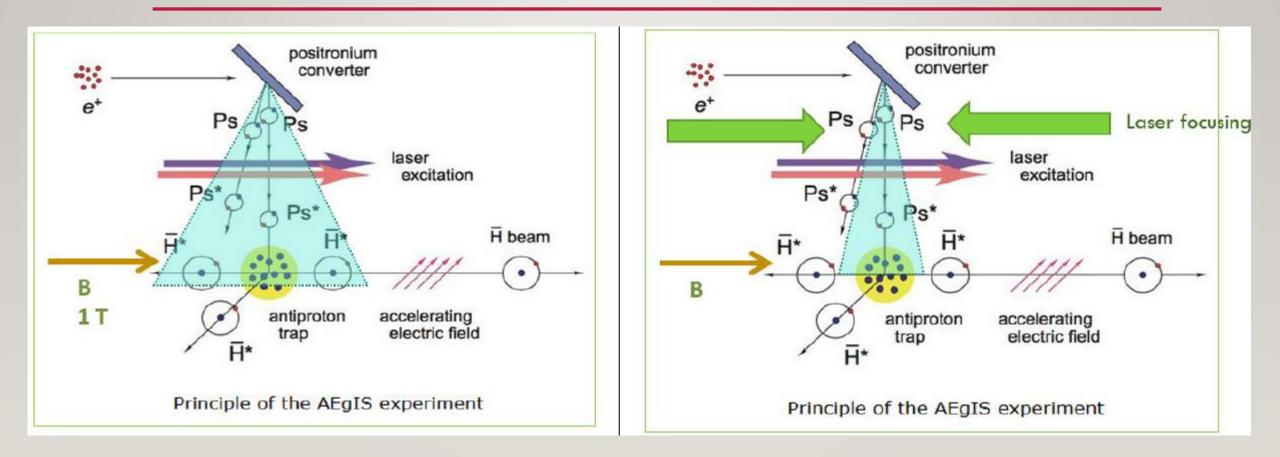
# LASER COOLING OF POSITRONIUM WITH AEGIS

**GRACE KERBER** 

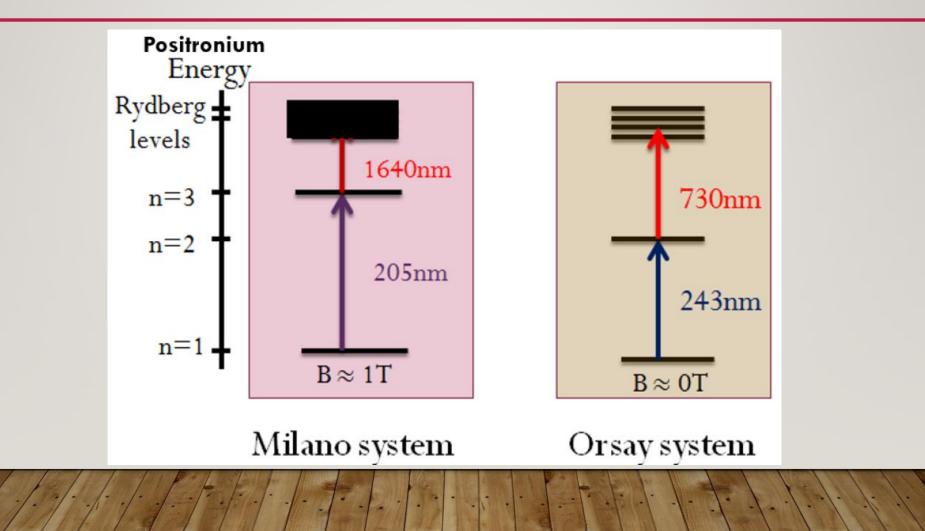
# 2 OVERVIEW

- Goals of AEgIS (Antihydrogen Experiment: Gravity, Interferometry, Spectroscopy)
  - Measure gravitational effect on anti-matter
- Positronium (electron and positron)
  - Want to remove as much kinetic energy as possible
  - Positronium creation is at lowest energy limit
  - To then interact with anti-protons to create anti-hydrogen
- Life time on the order of µs
  - Need to excite continuously to prevent decay

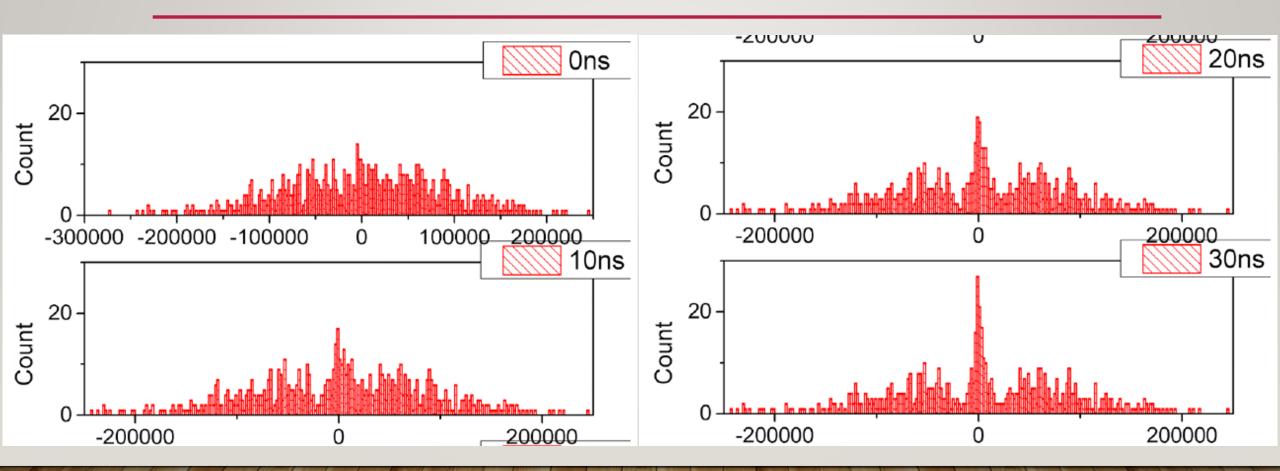
#### EXPERIMENTAL SET UP



#### 4 LASER SYSTEMS



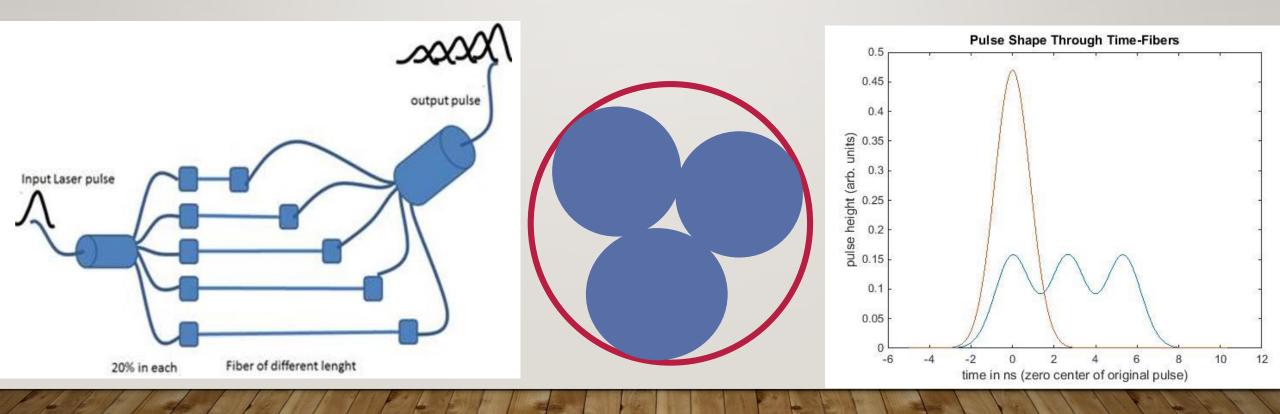
#### 5 DOPPLER COOLING



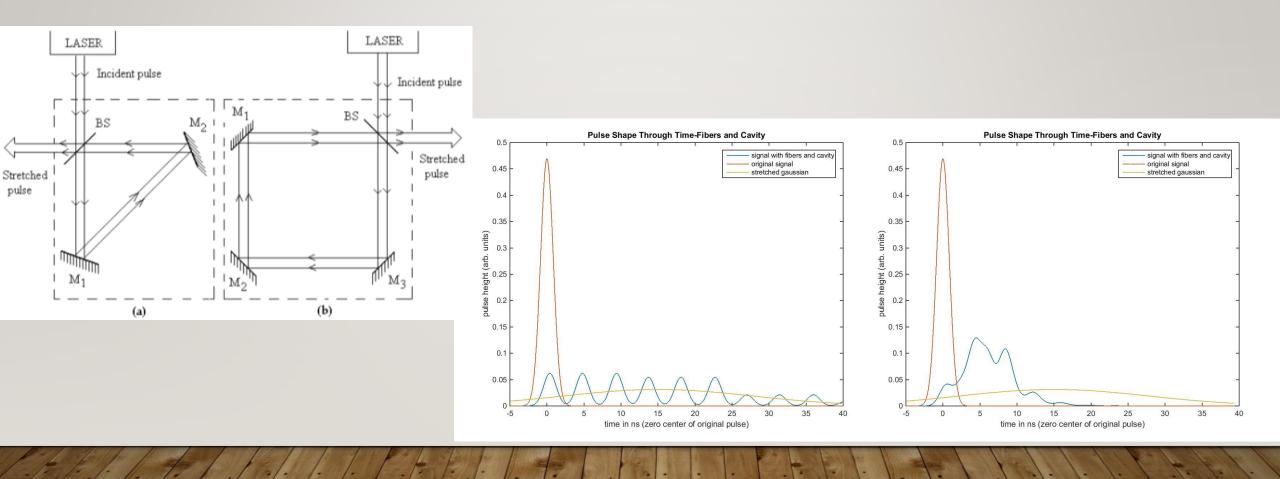
# 6 MY WORK

- Design an optical system that stretches laser pulse from ~2 ns to longer
- Simulate these designs
- In UV range
  - High absorption
  - Special optics required

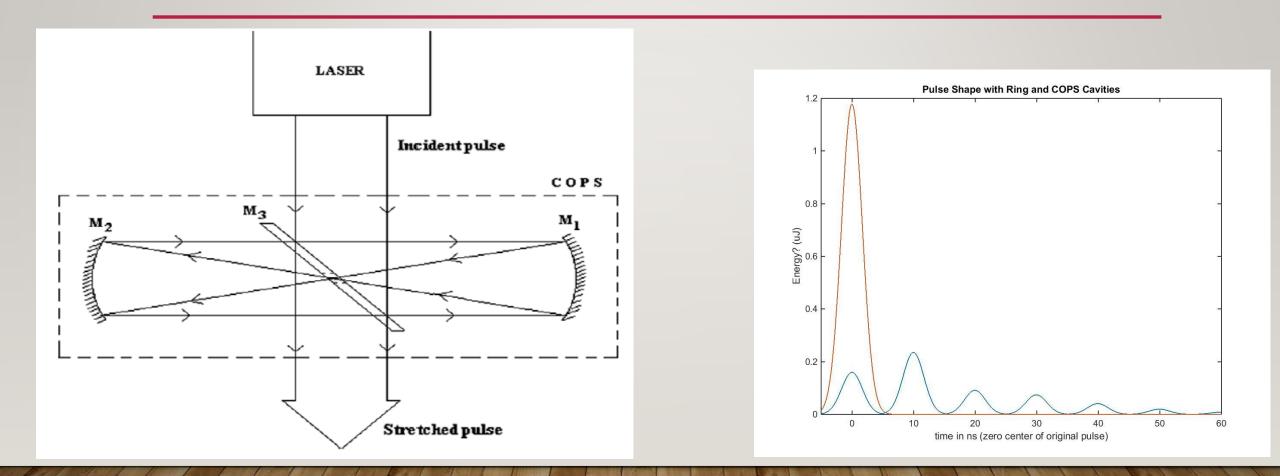
#### 7 OPTICAL FIBERS



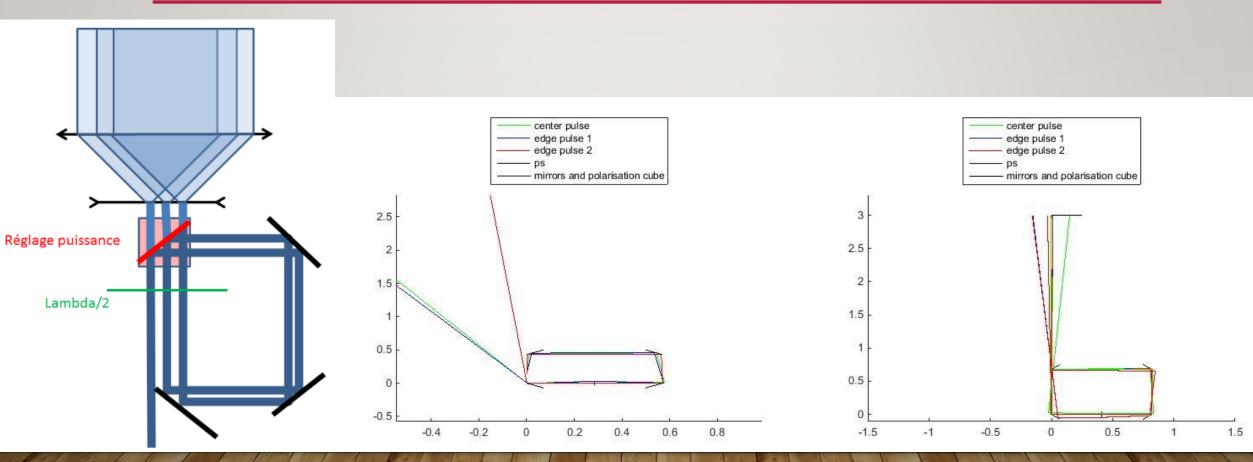
#### 8 OPTICAL CAVITY



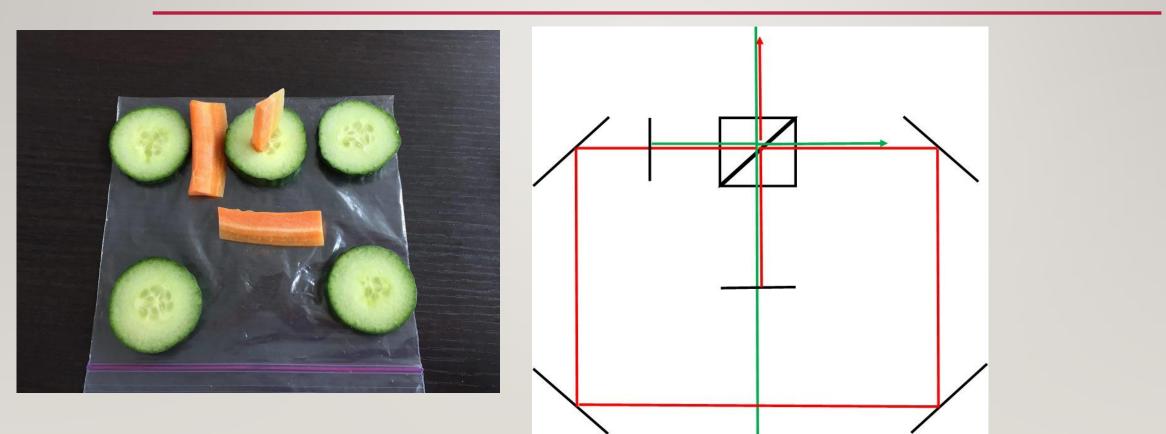
#### **9** CONFOCAL OPTICAL PULSE STRETCHER (COPS)



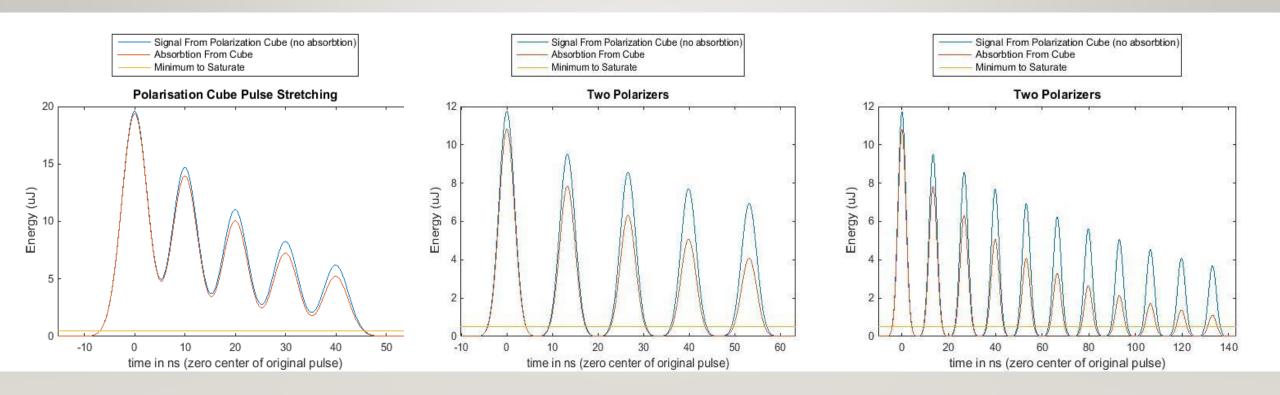
#### POLARIZATION CUBE



#### II ORTHOGONAL POLARIZATION CUBE



#### PULSE SHAPE



#### **13** SATURATION FLUENCE

• 
$$I_{sat} = \frac{1}{6}hbar c k^3 \frac{\Gamma_{total}}{2\pi}$$

•  $\Gamma_{total} = \Gamma_{spont} + \gamma_{coll} + \Gamma_e + \Gamma_f + \Gamma_L \cong \Gamma_{spont}$ 

• 
$$I_{sat} = 4544 \ \frac{W}{m^2}$$

- For 500 µm radius (smallest possible) = 0.00357 W
- For 4 ns = 1.43 x 10<sup>-5</sup> µJ
- For 100 ns = 3.56 x 10<sup>-4</sup> µJ

## **I4** STILL LEFT TO DO

- Finish simulations
  - Determine best design
- Will be built this summer and implemented into experiment this year

# QUESTIONS?