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# Status of Dynamic Aperture and alignment for FCC-hh

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Thanks to: J. Barranco, X. Buffat, S. Fartoukh, B. Holzer, A. S. Langner, R.

Martin, D. Schoerling, D. Schulte, E. Todesco, R. Tomas, MadX and SixTrack teams...

#### **Outline**

- Motivation
- Dipole's field errors and alignment errors
- Linear and non-linear correctors
   alignment and field error tolerances
- Impact of linear imperfections on Dynamic Aperture (DA)
- Impact of dipole type on DA
- Impact of Landau Damping Octupoles on DA
- Conclusions and Perspective

#### **Motivation**

- Design correction schemes for linear and non-linear errors of main magnets of the arcs
- Provide tolerances for the alignment and for the main high order multipoles components of magnets or the arcs

#### Key issues:

- Reserve space for correctors in the arc cells
- Get order of magnitude of correctors strengths to identify possible R&D needed
- Define tolerances on magnets alignment and main fields errors
- Define tolerances on arcs magnets field quality to ensure DA > 12  $\sigma$  at injection and much more at collision

# Linear imperfections

Element	Error	Error Descr.	Units	FCC study	LHC	Comments
	σ(x),σ(y)		mm	0.5	0.5	no effect on observables studied
Dipole	σ(θ),δ(φ)	transv. rot.	mrad	0.07	?	est. from dipole geometry and $\sigma(x/y)$
Dipole	σ(ψ)	roll angle	mrad	0.5	n/a	effect on vertical plane
	σ(δB/B)	random b1	%	0.05	0.08	LHC value includes σ(ψ)
Quad	σ(x),σ(y)		mm	0.2	0.36	
	σ(θ),δ(φ)	transv. rot.	mrad	0.06	?	est. from quad geometry and σ(x/y)
Quau	σ(ψ)	roll angle	mrad	1	0.5	
	σ(δB/B)	random b2	%	0.1	0.3	
BPM	σ(x),σ(y)		mm	0.30	0.24	value relative to quad
DPIVI	σ(read)		mm	0.2	0.5	

Values in table correspond to 1 sigma, a Gaussian truncated to 3 sigma is used in simulations

# Dipoles errors tables

**v**0

normal	Cucini	Cve coll	Uncort	Don
normal	Sys inj	Sys coll	Uncert	Ran
2	0	0	0.484	0.484
3	-5	20	0.781	0.781
4	0	0	0.065	0.065
5	-1	-1.5	0.074	0.074
6	0	0	0.009	0.009
7	-0.5	1.3	0.016	0.016
8	0	0	0.001	0.001
9	-0.100	0.05	0.002	0.002
10	0	0	0	0
skew				
2	0	0	1.108	1.108
3	0	0	0.256	0.256
4	0	0	0.252	0.252
5	0	0	0.05	0.05
6	0	0	0.04	0.04
7	0	0	0.007	0.007
8	0	0	0.007	0.007
9	0	0	0.002	0.002
10	0	0	0.001	0.001

v1

				_
normal	Sys inj	Sys coll	Uncert	Ran
2	0	50	1.000	1.000
3	7	-1	1.600	1.600
4	0	0.5	0.100	0.100
5	1	0.5	0.100	0.100
6	0	0	0.020	0.020
7	-1.5	0.3	0.030	0.030
8	0	0	0.002	0.002
9	-0.1	0.1	0.005	0.005
10	0	0	0.001	0.001
skew				
2	0	0	2.200	2.200
3	0	0	0.500	0.500
4	0	0	0.500	0.500
5	0	0	0.100	0.100
6	0	0	0.080	0.080
7	0	0	0.010	0.010
8	0	0	0.010	0.010
9	0	0	0.003	0.003
10	0	0	0.002	0.002

# **Model of Dipole Field Quality**

$$b_n = b_{n_s} + \frac{\xi_U}{1.5} b_{n_U} + \xi_R \sigma_{b_n}$$

- $\xi$  = random number with Gaussian distribution cut at 1.5 (U) and 3 (R)
- the same seed for U for all dipoles of the same arc is used (8 different sectors as in LHC)
- different seeds for R for each dipole are used

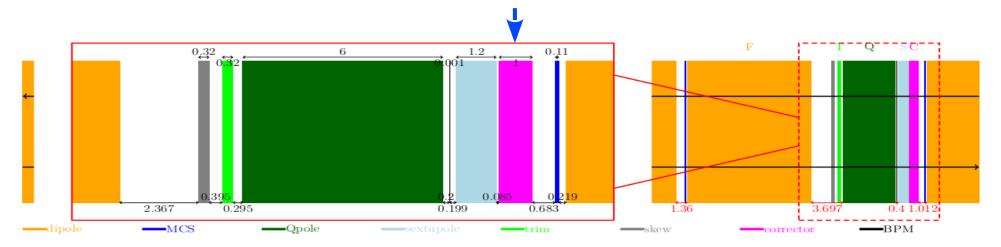
Fractional part of tunes:

$$Q_x = .28$$
,  $Q_v = .31$  injection

$$Q_x = .31$$
,  $Q_v = .32$  collision

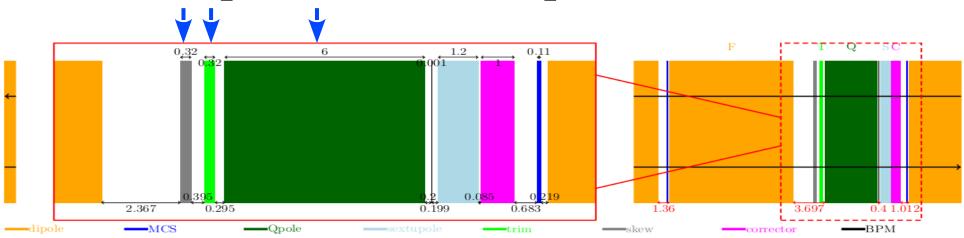
DA is evaluated with SixTrack adapted for FCC (SixTrack: cern.ch/sixtrack-ng)

### Orbit correctors and residual orbit



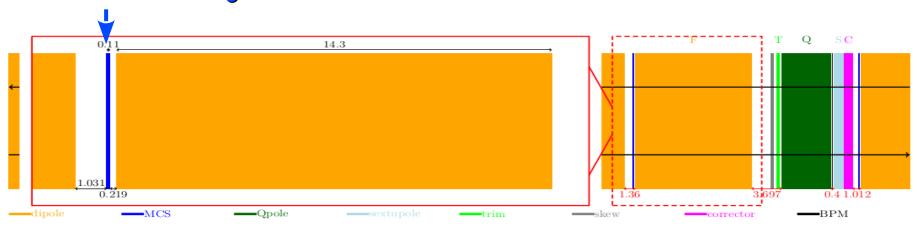
- max integrated strength < 4 T m (NbTi limit)</li>
  - quadrupole alignment tolerance might be relaxed
- maximum residual orbit < 1 mm (at injection and at collision)
- details in David Boutin presentation tomorrow

# b<sub>2</sub> and coupling (a<sub>2</sub>) correctors



- interference with spurious dispersion correction ⇒ coupling correctors and Trims in long arc only!
- b<sub>2</sub> and a<sub>2</sub>: all main quadrupoles or 64 Trims at 90°, skew trims at 180°
  - max trims strength < 20 T/m (R part only)</li>
  - systematic  $b_2$  of table v1 too high  $\Rightarrow$  can be corrected locally?
  - max skew gradient 250 T/m (table v0), 500 T/m (table v1), Length =0.32 m (U part)
  - a<sub>2</sub> (U) needs strong coupling correctors and gives high beta-beating
  - ⇒ needs different correction schemes
  - ⇒ sorting of dipoles can help
- details in David Boutin presentation tomorrow

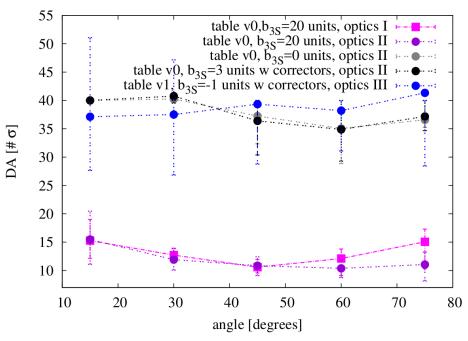
# b<sub>3</sub> correctors and tolerance



- MCS max gradient 4430 T/m<sup>2</sup>, Length =0.11 m, one corrector at each dipole
- MCS can correct up to 6 unit of systematic b<sub>3</sub> at collision
- a<sub>3</sub> correctors/tolerance to be studied

# DA at collision ( $\beta$ \*=0.3 m)

- DA at collision is dominated by the systematic b<sub>3</sub>
   dipole error
- tolerance of systematic component of b<sub>3</sub> ≤ 3 unit at collision
- for the new layout at collision (optics III)
   minimum DA > 40 σ (table v0)
  - $\Rightarrow$  DA at collision due to dipole field quality > 26  $\sigma$

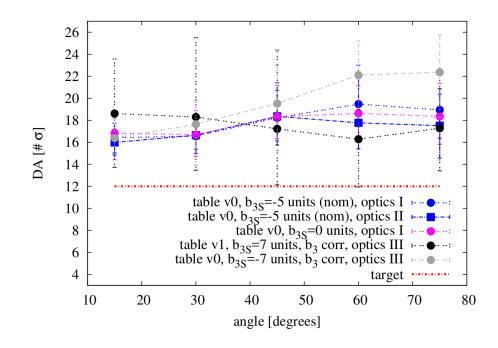


Optics II: 99.97 km layout, L\*=36 m,  $\beta^*$  =4.6 m and max momentum collimation dispersion 4 m Optics II: 99.97 km layout, L\*=36 m,  $\beta^*$  =3.5 m and max momentum collimation dispersion 5 m Optics III: 97.75 km layout, L\*=45 m,  $\beta^*$  =4.6 m and momentum collimation scaled from LHC

N.B. crossing scheme and final triplet errors NOT considered in these simulations (see A. Seryi & E. Cruz talks)

# DA at injection

- DA at injection is dominated by the random dipole errors
- 15-20 unit of systematic b<sub>3</sub>, due to persistent current, can be corrected
- min DA 13.9 σ (table v0)
   12.1 σ (table v1)
- no need for b<sub>4</sub> and b<sub>5</sub> correctors



Optics II: 99.97 km layout, L\*=36 m,  $\beta^*$  =4.6 m and max momentum collimation dispersion 4 m Optics II: 99.97 km layout, L\*=36 m,  $\beta^*$  =3.5 m and max momentum collimation dispersion 5 m Optics III: 97.75 km layout, L\*=45 m,  $\beta^*$  =4.6 m and momentum collimation scaled from LHC

# **b**<sub>4</sub> tolerance

main dipole errors table v0:

- b<sub>5</sub> feed-down is not critical
- systematic b<sub>4</sub> < 0.142 at injection fine</li>

main dipole errors table v1:

same tolerance should be fine... to be checked



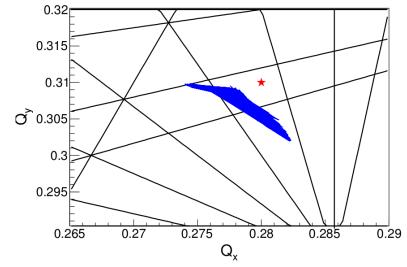


table v0

b <sub>4S</sub>	b <sub>4R</sub>	min DA [σ]
0 (nom)	0.065 (nom)	14.6
0.0284 (b <sub>5</sub> feed-down)	0.239(b <sub>5</sub> feed-down)	13.9
0.142 (b <sub>5</sub> feed-down x5)	0.239 (b <sub>5</sub> feed-down)	11.8
0.284 (b <sub>5</sub> feed-down x10)	0.239 (b <sub>5</sub> feed-down)	10.5

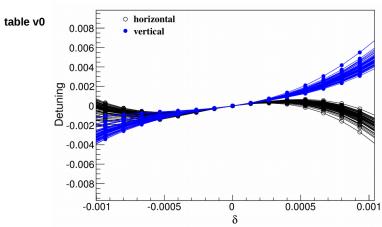
# **b**<sub>5</sub> tolerance

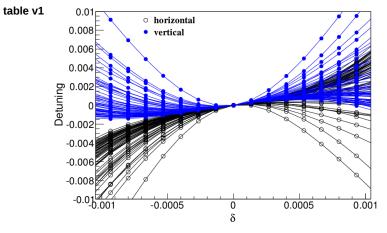
#### main dipole errors table v0:

- detuning with amplitude and with momentum dominated by the systematic b<sub>5</sub> component
- systematic b<sub>5</sub> < 2 at injection fine</li>
   main dipole errors table v1:
- detuning with momentum dominated by a<sub>a</sub>
- same tolerance should be fine... to be checked
   ⇒ b<sub>5</sub> correctors not required

ta	h	P	vΩ	

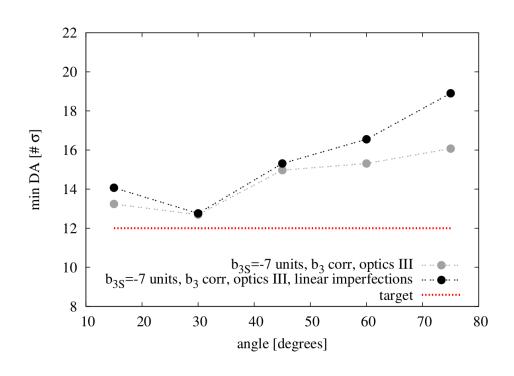
b <sub>5S</sub>	min DA [σ]
-1 (nom)	14.6
-2	11.
-3	9.



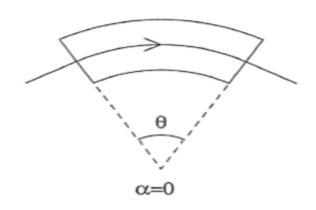


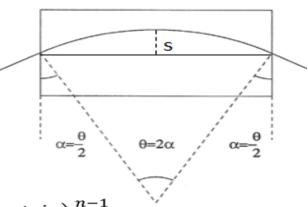
# Impact of linear imperfections

- dipole field quality table v0 at injection
- linear errors and correction applied to 50 different seeds
- minimum DA unchanged or slightly better than without linear imperfections
- average DA better than without linear imperfections



# Impact of dipole type





$$B_y + iB_x = B_{ref} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (b_n + ia_n) \left(\frac{x + iy}{R_{ref}}\right)^{n-1}$$

$$b_{3err} = b_5 \cdot 6 \cdot \left(\frac{x_S}{R_{ref}}\right)^2 = 6 \cdot (b_{5S} + b_{5U} + b_{5R}) \cdot \left(\frac{x_S}{R_{ref}}\right)^2 \sim b_{5S} \cdot 0.13 = -0.13$$

- → the value is less than the random component of b<sub>3</sub>, that dominates the DA at injection
- $\rightarrow$  the additional error is systematic for each dipole  $\Rightarrow$  correctable by the spool pieces

### **Impact of Landau Octupoles**

- ~460 octupoles can be installed in Long Arcs
- G\_max = 220000 T/m³, Length = 0.32m,
   I\_max = 720 A
- K\_MO = (G\_max/Bρ) (I\_oct/I\_max) (50/energy)

	I_oct [A]	min DA [σ]	
	1	8.7	
inj	10	1.2	
	30	< 1	
col	720	13	

main dipole errors table v1 included

 $\Rightarrow$  important reduction of DA!

#### **Conclusions**

- Alignment tolerances almost defined
- Orbit correctors feasible in NbTi technology
- b<sub>2</sub> and a<sub>2</sub> (coupling) correction more difficult... need different schemes
- b<sub>3</sub> correctors feasible in NbTi technology
- b<sub>4</sub> and b<sub>5</sub> correctors not required and tolerances to be checked with new dipole field errors table
- Impact of linear imperfections on DA small (...to be further investigated)
- Impact of dipole type on DA small and correctable
- Impact of Landau Damping Octupoles on DA important!

# Perspectives

- Follow up of the studies presented
- $\rightarrow$  Define  $a_3$  correctors and assess  $b_4$ ,  $a_4$ ,  $b_5$ ,  $a_5$  tolerances for new table
- → Impact of main quadrupole field quality
- → Impact of residual linear imperfections coming from IRs and of final triplet field quality at injection
- Tune scan

#### **SPARES**

# Dipoles errors tables

$\mathcal{M}$				_			
			Unce	rtainty	Random		
Normal	Injection	High Field	Injection	High Field	Injection	High Field	
2	0.000	0.000	0.484	0.484	0.484	0.484	
3	-5.000	20.000	0.781	0.781	0.781	0.781	
4	0.000	0.000	0.065	0.065	0.065	0.065	
5	-1.000	-1.500	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.074	
6	0.000	0.000	0.009	0.009	0.009	0.009	
7	-0.500	1.300	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016	
8	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	
9	-0.100	0.050	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	
10	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
11	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
12	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
13	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
14	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
15	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Skew							
2	0.000	0.000	1.108	1.108	1.108	1.108	
3	0.000	0.000	0.256	0.256	0.256	0.256	
4	0.000	0.000	0.252	0.252	0.252	0.252	
5	0.000	0.000	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	
6	0.000	0.000	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	
7	0.000	0.000	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	
8	0.000	0.000	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	
9	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	
10	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	
11	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
12	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
13	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
14	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
15	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	

v/1									
<b>V</b> 1		FCC main	dipolefield	quality tar	gets(r = 1)	!7 mm) - ver:	sion 2 - 08	May 2017	
		Systematic					ainty	Rano	lom
	1				High		High		High
Normal	Geometric	Saturation	Persistent	Injection	Field	Injection	Field	Injection	Field
2	0.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
3	-8.0	7.0	15.0	7.0	-1.0	1.600	1.600	1.600	1.600
4	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100
5	0.0	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100
6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020
7	0.0	0.3	-1.5	-1.5	0.3	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002
9	0.0	0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005
10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001
11	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Skew									
2	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	2.200	2.200	2.200	2.200
3	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500
4	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500
5	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100
6	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.080
7	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010
8	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010
9	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003
10	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002
11	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

## FCC-hh Layout

