

# Recent IR-Improved Results for FCC Physics

**B.F.L. Ward**

**Baylor University, Waco, TX, USA**

*Jan. 17, 2017*

*in collaboration with S. Jadach, Z. Was, S. Yost*



- Brief Review of Exact Amplitude-Based Resummation Theory
- $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\mathcal{M}\mathcal{C}$ -hh: Resummed Exact  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2 L)$  EW Corrections in a Hadronic MC Event Generator
- Illustrative Results and Comparisons
- Outlook

# Brief Review of Exact Amplitude-Based Resummation Theory

$$d\bar{\sigma}_{\text{res}} = e^{\text{SUM}_{\text{IR}}(\text{QCED})} \sum_{n,m=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!m!} \int \prod_{j_1=1}^n \frac{d^3 k_{j_1}}{k_{j_1}} \prod_{j_2=1}^m \frac{d^3 k'_{j_2}}{k'_{j_2}} \int \frac{d^4 y}{(2\pi)^4} e^{iy \cdot (p_1 + q_1 - p_2 - q_2 - \sum k_{j_1} - \sum k'_{j_2}) + D_{\text{QCED}}} \tilde{\beta}_{n,m}(k_1, \dots, k_n; k'_1, \dots, k'_m) \frac{d^3 p_2}{p_2^0} \frac{d^3 q_2}{q_2^0}, \quad (1)$$

where *new* (YFS-style) *non-Abelian* residuals

$\tilde{\beta}_{n,m}(k_1, \dots, k_n; k'_1, \dots, k'_m)$  have  $n$  hard gluons and  $m$  hard photons.

Here,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{SUM}_{\text{IR}}(\text{QCED}) &= 2\alpha_s \Re B_{\text{QCED}}^{\text{nls}} + 2\alpha_s \tilde{B}_{\text{QCED}}^{\text{nls}} \\ D_{\text{QCED}} &= \int \frac{d^3k}{k^0} (e^{-iky} - \theta(K_{\text{max}} - k^0)) \tilde{S}_{\text{QCED}}^{\text{nls}} \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

where  $K_{\text{max}}$  is “dummy” and

$$\begin{aligned} B_{\text{QCED}}^{\text{nls}} &\equiv B_{\text{QCD}}^{\text{nls}} + \frac{\alpha}{\alpha_s} B_{\text{QED}}^{\text{nls}}, \\ \tilde{B}_{\text{QCED}}^{\text{nls}} &\equiv \tilde{B}_{\text{QCD}}^{\text{nls}} + \frac{\alpha}{\alpha_s} \tilde{B}_{\text{QED}}^{\text{nls}}, \\ \tilde{S}_{\text{QCED}}^{\text{nls}} &\equiv \tilde{S}_{\text{QCD}}^{\text{nls}} + \tilde{S}_{\text{QED}}^{\text{nls}}. \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

“nls” ≡ DGLAP-CS synthesis.

Shower/ME Matching:  $\tilde{\beta}_{n,m} \rightarrow \hat{\beta}_{n,m}$

- Basic Formula:

$$d\sigma = \sum_{i,j} \int dx_1 dx_2 F_i(x_1) F_j(x_2) d\hat{\sigma}_{\text{res}}(x_1 x_2 S), \quad (4)$$

- 

$$d\sigma_{\text{MC@NLO}} = \left[ B + V + \int (R_{\text{MC}} - C) d\Phi_R \right] d\Phi_B [\Delta_{\text{MC}}(0) + \int (R_{\text{MC}}/B) \Delta_{\text{MC}}(k_T) d\Phi_R] + (R - R_{\text{MC}}) \Delta_{\text{MC}}(k_T) d\Phi_B d\Phi_R \quad (5)$$

- 

$$\Delta_{\text{MC}}(p_T) = e^{\left[ - \int d\Phi_R \frac{R_{\text{MC}}(\Phi_B, \Phi_R)}{B} \theta(k_T(\Phi_B, \Phi_R) - p_T) \right]},$$

- $\Rightarrow$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{1}{2}\hat{\hat{\beta}}_{0,0} &= \bar{B} + (\bar{B}/\Delta_{MC}(0)) \int (R_{MC}/B)\Delta_{MC}(k_T)d\Phi_R \\ \frac{1}{2}\hat{\hat{\beta}}_{1,0} &= R - R_{MC} - B\tilde{S}_{QCD}\end{aligned}\quad (6)$$

where

$$\bar{B} = B(1 - 2\alpha_s \mathcal{R}B_{QCD}) + V + \int (R_{MC} - C)d\Phi_R.$$

- Similar formulas hold for POWHEG, SHERPA (BFLW, to appear).

# Current Realizations

- Herwig6.5 Environment:  
Herwiri1.031 (LO Shower MC); MC@NLO/Herwiri1.031  
(NLO Shower/ME Matched MC)
- Pythia8 Environment, **CPC 201 (2016) 29**:  
IR-Improved Pythia8 (LO Shower MC);  
MG5\_aMC@NLO/IRI-Pythia8  
(NLO Shower/ME Matched MC)
- IRI-FEWZ, in progress for NNLO resummed exact results
- *KKMC-ee*, FCCee studies with CEEX Exact  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2 L)$   
corrections – **SJ&SY in FCC Week 2016, Rome**
- *KKMC-hh*, **PRD 94 (2016) 074006**:  
FCCh studies with CEEX Exact  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2 L)$  corrections

# $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\text{MC-hh}$ : Resummed Exact $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2 L)$ EW Corrections in a Hadronic MC Event Generator

- $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\text{MC-hh}$  derives from  $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\text{MC}$  4.22, Phys. Rev. D**88** (2013) 114022, in union with Herwig6.5
- $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\text{MC}$  4.22 derives from  $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\text{MC}$  4.19, Phys. Rev. D**63** (2001) 113009 –  $f\bar{f}$  beams added,  $f \neq e$
- $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\text{MC}$  4.19 continues today to dominate the  $e^+e^- \rightarrow f\bar{f} + n\gamma$  precision theory predictions, now at BELLE (KEK) and BES (Beijing).



# $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}$ MC-hh: Resummed Exact $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2 L)$ EW Corrections in a Hadronic MC Event Generator

- Key Ingredients:
- CEEEX and EEX YFS-style Resummation of Large  $m_\gamma$  Radiative Effects via EW part of (1) for ISR, FSR and IFI.
- EXACT  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$  Pure Weak Corrections (exchanges with W,Z,Higgs and their (non-abelian) ghosts) from the DIZET6.1 Library of Bardin *et al.*
- EXACT  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2 L)$  EW Correction Augmented by EXACT  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2 L^2, \alpha^3 L^3)$ : This alone would make  $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}$ MC UNIQUE in the World for Hadronic Event Generators  
 $\Leftrightarrow 0.05\%$  for  $\Delta\sigma_{\text{th}}/\sigma|_{\text{EW}}$

# $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}$ MC-hh: Resummed Exact $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2 L)$ EW Corrections in a Hadronic MC Event Generator

- Original Notation: HERWIRI PROJECT: High Energy Radiation With InfraRed Improvements
- HERWIRI1.x : IRI - QCD Resummation
- HERWIRI2.x : IRI - EW Resummation
  - HERWIRI2.0: UNION of  $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}$  MC 4.19 and HERWIG6.5 – REQUIRED ADJUSTMENT for SWITCHING BEAMS from  $e^+ e^-$  to  $q\bar{q}$ , as HERWIG6.5 DROVE
  - HERWIRI2.1  $\equiv$   $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}$ MC-hh: USES  $q\bar{q}$  BEAMS IN  $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}$  MC 4.22 TO DRIVE AND HERWIG6.5 SHOWERS

# $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}$ MC-hh: Resummed Exact $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2 L)$ EW Corrections in a Hadronic MC Event Generator

- Comments on CEEEX vs EEX
- **CEEEX: Coherent Exclusive EXponentiation**
  - IR singularities isolated at the level of the spinor amplitudes
  - Quantum interference effects more efficiently handled
  - This is done event-by-event
- **EEX: Exclusive EXponentiation (the usual one)**
  - IR singularities isolated at the level of the spin-averaged, spin-summed squared amplitudes
  - Quantum interference effects less efficiently handled
  - This is done event-by-event

# $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}$ MC-hh: Resummed Exact $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2 L)$ EW Corrections in a Hadronic MC Event Generator

- Theoretical Foundations of  $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}$ MC-hh
- From (1) we get for EW effects

$$\sigma = \frac{1}{\text{flux}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \int d\text{LIPS} \rho_A^{(n)}(\{p\}, \{k\}),$$

for  $A = \text{CEEX}, \text{EEX}$ , with

$$\rho_{\text{CEEX}}^{(n)}(\{p\}, \{k\}) = \frac{1}{n!} e^{Y(\Omega; \{p\})} \bar{\Theta}(\Omega) \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\text{helicities } \{\lambda\}, \{\mu\}} \left| \mathcal{M} \left( \begin{matrix} \{p\} \\ \{k\} \\ \{\lambda\} \\ \{\mu\} \end{matrix} \right) \right|^2.$$

- This is then used in the standard formula

$$\sigma_{\text{DY}} = \int dx_1 dx_2 \sum_i f_i(x_1) f_{\bar{i}}(x_2) \sigma_{\text{DY}, i\bar{i}}(Q^2) \delta(Q^2 - x_1 x_2 s),$$

all realized by MC methods.

# $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}$ MC-hh: Resummed Exact $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2 L)$ EW Corrections in a Hadronic MC Event Generator

- Event Generation
- FOAM (an adaptive MC by Jadach) creates an appropriate distribution grid at initialization.
- Four uniform random numbers on  $[0, 1]$  are used to pick quark flavor,  $Q$ , a light-cone fraction, and the amount of ISR photon radiation.
- The quark distribution is uniform between  $u$ ,  $d$ ,  $c$ ,  $s$  and  $b$
- The remaining 3-d volume is mapped into simplicial cells to optimize the MC integration
- $\Rightarrow$  Showering by Herwig6.5 of the hard events created by the  $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}$  MC modules in  $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}$ MC-hh yields EXACTLY the terms  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^n L^n, \alpha^2 L')$  and that part of the terms  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^n L^n \alpha^2 L')$  which factorizes, where  $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$  and  $L, L'$  are the respective QCD and QED big logs
- Exact QCD NLO correction – in progress

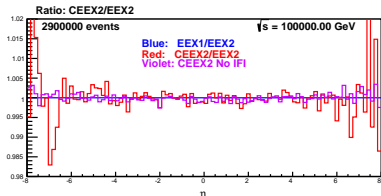
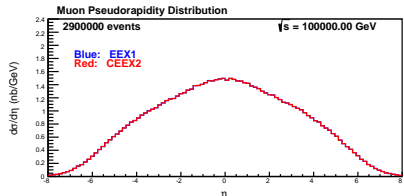
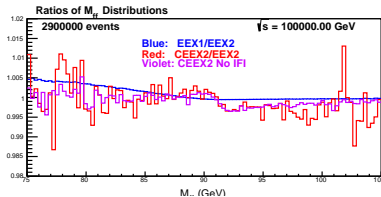
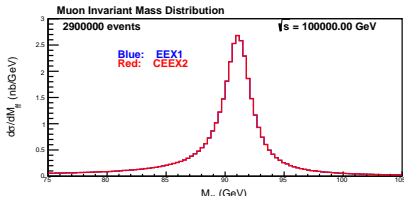
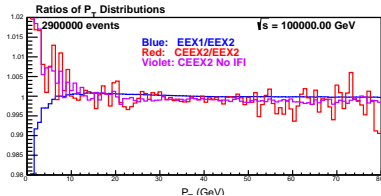
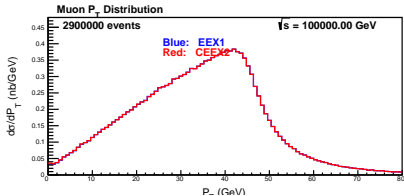
# Illustrative Results and Comparisons

- Sample Monte Carlo Data:  $2.9 \times 10^6$  events, with MSTW2008 PDFs and cut  $50\text{GeV} < M_{q\bar{q}} < 200\text{GeV}$  at pp cms of 100 TeV in Tab. 1

Table : Showered tests with Herwig6.521.

MC	EW-CORR	XSECT
$\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\text{MC-hh}$	EEX1 ISR+FSR+EWK	$12.8392 \pm 0.0095$ nb
$\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\text{MC-hh}$	EEX2 ISR+FSR+EWK	$12.8396 \pm 0.0095$ nb
$\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\text{MC-hh}$	EEX3 ISR+FSR+EWK	$12.8394 \pm 0.0095$ nb
$\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\text{MC-hh}$	CEEX2 ISR+FSR+EWK	$12.8377 \pm 0.0098$ nb

# Illustrative Results and Comparisons



# Illustrative Results and Comparisons

Forthcoming updates of  $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\mathcal{M}\mathcal{C}$ -hh,  $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\mathcal{M}\mathcal{C}$ -ee for FCC applications:

- $\tau$  Simulation:
  - Installation of weights for alternative matrix element for analysis of new physics signatures – ex., see R. Jozefowicz, E. Richter-Was and Z. Was, Phys. Rev. D **94**, no. 9, 093001 (2016), spin weights used as input for algorithm  $\Rightarrow$  multi-dimensional observable.
  - Version of TAUOLA with variants of matrix elements and anomalous (e.g. tau neutrinoless) decay channels. Parts of the code into C (rather than to C++) – for another language change before FCC times the code which remains in static form is possibly safer.– M. Chruszcz, T. Przedzinski, Z. Was and J. Zaremba, arXiv:1609.04617
- Final state emission of light fermion pairs:  
Added to multiphoton iterative algorithm of PHOTOS. May be used with  $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\mathcal{M}\mathcal{C}$ -jj on top of its multiphoton algorithm,  $j = e, h$ . Effect is small and consequent degradation of precision due to non-optimal combination of the two effects is substantially below other systematics. – N. Davidson, T. Przedzinski and Z. Was, Comput. Phys. Commun. **199**, 86 (2016)



- Precision Theory  $\equiv$  Control both

IR ( $z \rightarrow 1$ )

and

Collinear ( $p_T \rightarrow 0$ )

emission limits

- When Herwiri1.031 is used in the QCD shower step, with  $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\text{MC-hh}$  and  $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\text{MC-ee}$  we now have control over both for all aspects of the  $\text{EW} \otimes \text{QCD}$  corrections.
- Some New Physics may hang in the balance at both FCC and LHC!
- $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\text{MC-hh}$ : Taken together with  $\mathcal{K}\mathcal{K}\text{MC-ee}$ , important step in realizing a MC based on nonAbelian  $\text{QED} \otimes \text{QCD}$  resummation and exact  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2, \alpha_s \alpha, \alpha^2 L')$  hard gluon and hard photon residuals for both FCC-hh and FCC-ee precision physics.