



ALICE

The O² project

The context

The ALICE upgrade

what

New Inner Tracking System (ITS)
- improved pointing precision
- less material

Muon Forward Tracker (MFT)
- new Si tracker
- improved muon pointing precision

Time Projection Chamber (TPC)
- new GEM RO chambers
- continuous RO
- faster RO electronics

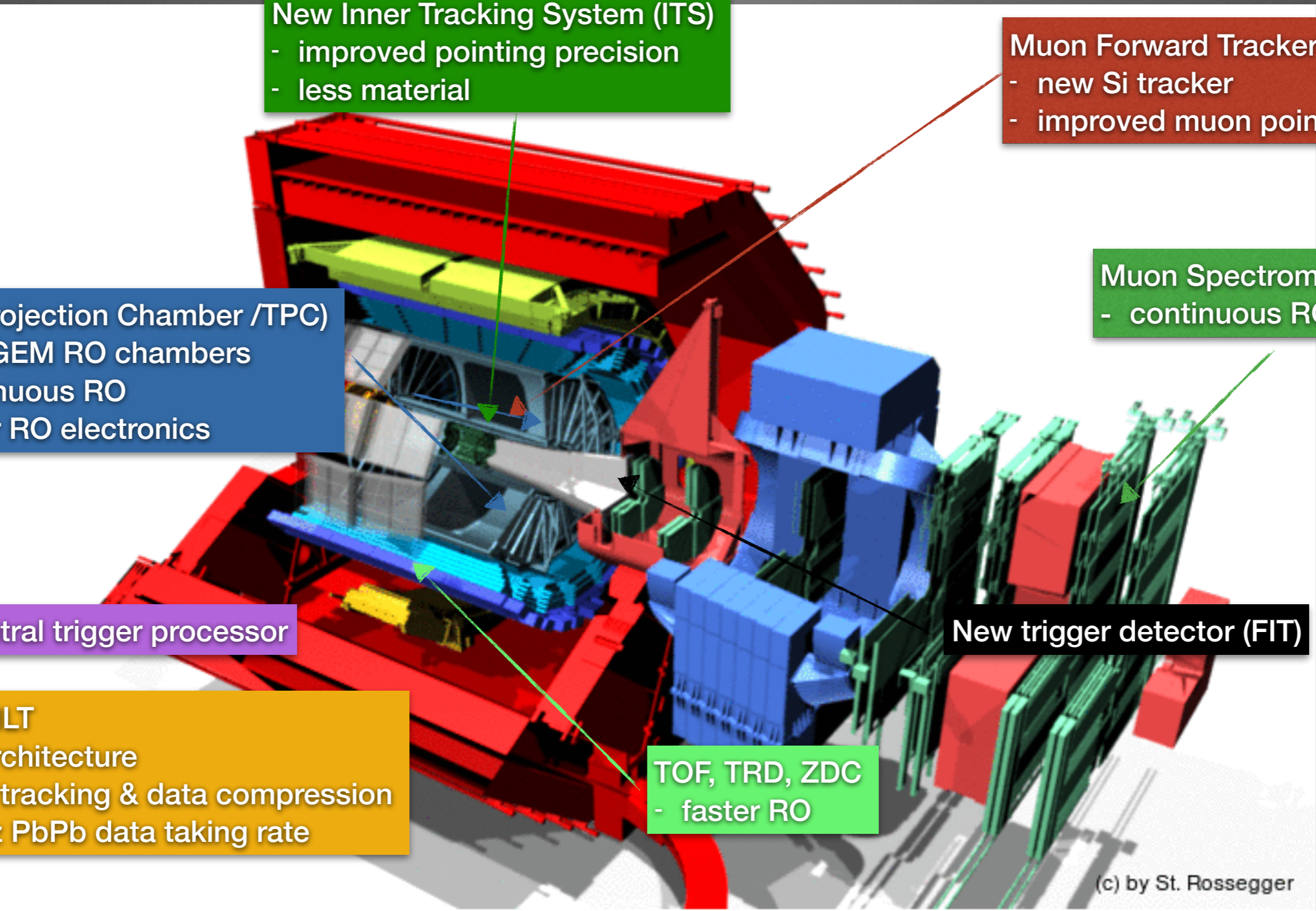
Muon Spectrometer
- continuous RO electronics

New central trigger processor

New trigger detector (FIT)

DAQ & HLT
- new architecture
- online tracking & data compression
- 50 kHz PbPb data taking rate

TOF, TRD, ZDC
- faster RO





(c) by St. Rossegger

objectives

- RUN 1

YEAR	SYSTEM	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (TeV)	$\mathcal{L}_{\text{INTEGRATED}}$
2010	Pb-Pb	2.76	0.01 nb ⁻¹
2011	Pb-Pb	2.76	0.1 nb ⁻¹
2013	p-Pb	5.02	30 nb ⁻¹

- RUN 2 (2015-2018):  1 nb⁻¹ at double $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ and with improved detectors
- RUN 3&4 (2019-2020):  10 nb⁻¹ with upgraded ALICE

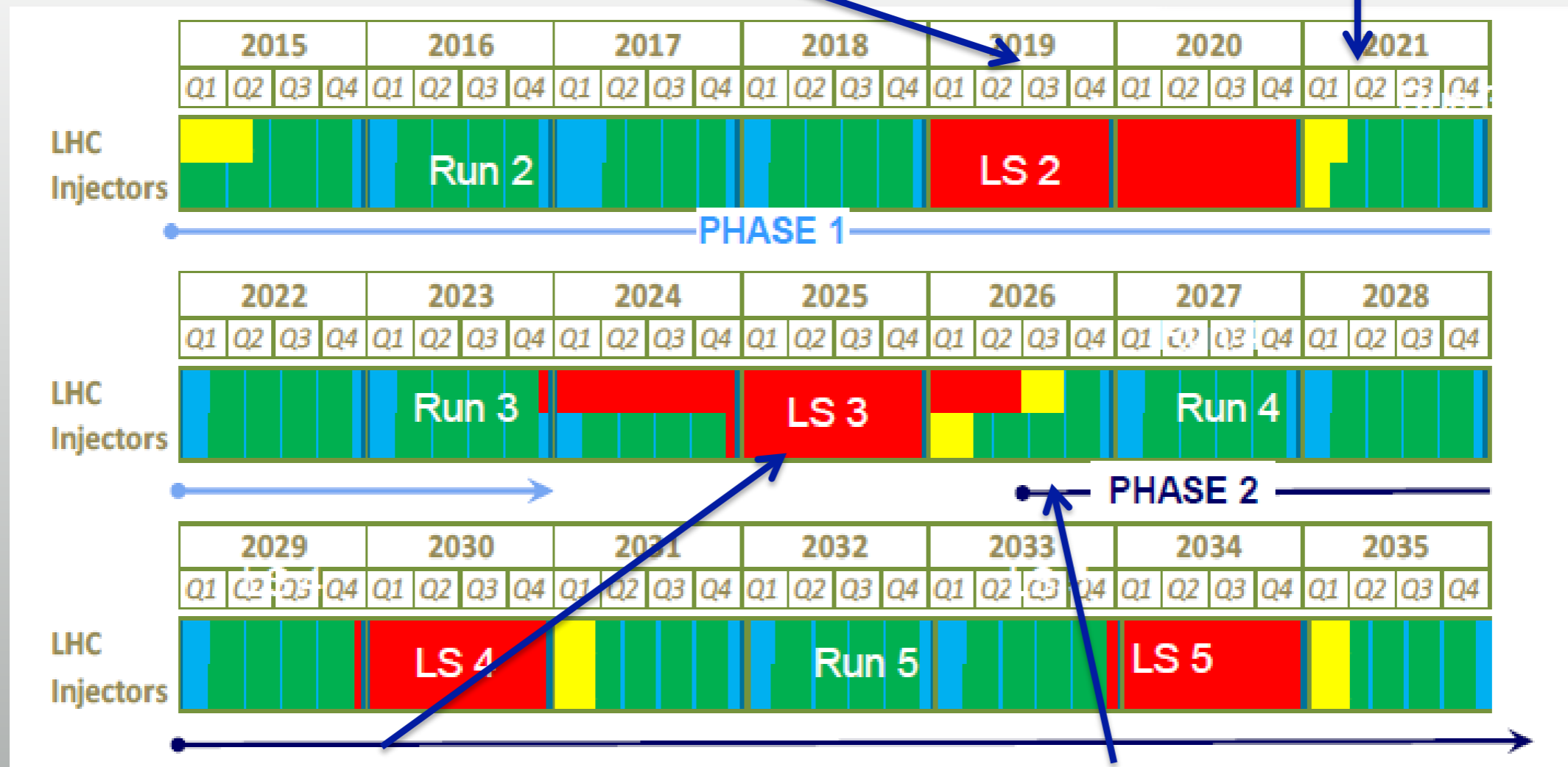
when

PHASE I Upgrade

ALICE, LHCb major upgrade

ATLAS, CMS ,minor' upgrade

Heavy Ion Luminosity
from 10^{27} to 7×10^{27}



PHASE II Upgrade

ATLAS, CMS major upgrade

HL-LHC, pp luminosity

from 10^{34} (peak) to 5×10^{34} (levelled)

Requirements

- **Interaction rate:** 50 kHz Pb-Pb minimum bias ($\times 100$)
- **Events statistics:** $\sim 2\text{-}3 \times 10^{10}$ Pb(p)-Pb and pp events/year during 6 years
- **Event size:** ~ 22 MB/event
- **Max RO rate:** 50 kHz (TPC) \rightarrow 100 kHz (ITS)
- **Max Data rate:** ~ 3.3 TB/s

O²: a paradigm shift

- Read out data for all interactions: 50 kHz
- Online data compression: space points → tracks
- Distribute data to the Grid
- AF: dedicated sites for efficient analysis + AOD storage

Unmodified raw data from detectors to online farm in trigger less mode

3.3 TB/s

Baseline correction & Z suppression
No event discarded

0.5 TB/s

Reduction by online tracking
Only reco data to storage

0.09 TB/s

Storage: 1 year of data
- BW: 90 GB/s (W&R)
- 60 PB

0.02 TB/s

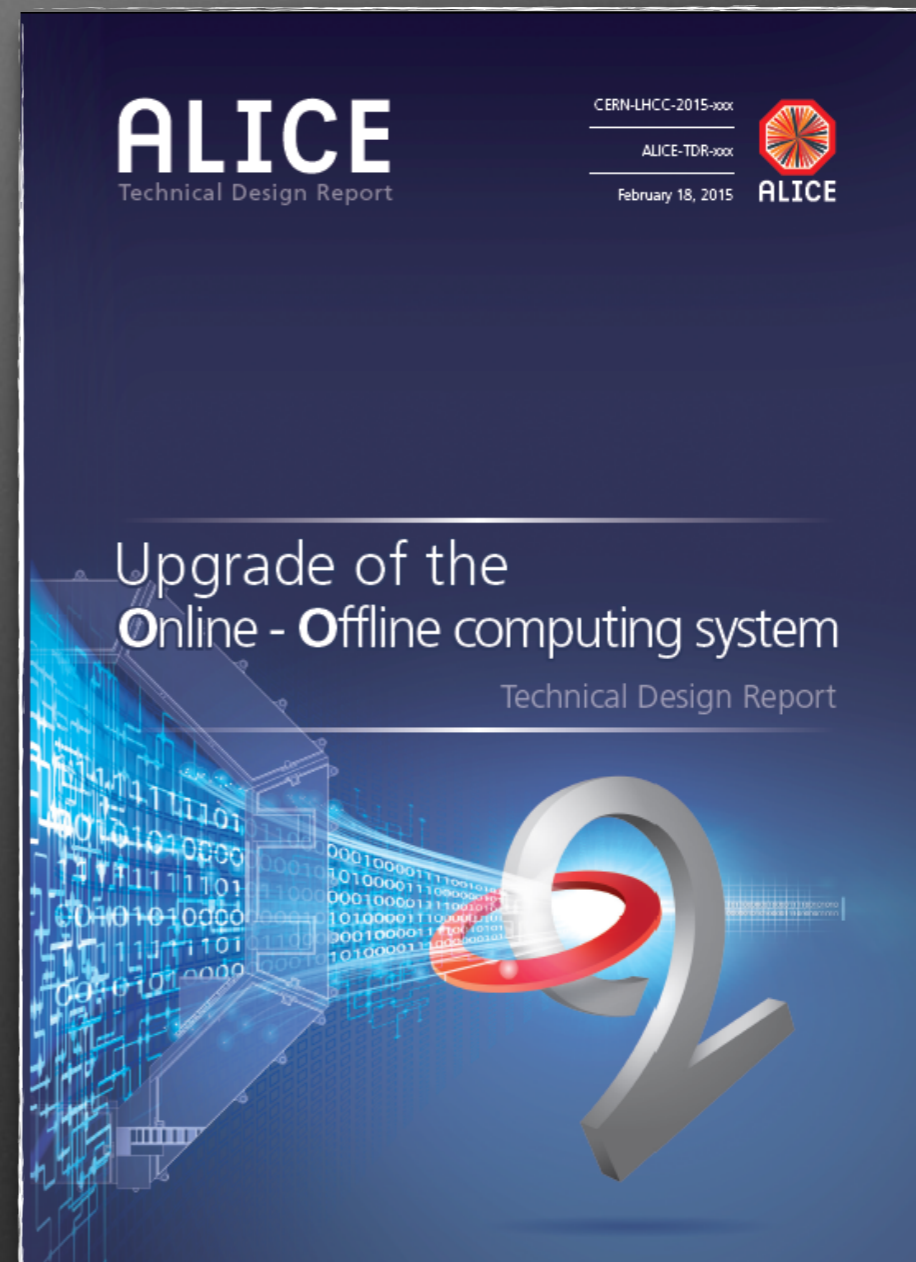
T0 – T1
– AF

Asynchronous 0(hours)
event reco with final calib

O²: a paradigm shift

<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2011297/files/ALICE-TDR-019.pdf>

- Read out data for all interactions: **50 kHz**
- Online data compression: **space points → tracks**
- Distribute data to the **Grid**
- AF: dedicated sites for **efficient analysis + AOD storage**





Data flow & processing

- Processing synchronous with data taking

3.3 TB/s

Detectors

250
First-Level Processors
Local processing

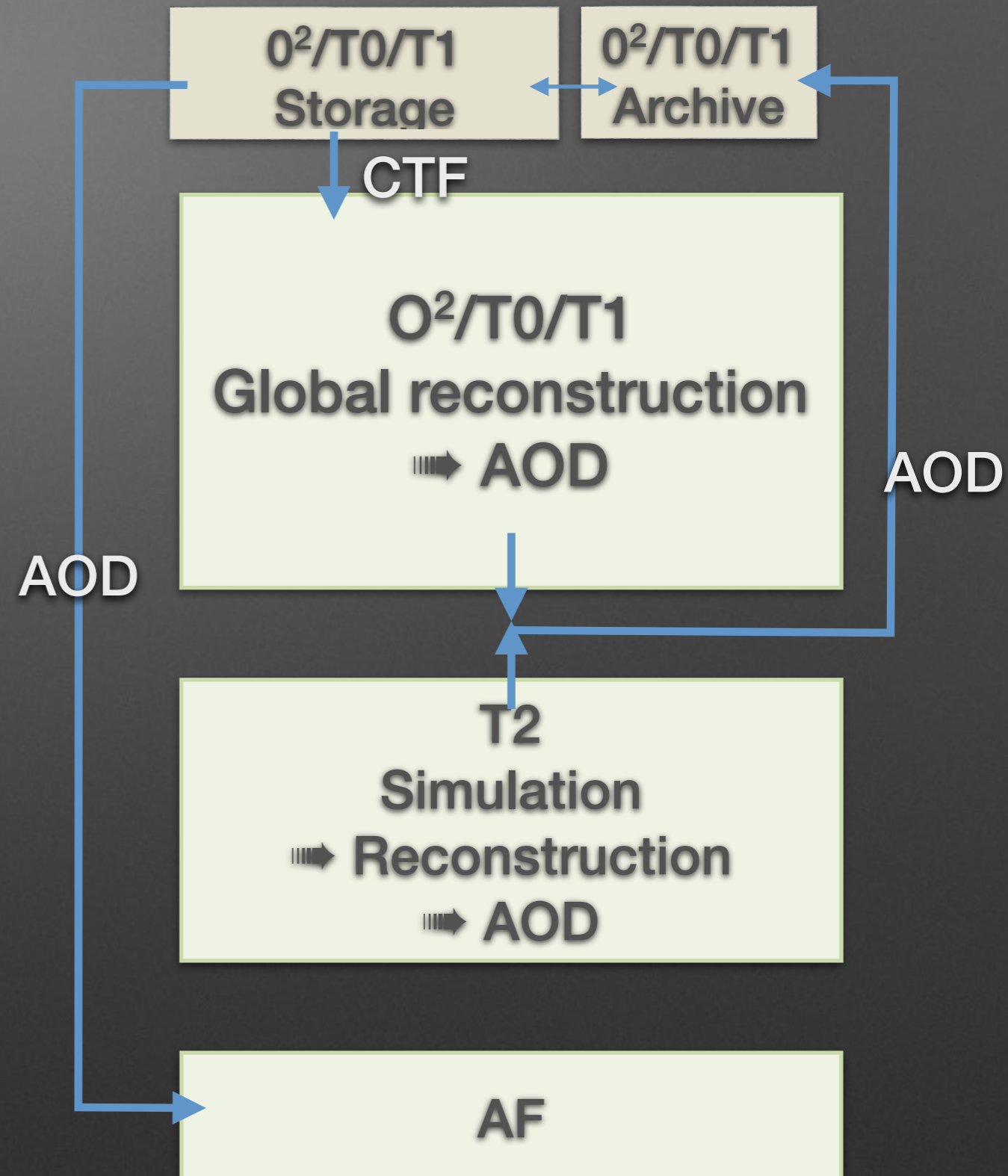
500 GB/s

1500
Event processing nodes
Global processing

90 GB/s

0²/T0/T1 Storage 0²/T0/T1 Archive

Data flow & processing



- Processing asynchronous $O(\text{hours})$ with data taking



Data flow & processing (1)



Raw data input

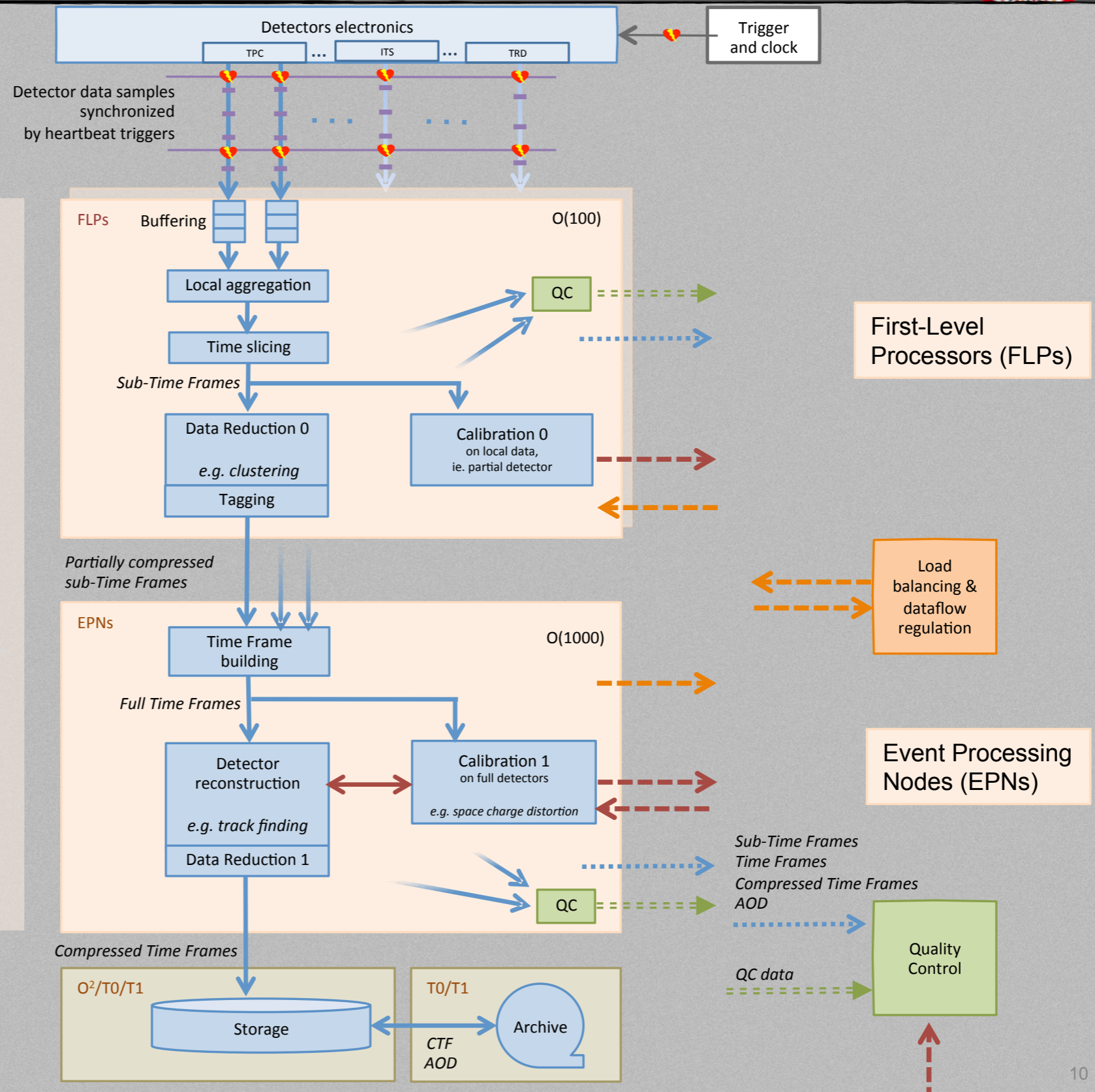
Local processing

Frame dispatch

Global processing

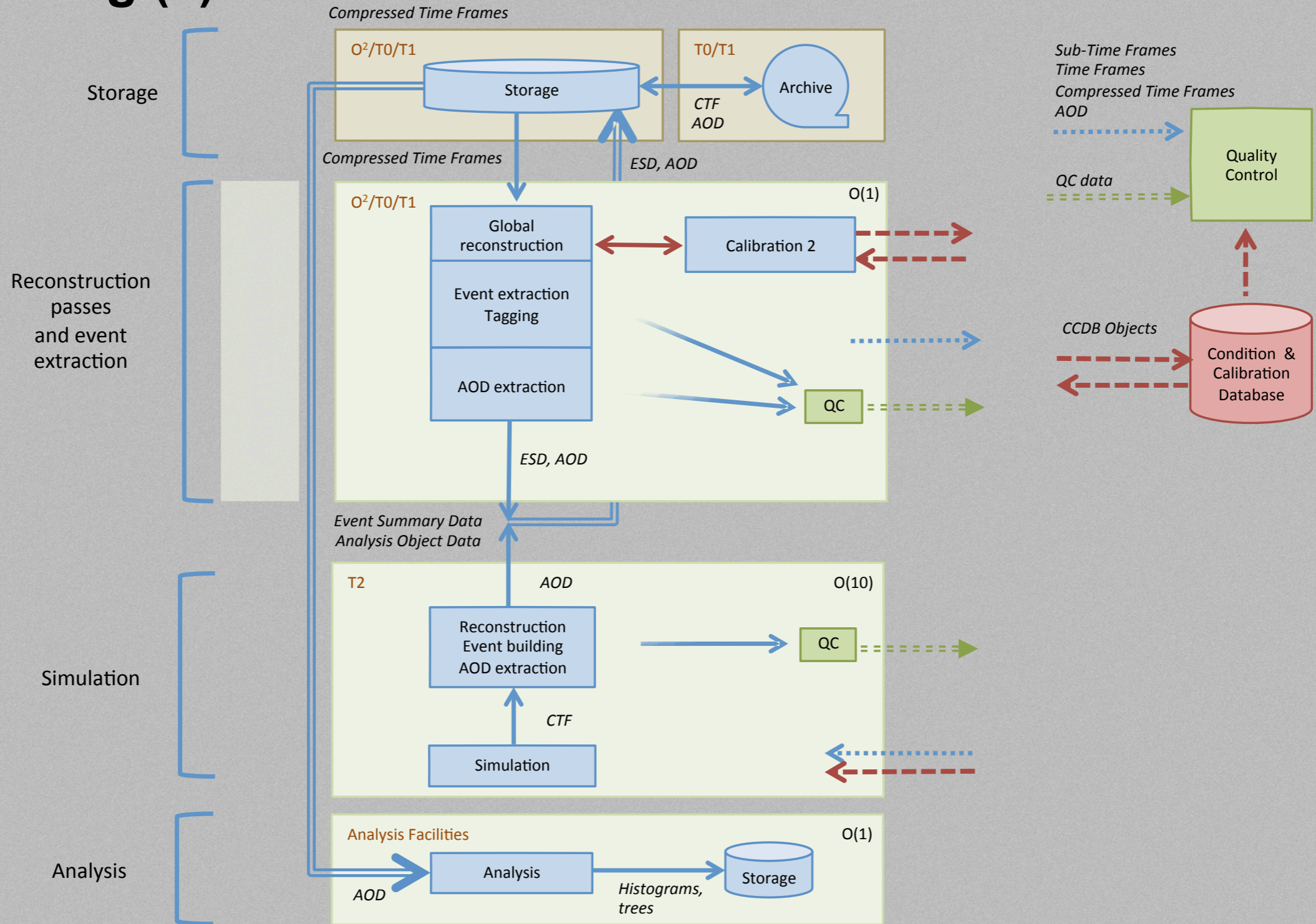
Storage

Synchronous

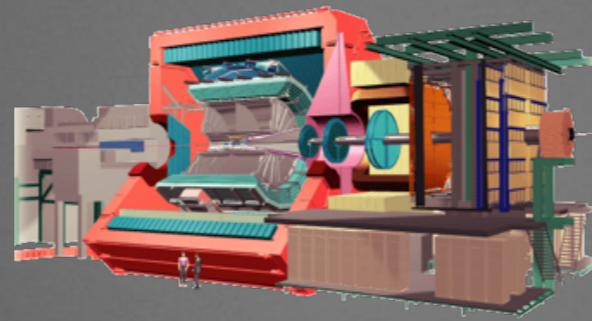




Data flow & processing (2)



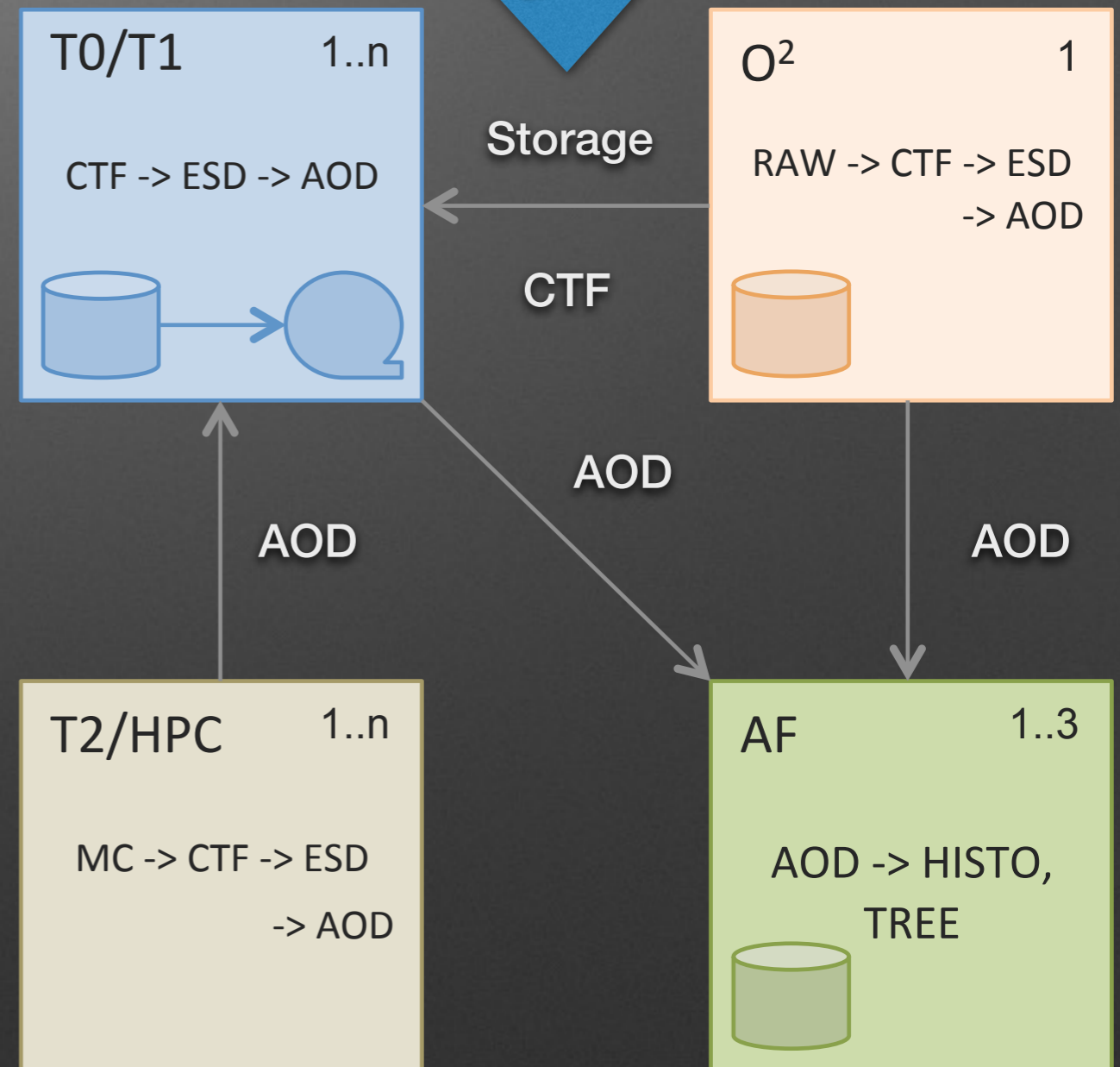
O² and WLCG



1.1 TB/s

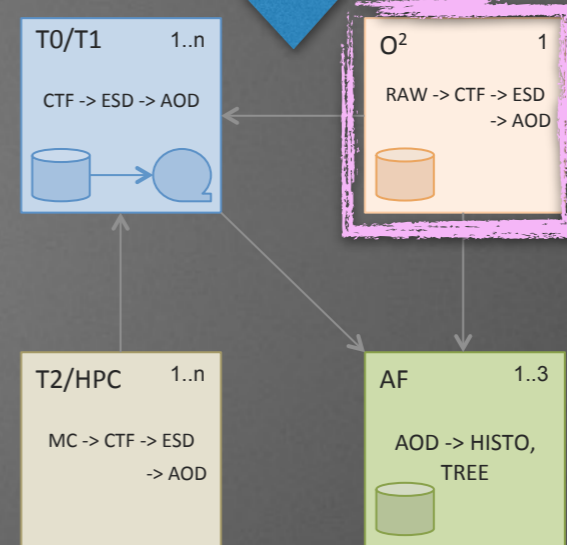


90 GB/s

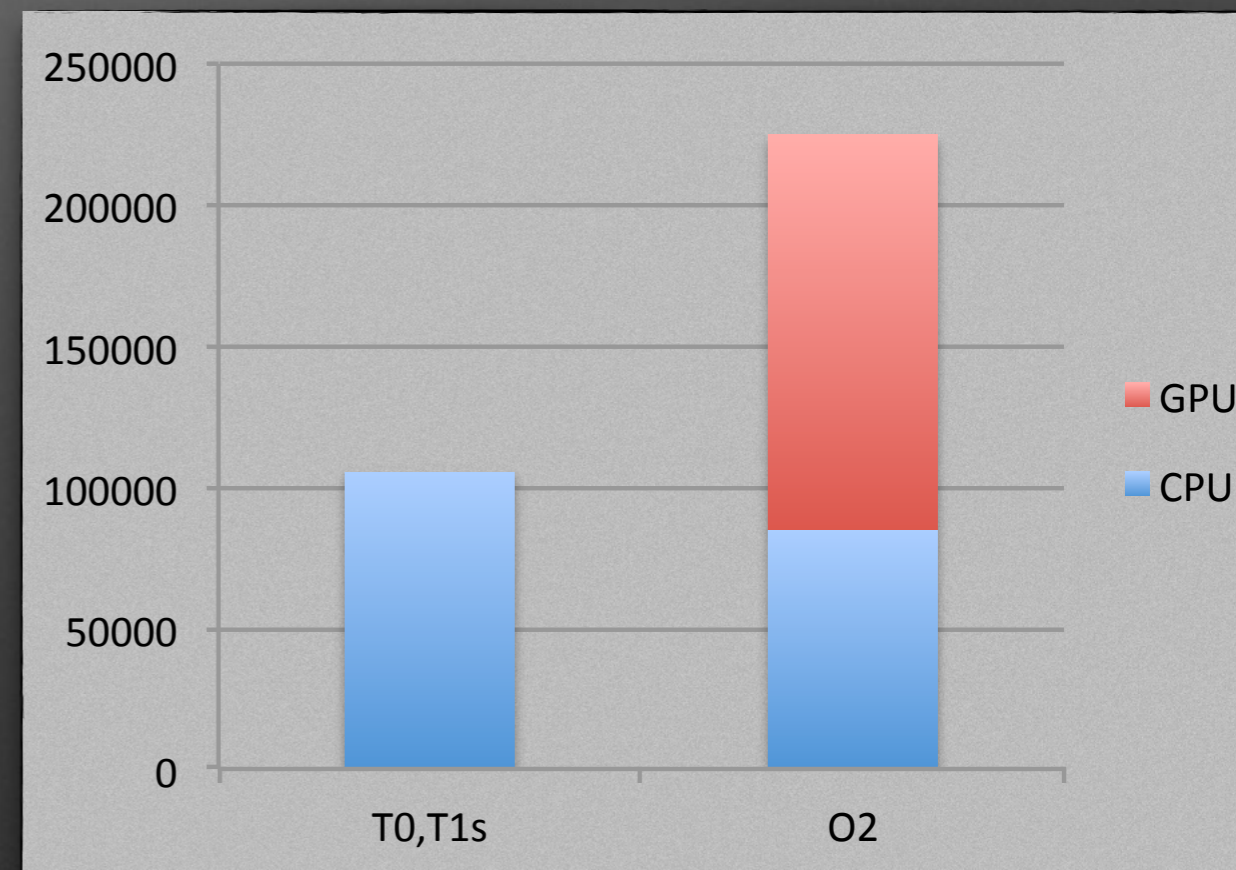




O² facility



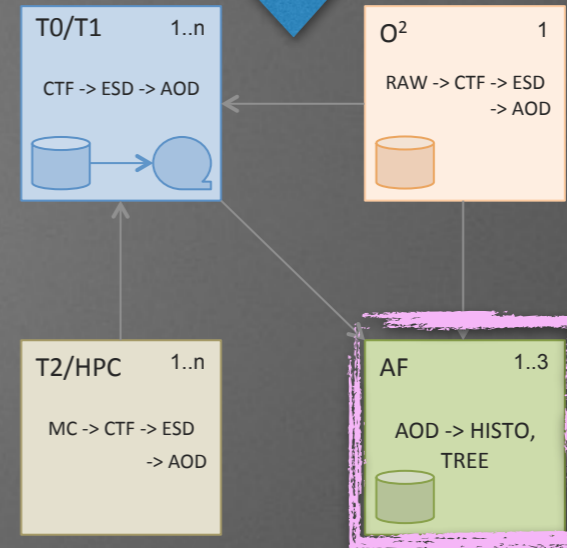
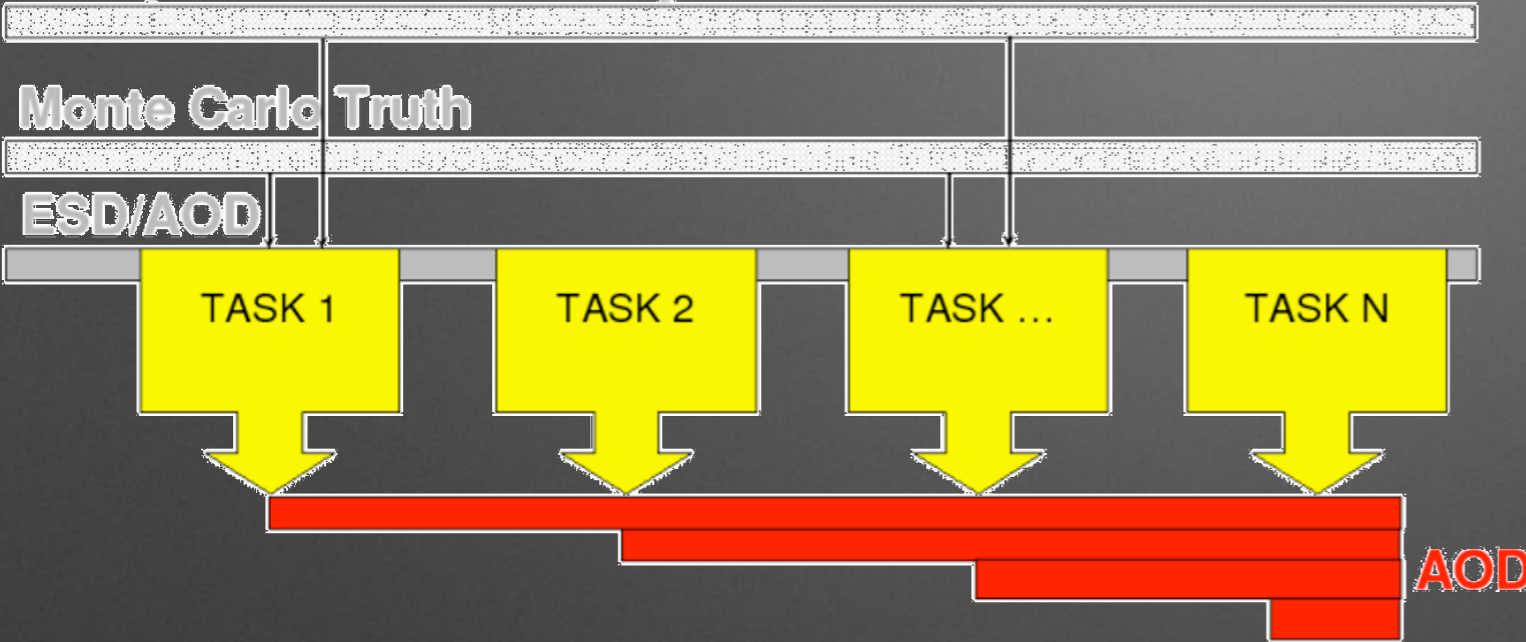
- Computing capacity to be used for online/offline tasks
- 463 FPGA (cluster finder)
- 100'000 CPU cores ($\div 14$ data flow)
- 3'000 GPU (speed up reconstruction)
- 60 PB disk (buffer for further processing)





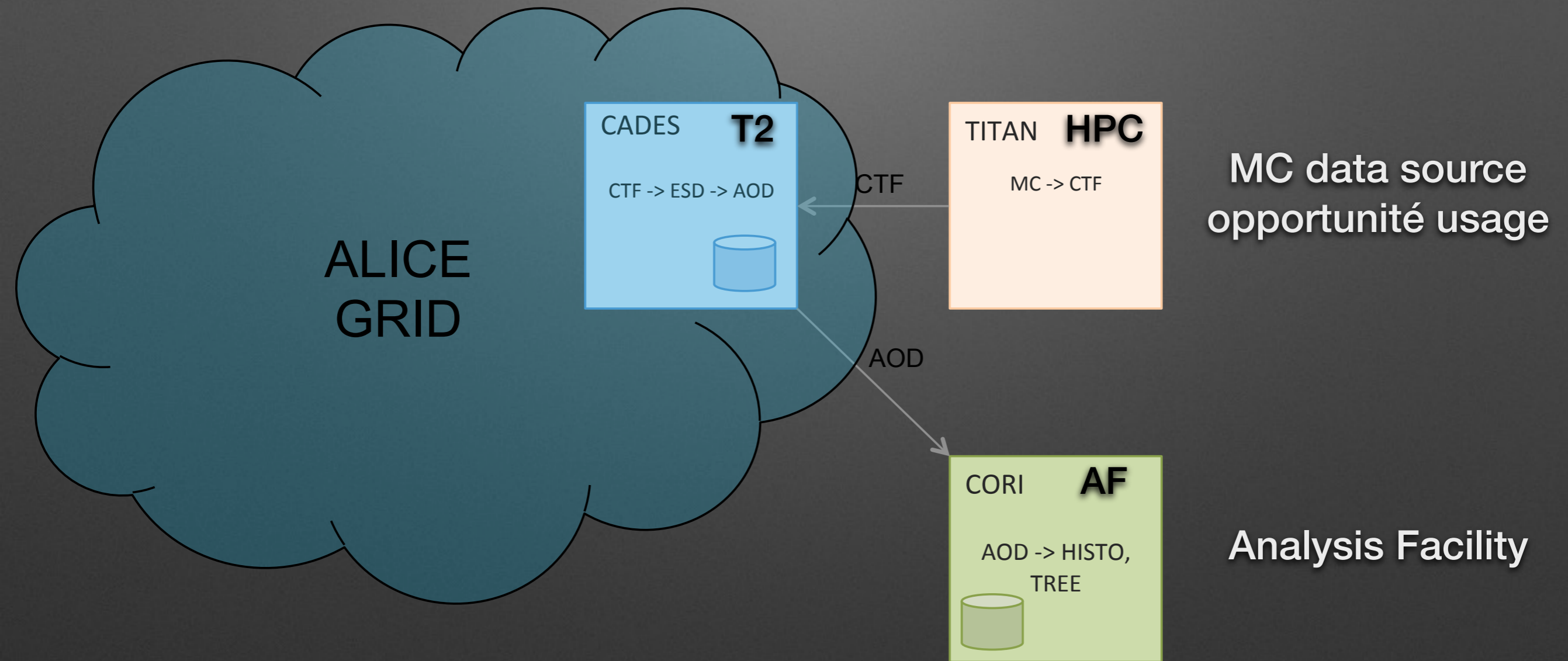
Analysis Facility

Acceptance and Efficiency Correction Services



- Collect AODs on a few dedicated sites that are capable of locally processing quickly large data volume
- AF needs to be able to digest more than 5 PB of AODs in a 12 hours period
 - $\mathcal{O}(20-30k)$ cores + $\mathcal{O}(10)$ PB of disk
 - Cluster file system to serve 20k job slots at an aggregate throughput of 200 GB/s

Simulation Facility



Software architecture

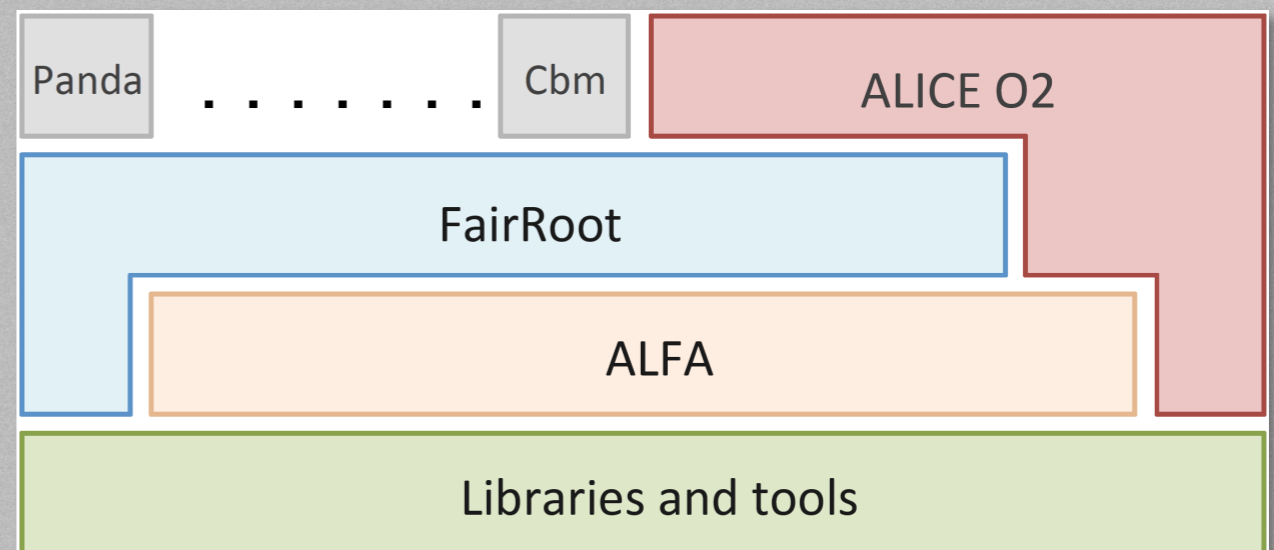
- Documented in chapters 7 and 8 of the TDR

- Message-based multi-processing

- Ease of development
- Ease to scale horizontally
- Possibility to extend with different hardware
- Multi-threading within processes possible

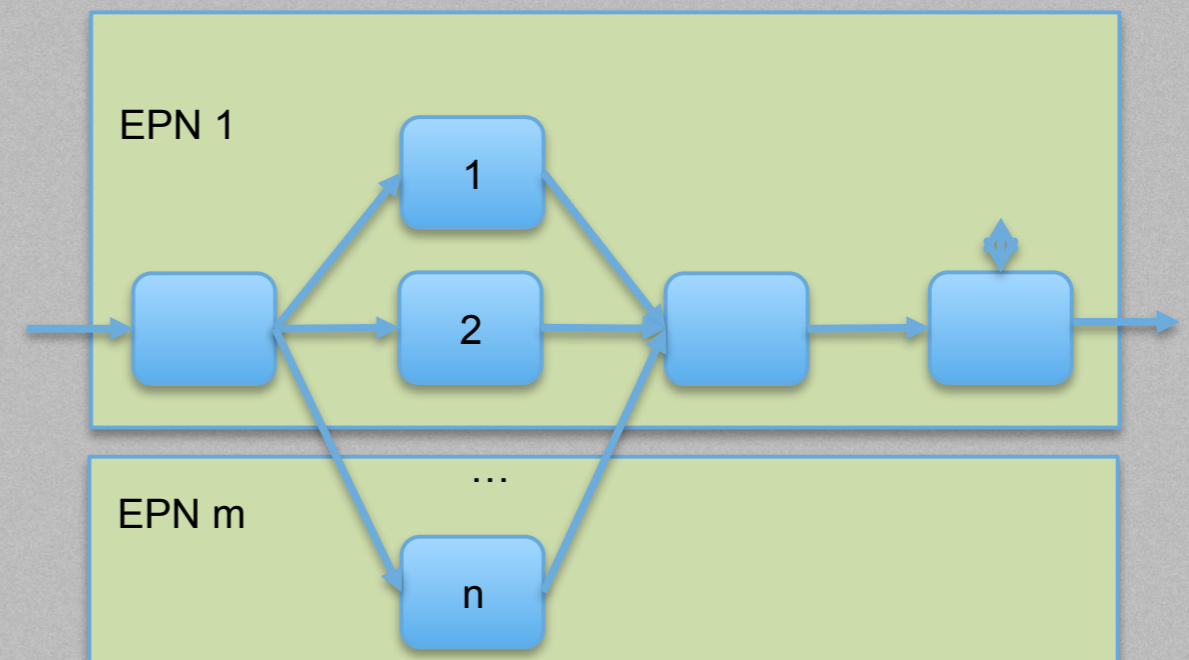
- ALFA

- Developed in common by experiments at FAIR and ALICE
- Based on message transport packages
- Data transport
- Dynamic Deployment System



ALFA

- Large monolithic programs are divided in tasks
- Each task can
 - Run on multiple or different hardware (CPU or hw accelerator)
 - Be written in any of the supported language
 - Be multi-threaded if need be

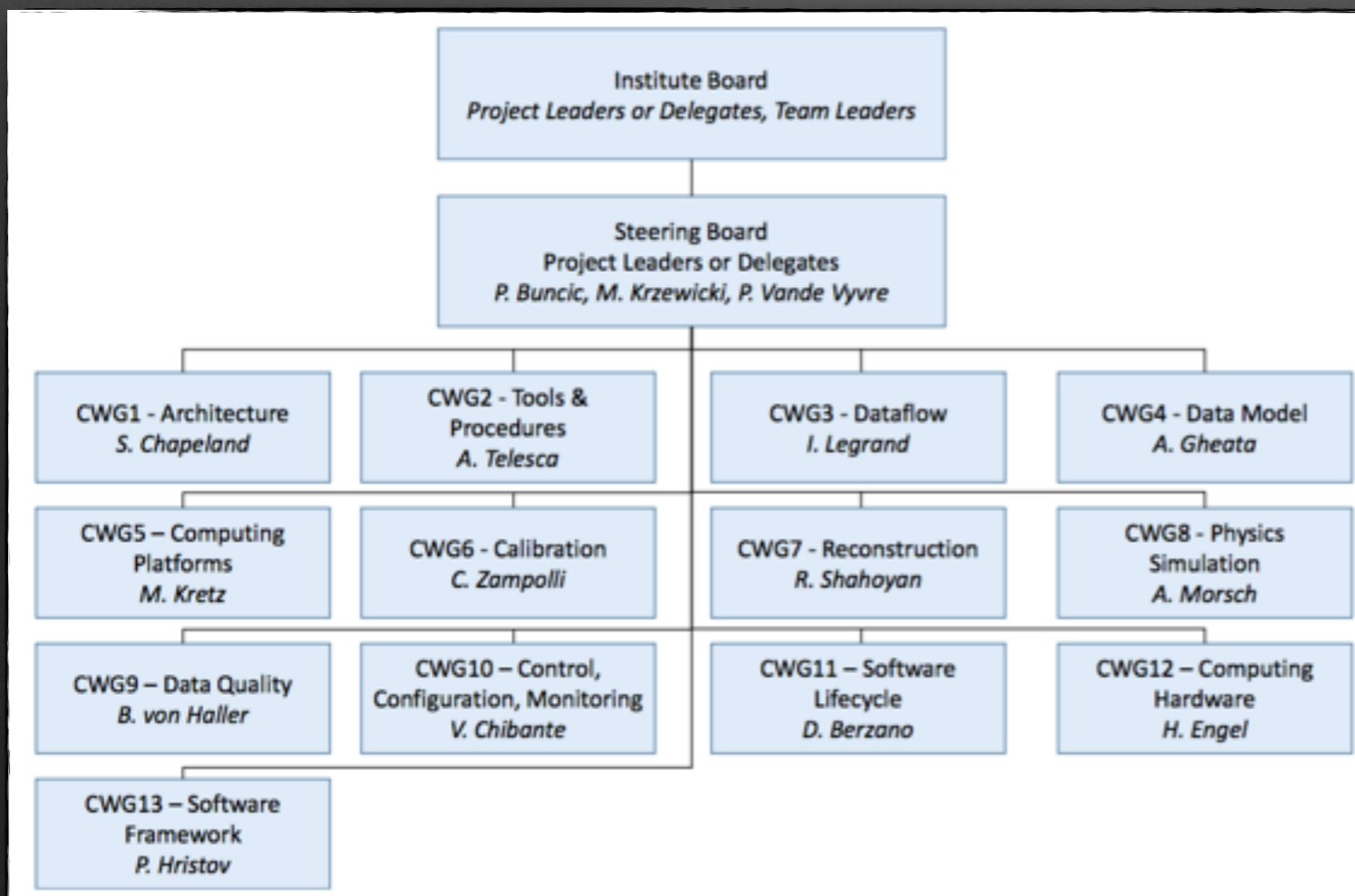




Questions

- Q1: O² task distributions and organization ?

→ The general project organization is described in the TDR Chapter 11. The task distribution is currently done by the O² **Steering Board** constituted by the project leaders of the DAQ, HLT and Offline project or their representative.



- **Institution Board**: Discusses and decides about managerial, financial, organizational issues
- **Steering Board** (PL of DAQ, HLT, Offline): managerial, financial, technical & organizational issues
- **7 Computing Working Groups**: R&D work

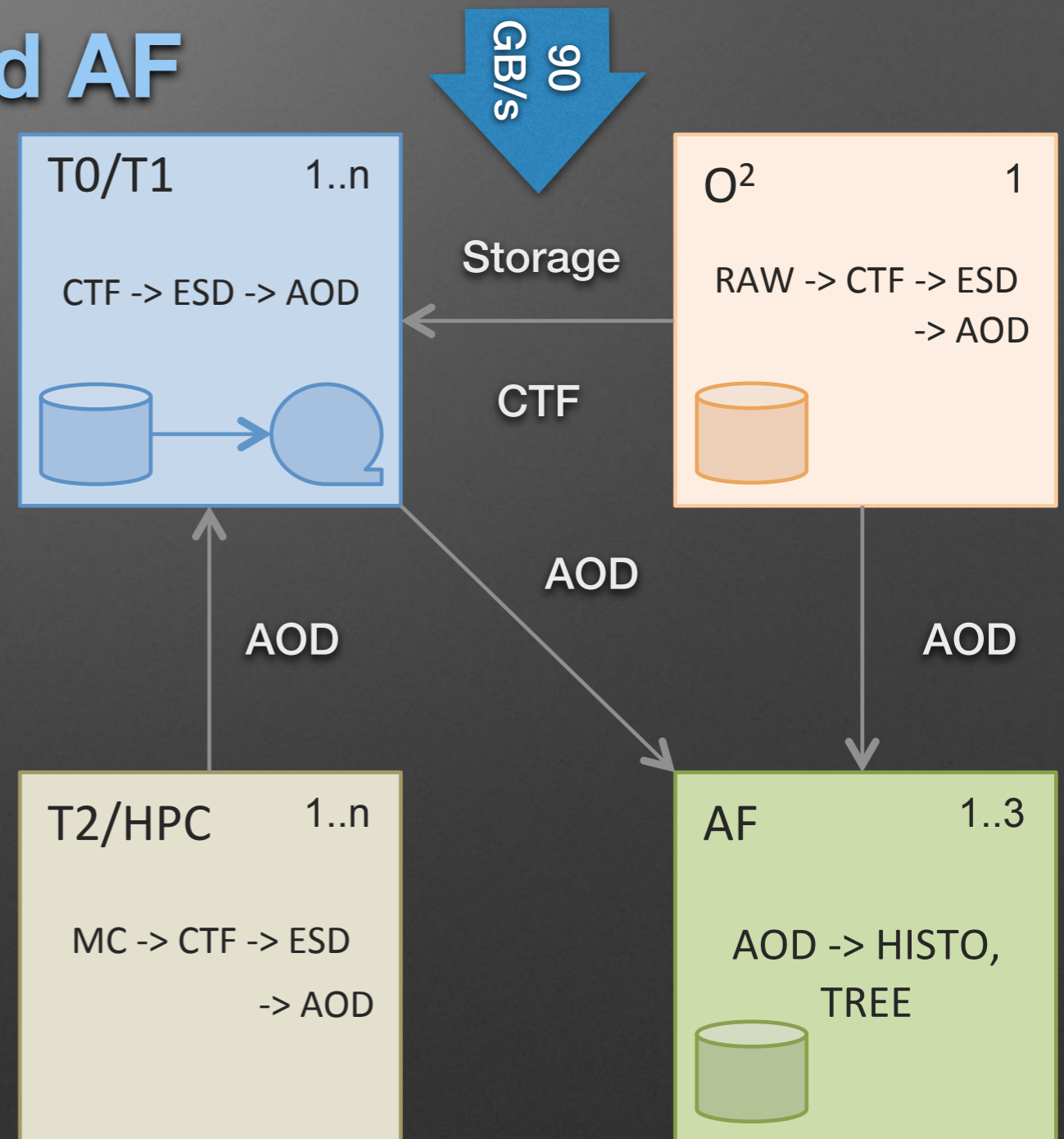
Table 11.1: O² Project Computing Working Groups and their topics.

Group	Topic	Group	Topic
CWG 1	Architecture	CWG 8	Physics Simulation
CWG 2	Tools & Procedures	CWG 9	Quality Control, Visualization
CWG 3	Data flow	CWG 10	Control, Configuration, Monitoring
CWG 4	Data Model	CWG 11	Software Lifecycle
CWG 5	Computing Platforms	CWG 12	Hardware
CWG 6	Calibration	CWG 13	Software framework
CWG 7	Reconstruction		

- **Q2: Which parts/ tasks are missing most or lack of man power?**
 - ➔ Here a short list of some specific tasks which are missing manpower:
 - Load balancing & dataflow regulation
 - Benchmarking of different solutions considered for the data management in the O² facility

Q3: Role of Tier1/2 and AF

Chapter 4 of TDR

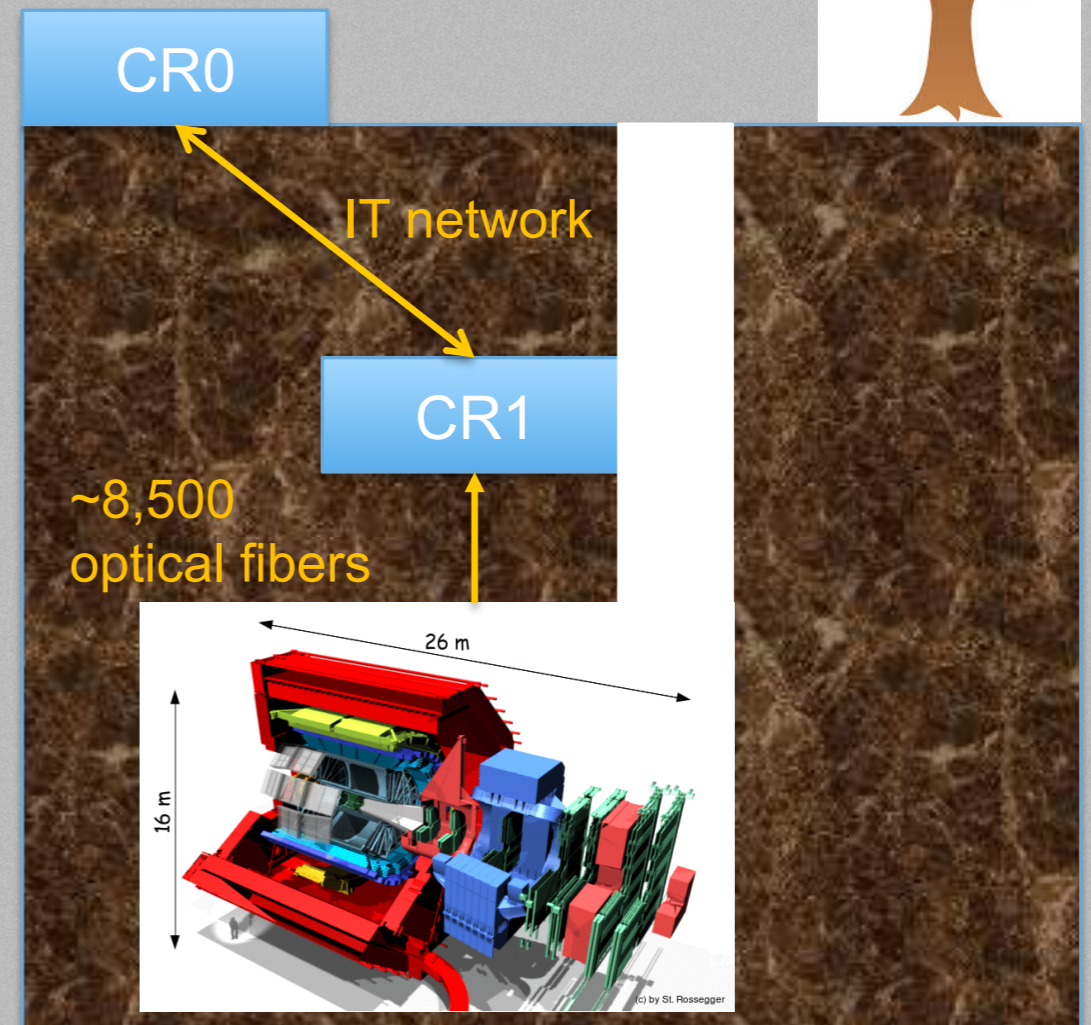
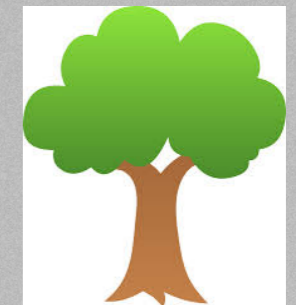


- Q4: AF candidates
 - The O² project is looking for one AF candidate in North America, one in Asia and one in Europe. Several computing centers have shown interest but no decision has been taken yet. One AF in Japan would be an excellent solution.

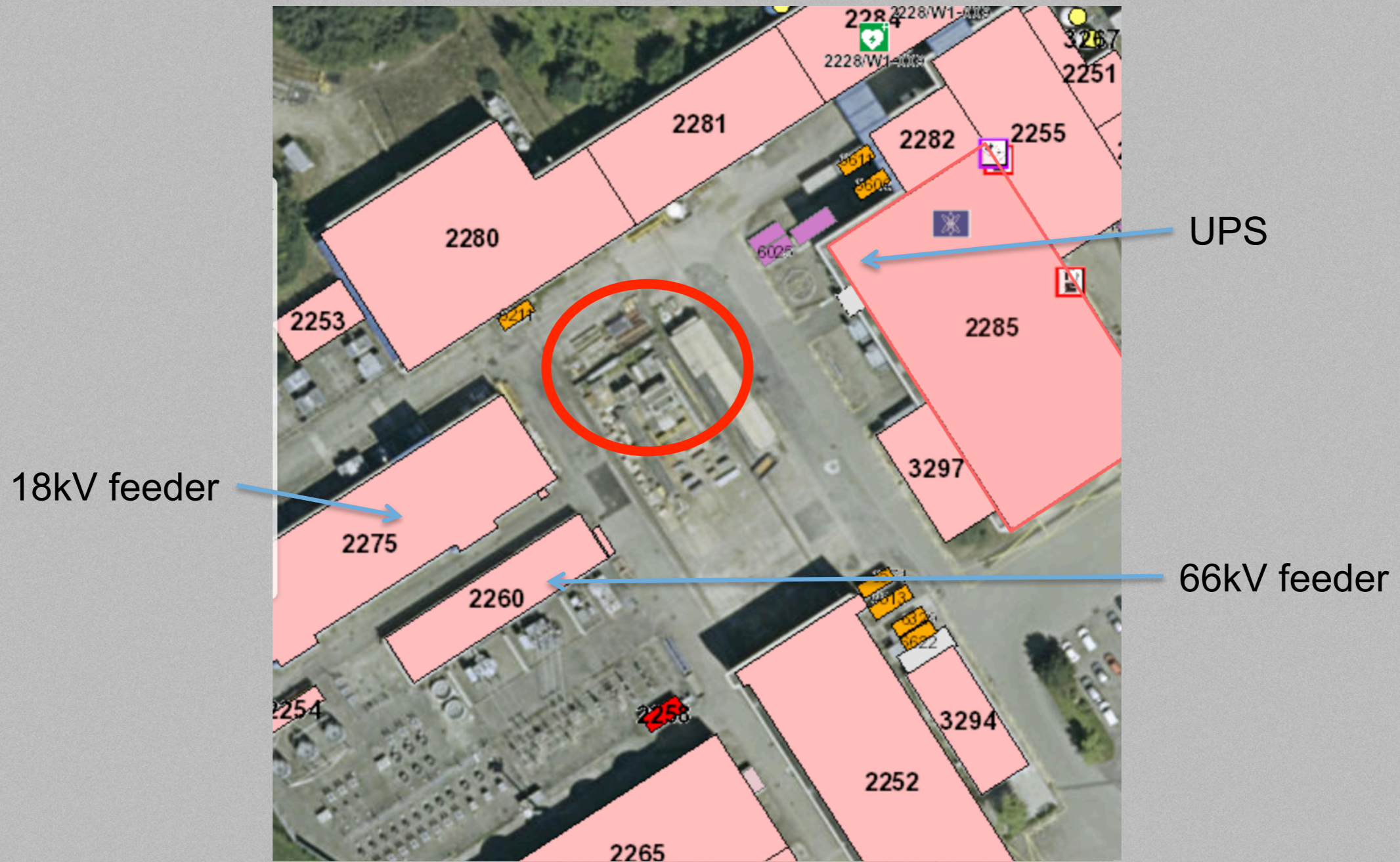
- **Q5: detail of CR0/1 status and plan.**
 - The plans for CR0 and CR1 are described in the TDR Chapter 10 (Sections 10.2 and 10.3). The status is that CR1 is ready but is used during Run2 and will be available to be used by the end of 2018. The present baseline for CR0 is to use computing data center containers. A market survey for producers of such containers has been performed and the technical specification for the invitation to tender is being prepared.

Computing Rooms

- CR0: new room and infrastructure needed on the surface
 - Ongoing Market Survey – Survey of companies for the supply of Container Data Centers (24 companies contacted so far)
 - Water or free air cooled
 - Will be followed by the issue of an invitation to tender to qualified and selected firms in Q3/2016
 - Done with LHCb
- CR1:
 - Reuse existing room
 - Adequate power and cooling for the detector read-out



CR0 location at P2



Computing Room 0 (CR0)

- Commercial Container Data Centers
 - 2015-16 Market Survey → Invitation Tender → Purchase lab (20-30 % of the total capacity)
 - 2018 Move lab to P2 and implement first slice of CR0 (10% EPN and DS)
 - 2020 Purchase CR0 addition (70-80 %) and full deployment



- **Q6: O2 near term plan**

→ We have several short term milestones in 2016 to release a prototype or a first version of some O² packages:

- Condition & Calibration DB,
- DQM,
- Control Configuration & Monitoring Modules,
- ALFA,
- ITS/TPC simulation,
- ITS/TPC reconstruction,
- calibration demonstrator.
- A first version of the whole FLP software will be released early 2017.

- **Q7: status of participants of ALICE members in O2**
 - **30 Institutes participating**

Table 2.1: Institutes participating in the O² Project.

	Country	City	Institute	Acronym	Team Leader
1	Brasil	São Paulo	University of São Paulo	USP	Marcelo Gameiro Munhoz
2	CERN	Geneva	European Organization for Nuclear Research	CERN	Wisla Carena
3	Croatia	Split	Technical University of Split	FESB	Sven Gotovac
4	Czech Republic	Rez u Prahy	Nuclear Physics Institute, Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic	ASCR	Michal Sumbera
5	France	Clermont-Ferrand	Laboratoire de Physique Corpusculaire (LPC), Université Blaise Pascal Clermont-Ferrand, CNRS-IN2P3	LPC	Philippe Crochet
6	France	Grenoble	Laboratoire de Physique Subatomique et de Cosmologie (LPSC), Université Grenoble-Alpes, CNRS-IN2P3	LPSC	Christophe Furget
7	France	Nantes	SUBATECH, Ecole des Mines de Nantes, Université de Nantes, CNRS-IN2P3	SUBATECH	Gines Martinez-Garcia
8	France	Orsay	Institut de Physique Nucléaire (IPNO), Université Paris-Sud, CNRS-IN2P3	IPNO	Christophe Suire
9	France	Strasbourg	Institut Pluridisciplinaire Hubert Curien, Université de Strasbourg, CNRS-IN2P3	IPHC	Christian Kuhn
10	Germany	Darmstadt	Research Division and ExtreMe Matter Institute EMMI, GSI Helmholtzzentrum für Schwerionenforschung	GSI	Silvia Masciocchi
11	Germany	Frankfurt	Frankfurt Institute for Advanced Studies, Johann Wolfgang Goethe-Universität	FIAS	Volker Lindenstruth
12	Germany	Frankfurt	Institut für Informatik, Johann Wolfgang Goethe-Universität Frankfurt	IRI	Udo Kerschull
13	Hungary	Budapest	Wigner RCP Hungarian Academy of Sciences	WRCP	Gergely Barnafoldi
14	India	Jammu	University of Jammu	JU	Anja Bhasin
15	India	Mumbai	Indian Institute of Technology	IIT	Basanta Kumar Nandi
16	Indonesia	Bandung	Indonesian Institute of Sciences	LIPI	Suharyo Sumowidagdo
17	Korea	Daejeon	Korea Institute of Science and Technology Information	KISTI	Haeng Jin Jang
18	Korea	Sejong City	Korea University	KU	Hyoenjoong Cho
19	Poland	Warsaw	Warsaw University of Technology	WUT	Jan Marian Pluta
20	Romania	Bucharest	Institute of Space Science	ISS	Catalin-Lucian Ristea
21	South Africa	Cape Town	University of Cape Town and iThemba LABS	UCT	Thomas Dietel
22	Thailand	Bangkok	King Mongkut's University of Technology Thonburi	KMUTT	Tiranee Achalakul
23	Thailand	Bangkok	Thammasat University	TU	Kasidit Chanchio
24	Turkey	Konya	KTO Karatay University	KTO	Ali Okatan
25	United States	Berkeley, CA	Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory	LBNL	Peter Martin Jacobs
26	United States	Detroit, MI	Wayne State University	WSU	Sergey Voloshin
27	United States	Houston, TX	University of Houston	UH	Lawrence Pinsky
28	United States	Knoxville, TN	University of Tennessee	UTK	Kenneth Francis Read
29	United States	Oak Ridge, TN	Oak Ridge National Laboratory	ORNL	Thomas Michael Cormier
30	United States	Omaha, NE	Creighton University	CU	Michael Gerard Cherney
31	United States	Pasadena, CA	California Institute of Technology	CALTECH	Harvey Newman

- **Q7: status of participants of ALICE members in O2**
 - 30 Institutes participating
 - Personnel needed:
 - PH: physicist
 - SW: software developer
 - FW: firmware developer
 - HW: hardware experts
 - SY: system administrator

Table 6.1: Personnel needed for the different activities of the O² project.

WBS	CWGs	Activity	Contact Person	Competence	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Total	
7	1	Architecture	S. Chapeland	PH	0.5	0.5				1.0	
				SW	0.5	0.5				1.0	
8	2	Tools and procedures	A. Telesca	SW	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	1.0	
9	11	Software process	D. Berzano	SW	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	1.0	
12	4 13	Software framework and data model	P. Hristov	PH	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.0	
				SW	2.0	3.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	8.0	
17	10	Control, configuration, monitoring and logging	V. Chibante	SW	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	13.0	
10	3	Dataflow, detector read-out	I. Legrand	SW	2.0	2.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	6.0	
				FW	1.5	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	6.0	
11	3	Modelling and Simulation	I. Legrand	SW	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	4.0	
18	5	Computing platforms	M. Kretz	SW	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	8.0	
				FW	0.5	0.5				1.0	
14	6	Calibration software Core	C. Zampolli	PH	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	5.5	
				SW	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.0	
		Detector-specific		PH	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	5.5	
				SW	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	3.2	12.0	
13	7	Reconstruction Core	R. Shahoyan	PH	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	10.5	
				SW	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	10.0	
		Detector-specific		PH	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	5.5	
				SW	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	3.2	12.0	
15	8	Physics simulation Core	A. Morsch	PH	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	5.0	
				SW	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	5.0	
		Detector-specific		PH	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	10.0	
				SW	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	3.2	12.0	
16	9	Data quality control and visualisation	B. von Haller	PH		1.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	2.5	
				SW	2.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	12.0	
19, 20	12	O ² facility hardware procurement, installation	H. Engel	HW				1.5	3.0	4.5	
				SY	0.2	0.2	0.3	1.0	1.5	3.2	
21		O ² facility and Grid deployment	L. Betev	SY			0.3	3.0	3.0	6.3	
				PH	11.7	10.7	9.7	9.7	9.7	51.5	
Grand Total				SW	22.9	24.9	20.2	19.0	24.0	111.0	
				FW	3.0	3.0	2.5	2.5	2.0	13.0	
				HW				1.5	3.0	4.5	
				SY	0.2	0.2	0.6	4.0	4.5	9.5	
				Total	37.8	38.8	33.0	36.7	43.2	189.5	



- **Q7: status of participants of ALICE members in O2**
 - 30 Institutes and 90 collaborators participating
 - Personnel needed
 - Personnel available

2015-2017

Table 6.2: Available personnel by country and per year for the different activities of the O² project during the period 2015-2017.

Country	2015					2016					2017				
	PH	SW	FW	HW	SY	PH	SW	FW	HW	SY	PH	SW	FW	HW	SY
Brasil															
CERN	3.0	1.0	0.6		0.2	2.0	2.0	0.6		0.2	1.0	3.0	0.6	0.5	0.7
Croatia		3.0					3.0					3.0			
Czech Republic	0.4					0.4					0.3				
France	1.3	2.0				1.3	2.0				1.3	2.0			
Germany	1.2	1.0	1.0			1.2	1.0	1.0			1.2	1.0	1.0		
Hungary		2.0	2.0				2.0	2.0				2.0	2.0		
India		0.9					1.4					1.6			
Indonesia	1.0	4.0				1.0	4.0				1.0	4.0			
Korea		3.0					3.0					3.0			
Poland	3.0	2.0				2.0	3.0				2.0	3.0			
Romania		0.3					0.3					0.3			
South Africa						2.0					2.0				
Thailand		5.0					4.0					3.0			
Turkey	1.0					1.0					2.0				
United States	1.0	1.1				1.8	1.8				1.9	1.9			
Total	11.9	25.3	3.6		0.2	11.7	27.5	3.6		0.2	12.7	27.8	3.6	0.5	0.7

2018-2019

Table 6.3: Available personnel by country and per year for the different activities of the O² project during the period 2018-2019 and the total for the period 2015-2019.

Country	2018					2019					Total 2015-2019				
	PH	SW	FW	HW	SY	PH	SW	FW	HW	SY	PH	SW	FW	HW	SY
Brasil															
CERN	1.0	3.0		2.0	1.5	1.0	4.0		3.0	2.5	8.0	13.0	1.8	5.5	5.1
Croatia		3.0					3.0					15.0			
Czech Republic	0.3					0.3					1.7				
France	1.3	2.0				1.3	2.0				6.5	10.0			
Germany	1.2	1.4	1.0			1.2	1.4	1.0			6.0	5.8	5.0		
Hungary		2.0	2.0				2.0	2.0				10.0	10.0		
India		1.6					1.6					7.1			
Indonesia	1.0	4.0				1.0	4.0				5.0	20.0			
Korea		3.0					3.0					15.0			
Poland	2.0	3.0				2.0	3.0				11.0	14.0			
Romania		0.3					0.3					1.5			
South Africa	2.0										6.0				
Thailand												12.0			
Turkey	2.0					3.0					9.0				
United States	2.2	2.2				2.0	2.1				8.9	9.1			
Total	13.0	25.5	3.0	2.0	1.5	11.8	26.4	3.0	3.0	2.5	61.1	132.5	16.8	5.5	5.1
Grand Total												221.0			

- Q8: O2 long term plan
 - The long-term plan goals are:
 - H1 2019: simulation challenge
 - H2 2019: 10% data challenge
 - H1 2020: global system commissioning

- Q9 Budget

→ The budget is briefly described in the TDR Chapter 11 (Section 11.5 and 11.6). Please find attached the UCG document which describes our budget in more details

Table 11.4: Cost estimates and spending profile.

Item	Cost estimate (kCHF)	Spending profile	
		2018 (kCHF)	2019 (kCHF)
Infrastructure	776	465	310
FLPs and CRUs	916	550	366
EPNs	5,152	515	4,636
Data storage	2'168	217	1,951
Network	1,018	509	509
Servers	438	306	131
Total	10,467	2,563	7,905

9,470 + 0,996

- **Q9 Budget**

→ Core: 6.579 MCHF ; M&O-A: 2.991 MCHF

→ Contributions Core

Table 4.2: Contributions from the funding agencies.

Funding Agency	Country	(kEuro)	(kCHF)
Federal Ministry of Education and Research (BMBF)	Germany	1,000	1,044
CERN	Switzerland		3,500
Gesellschaft für Schwerionenforschung (GSI)	Germany	2,000	2,088
National Research, Development and Innovation Office (NRDIO)	Hungary		125
Total			6,757

- **Q10 Which contributions are expected from Japan?**
 - This depends very much about your needs, your goals and your resources. Any combination of contributions in the following areas would be welcome:
 - software development
 - (https://docs.google.com/document/d/1QK1JWBnOr_9ciFyip8np0EHXjzudtMkeEz5mizcHWPg/edit)
 - availability of an AF
 - contribution to the project budget

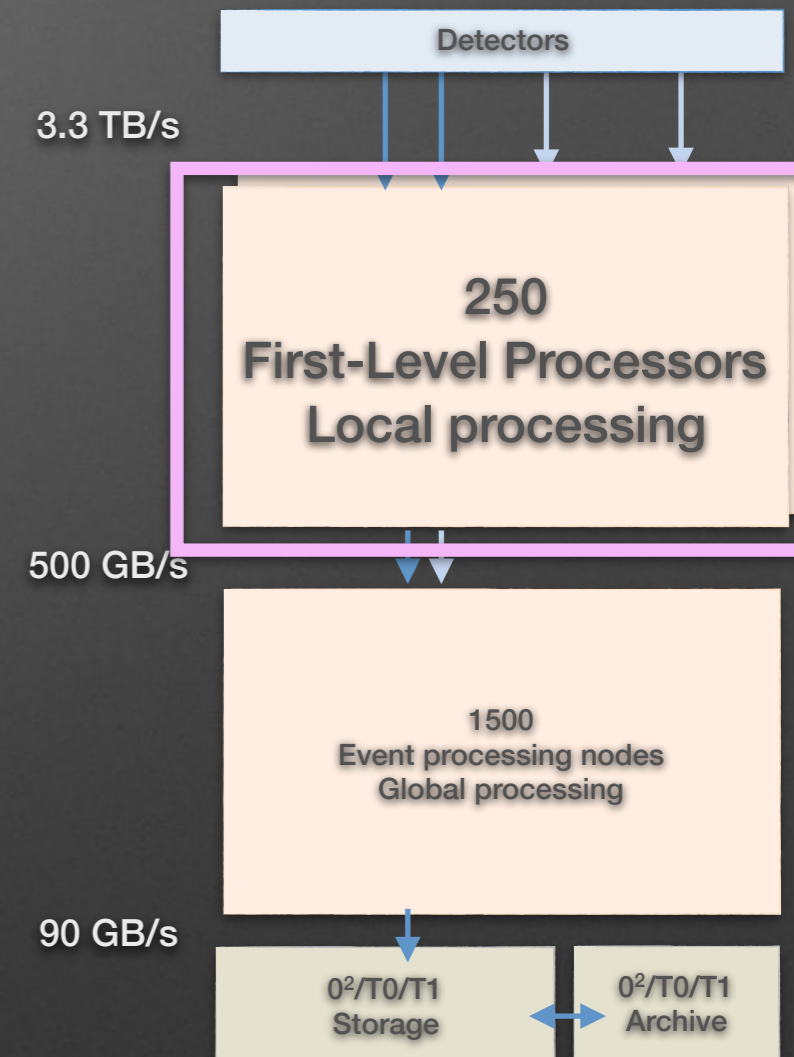
- **Q11 Status and detailed plan of EPN and FLP activities, missing parts, manpower, possible contributions from ALICE-J**

→ FLP: initial compression -> TF

- 1-2 RO board

Table 10.1: Number of read-out boards and FLPs per detector to O² system.

Detector	Number of read-out boards	Read-out board type	Number of FLPs
ACO	1	C-RORC	1
CPV	1	C-RORC	1
CTP	1	CRU	1
DCS	1	Network	1
EMC	4	C-RORC	2
FIT	1	C-RORC	1
HMP	4	C-RORC	2
ITS	23	CRU	23
MCH	25	CRU	13
MFT	14	CRU	7
MID	2	CRU	1
PHS	4	C-RORC	2
TOF	3	CRU	3
TPC	324	CRU	162
TRD	54	CRU	27
ZDC	1	CRU	1
Spares			2
Total			250

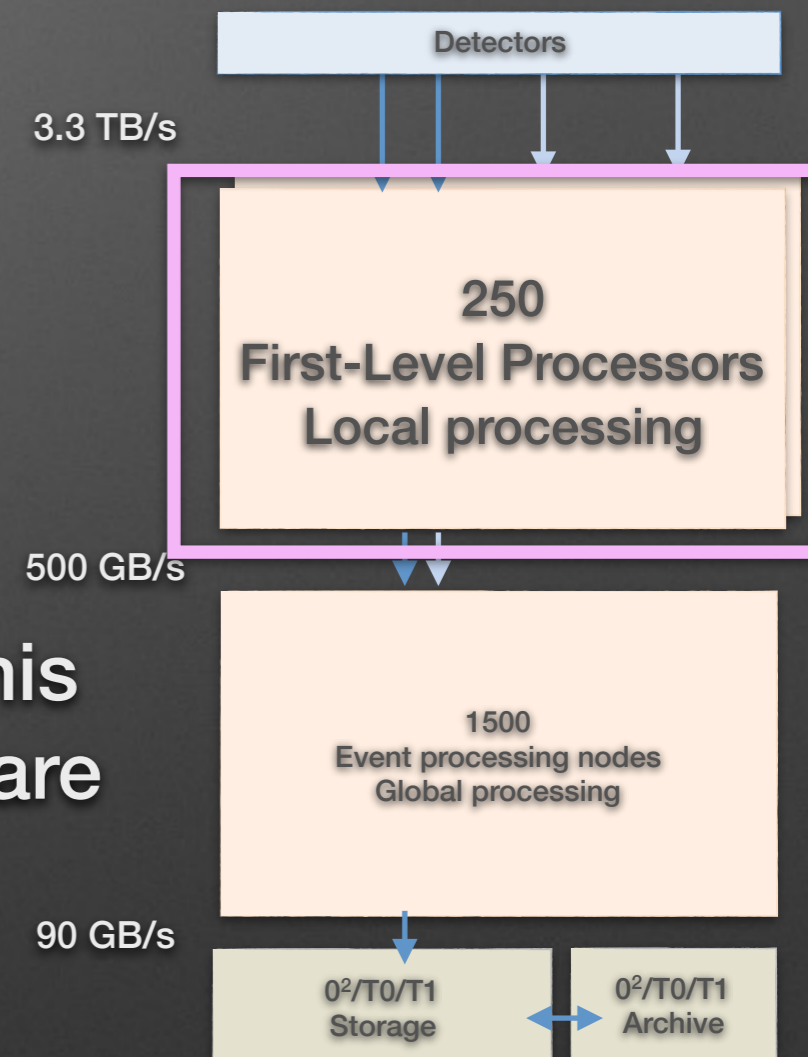


- **Q11 Status and detailed plan of EPN and FLP activities, missing parts, manpower, possible contributions from ALICE-J**

→ FLP: initial compression -> TF

- 1-2 RO board

- FLP prototype assembly by the end of this year + several releases of the FLP software (ALICE-J contribution welcome)



- **Q11 Status and detailed plan of EPN and FLP activities, missing parts, manpower, possible contributions from ALICE-J**

→ EPN: Compression, reconstruction -> CTF

- 2 CPU × 32 cores (at least)
- 2 GPU cards × 2 GPUs
- prototyping activities to start when reconstruction software ready

