



# Top Quark Physics in FCC-ep

O. Cakir\*

Ankara University

**\*for the FCC-ep and LHeC top physics group**

*1<sup>st</sup> FCC Physics Workshop, 16-20 January 2017, CERN*

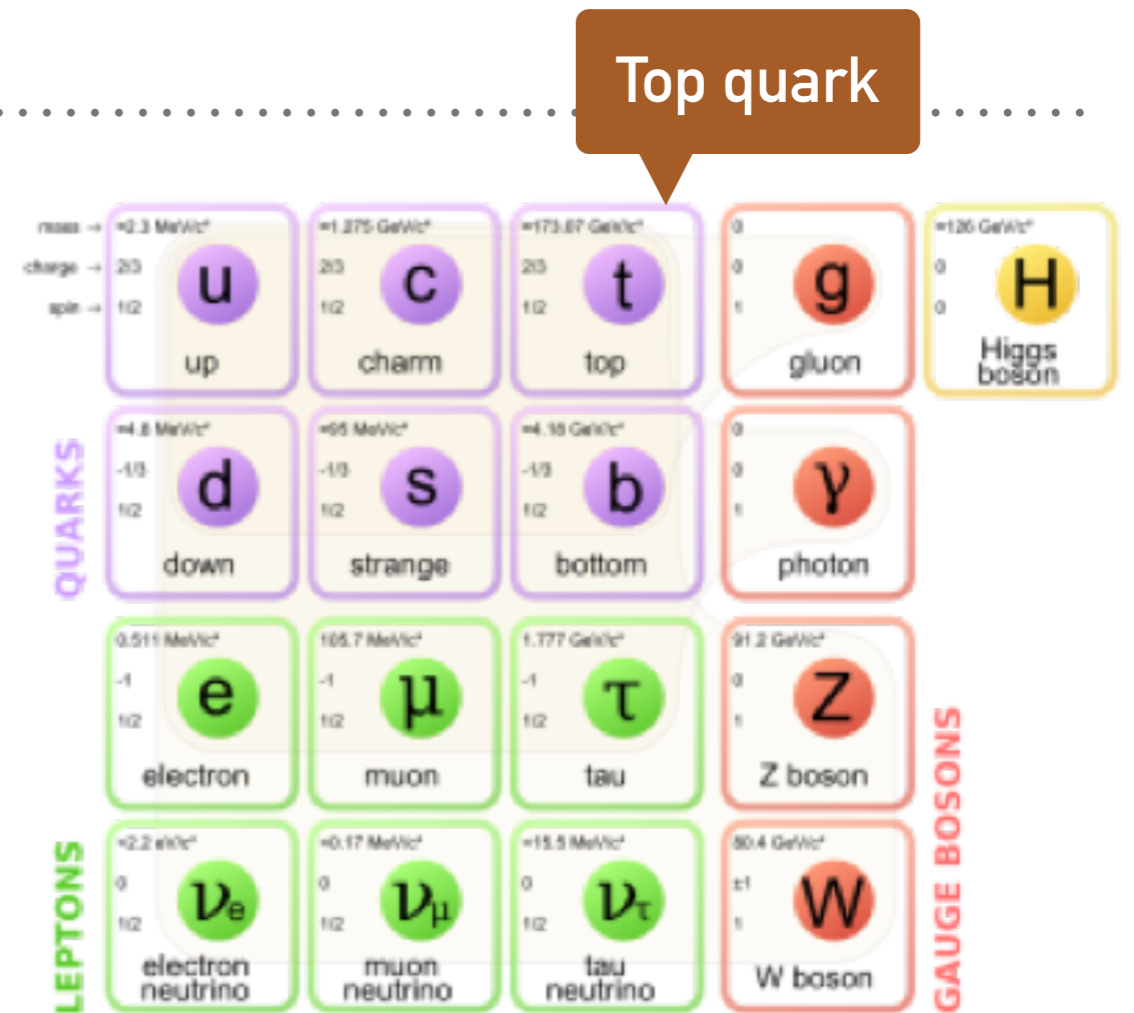
# OUTLINE

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- Top Quark Weak Interactions
- Top Quark Anomalous Interactions
- Searches For Top Quark FCNC Interactions
- Conclusions

# TOP QUARK PHYSICS

Precise measurements of couplings between SM gauge bosons and quarks and leptons are sensitive test of new physics (search for deviations), **top quark** is expected to be the most sensitive to BSM physics, due to its large mass.

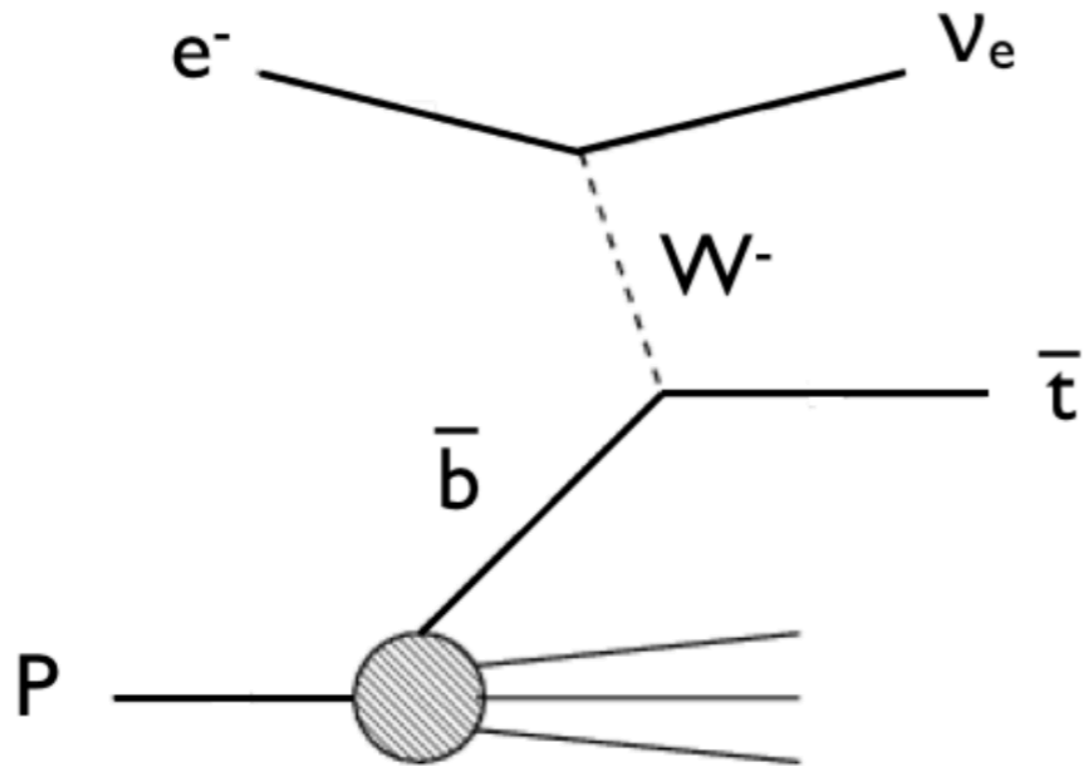


The single top quark production is about three times less frequent in the LHC collisions, as the production mechanism involves the electroweak interaction, while top pairs can be readily produced by strong interaction processes.

The future **ep** colliders offers excellent prospects for top physics.

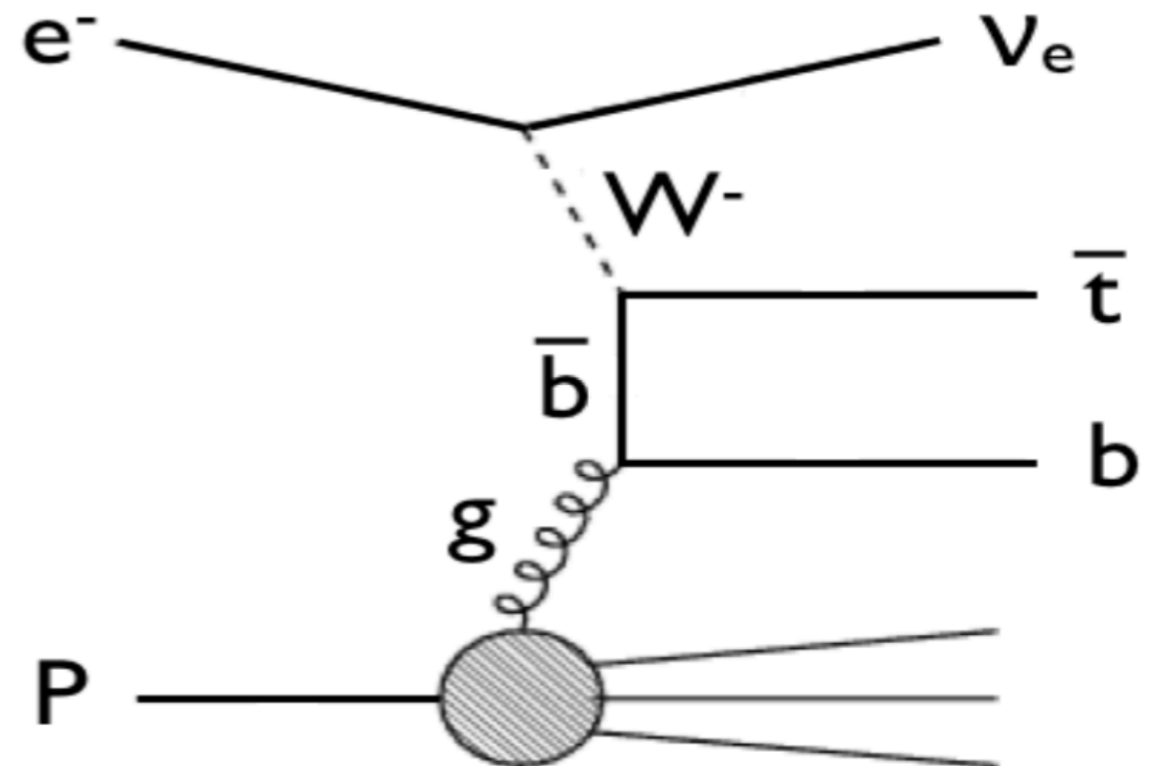
# TOP QUARK CC WEAK INTERACTIONS AT EP COLLIDERS

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$$\sigma = 16.55 \text{ pb}$$

at FCC-ep



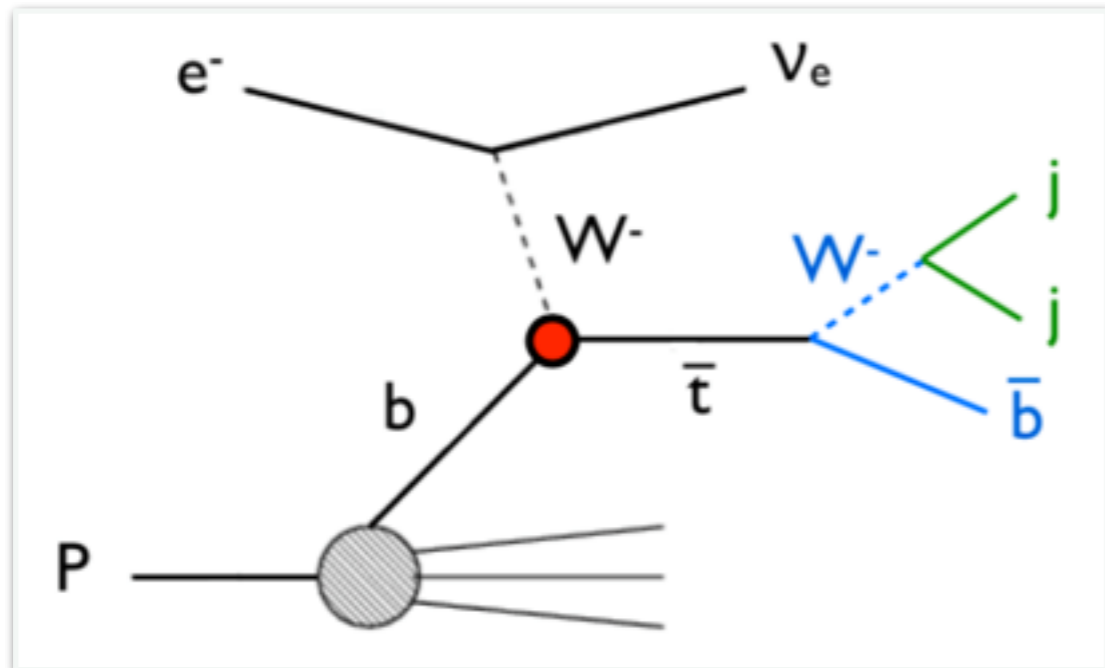
$$\sigma = 14.26 \text{ pb}$$

at FCC-ep

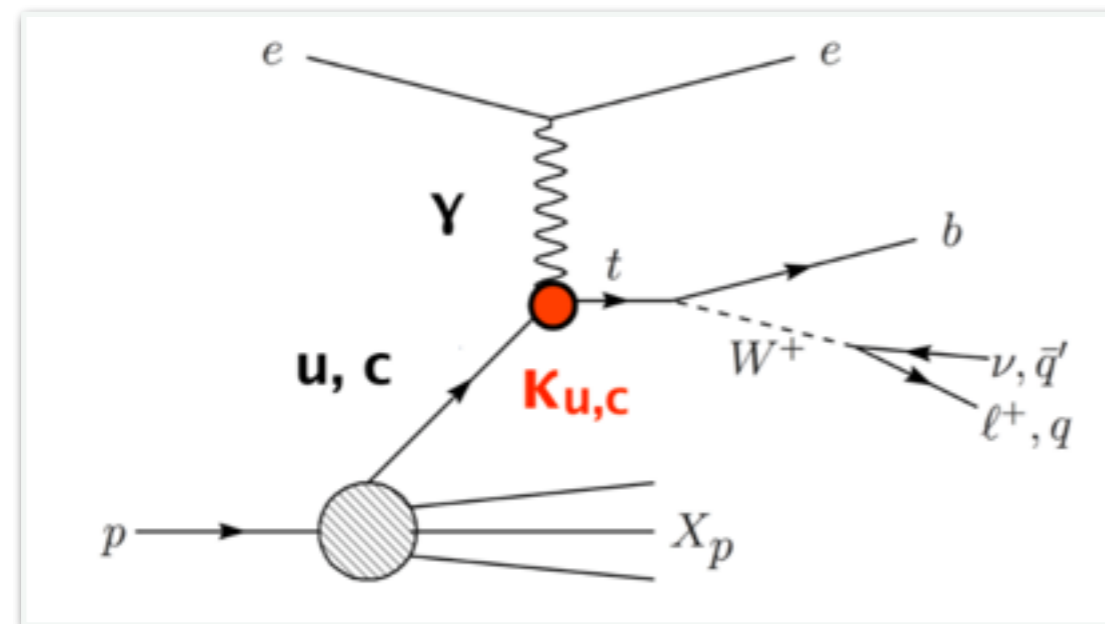
**Future ep collider is ideal to study CC interactions of the top quark via single production.**

# TOP QUARK ANOMALOUS INTERACTIONS

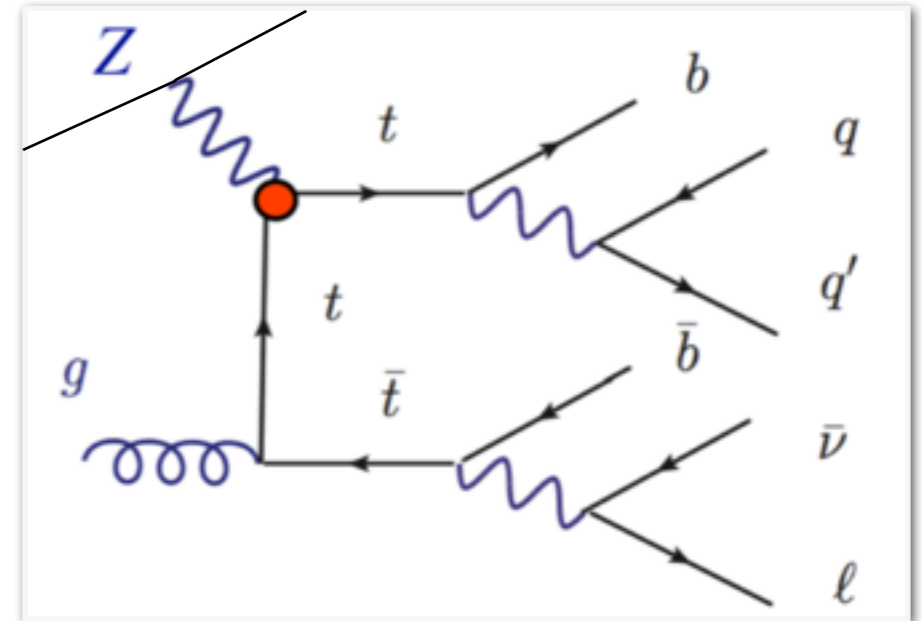
C. Schwanenberger  
@DIS2015



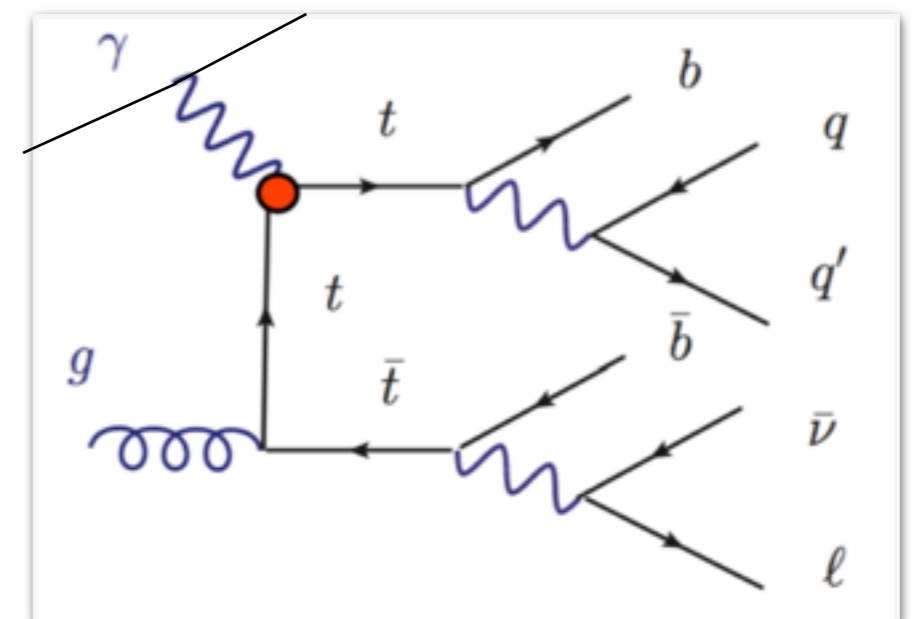
High precision measurements of  $V_{tb}$  and search for anomalous  $Wtb$  couplings



Sensitive search for FCNC couplings will constrain BSM models



Measurement of top isospin and anomalous  $ttZ$  (EDM, MDM)

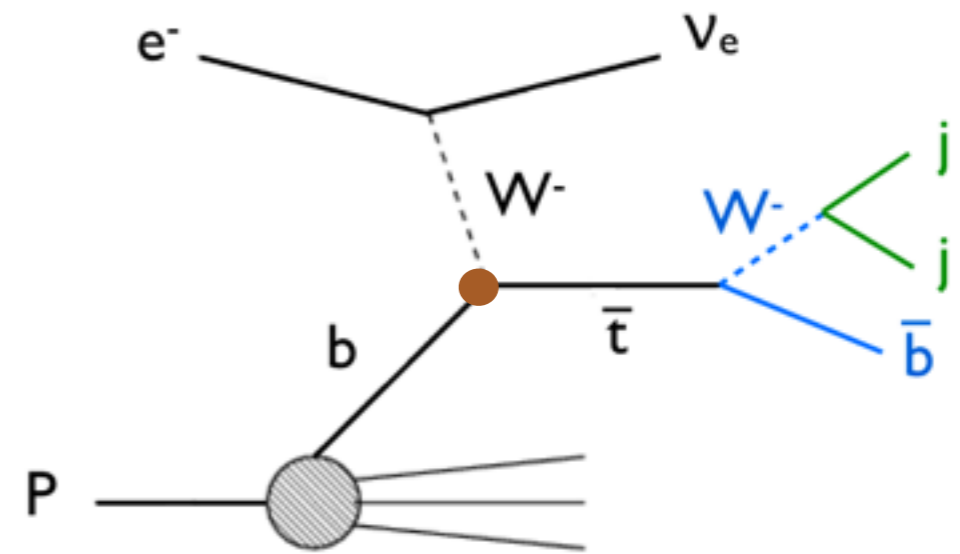
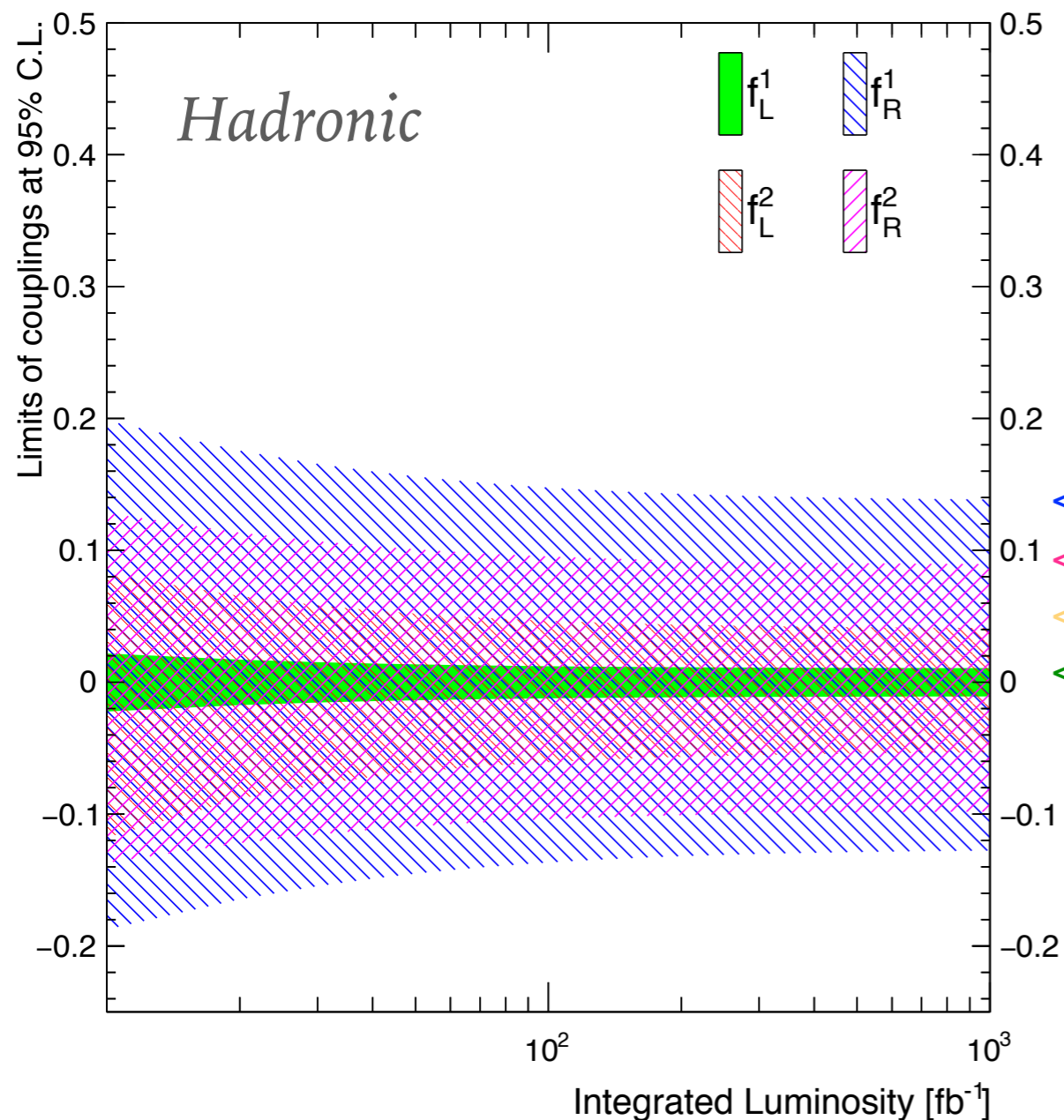


Measurement of top charge and anomalous  $tt\gamma$  (EDM, MDM)

# TOP QUARK ANOMALOUS INTERACTIONS

Dutta, Goyal, Kumar,  
Mellado, arXiv:1307.1688  
Kumar, Ruan, to be publ.

The updated plots for FCC-eh (a conservative estimate). The errors are systematically limited (assumed to be similar for LHeC and FCC-eh). A better sensitivity to the hadronic channel.



< 0.14

< 0.09

< 0.04

< 0.01

vector/right coupling  
= 0 in SM

$$\mathcal{L}_{Wtb} = \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ W_\mu \bar{t} \gamma^\mu (V_{tb} (f_1^L P_L + f_1^R P_R) b - \frac{1}{2m_W} W_{\mu\nu} \bar{t} \sigma^{\mu\nu} (f_2^L P_L + f_2^R P_R) b) \right] + h.c.$$

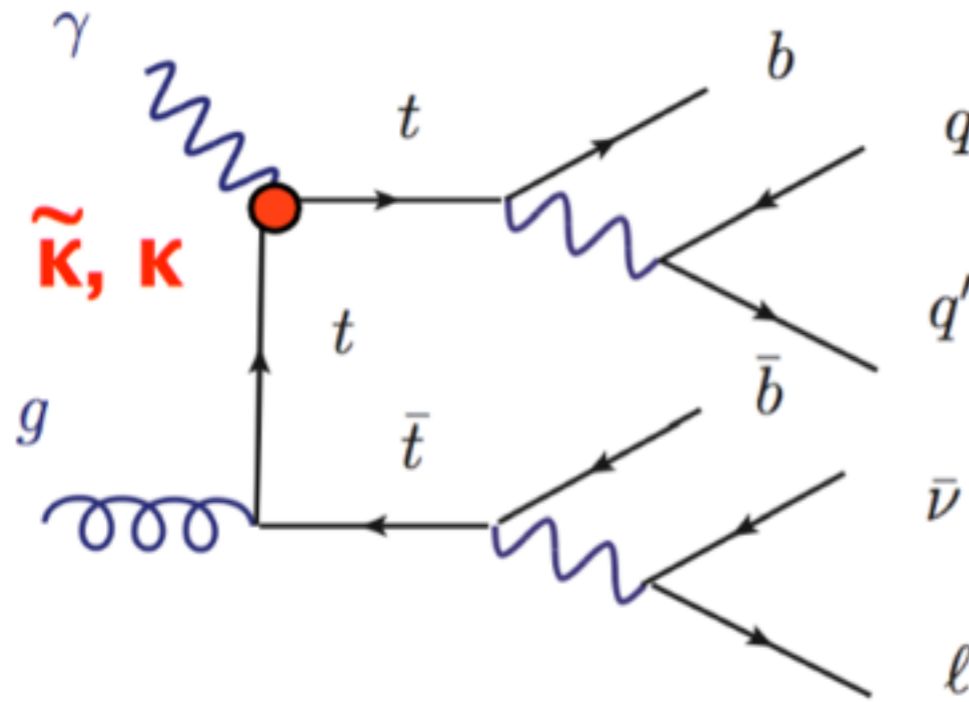
vector/left coupling  
= 1 in SM

Tensor/left/right  
couplings



# TOP EDM AND MDM


- the results can also be applied conservatively to the FCC-ep.

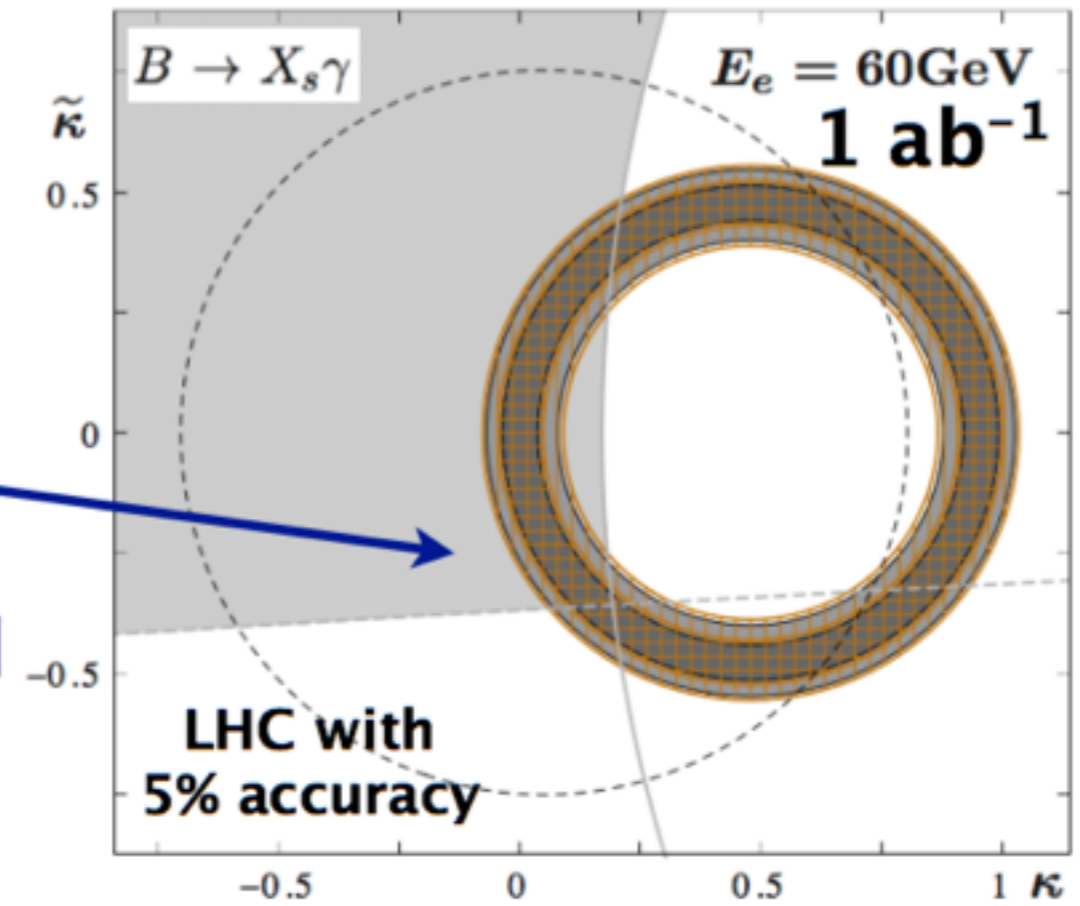


$$\mathcal{L}_{t\bar{t}\gamma} = e\bar{t} \left( Q_t \gamma^\mu A_\mu + \frac{1}{4m_t} \sigma^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} (\kappa + i\tilde{\kappa}\gamma_5) \right) t$$

electric dipole moment:  $\tilde{\kappa}$

**LHeC:**  
 8% and 16% accuracy  
 10% 18%  
 → systematically limited

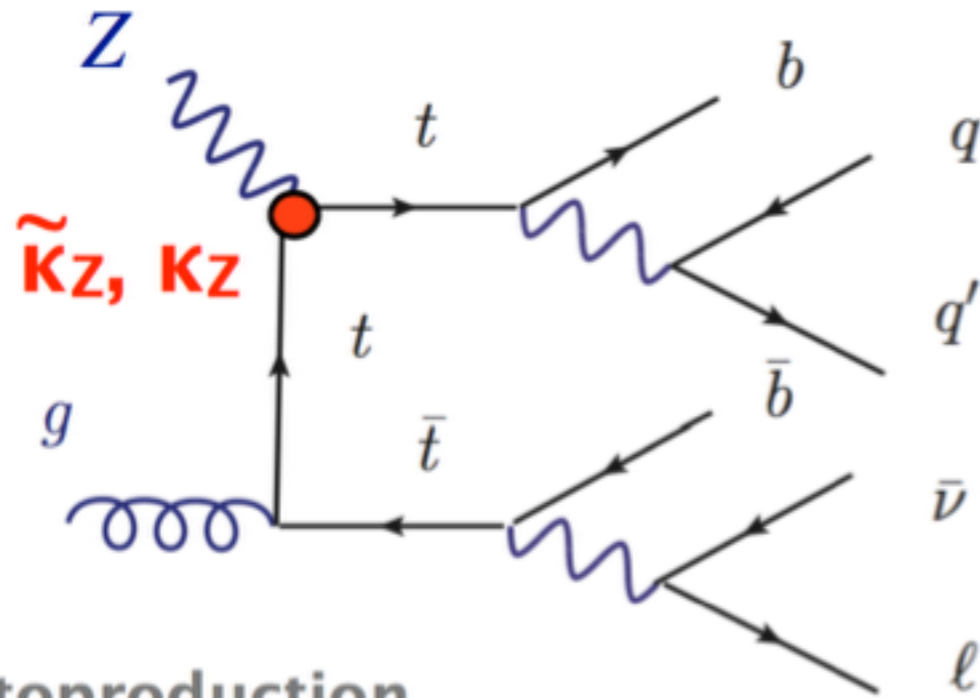
 27% accuracy  
 (4.59fb<sup>-1</sup>, 7 TeV)



magnetic dipole moment:  $\kappa$

# TOP EDM AND MDM

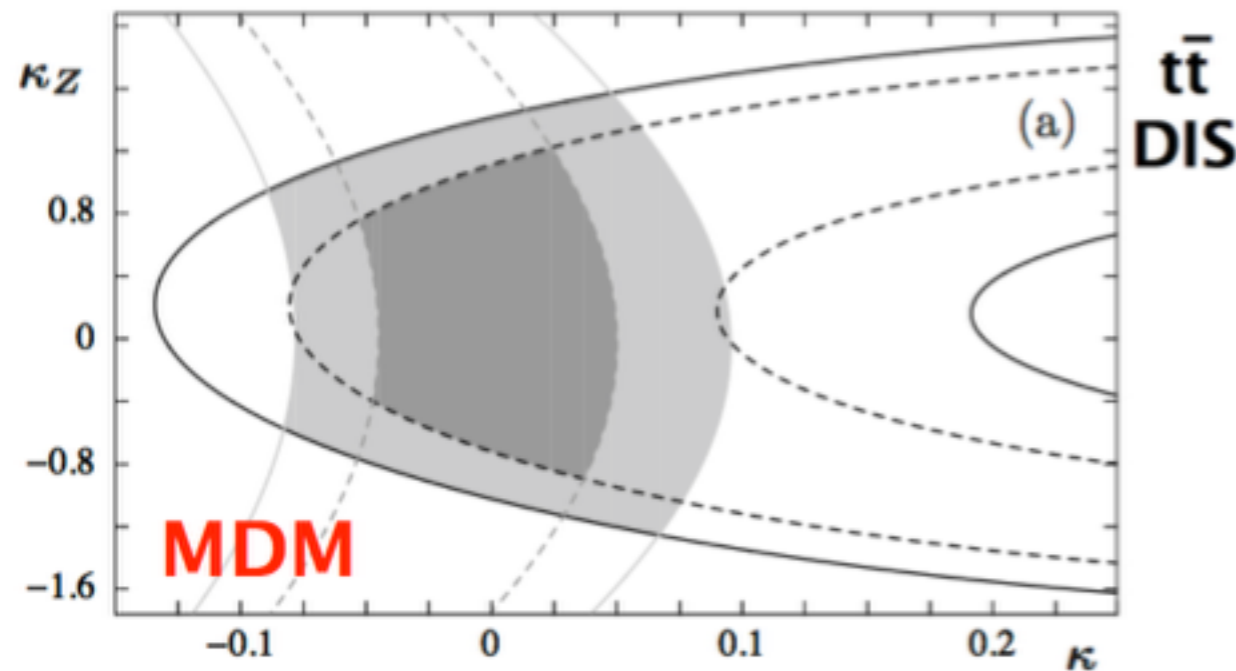
Bouzas, Larios,  
Physical Review D 88, 094007 (2013)



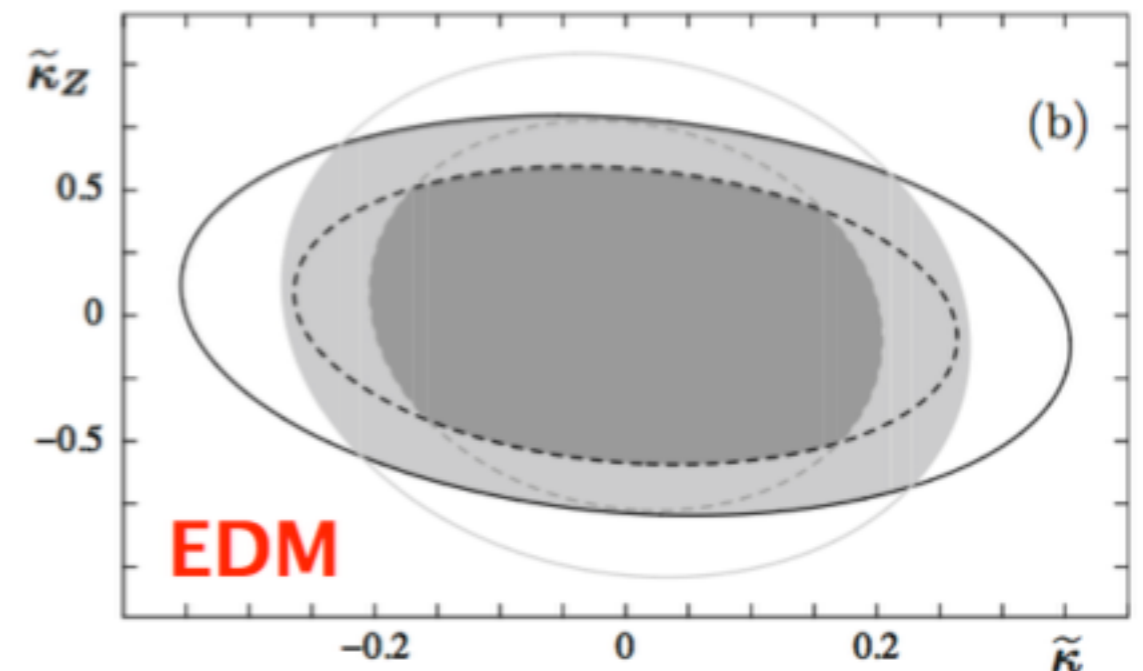
$t\bar{t}$  photoproduction

property	precision
<b>EDM:</b> $\tilde{\kappa} / \tilde{\kappa}_Z$	0.20-0.28/0.6-0.8
<b>MDM:</b> $\kappa / \kappa_Z$	0.05-0.09/0.9-1.3

**LHeC:**  
**10% and 18% accuracy**



$t\bar{t}$  DIS

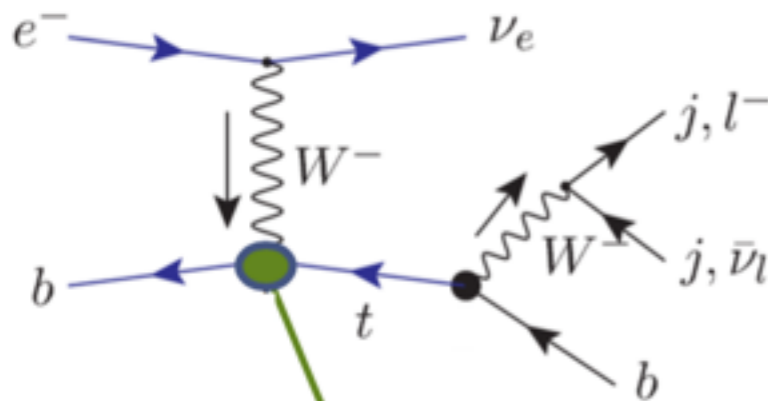




# MEASUREMENT OF $V_{tb}$

➤ the results can also be applied conservatively to the FCC-ep.

Dutta, Goyal, Kumar, Mellado, arXiv:1307.1688 [hep-ph]



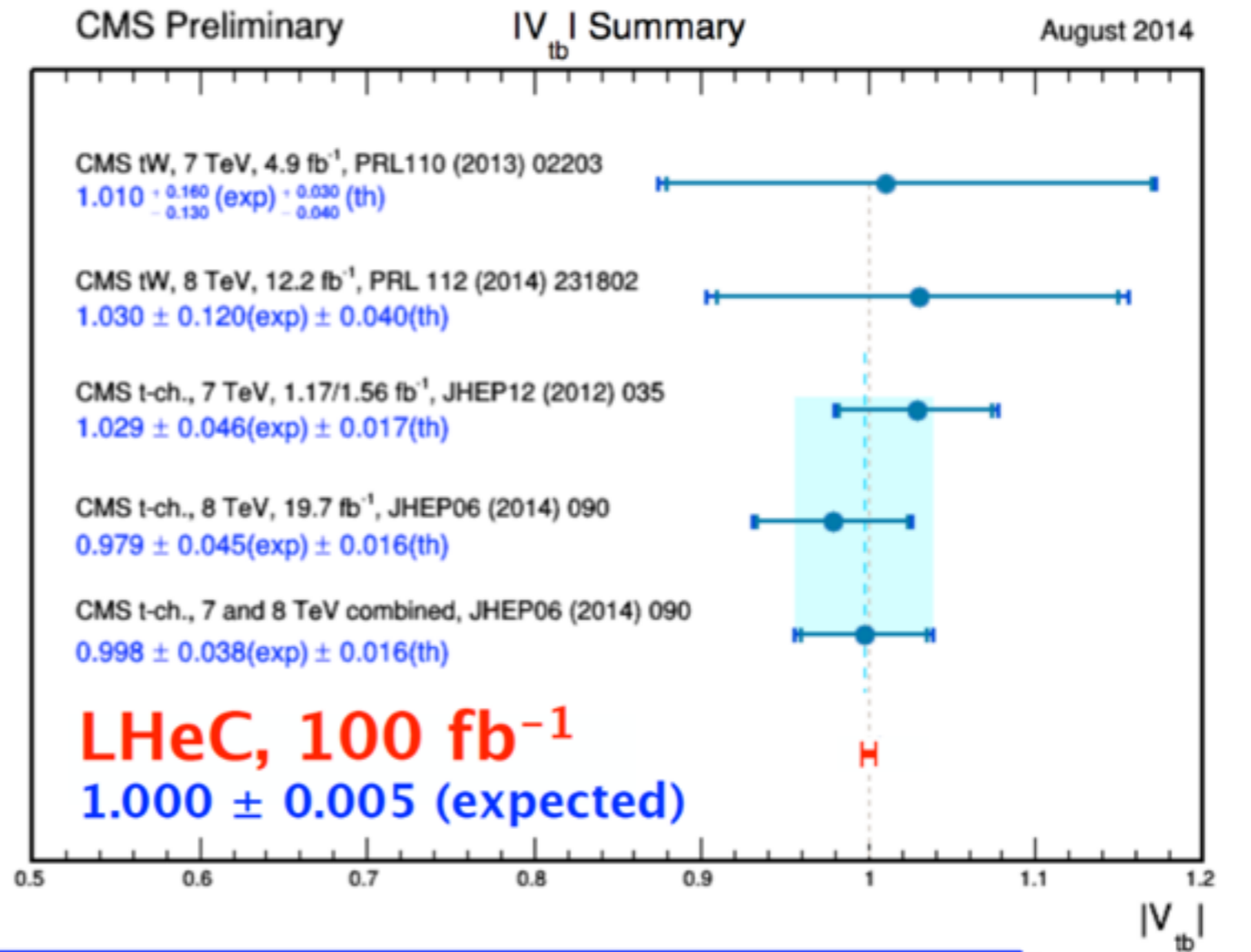
$$\begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix}$$

e beam: 60 GeV

$L_{int} = 100 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  and simple cuts:

**HAD:**  $N_t = 22000$ ,  $S/B=1.2$

**LEP:**  $N_t = 11000$ ,  $S/B=11$



**LHeC: very high precision measurement**

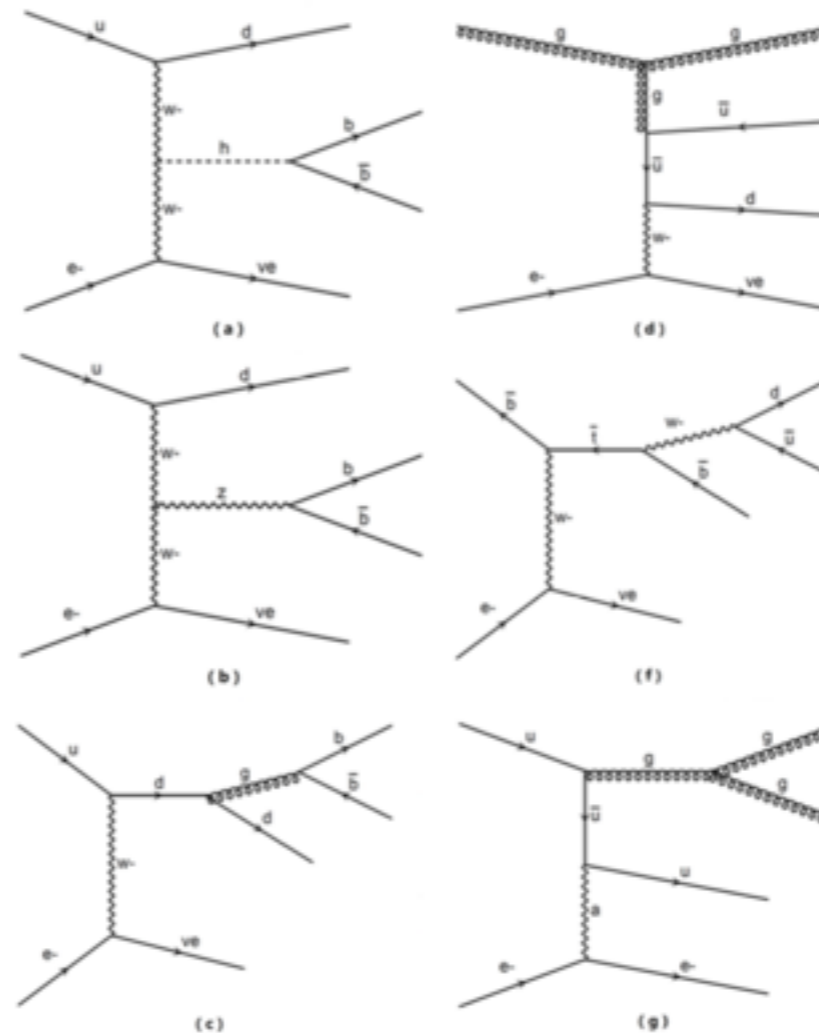
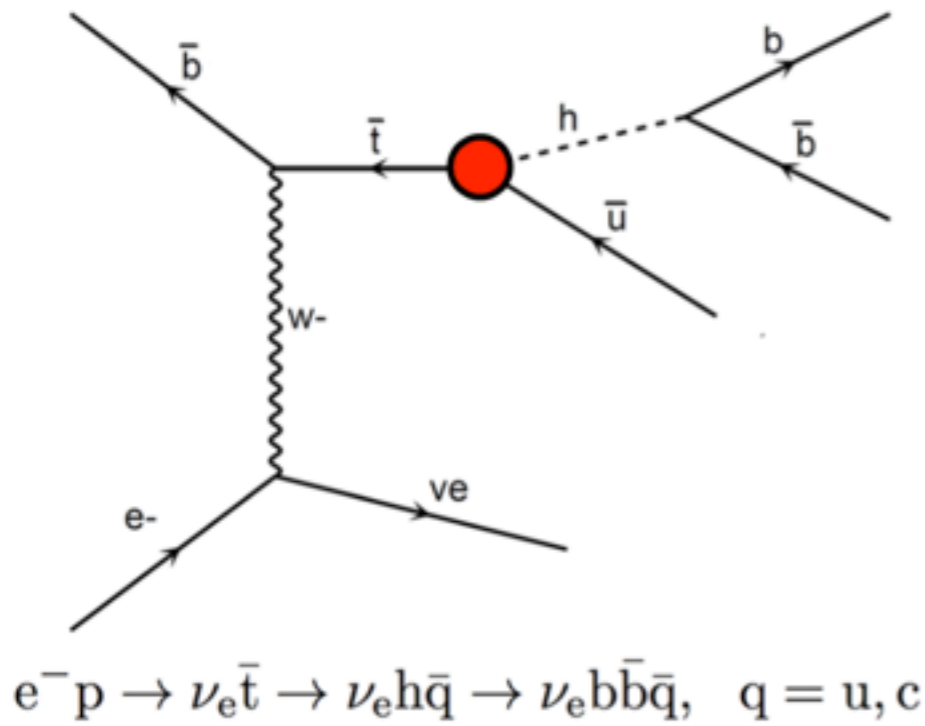
current LHC+Tevatron average:  $|V_{tb}|=1.009 \pm 0.031$

# ANOMALOUS FCNC TOP-HIGGS COUPLINGS

C. Schwanenberger  
@ICHEP2016

signal

background



irreducible backgrounds:

$$e^- p \rightarrow \nu_e (h \rightarrow b \bar{b}) j$$

$$e^- p \rightarrow \nu_e (z \rightarrow b \bar{b}) j$$

$$e^- p \rightarrow \nu_e (g \rightarrow b \bar{b}) j$$

reducible backgrounds:

$$e^- p \rightarrow \nu_e j j j$$

$$e^- p \rightarrow \nu_e j j b / \bar{b}$$

$$e^- p \rightarrow \nu_e \bar{t}$$

$$e^- p \rightarrow e^- j j j$$

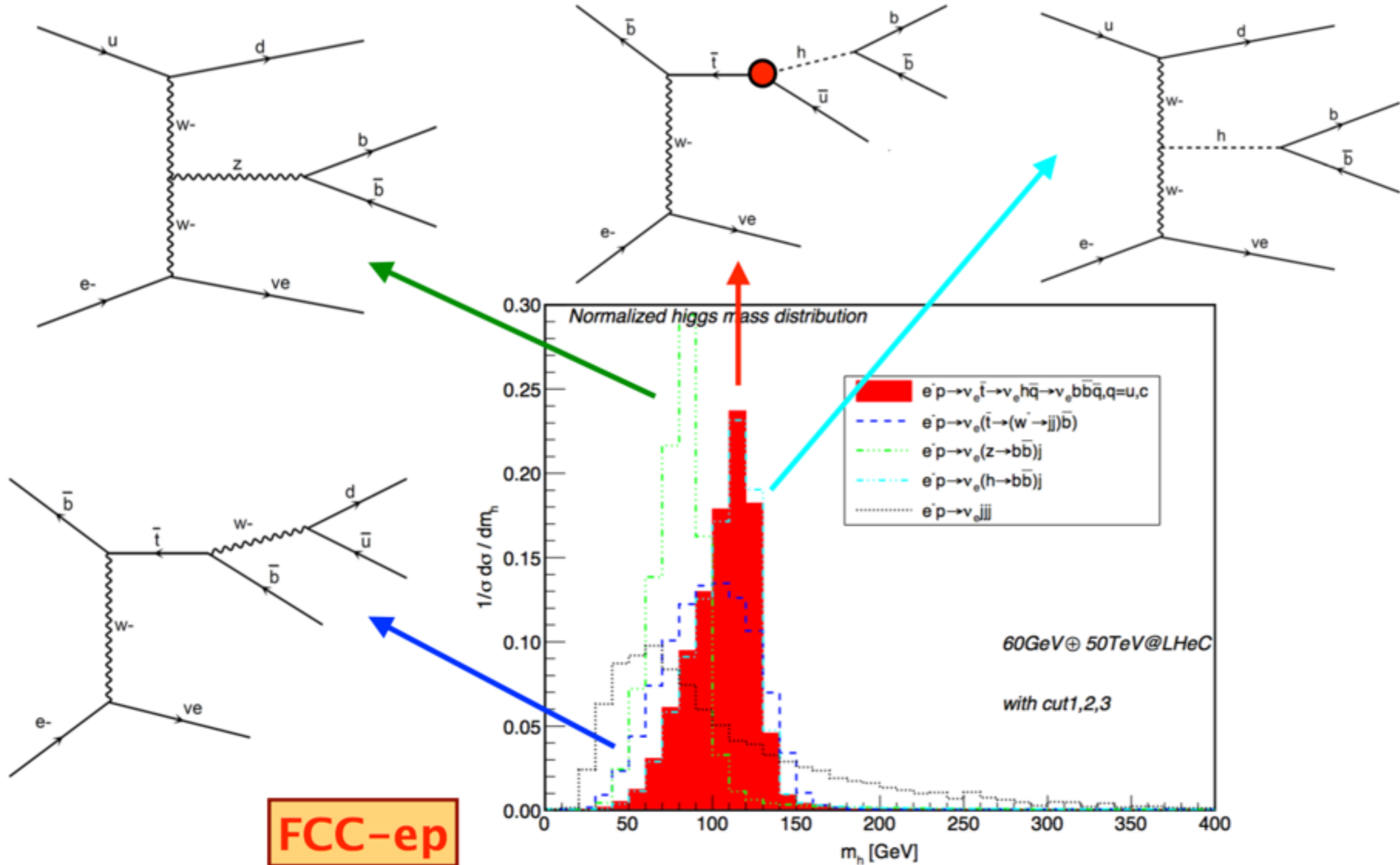
$$e^- p \rightarrow e^- j j b / \bar{b}$$

$$e^- p \rightarrow e^- (g \rightarrow b \bar{b}) j$$

- parametrised assumed resolutions for electrons/photons, muons, jets and unclustered energy using ATLAS values
- b-tag rate of 60%, c-jet fake rate of 10%, light-jet fake rate of 1%
- selections optimized for LHeC and FCC-ep scenarios ( $s/\sqrt{(S+B)}$ )
- cut-based and MVA-based analyses

# ANOMALOUS FCNC TOP-HIGGS COUPLINGS

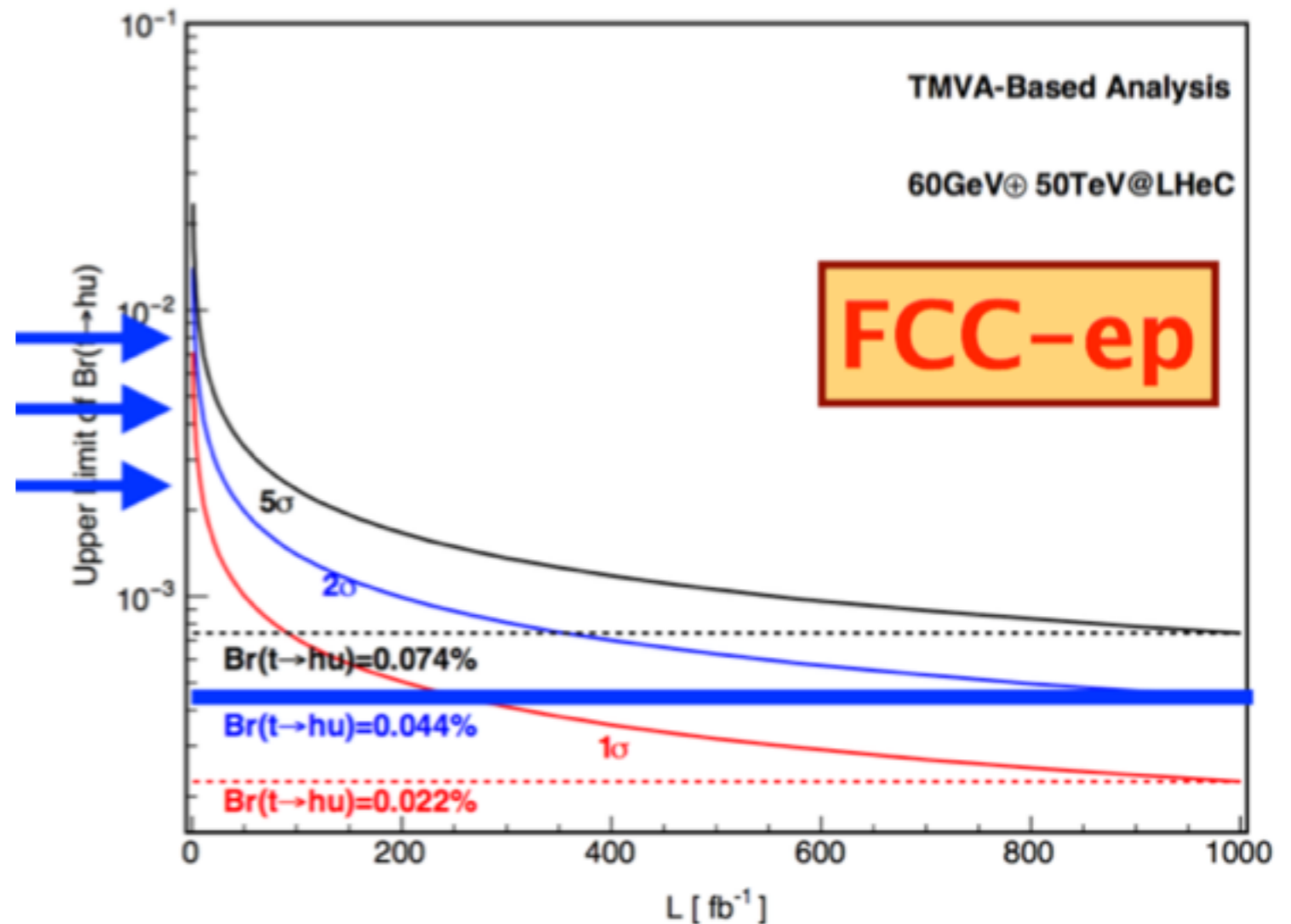
C. Schwanenberger  
@ICHEP2016



# UPPER LIMITS ON BRANCHINGS

C. Schwanenberger  
@ICHEP2016

ATLAS, 4.7(20.3)fb<sup>-1</sup>@7(8)TeV  
CMS, 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup>@8TeV  
LHC, 3000 fb<sup>-1</sup>@14TeV



→ improves sensitivity of HL-LHC



# TOP QUARK FCNC INTERACTIONS

O.Cakir (AU), H.Denizli (AIBU), A.Senol (AIBU),  
A.Yilmaz (GU), I.Turk Cakir (GU), H.Karadeniz (GU),  
1st FCC Physics Workshop, 16-20 Jan 2017, CERN

- The top quark FCNC interactions would be a good test of new physics at present and future colliders. These interactions can be described by the effective Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}_{FCNC} = \sum_{q=u,c} \frac{g_s}{2m_t} \bar{q} \lambda^a \sigma^{\mu\nu} (\zeta_{qt}^L P^L + \zeta_{qt}^R P^R) t G_{\mu\nu}^a - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{q} (\eta_{qt}^L P^L + \eta_{qt}^R P^R) t H -$$

$$- \frac{g_W}{2c_W} \bar{q} \gamma^\mu (X_{qt}^L P_L + X_{qt}^R P_R) t Z_\mu + \frac{g_W}{4c_W m_Z} \bar{q} \sigma^{\mu\nu} (K_{qt}^L P_L + K_{qt}^R P_R) t Z_{\mu\nu} +$$

$$+ \frac{e}{2m_t} \bar{q} \sigma^{\mu\nu} (\lambda_{qt}^L P_L + \lambda_{qt}^R P_R) t A_{\mu\nu} + H.c.$$

scaled to  
top mass

- J.A.A-S, NPB812(2009)181

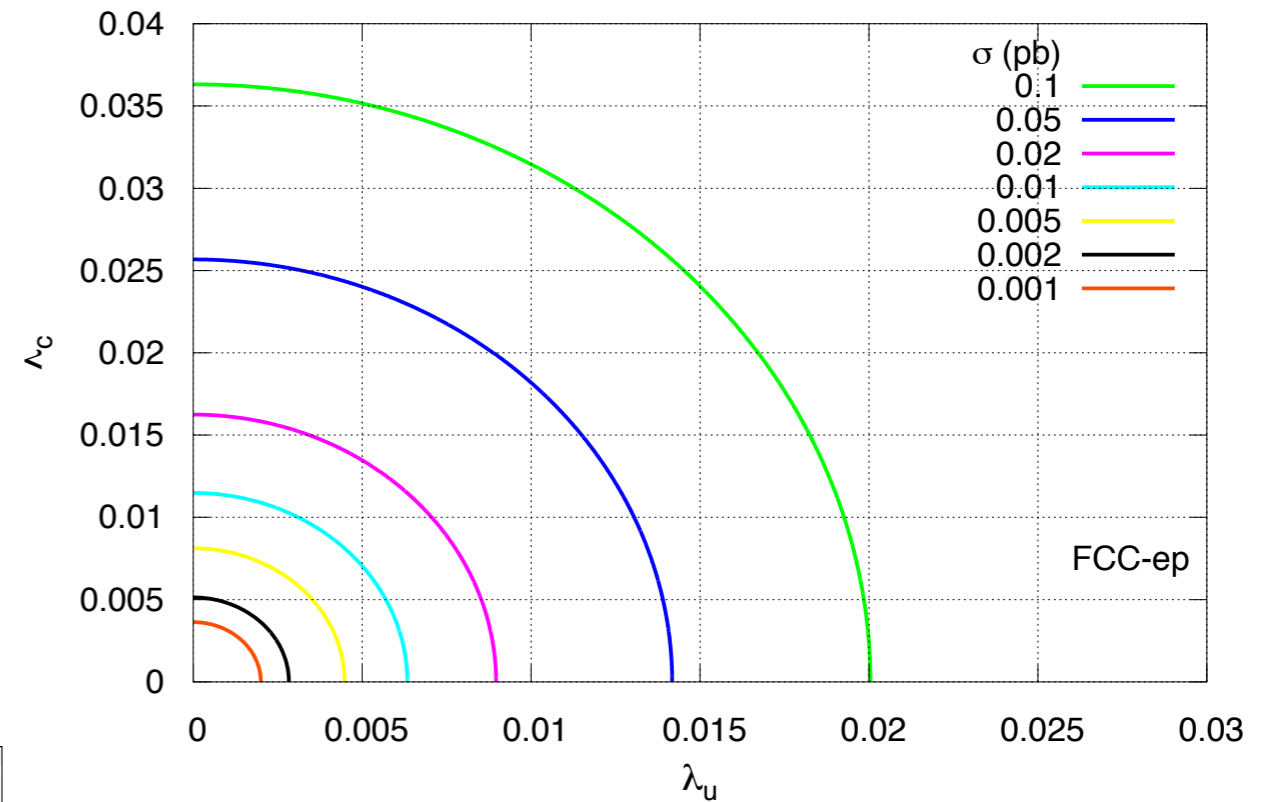
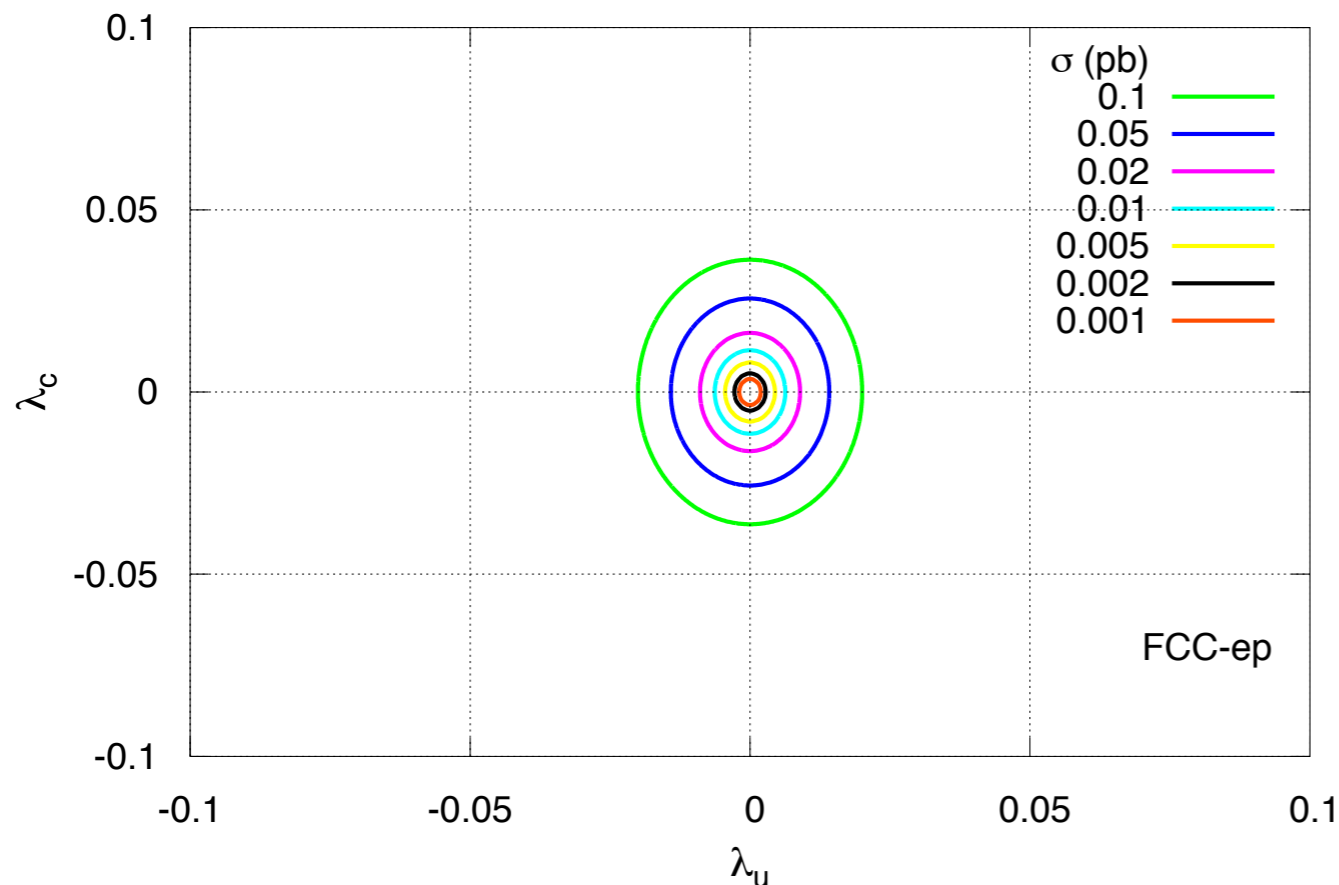
Madgraph:  
model topFCNC\_UFO  
from FeynRules

# FCC-EP : SIGNAL CROSS SECTION AND PLANE OF COUPLINGS

Process  $e-p \rightarrow (e^-t + e^-t^*)$ . Signal cross sections at FCC-ep collider depending on FCNC  $tq\gamma$  couplings  $\lambda_u$  and  $\lambda_c$  within the range  $[-0.1 : 0.1]$ .

FCC-ep:  $E_e = 60 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $E_p = 50 \text{ TeV}$

PDF: NNPDF2.3



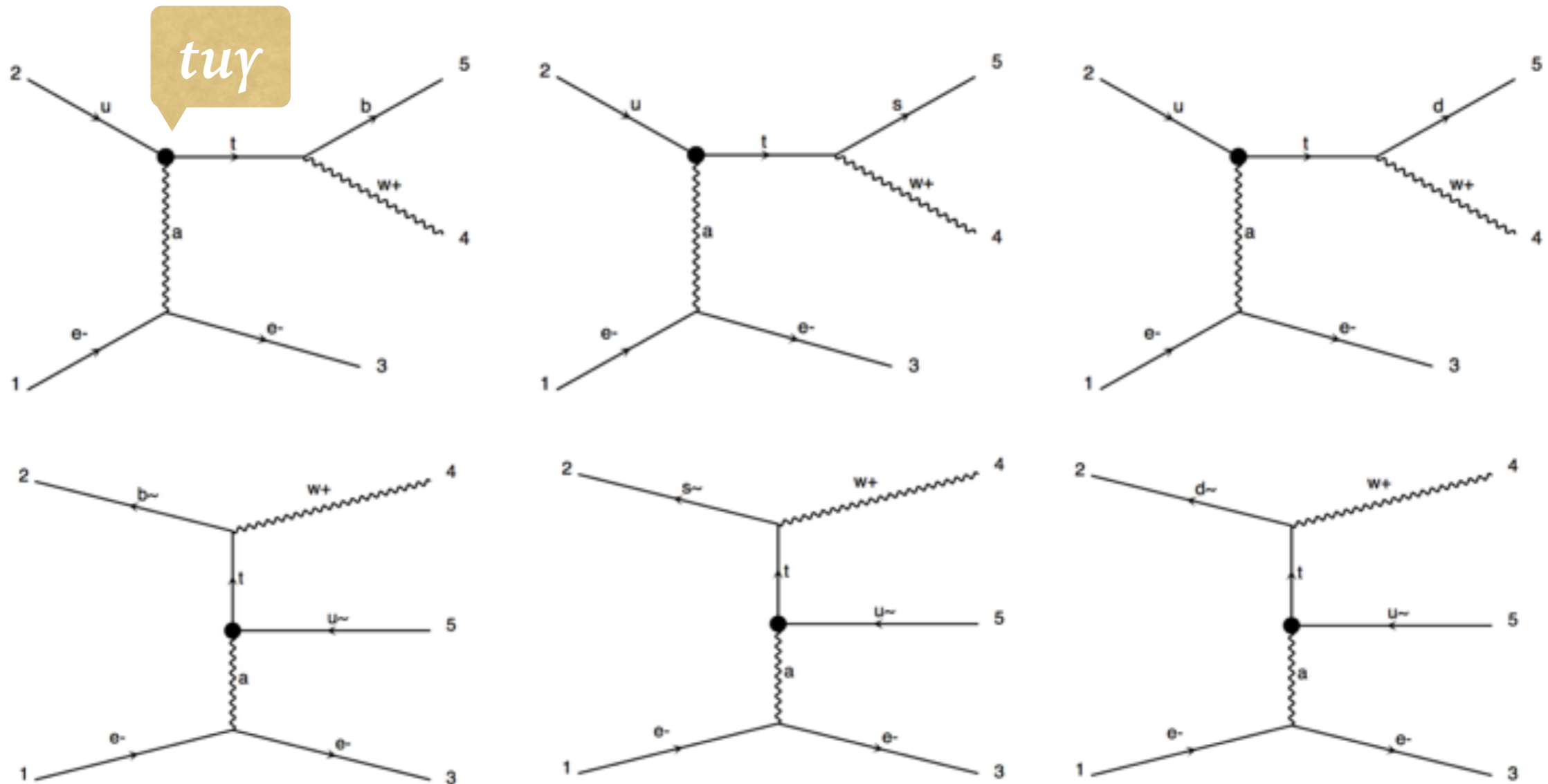
- FCC-ep: cross section  $\sigma_u/\sigma_c = 3.27$  at  $\lambda_q = 0.1$
- Sensitivity  $\lambda_u/\lambda_c \sim 1.8$

The cross section depends on  $\lambda_u$  and  $\lambda_c$  with different strength due to proton pdf, one obtain more sensitivity to  $\lambda_c$  at FCC-ep than LHeC.

For an estimation with overall acceptance of  $A=0.01$  for the final state, contour lines can cover at least 10 signal events at  $1 \text{ ab}^{-1}$ .



# DIAGRAMS FOR SIGNAL ( $e^-p \rightarrow e^-W^+q+X$ )



+ similar diagrams for  $tc\gamma$

► further diagrams for process  $e^-p \rightarrow e^-W^-q+X$  with the interchange  $q \leftrightarrow q^{\sim}$

# FCC-EP : CROSS SECTIONS (S+B)

FCC-ep:  $E_e=60$  GeV,  $E_p=50$  TeV

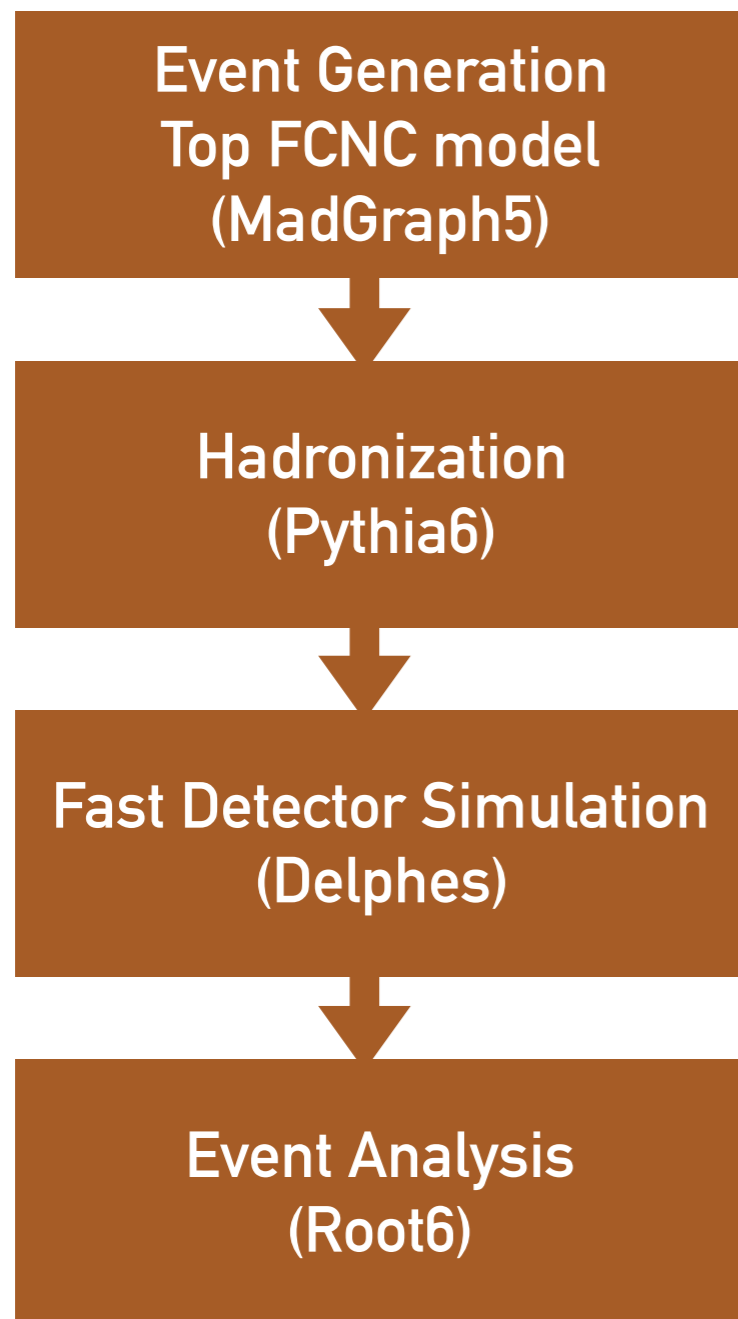
PDF: NNPDF2.3

Cross sections (pb) for process  $e^- p \rightarrow e^- ww q$  (where  $ww=W^+$  or  $W^-$  and  $q$  contains all quarks other than top quark) at FCC-ep. The last row presents the results for the case of  $\lambda_c = \lambda_u = \lambda$ .

FCC-ep (60x50000)	$\lambda=10^{-1}$	$\lambda=10^{-2}$	$\lambda=10^{-3}$
<i>coupling</i> ( $t\gamma$ )	$1.072 \times 10^1$	$8.565 \times 10^0$	$8.589 \times 10^0$
<i>coupling</i> ( $t\gamma$ )	$9.243 \times 10^0$	$8.539 \times 10^0$	$8.534 \times 10^0$
<i>coupling</i> ( $t\gamma, t\gamma$ )	$1.151 \times 10^1$	$8.641 \times 10^0$	$8.613 \times 10^0$

# ANALYSIS FRAMEWORK

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We study signal and background

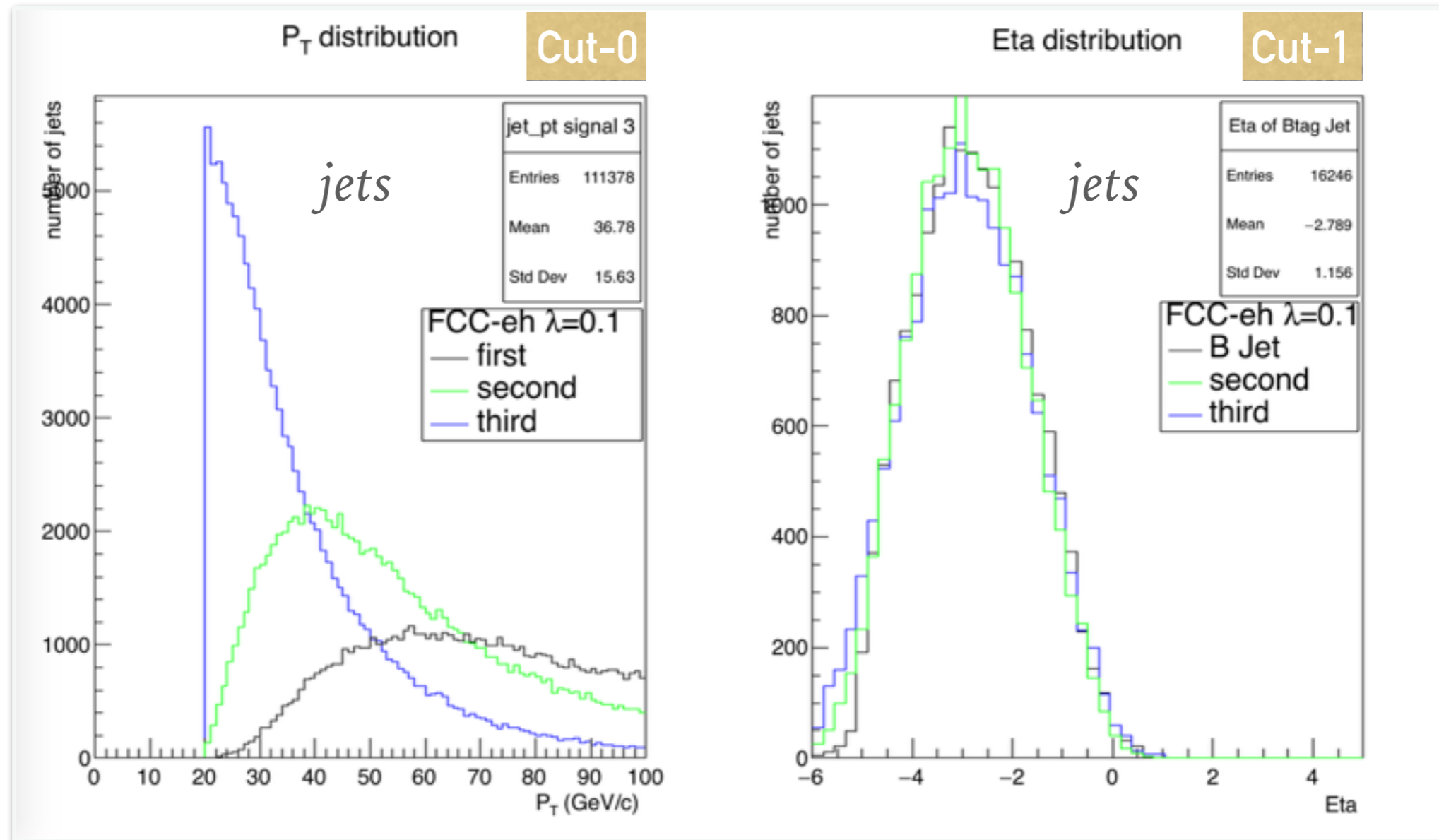
- calculate cross sections with MadGraph5 importing topFCNC\_UFO model including CKM matrix elements
- set Pythia6
- use delphes\_card\_FCC file and test new delphes\_card\_FCCep\_PK\_V2\_1 file
- analyse events with Root6
- evaluate signal significance for FCNC couplings

# FCC-EP : APPLIED CUTS FOR ANALYSIS

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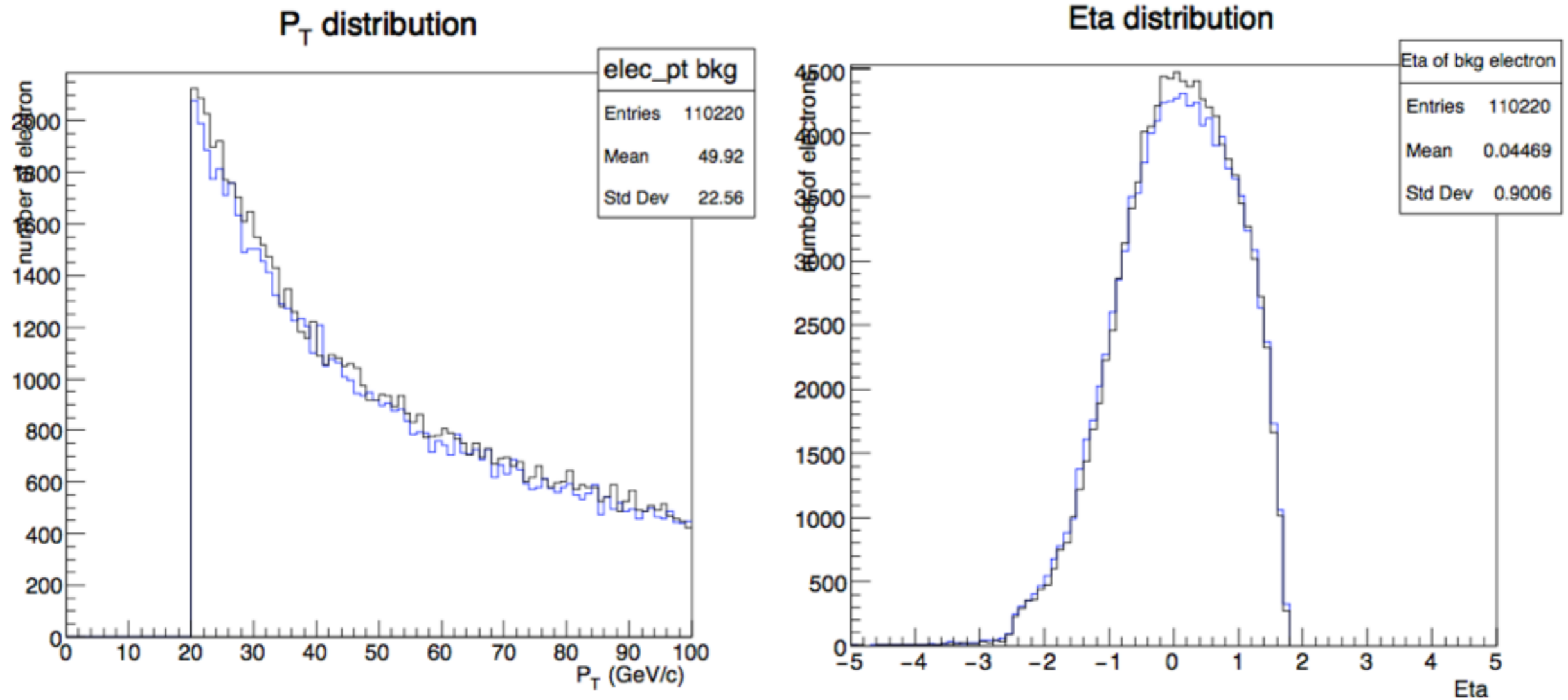
- For the analysis, after pre-selection cuts, we use the analysis cuts for further background suppression
  - **Cut-0** : at least one electron and three jets (pre-selection with default MG5 cuts)
  - **Cut-1** : require one of three jets as being b-tag
  - **Cut-2** : b-tagged jet has transverse momentum  $p_T > 35$  GeV and other jets have  $p_T > 25$  GeV, and electron has  $p_T > 20$  GeV
  - **Cut-3** : all jets have pseudo-rapidity  $-5.0 < \eta < 0$  ; and electron has  $-2.5 < \eta < 2.5$
  - **Cut-4** : invariant mass of two jets within  $50 < m_{jj} < 90$  GeV (for W-boson)
  - **Cut-5** : invariant mass of three jets (for top) between  $130 < m_{bjj} < 200$  GeV

# FCC-EP : DISTRIBUTIONS



- The  $p_T$  and eta distributions of three jets events for signal + background.

# FCC-EP : DISTRIBUTIONS

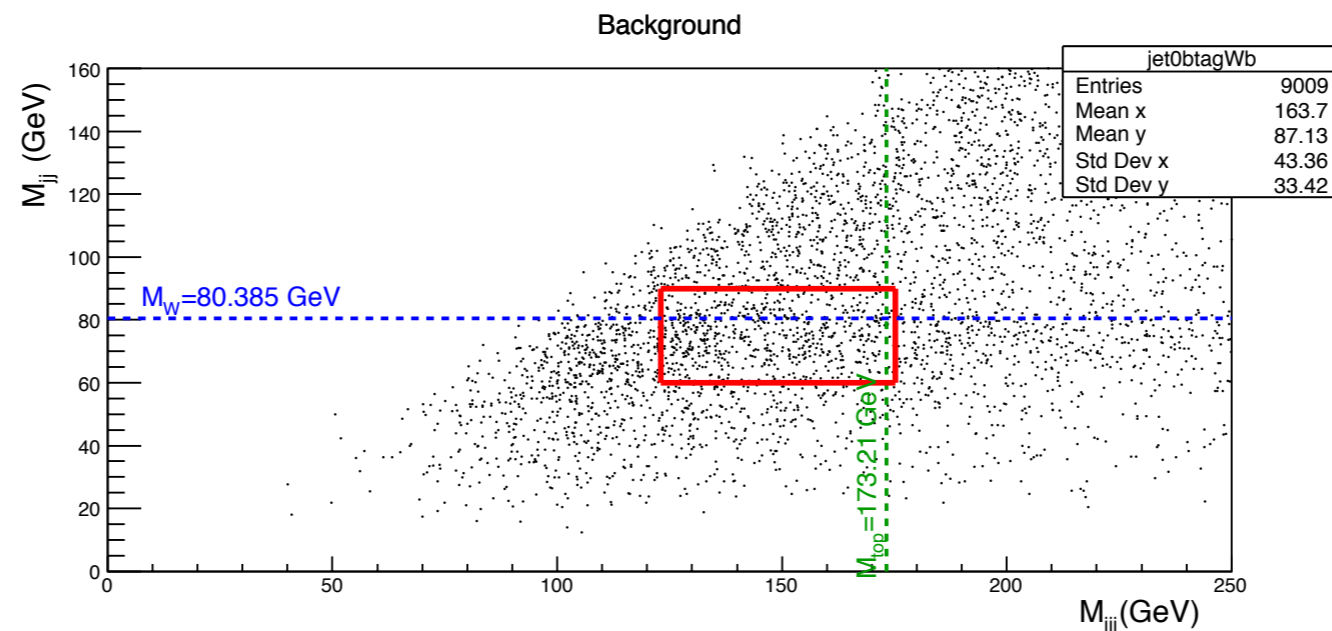
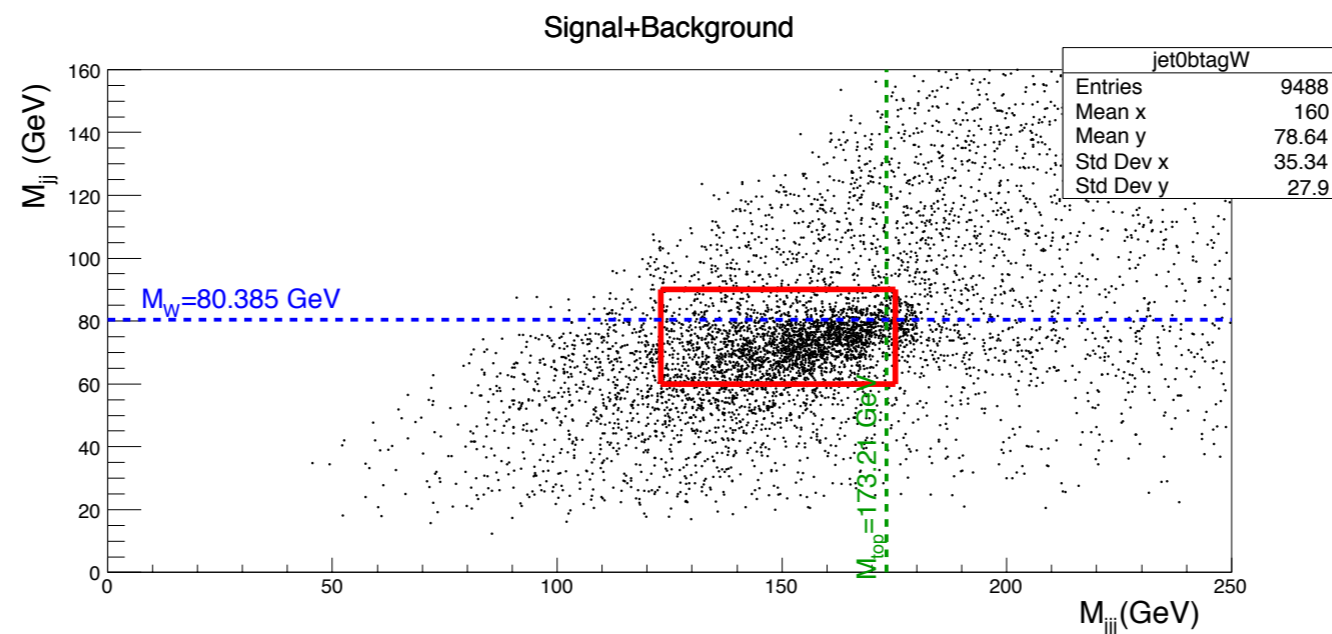


- Electron p<sub>T</sub> and eta distributions

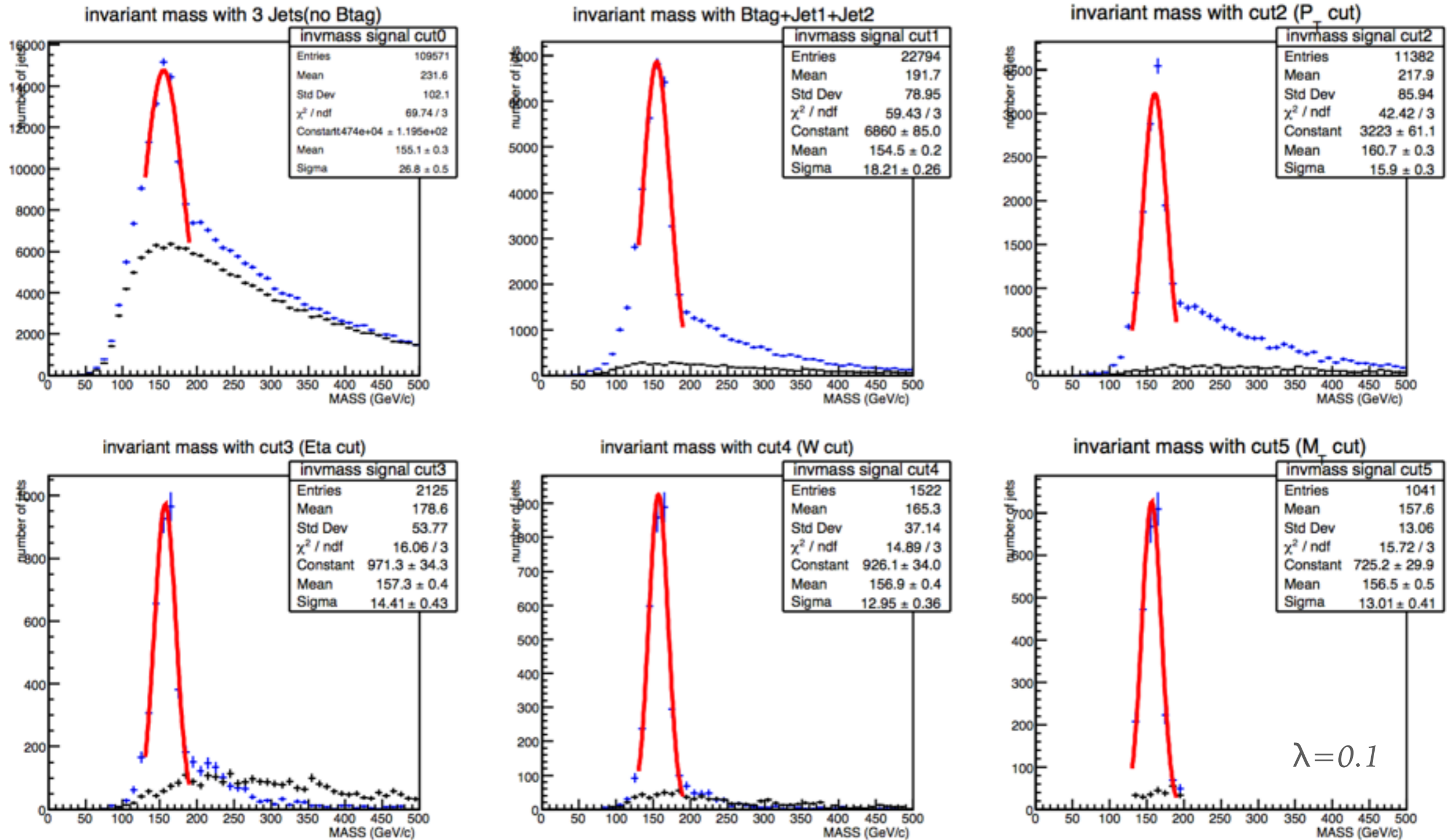


# FCC-EP : FRAME OF CUTS

- Frame of cuts and comparison of signal and background invariant mass distributions

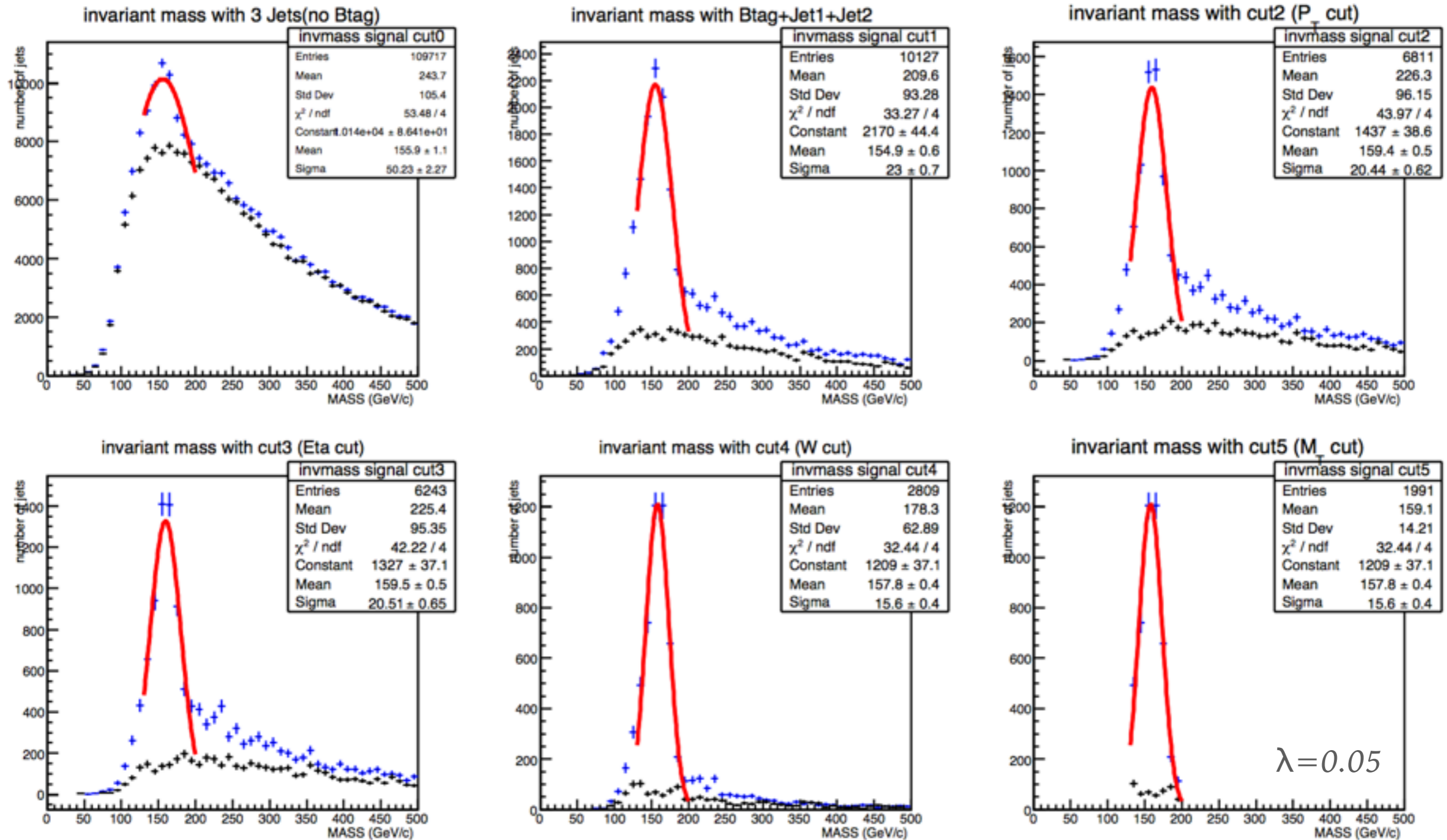


# FCC-EP : INVARIANT MASS PLOT



➤ Top mass reconstruction after each cut applied.

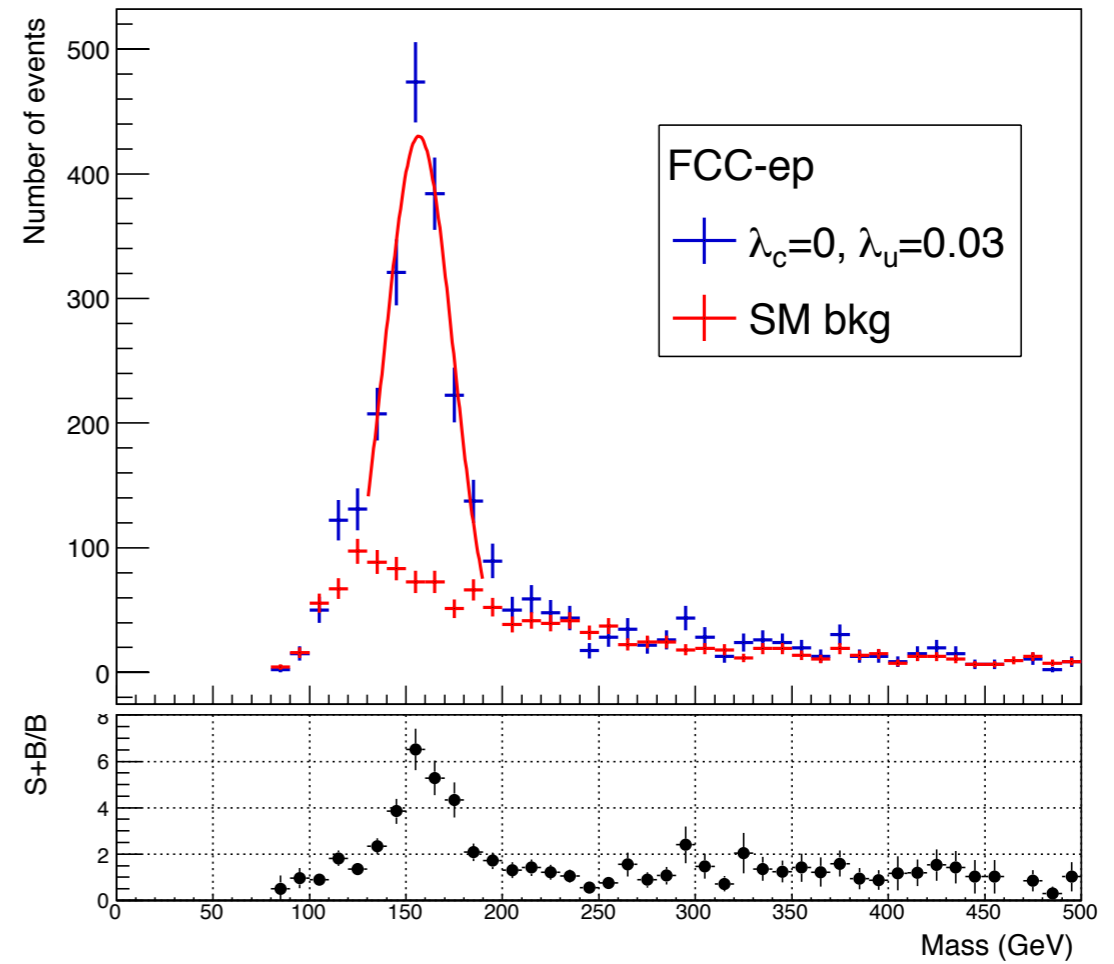
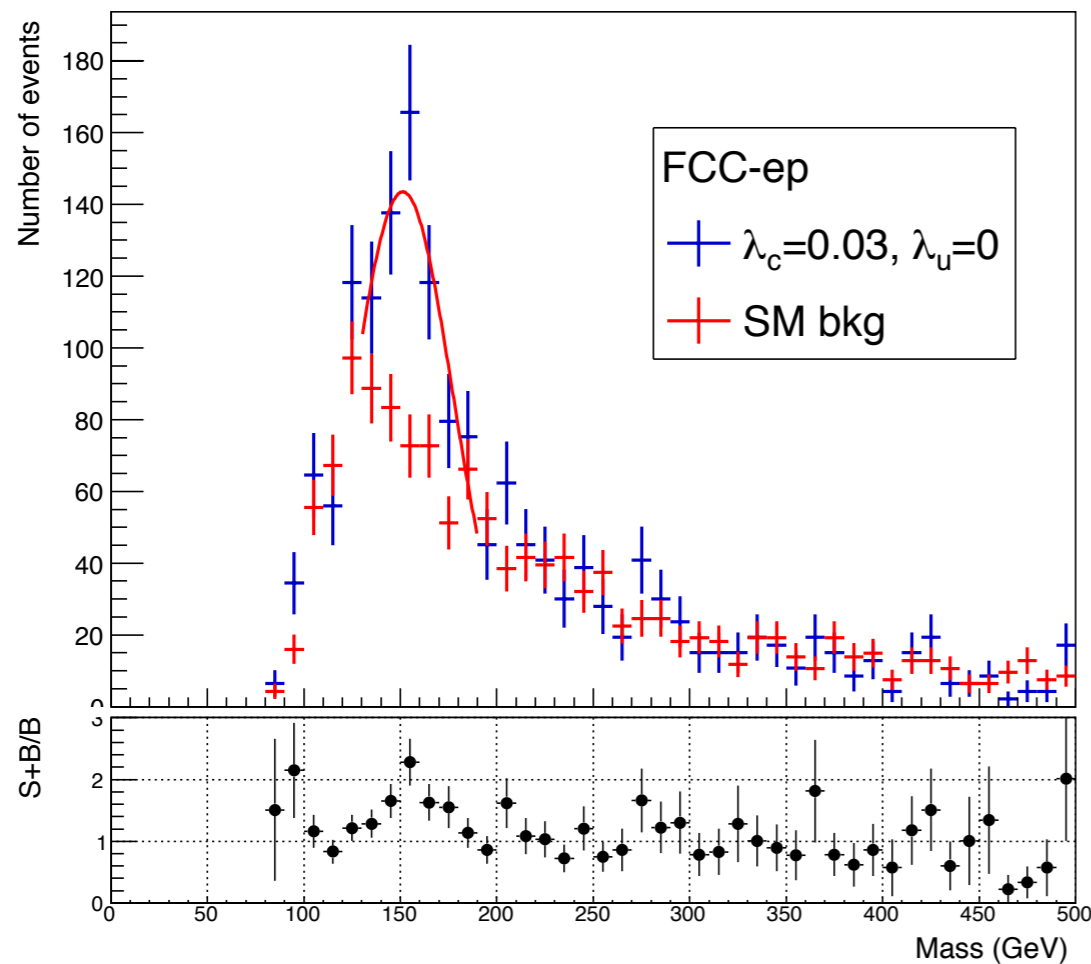
# FCC-EP : INVARIANT MASS PLOT



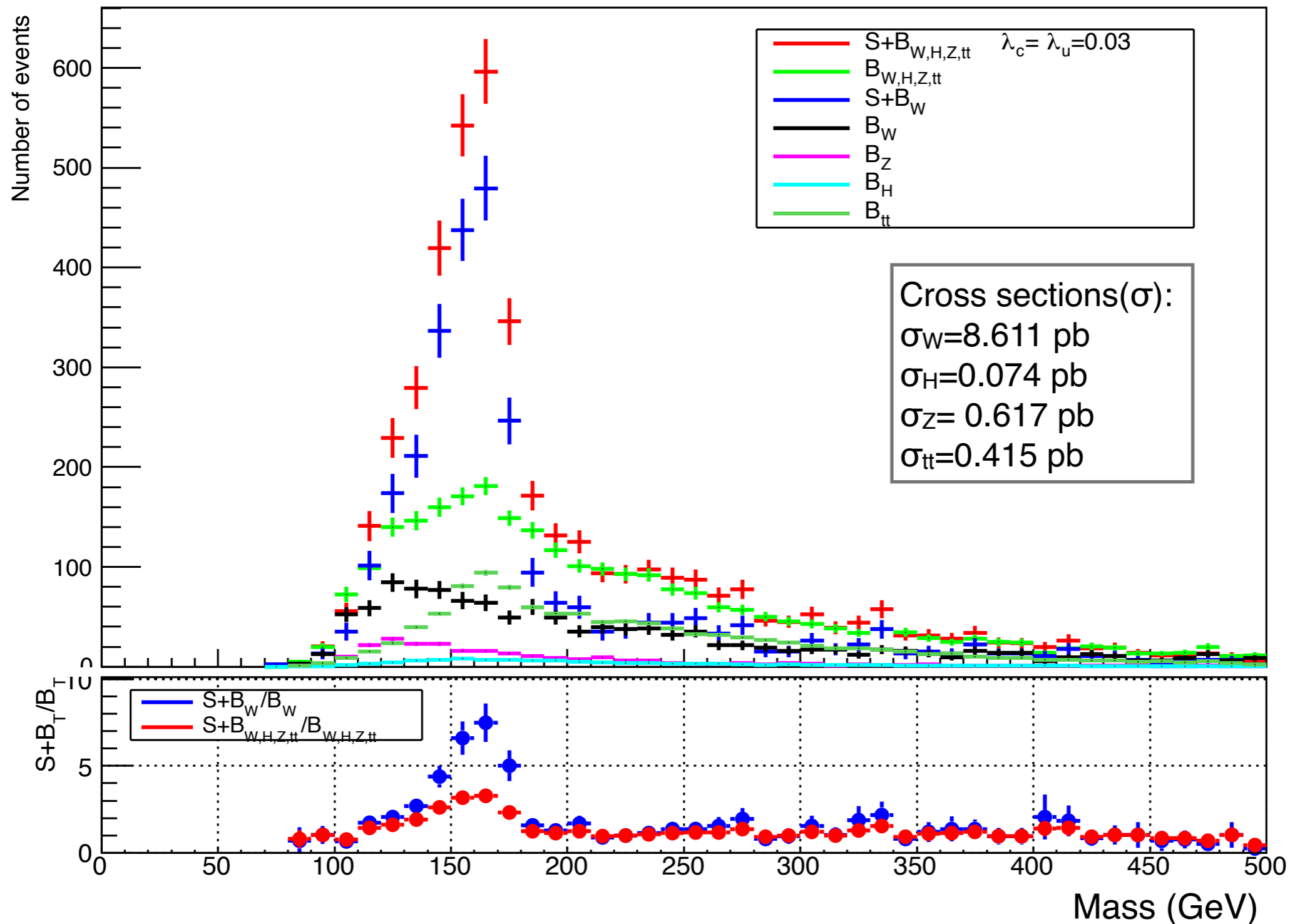
➤ Top mass reconstruction after each cut applied.

# FCC-EP : (S+B)/B RATIO PLOT

Top mass reconstruction from S+B and B events and the ratio plot of (S+B)/B. It is clear from the left and right panel of the figure that there is different sensitivity to FCNC coupling in the vertices  $t\bar{u}\gamma$  and  $t\bar{c}\gamma$ .



# FCC-EP : (S+B)/B AND SUM OF RELEVANT BACKGROUNDS



$$S: ep \rightarrow eWj$$

$$B_W: ep \rightarrow eWj$$

$$B_Z: ep \rightarrow eZj$$

$$B_H: ep \rightarrow eHj$$

$$B_{tt}: ep \rightarrow ett$$

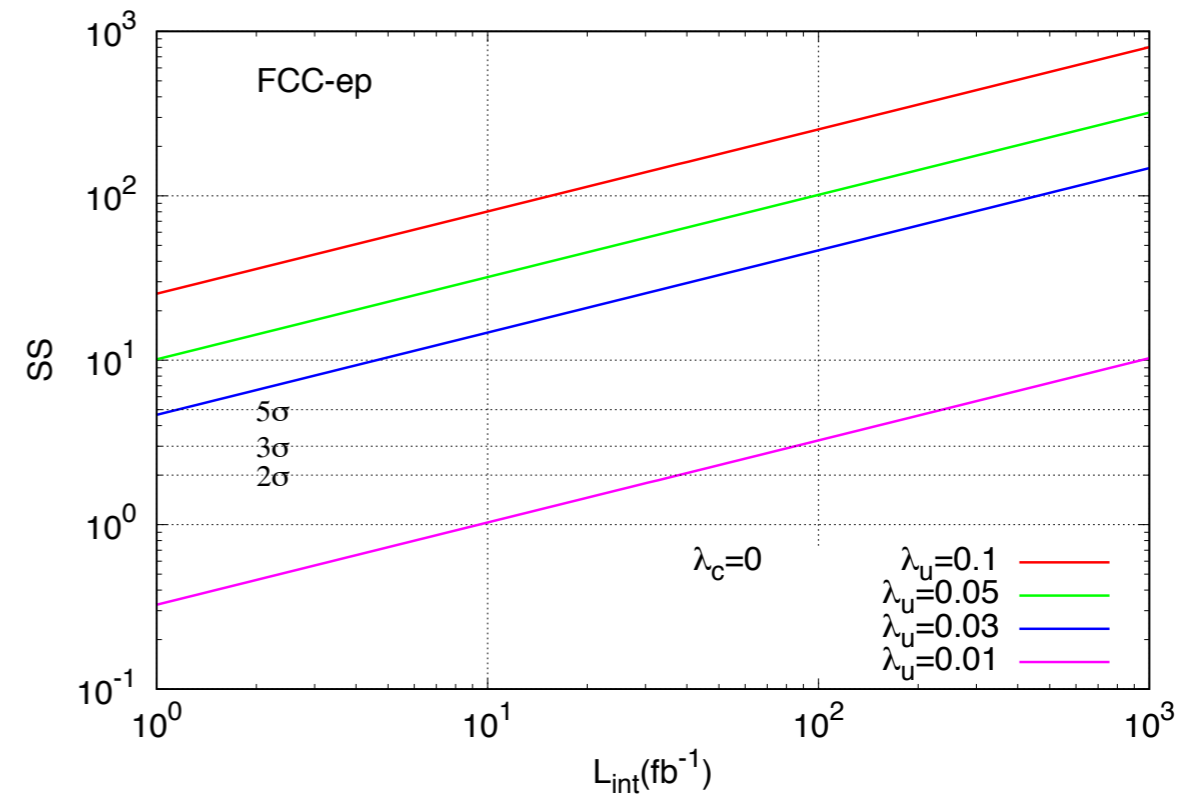
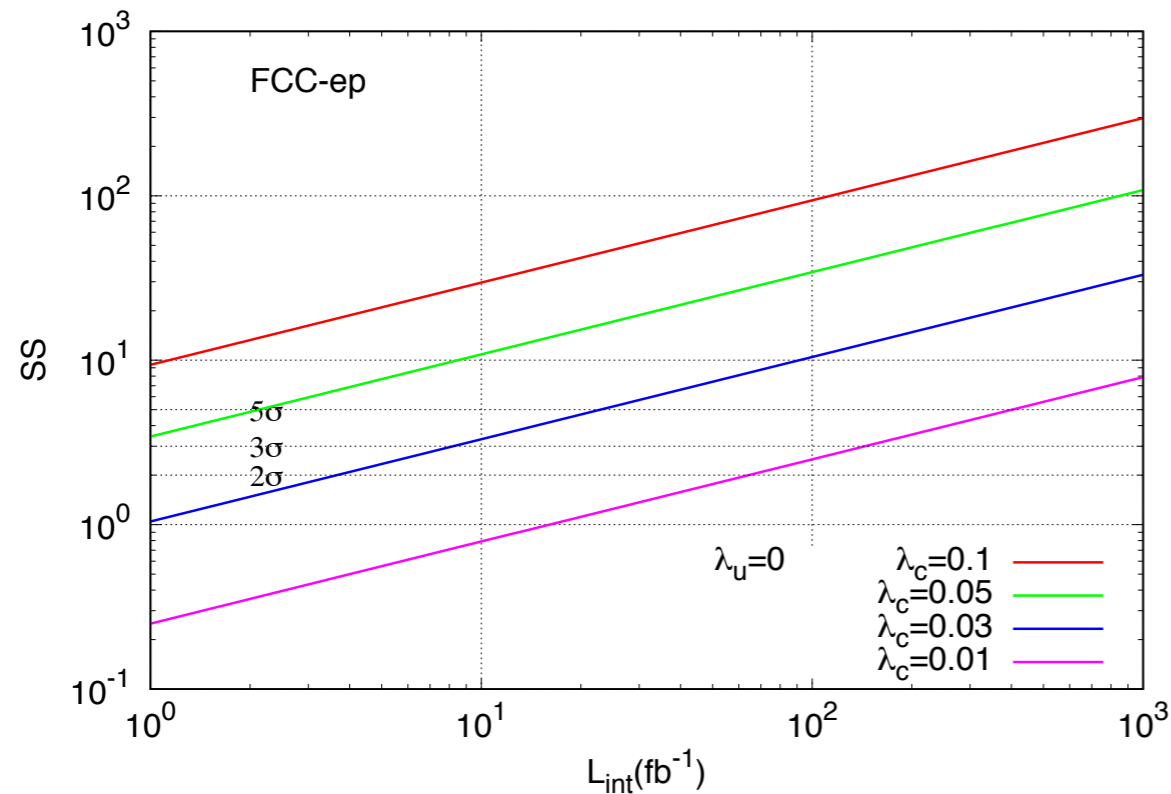
► with the relevant backgrounds, the ratio  $(S+B)/B$  decreases a factor of 3/7 at top mass



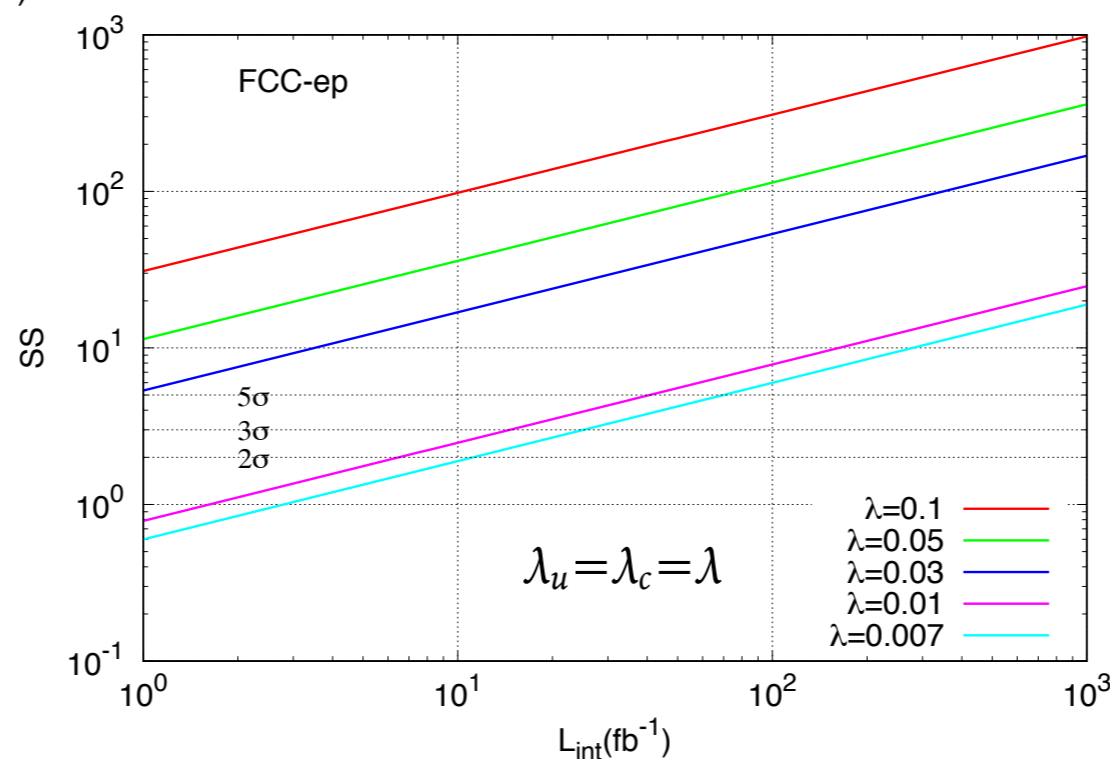
# FCC-EP : SENSITIVITY TO COUPLINGS

(S + B<sub>W</sub>)

- Sensitivity to different couplings depending on integrated luminosity



- Sensitivity to equal couplings depending on integrated luminosity



2 $\sigma$  significance:

$\lambda_u=0.01$  for  
 $L_{\text{int}}=40/\text{fb}$ .

$\lambda_c=0.01$  for  
 $L_{\text{int}}=60/\text{fb}$ .

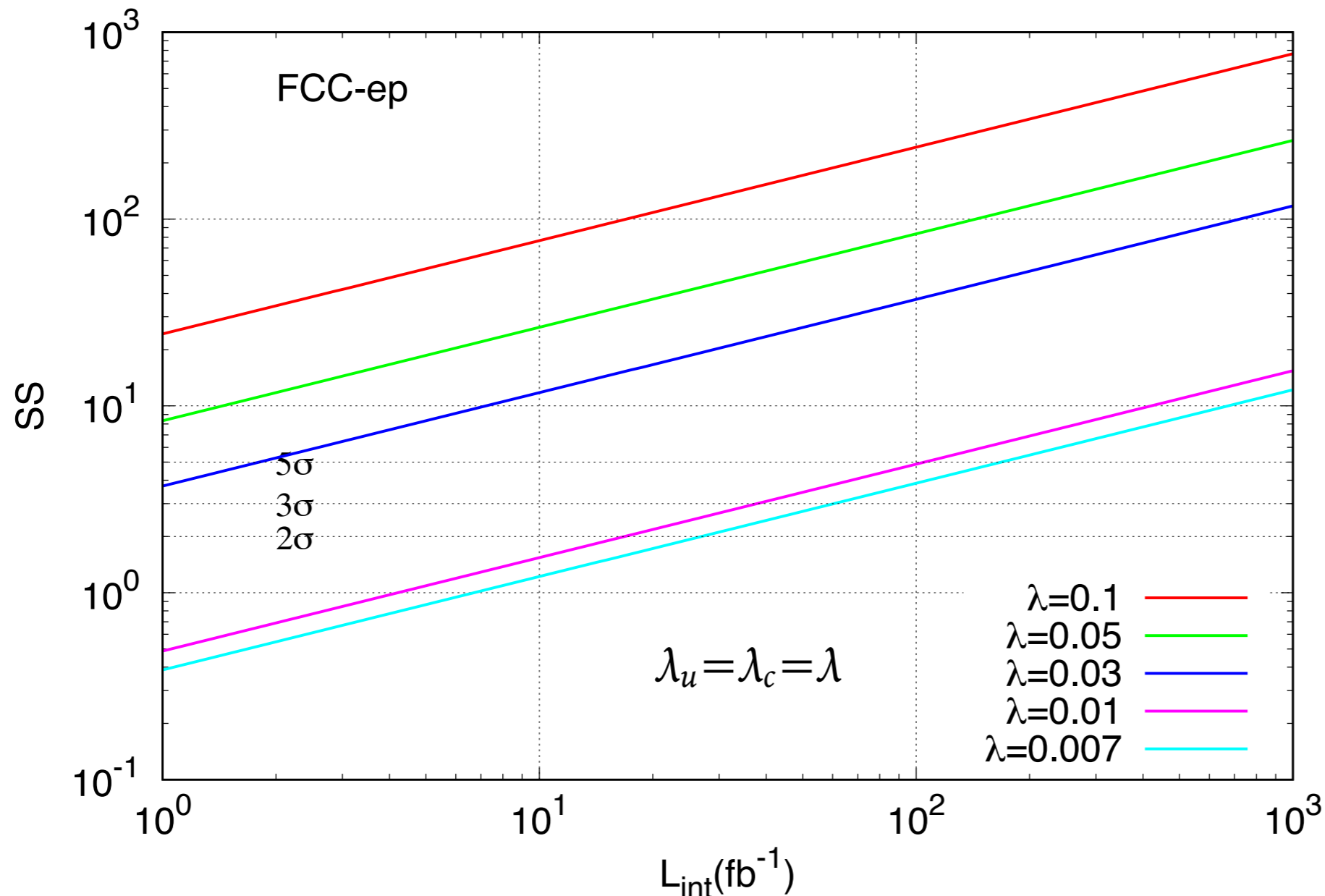
$\lambda_q=0.01$  for  
 $L_{\text{int}}=7/\text{fb}$ .



# FCC-EP : SS PLOT

$$(S + B_T)$$

Statistical significance  $SS = \sqrt{2}[(S + B_T)\ln(1 + S/B_T) - S]$  for  $e^-p \rightarrow e^- + j_{\text{btag}} + 2j$  with  $tq\gamma$  FCNC interactions. Here, we assume equal coupling scenario  $\lambda_u = \lambda_c = \lambda$ .



*all relevant backgrounds ( $B_T$ ) are included*

3 $\sigma$  significance

at  $\lambda_q = 0.01$

for  $L_{\text{int}} = 40/\text{fb}$ .

➤ **compare with LHeC when  $\lambda_q = 0.01$  for  $L_{\text{int}} = 80/\text{fb}$ .**

# FCC-EP : COMMENT ON BRANCHING VS COUPLING

- Using top quark FCNC decay widths and total decay width we can calculate the branchings  $BR(t \rightarrow q\gamma)$  vs coupling  $\lambda$ . With all the relevant backgrounds, we find  $3\sigma$  signal significance results to reach an upper limit  $\lambda=0.01$ , with an integrated luminosity of  $40 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at FCC-ep and  $80 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at LHeC. This limit on coupling can also be translated to the branching ratio  $BR(t \rightarrow q\gamma) = 2 \times 10^{-5}$ .

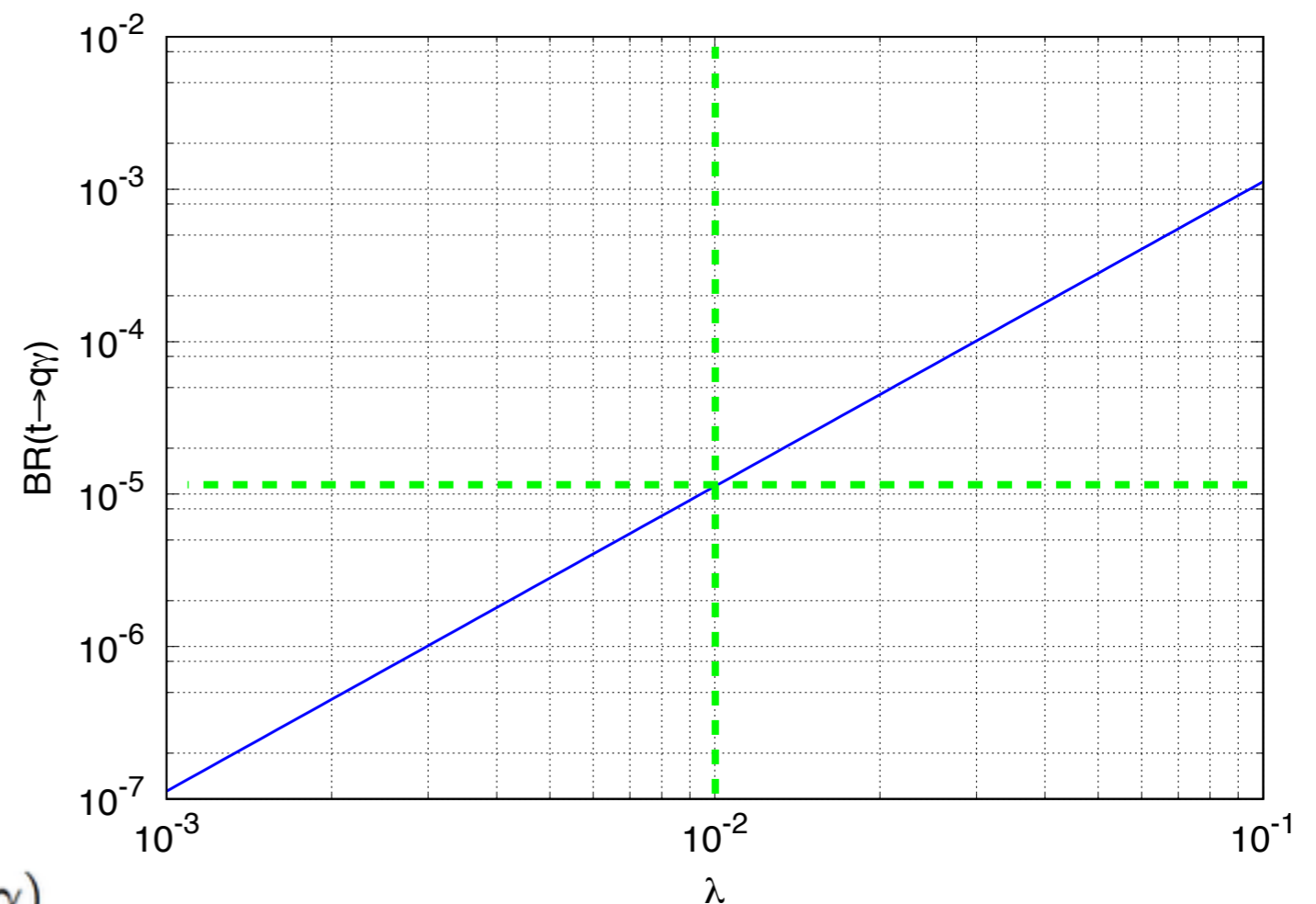
## Decay widths :

$$\Gamma(t \rightarrow q\gamma) = \frac{\alpha}{8} \lambda_q^2 m_t$$

$$\Gamma(t \rightarrow bW) = \frac{\alpha}{16 \sin^2 \theta_w} |V_{tb}|^2 \frac{m_t^3}{m_W^2} \times \left[ 1 - 3 \frac{m_W^4}{m_t^4} + 2 \frac{m_W^6}{m_t^6} \right]$$

## Branching :

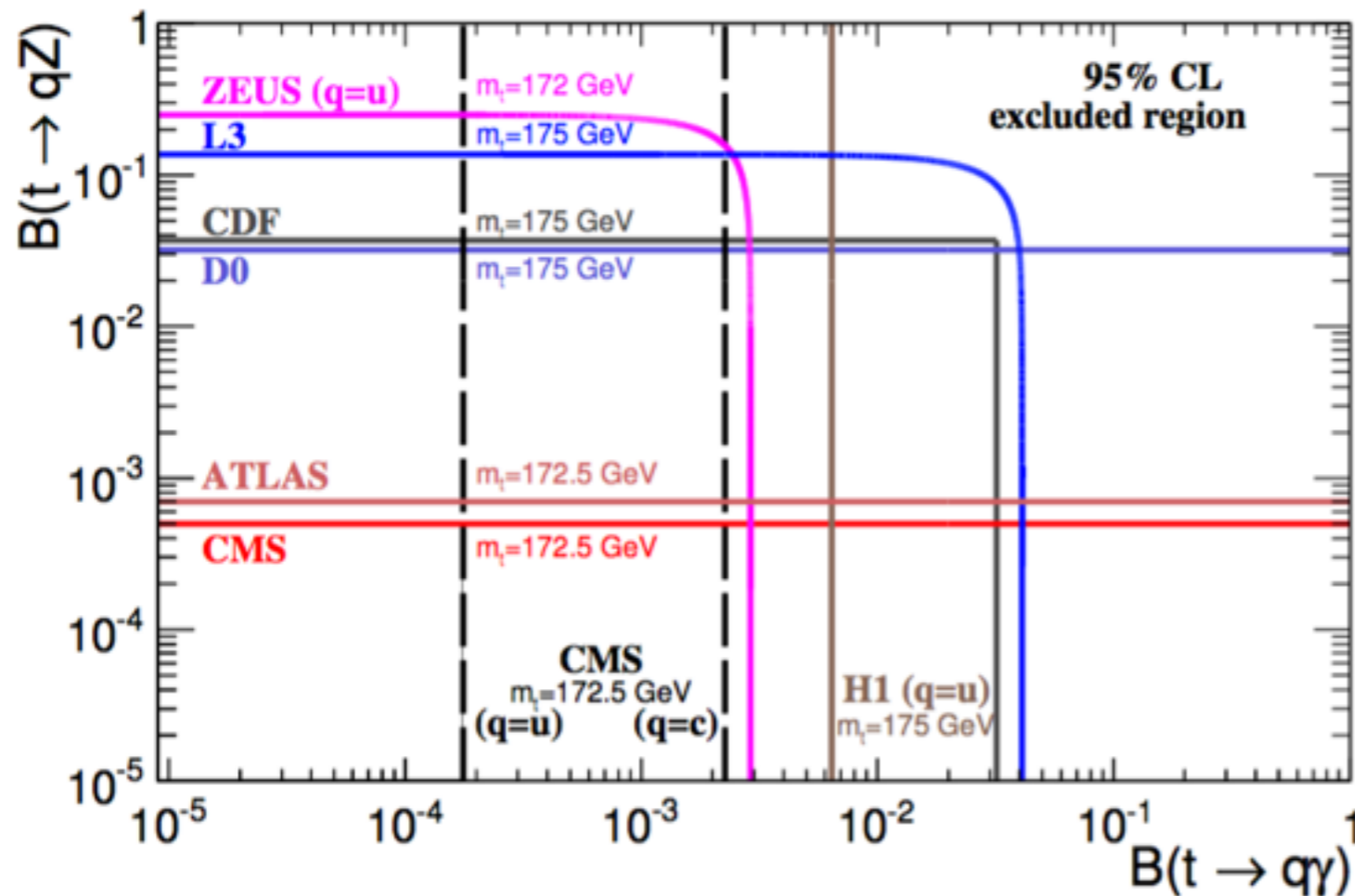
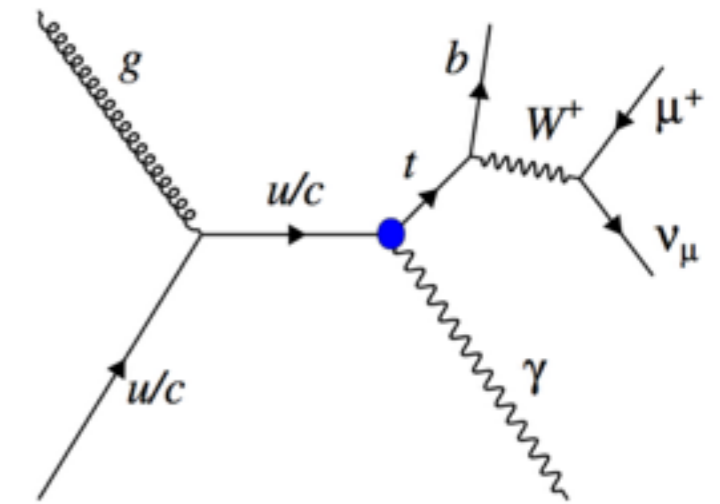
$$BR(t \rightarrow q\gamma) = \frac{\Gamma(t \rightarrow q\gamma)}{\Gamma(t \rightarrow bW) + \Gamma(t \rightarrow u\gamma) + \Gamma(t \rightarrow c\gamma)}$$



# COMPARISON : TOP FCNC AT LHC

Based on proton-proton collisions at 8 TeV within the CMS detector at the LHC at an integrated luminosity of 19.8 fb<sup>-1</sup>, the limits (95% CL) on the top quark FCNC couplings

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = -eQ_t \sum_{q=u,c} \bar{q} \frac{i\sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{\Lambda} (\kappa_{tq\gamma}^L P_L + \kappa_{tq\gamma}^R P_R) t A_\mu + \text{h.c.},$$



$$\text{BR}(t \rightarrow u\gamma) = 1.7 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\text{BR}(t \rightarrow c\gamma) = 2.2 \times 10^{-3}$$

CMS Collab. JHEP04(2016)035

# CONCLUSION

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- Future ep collider has a rich physics programme for electroweak interactions of top quarks
- Top anomalous couplings can be measured down to  $10^{-2}$  at the FCC-ep
- We study S+B and B for process  $e-p \rightarrow e^- w w q$  NP=1 (where  $w w = W^+ + \text{or } W^-$ )
- For detector simulation we use Delphes card `delphes_card_FCC`, we have some tests for the new `delphes_card_FCCeh_V2_1` card
- For analysis, we use cut based method, top mass reconstruction and W mass reconstruction
- (S+B)/B ratio plot for different couplings ( $\lambda_u, \lambda_c$ )
- Study on different backgrounds ( $eWq, eZq, eHq, \text{ett}$ )
- SS vs integrated luminosity plot for different coupling parameters
- Branching vs coupling plot and conversion, comments on the limits.

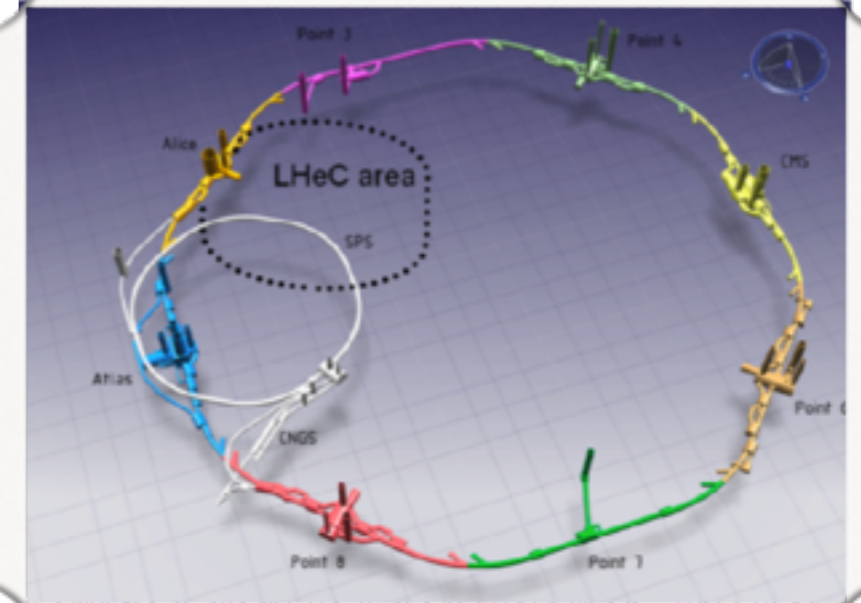
+

# Future ep colliders

## LHeC

7 TeV proton of LHC  
and 60 GeV electron  
( $\sqrt{s} \sim 1.3$  TeV)

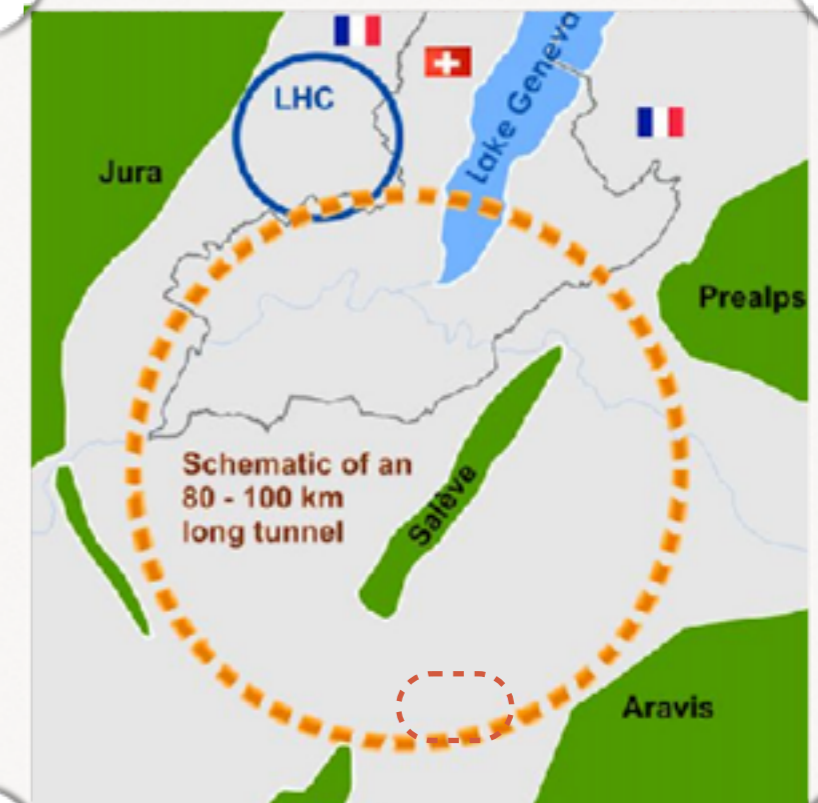
*LHeC Layout*



## FCC-eh

50 TeV proton of FCC  
and 60 GeV electron  
( $\sqrt{s} \sim 3.5$  TeV)

*FCC-eh Layout*



Both plan to create new electron facility