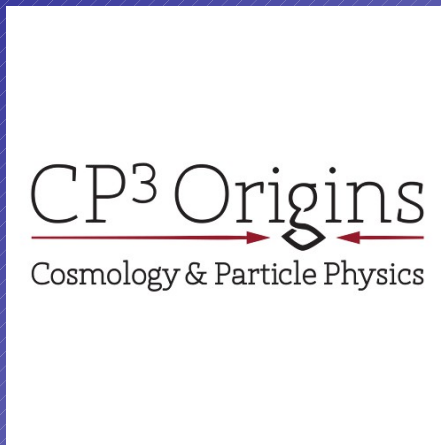


# Composite Resonances



**Natascia Vignaroli**



1st FCC Physics Workshop

CERN, 19 Jan 2017

# Composite Resonances

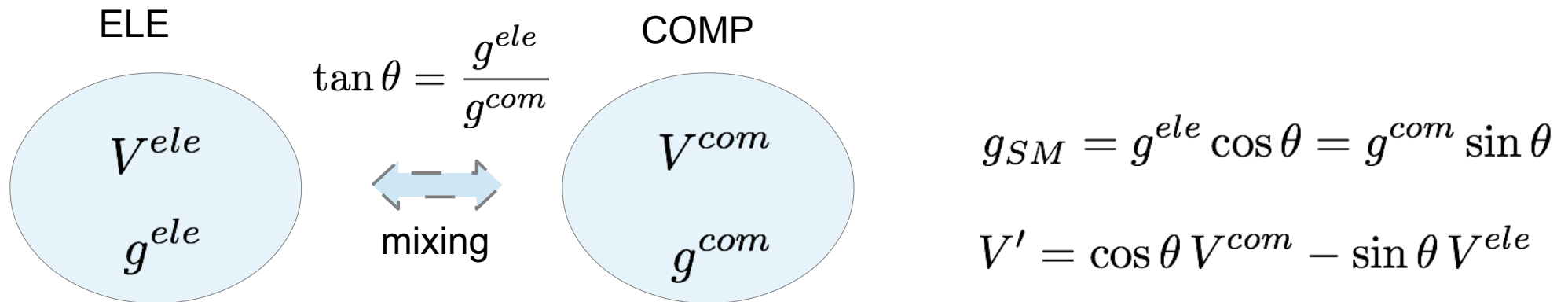
- Predicted in BSM models with a **new strong dynamics**  
LHC and especially FCC have the possibility to explore a new strong sector through the direct search for composite resonances
- Most notably are the prediction of **Composite Higgs Models**  
(connection with the explanation of the EWSB and Higgs naturalness problem)

SPIN-1           $W', Z', G', \dots$

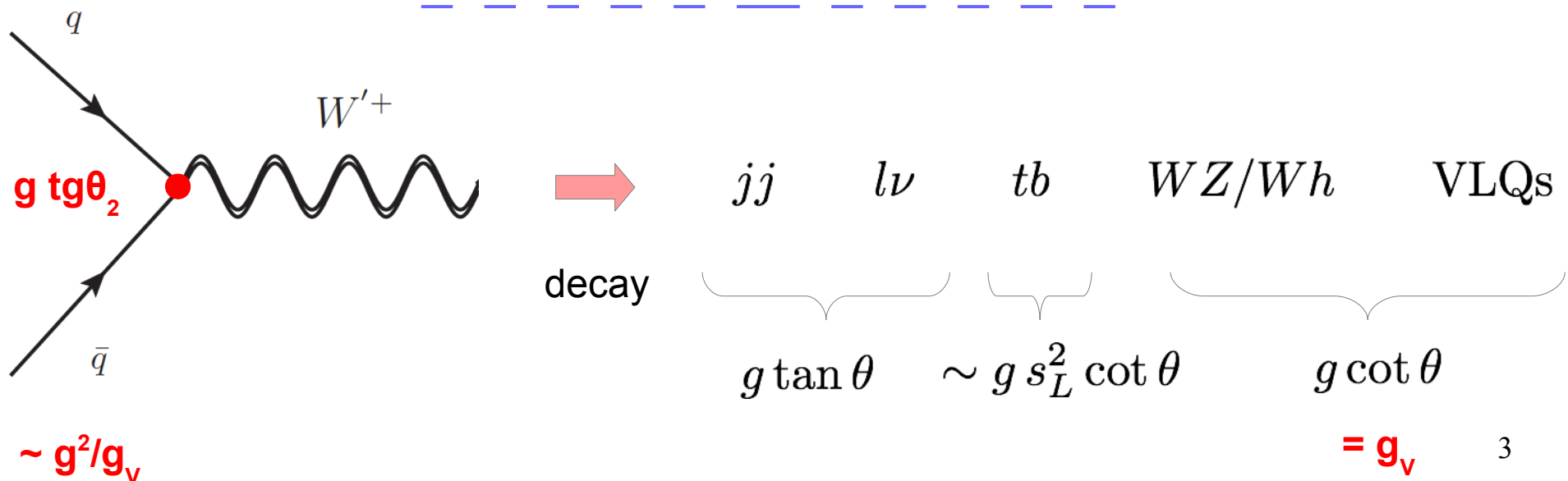
FERMIONS      VLQ top-partners

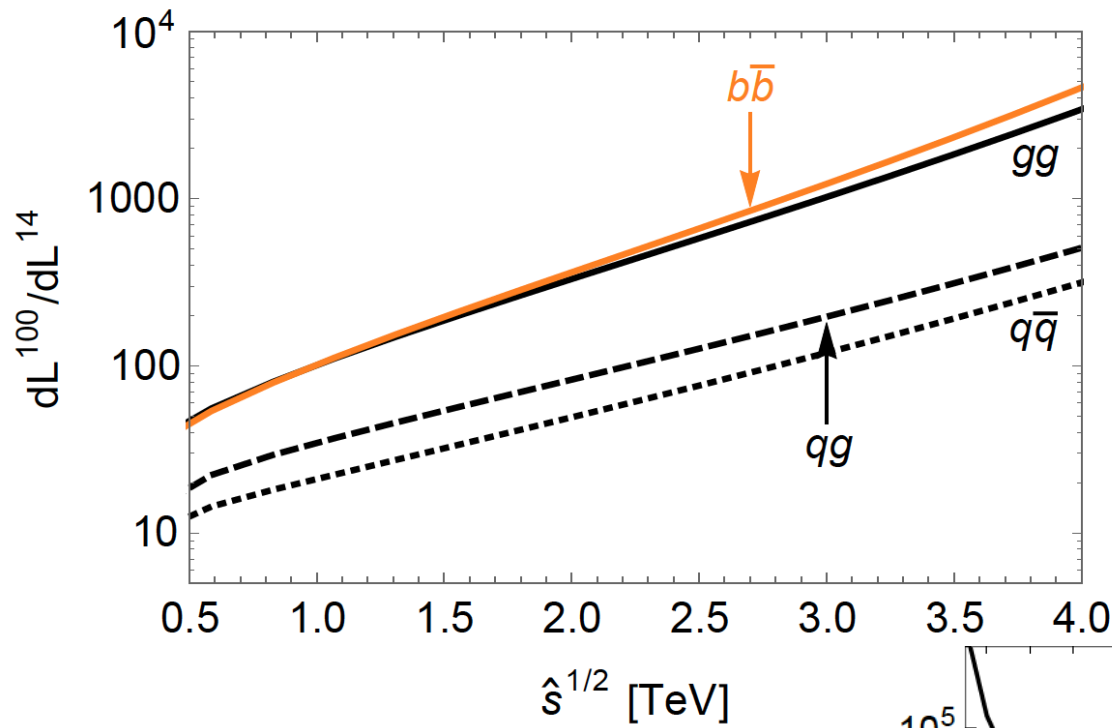
SCALARS        extra pNGBs,  $\eta'$ -like states ...

# Spin-1 Resonances (two-site description)



$$g^{ele} \approx g_{SM} \quad 1 < g^{com} < 4\pi$$





*Physics opportunities of a 100 TeV  
proton–proton collider  
Phys.Rept. 652 (2016) 1-49*

## Drell-Yan production

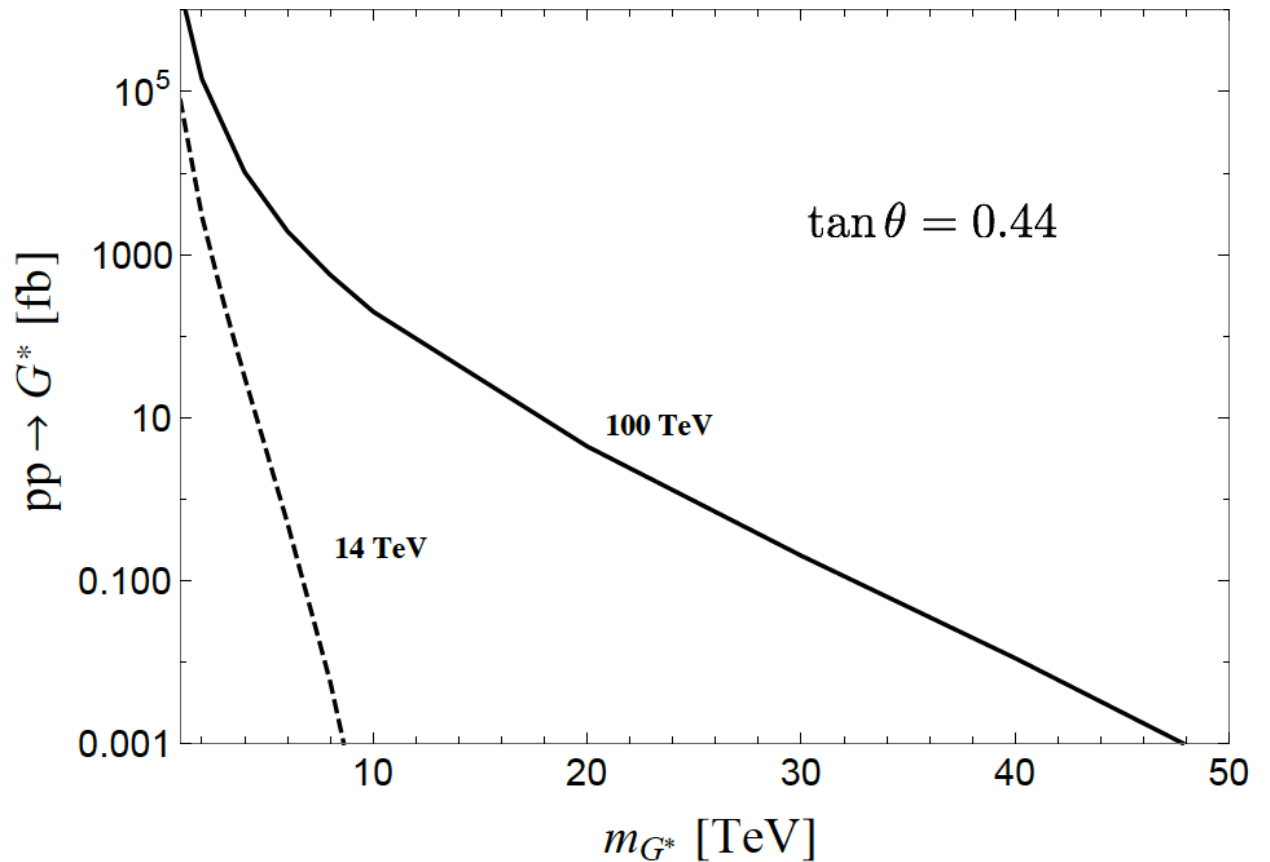
$$s_L \simeq s_R = 0.6$$

Intermediate top degree  
of compositeness



$$b\bar{b} \rightarrow G^*$$

contribution ranges from  
~7 % at 1 TeV to ~ 1 % at 10 TeV



# Drell-Yan production (dijet final state)

CMS-PAS-EXO-12-059 analysis + Crystall Ball fit

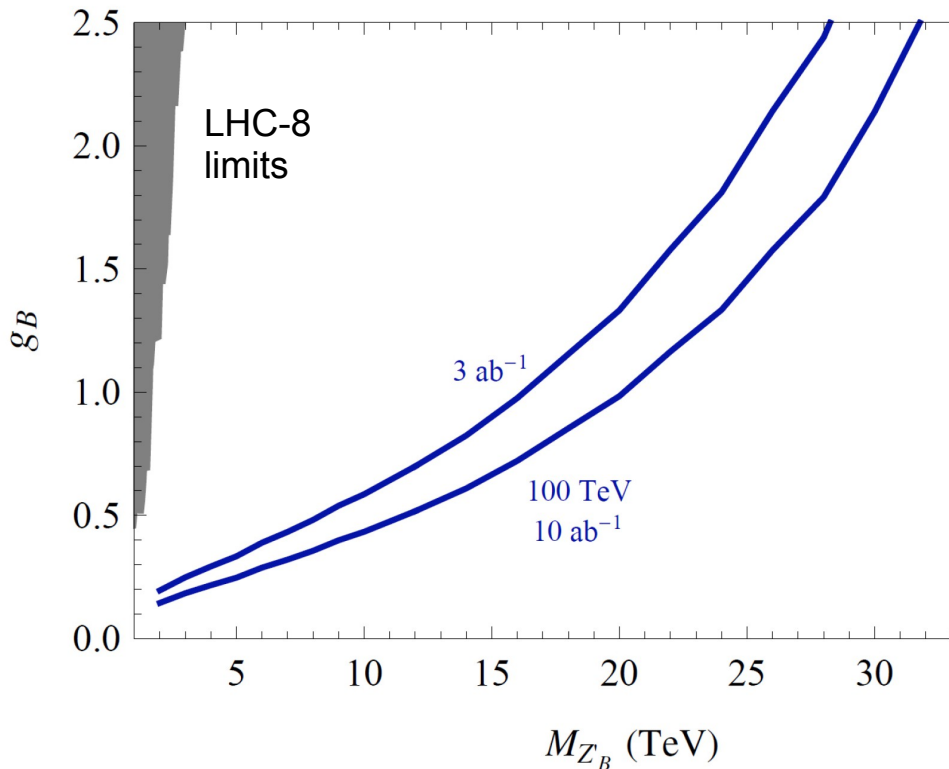
$$|\eta_j| < 2.5 \quad |\Delta\eta_{jj}| < 1.3$$

Felix Yu, arXiv:1308.1077

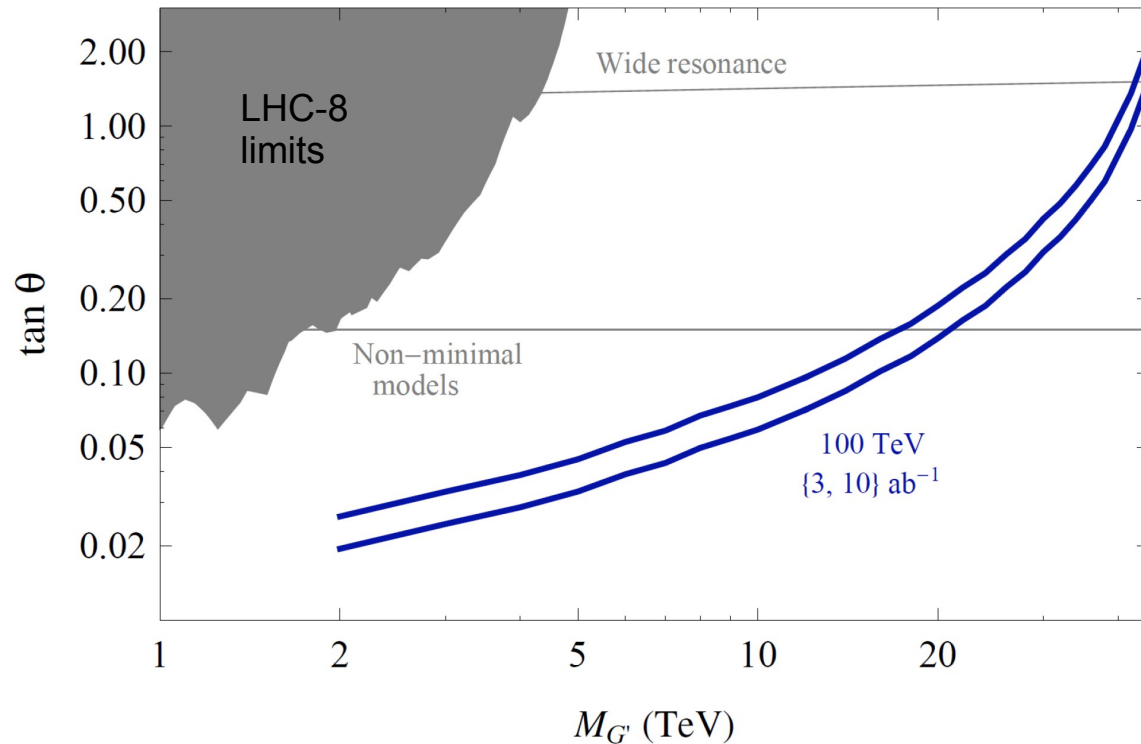
B. Dobrescu, F. Yu,

Phys.Rev. D88 (2013) no.3, 035021

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{g_B}{6} Z'_B \bar{q} \gamma^\mu q$$



$$\mathcal{L} \supset g_S \tan \theta \bar{q} \gamma^\mu T^a G'_\mu{}^a q$$

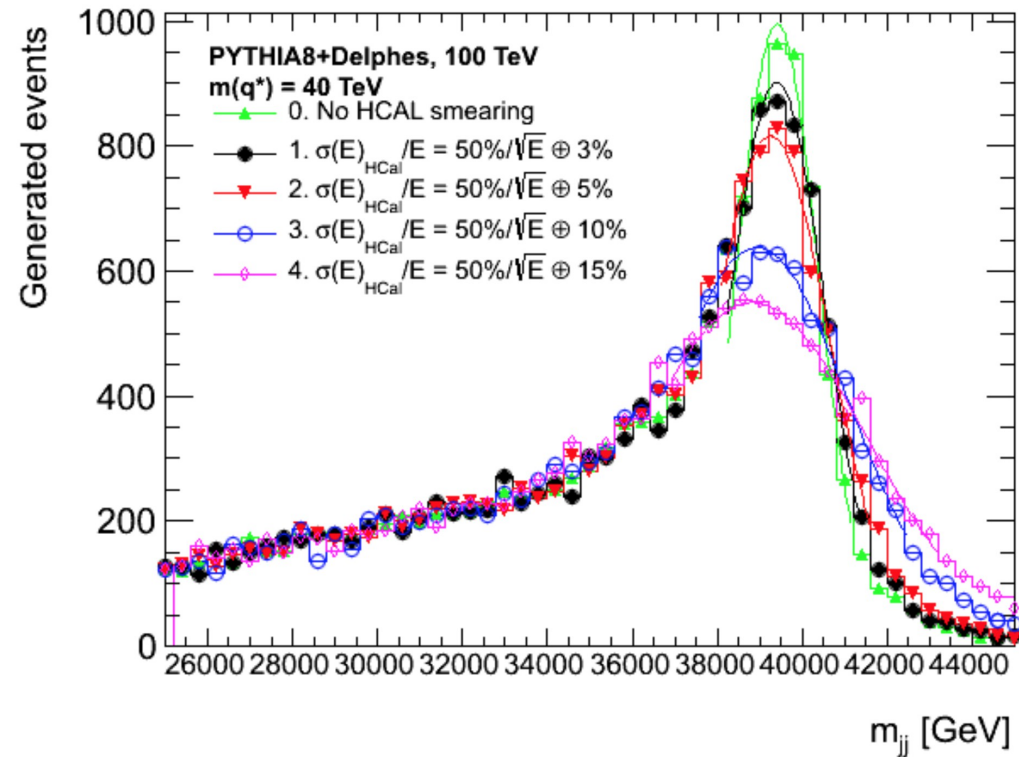
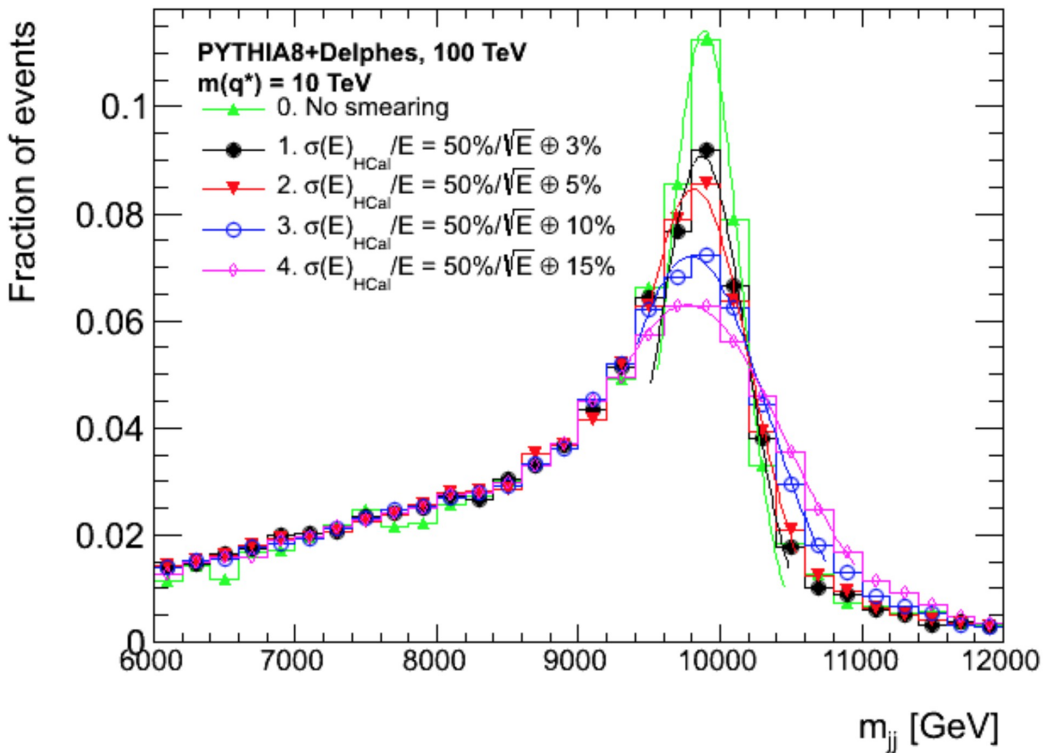


# dijet final state: calorimeter requirements

Energy resolution:

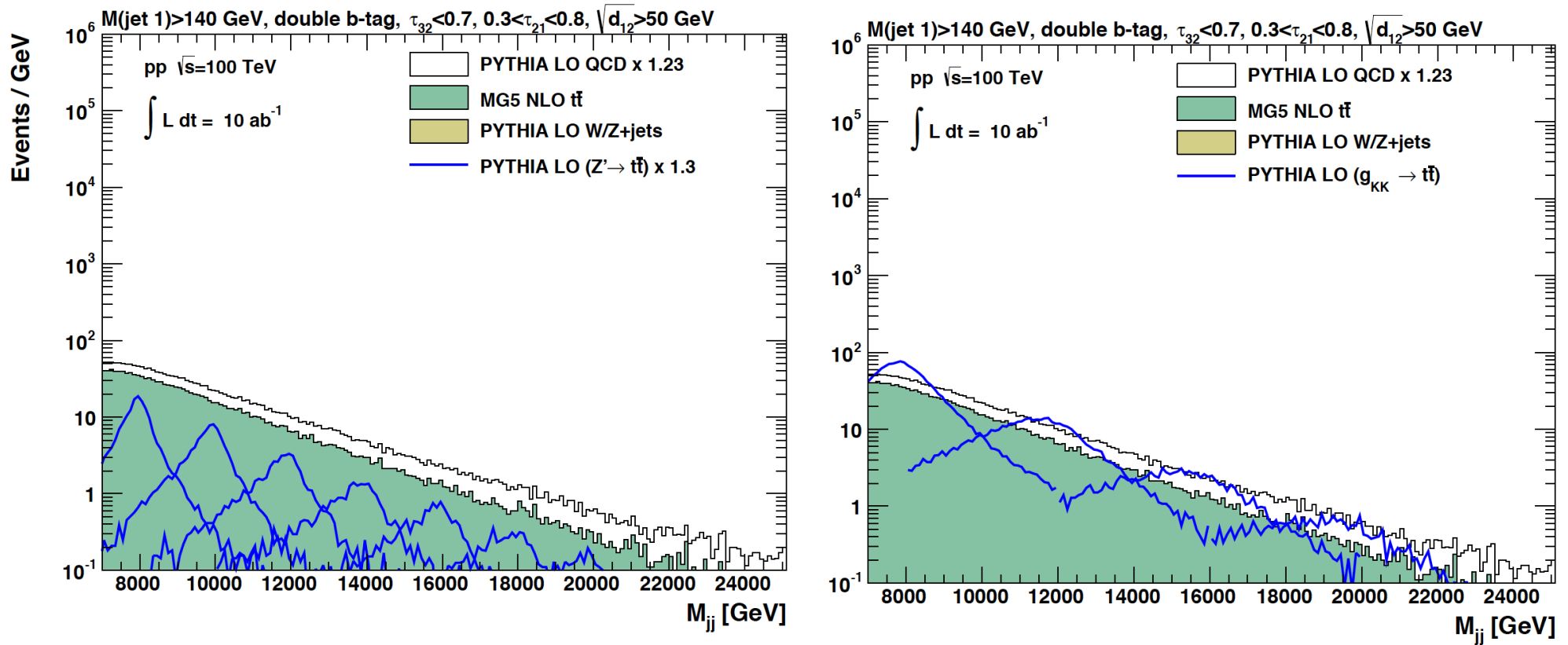
$$\frac{[\sigma]}{E} = \frac{50}{E} \oplus c\%$$

*Physics at a 100 TeV pp collider:  
beyond the Standard Model  
phenomena,  
arXiv: 1606.09447*



# Drell-Yan production (ttbar final state)

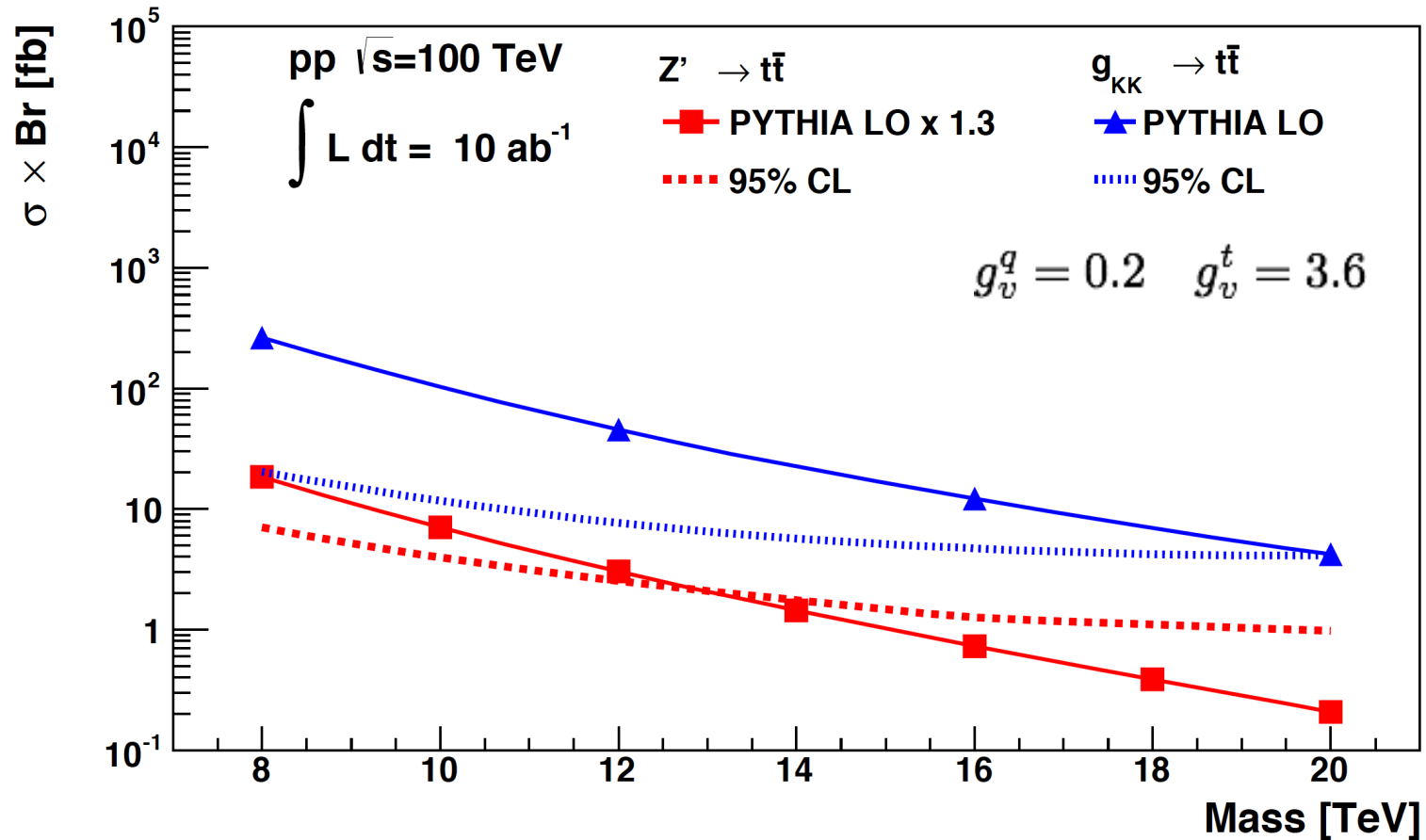
Auerbach, Chekanov, Love, Proudfoot, Kotwal, PRD 91 034014



Boosted tops: substructure techniques applied  
(N-subjettiness, splitting scale distribution in kT algorithm, ..)

# Drell-Yan production (ttbar final state)

Auerbach, Chekanov, Love, Proudfoot, Kotwal, PRD 91 034014

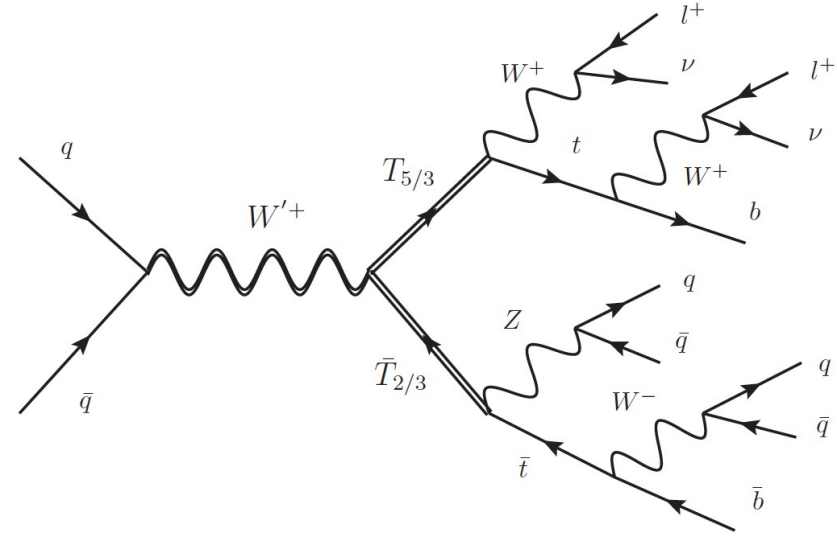
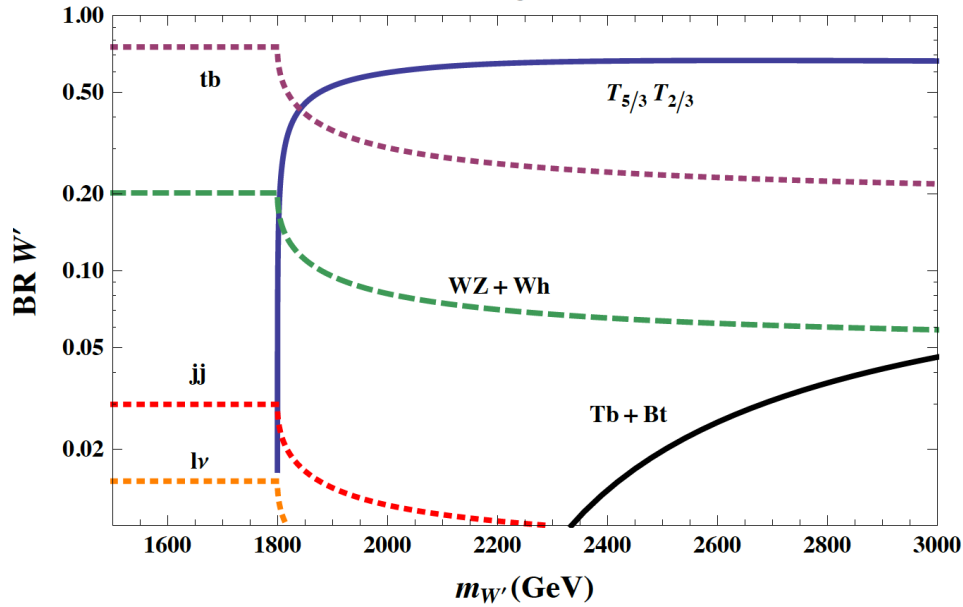


Boosted tops: substructure techniques applied  
 (N-subjettiness, splitting scale distribution in kT algorithm, ..)



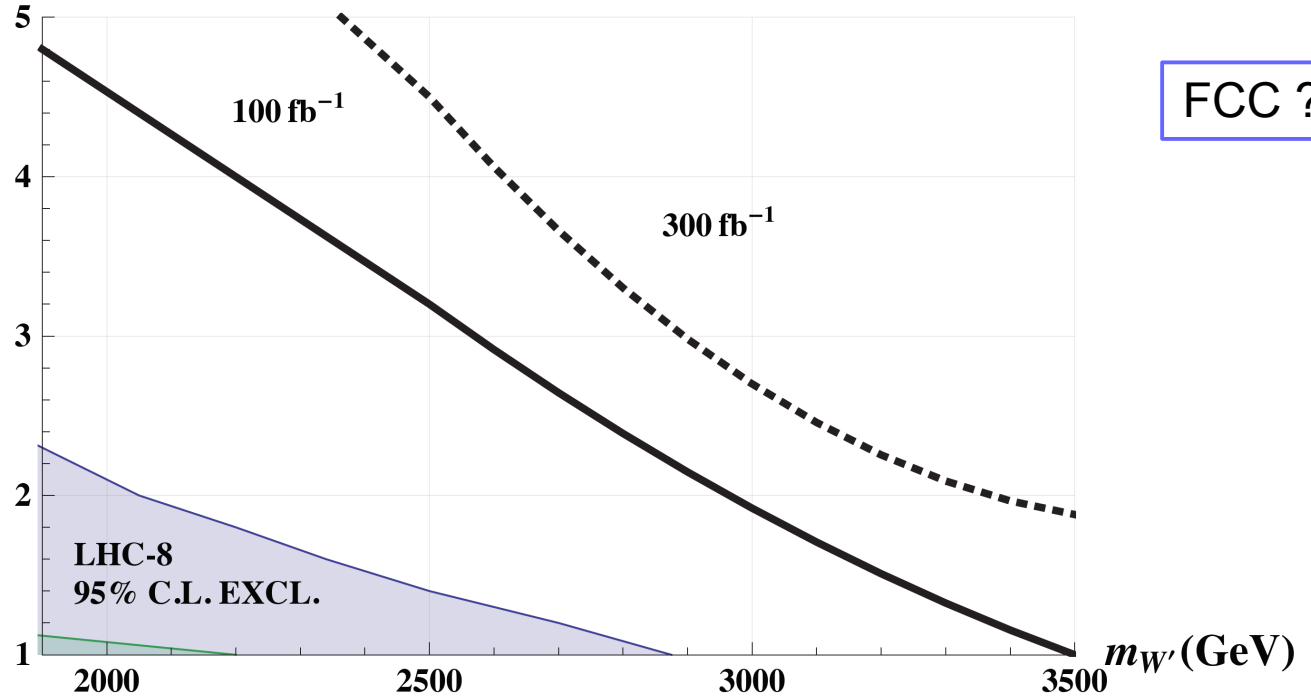
# Drell-Yan production (VLQ channels)

$s_L=0.9$   $m_C = 0.9$  TeV



$5\sigma$  LHC-14

$\cot(\theta_2)$



FCC ?

NV,  
Phys.Rev. D89  
(2014) no.9, 095027

# Direct vs Indirect Probes

Thamm, Torre, Wulzer,  
JHEP 1507 (2015) 100

Vacuum misalignment parameter  
(size of fine-tuning in pNGB CHM)

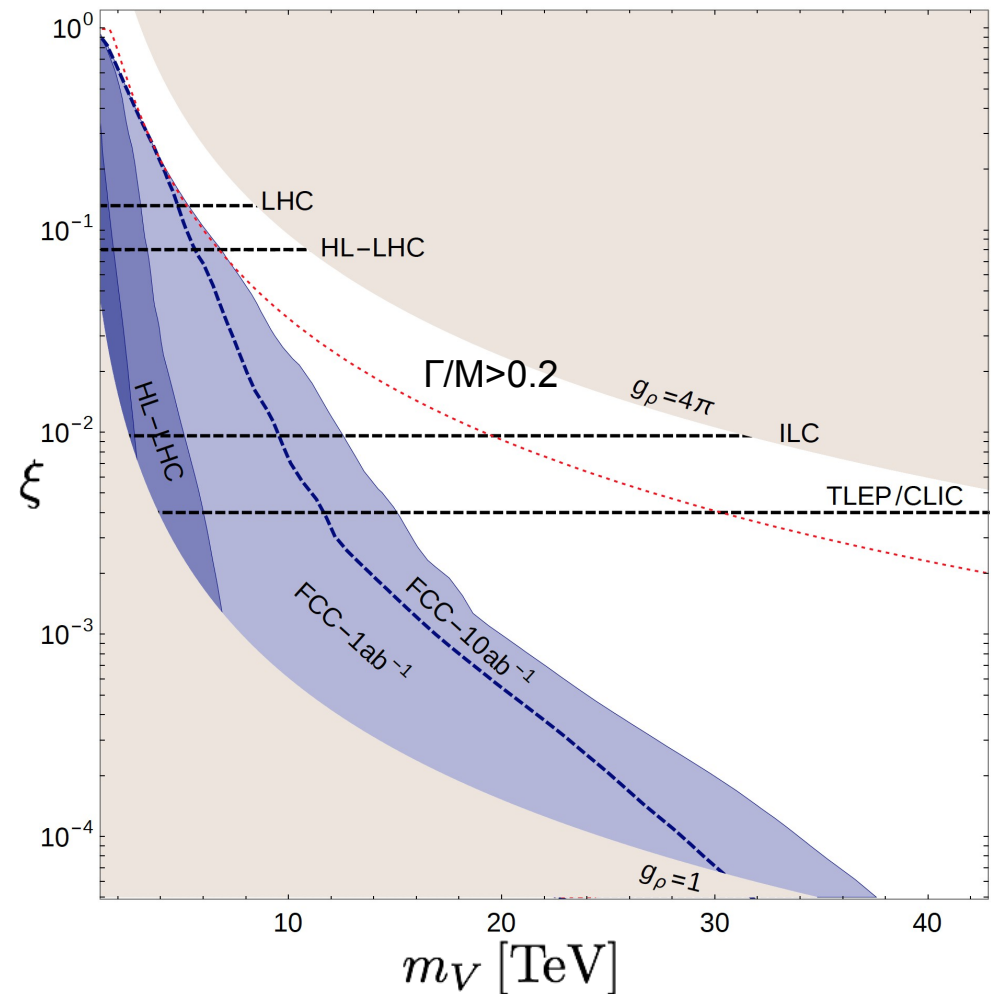
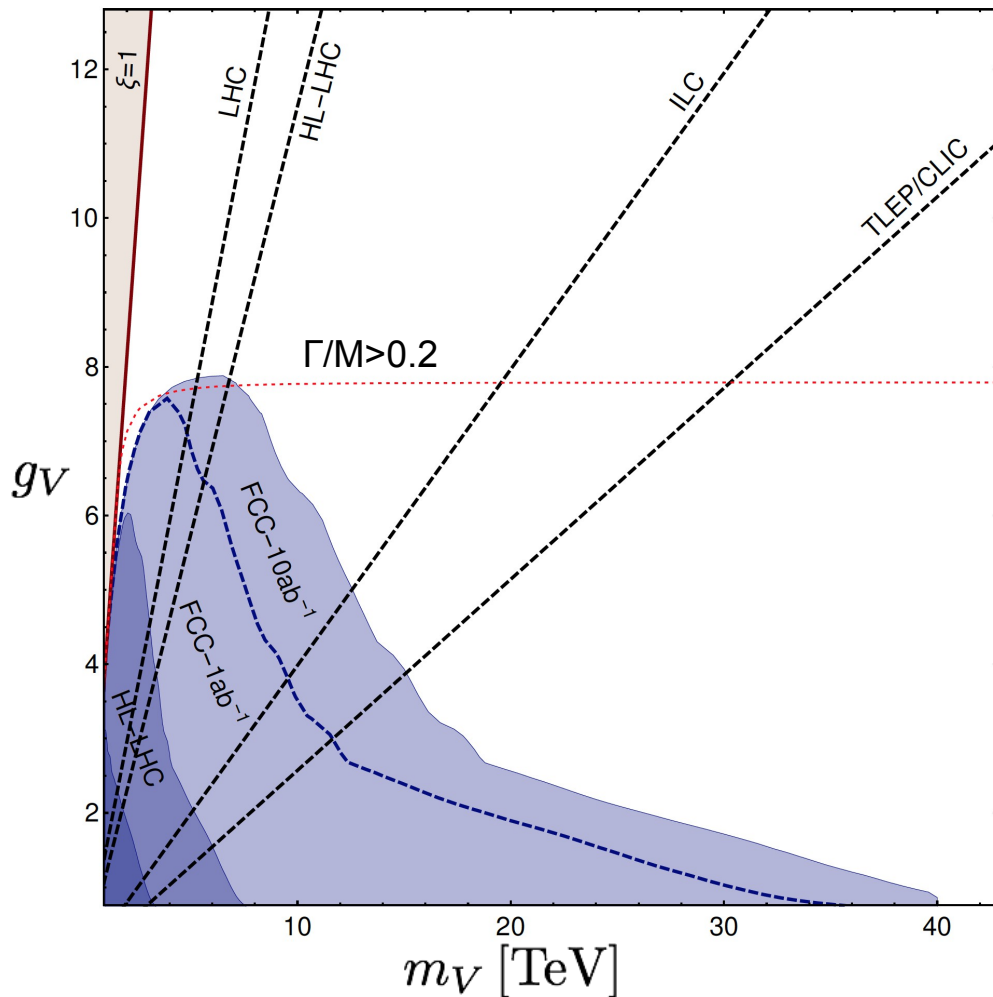
$$\xi = \left(\frac{v}{f}\right)^2 \sim v^2 \frac{g_V^2}{m_V^2}$$

Indirect  
probes

EWPD

$$S \sim v^2 / m_V^2$$

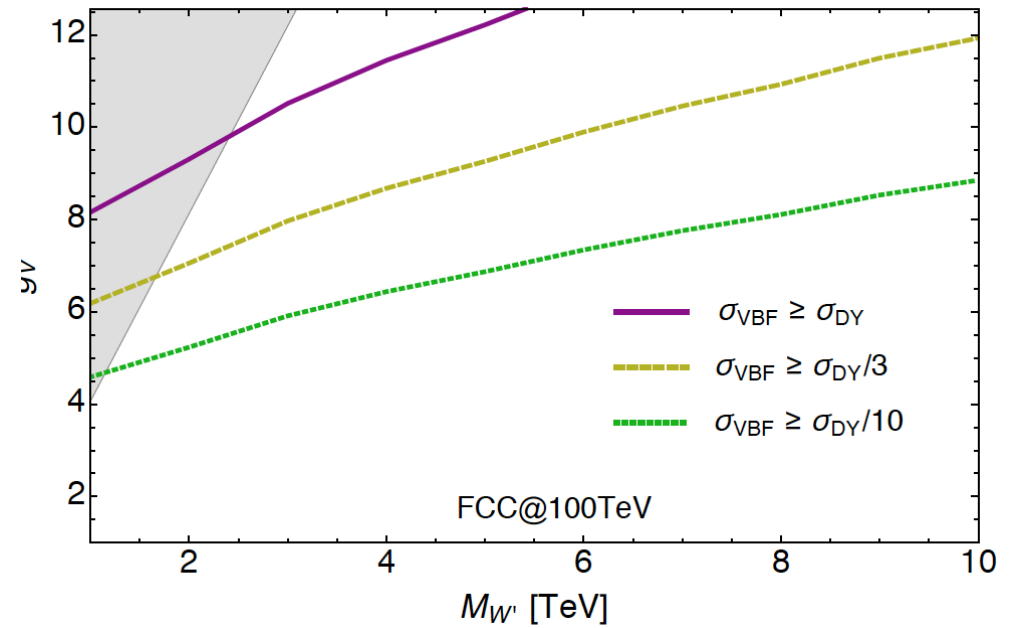
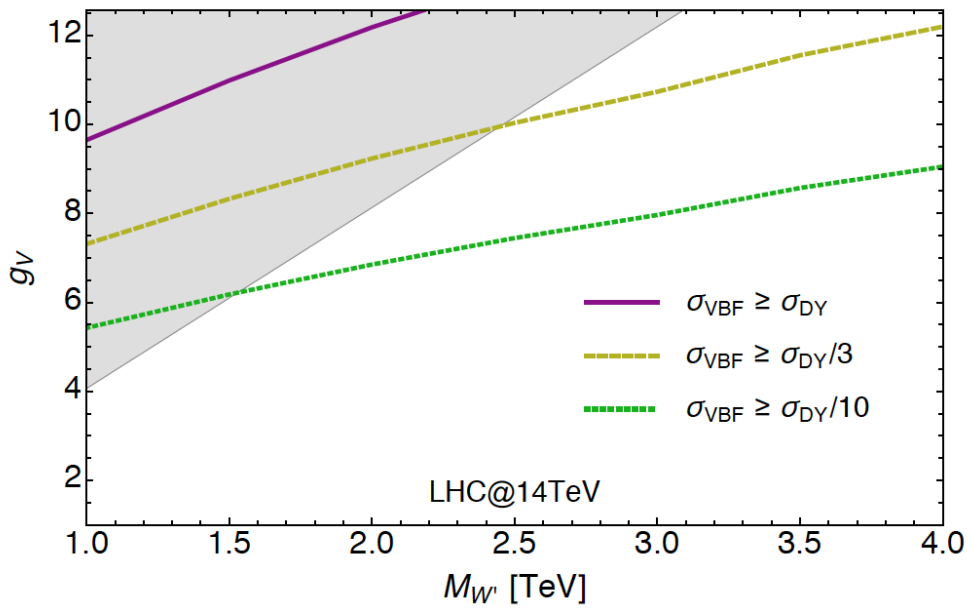
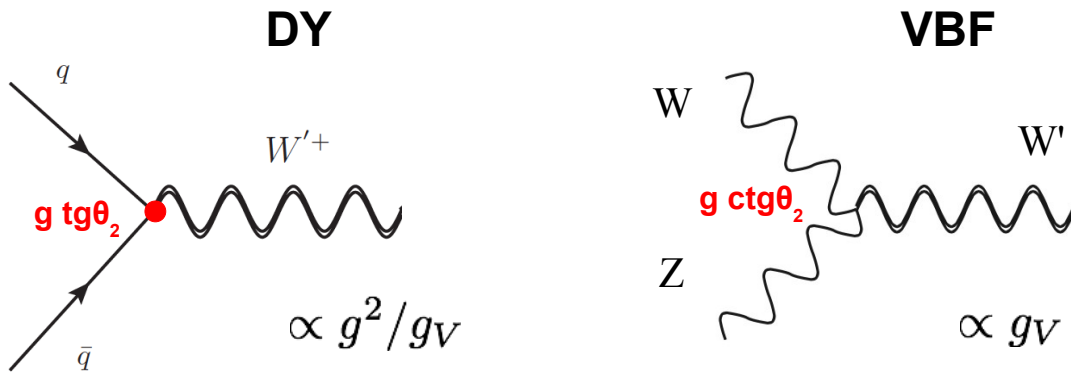
Modification of Higgs couplings  $k_V = \sqrt{1 - \xi}$



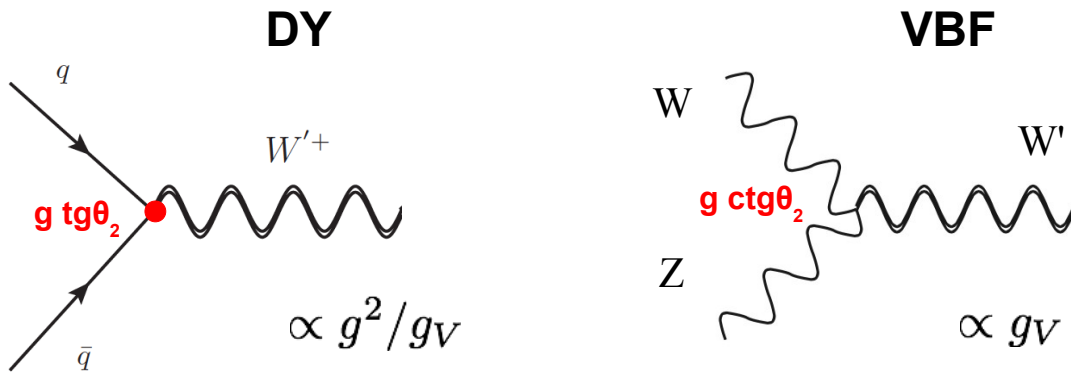
Direct search limits extrapolated from LHC-8 searches  
for narrow resonances in the dilepton and WZ final state

# Probing the large $g_V$ regime with VBF

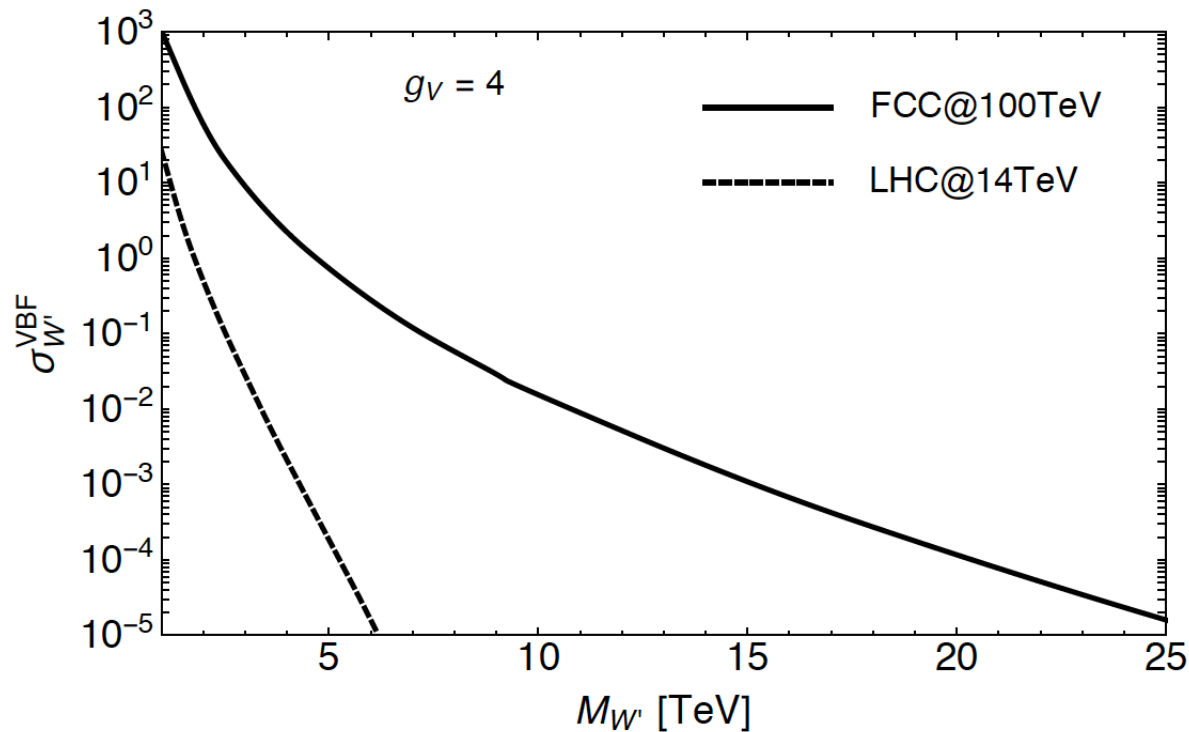
K. Mohan, NV  
JHEP 1510 (2015) 031



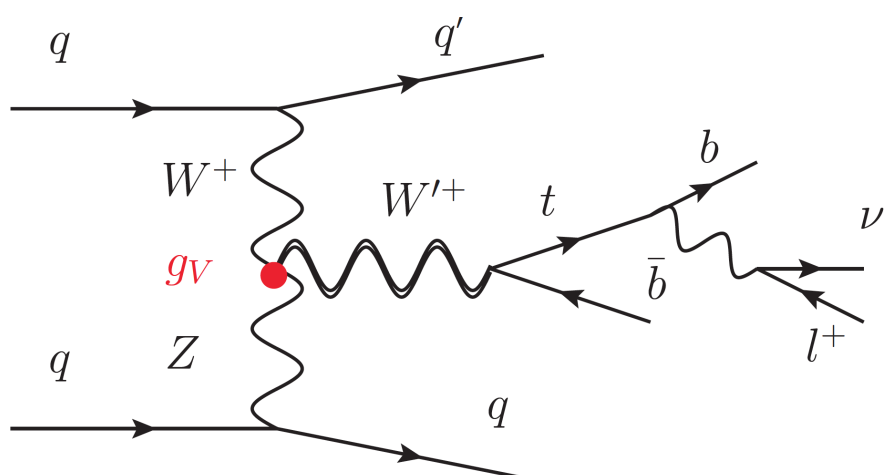
# Probing the large $g_V$ regime with VBF



K. Mohan, NV  
 JHEP 1510 (2015) 031



# Probing the large $g_V$ regime with VBF (tb channel)



BCKG

$WWbb$  ( $\supset tt, Wt$ )

$Wbb + \text{jets}$

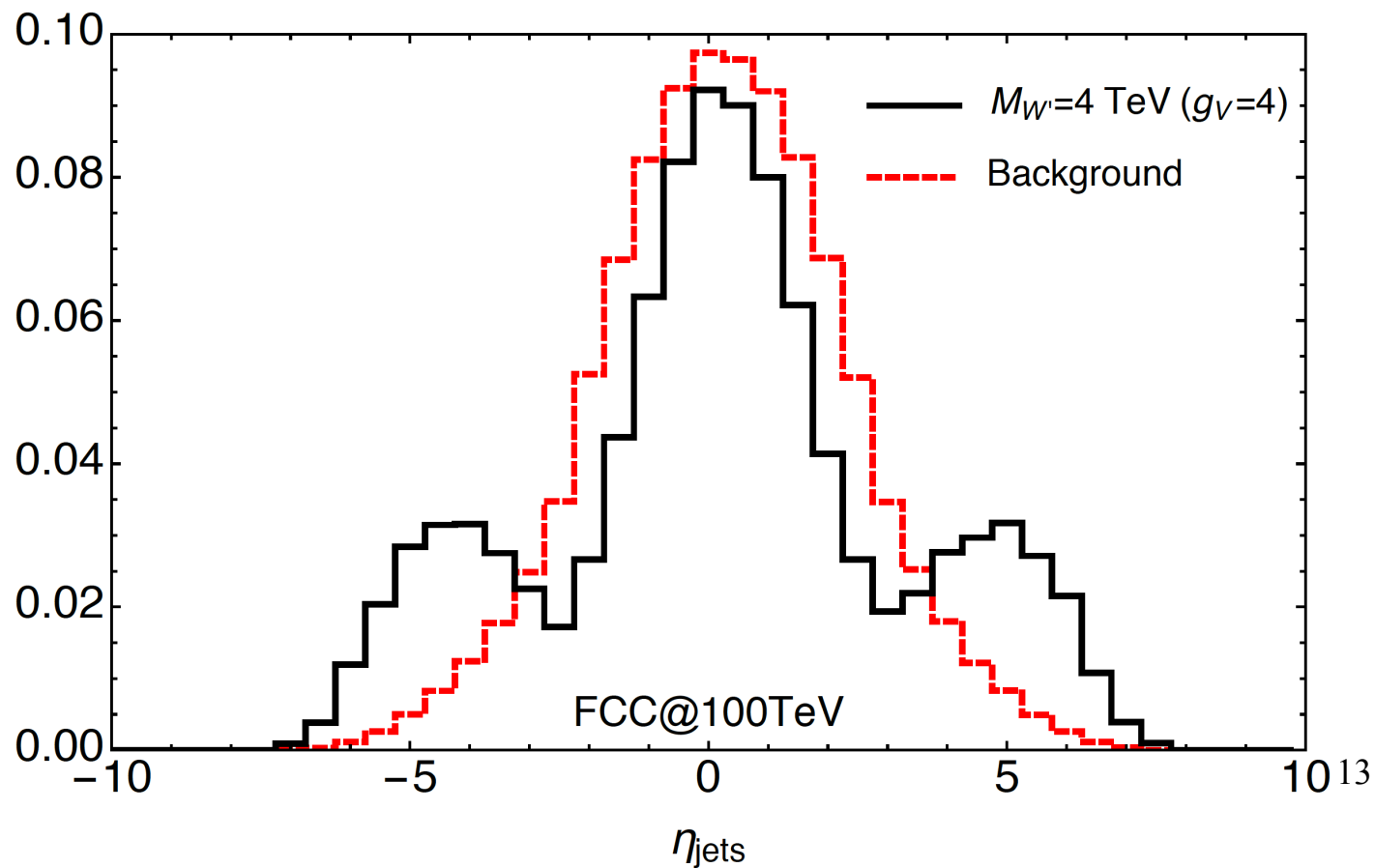
$tb + \text{jets}$

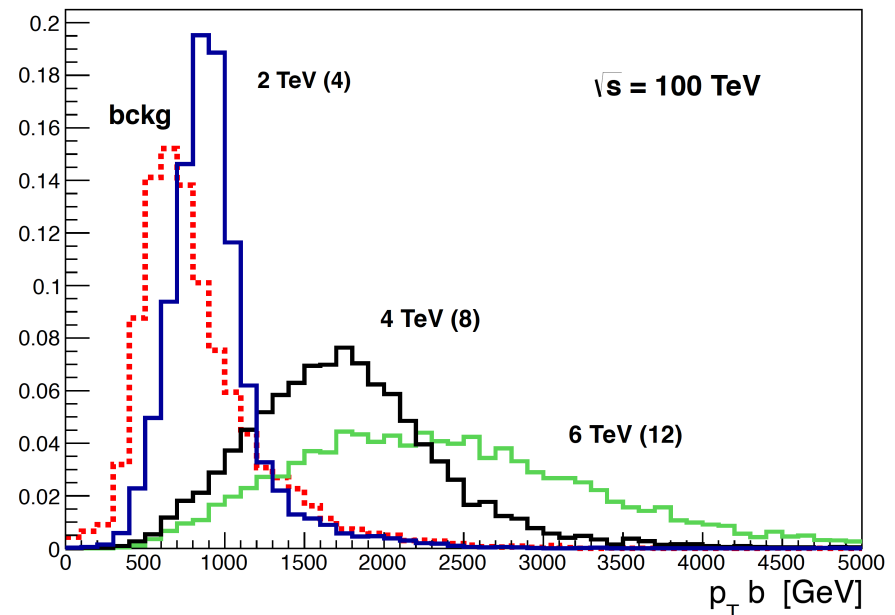
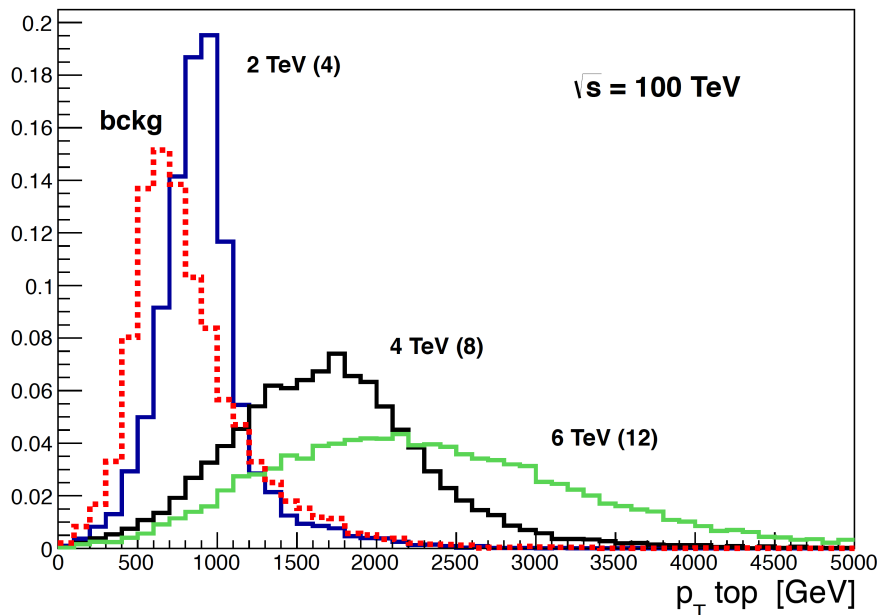
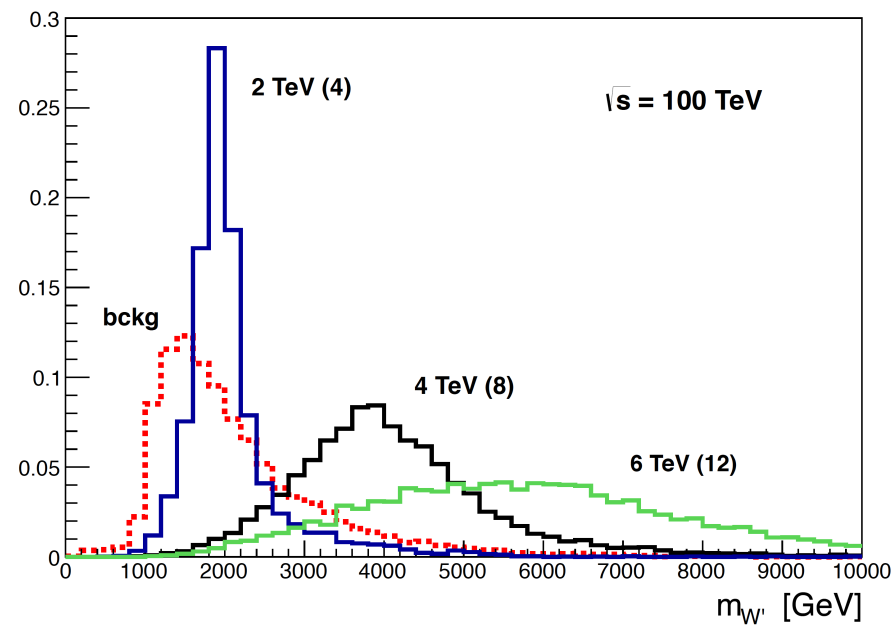
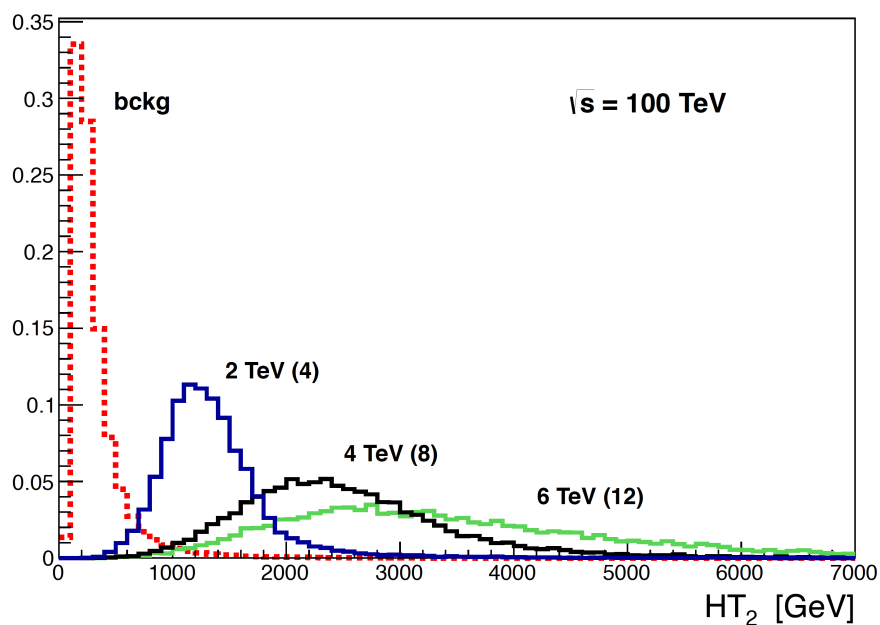
$$s_L = 0.7$$

$$BR(W' \rightarrow tb) \simeq 0.6$$

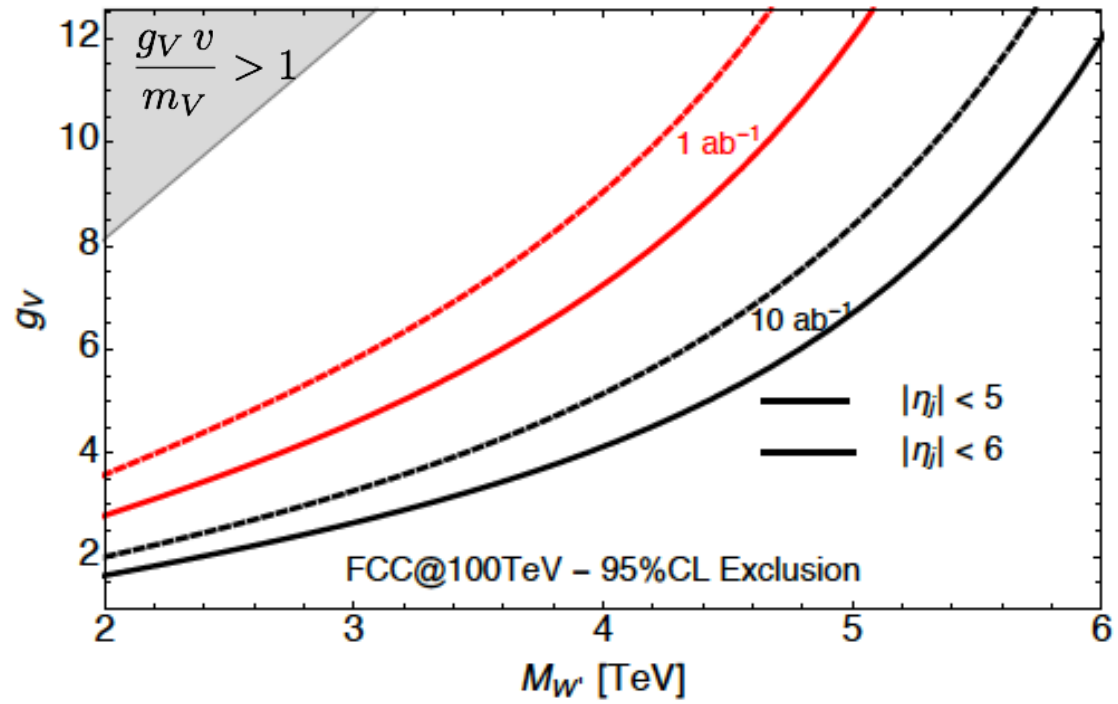
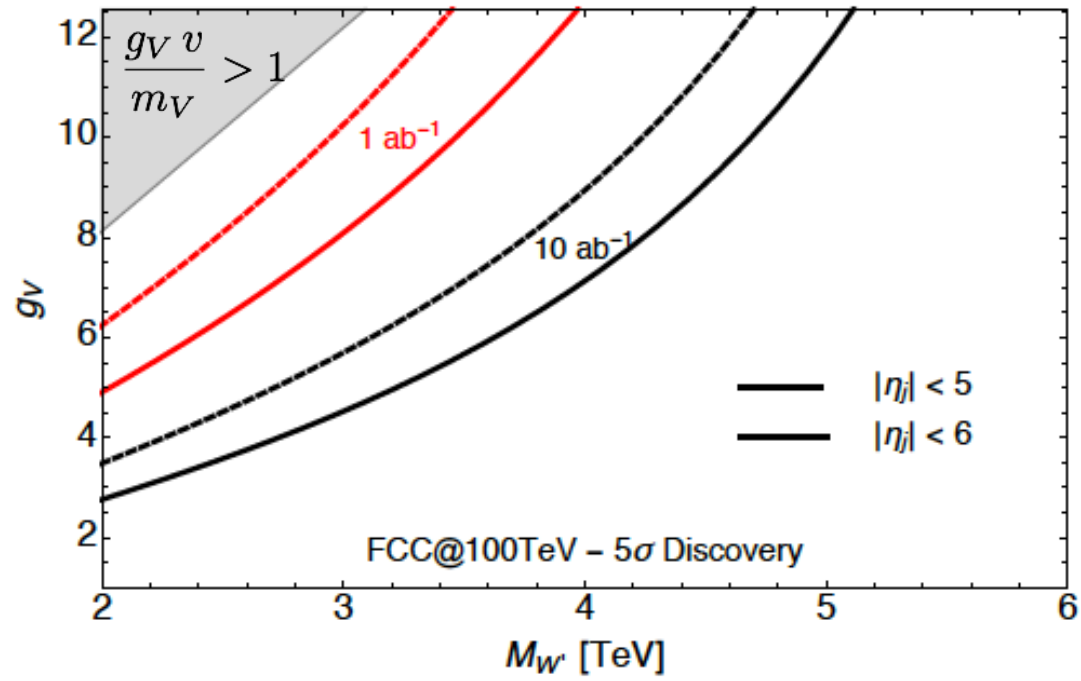
$$|\eta_{Fj, Bj}| > 2.5$$

$$|\eta_{Fj} - \eta_{Bj}| > 8$$

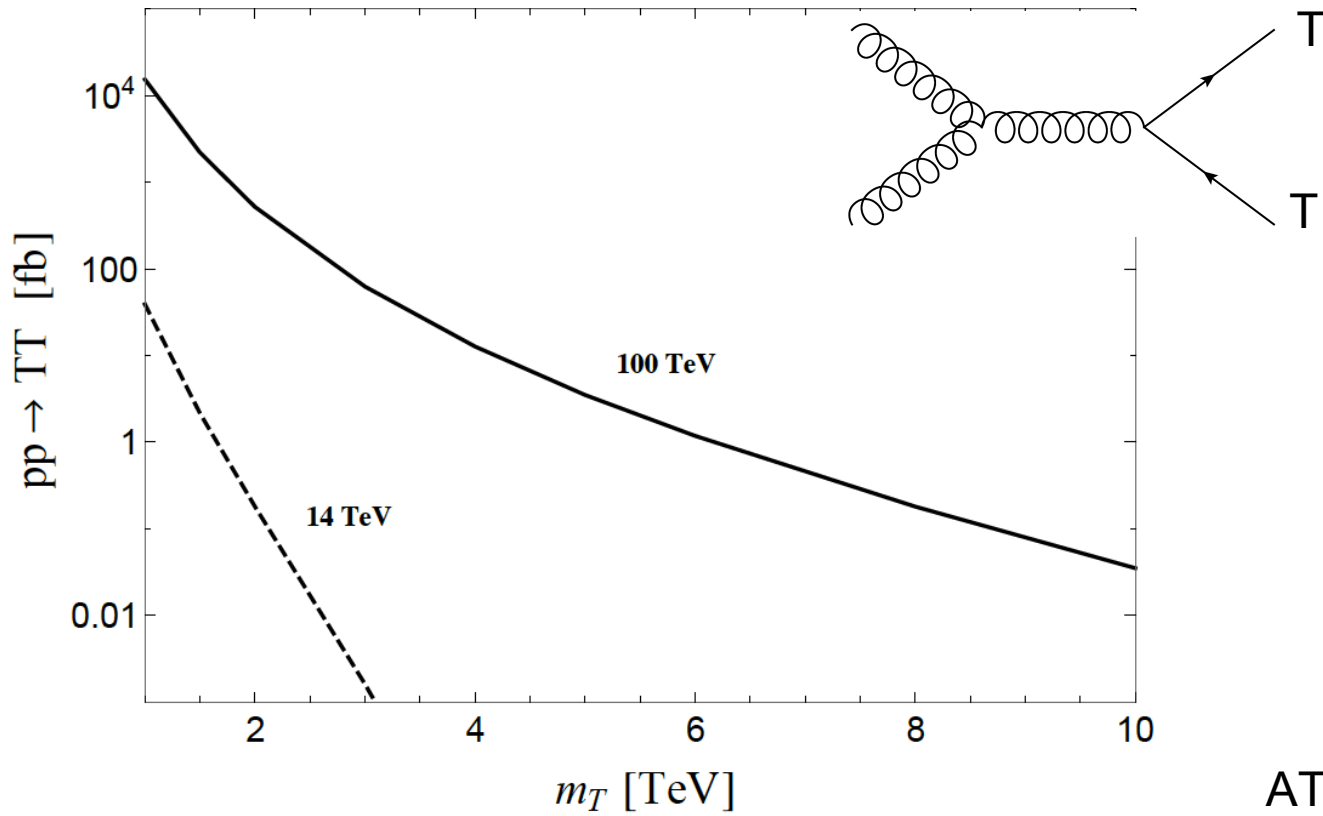




$M_{W'}$ (TeV)	2	3	4	5	6
$m_{W'} >$ (TeV)	1.5	2.5	3.5	4.0	5.0
$p_T b, t >$ (TeV)	0.75	0.9	1.5	1.5	1.5

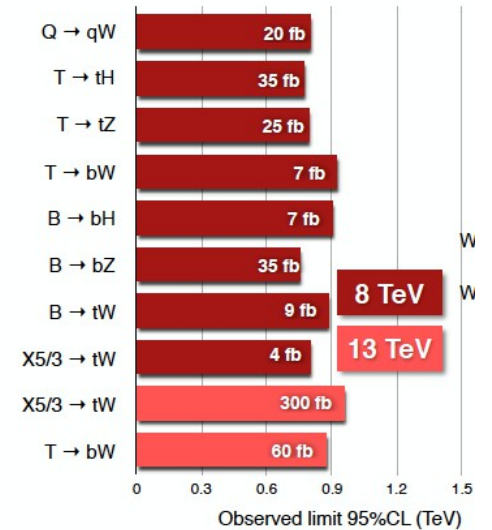


# Composite fermions: Top-partners (pair production)



CMS

Vector-like quark pair production



ATLAS

Heavy quarks

VLQ $TT \rightarrow Ht + X$	1 $e, \mu$ $\geq$ 2 $b, \geq$ 3 $j$	Yes	20.3
VLQ $YY \rightarrow Wb + X$	1 $e, \mu$ $\geq$ 1 $b, \geq$ 3 $j$	Yes	20.3
VLQ $BB \rightarrow Hb + X$	1 $e, \mu$ $\geq$ 2 $b, \geq$ 3 $j$	Yes	20.3
VLQ $BB \rightarrow Zb + X$	2/ $\geq$ 3 $e, \mu$ $\geq$ 2/ $\geq$ 1 $b$	-	20.3
VLQ $QQ \rightarrow WqWq$	1 $e, \mu$ $\geq$ 4 $j$	Yes	20.3
VLQ $T_{5/3} T_{5/3} \rightarrow WtWt$	2(SS)/ $\geq$ 3 $e, \mu$ $\geq$ 1 $b, \geq$ 1 $j$	Yes	3.2

T mass	855 GeV
Y mass	770 GeV
B mass	735 GeV
B mass	755 GeV
Q mass	690 GeV
T <sub>5/3</sub> mass	990 GeV

T in (T,B) doublet	1505.04306
Y in (B,Y) doublet	1505.04306
isospin singlet	1505.04306
B in (B,Y) doublet	1409.5500
	1509.04261
	ATLAS-CONF-2016-032

Lect.Notes Phys. 913 (2016)

$$\Delta^{-1} \sim \left( \frac{500 \text{ GeV}}{m_T} \right)^2$$

Arkani-hamed, Han, Mangano, Wang, Phys.Rept. 652 (2016) 1-49

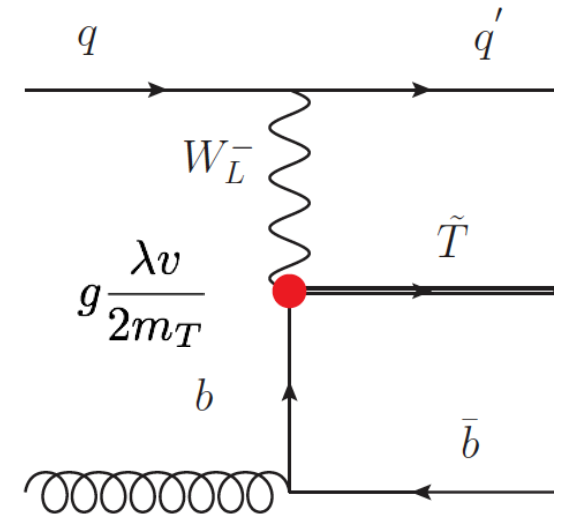
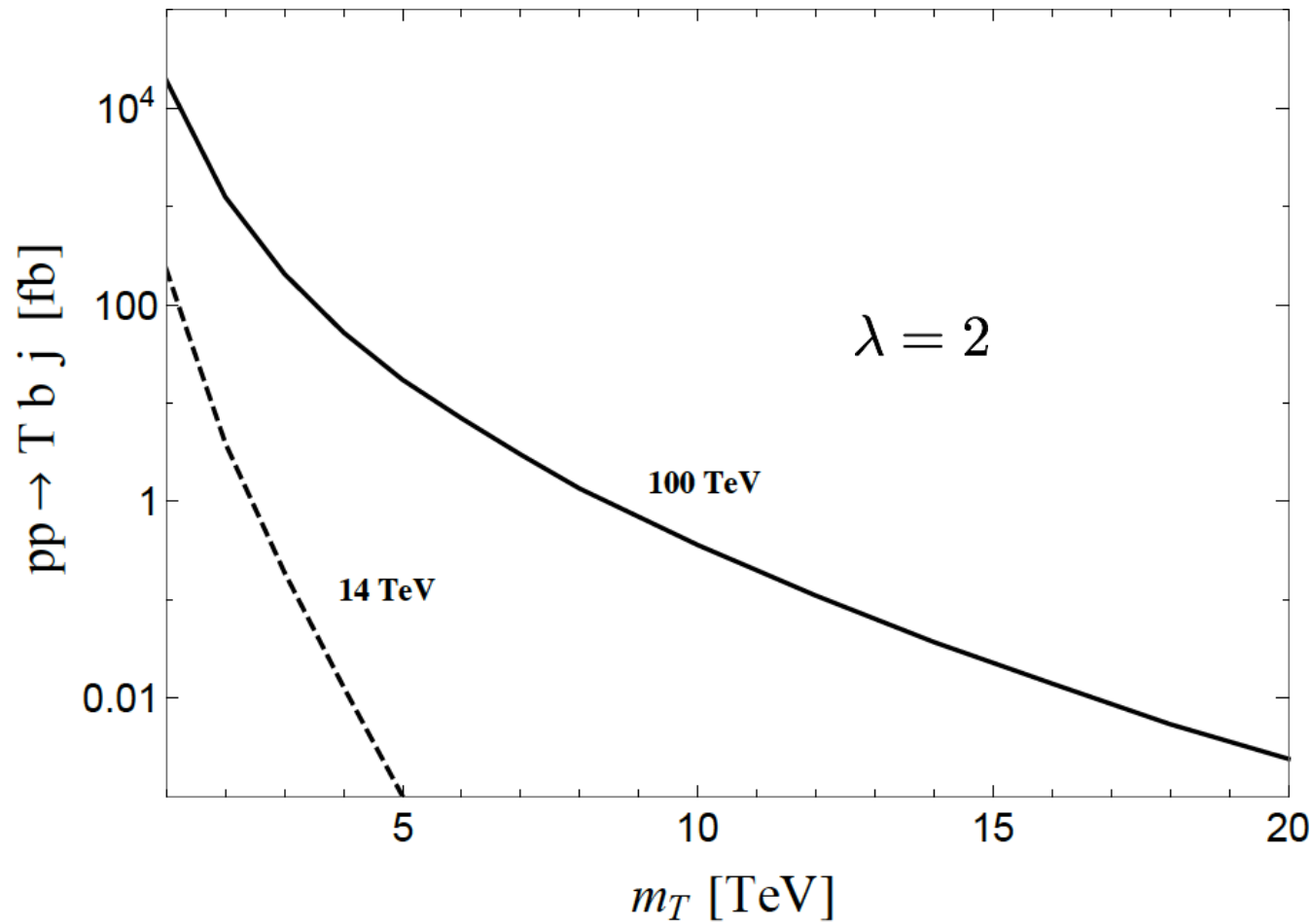
FCC:

Mass reach increase by roughly a factor of 5

Fine-tuning can be pushed at the level of  $10^{-3} - 10^{-4}$  16



# Composite fermions: Top-partners (single EW production)



$$\lambda_{\tilde{T}} \simeq Y_* s_{LCR}$$

$$\lambda_{T_{5/3}} \simeq Y_* s_R$$

# Composite fermions: Top-partners

SNOWMASS 2013, arXiv:1311.2028

Collider	Luminosity	Pileup	$3\sigma$ evidence	$5\sigma$ discovery	95% CL
<b>top-partner pair production</b>					
LHC 14 TeV	$300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	50	1340 GeV	1200 GeV	1450 GeV
LHC 14 TeV	$3 \text{ ab}^{-1}$	140	1580 GeV	1450 GeV	1740 GeV
LHC 33 TeV	$3 \text{ ab}^{-1}$	140	2750 GeV	2400 GeV	3200 GeV
<b>top-partner single production</b>					
LHC 14 TeV	$300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	50	1275 GeV	1150 GeV	
LHC 14 TeV	$3 \text{ ab}^{-1}$	140	1130 GeV	1000 GeV	
LHC 33 TeV	$3 \text{ ab}^{-1}$	140	1350 GeV	1220 GeV	
LHC 100 TeV	$3 \text{ ab}^{-1}$	50	1750 GeV	1600 GeV	
LHC 100 TeV	$3 \text{ ab}^{-1}$	140	1750 GeV	1575 GeV	
<b>bottom-partner pair production</b>					
LHC 14 TeV	$300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	50	1210 GeV	1080 GeV	1330 GeV
LHC 14 TeV	$3 \text{ ab}^{-1}$	140	1490 GeV	1330 GeV	>1500 GeV
LHC 33 TeV	$300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	50	> 1500 GeV	> 1500 GeV	> 1500 GeV
<b>Charge 5/3 fermion pair production</b>					
LHC 14 TeV	$300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	50	1.51 TeV	1.39 TeV	1.57 TeV
LHC 14 TeV	$3 \text{ ab}^{-1}$	140	1.66 TeV	1.55 TeV	1.76 TeV
LHC 33 TeV	$3 \text{ ab}^{-1}$	140	2.50 TeV	2.35 TeV	2.69 TeV

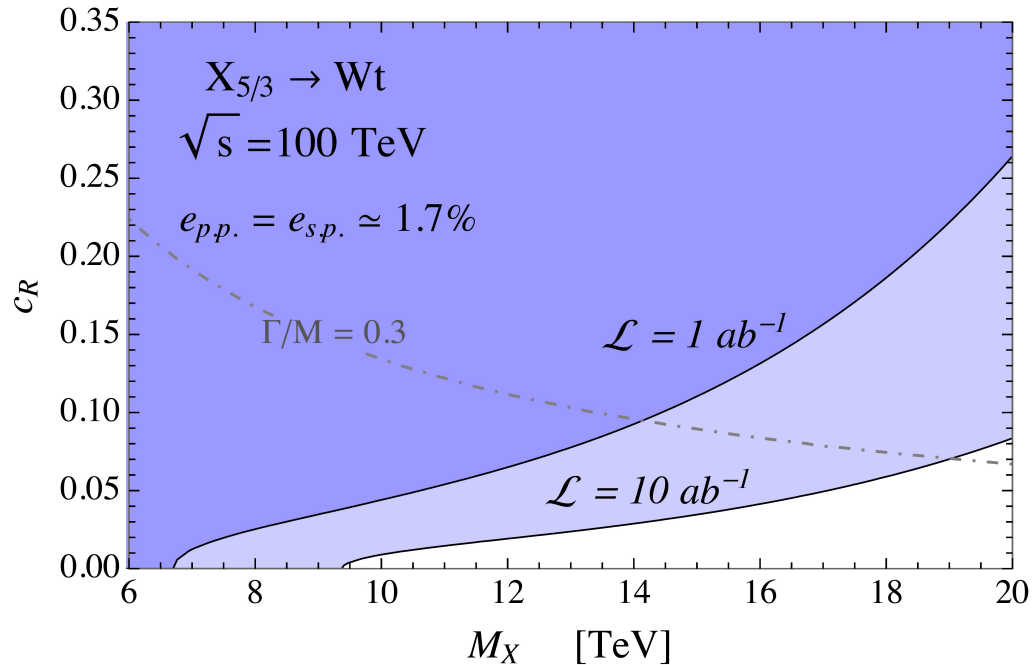
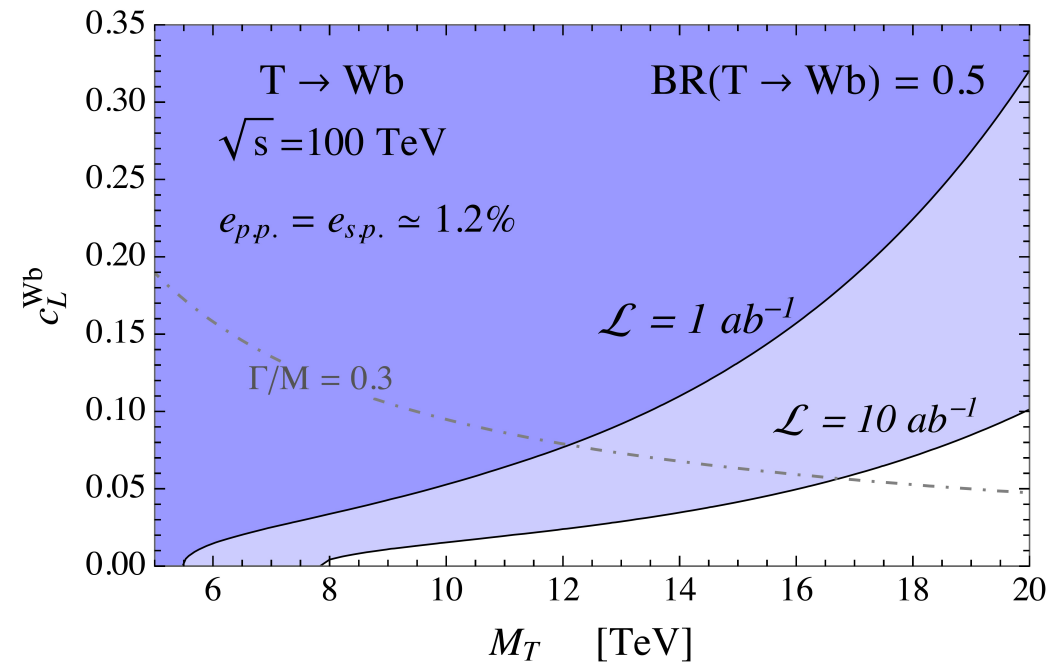
arXiv:1309.1888

$T \rightarrow Ht$   
(semi-leptonic)  
+  
 $T \rightarrow Zt$   
(Leptonic channel)

# Composite fermions: Top-partners (pair + single prod.)

Matsedonskyi, Panico, Wulzer, JHEP  
1412 (2014) 097

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{g}{2} c_L^{wb} \bar{T}_L \gamma^\mu b_L W_\mu + \frac{g}{2} c_R \bar{T}_{5/3} \gamma^\mu t_R W_\mu$$



- 2/3 T → estimate based on reinterpretation of the LHC-8 analysis and, for s.p., on Ortiz et al. PRD90 (2014) no.7, 075009 [s.p. Wb in the fully hadronic channel]
- 5/3 X → estimate based on recasting of the LHC 14 TeV analysis: Avetisyan and Bose, arXiv:1309.2234 [p.p. same-sign dilepton channel]

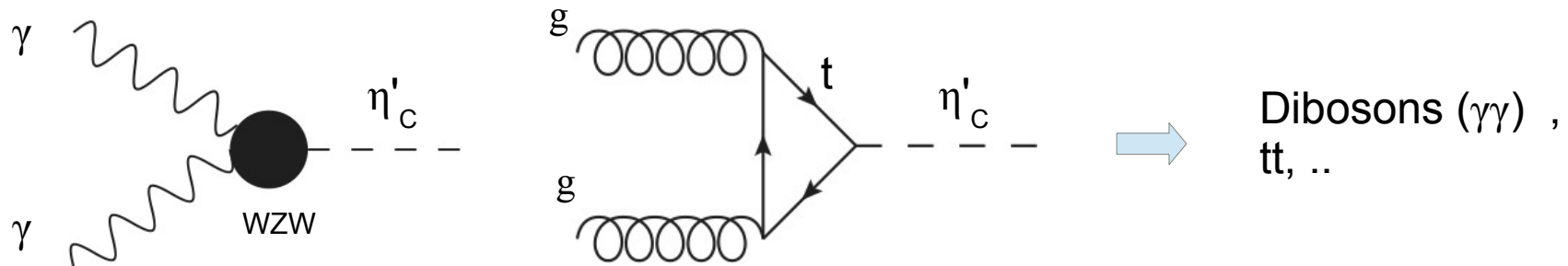
# New composite scalars

- Extra pNGBs (from larger cosets. ex.  $SU(4)/Sp(4)$  )

[ ex. Bellazzini et al JHEP 1604 (2016) 072]

- $\eta'$ -like composite states

[ ex. Molinaro, Sannino, NV Nucl.Phys. B911 (2016) 106-126, Mod.Phys.Lett. A31 (2016) no.26, 1650155]

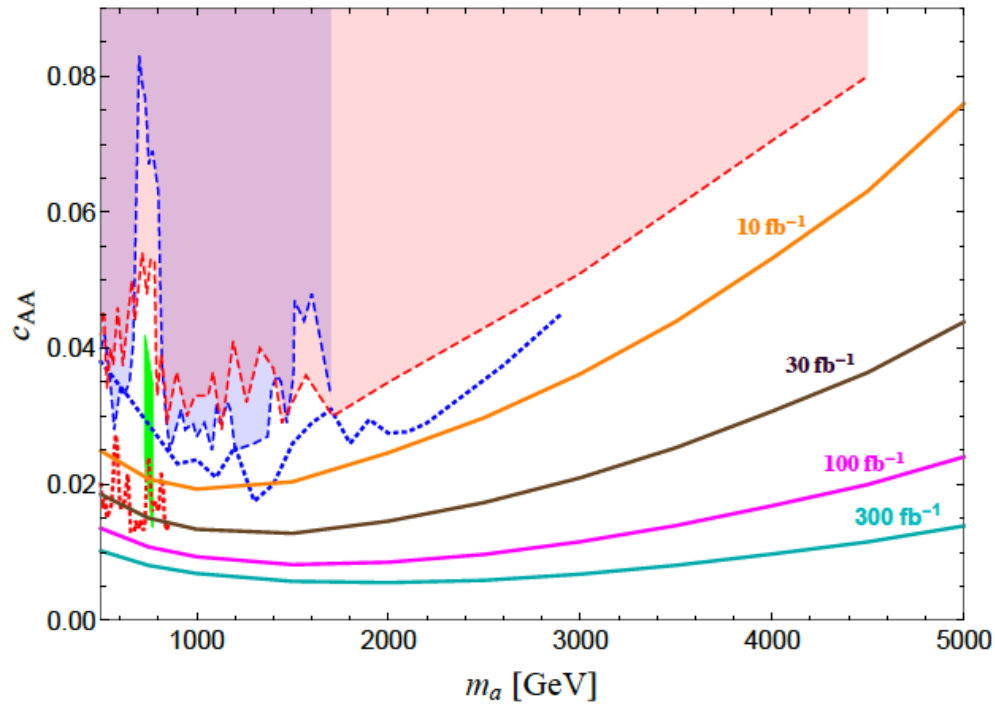


# Diphoton channel

Molinaro, Sannino, NV,  
Nucl.Phys. B911 (2016) 106-126

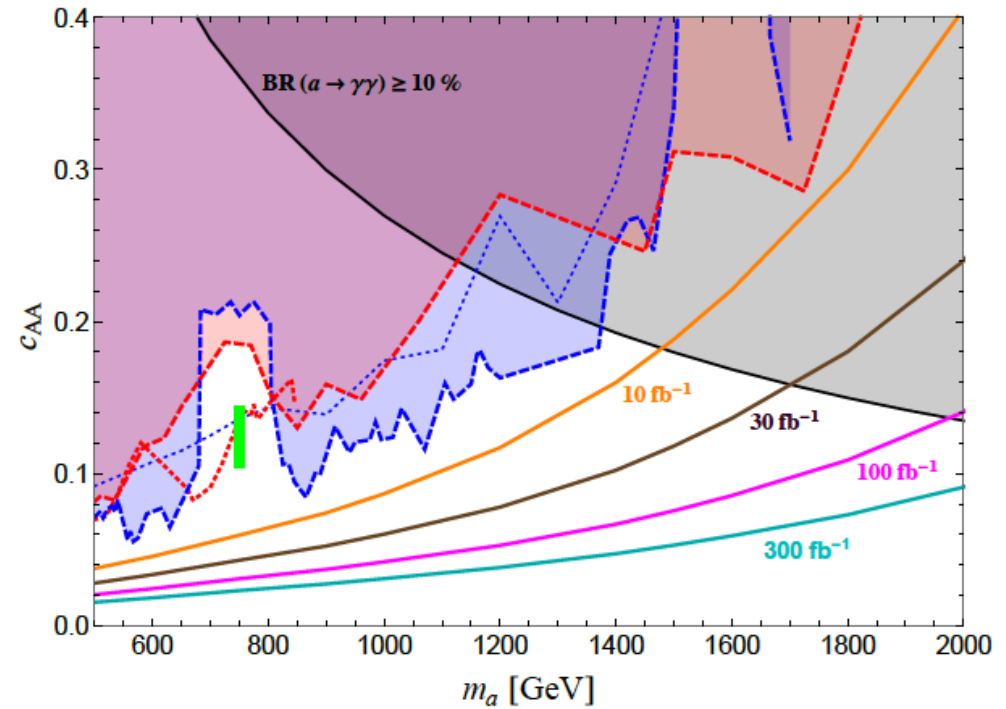
LHC-13

Photon fusion



$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} \supset -\frac{c_{AA}}{8v} a A^{\mu\nu} \tilde{A}_{\mu\nu}$$

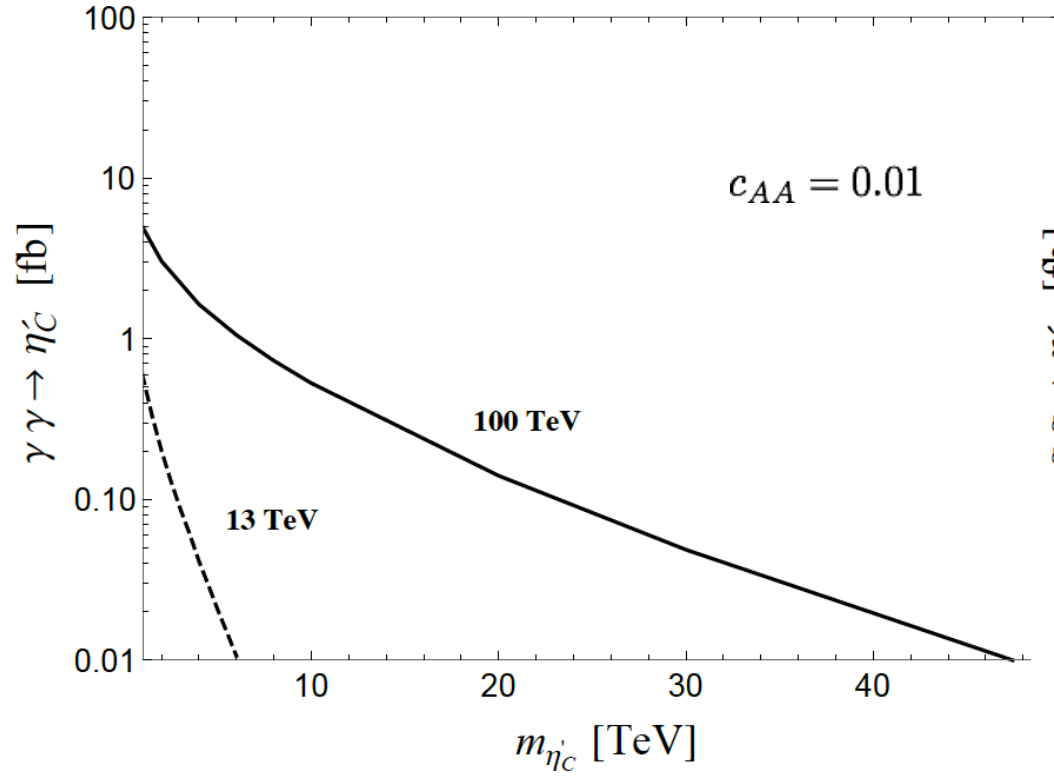
Top-mediated Gluon fusion



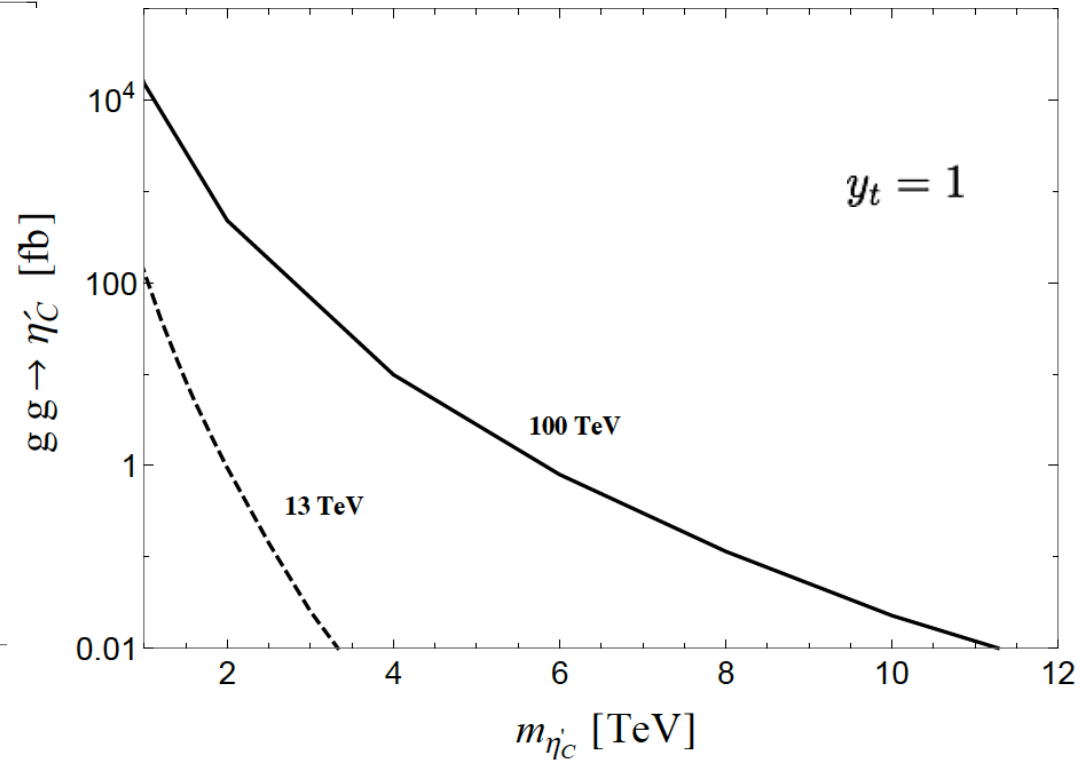
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} \supset -iy_t \frac{m_t}{v} a \bar{t} \gamma_5 t - \frac{c_{AA}}{8v} a A^{\mu\nu} \tilde{A}_{\mu\nu}$$

# New composite scalars

Photon fusion



Top-mediated Gluon fusion

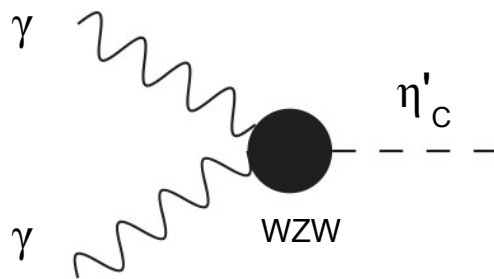


NNPDF2.3QED

(large uncertainty: >50% for masses above 1 TeV)

# Testing BSM Strong Dynamics (topological sector) at FCC

Work in progress with E. Molinaro, F. Sannino and A. E. Thomsen



Interactions from  
**WESS-ZUMINO-WITTEN term**

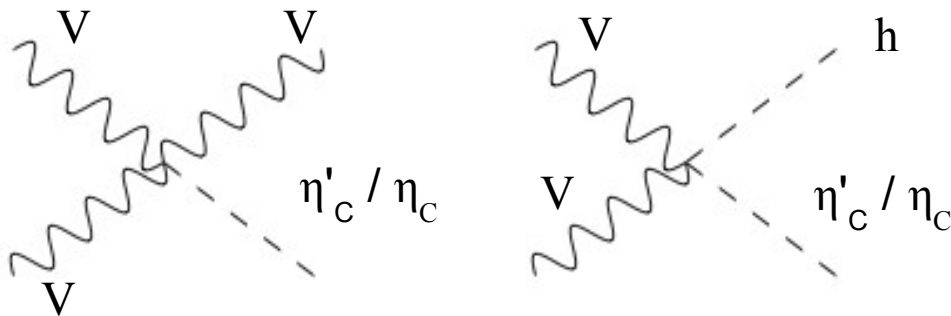
$$SU(4)/Sp(4)$$

$$v = 2\sqrt{2}f \sin \theta$$

$$c_{AA} = \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} d(R) \sin \theta$$

Technifermions in pseudo-real representation R of the gauge group

New interactions



$$\mathcal{L}^{WZW} \supset d(R) \frac{\alpha}{\pi v^2} (\sin \theta)^3 h \partial_\mu \eta'_C \tilde{V}^{\mu\nu} V_\nu$$

FCC-hh:

$$m_{\eta_C} \sim m_{\eta'_C} \sim 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$d(R) = 10 \quad \sin \theta = 0.25$$

$$\sigma_{VV \rightarrow h\eta_C} \sim \sigma_{VV \rightarrow h\eta'_C} \sim 0.1 \text{ fb}$$

# Conclusions

- 100 TeV collider can extend the reach for composite resonances in the multi-TeV region  
and can probe up to small couplings of the resonances
- New topologies may become relevant (ex VBF for  $W', Z'$ )
- FCC can test the topological sector of the BSM strong dynamics



# Extra slides

100 TeV	FJ, BJ tag		$ \Delta\eta_{FJ,BJ}  > 8$	
	$ \eta_j  < 5$	$ \eta_j  < 6$	$ \eta_j  < 5$	$ \eta_j  < 6$
$(M_{W'} \text{ (TeV)}, g_V)$				
(2, 4)	1.7	2.5	0.95	1.7
(3, 4)	0.33	0.48	0.21	0.35
(4, 4)	0.077	0.11	0.053	0.088
(4, 8)	0.24	0.36	0.17	0.29
(5, 8)	0.064	0.094	0.047	0.080
(6, 12)	0.030	0.044	0.023	0.036
WWbb	89	92	19	21
tb+jets	490	590	190	270
Wbb+jets	140	150	19	22
Tot. BCKG	720	830	230	310

Table 2: Signal and background cross sections, in fb, at a 100 TeV pp collider after the forward-backward jet tagging and the  $|\Delta\eta_{FJ,BJ}|$  restriction (10). Results are shown for two different rapidity acceptances  $|\eta_j| < 5, 6$ .

100 TeV	signal		bckg	
	$ \eta_j  < 5$	$ \eta_j  < 6$	$ \eta_j  < 5$	$ \eta_j  < 6$
$(M_{W'} \text{ (TeV)}, g_V)$				
(2, 4)	0.56	1.1	70	100
(3, 4)	0.13	0.25	31	45
(4, 4)	0.022	0.042	4.8	7.2
(4, 8)	0.082	0.15	4.8	7.2
(5, 8)	0.028	0.051	3.6	4.9
(6, 12)	0.013	0.022	1.4	1.8

Table 5: Signal and background cross sections, in fb, at a 100 TeV pp collider after the complete selection.

