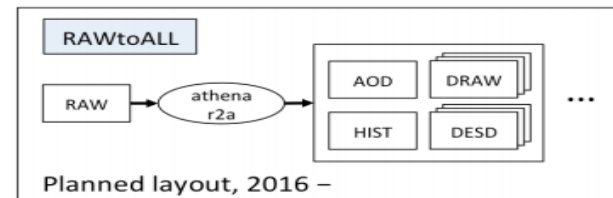


Software, Computing, Databases

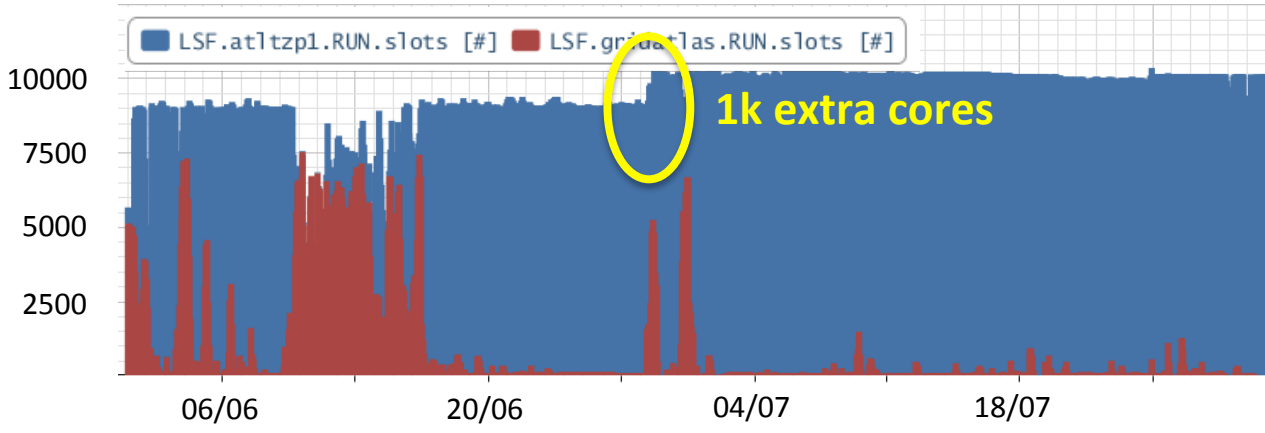
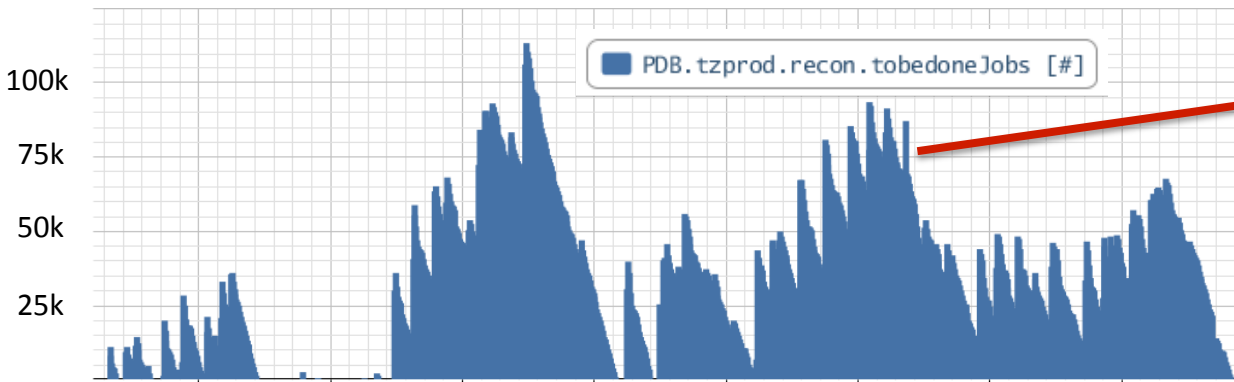
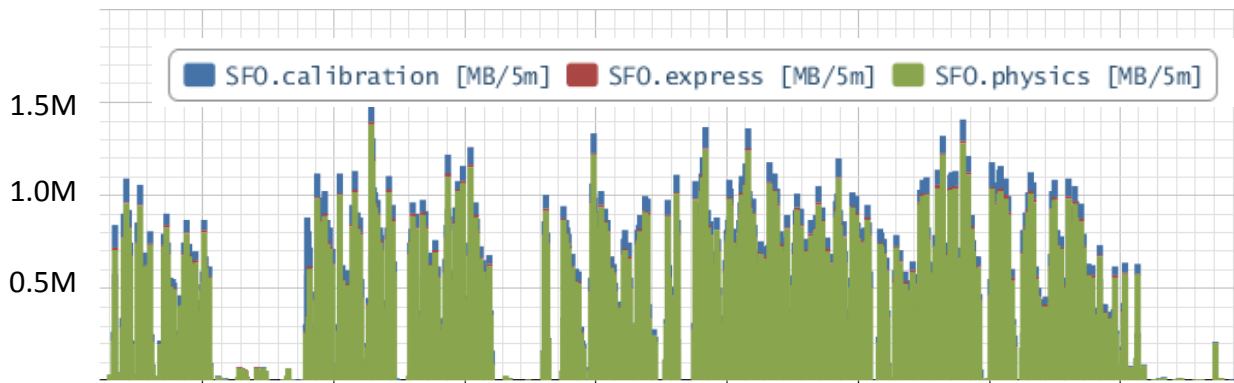
Simone Campana
Torre Wenaus

2016 data: Tier-0 performance

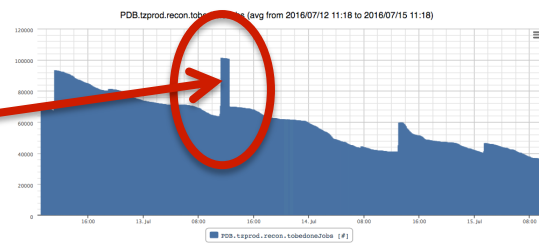
- Major improvements in T0 throughput commissioned in 2016
 - Tuning and configuration of dedicated T0 hardware for ATLAS use case
 - Lightweight metadata handling and I/O improvements
 - RAWtoALL workflow



	2015 ($\mu = 14$)	2016 ($\mu = 14$)	2016 <u>RAWtoALL</u> ($\mu = 14$)	2016 ($\mu = 33$)	2016 <u>RAWtoALL</u> ($\mu = 33$)
Athena Release	20.1	20.7	20.7	20.7	20.7
<u>Avg</u> PSS - no MP (GB)	3.2	3.6	4.9	3.2	3.9
CPU/Wall time efficiency	49%	91%	93%	95%	98%
Wall-Clock Time (s)	39.0	11.5	7.5	19	17.7
Wall-Clock Time (HS06s)	323	184	120	304	283



RAW Recording



Tier-0 Processing Backlog and Spillover

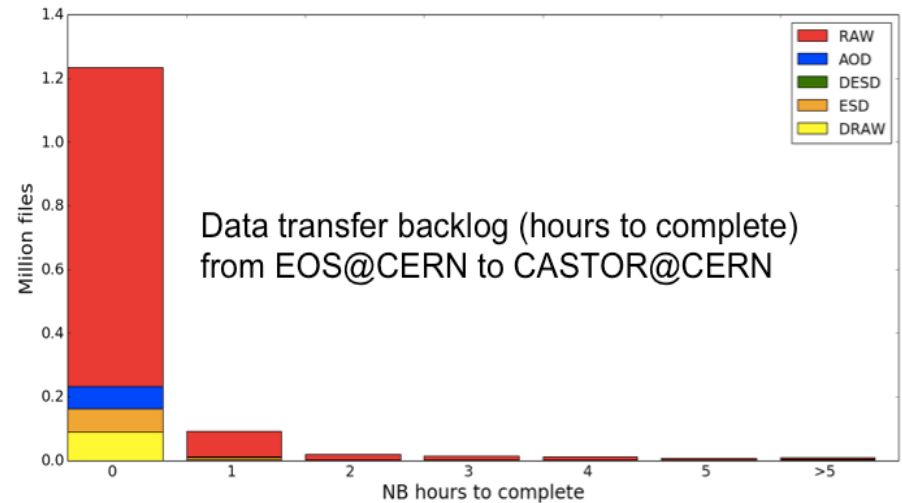
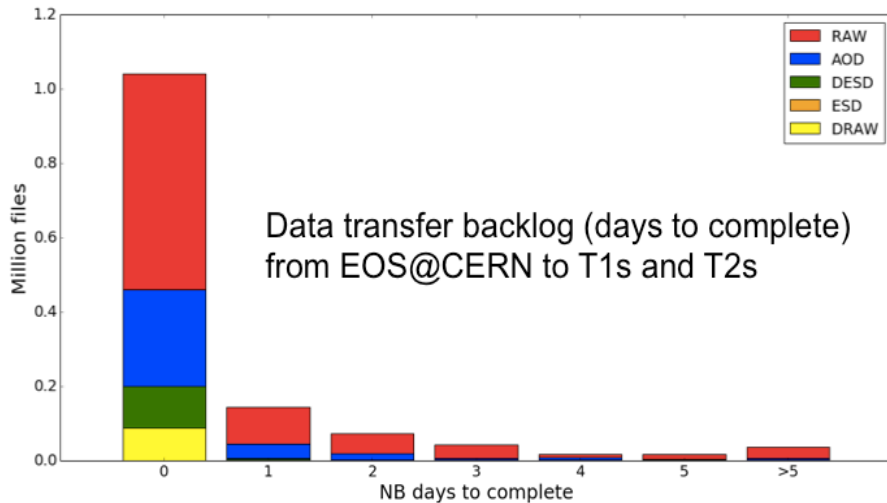
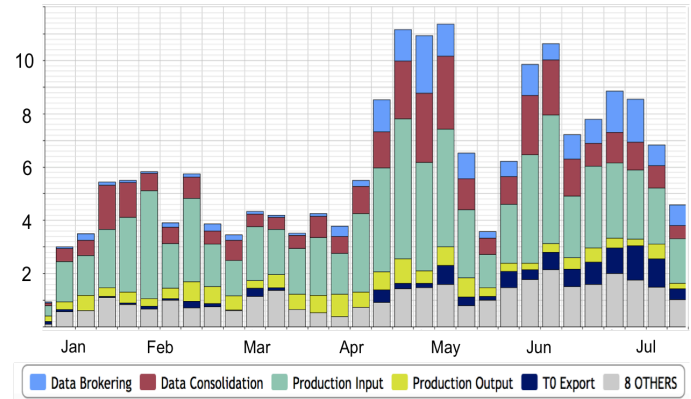
Processing at Tier-0 Grid jobs backfill rare available slots

Data Handling

The ATLAS data management systems performed above expectations: e.g. > 10PB of data transferred/day worldwide

CERN storage facility worked very well. T0 to Grid traffic generally fine, but with some hotspot e.g. CERN to RAL link. 10Gb/s not sufficient

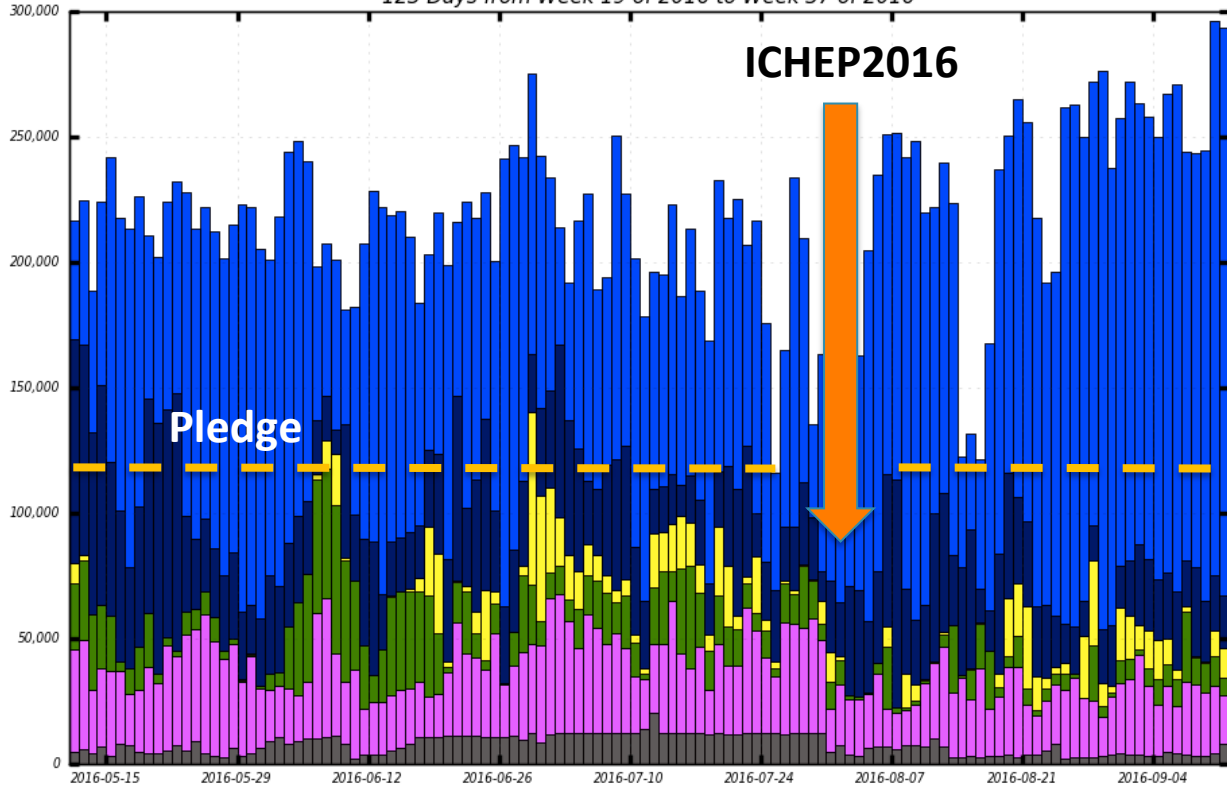
Data transfer volume per week by activity (PB)



Distributed processing: data and MC



Slots of Running Jobs
123 Days from Week 19 of 2016 to Week 37 of 2016



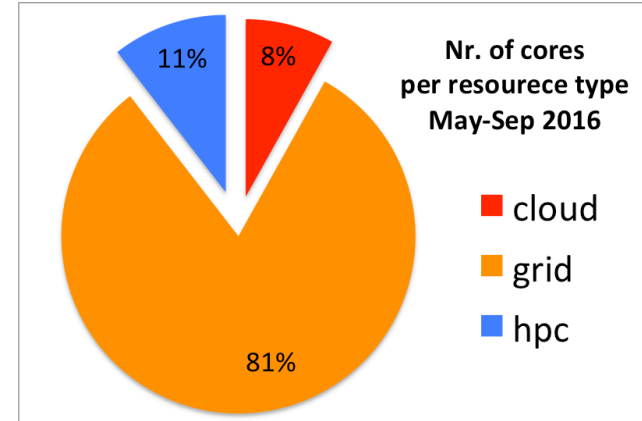
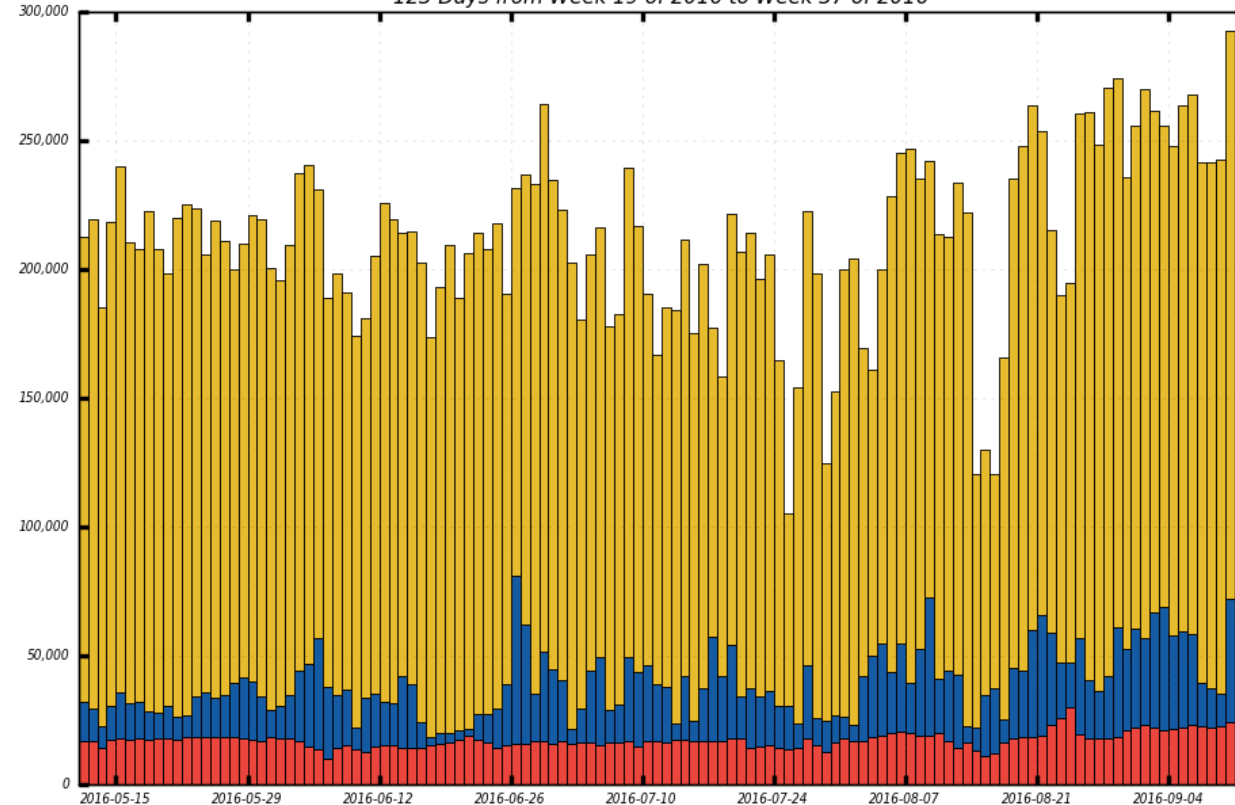
- Many partial data reprocessing
- Analysis trains
- MC reconstruction
- MC simulation and event generation
- User Analysis

We fully use all our pledge resources all the time
We try to leverage any extra resource available to us

Heterogeneous Resources

dashboard

Slots of Running Jobs
123 Days from Week 19 of 2016 to Week 37 of 2016



20% of data processing happens today on non grid resources

Integration of non Grid resources in ATLAS is a big investment with a big return

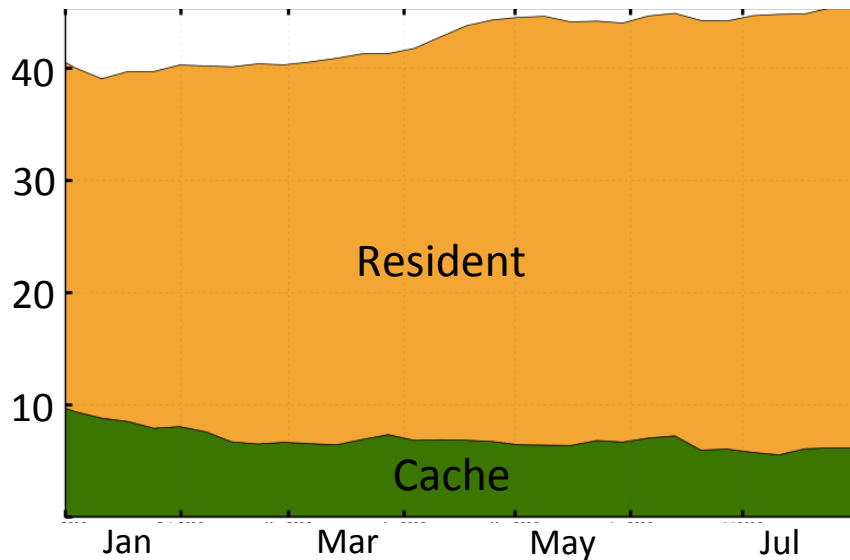
Automation is the key

Distributed Data Management

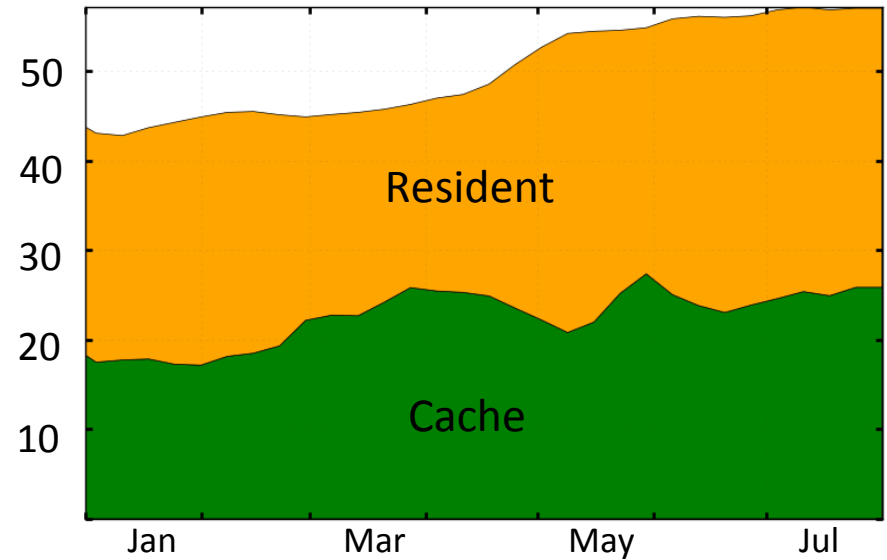
Distributed Computing evolved the data processing and data management model flattening the Tier structure between T1s and T2s.

Data caching and dynamic management allow to fully exploit T1 and T2 storage

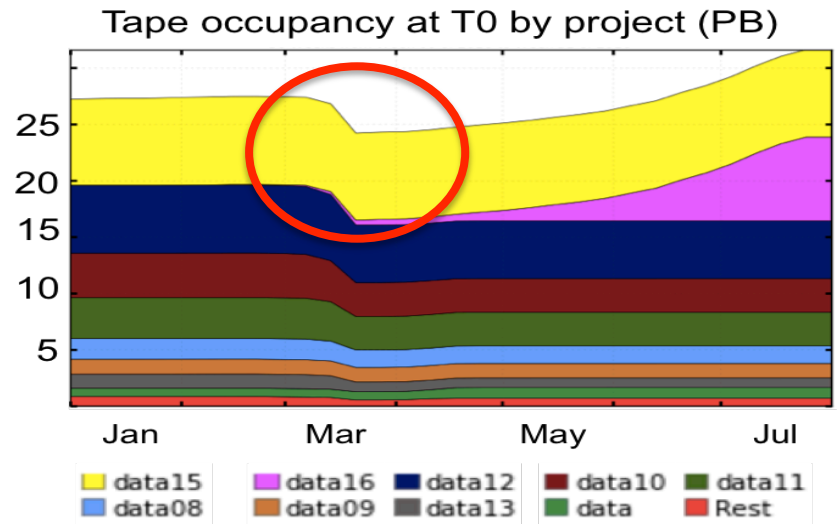
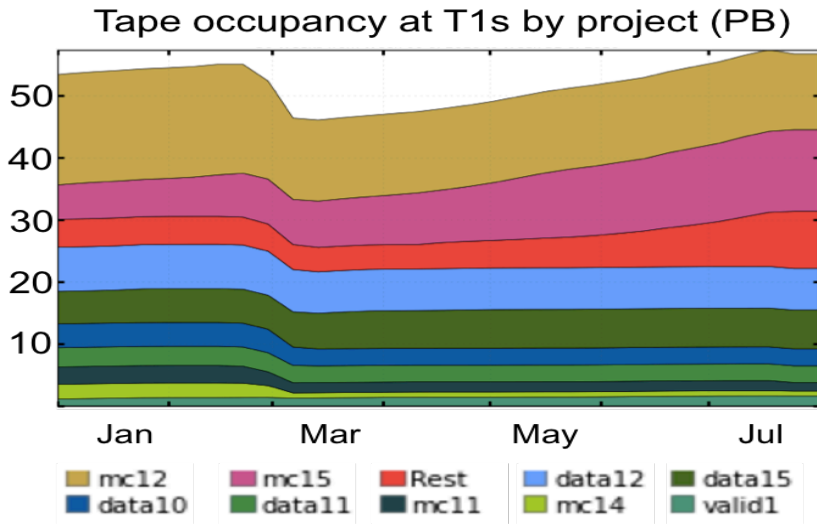
Resident vs Cache data at T1s (PB)



Resident vs Cache data at T2s (PB)



Lifetime Model



Lifetime Model allows to reduce the unused (useless) data retained on disk AND TAPES
Tuning the lifetimes parameters buys some contingency for disk and tape.
Such contingency proved being crucial to handle the unexpected volume of data in 2016

Final remarks on the 2016 data taking

- Despite the unexpected volume of data, ATLAS computing delivered the requested samples (MC and data) to physicists for ICHEP 2016
- ICHEP analyses included data collected up to 2 weeks before the conference
 - calibration -> bulk processing -> data distribution -> analysis trains -> user analysis -> physics results
 - .. plus the approval process of the results, all in 14 days is a major success
- 70% of the presented results based on 2015+2016 data (15.2 fb⁻¹)
 - 45 conference notes on 2015+2016 data, 10 papers and 5 notes on 2015 or Run-1 data, 5 performance notes
- Some activities were postponed later in the year and freed up precious resources on the Grid. CERN plays a very central role, so we can be less flexible there: good that it worked very well and contingency was planned
- Non negligible cost in terms of manpower, sustainable only for a short period of time

Offline Software

- Sherpa2.2 was validated for ATLAS event generation
 - A massive production campaign (> 1B events) started
- MC16 simulation under validation
 - Last major release for G4 of Run-2: major improvements in geometry, Geant4.10, multithreading
 - Will launch bulk simulation in 1 month
- R21 for reconstruction under validation
 - Plan to reconstruct MC16 Monte Carlo and 2015/2016 data in early 2017
 - Will be used at T0 in 2017 and for the rest of Run-2

Software Infrastructure

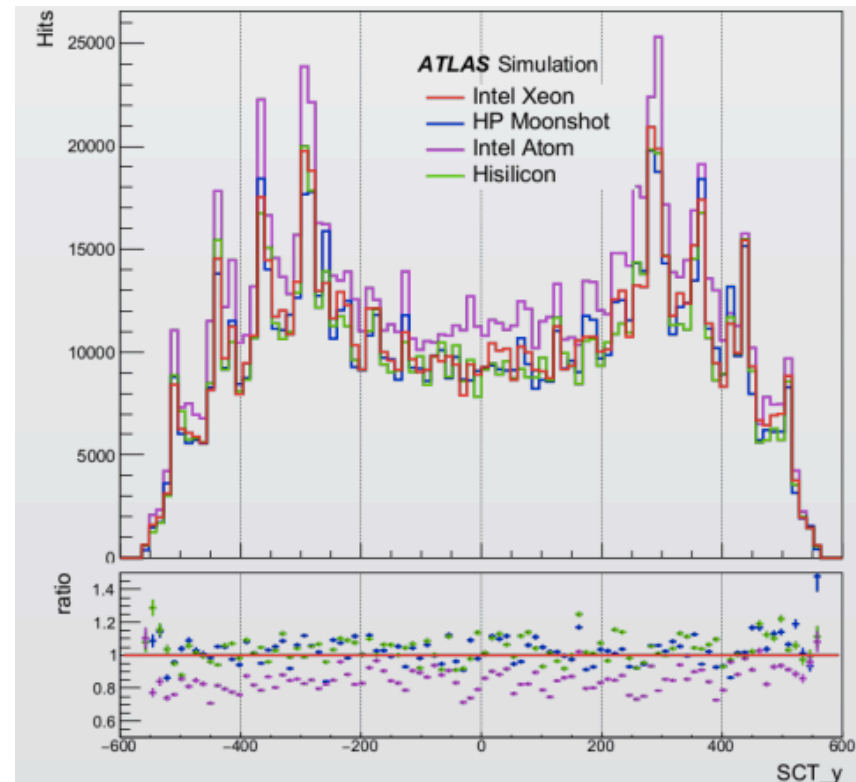
The ATLAS simulation software was ported to ARM64 and validated for 2 different architectures

This is a subset of 350 packages needed to run ATLAS G4 simulation, streamlined for the purpose of simplifying the porting to different architectures. The full Athena release consists of 2500 packages

Performance measurements thanks to the CERN Openlab project

⇒ with 1kWh on HiSilicon ARM64 machines we simulate 80 events; on a standard Xeon we simulate 40.

⇒ ARM64 is 1.6 times slower than Xeon



Upgrade Phase-1 and Phase-2

- Two major software projects ongoing, targeting production in Run-3
 - Well advances multithreaded offline software AthenaMT. Continuous progress
 - New conditions database and service: a joint project with CMS, with the interest of LHCb and Belle-2. Recently started
- Computing resource estimates for HL-LHC driven by WLCG.
 - ATLAS major update will come with the Inner Tracker TDR: detector layout will dictate the reconstruction time.