

# The Lepton Flavour Violating Decays of Higgs boson

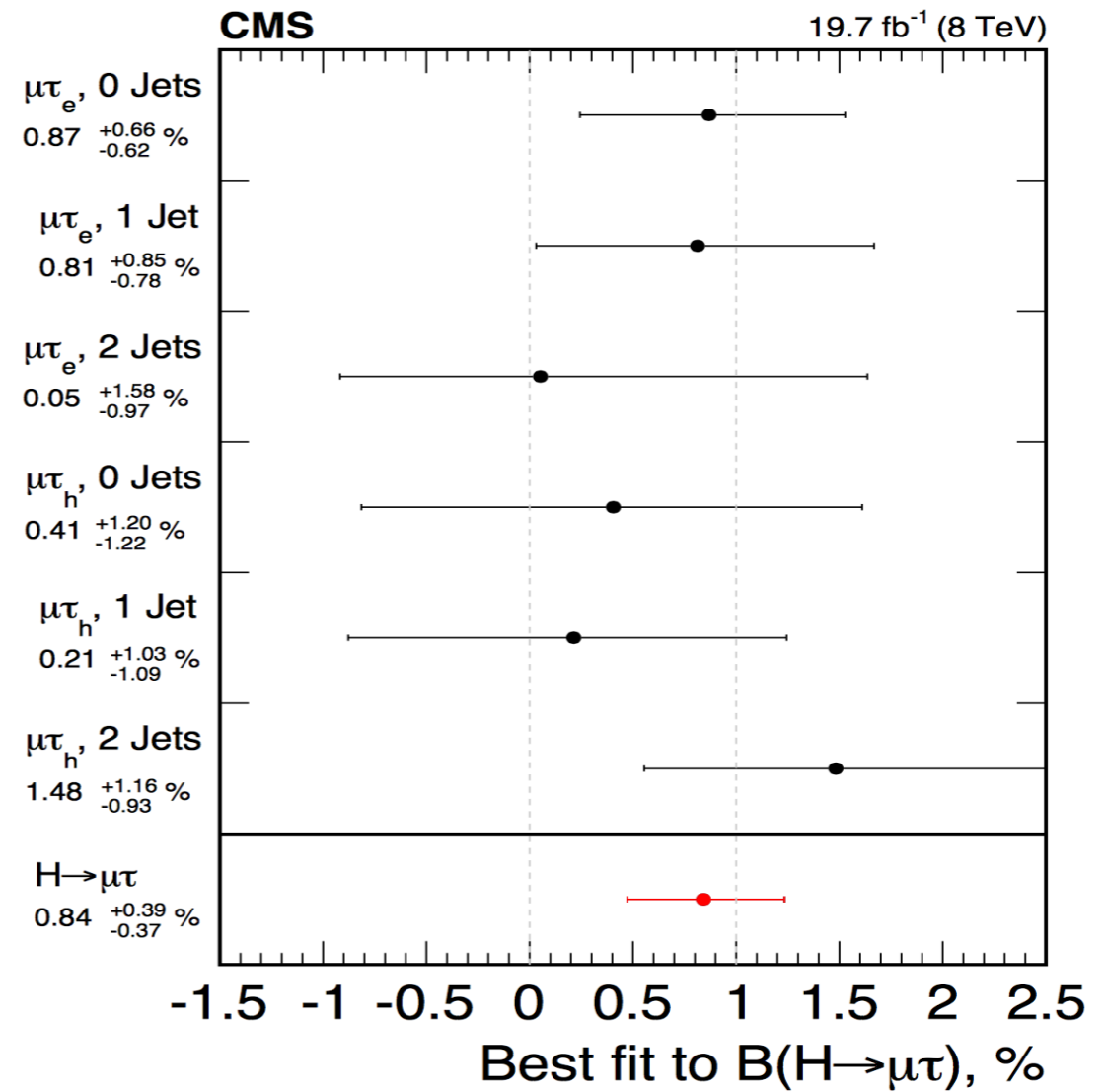
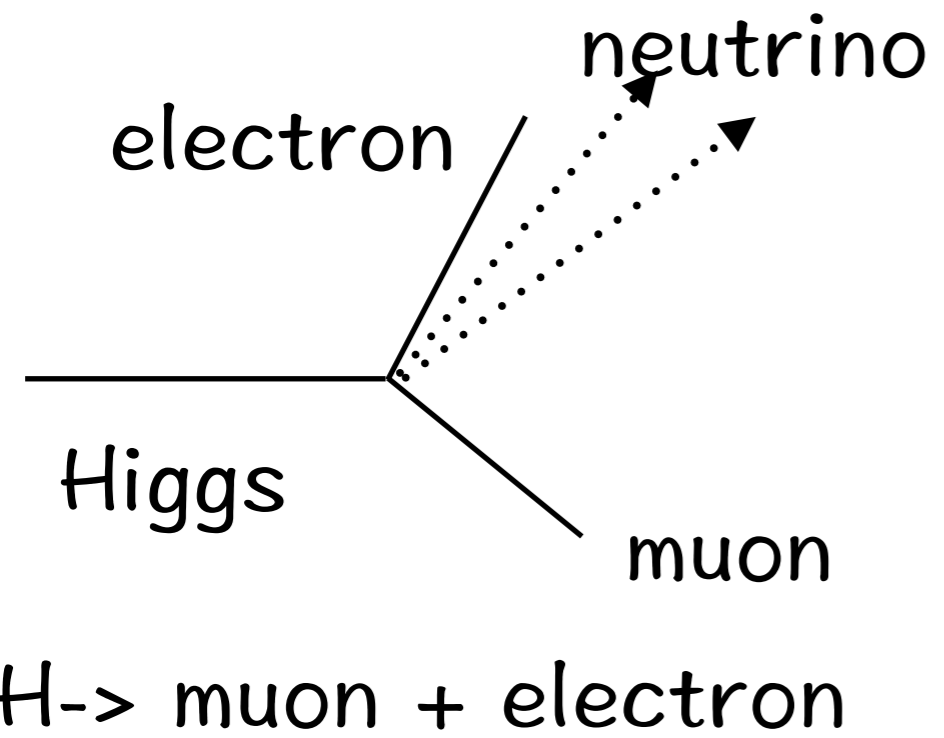
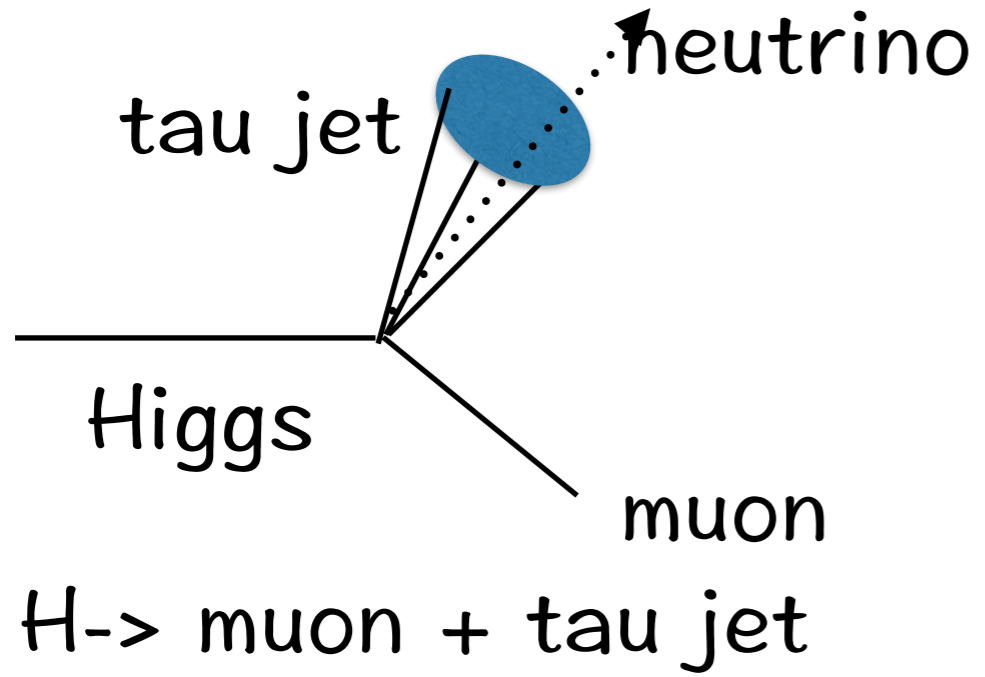
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*Work done in Collaboration with S. Banerjee, M. Mitra and M. Spannowsky*

(arXiv:1603.05952)

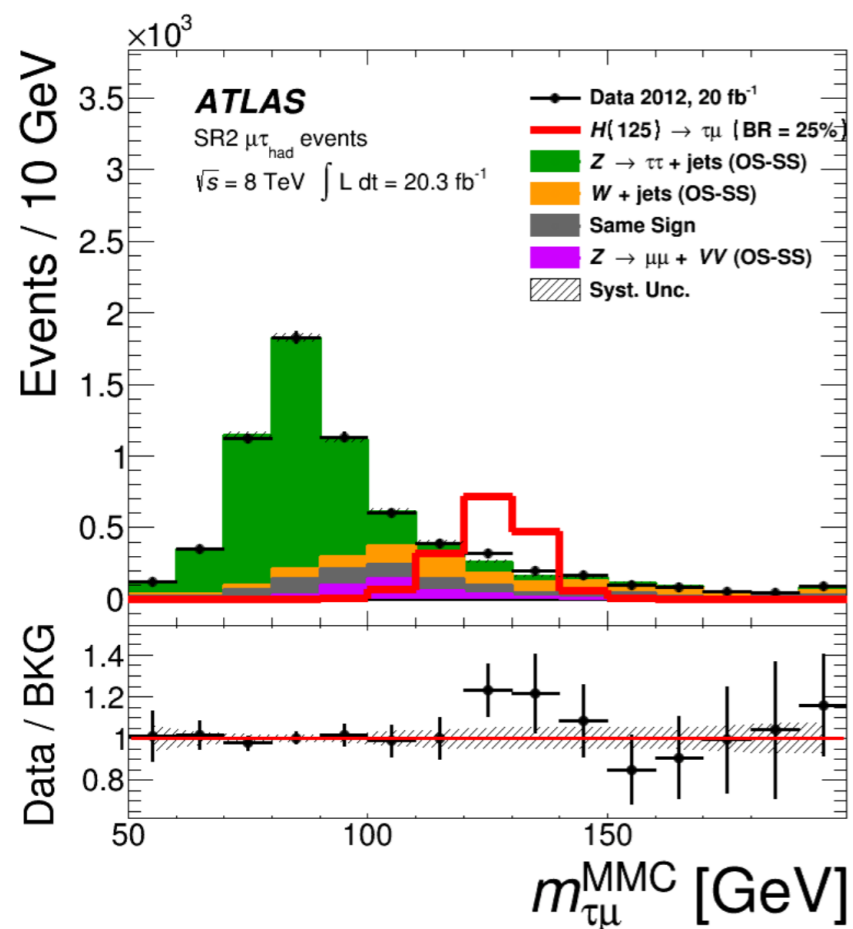
*Higgs Tasting Workshop ,  
Centro de Ciencias de Benasque Pedro Pascual  
Benasque , Spain*



CMS : A slight excess of signal events with a significance of 2.4 sigma is observed (In the collinear mass window 100 -150 GeV)

95 % Upper limit on branching ( Higgs to Mu tau ) = 1.51%

## H $\rightarrow$ mu + tau\_hadronic



Cut	SR1	SR2	WCR	TCR
$p_T(\mu)$	>26 GeV	>26 GeV	>26 GeV	>26 GeV
$p_T(\tau_{\text{had}})$	>45 GeV	>45 GeV	>45 GeV	>45 GeV
$m_T(\mu, E_T^{\text{miss}})$	>40 GeV	<40 GeV	>60 GeV	—
$m_T(\tau_{\text{had}}, E_T^{\text{miss}})$	<30 GeV	<60 GeV	>40 GeV	—
$ \eta(\mu) - \eta(\tau_{\text{had}}) $	<2	<2	<2	<2
$N_{\text{jet}}$	—	—	—	>1
$N_{b\text{-jet}}$	0	0	0	>0

	SR1	SR2	Combined
Expected limit on $\text{Br}(H \rightarrow \mu\tau)$ [%]	$1.60^{+0.64}_{-0.45}$	$1.75^{+0.71}_{-0.49}$	$1.24^{+0.50}_{-0.35}$
Observed limit on $\text{Br}(H \rightarrow \mu\tau)$ [%]	1.55	3.51	1.85
Best fit $\text{Br}(H \rightarrow \mu\tau)$ [%]	$-0.07^{+0.81}_{-0.86}$	$1.94^{+0.92}_{-0.89}$	$0.77 \pm 0.62$

# H $\rightarrow$ $\mu$ $\tau$ / $e$ $\tau$ / $e$ $\mu$ results (8 TeV)

1604.07730

2016 paper

$h \rightarrow \mu \tau / e \tau$

New analyses added :

$h \rightarrow \mu \tau_{\text{leptonic}}$

$h \rightarrow e \tau_{\text{leptonic}}$

$h \rightarrow e \tau_{\text{hadronic}}$

combination with hadronic channels

No significant excess

$$\text{Br}(H \rightarrow \mu \tau) < 1.43 \% \text{ (1604.07730)}$$

$$\text{Br}(H \rightarrow e \tau) < 1.04 \% \text{ (1604.07730)}$$

$$\text{Br}(H \rightarrow e \mu) < 0.036\% \text{ (CMS-PAS-HIG-14-040)}$$

# Effective Lagrangian

$$L_V \equiv -Y_{e\mu}\bar{e}_L\mu_R h - Y_{\mu e}\bar{\mu}_L e_R h - Y_{e\tau}\bar{e}_L\tau_R h - Y_{\tau e}\bar{\tau}_L e_R h - Y_{\mu\tau}\bar{\mu}_L\tau_R h - Y_{\tau\mu}\bar{\tau}_L\mu_R h$$

$$Br(\mu \rightarrow e\gamma) < 5.7 \times 10^{-13} \quad Y_{e\mu} < 1.2 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$Br(h \rightarrow e\mu) < 3.6 \times 10^{-2} \quad Y_{e\mu} < 3.85 \times 10^{-4}$$

H-> e mu: Low energy limit is much better than direct search results

$$Br(\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma) \leq 4.4 \times 10^{-8} \quad Y_{\mu\tau} < 0.011$$

$$Br(h \rightarrow \mu\tau) = 1.51\% \quad Y_{\mu\tau} = 2.55 \times 10^{-3}$$

H-> tau mu : Direct search limit is already stronger than low energy bounds

# Effective Lagrangian

$$L_V \equiv -Y_{e\mu}\bar{e}_L\mu_R h - Y_{\mu e}\bar{\mu}_L e_R h - Y_{e\tau}\bar{e}_L\tau_R h - Y_{\tau e}\bar{\tau}_L e_R h - Y_{\mu\tau}\bar{\mu}_L\tau_R h - Y_{\tau\mu}\bar{\tau}_L\mu_R h$$

$h \rightarrow \tau\mu$ (CMS)	1.51% [22]	$Y_{\mu\tau} < 2.55 \times 10^{-3}$
	0.84%	$Y_{\mu\tau} = 1.87 \times 10^{-3}$
$h \rightarrow \tau\mu$ (ATLAS)	1.43% [24]	$Y_{\mu\tau} < 2.45 \times 10^{-3}$
	0.77% [25]	$Y_{\mu\tau} = 1.79 \times 10^{-3}$
$h \rightarrow \tau\mu$ (CMS) + $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$	0.84%, $5.7 \times 10^{-13}$	$Y_{e\tau} < 2.13 \times 10^{-5}$
$h \rightarrow \tau\mu$ (ATLAS) + $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$	0.77%, $5.7 \times 10^{-13}$	$Y_{e\tau} < 2.23 \times 10^{-5}$
$h \rightarrow \tau e$ (CMS)	0.69% [23]	$Y_{e\tau} < 1.69 \times 10^{-3}$
$h \rightarrow \tau e$ (ATLAS)	1.04% [24]	$Y_{e\tau} < 2.08 \times 10^{-3}$
$h \rightarrow e\mu$ (CMS)	$3.6 \times 10^{-2}\%$ [23]	$Y_{\mu e} < 3.85 \times 10^{-4}$

hep-ph : 1202.5704, 1209.1397

# H → e τ Future limit

LHC 14 TeV L = 3000 fb

- $pp \rightarrow h \rightarrow e\tau \rightarrow ee + \cancel{E}_T$
- $pp \rightarrow h \rightarrow e\tau \rightarrow \mu e + \cancel{E}_T$
- $pp \rightarrow h \rightarrow e\tau \rightarrow e\tau_{had} + \cancel{E}_T$

Madgraph5 + Pythia6 + Delphes3 analysis (cut based + TMVA )

- The transverse mass variable:  $M_T(\mu) < 65$  GeV and  $M_T(e) > 50$  GeV, where the transverse mass is defined as

$$M_T(\ell) = \sqrt{2p_T(\ell)\cancel{E}_T(1 - \cos \Delta\phi_{\vec{\ell}-\vec{\cancel{E}}_T})} \quad (3.3)$$

- The collinear mass variable:  $105$  GeV  $< M_{collinear}^{\mu e} < 145$  GeV, where the collinear mass is the following,

$$M_h = M_{collinear} = \frac{M_{vis}}{\sqrt{x_{\tau vis}}}, \quad (3.4)$$

with the visible momentum fraction of the  $\tau$  decay products being,  $x_{\tau vis} = \frac{|\vec{p}_T^{\tau vis}|}{|\vec{p}_T^{\tau vis}| + |\vec{p}_T^\nu|}$ ,

where  $\vec{p}_T^\nu = |\vec{\cancel{E}}_T| \hat{p}_T^{\tau vis}$

# H → e τ Future limit

LHC 14 TeV L = 3000 fb

*eμ+MET channel: L=3000fb<sup>-1</sup>*

*signal(Br(H → eτ)=0.1%) ~ 1600 SM bkg ~ 48000*

$$\frac{s}{\sqrt{B}} \sim 2 \text{ for } Br(H \rightarrow e\tau) = 0.03\%$$

$$\frac{s}{\sqrt{B+k^2B^2}} \text{ with } k=0.1, \sim 2\sigma \text{ for } Br(h \rightarrow e\tau) = 0.6\%$$

Limit from hadronic channel is weaker than the leptonic channel

Combination will help to strengthen the limit



# H- $\rightarrow$ e mu Future limit

p p  $\rightarrow$  h  $\rightarrow$  e mu

- $p_T(e) > 40$  GeV and  $p_T(\mu) > 40$  GeV
- $|\eta_e| < 1.479$  and  $|\eta_\mu| < 0.8$  (in the barrel)
- $\cancel{E}_T < 20$  GeV
- $123$  GeV  $< m_h < 127$  GeV.

signal = 1435 for Br(H- $\rightarrow$  e mu) = 0.01 % and bkg ~13900  
2 sigma w.o systematic uncertainty .0017%

# H → e tau Future limit (ILC 250 GeV)

- $e^+e^- \rightarrow Zh, h \rightarrow \tau e$ , with  $Z \rightarrow 2j$  and  $\tau \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu$  or  $\tau$  tagged as  $\tau_{had}$

Channel	BR % ( $\mathcal{S}^{optimal}$ )
$e + \mu + \geq 2j + \cancel{E}_T$	0.96 ( $2\sigma$ )
	3.39 ( $5\sigma$ )
$2e + \geq 2j + \cancel{E}_T$	3.93 ( $2\sigma$ )
	> 10 ( $5\sigma$ )
$e + \tau_{had} + \geq 2j + \cancel{E}_T$	0.44 ( $2\sigma$ )
	1.54 ( $5\sigma$ )

Limited by statistics

# H $\rightarrow$ e tau Future limit (ILC 1TeV)

- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \cancel{E}h, h \rightarrow \tau e$ , with  $\tau \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu$  or  $\tau$  tagged as  $\tau_{had}$ .

Channel	BR % ( $\mathcal{S}^{optimal}$ )
$e + \mu + \cancel{E}$	0.63 ( $2\sigma$ )
	1.68 ( $5\sigma$ )
$2e + \cancel{E}$	2.75 ( $2\sigma$ )
	7.22 ( $5\sigma$ )
$e + \tau_{had} + \cancel{E}$	0.24 ( $2\sigma$ )
	0.62 ( $5\sigma$ )

Limited by statistics => combination of different channel will improve the limit

## BELLE II accessible branching

$$Br(\tau \rightarrow \mu \gamma) \sim 10^{-9}$$

$$Y_{\tau\mu} \sim 0.002$$

$$Br(h \rightarrow \tau \mu) \sim 0.5\%$$

Collider limit is comparable/stronger than BELLE II limit

# Summary

1. Higgs  $\rightarrow$   $\mu$   $\tau$  /  $e$   $\tau$  Direct search limit is already better than low energy experimental results
2. ILC limits may not be very different from the LHC limit

# Summary

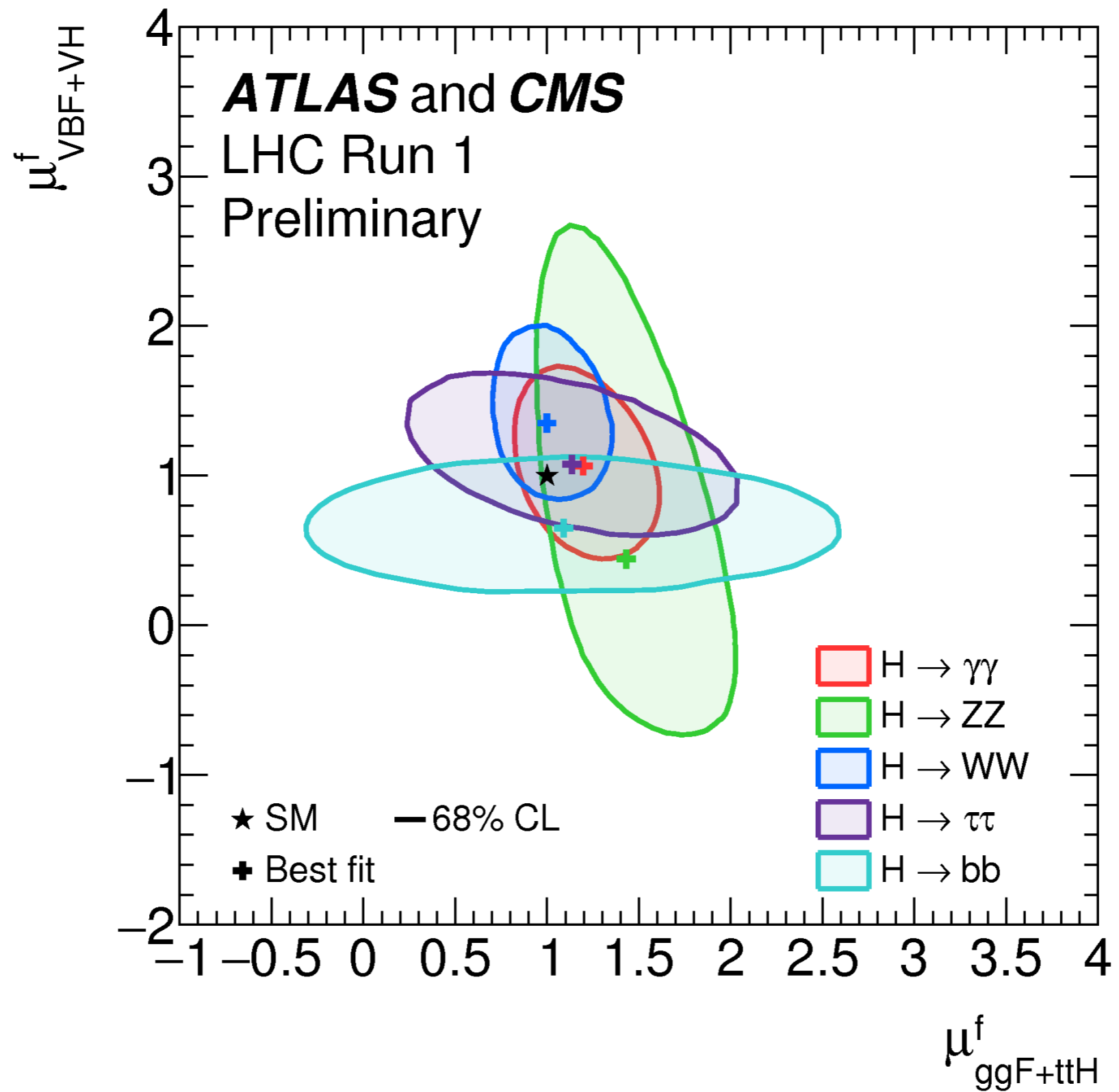
1. Higgs  $\rightarrow$   $\mu$   $\tau$  /  $e$   $\tau$  Direct search limit is already better than low energy experimental results
2. ILC limits may not be very different from the LHC limit
3. Upper limits on Branchings can be slightly modified in case of non SM production cross section/ decay width
4. Other search channels like  $ZH$  ,  $t\bar{t}H$  should be studied  
( $p p \rightarrow Zh$  ,  $h \rightarrow \tau \mu$  ,  $Z \rightarrow ll$  : 3/4 lepton search)  
( $p p \rightarrow t\bar{t}H$  ,  $h \rightarrow \tau \mu$  : same sign  $ll$ , 3/4  $l$  searches)
5. Complex coupling/ CP violation ???

*Thank you*

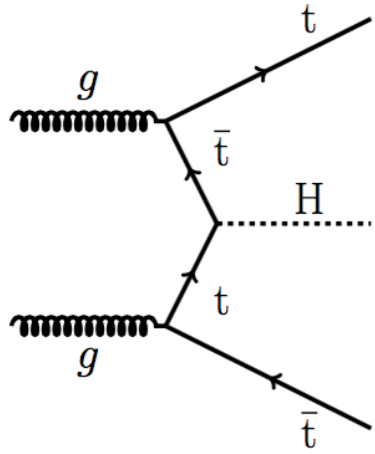
# Effective Lagrangian

$$L_V \equiv -Y_{e\mu}\bar{e}_L\mu_R h - Y_{\mu e}\bar{\mu}_L e_R h - Y_{e\tau}\bar{e}_L\tau_R h - Y_{\tau e}\bar{\tau}_L e_R h - Y_{\mu\tau}\bar{\mu}_L\tau_R h - Y_{\tau\mu}\bar{\tau}_L\mu_R h$$

$\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$ $\tau \rightarrow 3\mu$ Muon EDM  Muon $g-2$ $\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$ (f) (Belle-II/super KEKB)	$4.4 \times 10^{-8}$ [70, 71] $2.1 \times 10^{-8}$ [70, 71] $-10 \times 10^{-20} e \text{ cm} <$ $ d_\mu $ $< 8 \times 10^{-20} e \text{ cm}$ [73] — $10^{-9}$ [85]	$Y_{\mu\tau} < 0.011$ $Y_{\mu\tau} < 0.176$ $-0.8 \lesssim$ $ \text{Im}(Y_{\mu\tau}Y_{\tau\mu})  \lesssim 1.0$  $\text{Re}(Y_{\mu\tau}Y_{\tau\mu}) < (2.7 \pm 0.75) \times 10^{-3}$ $Y_{\mu\tau} < 0.0017$
$\tau \rightarrow e\gamma$ $\tau \rightarrow 3e$ Electron $g-2$ Electron EDM $\tau \rightarrow e\gamma$ (f) (Belle-II/super KEKB)	$3.3 \times 10^{-8}$ [70, 71] $2.7 \times 10^{-8}$ [70, 71] — $ d_e  \leq 0.105 \times 10^{-26} e \text{ cm}$ $10^{-9}$ [85]	$Y_{e\tau} < 0.0099$ $Y_{e\tau} < 0.085$ $\text{Re}(Y_{e\tau}Y_{\tau e}) < [-2.1, 2.9] \times 10^{-3}$ $ \text{Im}(Y_{e\tau}Y_{\tau e})  < 1.1 \times 10^{-8}$ $Y_{e\tau} < 0.00172$
$\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$ $\mu \rightarrow 3e$ Electron $g-2$ Electron EDM $\mu \rightarrow e$ conversion $M - \bar{M}$ oscillations $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$ (f) (MEG-II)	$5.7 \times 10^{-13}$ [70, 71] $1.0 \times 10^{-12}$ [70, 71] — $ d_e  \leq 0.105 \times 10^{-26} e \text{ cm}$ — — $4 \times 10^{-14}$ [84]	$Y_{\mu e} < 1.24 \times 10^{-6}$ $Y_{\mu e} < 2.19 \times 10^{-5}$ $\text{Re}(Y_{e\mu}Y_{\mu e}) < [-0.019, 0.026]$ $ \text{Im}(Y_{e\mu}Y_{\mu e})  < 9.8 \times 10^{-8}$ $Y_{\mu e} < 8.49 \times 10^{-6}$ $ Y_{\mu e} + Y_{e\mu}^*  < 0.079$ $Y_{\mu e} < 3.28 \times 10^{-7}$
$\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$	$5.7 \times 10^{-13}$	$Y_{\mu\tau}Y_{e\tau} < 3.98 \times 10^{-8}$







ttH channel	Best-fit $\mu$	95% CL upper limits on $\mu = \sigma/\sigma_{SM}$ ( $m_H = 125.6$ GeV)					
		Observed	Observed	Median signal-injected	Expected		
					Median	68% CL range	95% CL range
$\gamma\gamma$	$+2.7^{+2.6}_{-1.8}$	7.4	5.7	4.7	[3.1, 7.6]	[2.2, 11.7]	
$b\bar{b}$	$+0.7^{+1.9}_{-1.9}$	4.1	5.0	3.5	[2.5, 5.0]	[1.9, 6.7]	
$\tau_h\bar{\tau}_h$	$-1.3^{+6.3}_{-5.5}$	13.0	16.2	14.2	[9.5, 21.7]	[6.9, 32.5]	
4l	$-4.7^{+5.0}_{-1.3}$	6.8	11.9	8.8	[5.7, 14.3]	[4.0, 22.5]	
3l	$+3.1^{+2.4}_{-2.0}$	7.5	5.0	4.1	[2.8, 6.3]	[2.0, 9.5]	
Same-sign 2l	$+5.3^{+2.1}_{-1.8}$	9.0	3.6	3.4	[2.3, 5.0]	[1.7, 7.2]	
Combined	$+2.8^{+1.0}_{-0.9}$	4.5	2.7	1.7	[1.2, 2.5]	[0.9, 3.5]	

	ee	e $\mu$	$\mu\mu$	3 $\ell$	4 $\ell$
ttH, H $\rightarrow$ WW	$1.0 \pm 0.1$	$3.2 \pm 0.4$	$2.4 \pm 0.3$	$3.4 \pm 0.5$	$0.29 \pm 0.04$
ttH, H $\rightarrow$ ZZ	—	$0.1 \pm 0.0$	$0.1 \pm 0.0$	$0.2 \pm 0.0$	$0.09 \pm 0.02$
ttH, H $\rightarrow$ $\tau\tau$	$0.3 \pm 0.0$	$1.0 \pm 0.1$	$0.7 \pm 0.1$	$1.1 \pm 0.2$	$0.15 \pm 0.02$
ttW	$4.3 \pm 0.6$	$16.5 \pm 2.3$	$10.4 \pm 1.5$	$10.3 \pm 1.9$	—
ttZ/ $\gamma^*$	$1.8 \pm 0.4$	$4.9 \pm 0.9$	$2.9 \pm 0.5$	$8.4 \pm 1.7$	$1.12 \pm 0.62$
ttWW	$0.1 \pm 0.0$	$0.4 \pm 0.1$	$0.3 \pm 0.0$	$0.4 \pm 0.1$	$0.04 \pm 0.02$
tt $\gamma$	$1.3 \pm 0.3$	$1.9 \pm 0.5$	—	$2.6 \pm 0.6$	—
WZ	$0.6 \pm 0.6$	$1.5 \pm 1.7$	$1.0 \pm 1.1$	$3.9 \pm 0.7$	—
ZZ	—	$0.1 \pm 0.1$	$0.1 \pm 0.0$	$0.3 \pm 0.1$	$0.47 \pm 0.10$
Rare SM bkg.	$0.4 \pm 0.1$	$1.6 \pm 0.4$	$1.1 \pm 0.3$	$0.8 \pm 0.3$	$0.01 \pm 0.00$
Non-prompt	$7.6 \pm 2.5$	$20.0 \pm 4.4$	$11.9 \pm 4.2$	$33.3 \pm 7.5$	$0.43 \pm 0.22$
Charge misidentified	$1.8 \pm 0.5$	$2.3 \pm 0.7$	—	—	—
All signals	$1.4 \pm 0.2$	$4.3 \pm 0.6$	$3.1 \pm 0.4$	$4.7 \pm 0.7$	$0.54 \pm 0.08$
All backgrounds	$18.0 \pm 2.7$	$49.3 \pm 5.4$	$27.7 \pm 4.7$	$59.8 \pm 8.0$	$2.07 \pm 0.67$
Data	19	51	41	68	1

*Higgs LFV contribution can be important in muon channels : 1505.02688, (BB, S. Chakraborty, S. Mukherjee)*

**ATLAS : best fit value of signal strength in multi-lepton channel  $2.1^{+1.4}_{-1.2}$  (1506.05888)**