

Test of resistive Kapton LEM in double phase LAr TPC

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on behalf of

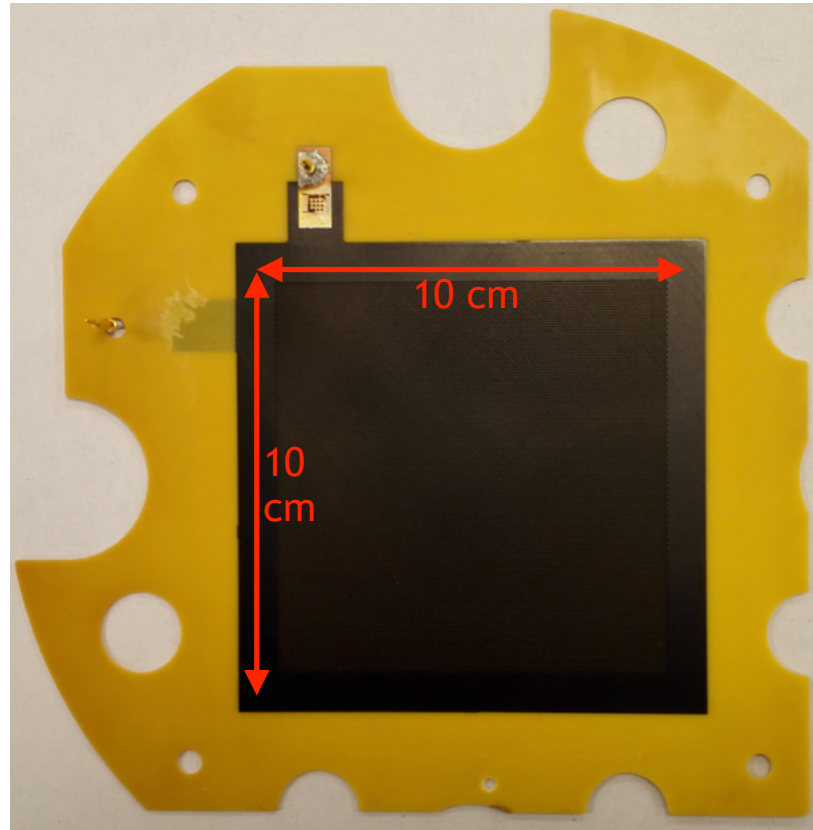
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Regenfus, A. Rubbia, T. Viant, and S. Wu

IPP, ETH Zurich

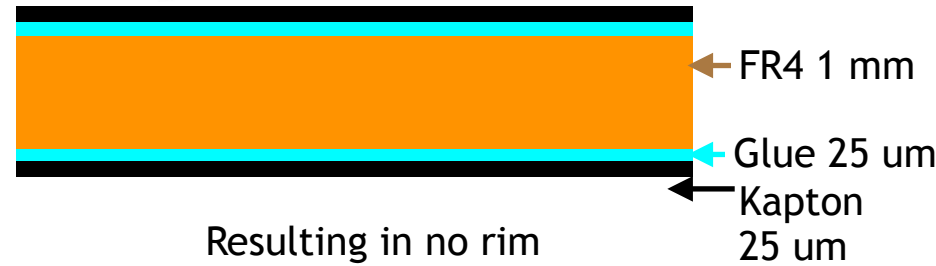
RD51 mini week
07.06.2016

- Resistive Kapton LEM tests in room temperature gases.
- Resistive Kapton LEM test in double phase LAr TPC.
- Conclusion.

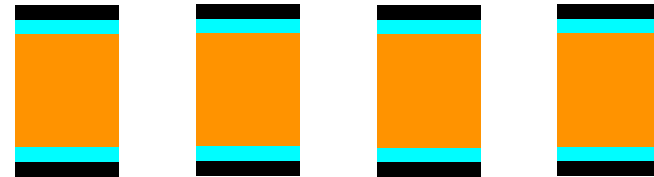
5 M Ω /sq Resistive Kapton LEM



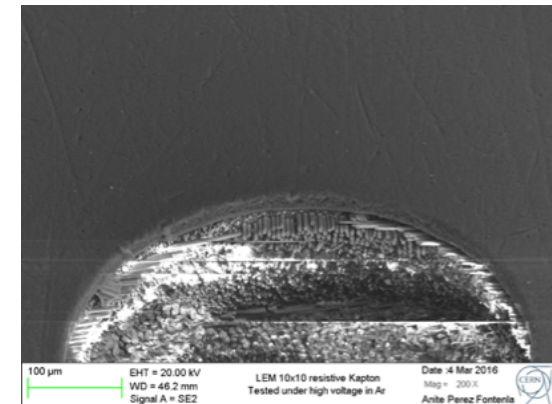
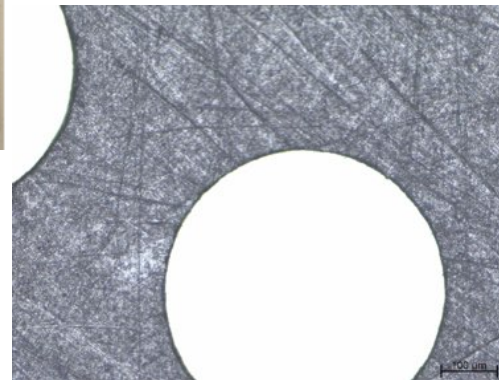
CNC drilling



Resulting in no rim

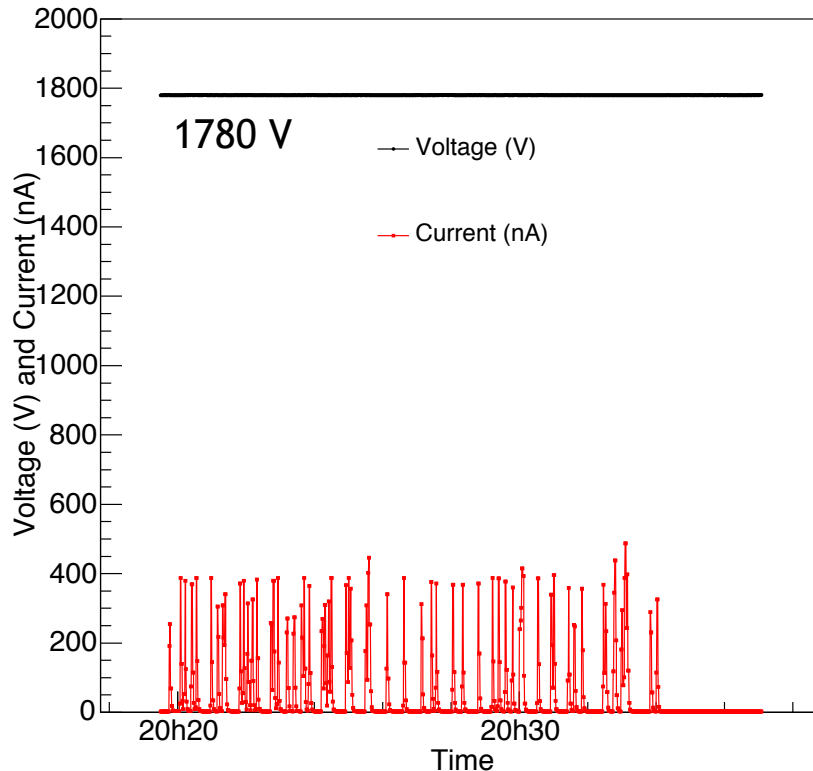


Microscope pictures

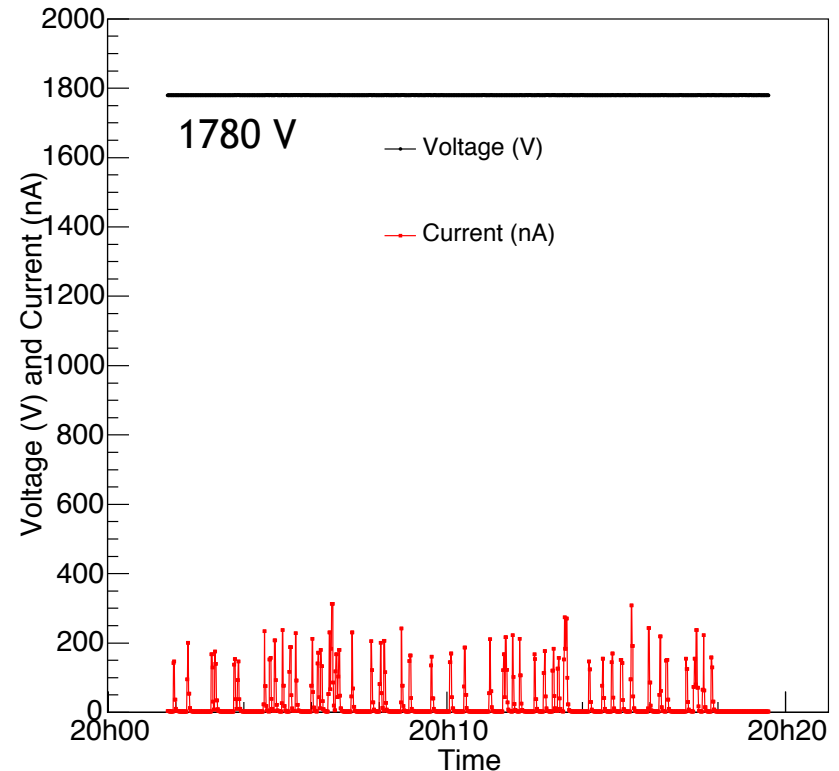


Discharge quenching capability with 1 GOhm series current limiting resistor

Copper LEM with 1 GOhm current limiting resistor in series



RKLEM with 1 GOhm current limiting resistor in series



Condition: pure argon at room temperature

pure argon = Ar with 1 ppm impurity flushing gas box for > 20 volume changes

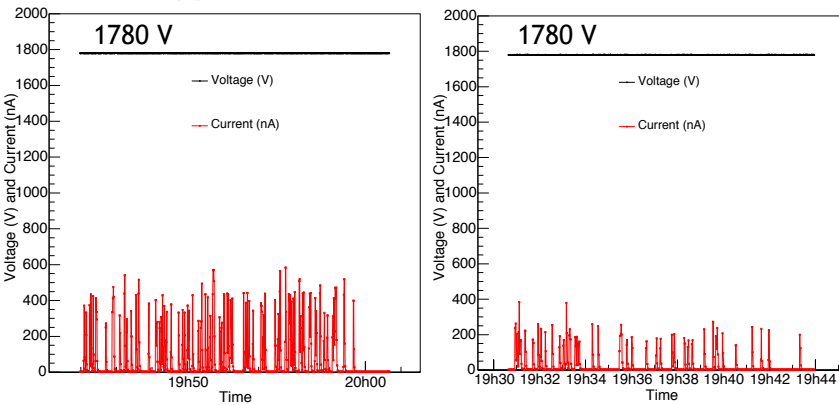
Is it possible to power the RKLEM w/o a current limiting resistor?

500 MOhm current limiting resistor

100 MOhm current limiting resistor

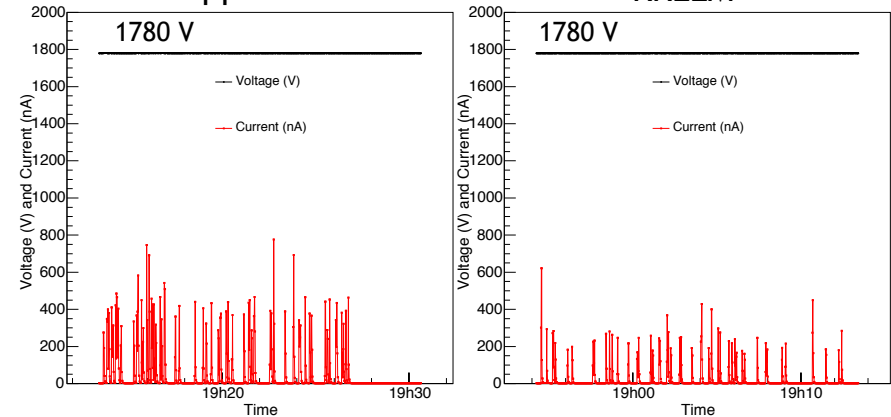
Copper LEM

RKLEM



Copper LEM

RKLEM

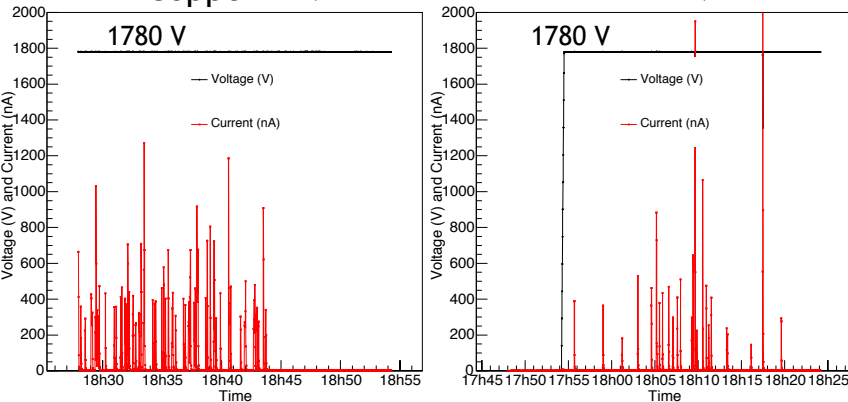


10 MOhm current limiting resistor

1 MOhm current limiting resistor

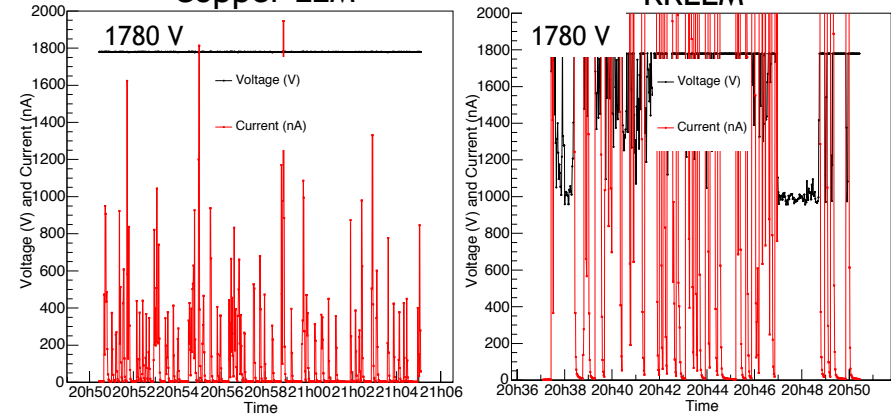
Copper LEM

RKLEM



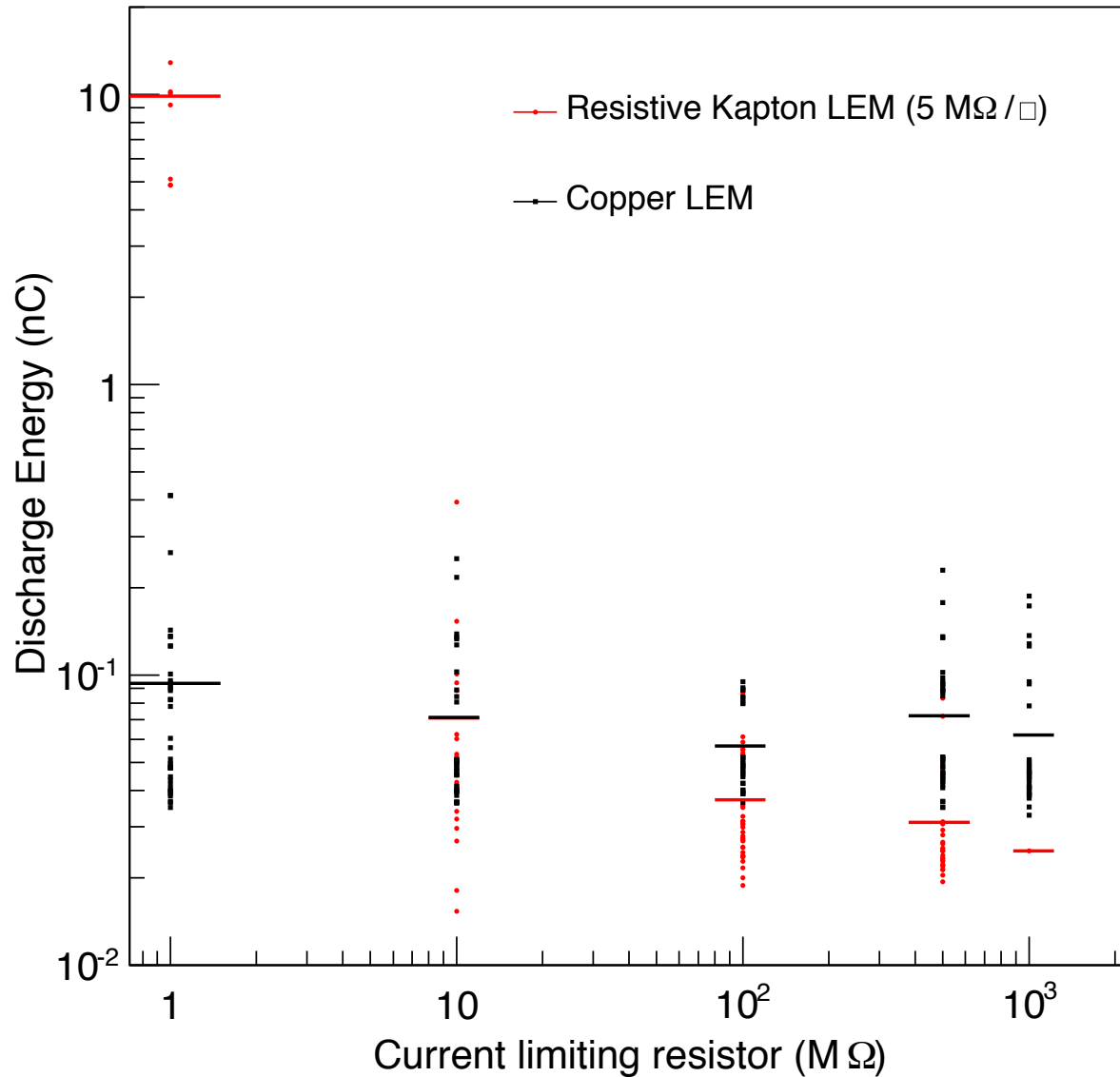
Copper LEM

RKLEM



Condition: pure argon at room temperature

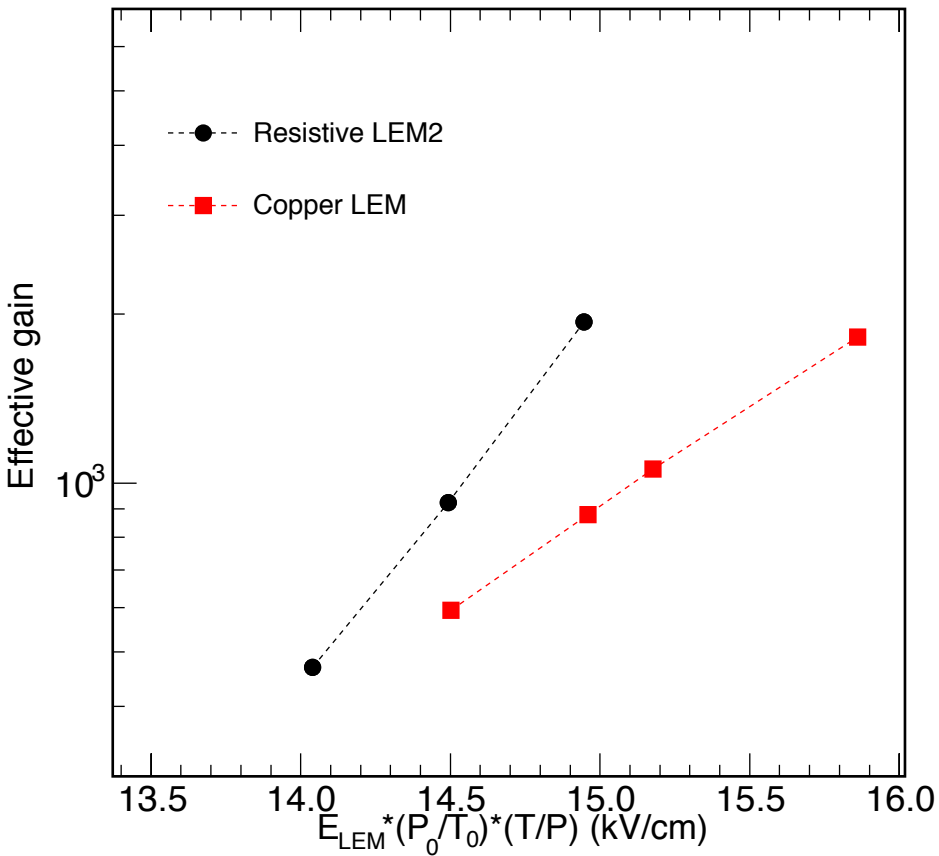
Discharge quenching performance as a function of current limiting resistor



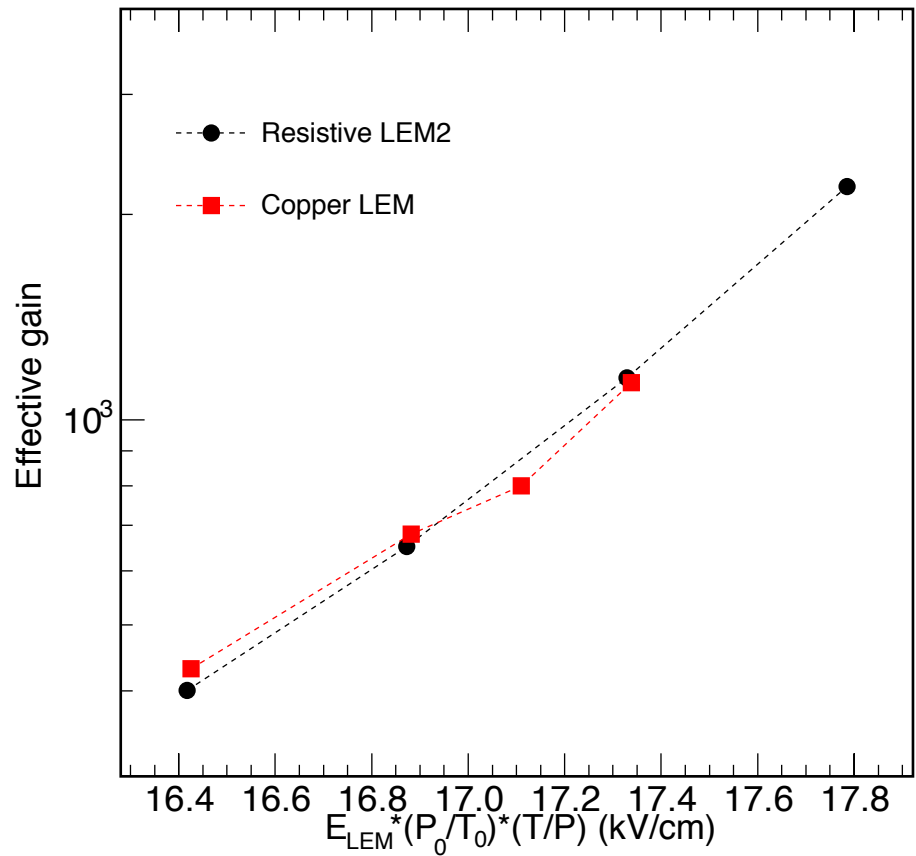
Condition: pure argon at room temperature

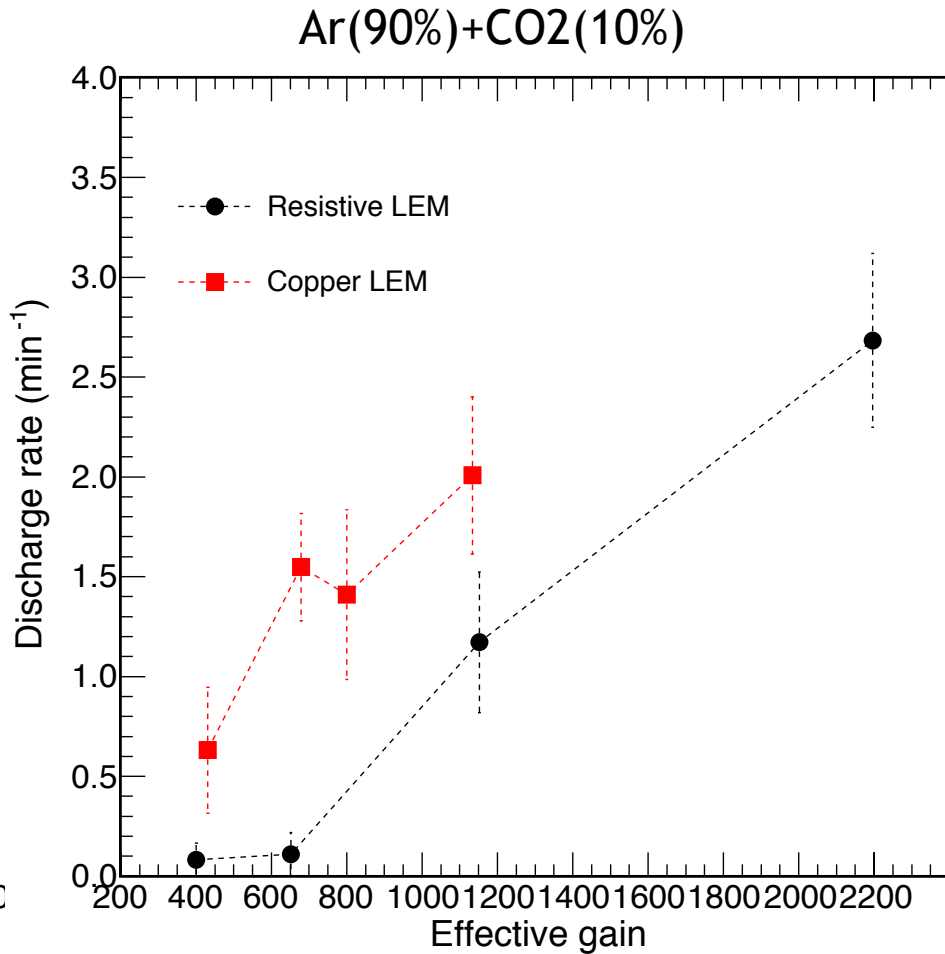
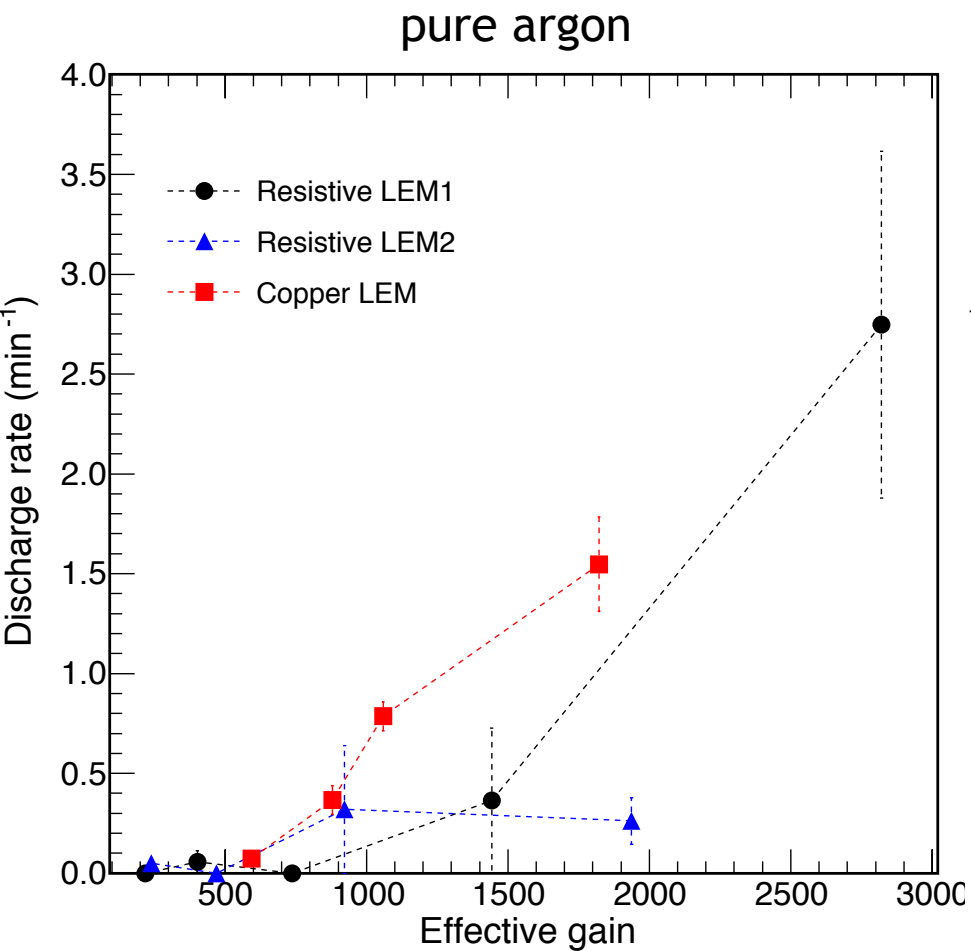
Effective gain of RKLEM and copper LEM (40um rim) in pure argon and Ar(90%)+CO2(10%)

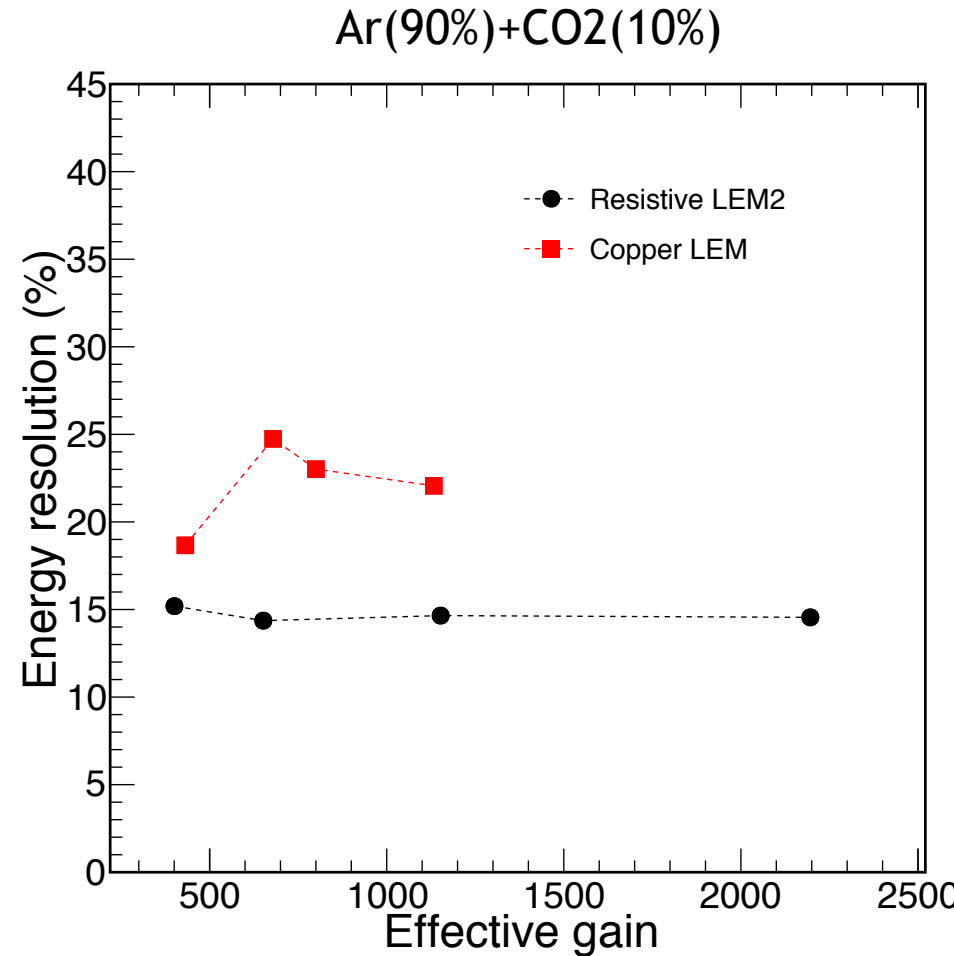
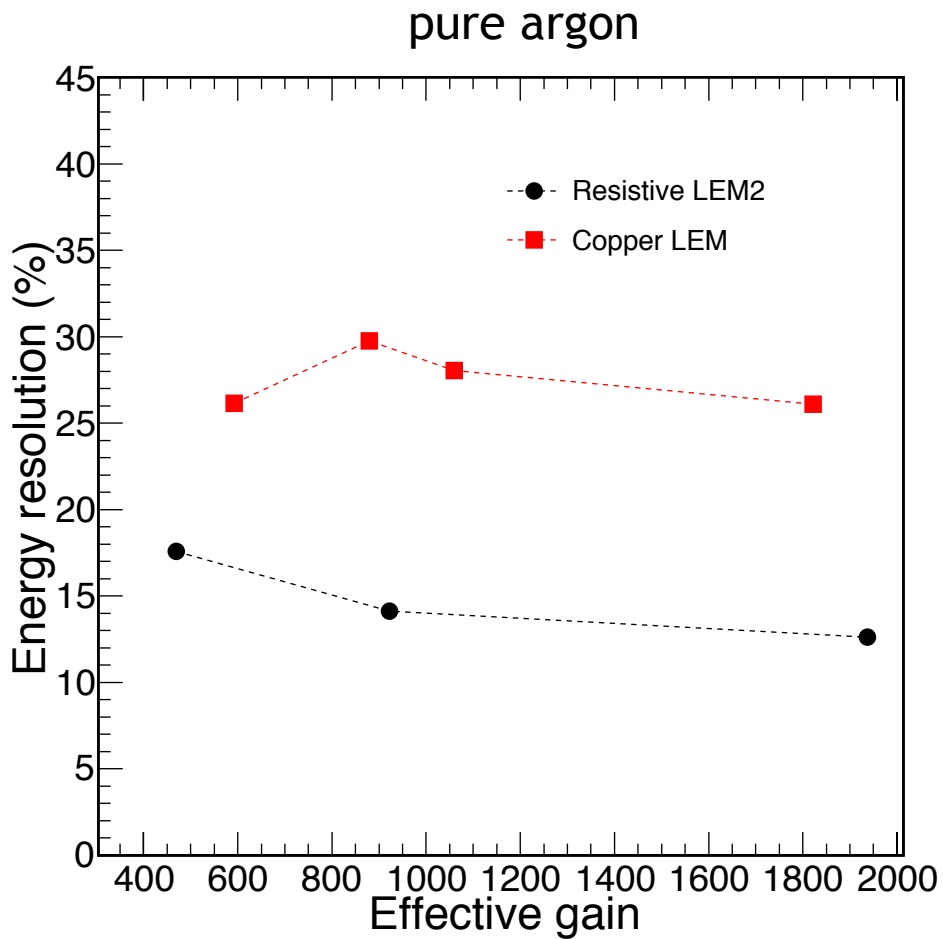
pure argon



Ar(90%)+CO2(10%)

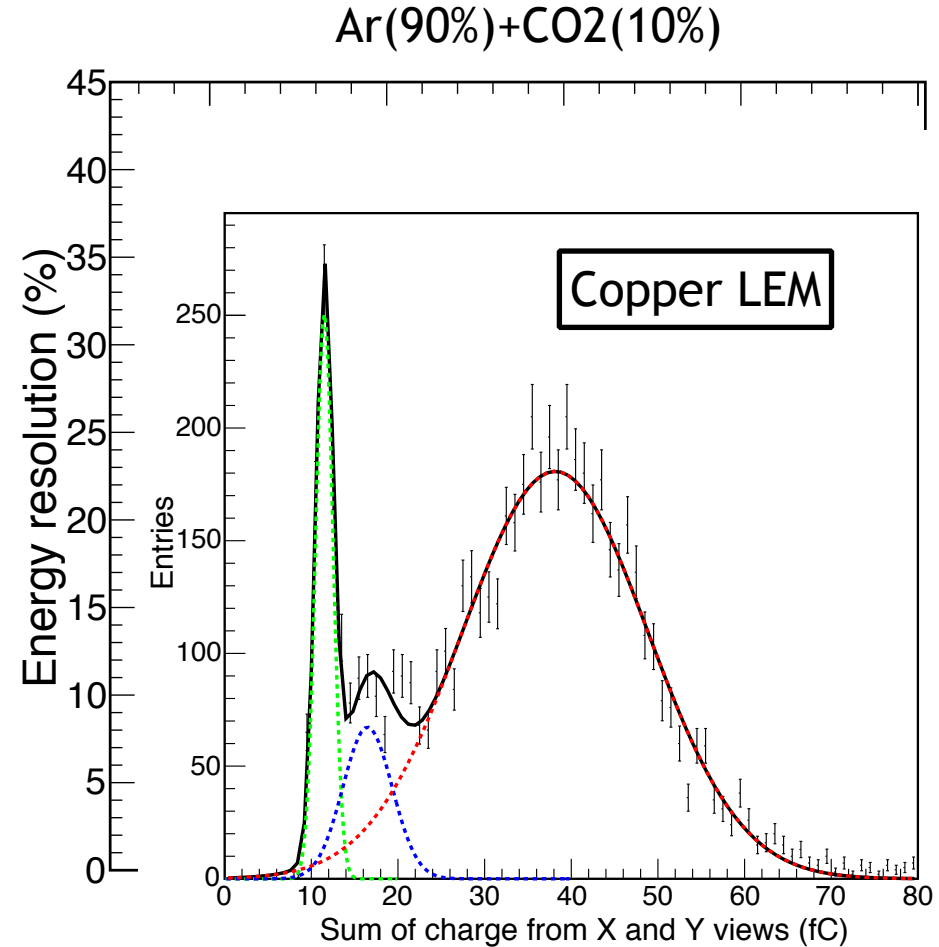
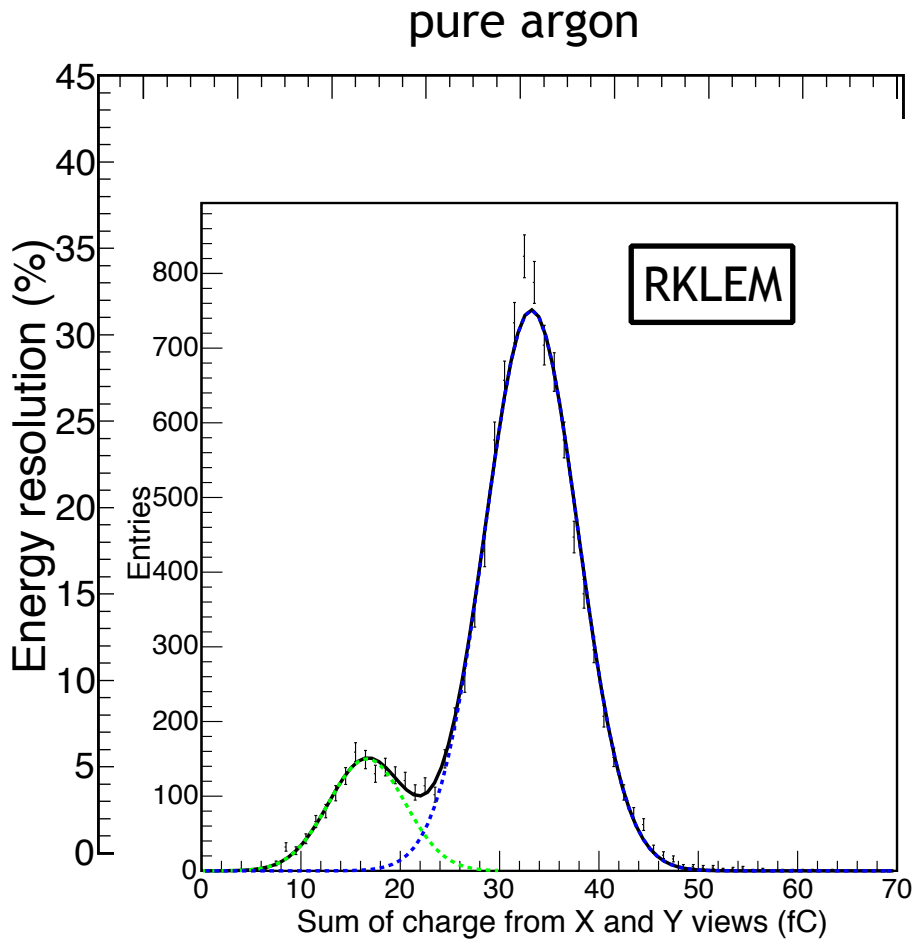


RKLEM has a lower discharge rate than copper LEM
under ^{55}Fe (~ 1 kHz)



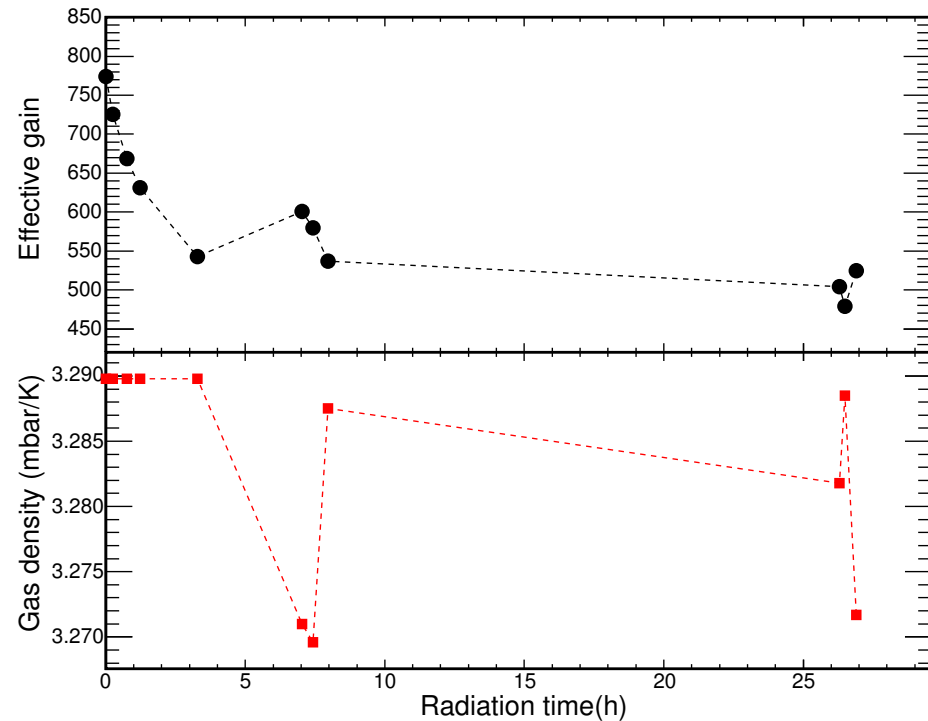
Possible due to 0 rim size? (rim size precision ~5 um for CU LEM)

RKLEM has a better energy resolution

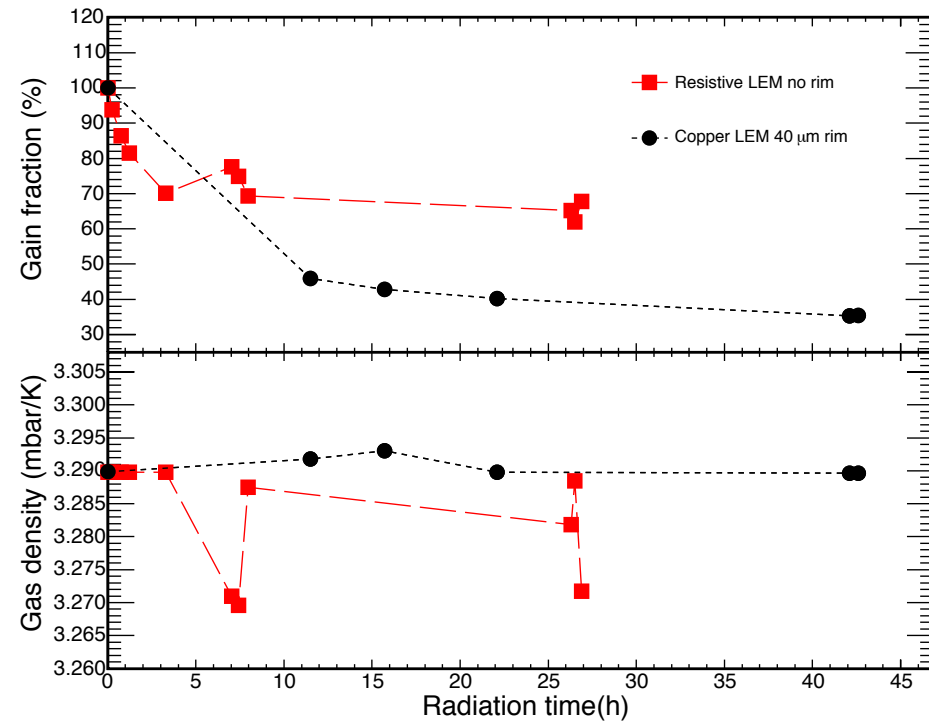


Possible due to 0 rim size? (rim size precision ~5 μm for CU LEM)

RKLEM

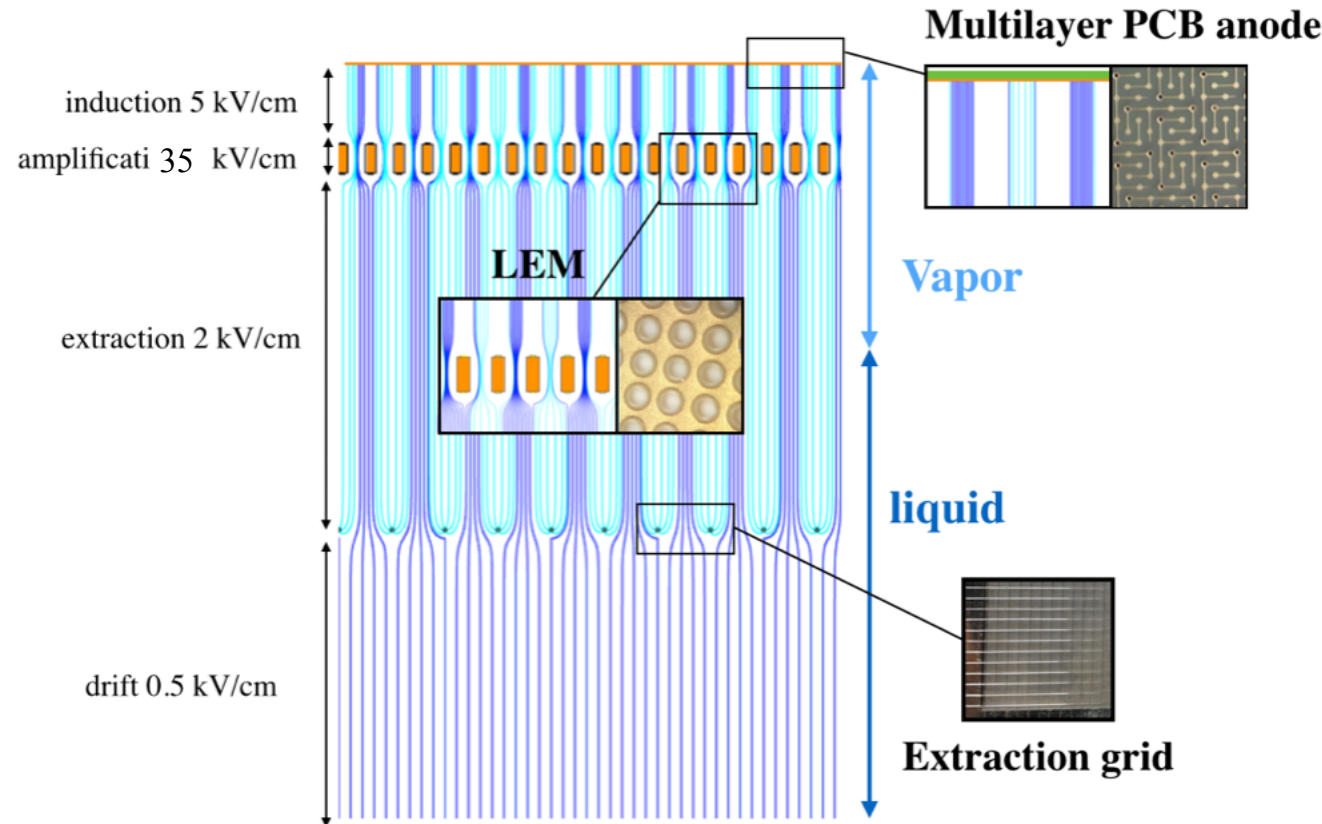
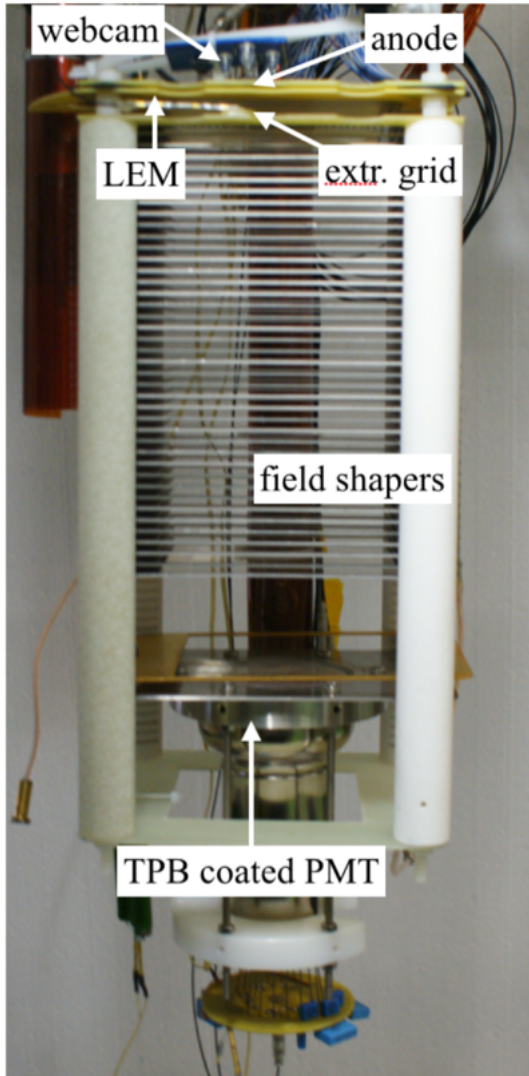


RKLEM and copper LEM

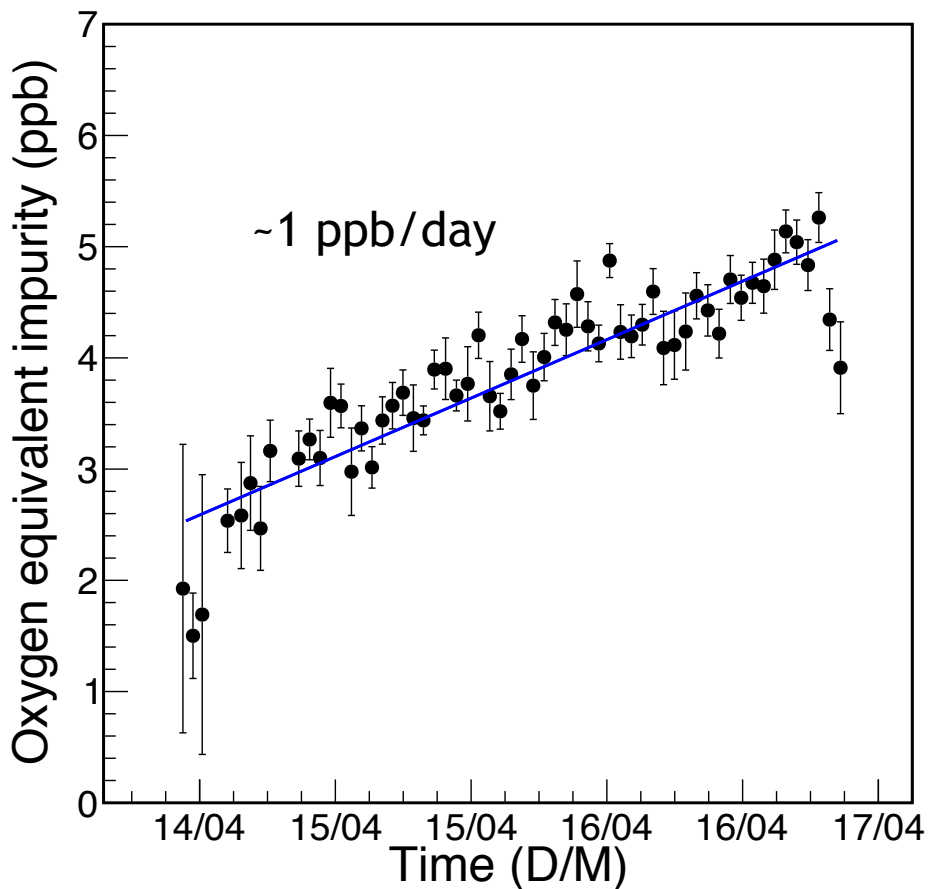


Higher (60%) gain fraction compared to copper LEM (30%) possibly due to zero rim size

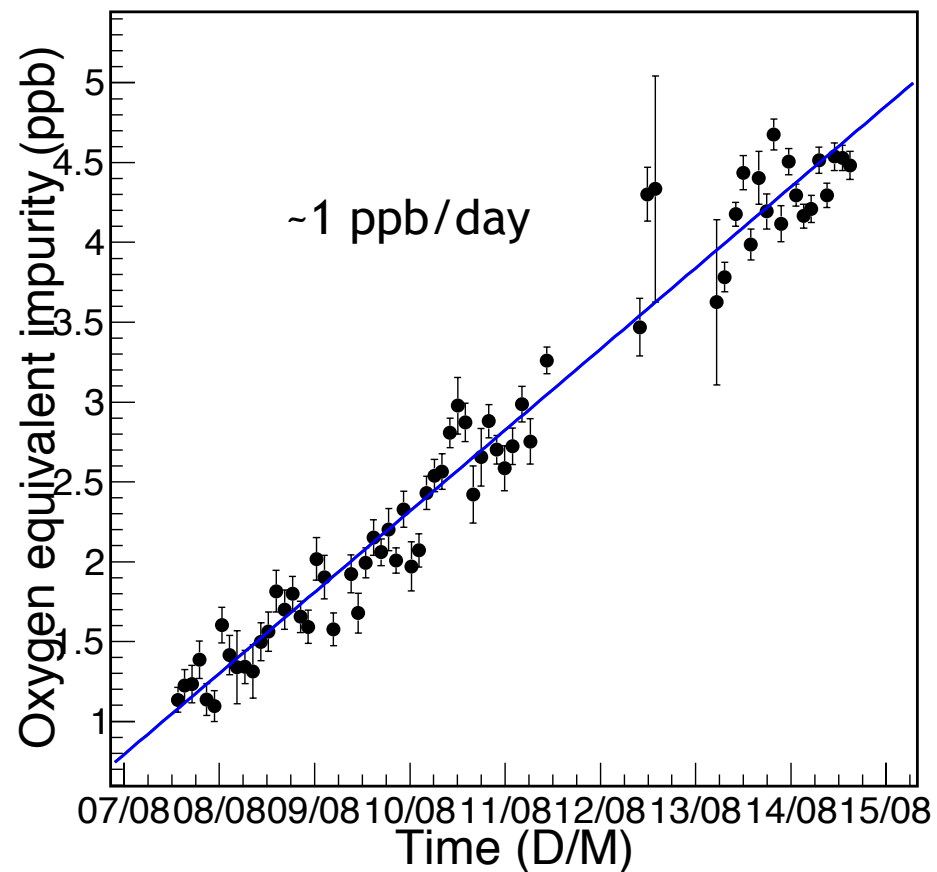
The “3 liter” double phase LAr TPC setup

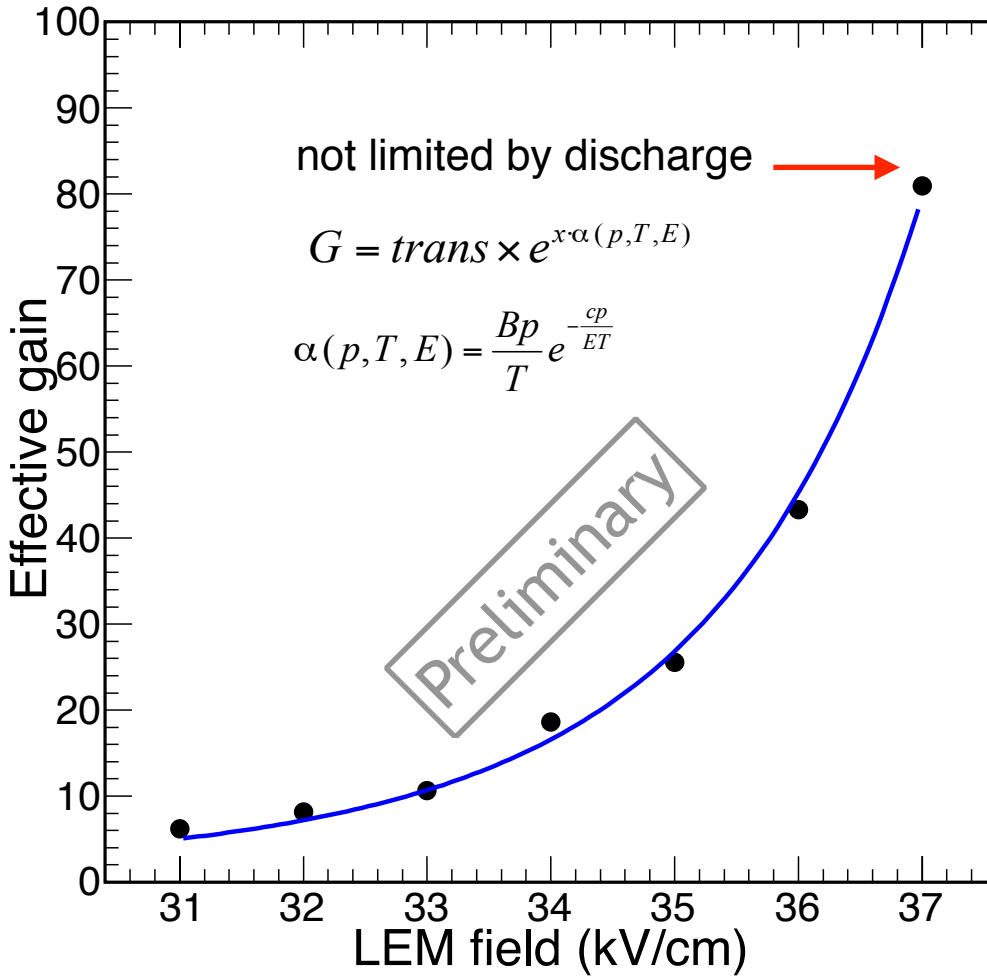


Kapton LEM



Copper LEM

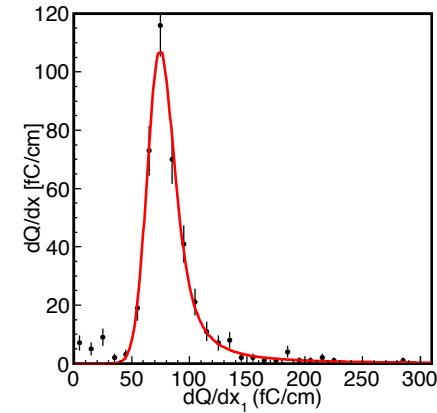
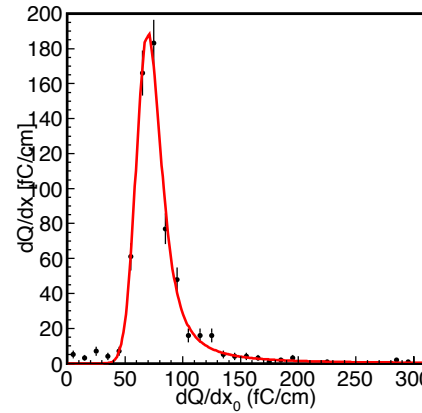


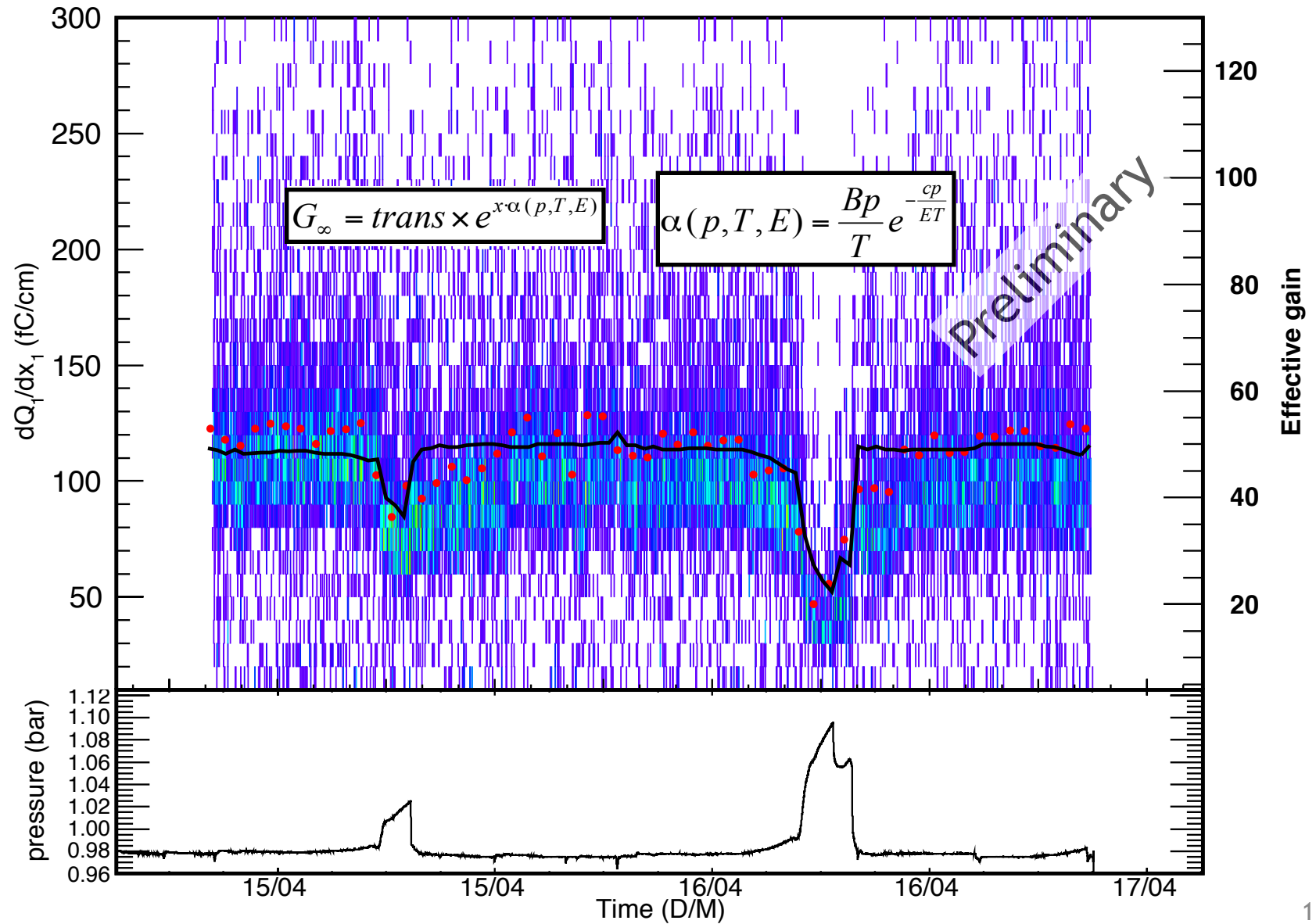


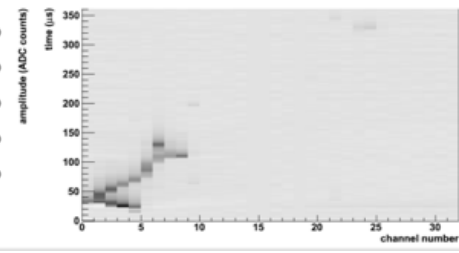
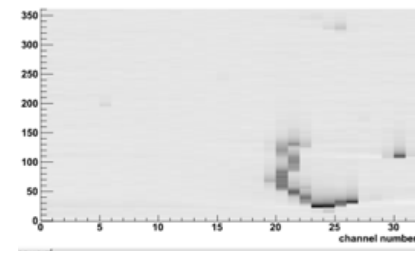
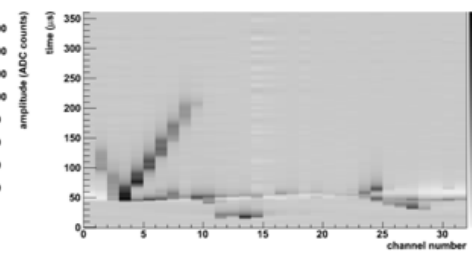
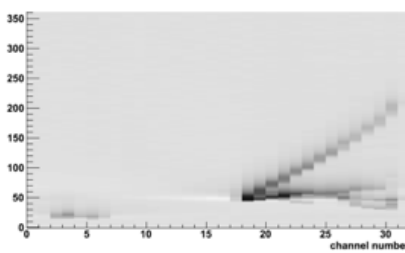
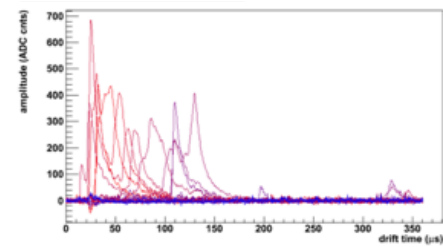
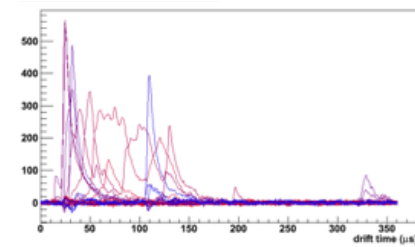
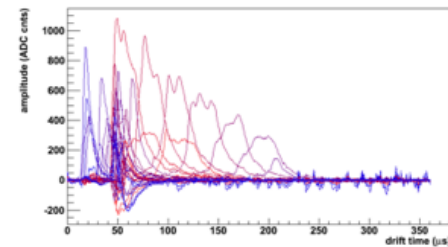
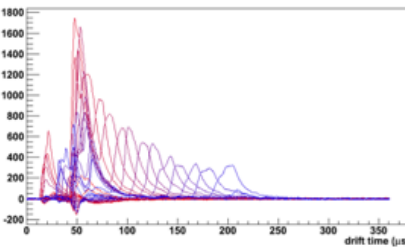
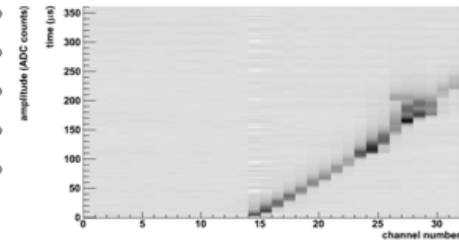
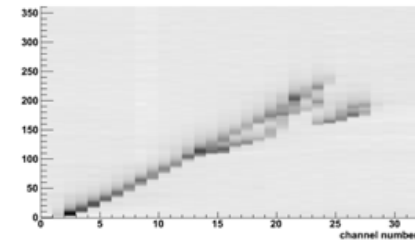
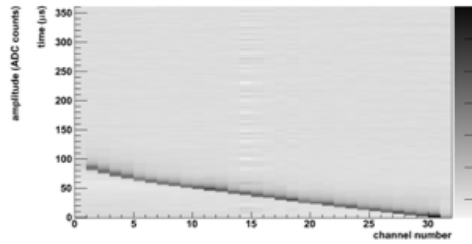
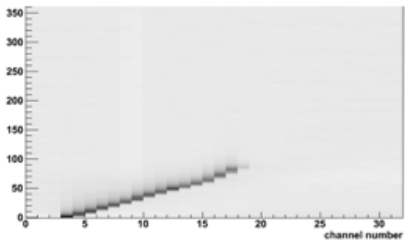
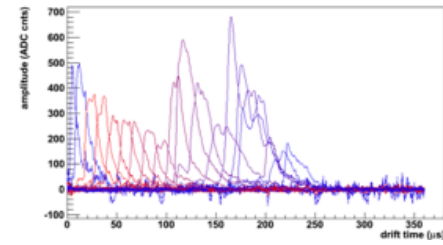
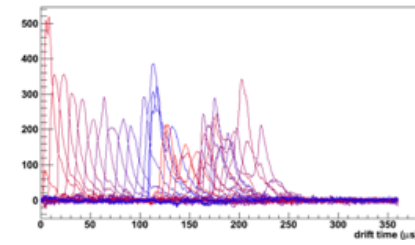
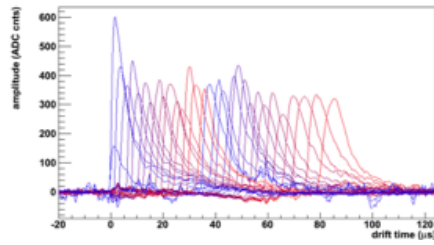
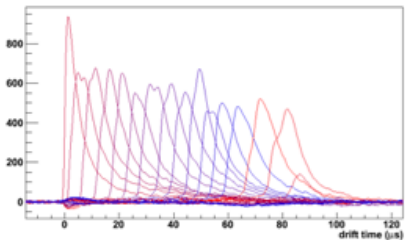
our goal: gain of 20 (SNR > 100)

$$\text{Effective gain} = \frac{\langle dQ/dx_0 \rangle + \langle dQ/dx_1 \rangle}{dQ/dx_{mip}}$$

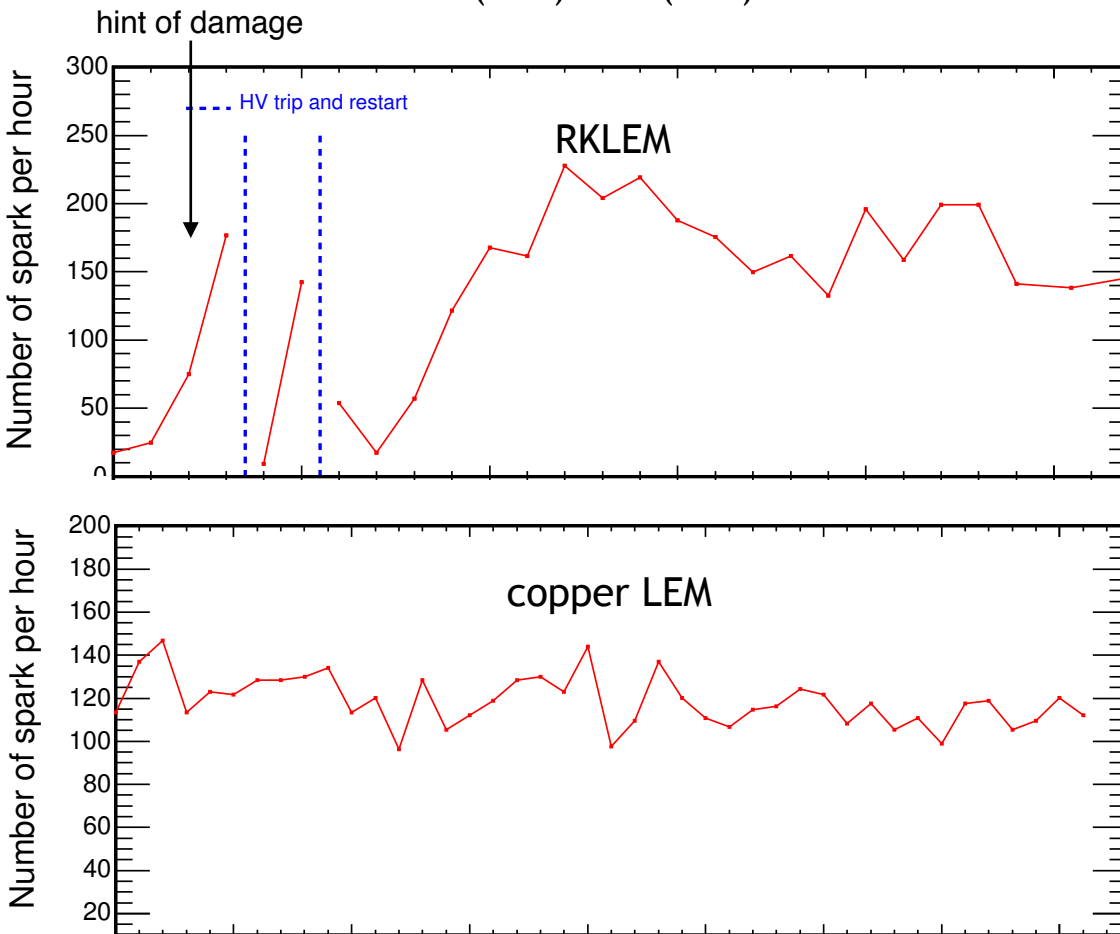
Landau distribution of MIP dQ/dx



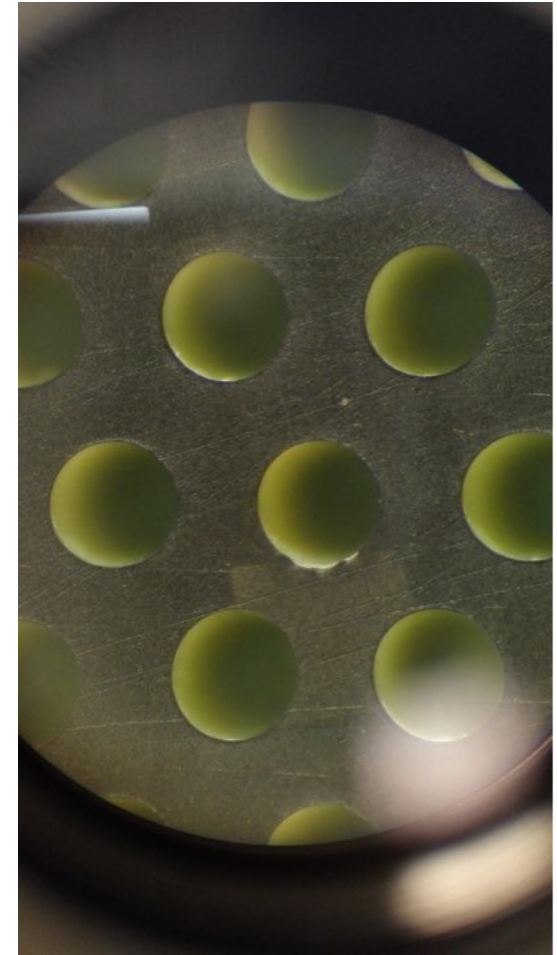




Discharge rate during the ^{55}Fe irradiation
in room T Ar(90%)+CO₂(10%)



The burned hole



- The “damaged” RKLEM did not perform in double phase: gain<10
- The copper LEM performed well in double phase (gain~100) after discharges in warm gas
- The RKLEM performed well in double phase sparked limited times (<10) in gas first.

- The resistive Kapton (5 M Ω /sq) LEM has better energy resolution, lower discharge rate, near half the discharge energy and compatible gain compared to copper LEM with 40 μ m rim in warm pure argon and ar(90%)+co₂(10%).
- 5 M Ω /sq surface resistivity seems not high enough, thus a big resistor in series is needed – this brings dead time during discharges.
- The resistive Kapton LEM has similar performance as the copper LEM in double phase LAr TPC – maximal gain around 100 and stable operation at a gain of 50 over several days.
- However, the Kapton LEM seems less discharge resistant than copper LEM.
- A possible solution to remove the big series resistor and have better discharge resistance will be the DLC (Diamond Like Carbon) with ~1-10 G Ω /sq?

Thank you for your attention!