections from one run to another (in analysis grade production)
- Very useful in initial reconstruction for calibration



- Low luminosity: finished in middle of May
- High luminosity: running







 $\blacksquare \ \beta^* = 19 \ \mathrm{m}$

- Detectors: T0, V0, ITS, AD0
- \blacksquare Taking data with half crossing angle $=+160~\mu {\rm rad}$ external in shadow of ATLAS and CMS vdM scan
- Successful scan within \sim 3.5 h
- Data taking efficiency 93%

The Future: ALICE Upgrade Program

ALICE New Inner Tracking System (ITS)

- improved pointing precision
 less material → thinnest tracker_at the I HC

Time Projection Chamber (TPC)

- new GEM technology for readout chambers
- continuous readout
- faster readout electronics

New Central Trigger Processor (CTP)

Data Acquisition (DA High Level Trigger (HLT)

- new architecture
- on line tracking & data compression
- 50kHz Pbb event rate

Muon Forward Tracker (MFT)

- new Si tracker
- Improved μ pointing precision

MUON ARM continuous readout electronics

(c) by St. Rossegger

New Trigger Detectors (FIT)

TOF. TRD. ZDC

Faster readout





ITS Module & Stave Prototypes

Semi-automatic Module Assembly Machine



- Factory Acceptance Test successful (IBS Precision Mechanics – Netherlands)
- 1st Delivery to CERN: May 2016, 5 more to come during the remainder of the year

Outer Barrel HIC, pixel chip side



Outer Barrel HIC, FPC side





- Successful construction of detector modules
- Noise thresholds as for single chip
- Successful ITS stave engineering design review (May 3-4 2016)

TPC Upgrade with GEMs





World Largest TPC ALICE key tracking and PID instrument 500 million pixels

To operate at the 50 kHz rate

 \Rightarrow no gating grid

⇒ need to minimize Ion Back Flow to keep space charge distortions at a tolerable level Replace wire-chambers with quadruple-GEMs

- 100 m² single-mask foils
- Limit Ion Back Flow into drift volume
- Maintain excellent dE/dx resolution

New readout electronics Keep all other subsystems

GEM and ROC EDR in November 2015 MoU sent to FA **Final decision on readout scheme taken**

Preparing for Series Production

ALICE GEM QA: HD optical and gain scanning IROC 5 top inner diameter





- Pre-production campaign ongoing (2 IROC + 2 OROC)
- QA and production procedures being established
- Start of mass production after PRR in August 2016



New TPC Readout Scheme

Use direct readout mode of SAMPA without zero suppression and move signal processing functionality to $\ensuremath{\mathsf{CRU}}$

- \Rightarrow Reduce complexity of SAMPA and FEC
- \Rightarrow Increase flexibility of signal treatment in CRU

Reduce SAMPA ADC sampling frequency from 10 MHz to 5 MHz

- \Rightarrow Reduce raw data volume by factor 2
- \Rightarrow No significant performance loss



CRU





- **6 paper submitted**, 9 accepted and 8 published
- Exploiting new techniques and the full detector capabilities
- New insights from hard probes in pp & p-Pb collisions from RUN1 data
 - $\Rightarrow\,$ Hint for final state effects in central p-Pb collisions from $\psi({\rm 2S})$ production
 - \Rightarrow Looking forward to high statistics Run 2 data for these probes and other statistics hungry analyses!
- TPC distortions for RUN2 under control, data reconstruction ongoing
- Successful start up of pp 2016 data taking campaign
- Some key upgrade milestones have been passed, the ALICE upgrade is proceeding according to schedule