# Searches for New Phenomena with Long-lived Particles at ATLAS

Andy Haas (NYU) on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration

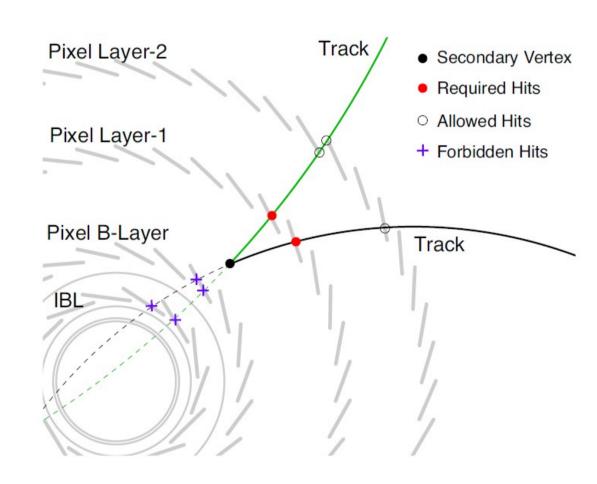
Aspen 2017 Winter Conference "From the LHC to Dark Matter and Beyond"

March 19-25, 2017

https://indico.cern.ch/event/550030/



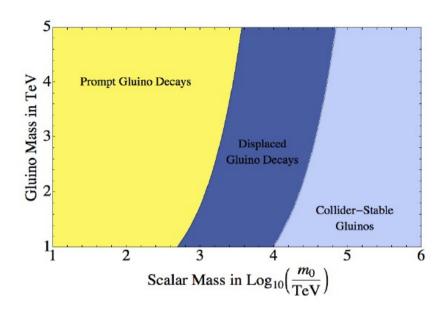






#### Introduction

- New particles will either be
  - Prompt decays
  - Semi-stable, decay in detector
  - Detector-stable, decay outside detector (or get stopped in the detector and decay later)
- Must ensure sensitivity to semi-stable and detector-stable cases!

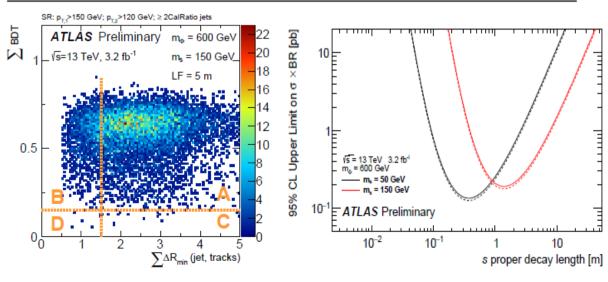


- Focus on these well-motivated scenarios:
  - "Higgs-like decays to LLP" (scalar production)
    - Hidden-valley scenarios
  - "Long-lived gluino" (strong production)
    - Split / mini-split SUSY
    - mH=125 GeV ightarrow 10-104 TeV squarks ightarrow off-shell gluino decay
  - "Long-lived chargino" (weak production)
    - NLSP  $\rightarrow$  LSP with small  $\Delta m$
    - AMSB Wino/Higgsino

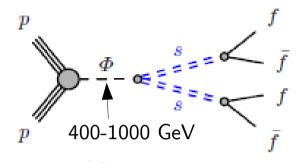
## Scalar decays to LL neutrals decaying in the H-Cal

- Dedicated  $p_{T}=60$  GeV R=0.2 jet cal-ratio trigger
- Specialized cuts against beam-induced muons
- BDT selects signal, based on jet  $log(E_H/E_{EM})$ ,  $p_T$ , width, cluster moments, and track variables
- Require 2 cal-ratio jets passing BDT per event
- Multijet background estimated with ABCD

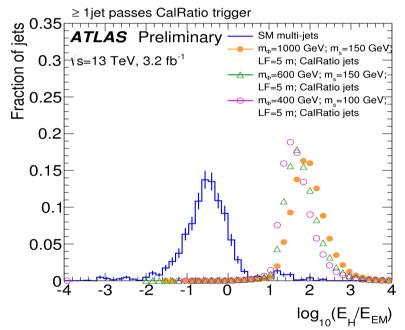
Region	A	В	C	D	Estimated $A = BC/D$
SR: $p_{T,1} > 150$ GeV; $p_{T,2} > 120$ GeV:					
$\sum$ BDT boundary = 0.15	24	16	39	34	$18.0 \pm 6.3$
VR: $p_{T,1} > 140$ GeV; 80 GeV $< p_{T,2} < 1$	20 GeV:				
$\sum$ BDT boundary = 0.2	15	14	84	77	$15.3 \pm 4.7$
$\sum$ BDT boundary = 0.15	42	38	57	53	$40 \pm 10$
$\sum$ BDT boundary = 0.1	72	64	27	27	$60 \pm 19$



ATLAS-CONF-2016-103



88% to  $b\bar{b}$ , 8% to  $c\bar{c}$ , and 4% to  $\tau^+\tau^-$ 



Nearly all hadronic energy

Also narrower and trackless...

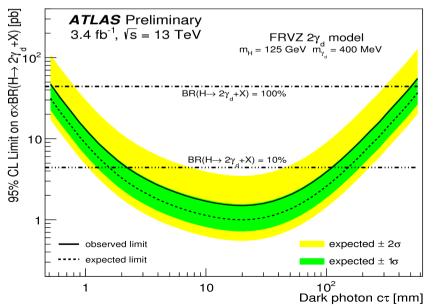
## Higgs-like decays to LL neutrals decaying to lepton-jets

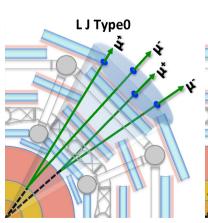
Long-lived, light, dark photon decays back to SM

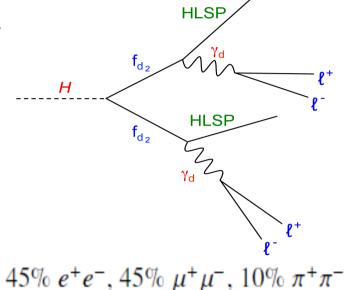
Specialized HLT trigger based off L1 muons

 Various combinations of EM/had/muon object requirements to reject multijet, cosmics, and beam-muon backgrounds

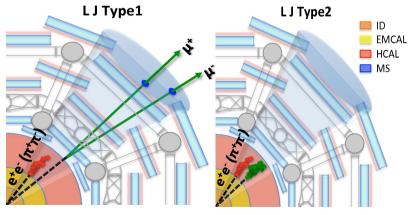
Category	Observed events	Expected background
All events	285	$231 \pm 12 \text{ (stat)} \pm 62 \text{ (syst)}$
Type2-Type2 excluded	46	$31.8 \pm 3.8 \text{ (stat)} \pm 8.6 \text{ (syst)}$
Type2–Type2 only	239	$241 \pm 41(stat) \pm 65(syst)$



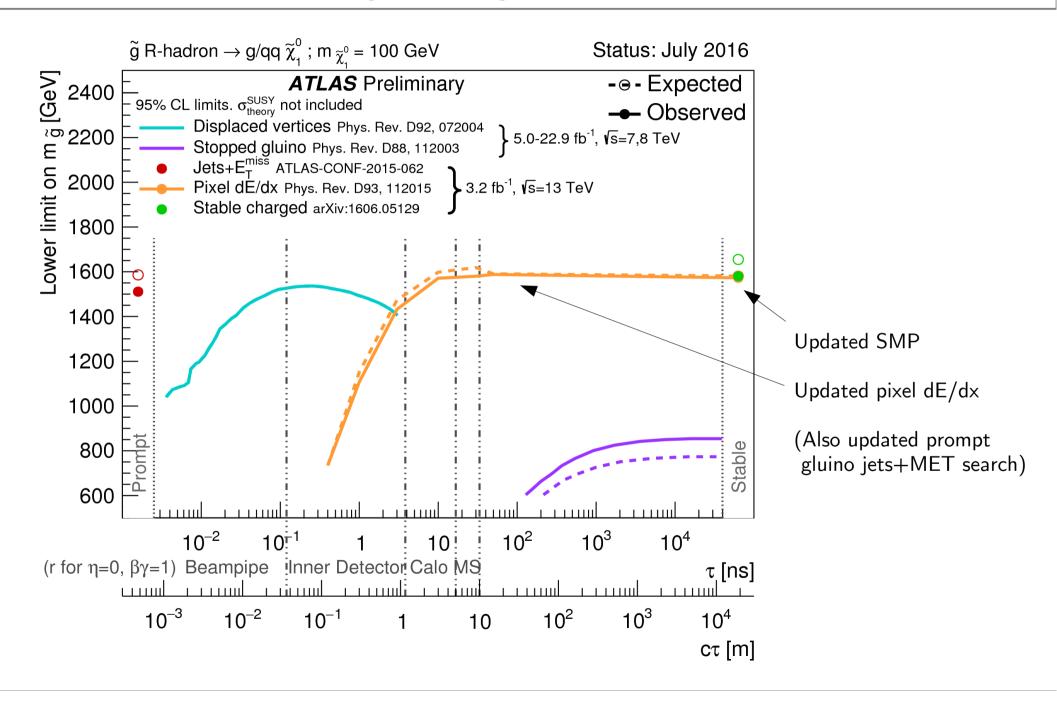




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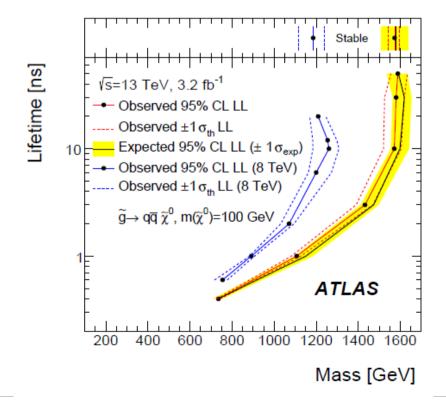


#### Long-lived gluino searches

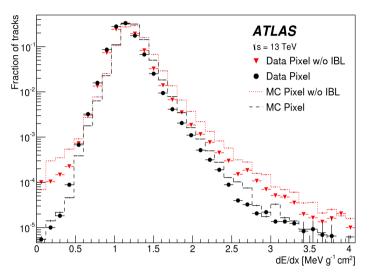


### Meta-stable heavy charged particles with large dE/dx

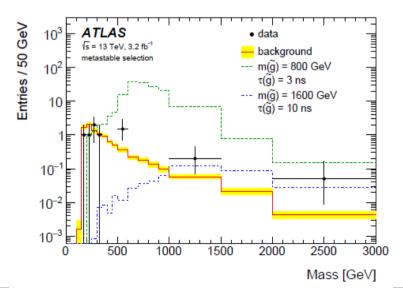
- Use dE/dx (ionization left in silicon) to infer particle mass
  - Invert Bethe-Block, knowing momentum of charged track
  - Make use of new IBL layer in Run2 to narrow dE/dx distribution
- No excess, extend Run1 limits



Phys. Rev. D 93, 112015 (2016)

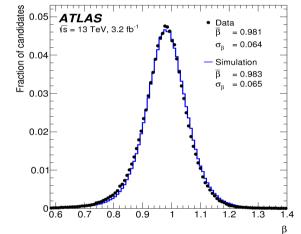


$$(dE/dx)_{MPV}(\beta \gamma) = \frac{p_1}{\beta^{p_3}} ln(1 + [p_2\beta \gamma]^{p_5}) - p_4$$

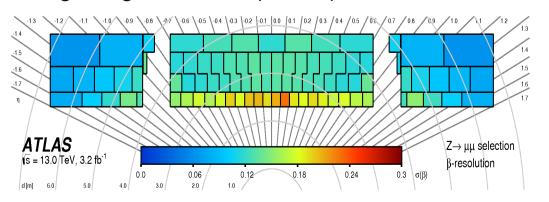


## Heavy slow escaping particle search

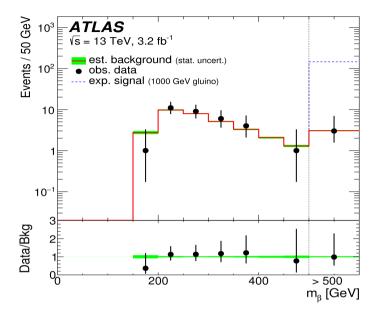
- Use good timing resolution of Tile Calorimeter to directly measure speed of isolated tracks
- Does not rely on muon system for this version, in case Rhadron becomes neutral after going through dense material
- Calibrate timing using  $Z{\to}\mu\mu$
- Still no excess, limits improve beyond Run1

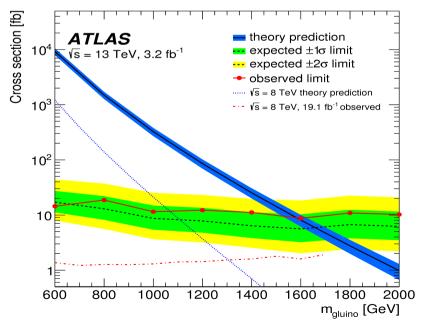


Going a longer distance improves speed measurement...



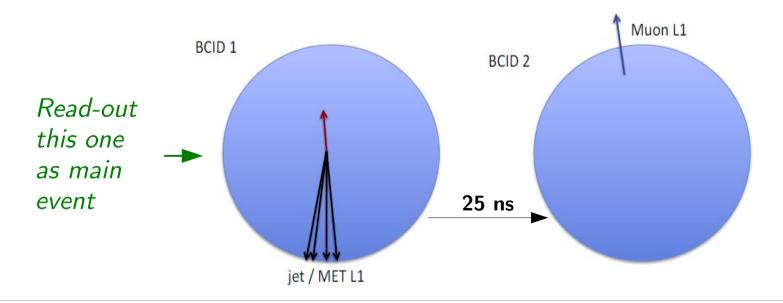
Physics Letters B (2016), pp. 647-665



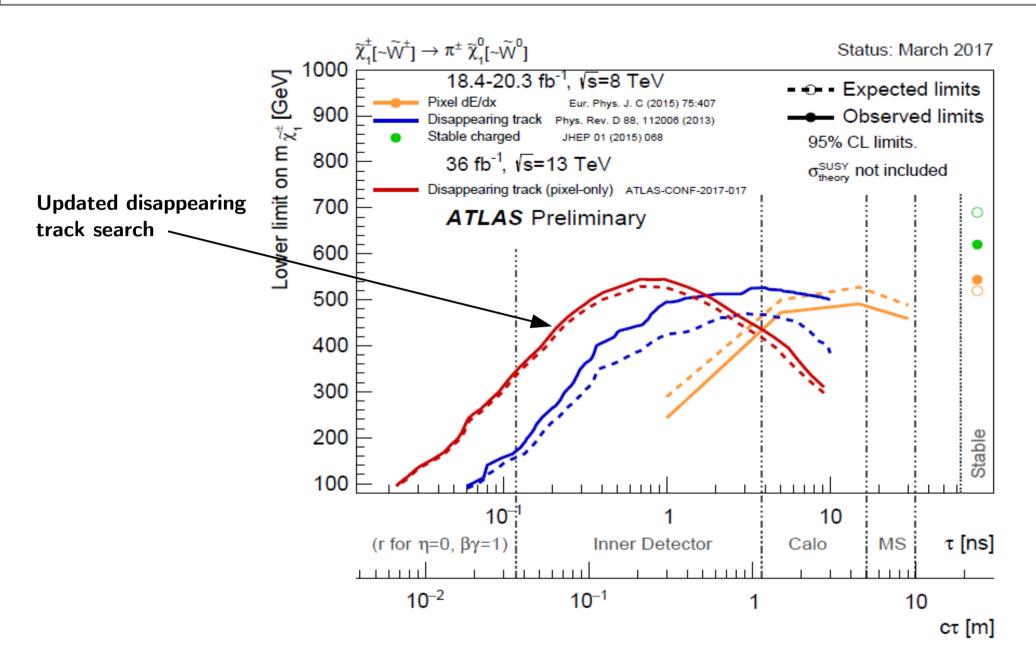


## "Late" triggers

- Combine info from *multiple bunch crossings* in ATLAS Run2 trigger
  - Recall, bunch spacing is just 25 ns in Run2 (was 50 ns in Run1)
- Heavy, slow ( $\beta$ <~0.8), charged long-lived particle
  - Too slow to reach muon trigger in bunch 1 (production crossing)
  - Reaches muon trigger in next bunch crossing
  - Would not fire muon trigger by itself
  - Combine with jet/MET in previous bunch crossing



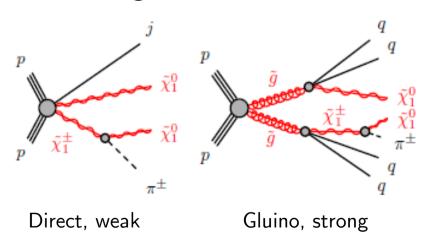
#### Long-lived chargino searches

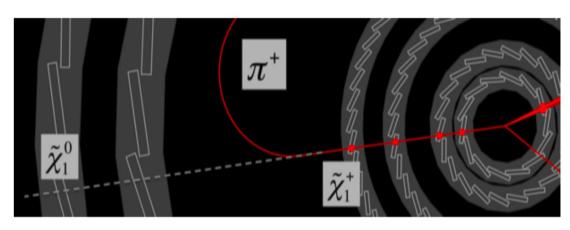


- AMSB model (or in mini-split SUSY)
  - Squarks heavy (10-100 TeV), consistent with mH
  - Wino-like LSP, good DM candidate
- Chargino and neutralino nearly degenerate
  - Lifetime of chargino  $^{\sim}0.2~\text{ns} \rightarrow ^{\sim}6~\text{cm}$
- Chargino track "disappears" when it decays, into MET
  - Low-momentum (~0.1 GeV) pion track is lost

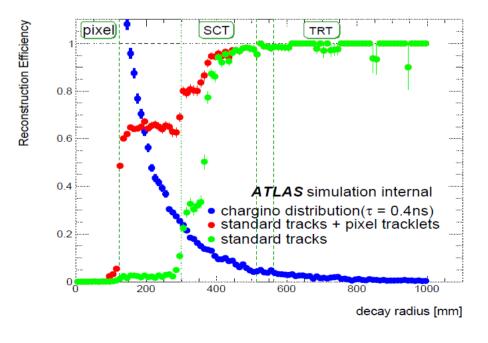


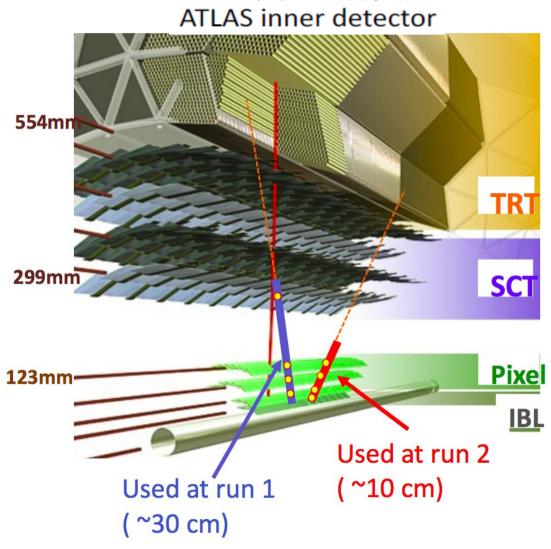
- Now consider both weak (direct) and strong (gluino) production in Run2
- Challenge to reconstruct short tracks, with decent momentum resolution



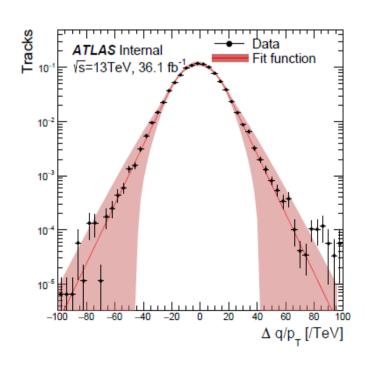


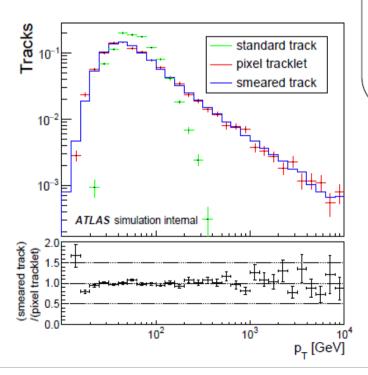
- New technique for Run2: <u>pixel-only tracks</u>, using IBL and existing layers!
  - Reconstruct ~10cm tracks, SCT veto,  $p_{\tau}>5$  GeV
  - ~10x larger acceptance for 400 GeV AMSB chargino
- Challenge to reject fakes, tracks with poor momentum resolution, and model backgrounds





- MET trigger (>~120 GeV), calibrated in W data
- Lepton veto, remove W's
- Tight requirements on track pointing to PV
- Tight track calorimeter isolation
- Special procedure for modeling track  $p_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$  resolution





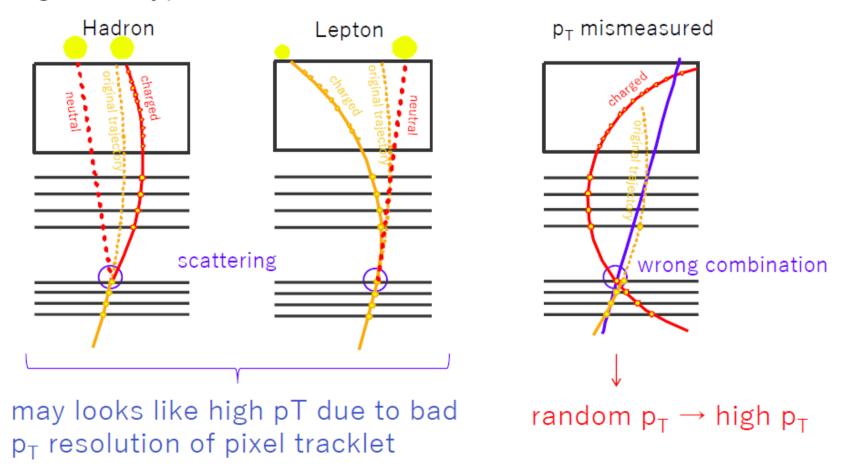
#### EW channel

- Leading Jet  $p_T > 140 \text{ GeV}$
- $E_T^{missing} > 140 \text{ GeV}$
- $\Delta \phi_{\min} \left( \mathsf{Jet}_{1,2,3,4} \,,\, \mathsf{E}_{\mathsf{T}}^{\mathsf{missing}} \right) > 1.0$

#### Strong channel

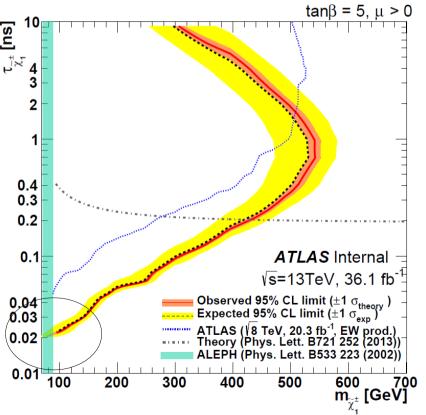
- Leading Jet  $p_T > 100 \text{ GeV}$
- $2^{\text{nd}} \text{ Jet p}_{\text{T}} > 50 \text{ GeV}$
- 3rd Jet  $p_T > 50 \text{ GeV}$
- $E_{\tau}^{\text{missing}} > 150 \text{ GeV}$
- $\Delta \phi_{min} (\mathsf{Jet}_{1,2,3,4} \,,\, \mathsf{E}_{\mathsf{T}}^{\mathsf{missing}}) > 0.4$

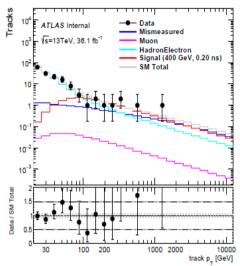
- Main background is W+jets, where e or  $\pi$  scatters
- Random background dominates at very high p<sub>T</sub>
- Background types:



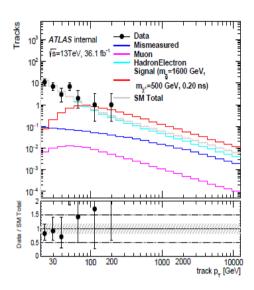
#### No excess seen...

${\text{(high-}E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}, p_{\text{T}} > 100 \text{ GeV})}$	Electroweak channel	Strong channel	
Observed events	9	2	
Expected background	$11.5 \pm 3.1$	$2.3 \pm 0.5$	
Signal	$10.4 \pm 1.7$	$4.1 \pm 0.5$	
$\mathrm{CL}_b$	0.403	0.647	
Observed $\sigma_{ m vis}^{95\%}$ [fb]	0.24	0.12	
Expected $\sigma_{\rm vis}^{95\%}$ [fb]	$0.30^{+0.13}_{-0.14}$	$0.11_{-0.04}^{+1.53}$	

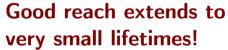






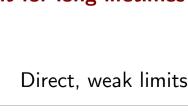


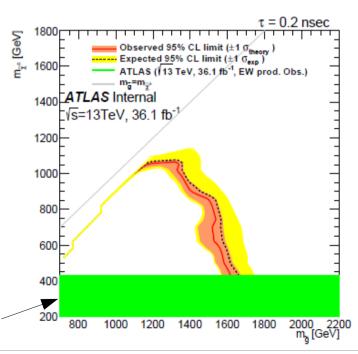
Strong production channel



Starting to attack Higgsino territory...

Weaker than 8 TeV result for long-lifetimes





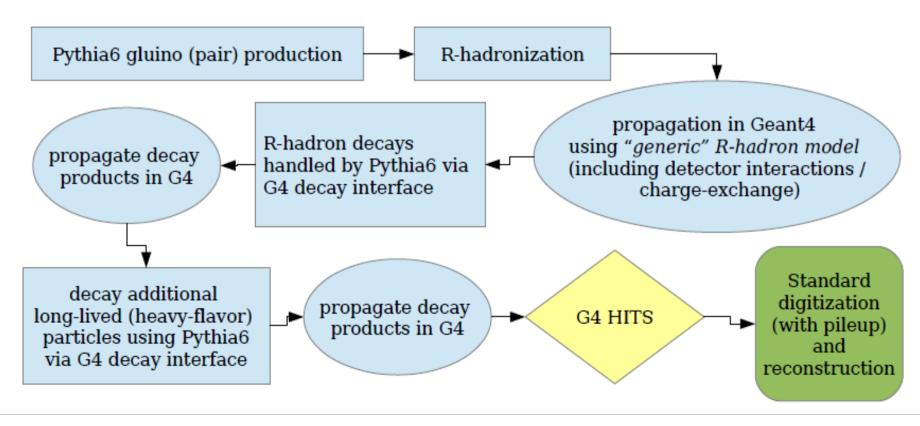
#### Summary

- Have started exploiting large Run2 dataset in search of LLP's
- Making use of new detector capabilities as well
  - IBL (new inner pixel layer)
    - Better dE/dx measurement
    - Pixel-only tracks
  - Trigger flexibility at L1 and HLT
- An exciting and busy time ahead for Run2 and Run3 and beyond
- We'll keep working hard, and hope for some surprises!

## Backup

#### Prompt search reinterpretations

- First explicit limits on gluinos with intermediate lifetimes from reinterpretation of prompt SUSY searches
  - 7-10 jets and 0,1,2 b-jets and MET
  - 2-6 jets and MET
  - 3 b-jet and SS/3L searches also considered but don't add sensitivity
- Generated fullly-simulated MC of decaying Rhadrons at ATLAS



#### Prompt search reinterpretations

• Limits on gluino mass vs. lifetime

ATLAS-CONF-2014-037

- Also scan neutralino mass
- Gluino with lifetime of 1 ns excluded up to ~900 GeV, for  $m(x_1^0)=100$  GeV

