

# Multiple Parton Interactions in PhotoProduction



## Contents:

I – Introduction and motivation

II – Previous measurements

III – Preliminary measurements

IV – Summary

Lluís Martí Magro

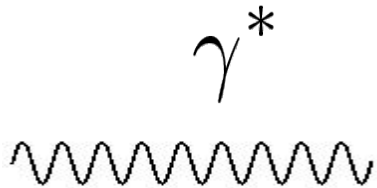
Deep Inelastic Scattering. Madrid, 29<sup>th</sup> of April, 2009.

# Introduction & Motivation

# Introduction & motivation

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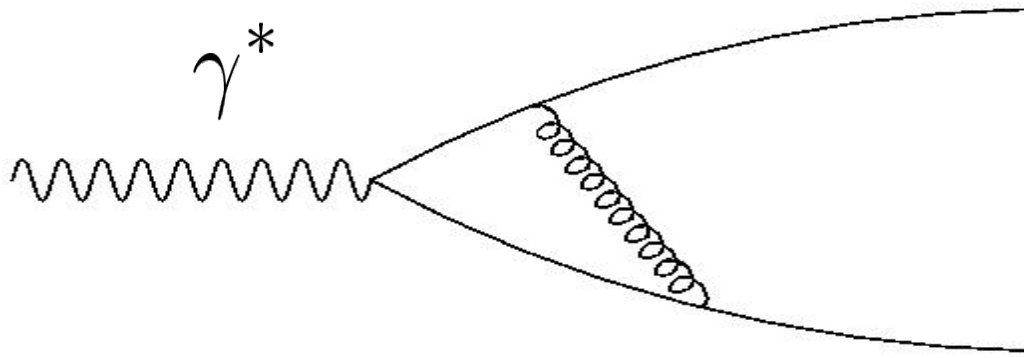
x At high virtualities,  $Q^2$ , the photon is a **point-like** particle



# Introduction & motivation

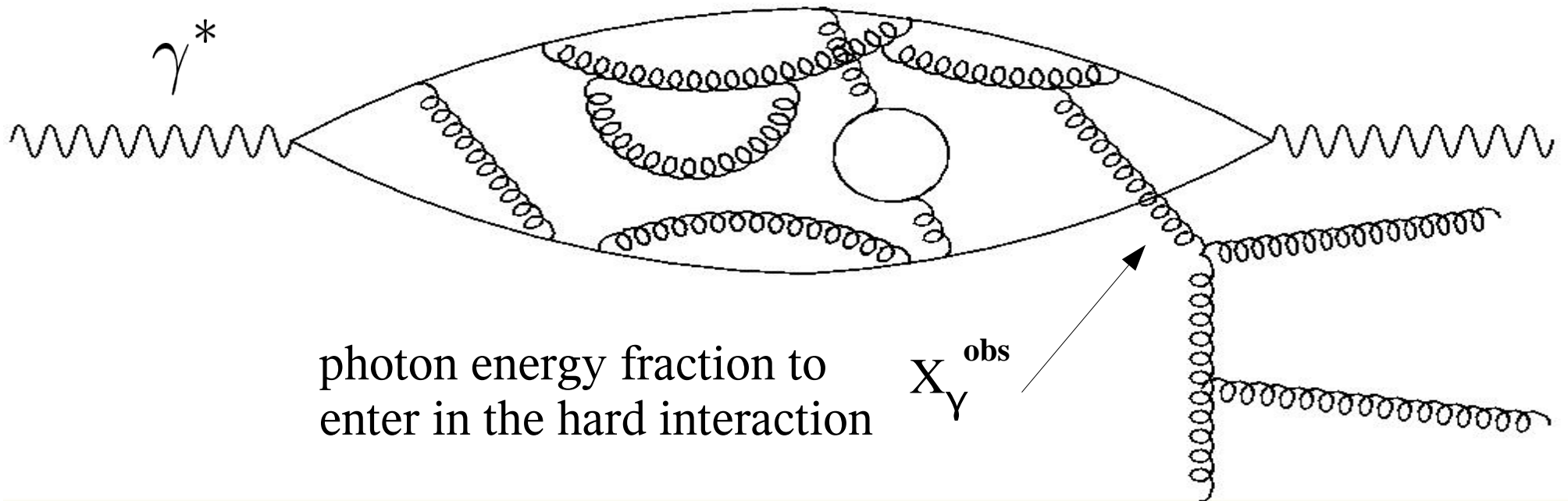
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**x** while going to **lower virtualities** the photon lives longer and may fluctuate into a quark-anti quark pair



# Introduction & motivation

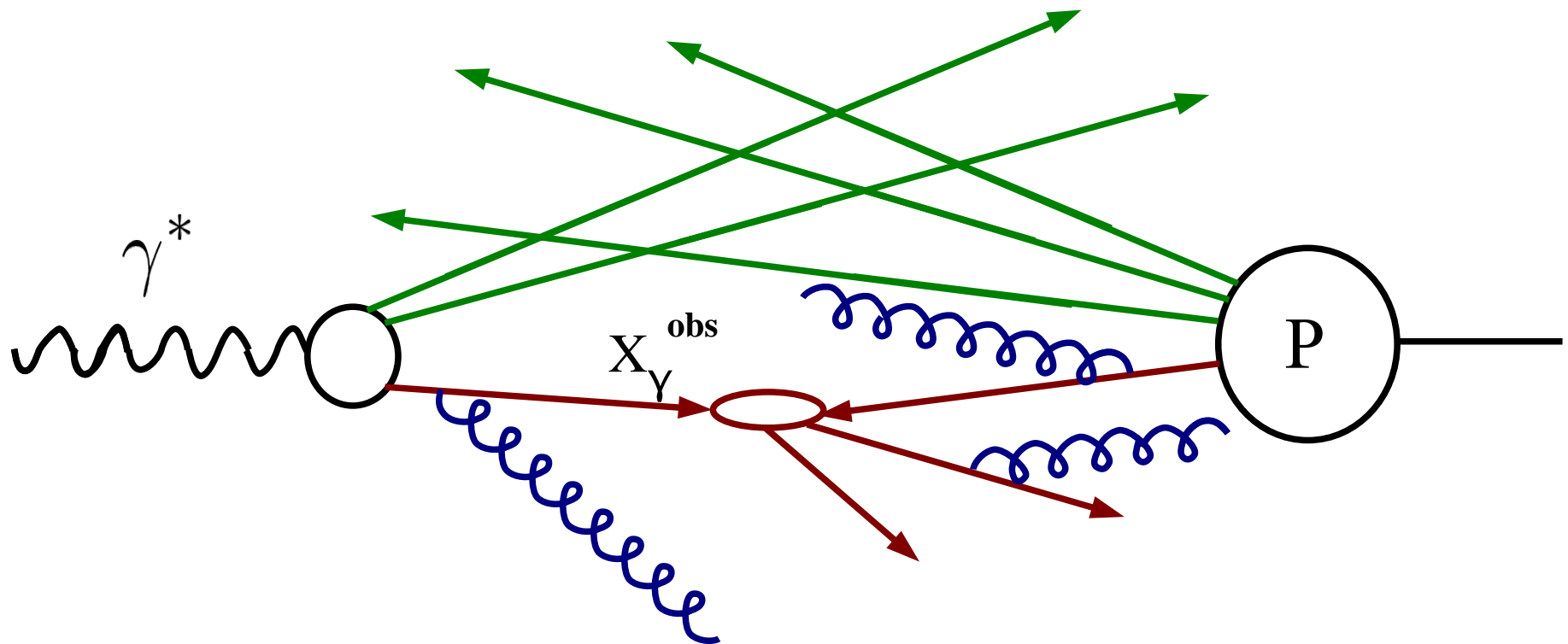
$x$  in photoproduction the photon lives enough to develop a complicated hadronic structure.



- high values correspond to point-like photons
- low values correspond to hadron-like photons

# Introduction & motivation

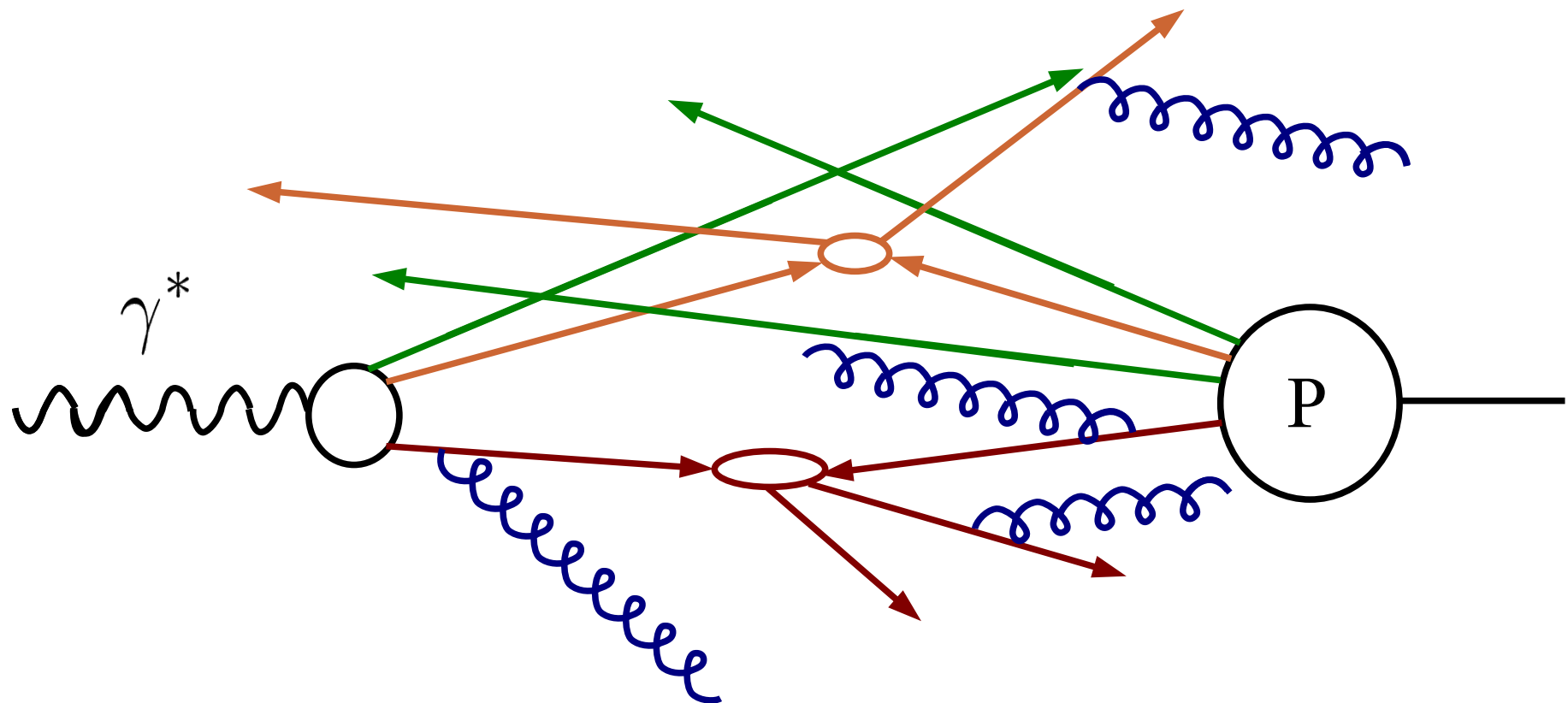
In ep at low  $X_Y$  we can have a similar situation to the hadron-hadron collisions



there are remnants from the photon and the proton side

# Introduction & motivation

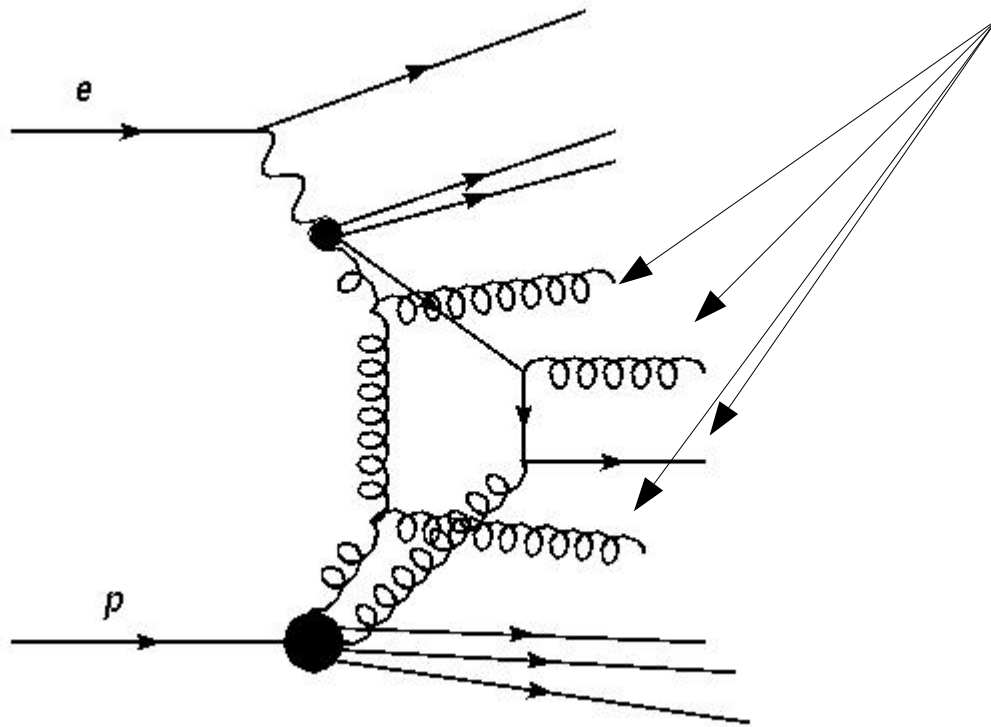
and partons from the remnants can interact



# Multiple parton interactions

## Observables:

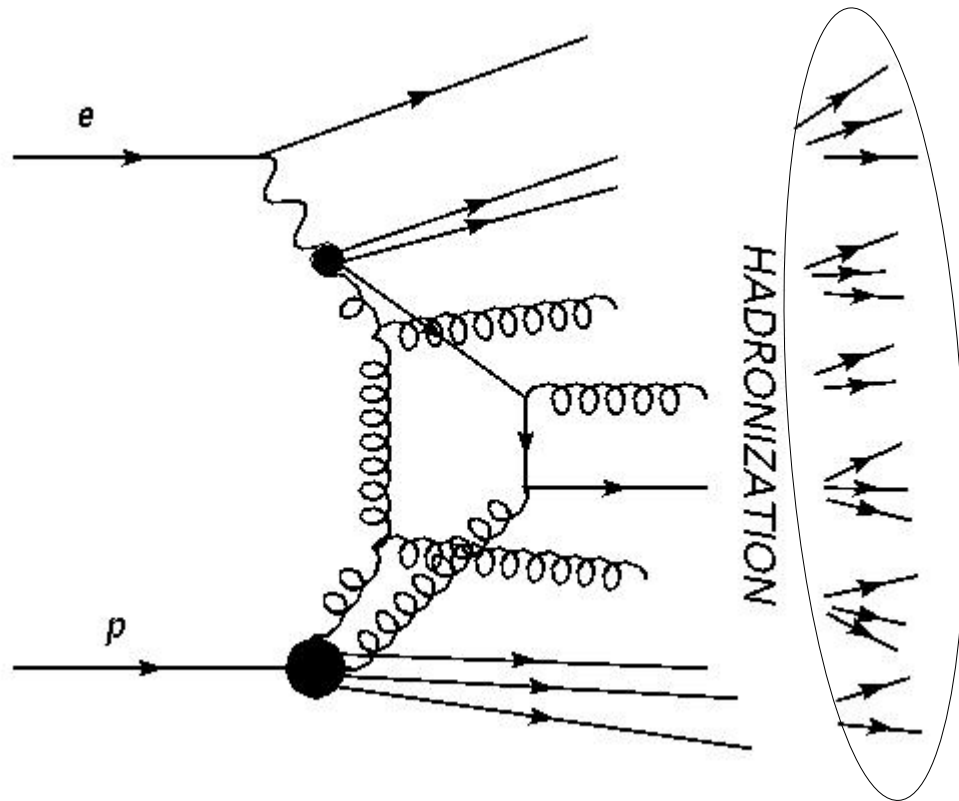
- **Hard MPI** in multi jet events: several jets with high  $P_T$





# Multiple parton interactions

## Observables:



- **Hard MPI:** in multi jet events with high  $P_T^{\text{jets}}$

- **Semi-soft MPI:** multi jet event with low  $P_T^{\text{jets}}$

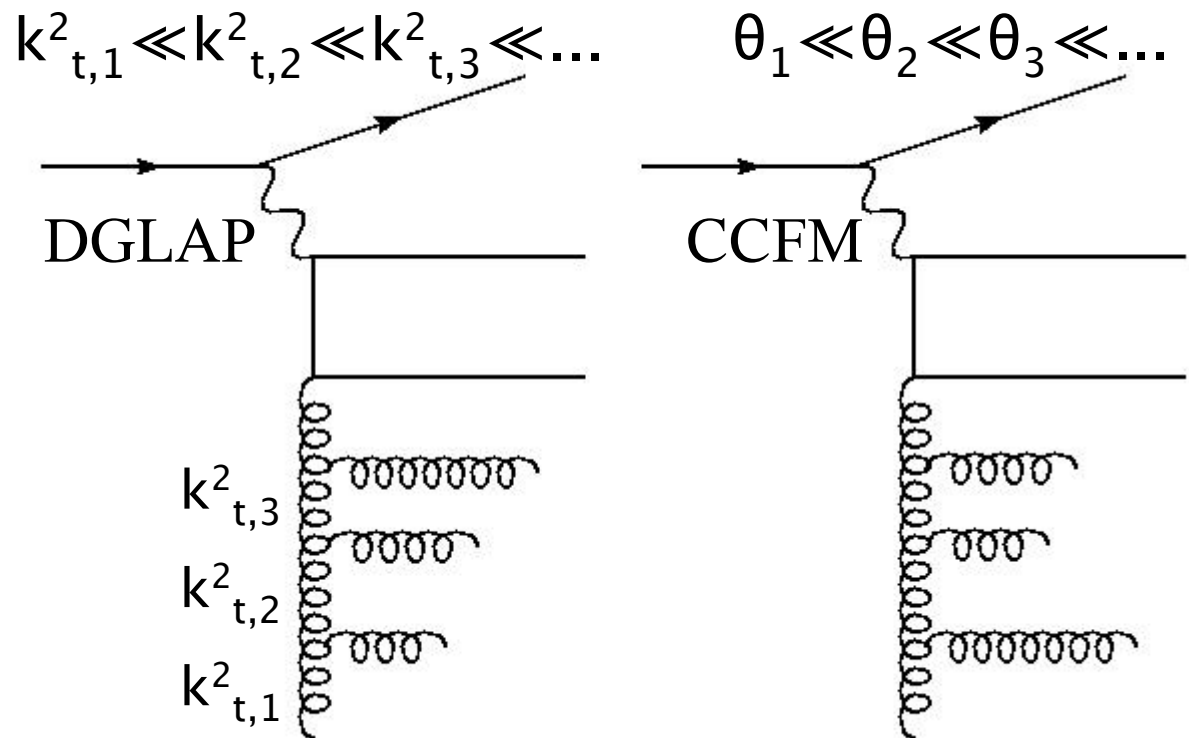
- **Soft MPI:** charged particles

# Monte Carlo

✓ **PYTHIA:** LO ME + DGLAP PS (+ MPI model)

(semi-)hard MPI + different string scenarios for hadronization

✓ **CASCADE:** off shell LO ME + CCFM PS (no resolved photon, no MPI model implemented)



Previous measurements

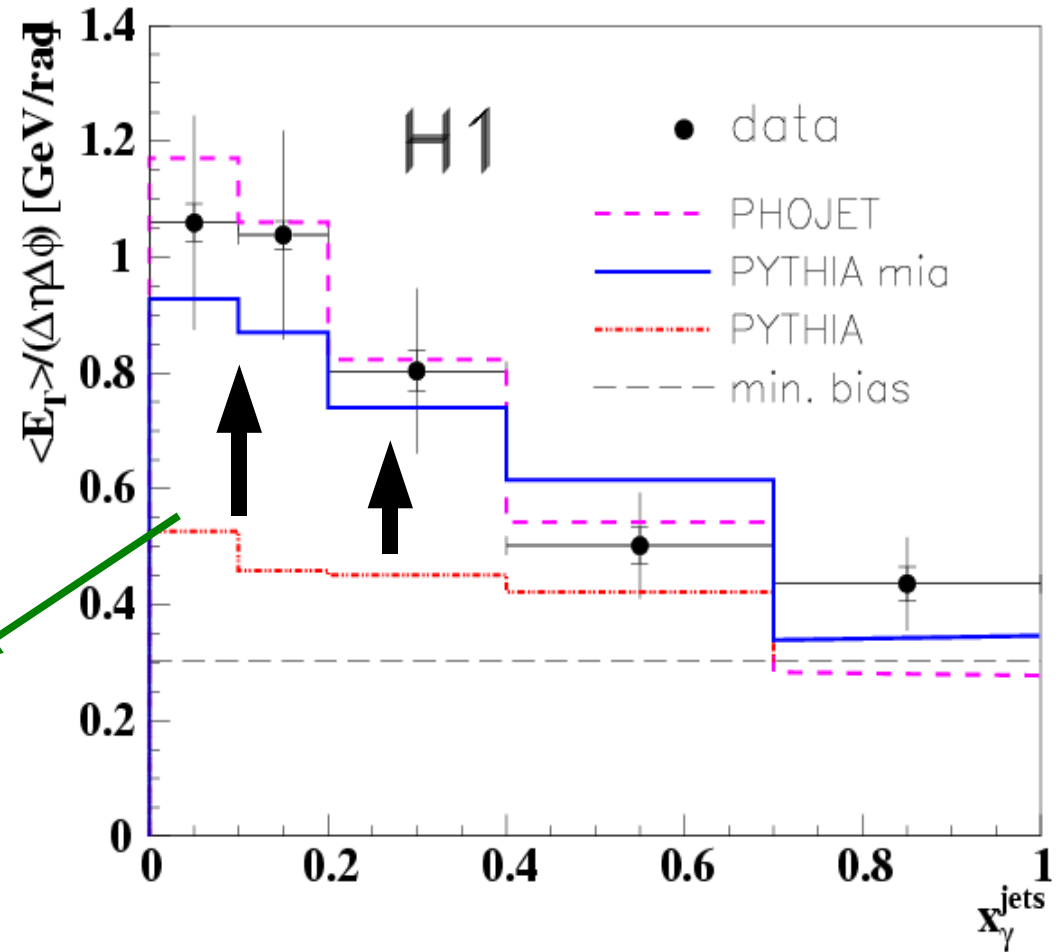
# Previous measurements

## Energy flow outside jets at H1

Photoproduction  $Q^2 < 0.01 \text{ GeV}^2$

At least two jets ( $E_T^{\text{jet}} > 5 \text{ GeV}$   
 $-1 < \eta^{\text{jet}} < 2.5$ )

The transverse energy density outside the jets can be described when **MPI** are simulated.



“Jets and Energy Flow in Photon-Proton Collisions at HERA” Z.Phys.C70:17-30,1996

# Previous measurements

## Transverse energy correlations at H1

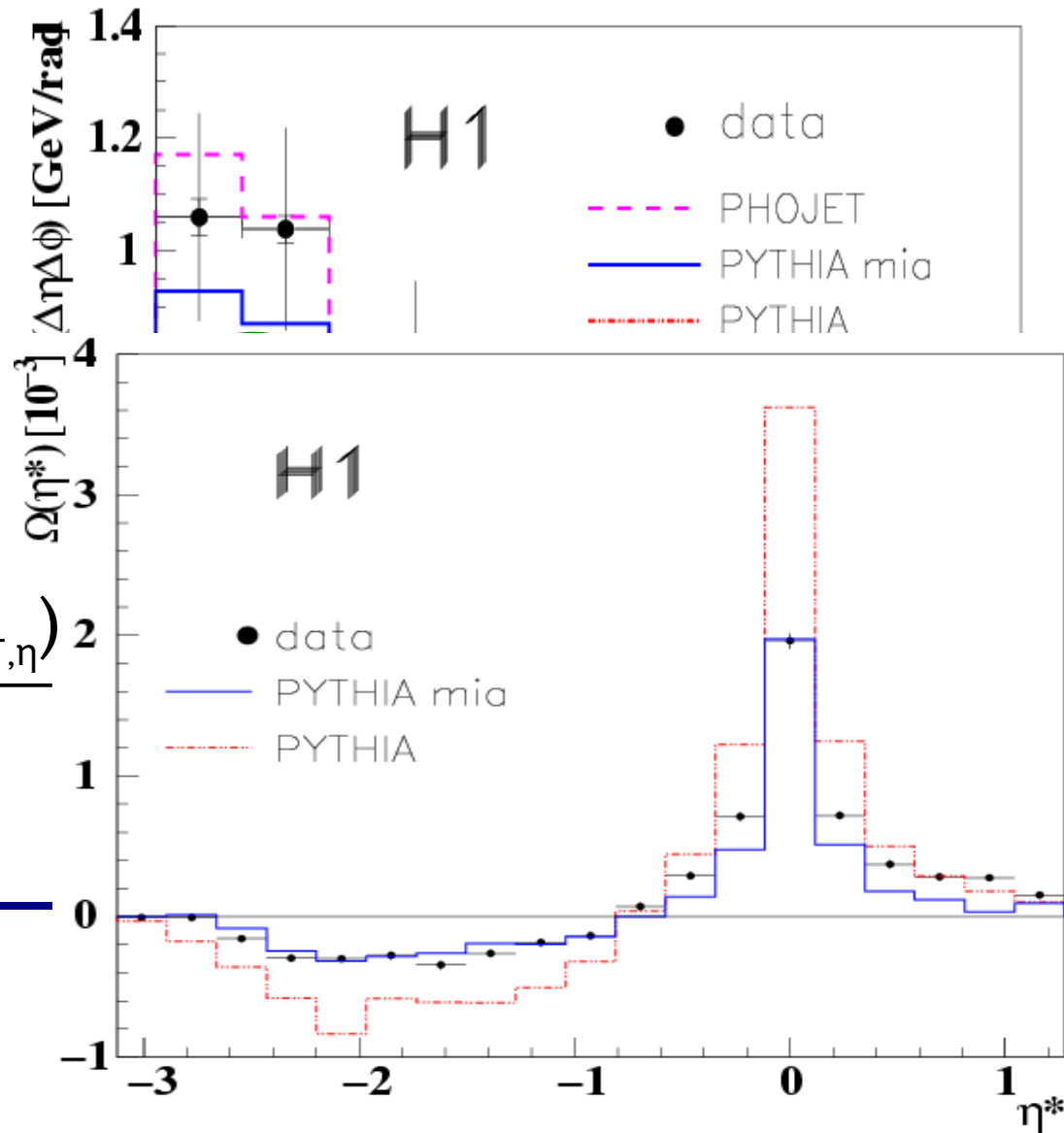
Photoproduction  $Q^2 < 0.01 \text{ GeV}^2$

High  $E_T$  sample ( $E_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$   
 $-0.8 < \eta < 3.3$ )

$$\Omega = \frac{1}{N_{\text{ev}}} \sum_{i=1}^{N_{\text{ev}}} \frac{(\langle E_{T,\eta=0} \rangle - E_{T,\eta=0}^i)(\langle E_{T,\eta} \rangle - E_{T,\eta}^i)}{(E_T^2)_i}$$

Including **MPI** the  $\Omega$  rapidity correlations can be described

“Jets and Energy Flow in Photon-Proton Collisions at HERA” Z.Phys.C70:17-30,1996



Preliminary analysis:  
charged particles

# *Charged particle multiplicity*

## Charged particle multiplicity

$$Q^2 < 0.01 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$0.3 < y < 0.65$$

Dijet events:  $P_T^{\text{jets}} > 5 \text{ GeV}$

$$|\eta^{\text{jets}}| < 1.5$$

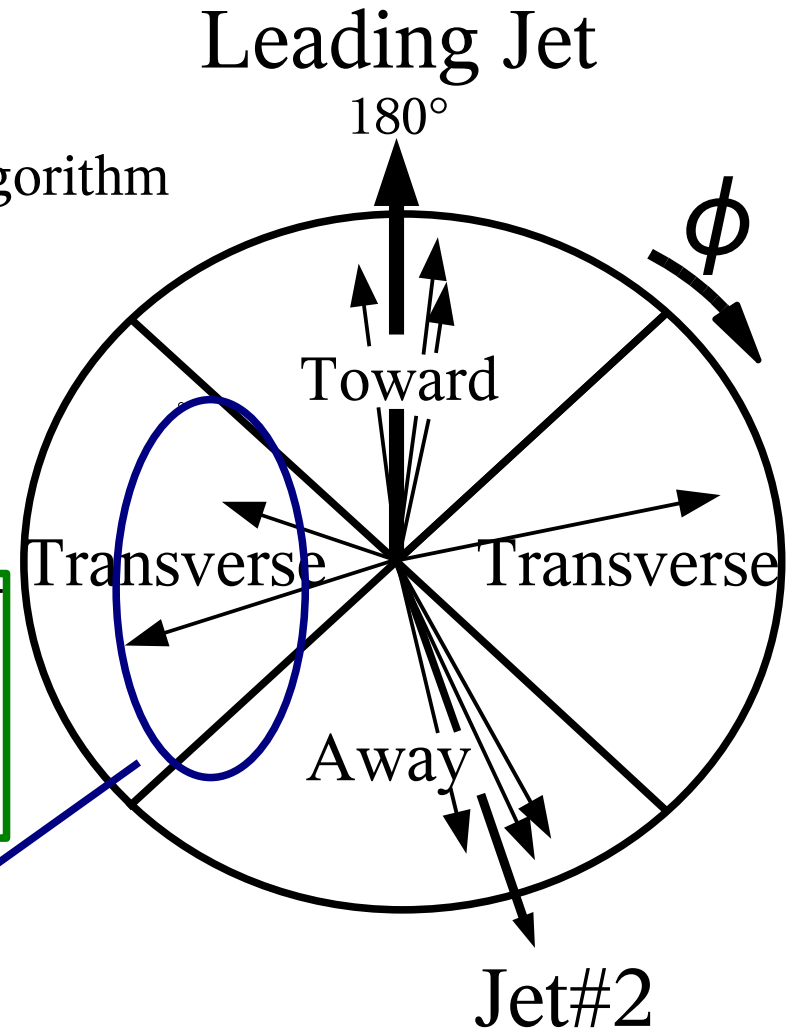
Charged particles:  $P_T > 150 \text{ MeV}$

$$|\eta| < 1.5$$

The high activity region is the transverse region hemisphere

with higher  $P_T^{\text{sum}} = \sum_i^{\text{tracks}} p_{T,i}$

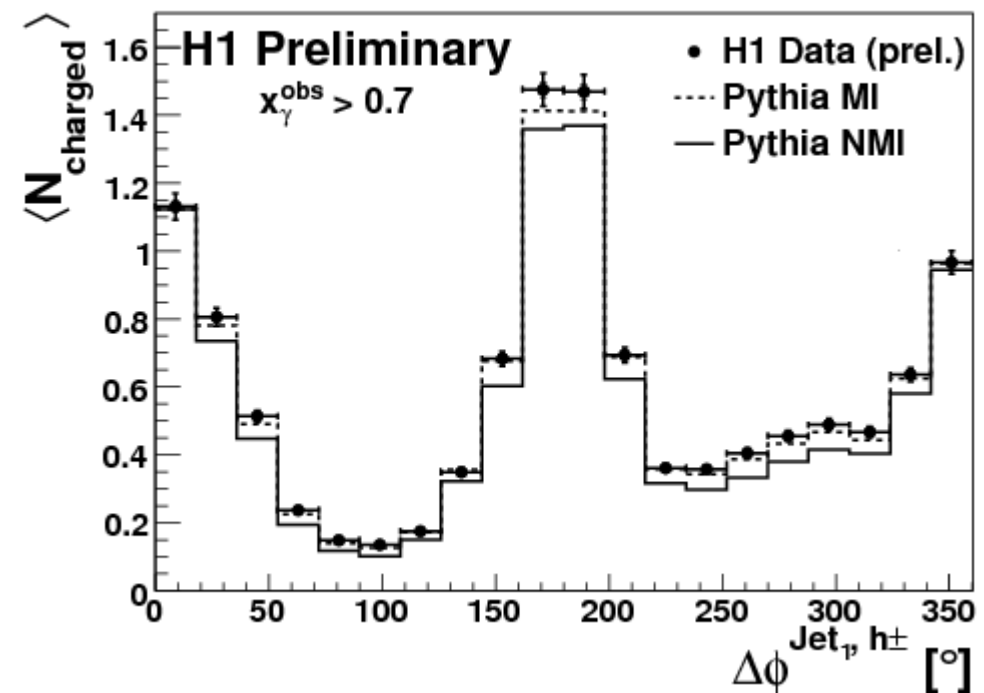
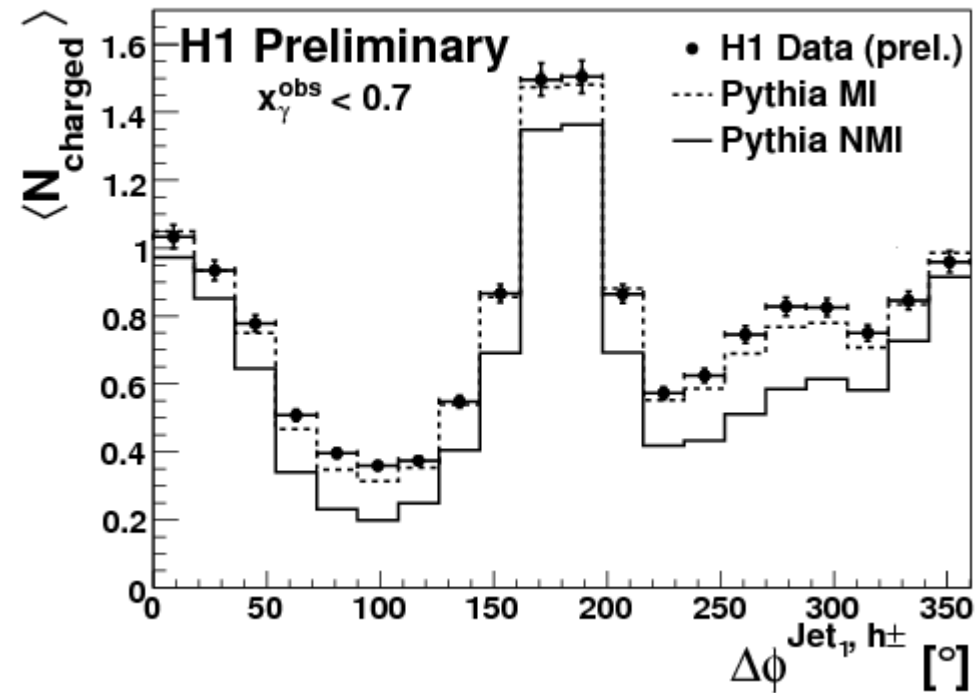
inclusive  $k_T$  jet algorithm



DESY-THESIS-2009-007  
H1-prelim-08-036

# Charged particle multiplicity

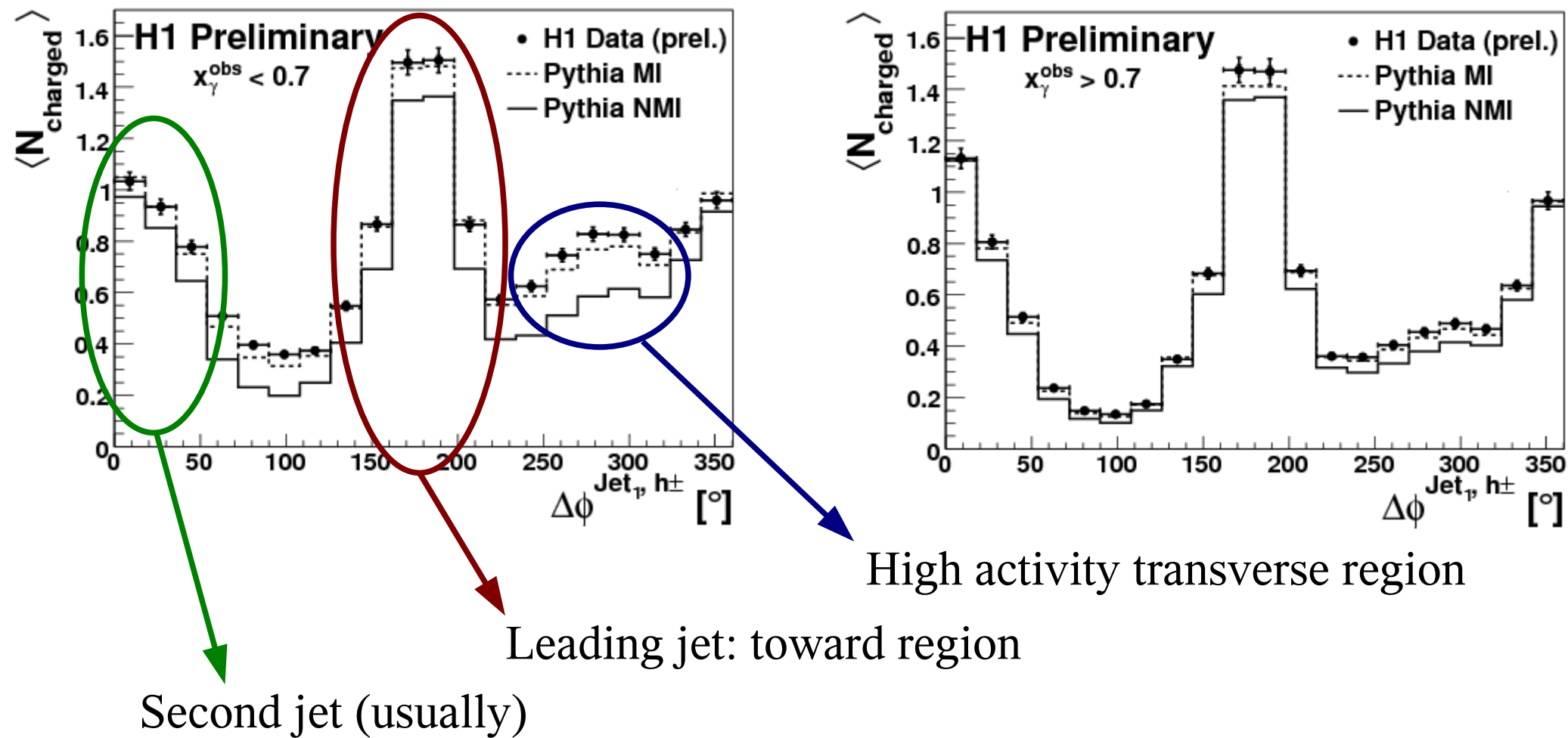
Charge particle multiplicity as a function of the  $\Delta\phi$  between the leading jet and the charged particles





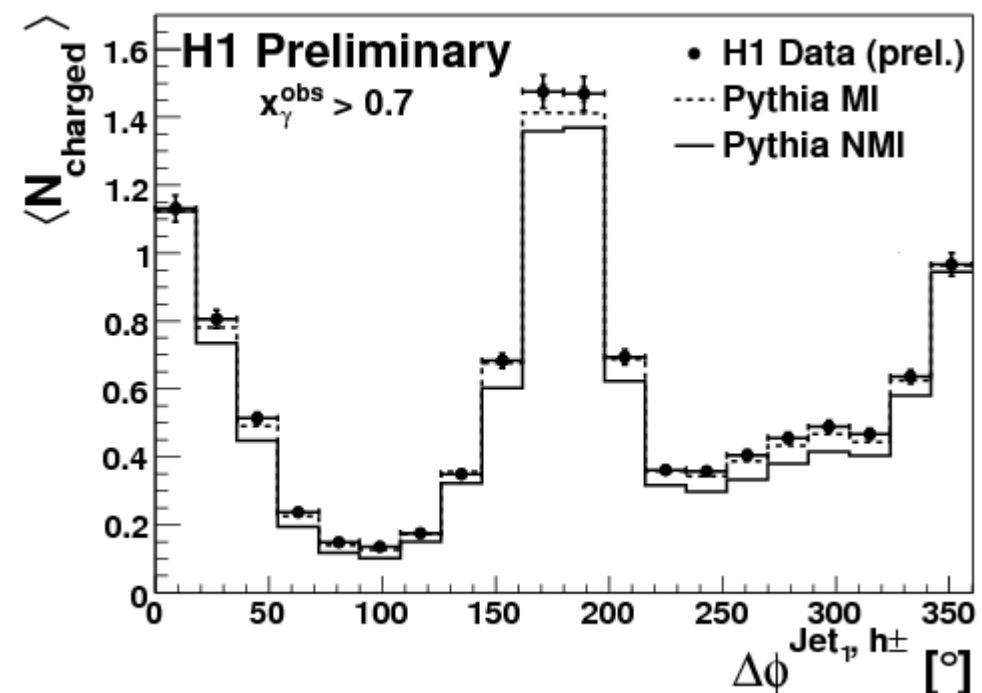
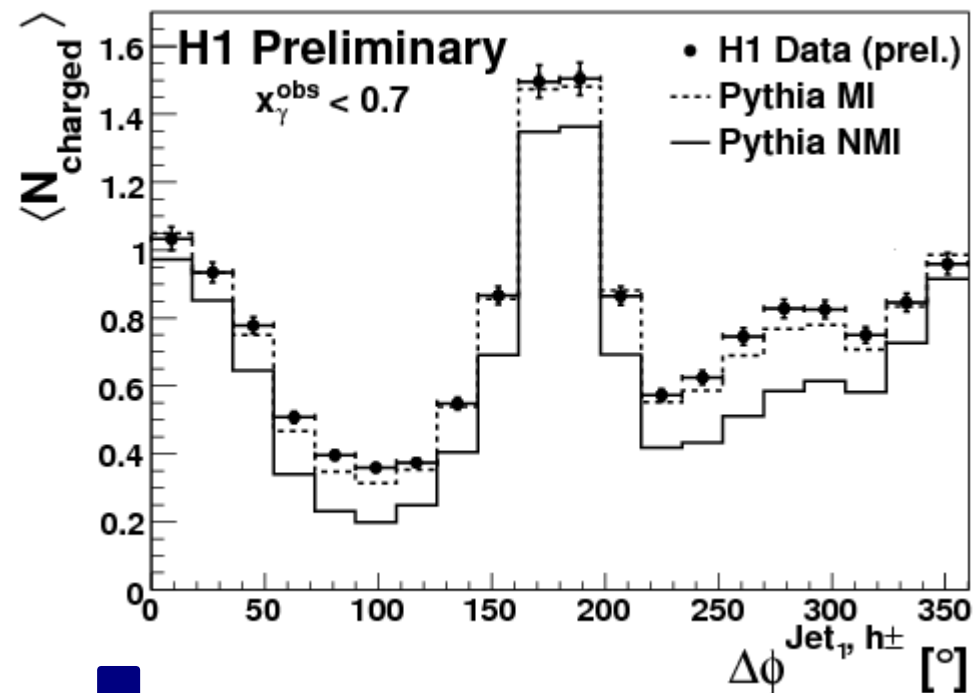
# Charged particle multiplicity

Charge particle multiplicity as a function of the  $\Delta\phi$  between the leading jet and the charged particles



# Charged particle multiplicity

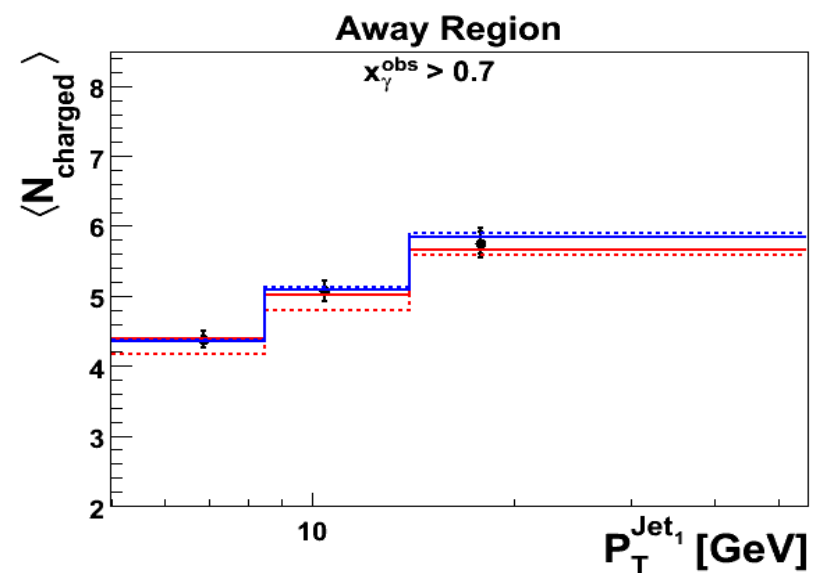
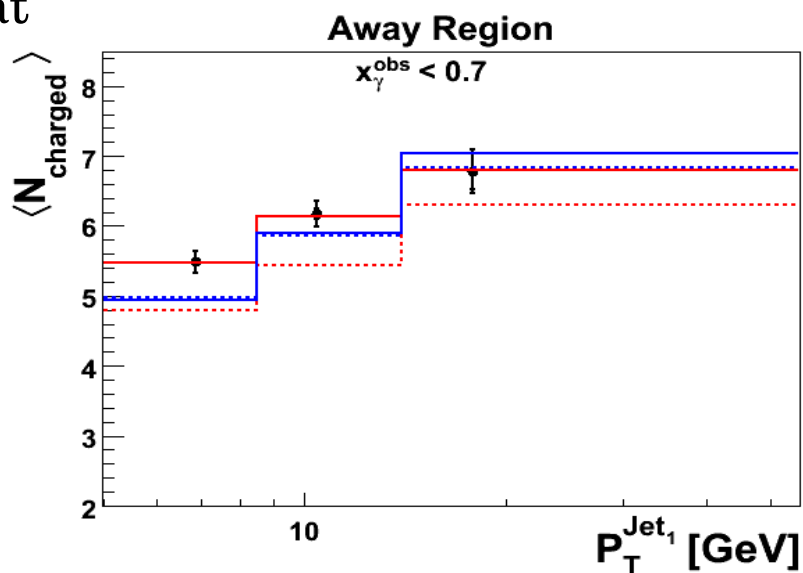
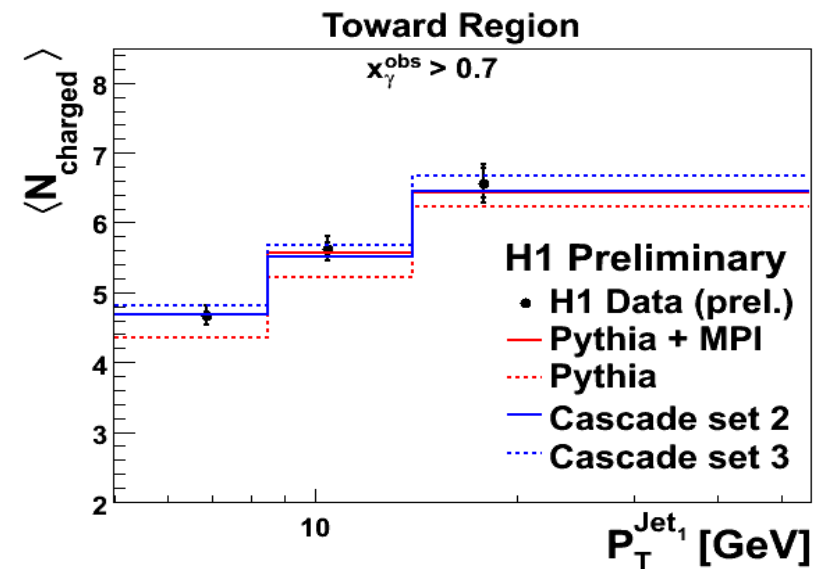
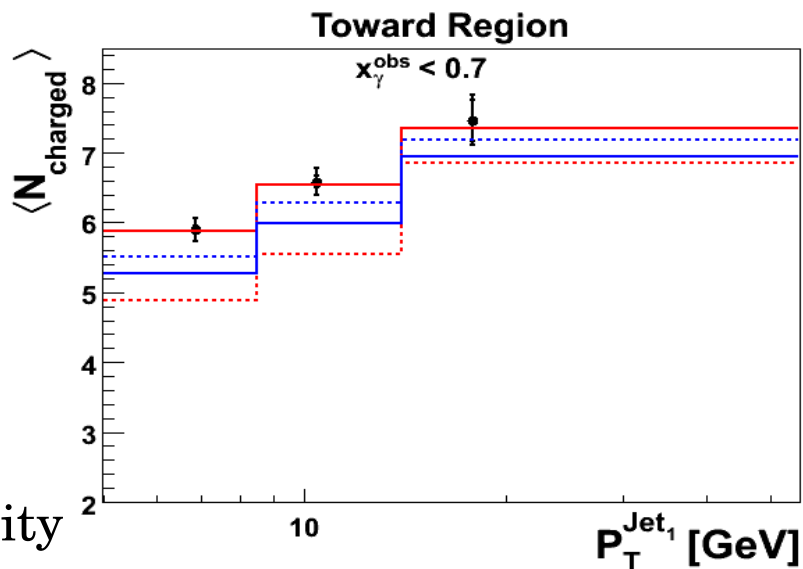
Charge particle multiplicity as a function of the  $\Delta\phi$  between the leading jet and the charged particles



Pythia describes data only when including MPI effects

It looks as a pedestal over the  $\Delta\phi_{\text{Jet}_1, h^\pm}$  but...it is not so simple...

# Charged particle multiplicity

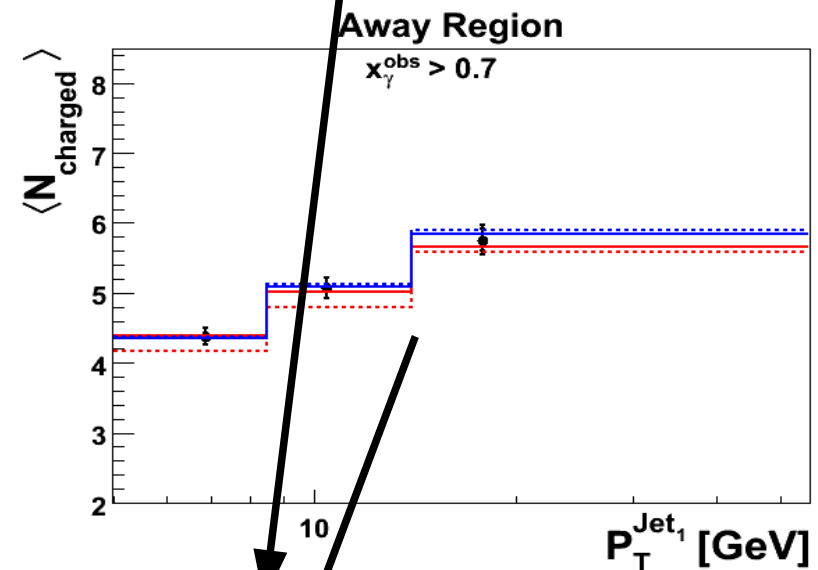
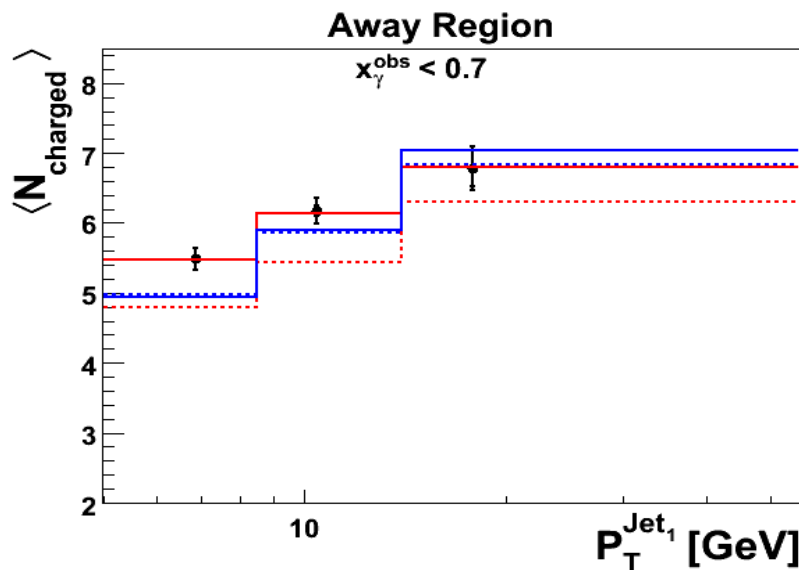
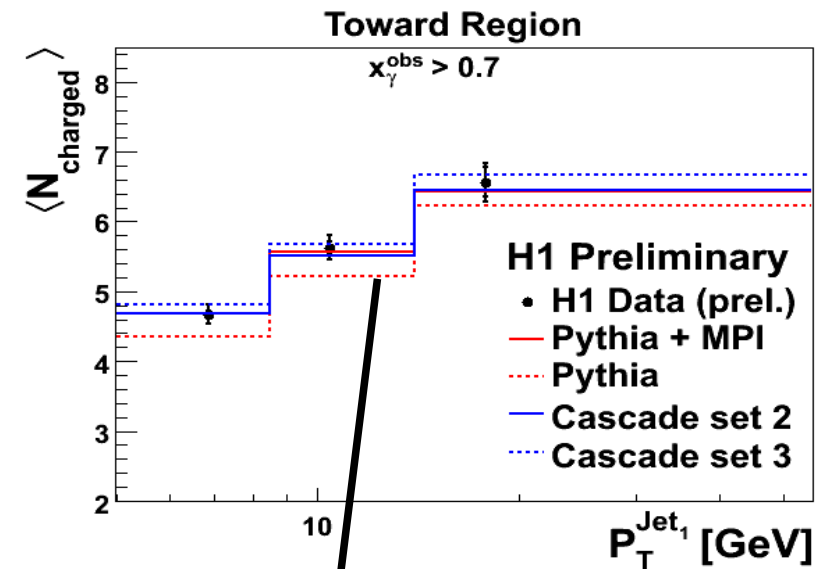
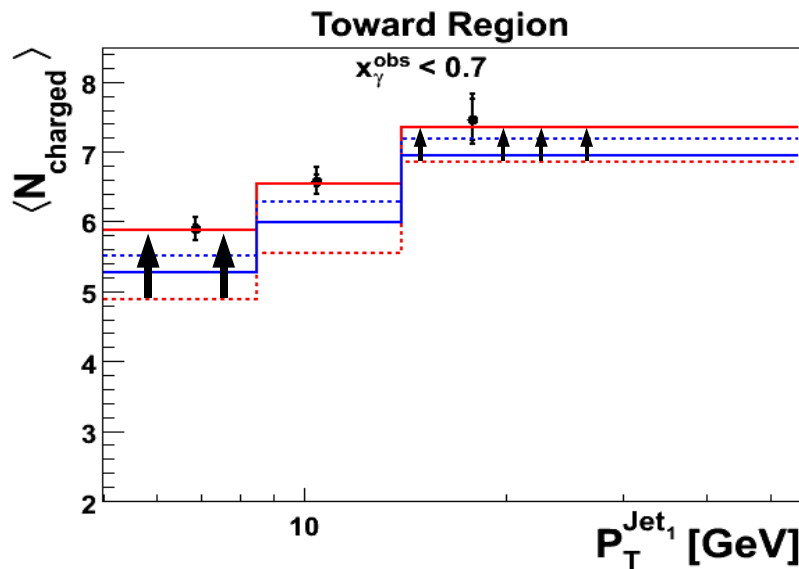


Higher multiplicity  
at  $X_\gamma < 0.7$  than at  
higher values

Multiplicity  
increases with  $P_T^{\text{Jet}1}$

# Charged particle multiplicity

MPI contributes more at low  $P_T^{\text{Jet}1}$  as seen by Pythia



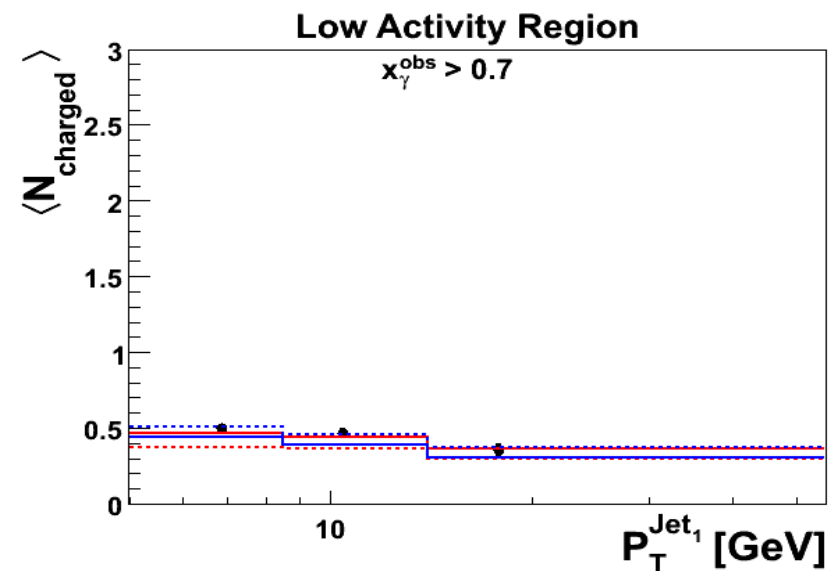
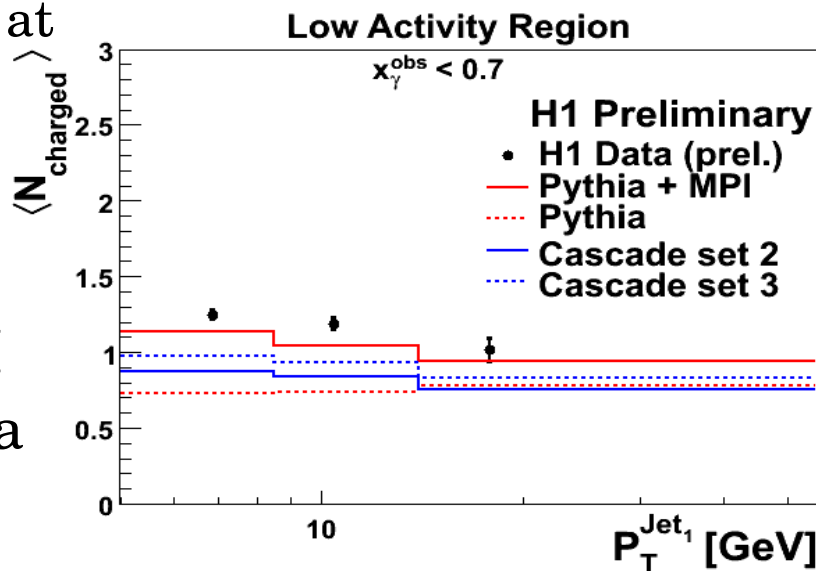
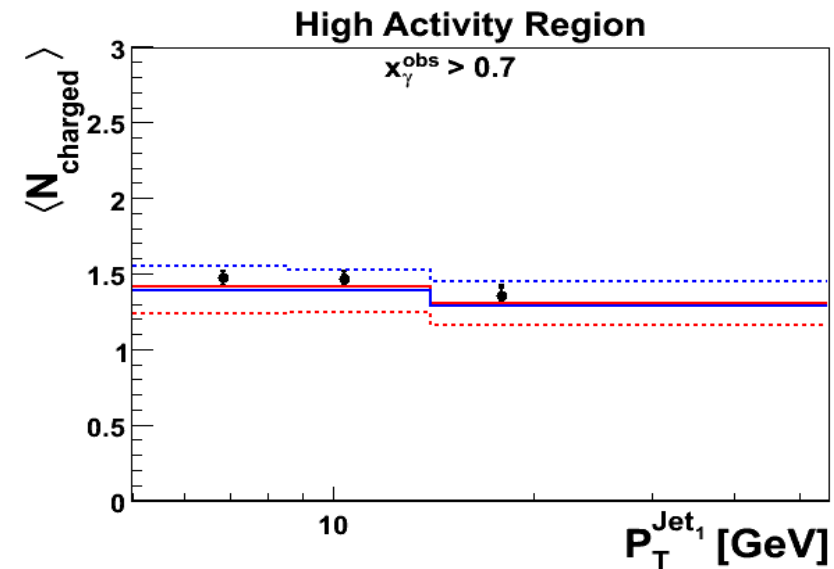
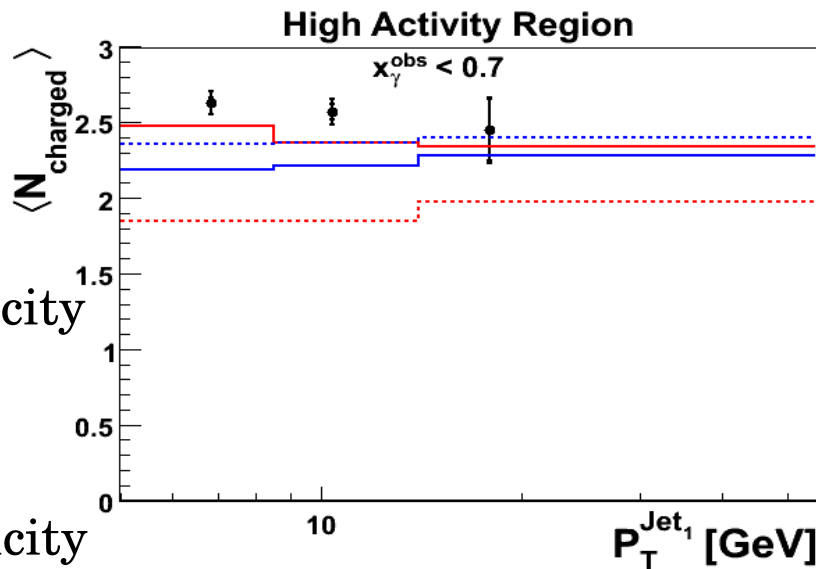
The models do not differ very much among each other at  $X_\gamma > 0.7$

# Charged particle multiplicity

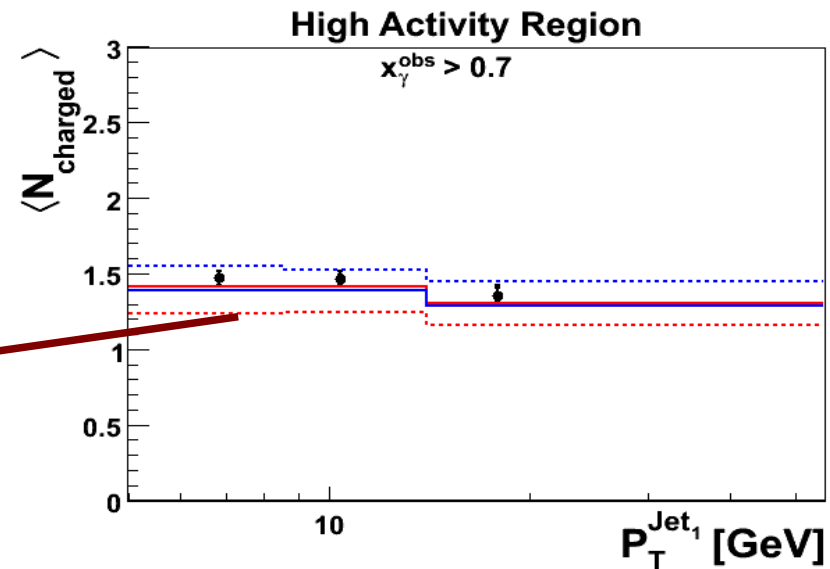
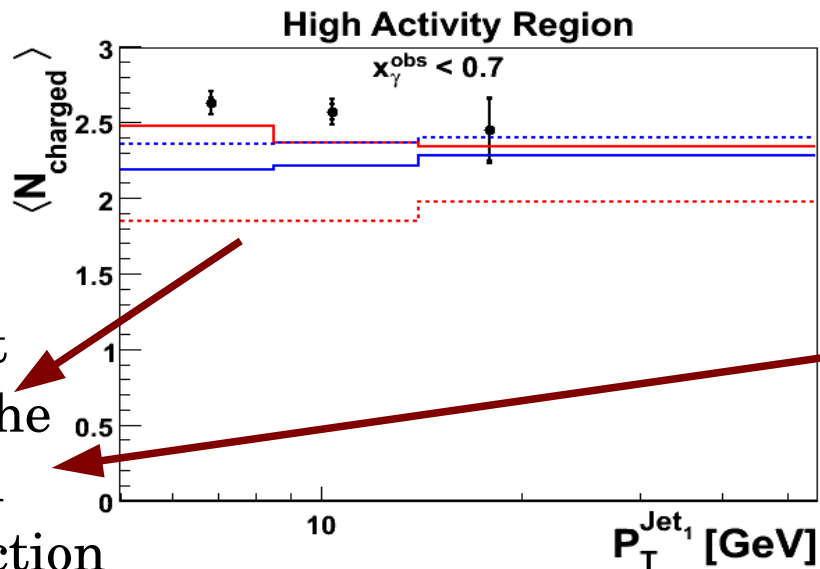
At  $X_\gamma < 0.7$  the largest multiplicity is predicted by Pythia MPI

Higher multiplicity at  $X_\gamma < 0.7$  than at higher values

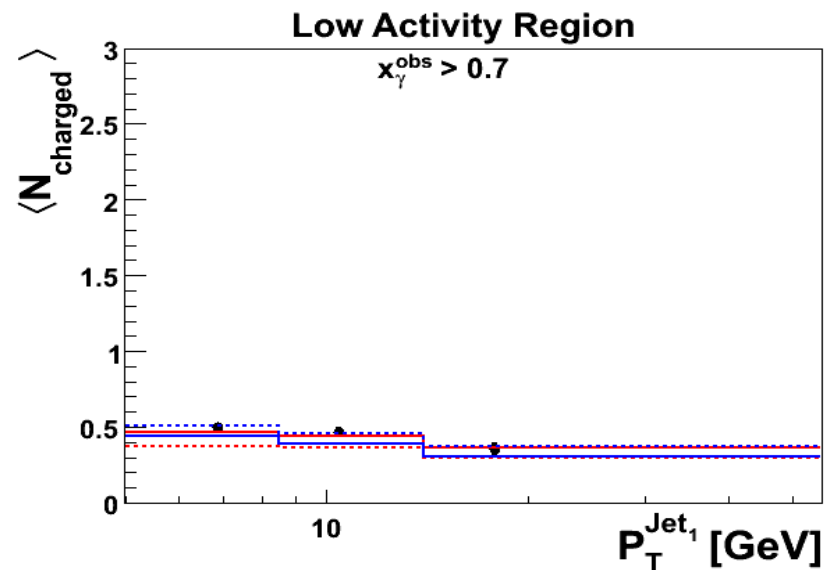
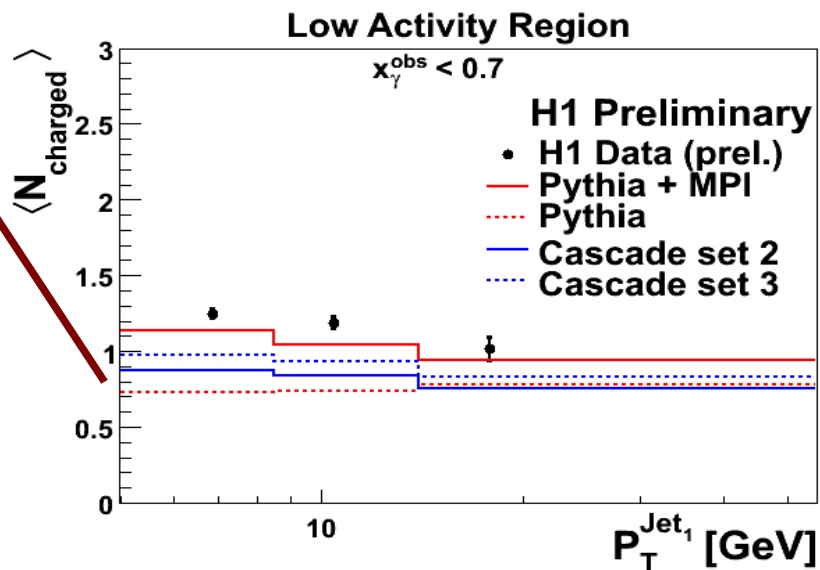
Pythia + MPI describes data best



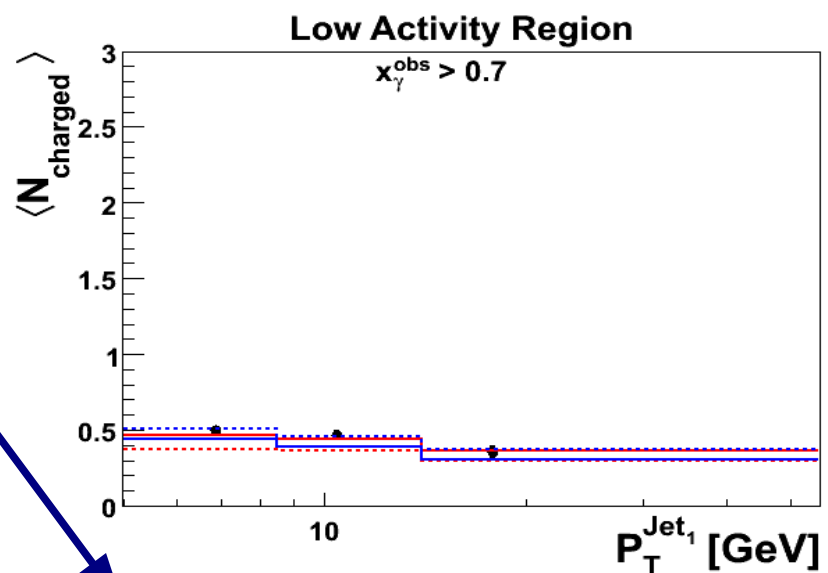
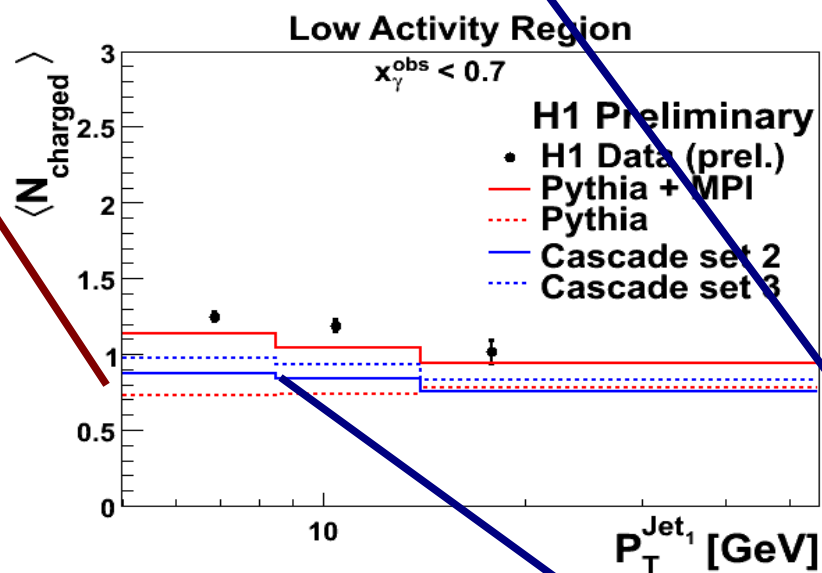
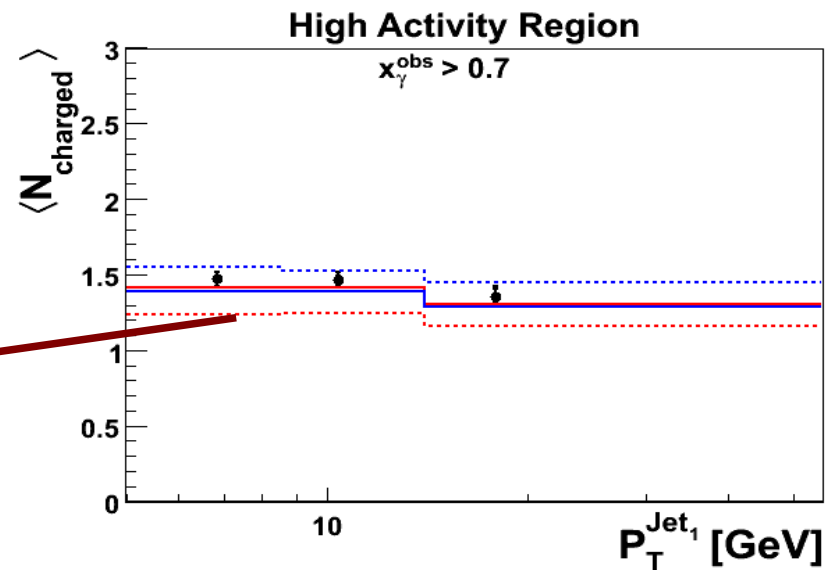
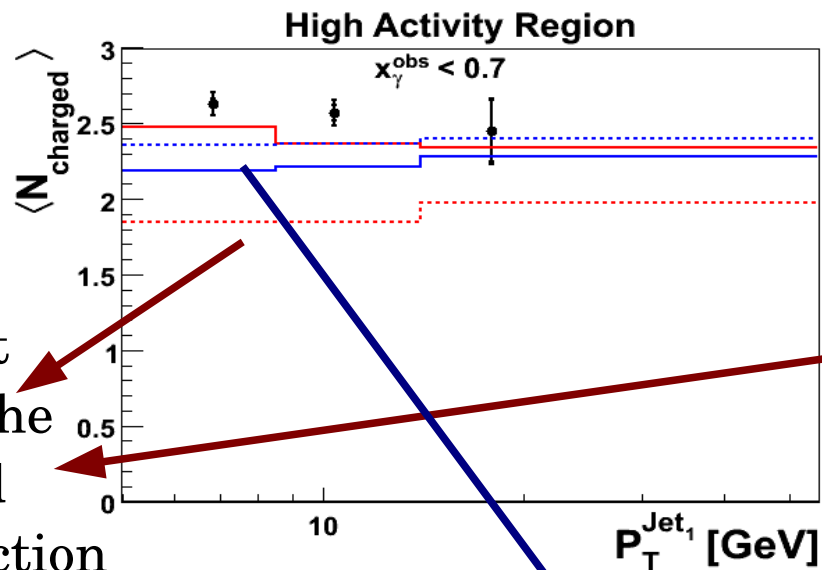
# Charged particle multiplicity



Pythia without MPI predicts the lowest charged particle production in all regions



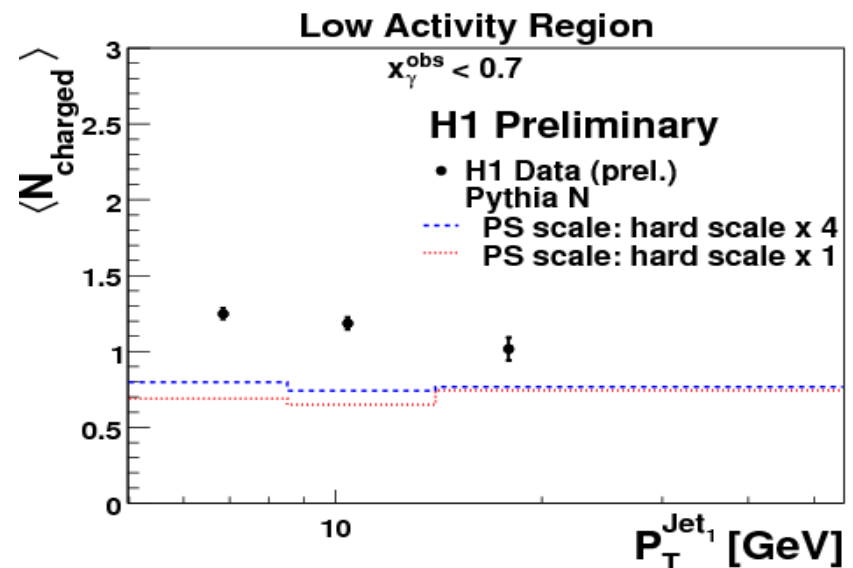
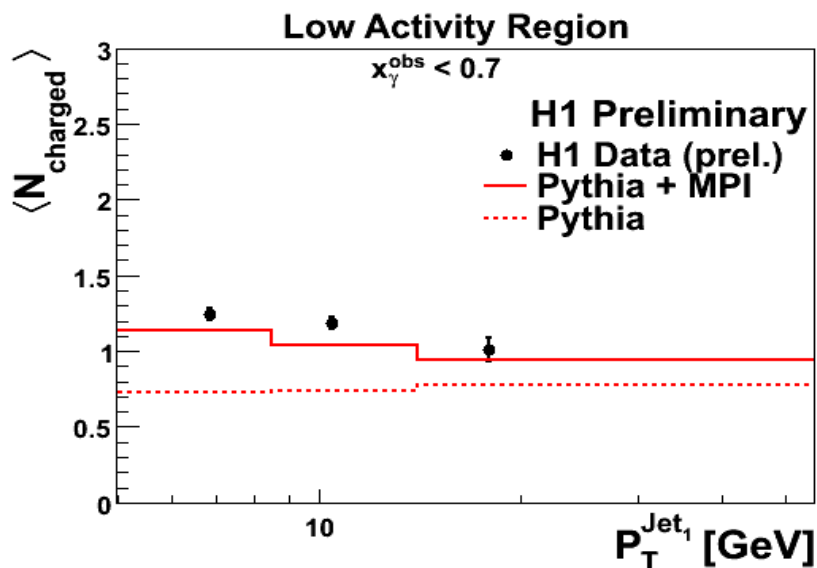
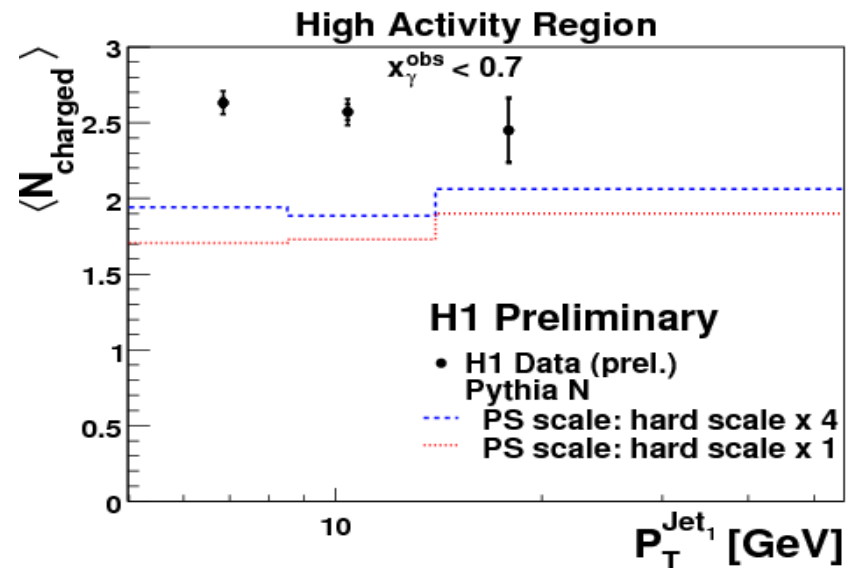
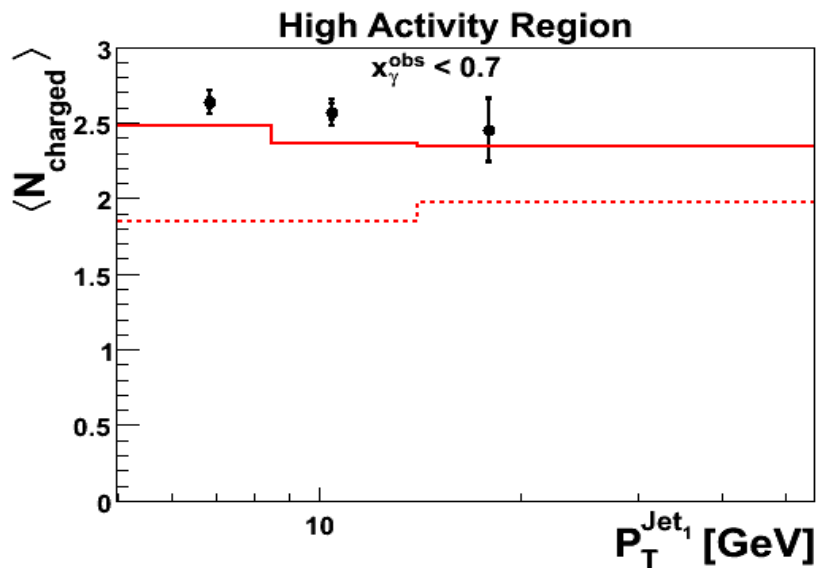
# Charged particle multiplicity



Pythia without MPI predicts the lowest charged particle production in all regions

Cascade predicts a charged particle multiplicity lower than data at  $X_\gamma < 0.7$

# Charged particle multiplicity



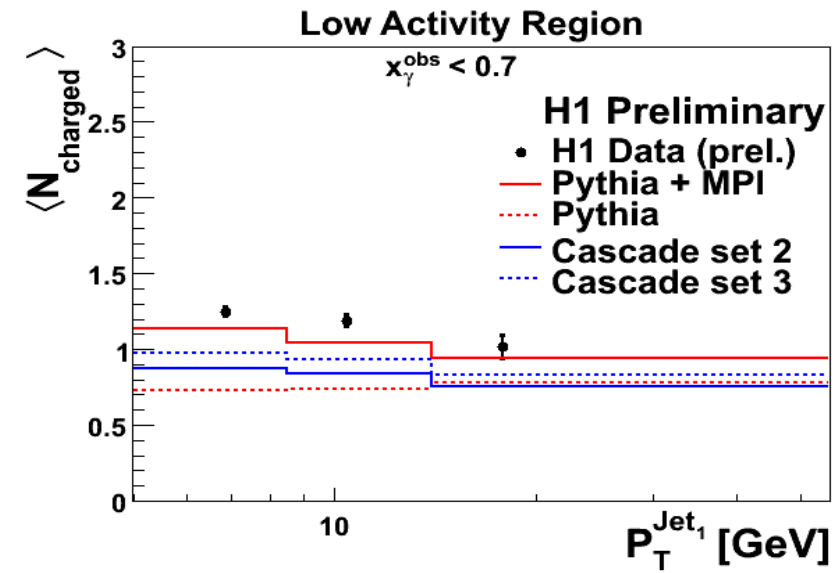
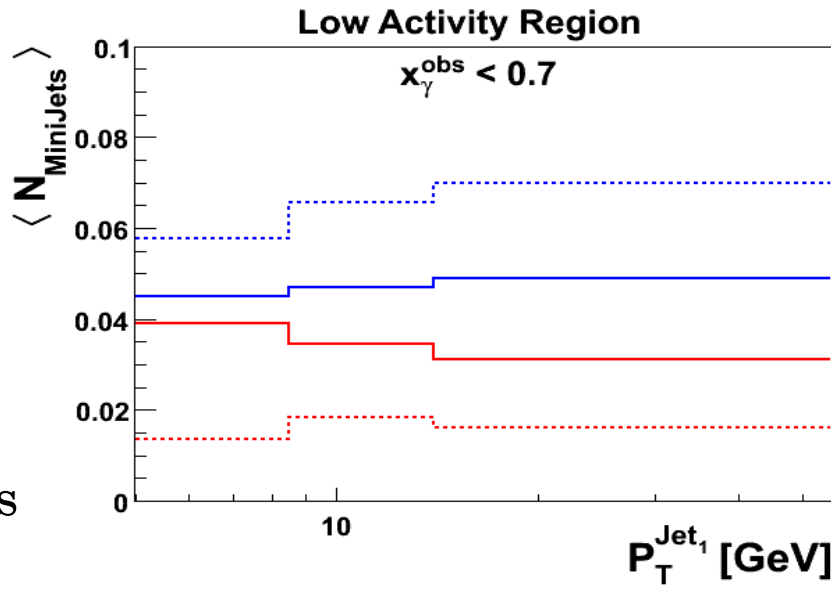
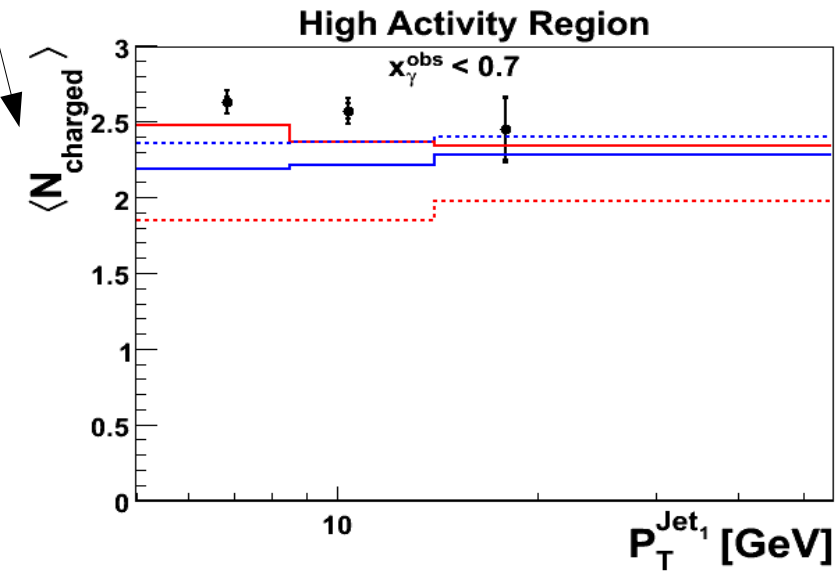
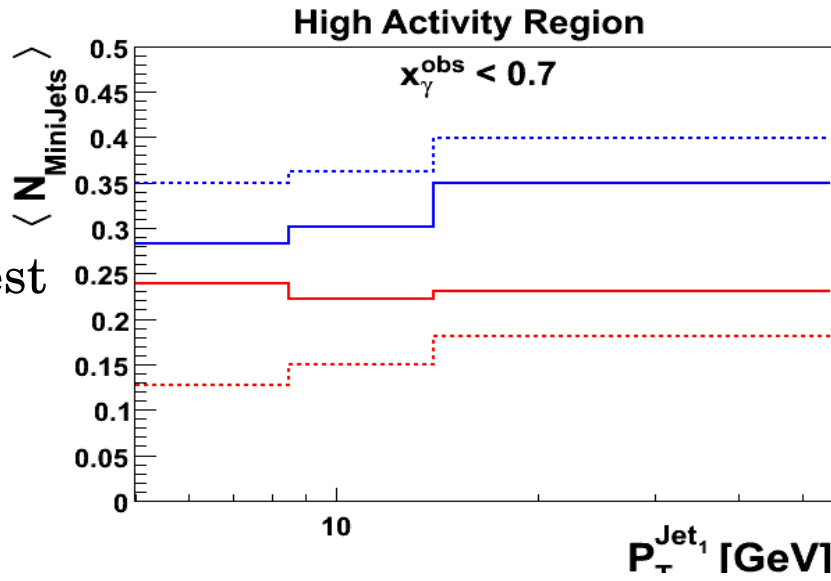
DGLAP is not able to really produce more activity without MPI



# minijet multiplicity

minijet defined as  $P_T^{\text{jets}} > 3.5 \text{ GeV}$

charged particles



Here, the largest multiplicity is predicted by Cascade

Very large differences among all predictions for minijet analysis

→ minijets is a good observable to be analyzed.

# Summary

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## ✓ Soft MPI:

### ✓ Charged particle multiplicity in photoproduction

Charged particle multiplicity outside the hard interaction not described without MPI (although CASCADE... )

## ✓ Semi-soft:

### ✓ Low $P_T$ jets

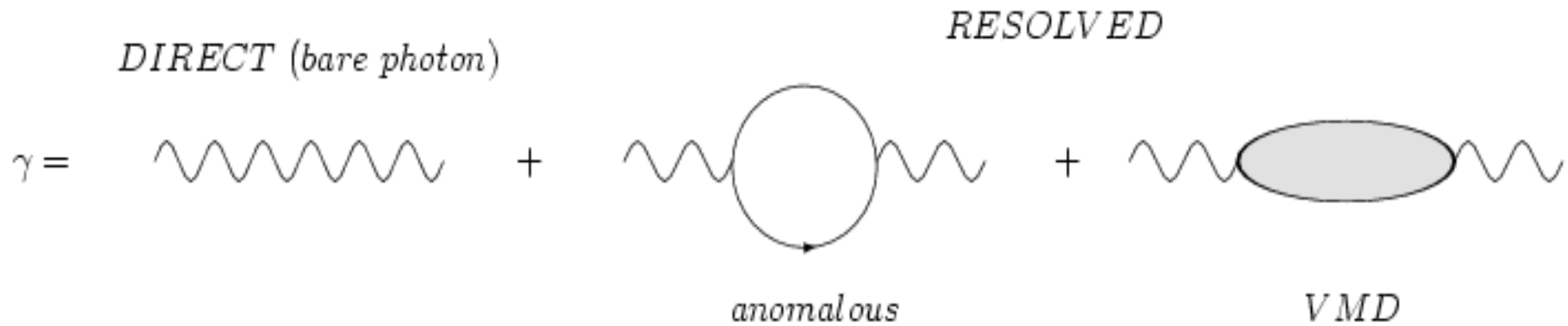
Very promising observable to study the MPI and the UE. Minijets in photoproduction can provide supplementary information

Need to improve MC: improve PS (CASCADE) and MPI?

Thanks for your attention

# Introduction & motivation

$x$  in **photoproduction** the photon lives enough to develop a complicated **hadronic structure**.

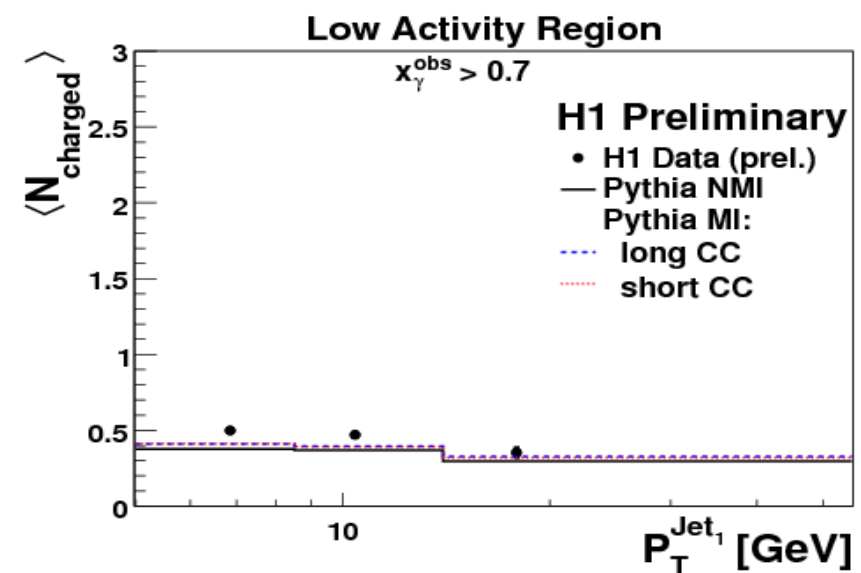
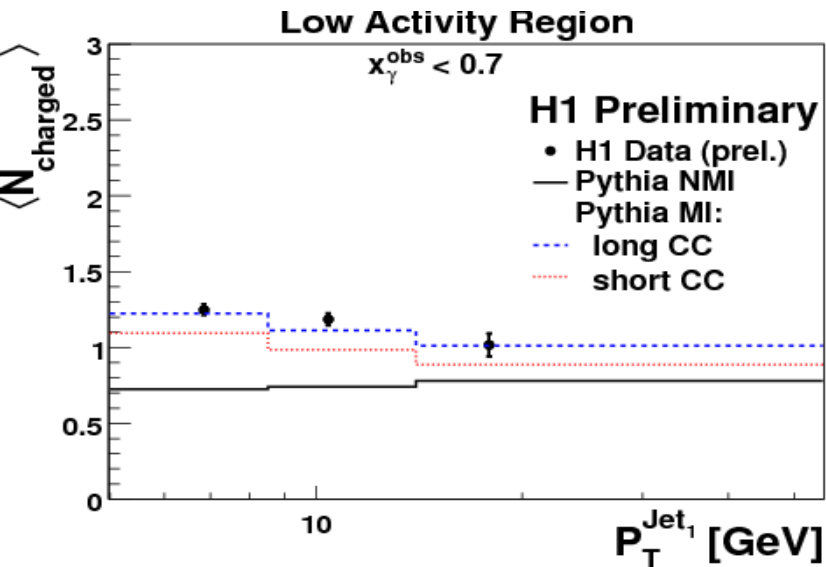
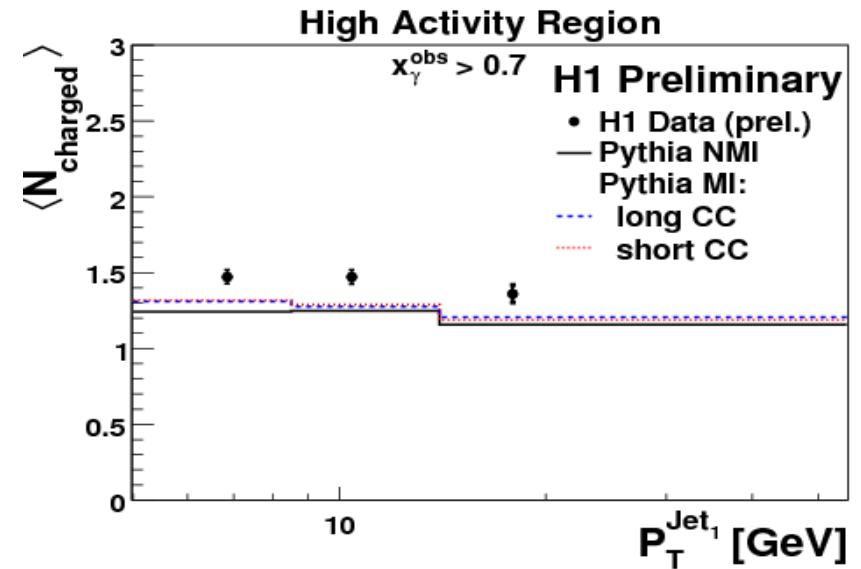
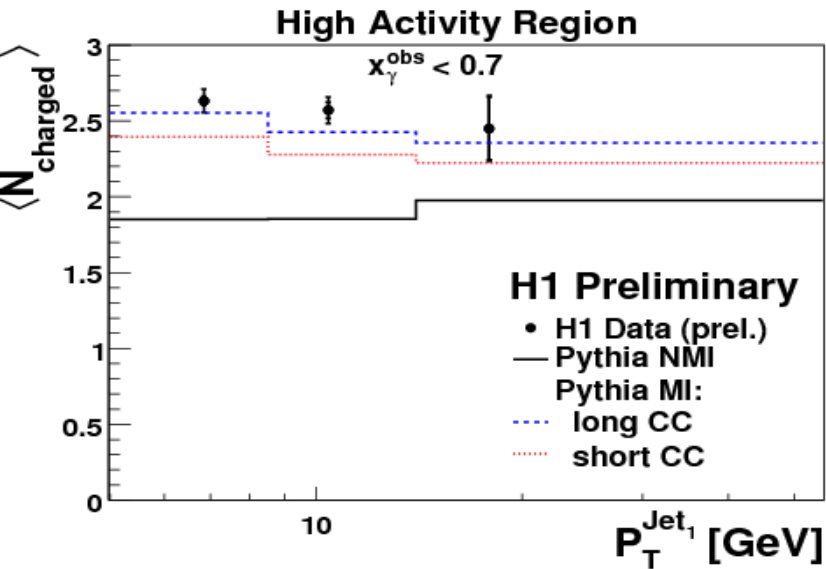


photon energy fraction to enter in the hard interaction

$$X_{\gamma}^{\text{obs}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N_{\text{jets}}} E_{\text{T}}^{\text{jet}_i} e^{-\eta^{\text{jet}_i}}}{2 E_{\gamma}}$$

- **high values** correspond to **point-like** photons
- **low values** correspond to **hadron-like** photons

# HERA present: Charged particle multiplicity



✗ MPI contributes more at low  $P_T^{\text{Jet}1}$  BUT not as just a pedestal since it decreases with increasing  $P_T^{\text{Jet}1}$