

Strategy Report on Research Infrastructures ROADMAP 2018

LANDSCAPE

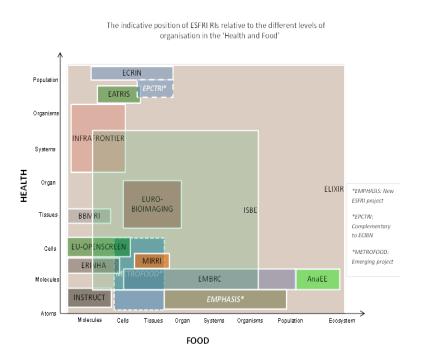
Gabriela Pastori, Chair of Health and Food Strategy Working Group, UK ESFRI delegate



Landscape analysis

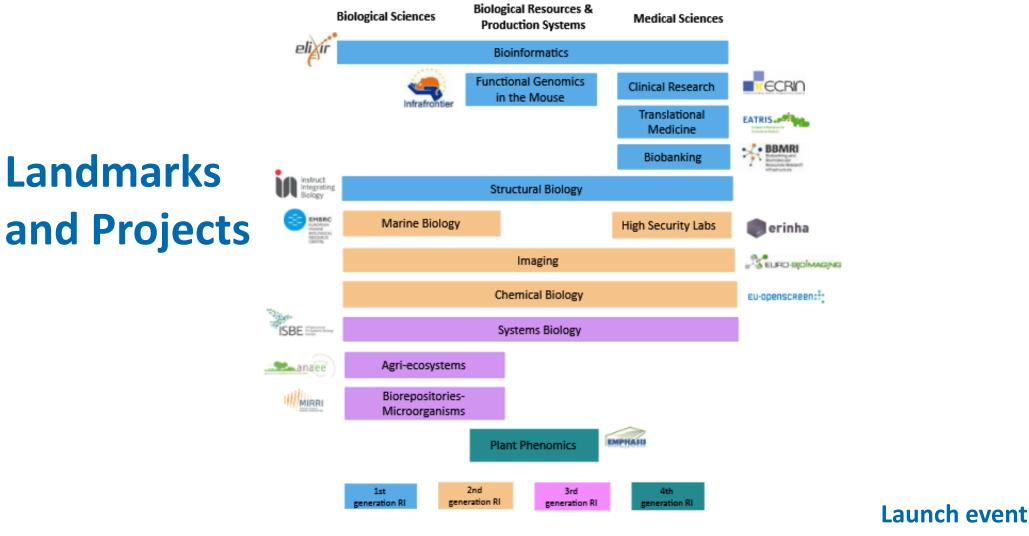
-essential component of the Roadmap
-current context of EU RI ecosystem
-a reference for monitoring and evaluation
-future trends

Strategy Working Groups ENE – Harald Bolt ENV – Gelsomina Pappalardo HF – Gabriela Pastori PSE – Jose Luis Martinez SCI – Jacques Dubucs



FSFR

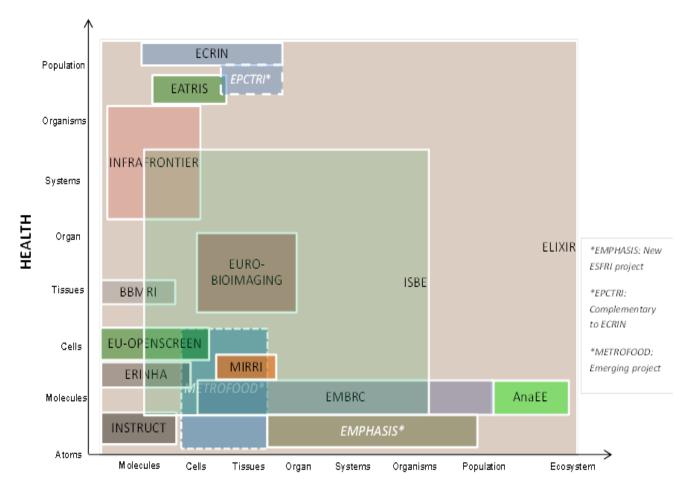
Health and Food Strategy Working Group



ICRI 2016, Cape Town - South Africa

FSFR

Health and Food Strategy Working Group



The indicative position of ESFRI RIs relative to the different levels of organisation in the 'Health and Food'

Complementary Emerging

Landmarks and

Projects

FOOD

Launch event

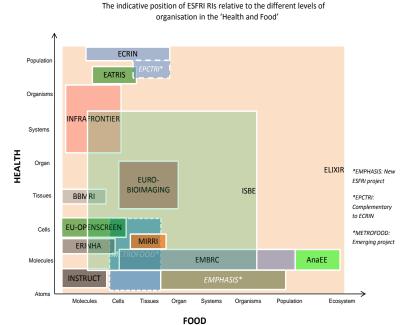
ICRI 2016, Cape Town - South Africa



Landscape analysis

Brief

- •Update the landscape analysis (Sep 2016 Sep 2017)
- Provide an overview of RI ecosystems
- •Identify gaps and promote inter- and crossdisciplinary aspects
- •Explore complementarities and effectiveness at the boundaries
- •Forward look and trends



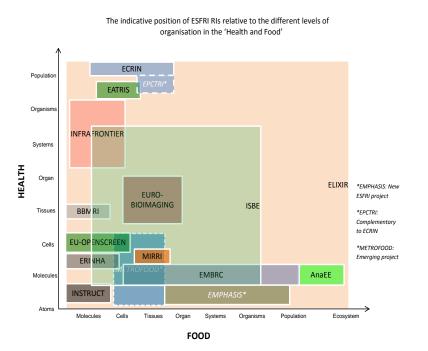
Landscape analysis

HF SWG plans its analysis in **four broad steps** that:

set up a framework of the landscape analysis;
evaluate the current status of the RI landscape and identify gaps;

• prioritise gaps to be filled, based on criteria defined at the beginning of the work;

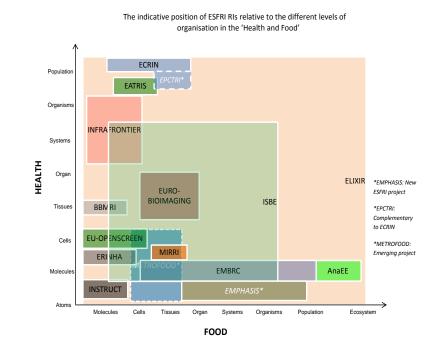
•make recommendations to ESFRI Forum.



Landscape analysis

Resources

- •Analysis of National Roadmaps;
- •Areas identified previously by the HFSWG and published in 2016 RM;
- •Overview of all communities of research infrastructures;
- •Recommendations from relevant established bodies/reports.



Landscape analysis

Criteria

•Scientific and technological knowledge delivered (or contribution to the advancement of science and technology);

•Potential for structuring the ERA and addressing fragmentation;

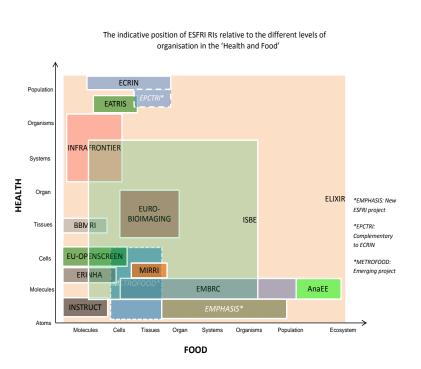
•Timeliness (urgency; opportunities Europe will lose if delayed);

•Range of scientific communities covered and potential for integration;

•Potential for knowledge and technology transfer, training and increasing capacity;

•The extent to which the new infrastructure responds to the needs and improves the access for scientific communities;

•The extent to which the new infrastructure meets a gap in and connects to HF SWG landscape.





Working at the boundaries New opportunities and new questions

Energy SWG	Bioenergy & biorenewables		Physical Sciences & Engineering SWG
Land use and biodiversity Seas, oceans, aquatic ecosystems & climate change	Biological Sciences Health and Fo	Biological resources & processes	Big machines, platforms & technologies - molecular to field systems - x-ray to satellites
Climate change and agri-ecosystems	Agri-food Sciences	Medical Sciences	Data protection & ELSI
Environment SWG	Food value chain, farm to consumer	Food systems, consumer demand & behaviour	Social & Cultural Innovation SWG

Working at the boundaries New opportunities and new questions

CONNECTING THE LANDSCAPES

e.g. from ageing to food systems; from food and nonfood systems to satellites

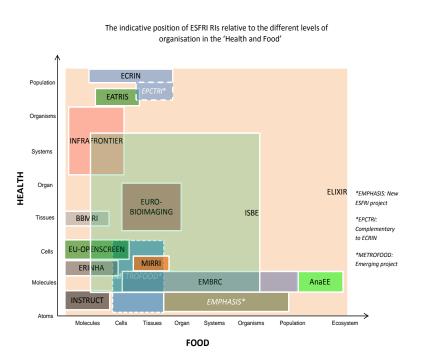
Energy SWG	Bioenergy & biorenewables		Physical Sciences & Engineering SWG
Land use and biodiversity Seas, oceans, aquatic ecosystems & climate change	Biological Sciences Health and	Biological resources & processes	Big machines, platforms & technologies - molecular to field systems - x-ray to satellites
Climate change and agri-ecosystems	Agri-food Sciences	Medical Sciences	Data protection & ELSI
Environment SWG	Food value chain, farm to consumer	Food systems, consumer demand & behaviour	Social & Cultural Innovation SWG

Towards a methodology for measuring socio-economic impact of RIs

- Generic to HF specific approaches for measuring socio-economic impacts of RIs
- Need to consider:

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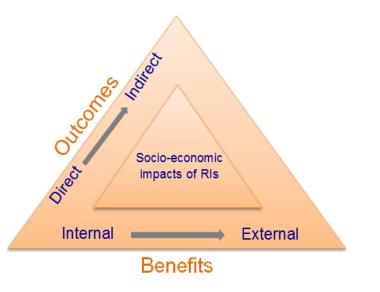
- Different stages of RI lifecycle (preparatory, operational and beyond)
- Different types of RI (single sited, distributed, virtual services etc.)
- Varying RI contexts (regional, national, pan-European, global)
- Varying users and services types



Towards a methodology for measuring socio-economic impact of RIs

- Socio-economic impacts can be identified as 'benefits' that impact economic growth and social changes
- KRDS* Benefits framework organises outcomes in broad 'dimensions' of benefits
 - Direct and indirect benefits
 - Near term and long term benefits
 - Internal and external benefits (i.e. private and public benefits)
- Given the specificity of each RI, difficult to comprehensively identify all potential benefits from RIs

*Keeping Research Data Safe (KRDS) Benefits Framework

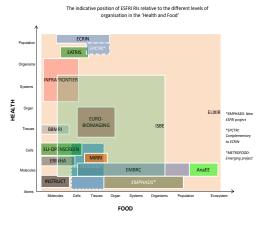


Outcomes and benefits framework (adopted from Beagrie et al 2010, Charles Beagrie 2011)

Towards a methodology for measuring socioeconomic impact of RIs

- Direct benefits: Positive impact directly made by RIs
 - Examples: directly created jobs; direct outputs from using RI service; reduced time for data acquisition etc.
- Indirect benefits: Positive impact resulting indirectly from the *RIs (negative impact avoided due to the existence and guse of RIs)*
 - Examples: commercial supplier's turnover due to procurement of equipment/resources for RI, reduced duplication of effort as a result of using RI services etc.
- Near term benefits: Benefits received in the near term (up to 5 years)
 - Examples: publications, professionals trained etc.
- Long term benefits: Benefits received in the longer term (beyond 5 years)
 - Examples: new spin offs as a result of scientific output through the use of RI services,
- Private benefits: Benefits to individuals and stakeholders directly affiliated to the RI
 - > Examples: financial benefit to RIs, publication in journals, theses etc.
- Public benefits: Benefits to individuals and stakeholders not directly affiliated to the RI
 - > Examples: impact on policy decisions as a result of research outcomes etc.

From generic to HF specific



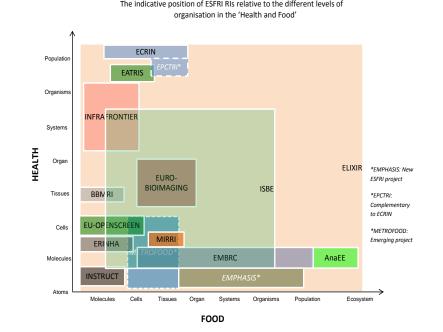
Aligned to value of RIs and connected to investment strategies

Launch event

ICRI 2016, Cape Town - South Africa

The landscape keeps evolving – our challenges remain urgent

- How will our RIs evolve?
- What will the future user needs be?
- European leadership
- Internationalisation and Visibility
- Individuality and Convergence





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Thanks!

