



FCC Week 2017
MAY 29 - JUNE 2
BERLIN, GERMANY



European XFEL Status

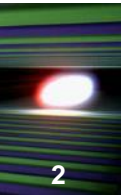
Hans Weise & Winni Decking, DESY



On behalf of the European XFEL Accelerator Consortium

work supported by the respective funding agencies of the contributing institutes; for details please see <http://www.xfel.eu>

First Lasing.



ACCELERATORS | PHOTON SCIENCE | PARTICLE PHYSICS
Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron
A Research Centre of the Helmholtz Association

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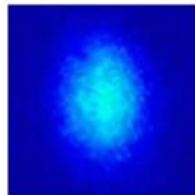


Light of the future »

DESY is the main shareholder of the next generation X-ray laser

FIRST LASING.

World's largest X-ray laser generates first laser light



17/05/04 · Press-Release

Biggest X-ray laser in the world generates its first laser light

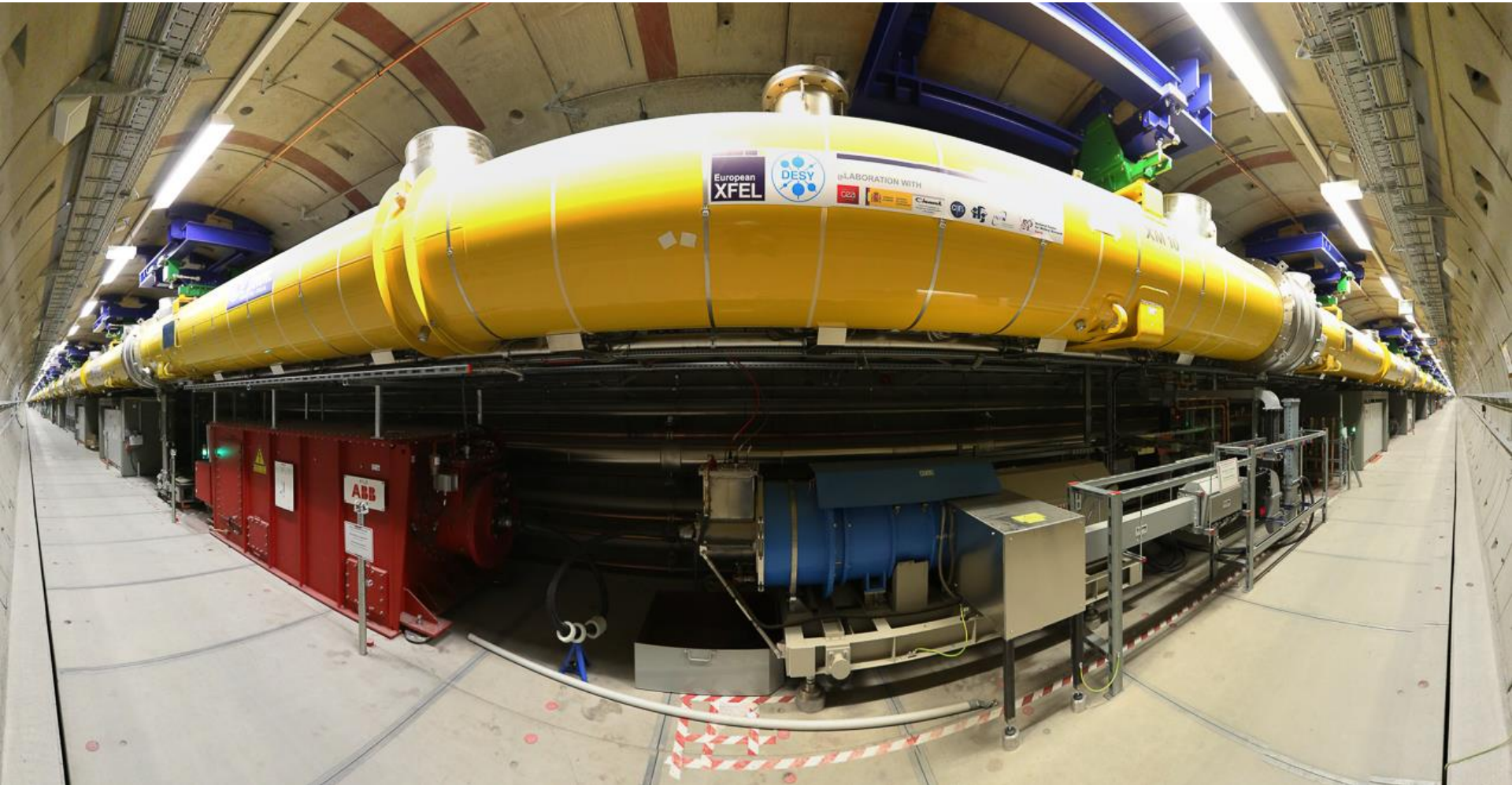
In the metropolitan region of Hamburg, the European XFEL, the biggest X-ray laser in the world, has reached the last major milestone before the official opening in September. The 3.4 km long facility,...



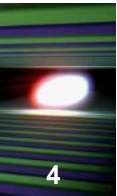
The super X-ray laser »

More about the European XFEL in DESY's research magazine!

One Kilometer of Cold Linac

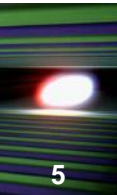


With almost 800 Superconducting Cavities



The European XFEL

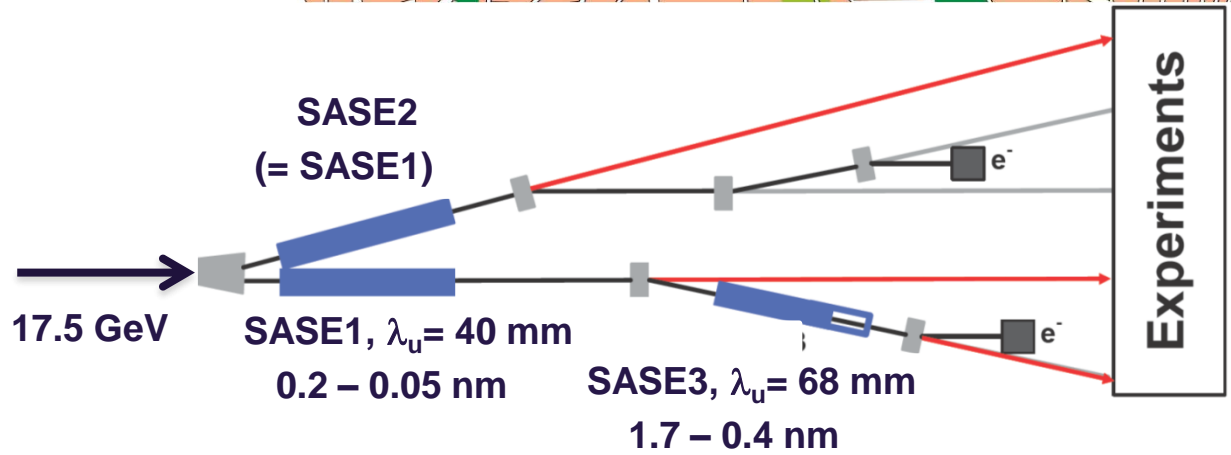
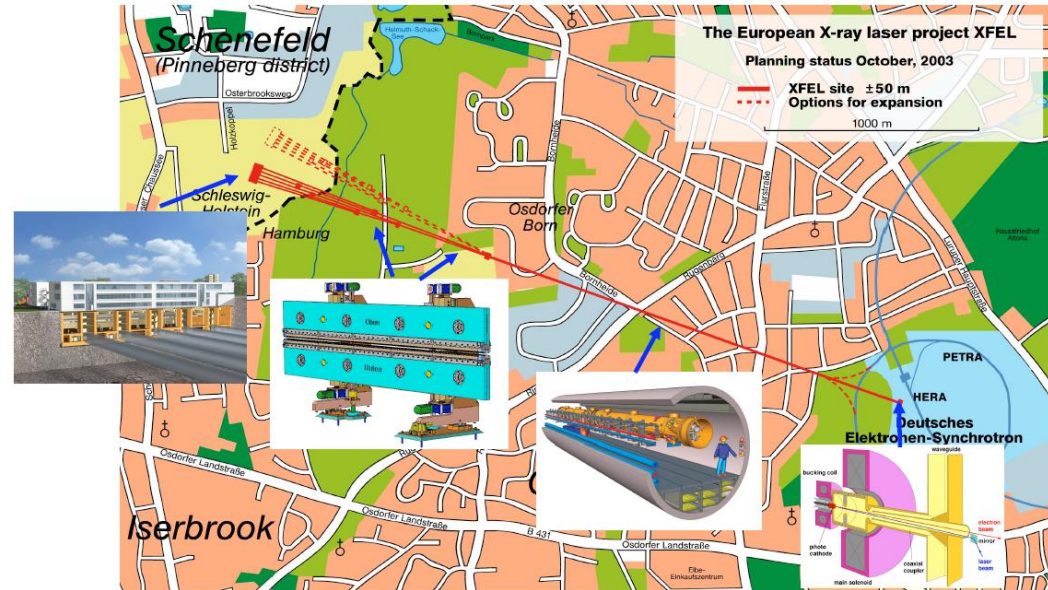
Built by Research Institutes from 12 European Nations



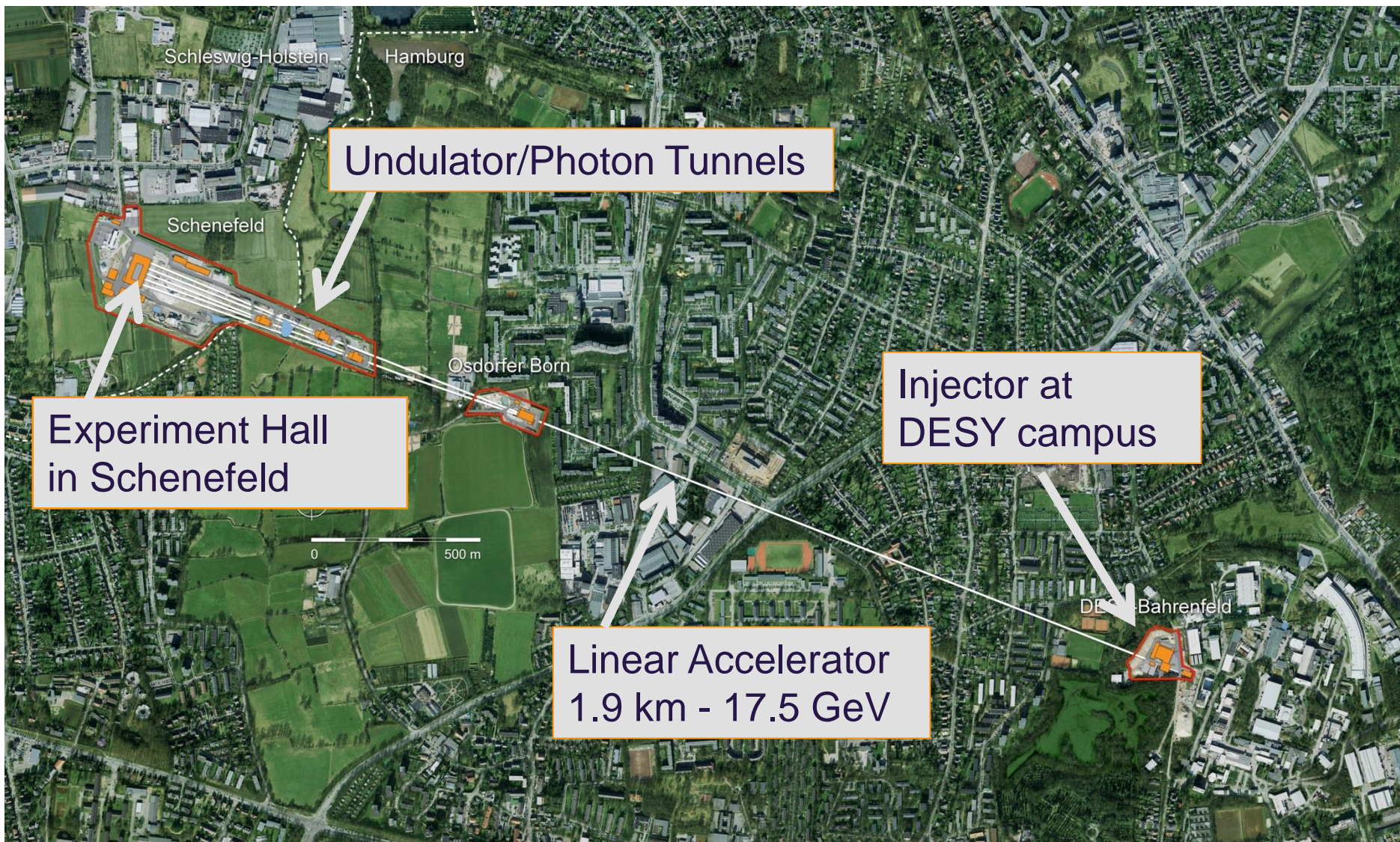
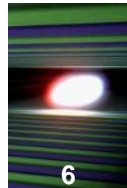
Some specifications

- Photon energy 0.3 - 24 keV
- Pulse duration ~ 10 - 100 fs
- Pulse energy few mJ
- Superconducting linac 17.5 GeV
- 10 Hz (27 000 b/s)
- 5 beam lines / 10 instruments
 - Start version with 3 beam lines and 6 instruments
- Several extensions possible:
 - More undulators
 - More instruments
 -
 - Variable polarization
 - Self-Seeding
 - CW operation

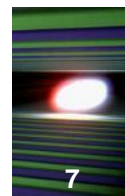
← 3.4km →



European XFEL Layout

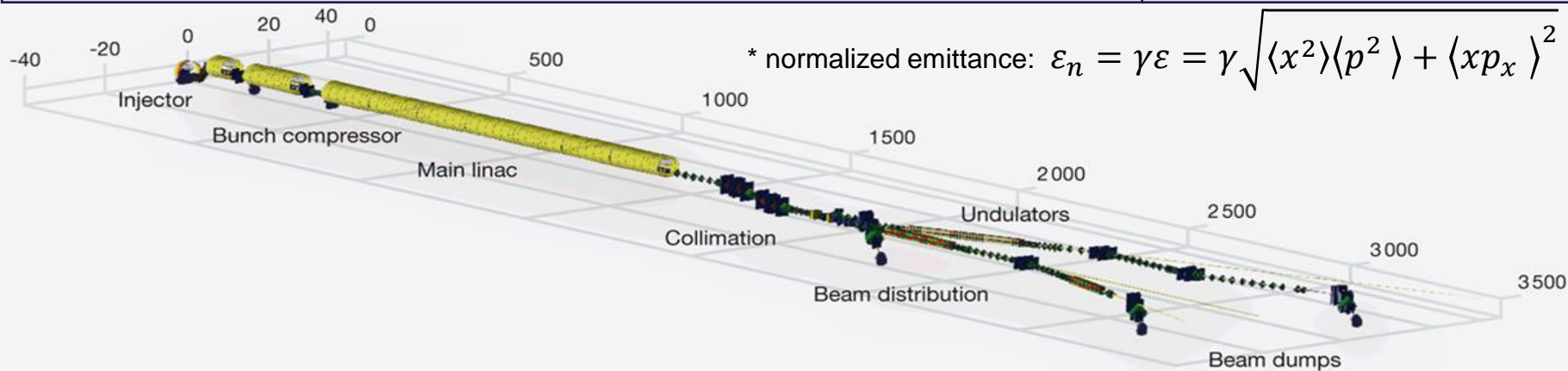


Accelerator Complex with Challenging Parameter Set

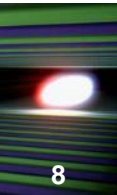


7

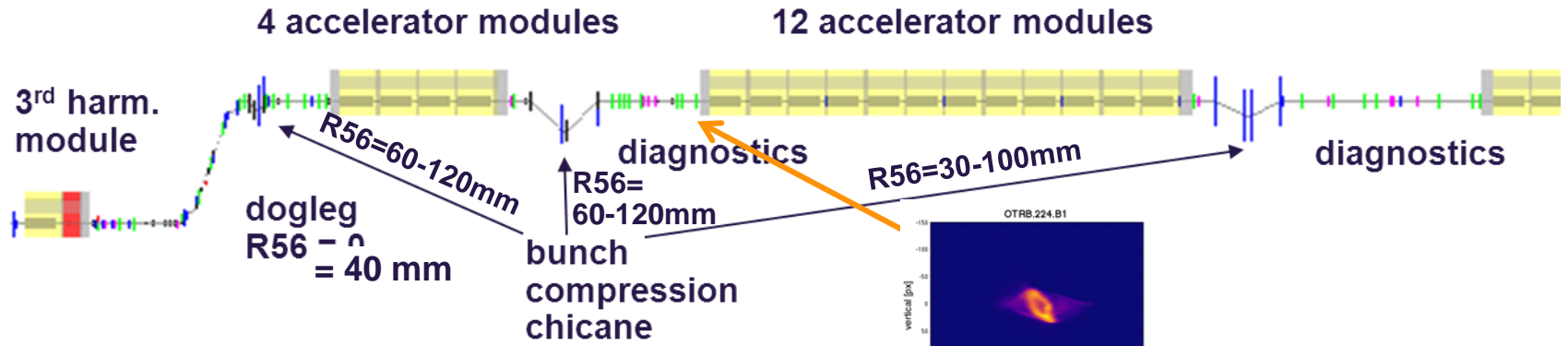
electron beam energy	8/12.5/14/17.5 GeV
macro pulse repetition rate	10 Hz
RF pulse length (flat top)	600 μ s
# of bunches/second	27,000
bunch charge	0.02 – 1 nC
electron bunch length after compression (FWHM)	2 – 180 fs
normalized slice emittance*	0.4 - 1.0 mm mrad
beam power	500 kW
simultaneously operated SASE undulators	3



State of the Art 3 Stage Bunch Compression



3 stage bunch compression: flexible and less sensitive to noise from RF system



$\sigma_{\sigma} = 2 \text{ mm}$
 $I_{\text{peak}} = 50 \text{ A}$
 $\sigma_E = 0 \%$
 $E = 130 \text{ MeV}$

$\sigma_{\sigma} = 1 \text{ mm}$
 $I_{\text{peak}} = 100 \text{ A}$
 $\sigma_E = 1.5 \%$
 $E = 130 \text{ MeV}$

$\sigma_{\sigma} = 0.1 \text{ mm}$
 $I_{\text{peak}} = 1 \text{ kA}$
 $\sigma_E = 1 \%$
 $E = 600 \text{ MeV}$

$\sigma_{\sigma} = 0.02 \text{ mm}$
 $I_{\text{peak}} = 5 \text{ kA}$
 $\sigma_E = 0.3 \%$
 $E = 2400 \text{ MeV}$



harmonic system

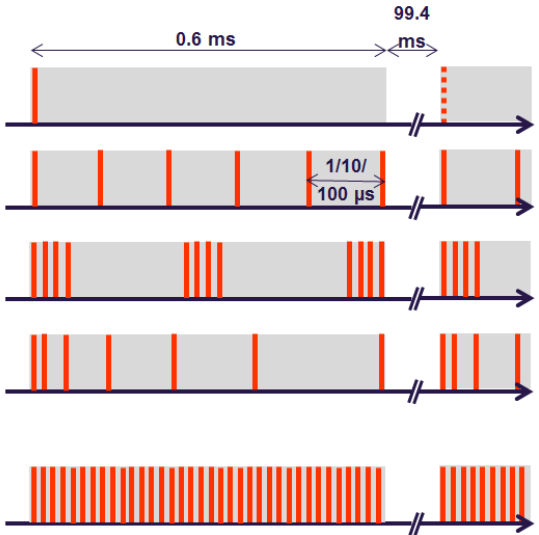
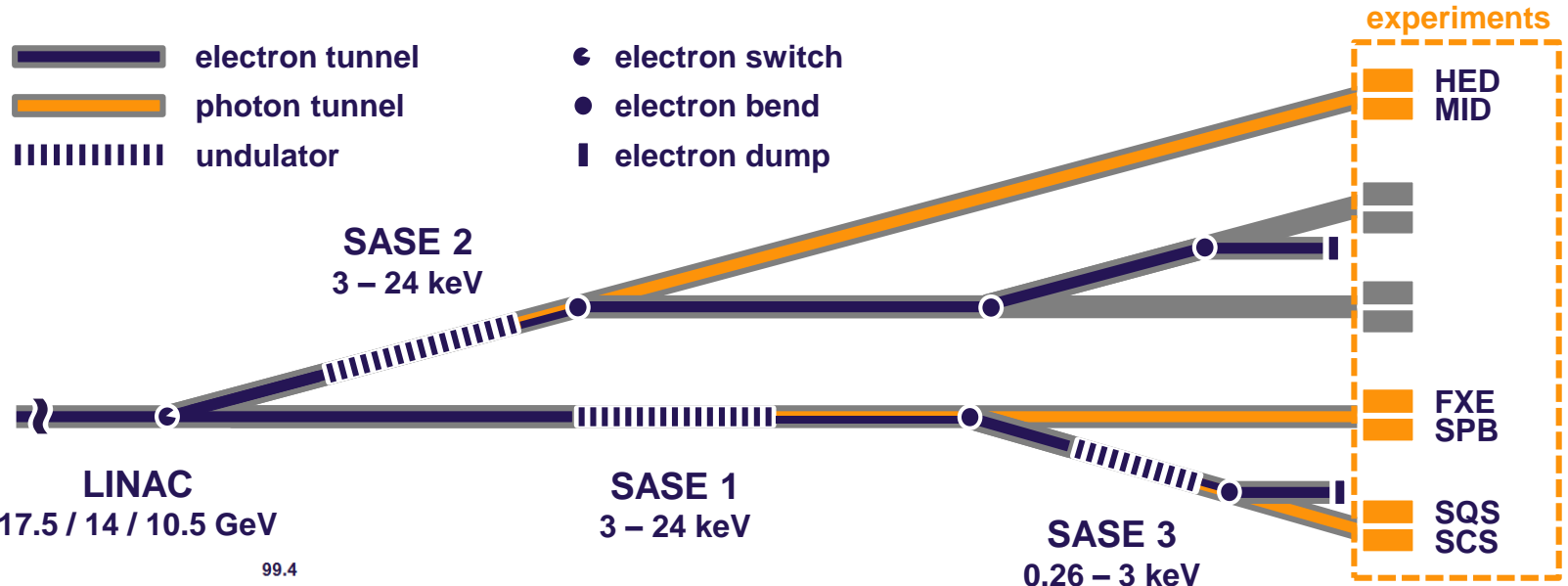
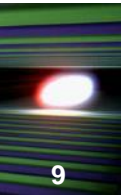


bunch compressor

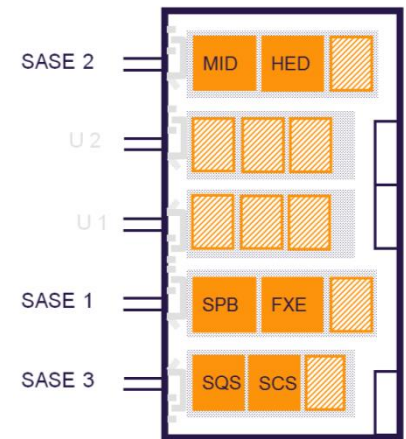


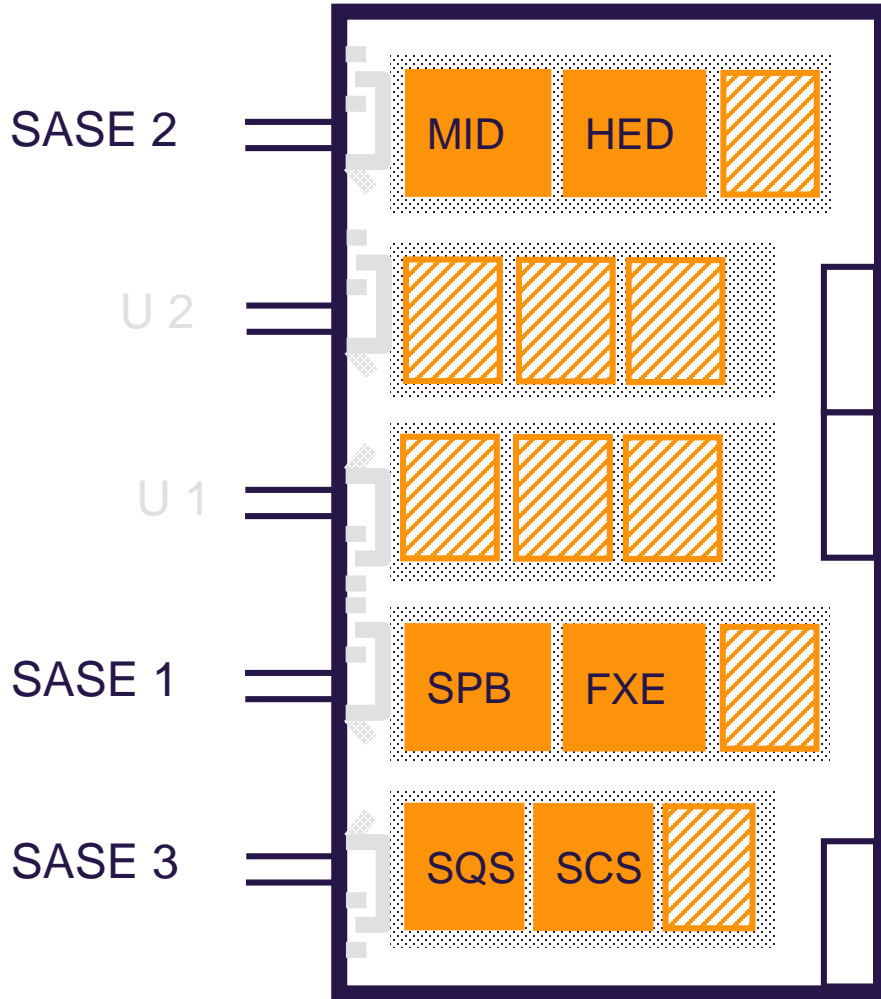
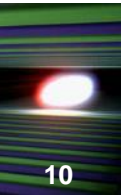
beam diagnostics

X-ray Beamlines for Different Wavelengths with Different Time Structures

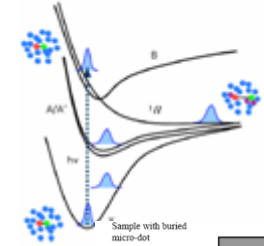


- 2 hard x-ray undulators and beam transport with 4 instruments
- 1 soft x-ray undulator and beam transport with 2 instruments
- all undulators planar and tunable

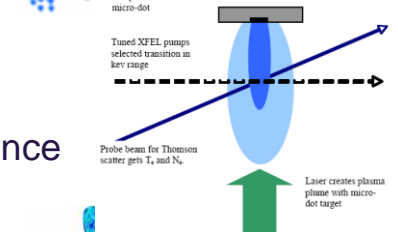




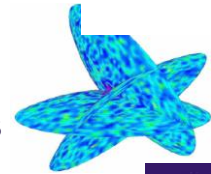
FXE Femtosecond
X-ray
Experiments



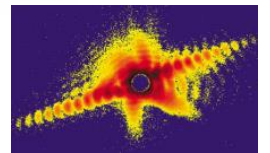
HED High Energy
Density Science



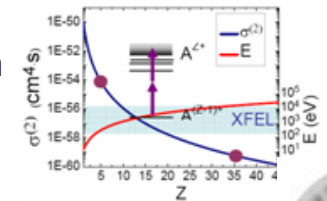
SPB Single Particle &
Biomolecules



MID Materials Imaging &
Dynamics



SQS Small Quantum
Systems



SCS Spectroscopy &
Coherent Scattering



More about experiments: <http://www.xfel.eu>

2000: First lasing at 109 nm at the Tesla Test Facility (TTF), now FLASH

2001: TESLA Linear Collider TDR with XFEL appendix

2002: TESLA TDR supplement with stand-alone XFEL

2006: European XFEL TDR

2009: Foundation of the European XFEL GmbH

Start of underground construction



2010: Formation of the Accelerator Consortium

16 accelerator institutes under the coordination of DESY

2012: End of tunnel construction

Start of underground installation

2016: Finish of accelerator installation

Start of commissioning



Commissioning Plan

(include as many systems as early as possible)

- 12/16** Linac Cooldown
- 01/17** Injector at 130 MeV (3 RF stations)
- 01/17** L1 commissioning (+1 RF station)
- 02/17** L2 commissioning (+3 RF stations)
- 02 - 04/17** L3 commissioning (+15 RF stations)
- 05/17** Beam through SASE1 & SASE3 undulator sections
- end 05/17** Milestone “First Lasing Possible”

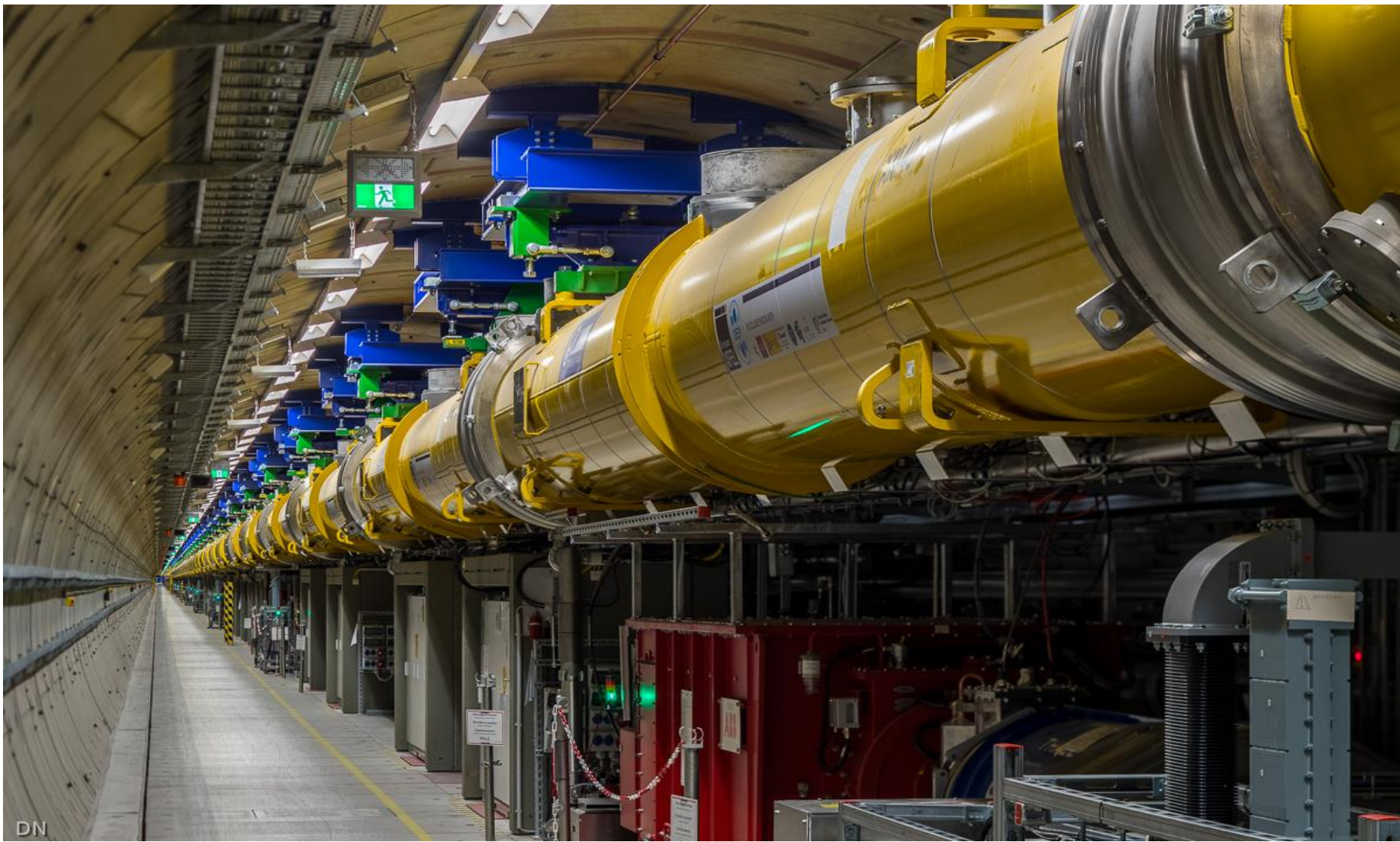
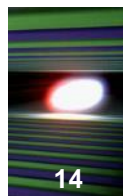
- 06 - 08/17** Commission SASE1 photon beamline and experiment
Consolidate FEL operation at 8-10 keV photon energy
- 09/17** First user experiments (total 800 hours)

- 2018** Continue facility commissioning + 2000 user hours
- 2019** Routine operation with 6 experiments + 4000 user hours

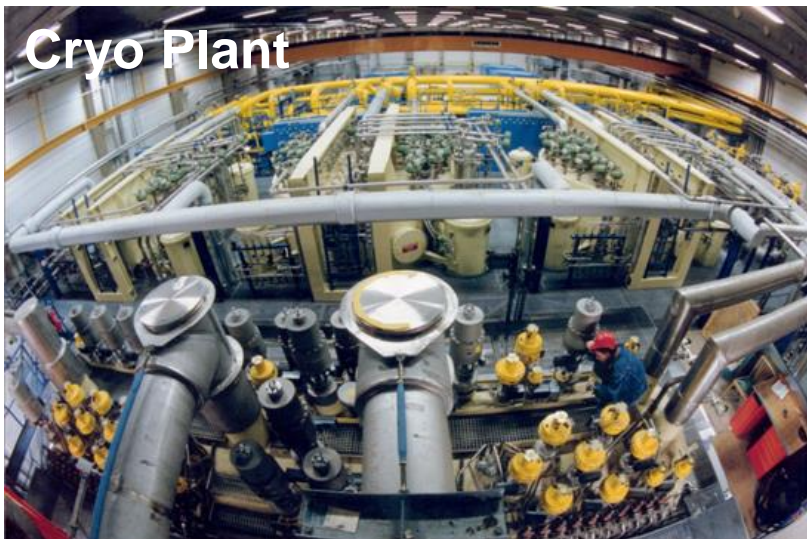


- Photoinjector conditioned and characterized at PITZ, DESY-Zeuthen
- Injector cool-down 12 / 2015
- First Beam on Dec 18th 2015 - commissioning till Q2/2016
- Full bunch train length (27,000 bunches/s) reached for 20pC - 1000pC bunch charges
- Photocathode laser with excellent up-time
(Yb:YAG laser from Max-Born Institute Berlin; 257 nm \leq 4 μ J; 3 ps)
- 3.9 GHz system operational from day 2
- Laser heater commissioned

View along L3 accelerator section

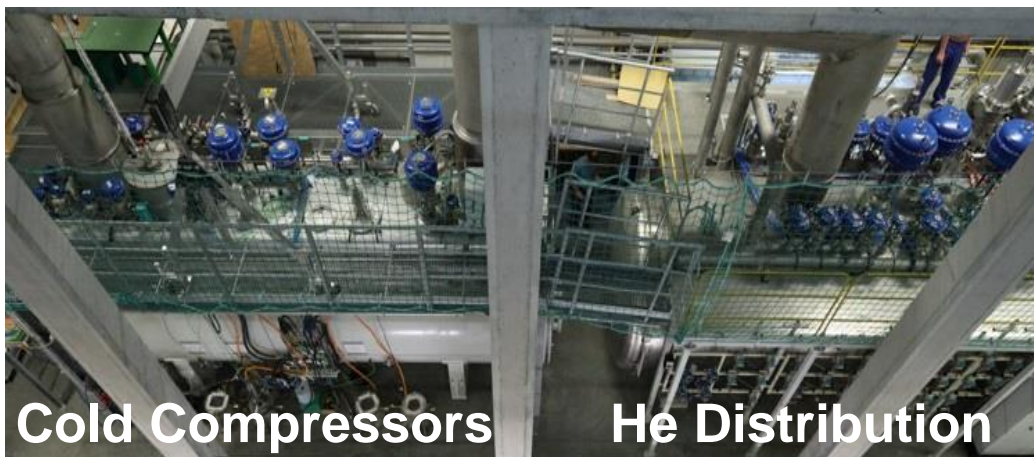


Overview of XFEL Cryogenic Equipment

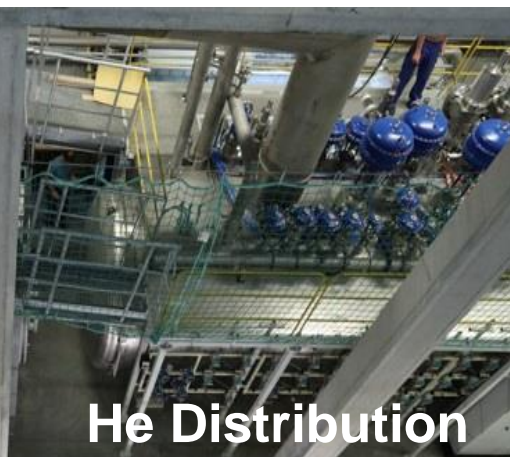


Cryo Plant

- Cryo plant with cold compressors and extended distribution system
- Cooling capacity:
 - 2K : >1.9 kW
 - 5/8K : 4 kW
 - 40/80K : 24 kW
- Linac is **one 1.5 km long cryo-string**



Cold Compressors

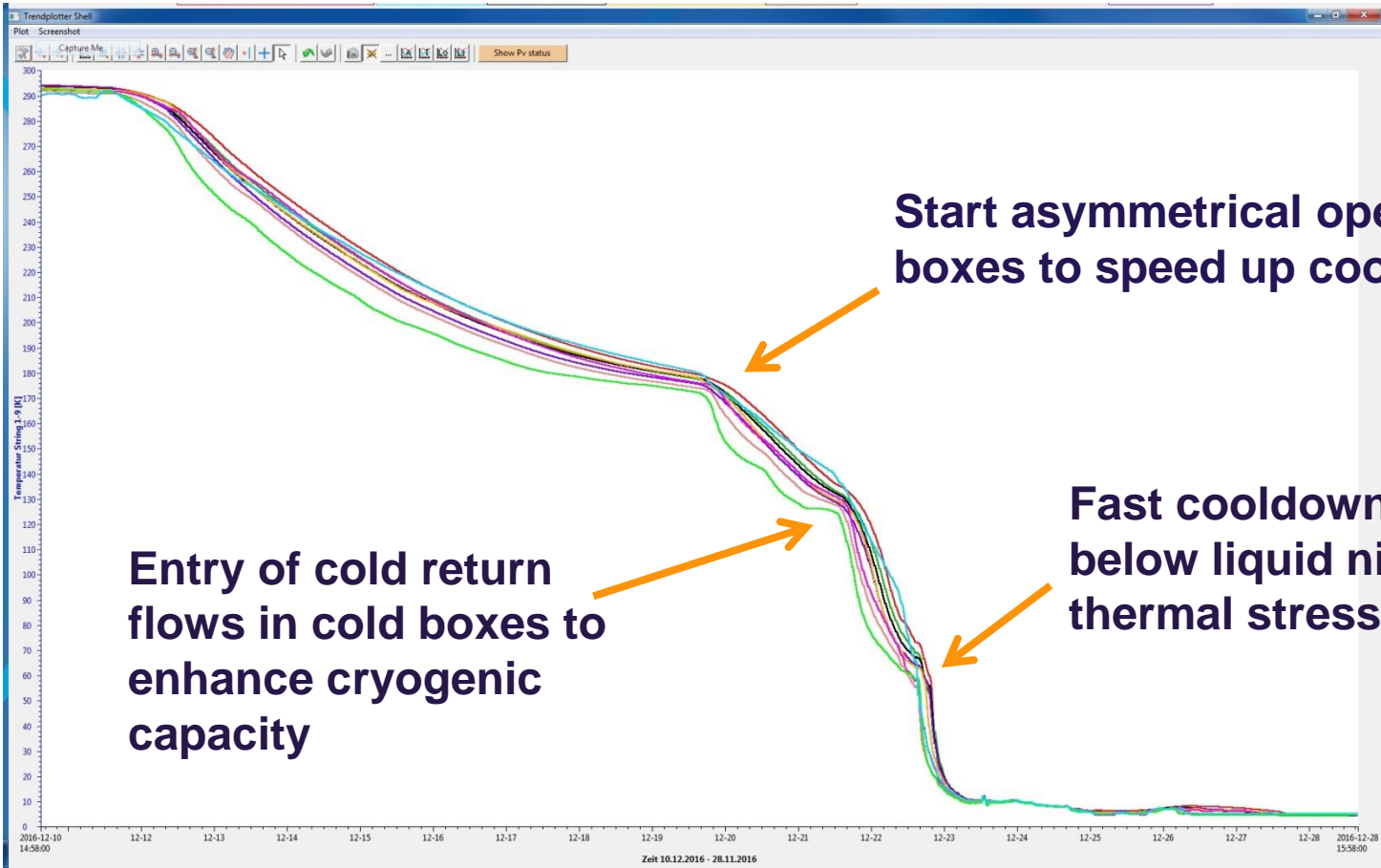
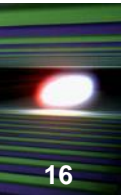


He Distribution



Linac

First Cooldown of XFEL Linac during Dec 2016



Start asymmetrical operation of two cold boxes to speed up cooldown

Entry of cold return flows in cold boxes to enhance cryogenic capacity

Fast cooldown at temperatures below liquid nitrogen (no more thermal stress)

10.12.2016

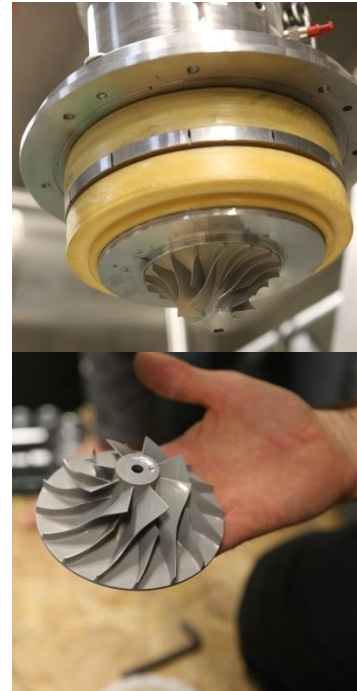
24.12.2016



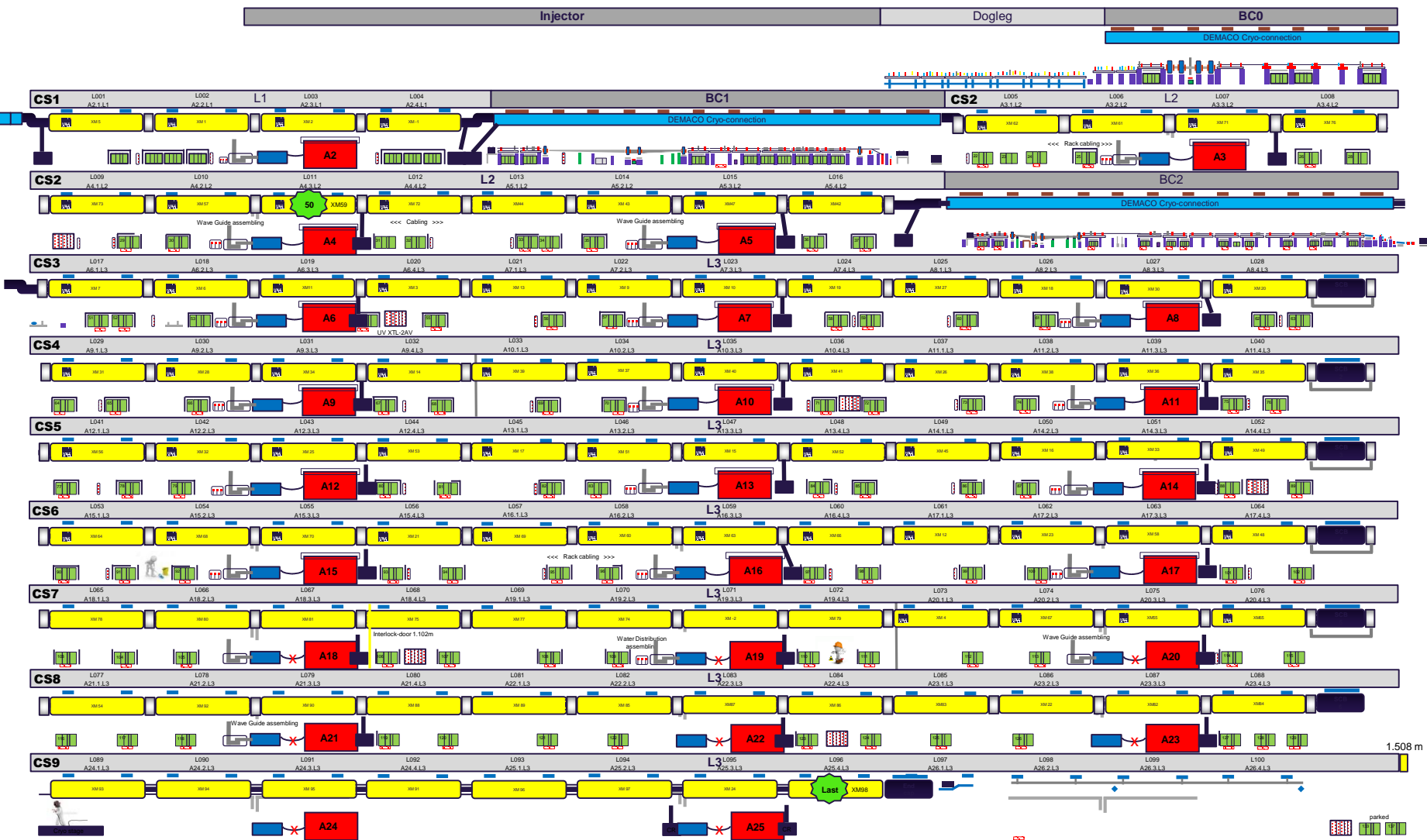
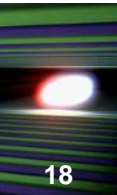
■ No Cold Leaks!!!

Cryogenics is very challenging

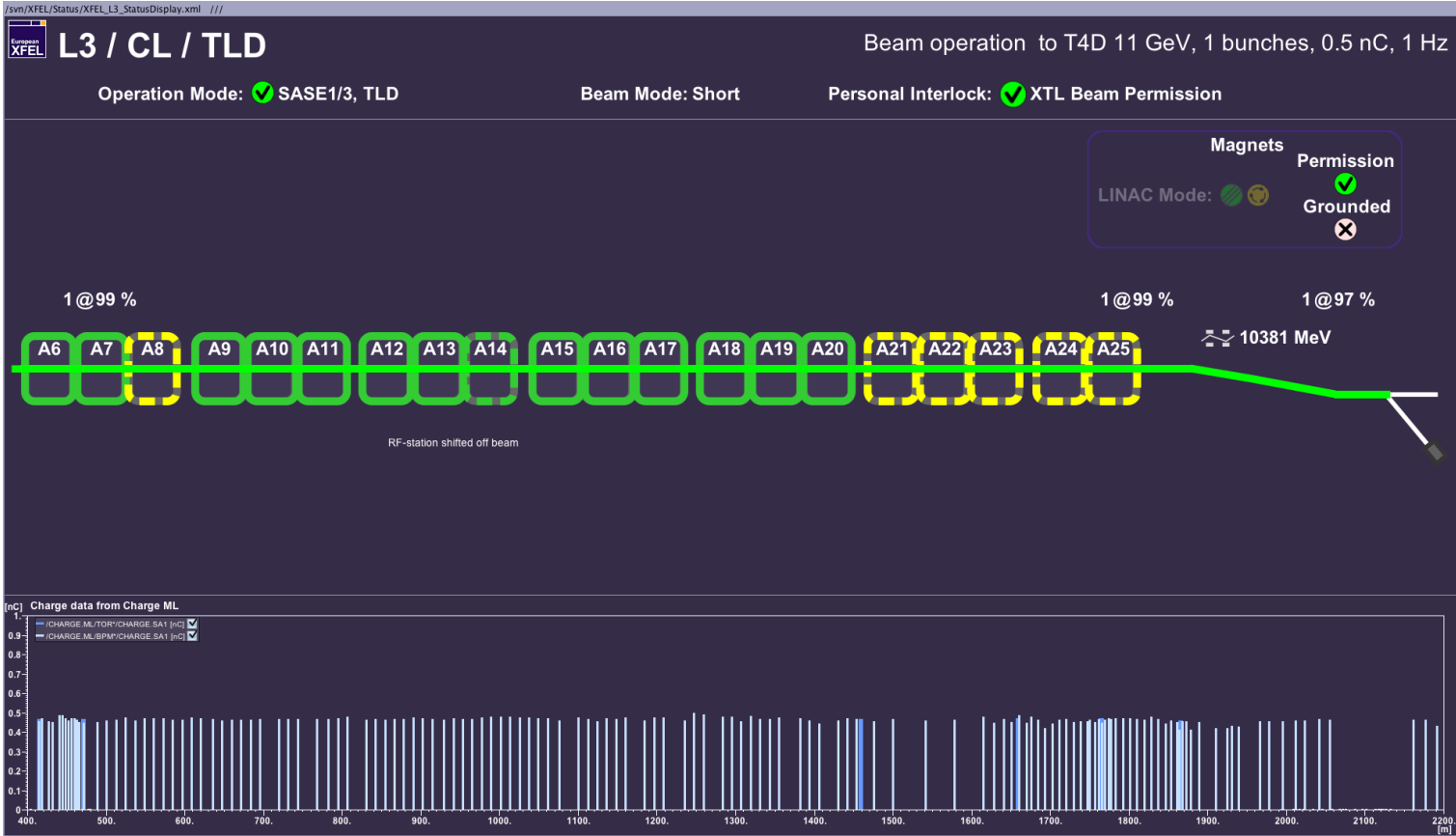
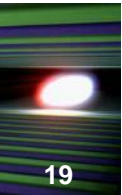
- **Complexity of cryogenic system** asked for sufficient commissioning time; experts had to establish / optimize operation and to **gain experience** with new machines, especially the used cold compressors.
- **How to deal with...**
 - 671 control valves
 - >3,800 sensors (temperature, pressure, flow, level)
 - 433 regulation loops
 - >22,000 records and >220,000 properties
 - and last but not least ... **>300 tons of material to be cooled down**
- **Required 2K pressure stability** of 2% peak from LLRF requirements (cavity detuning)
- Tedious adjustment of regulation loops
- Inner-system heaters to counteract dynamic processes



We cooled down all 96 accelerator modules



L3 RF Stations on the Status Panel



 in operation
 dito. but shifted off beam
 off

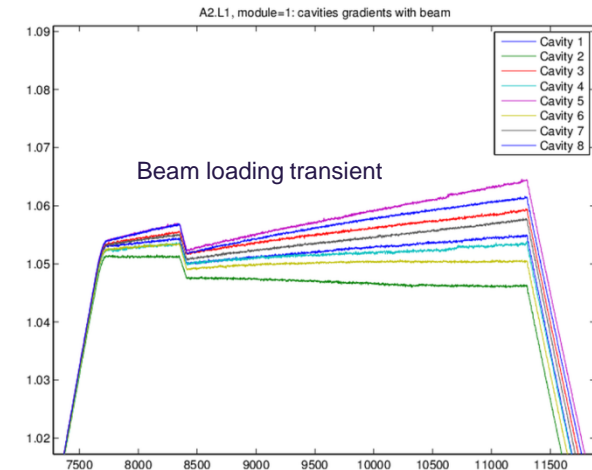
- All RF stations including CS7 are commissioned at moderate gradients.
- Detailed measurements will show the path towards higher beam energies.
- CS8 is meanwhile ready for LLRF commissioning; thanks to maintenance days.
- The last two stations (CS9) require still longer tunnel access.

■ Commissioning milestones

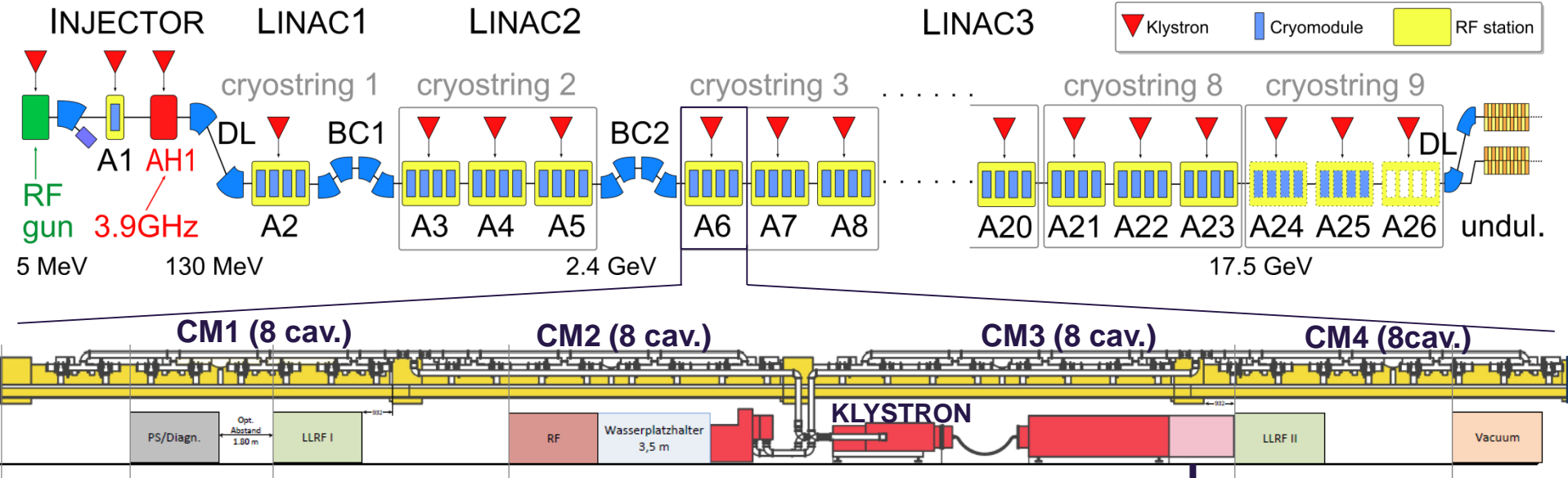
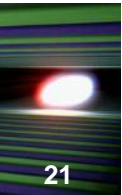
- Initial checks (LLRF system ready for commissioning)
- Cold coupler conditioning (optional)
- Cavity Forward and Reflected RF signal integrity (cabling issues? signal saturation?)
- Frequency tuning (from parking position)
- Cavity Probe RF signal integrity (cabling issues? signal saturation?)
- Coupler tuning (target QL)
- Power-based gradient calibration (coarse)
- Cavity phasing (using waveguide phase shifters)
- Closed-loop operation (feedback, learning feedforward)
- Beam-based gradient calibration (fine)

■ Reached goals by now

- Handed over to operations and controlled via FSM
- Inner loop RF stability < 0.01 deg, $< 0.01\%$
- Preliminary measurements of beam energy jitter $\approx 10^{-4}$



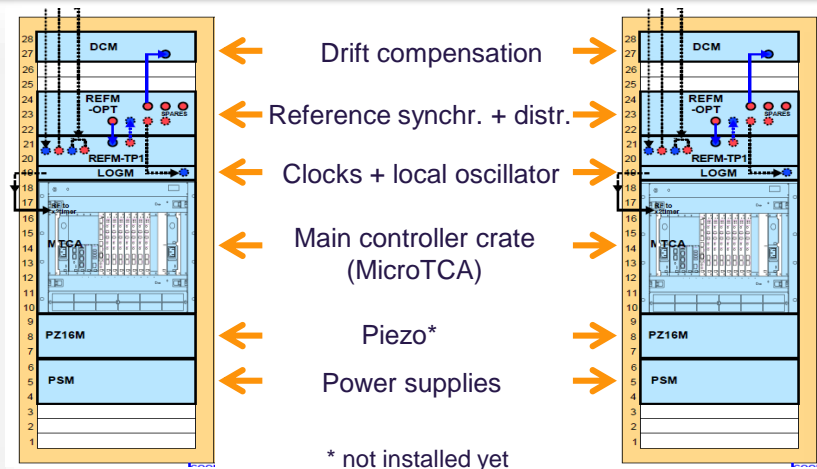
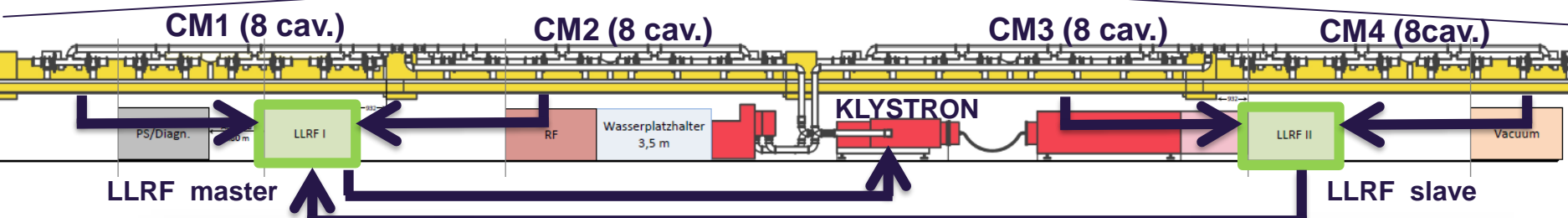
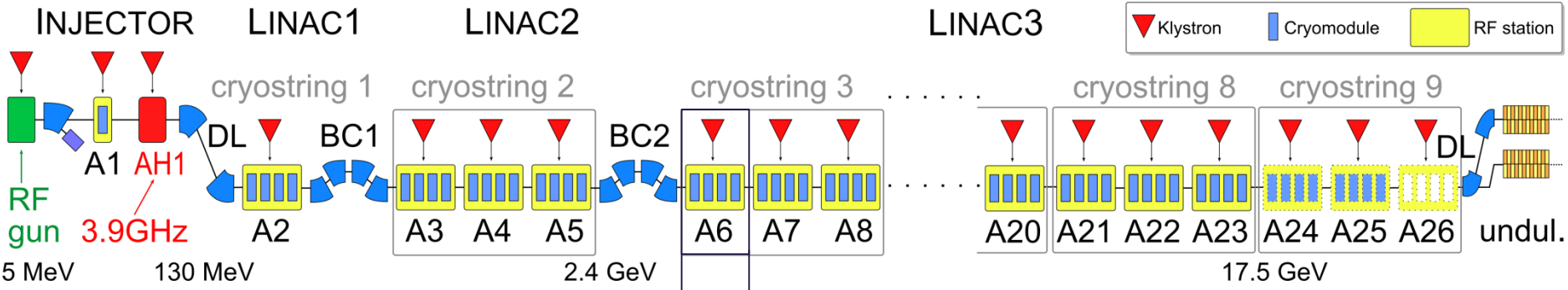
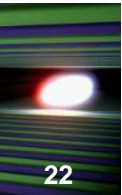
Example: beam induced transient during cavity phasing



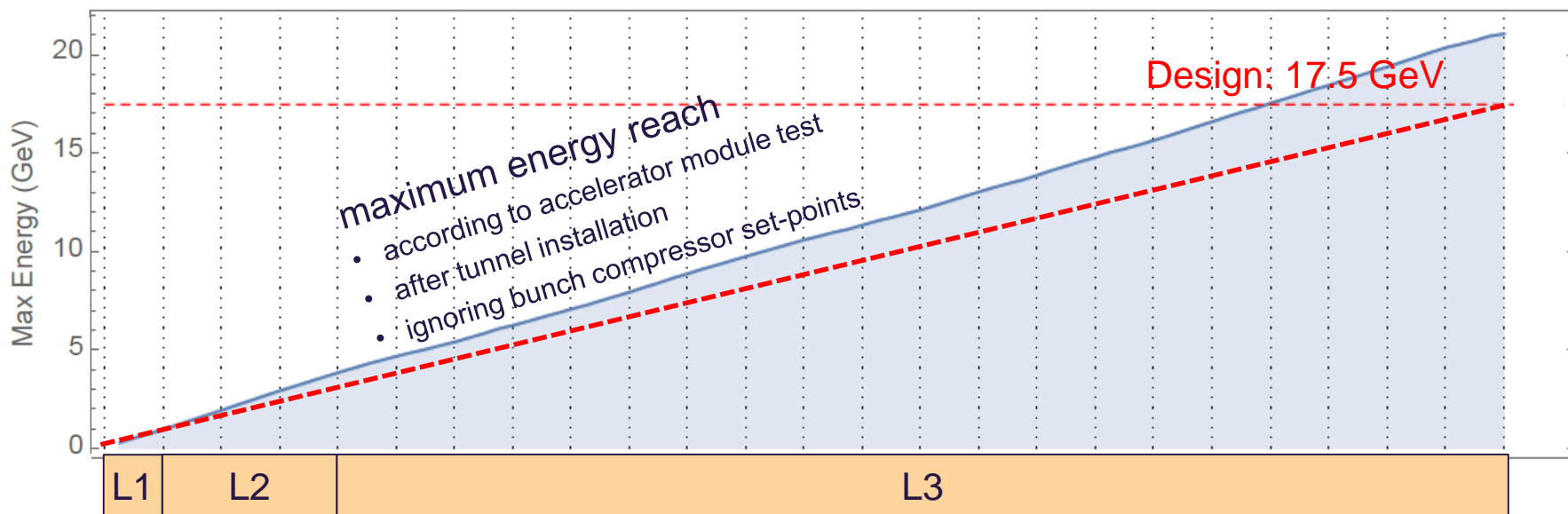
Klystron and modulator below module

- HV Modulators in surface hall
- Connected to pulse transformer via up to 2km long pulse cables

XFEL LLRF System

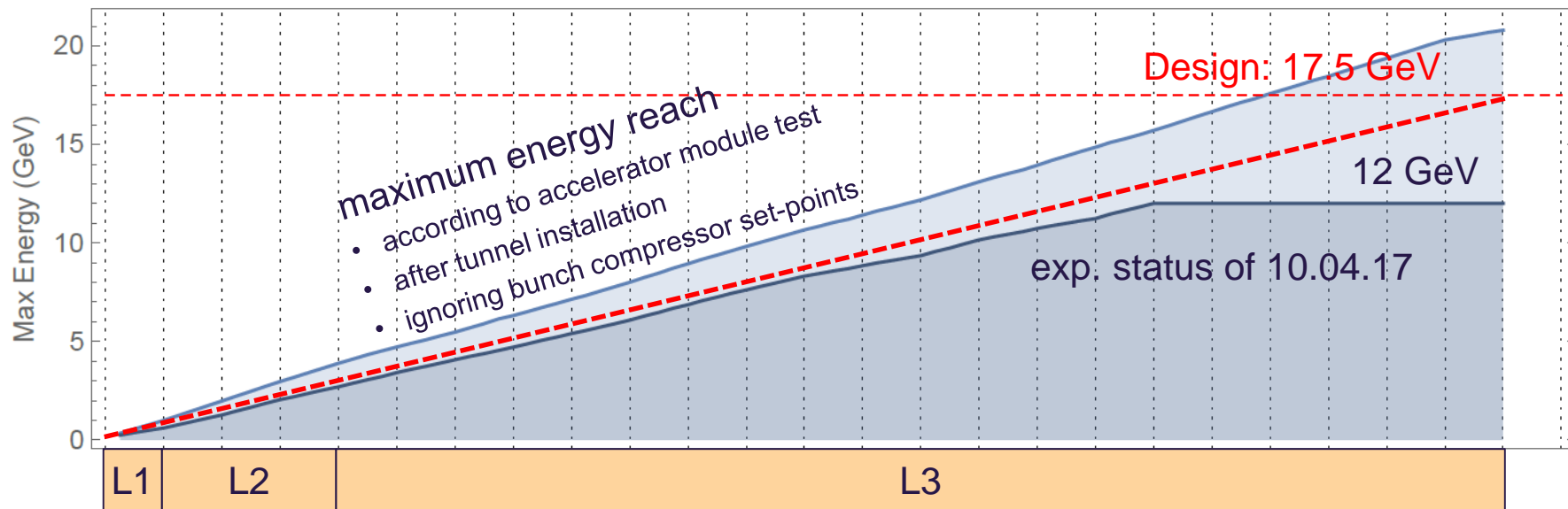


Energy Reach of European XFEL Modules



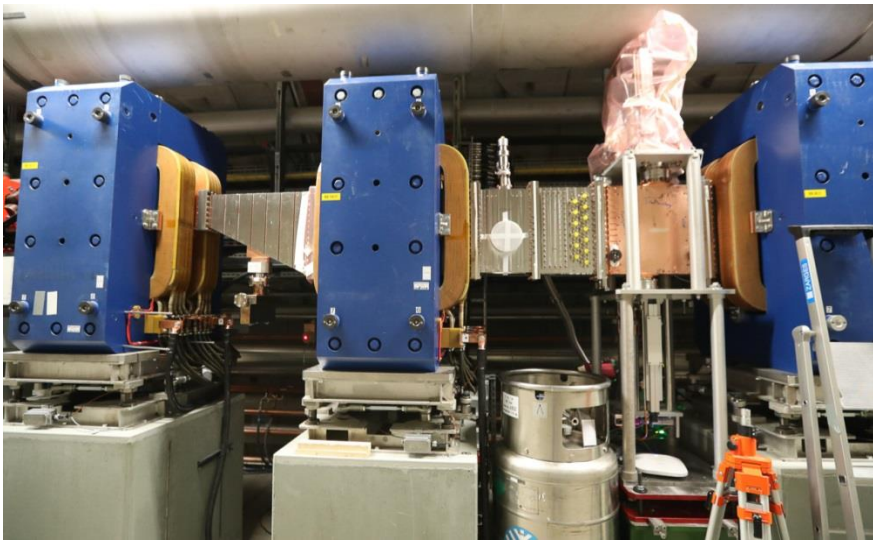
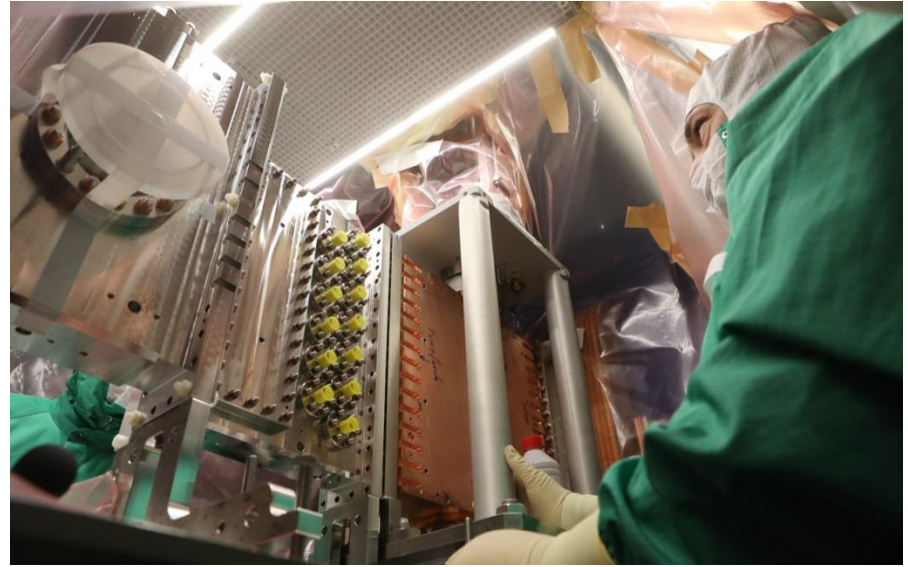
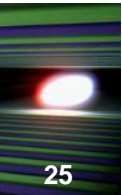
- Average accelerating gradient after pre-installation module test and waveguide tailoring
 - 26 MV/m, (design 23.5 MV/m)
- Some additional gradient reduction due to tunnel waveguide distribution
- Excess energy reach will enhance operation reliability

Operating Gradients used so far

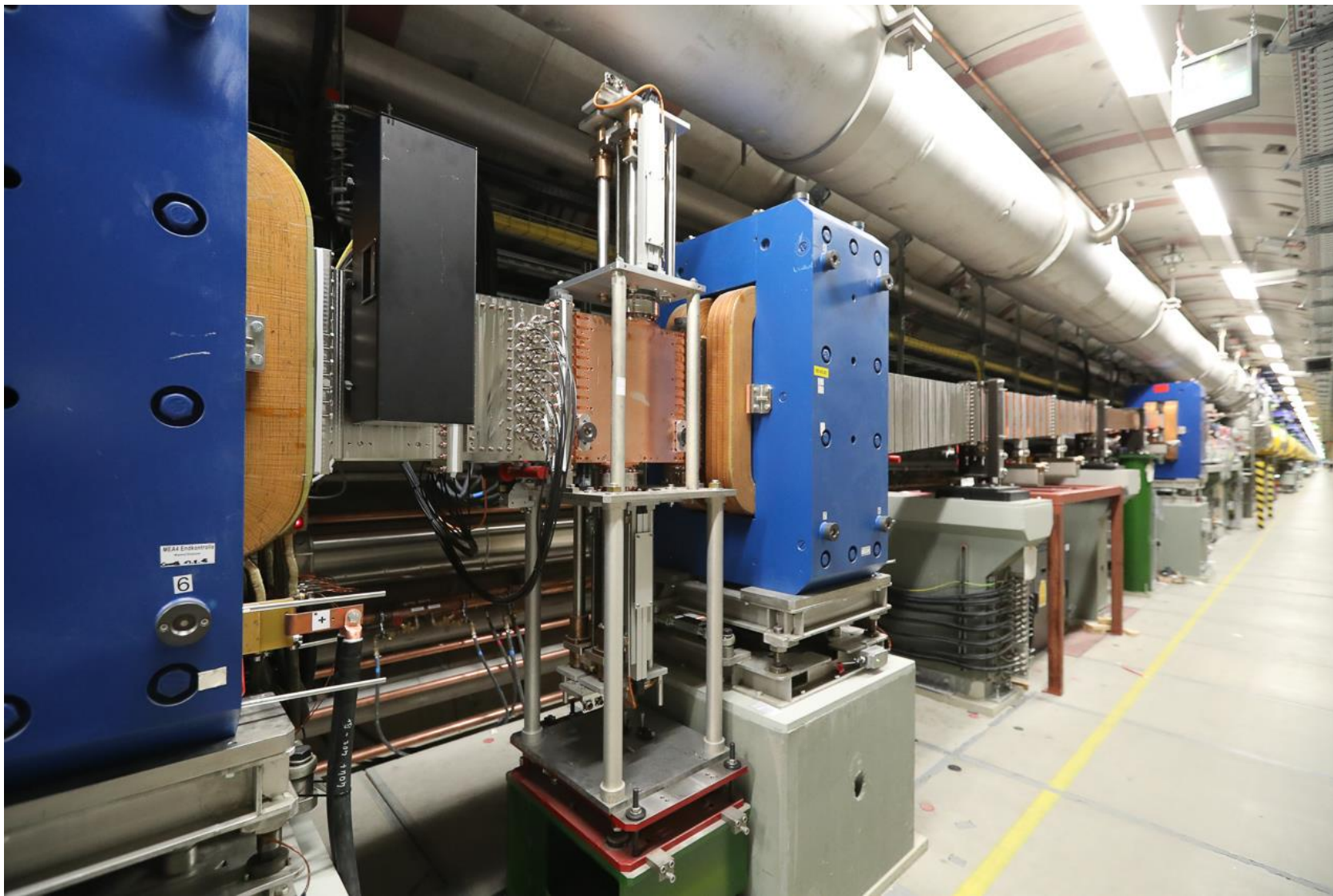


- After initial commissioning design gradient almost reached
- Operation of RF stations “off beam” allows final commissioning of single stations parallel to XFEL lasing operation
- Quite some RF cavities needed short multipactor processing around 16 to 20 MV/m.
- So far 4 couplers were disconnected due to temperature rise at warm window; RF conditioning was not easily possible.

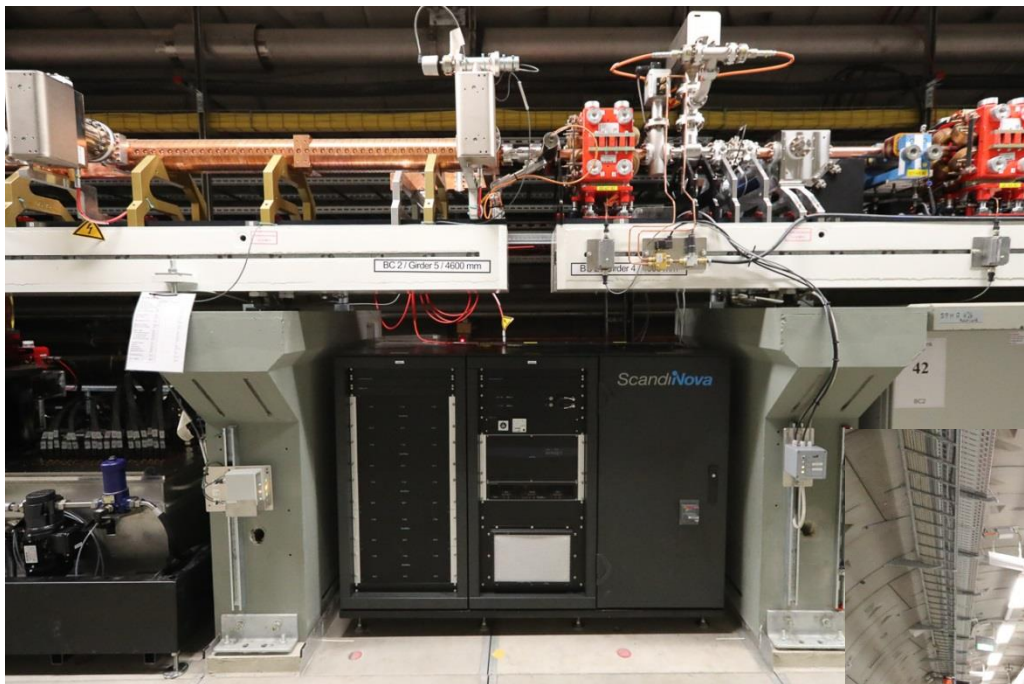
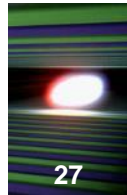
Warm Beam Line Sections Bunch Compressor Sections – Challenging Installation



Bunch Compressor BC1

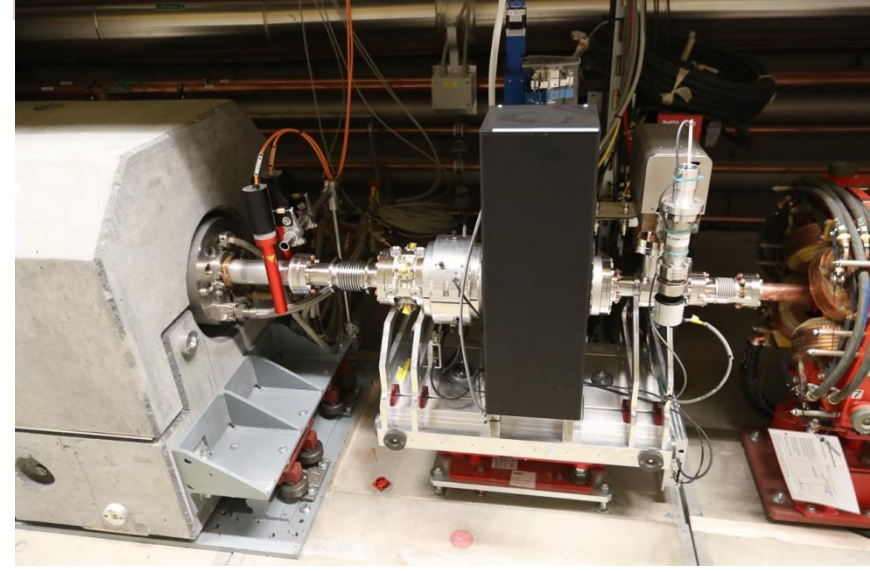


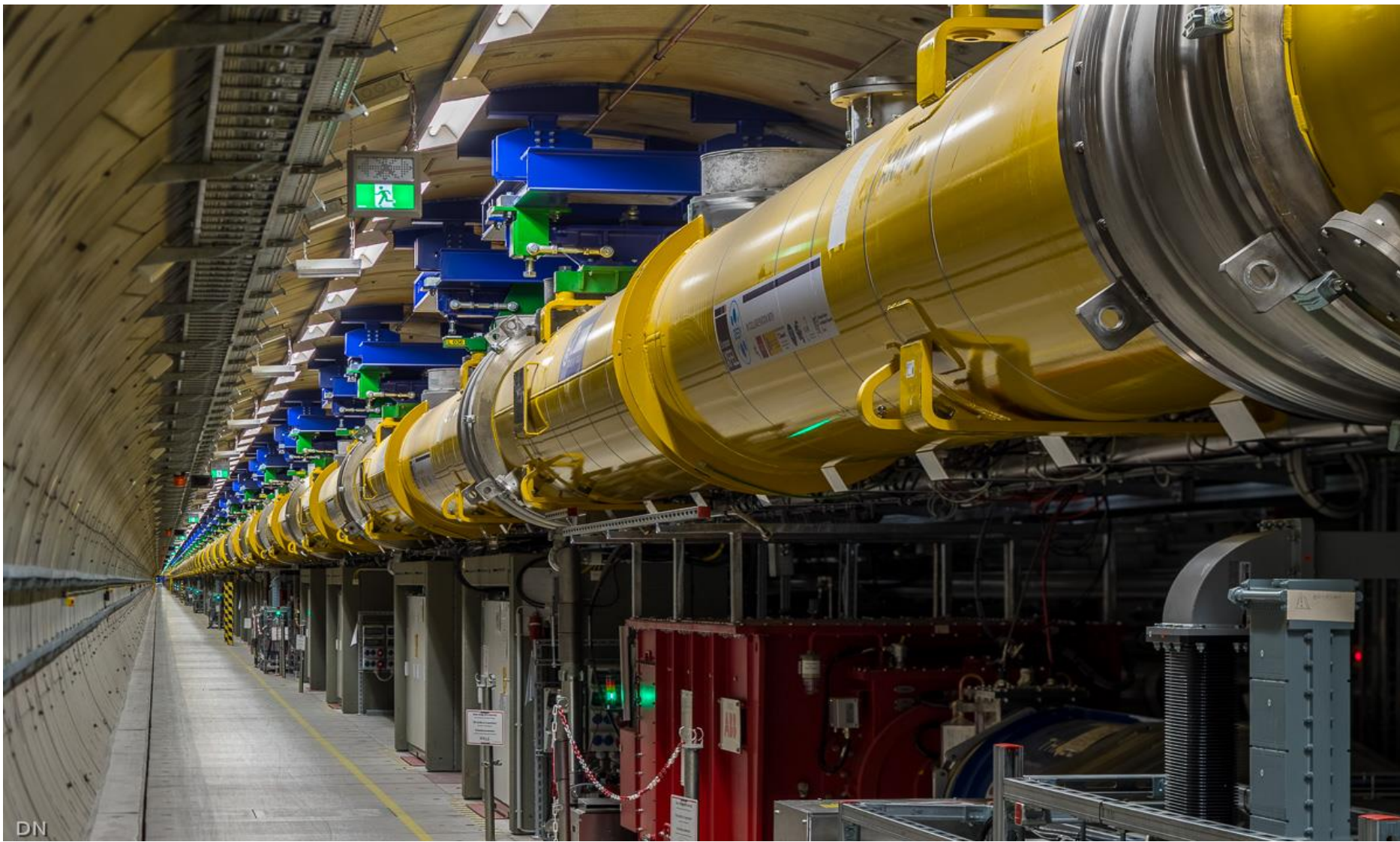
Transverse Deflection System in Bunch Compressor BC2



- The BC2 TDS system is one important system to be used to verify short bunch lengths during linac setup.

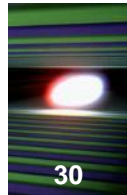
Both Bunch Compressors BC1 / BC2 include Commissioning Beam Dumps



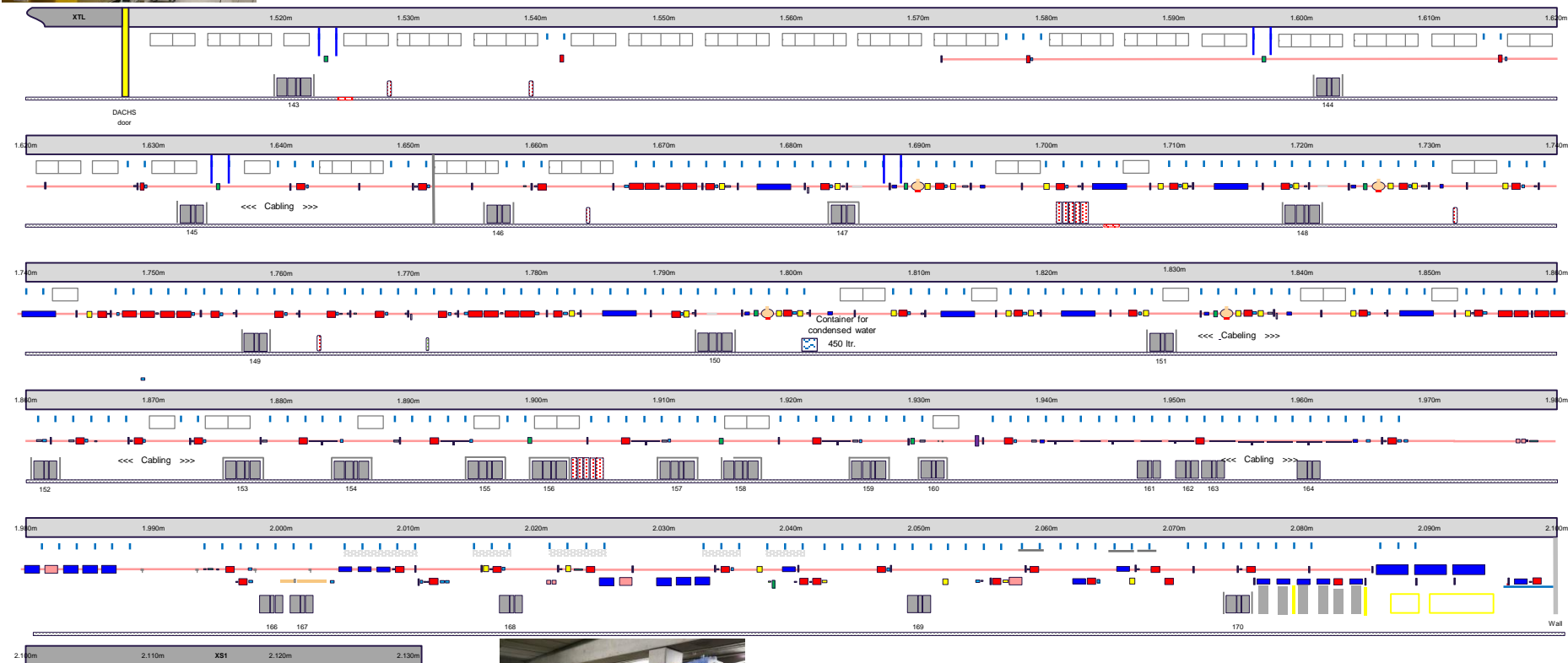


DN

Post Linac Beam Lines upstream of XS1

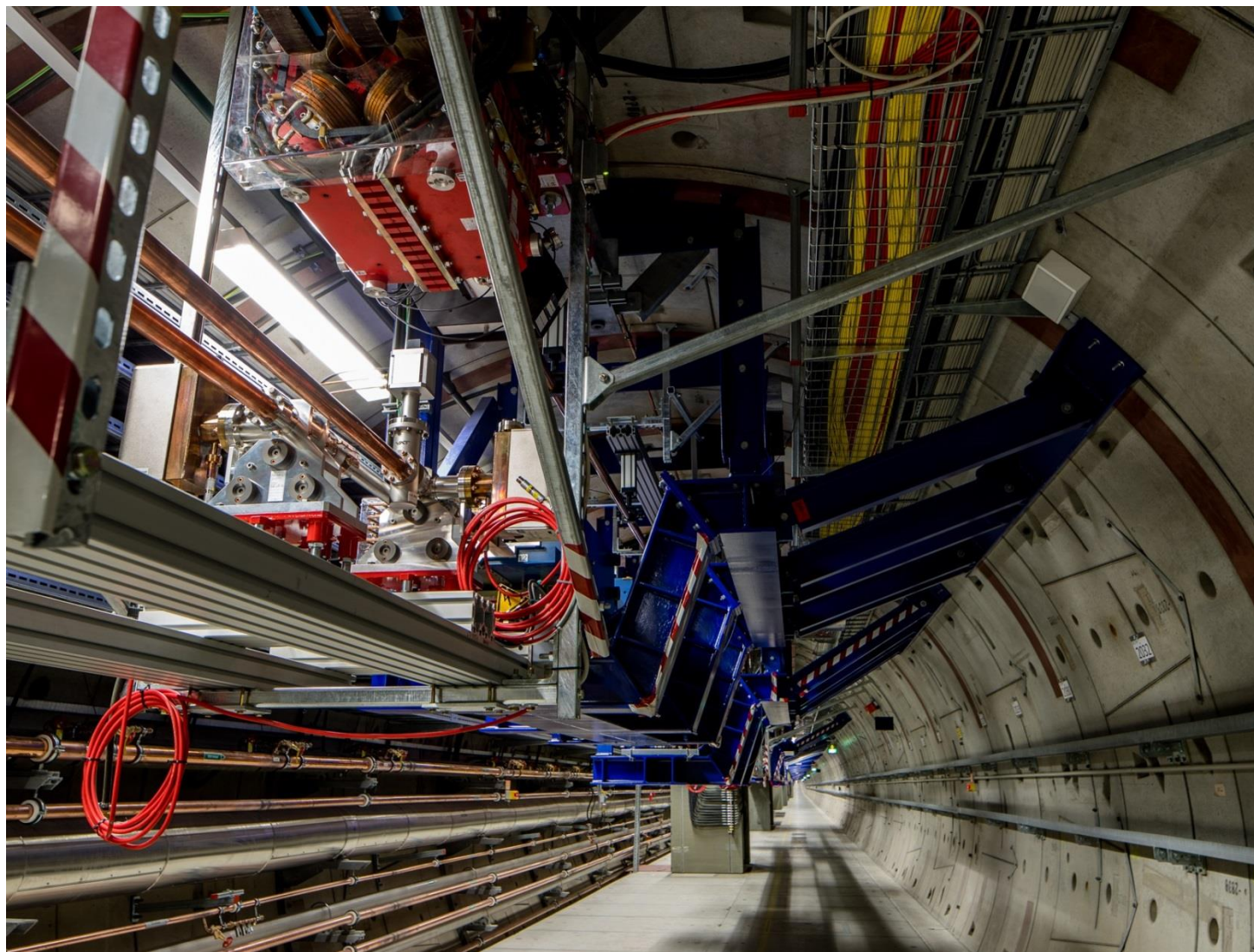
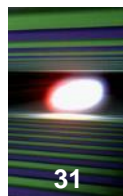


- 200 m transport line (eq. to 4 + 12 modules)
- 200 m collimation



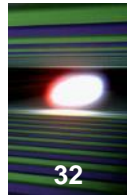
- 200 m beam distribution
- 100 m XS1 dump line

Transfer Lines at the End of the Main Linac Tunnel (XTL)



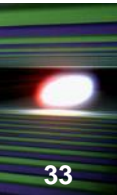
- All beam lines are suspended from the ceiling
- Engineering of 'hanging' system needed some effort but result is very satisfying

Warm Beam Line Sections Transport Line to XS1 Beam Dump



- Three 300 kW main beam dumps
- Special vehicles to exchange activated dumps

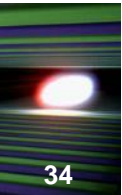
Installation on Top of XS1 Dump Cave



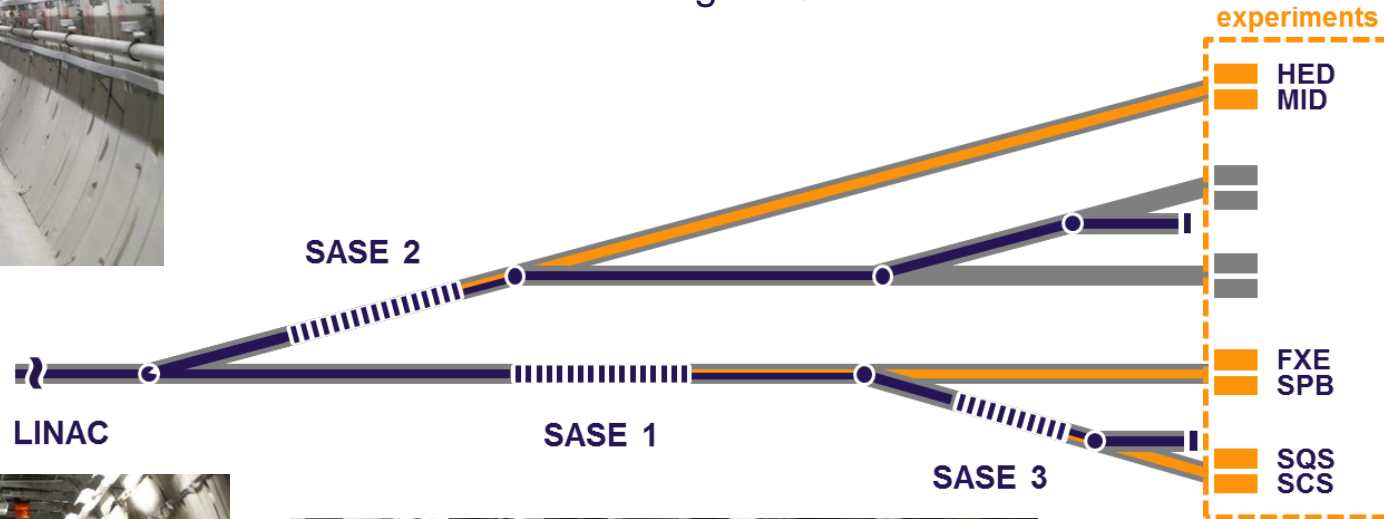
- XS1 installation includes transport towards XTDs



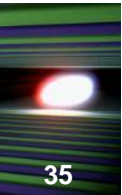
Final Installation Activities SASE2 Undulator Section



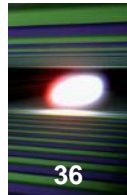
- Mechanical vacuum work in the southern branch almost finished.
- Technical commissioning in Q3/2017.



SASE Undulator Sections with special air conditioning hutch

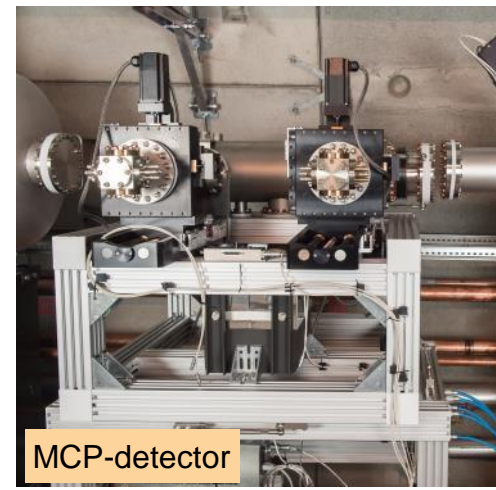
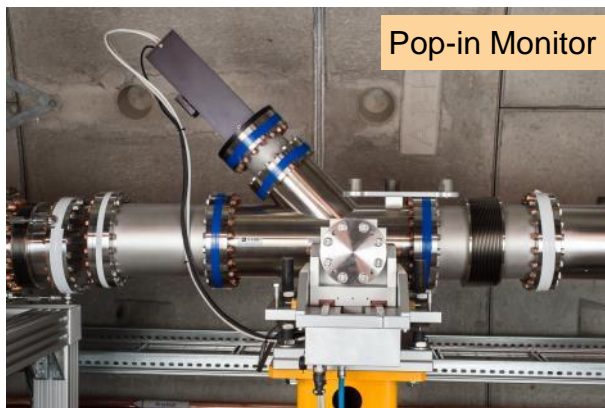
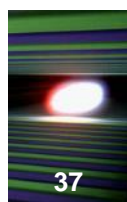


Installation of Photon Beamlines

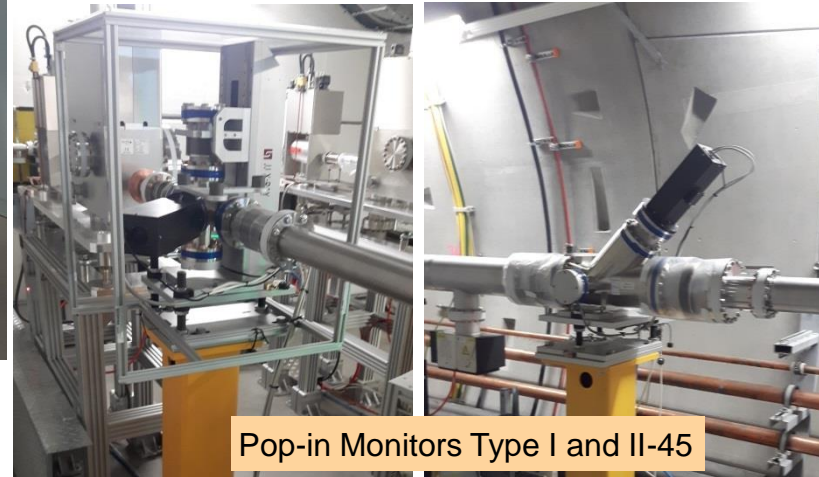
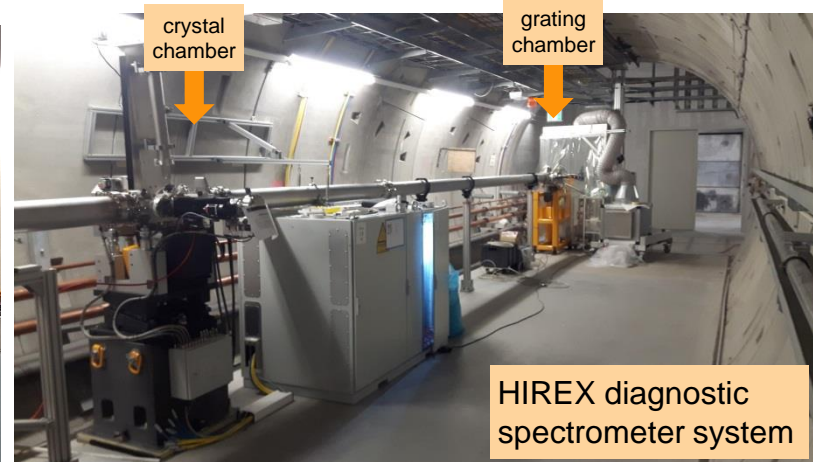
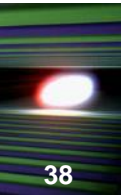


Differential pump + XGM in XTD9

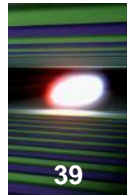
Photon Beam Diagnostics Status SASE1 – XTD2



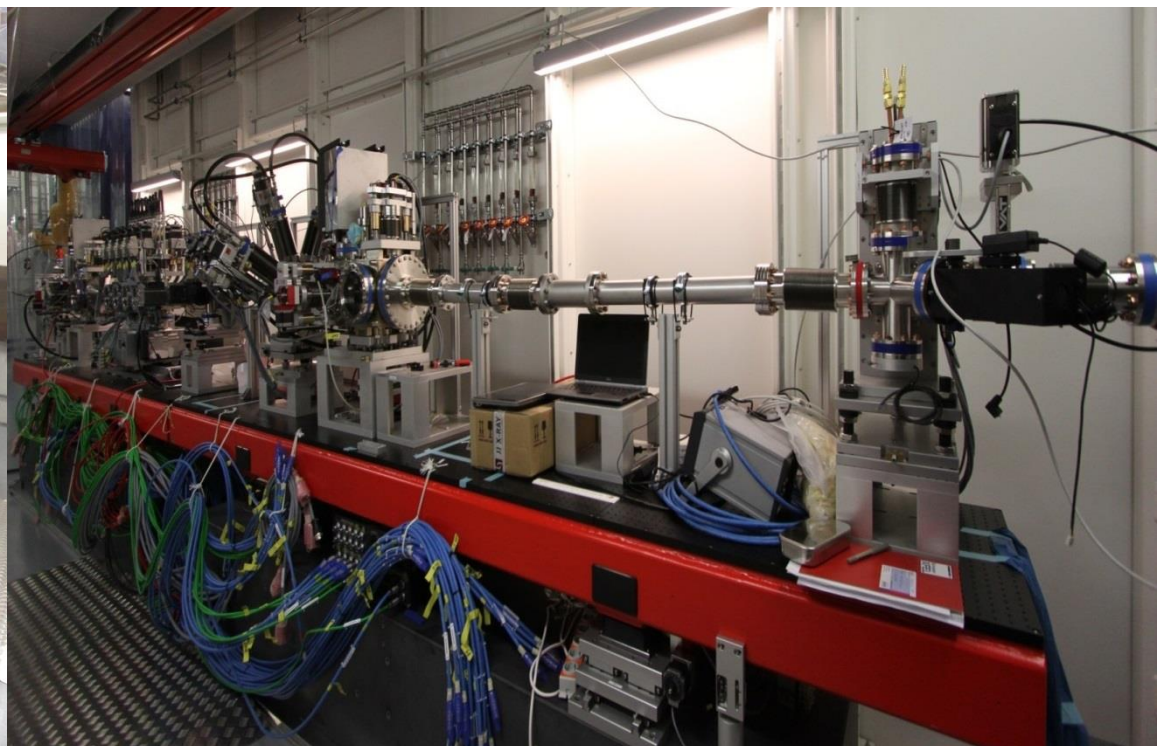
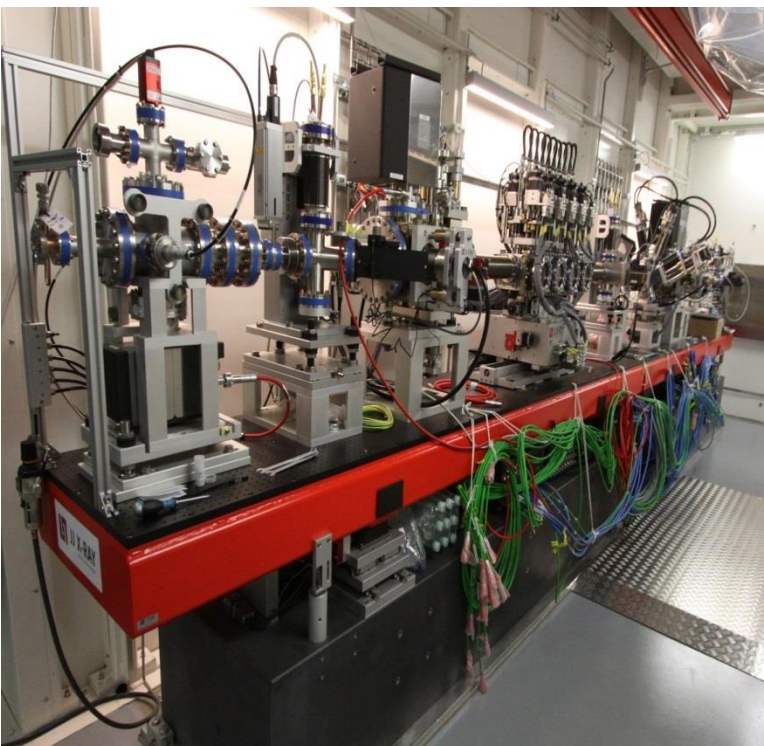
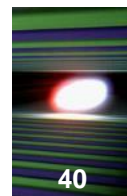
Photon Beam Diagnostics Status SASE1 – XTD9



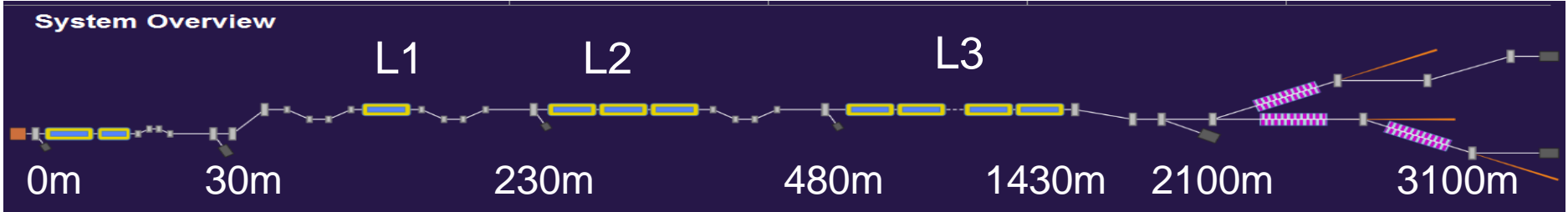
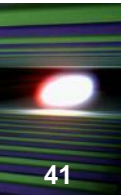
XHEXP – SASE1 science instruments



SASE1 - Femtosecond X-ray Experiment (FXE)



Beamline Commissioning Progress



13/01*

* Beam permission on 13/01

15/01 @ 130 MeV
19/01 @ 600 MeV

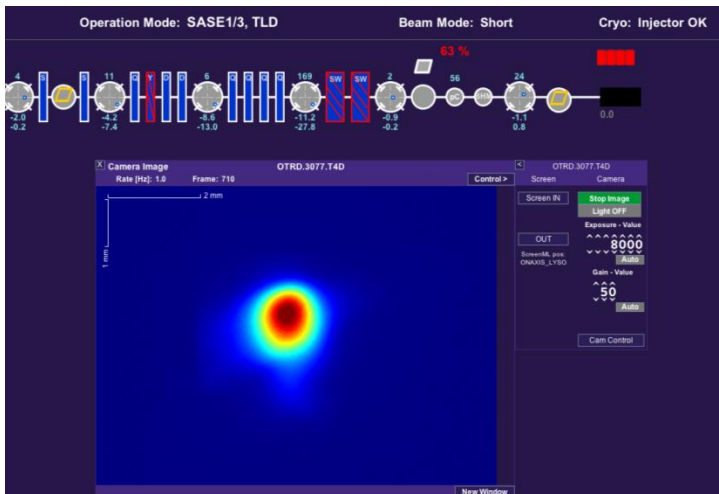
02/02 @ 600 MeV
22/02 @ 2.5 GeV

25/02 @ 2.5 GeV
19/03 @ 6 GeV
08/04 @ 12 GeV

27/04*

* Beam permission on 26/04

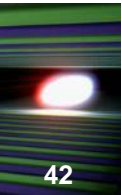
27/04 Beam spot before dump



keen on lasing...

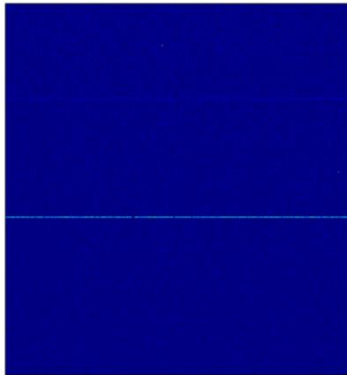
First signal from FEL radiation

02.05.17 - 03.05.17



- low energy 6.4 GeV working point for beam based alignment
- no undulator beam based alignment yet, no laser heater

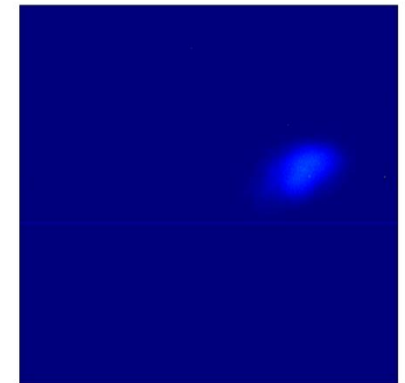
Photon beam @ OTRC.2615.T9



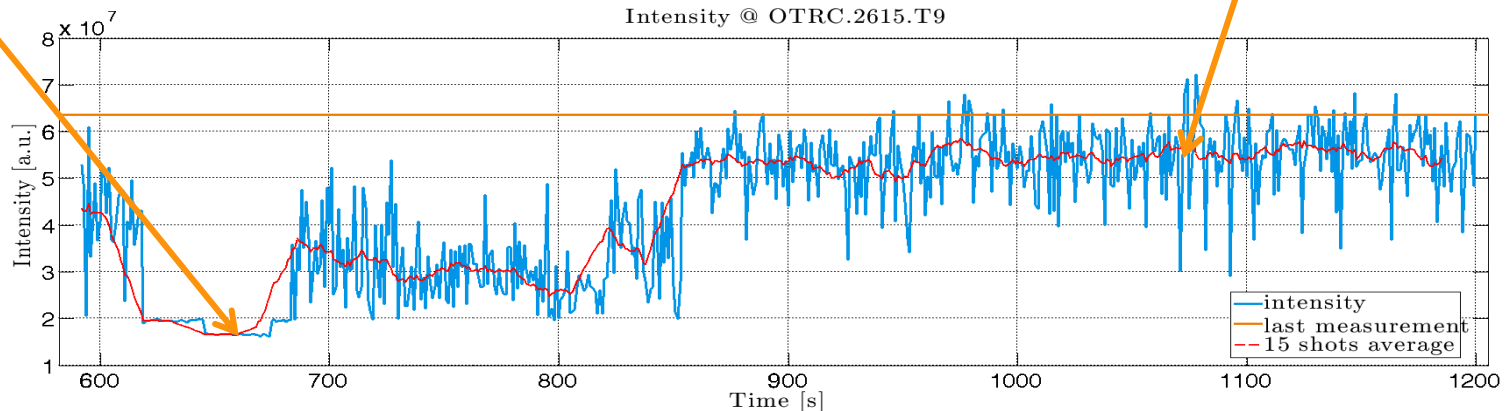
some tweaking of compression and trajectory



Photon beam @ OTRC.2615.T9



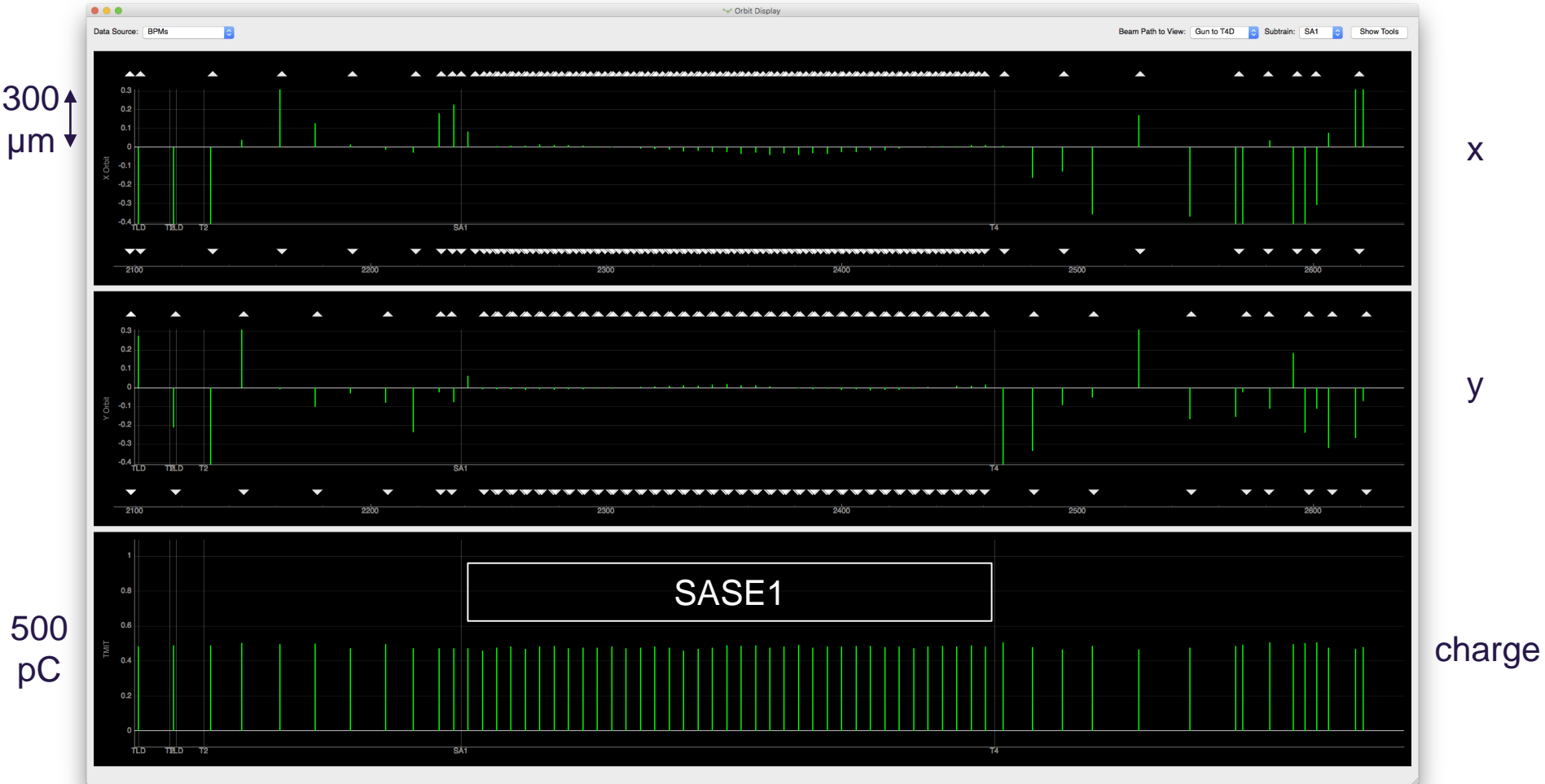
E = 6.4 GeV
K = 3.5
9 Å



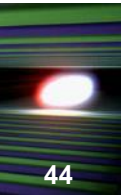
Systematic approach towards short wavelengths

43

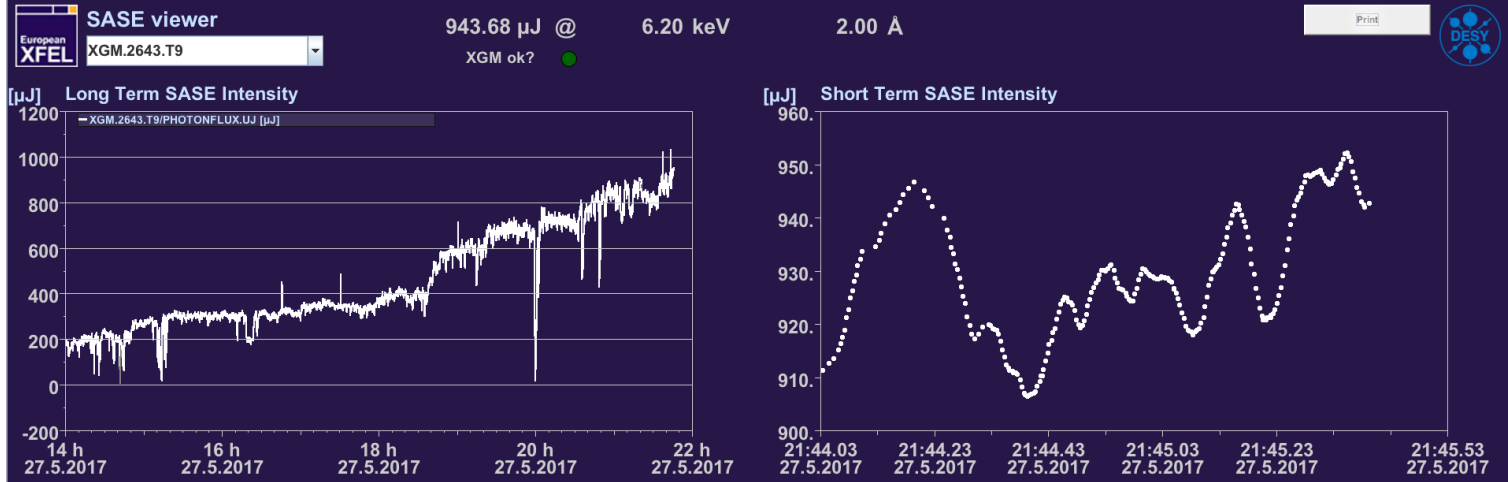
- After first lasing a systematic approach (BBA and commissioning of undulator ctrl) was chosen.
- Photon beam diagnostics was commissioned. Well prepared for lasing at short wavelength...



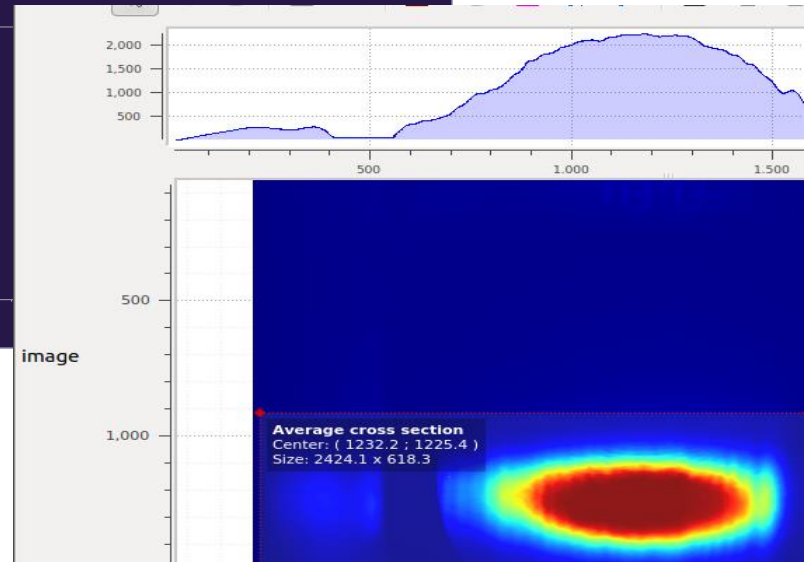
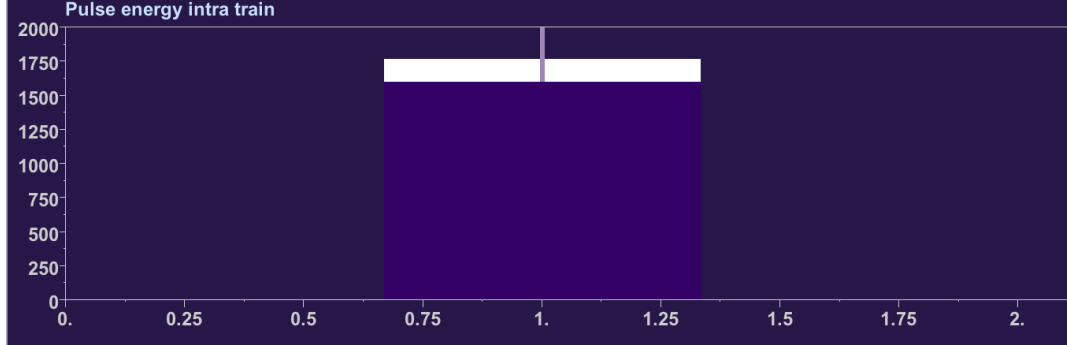
Lasing at 2 Angstrom



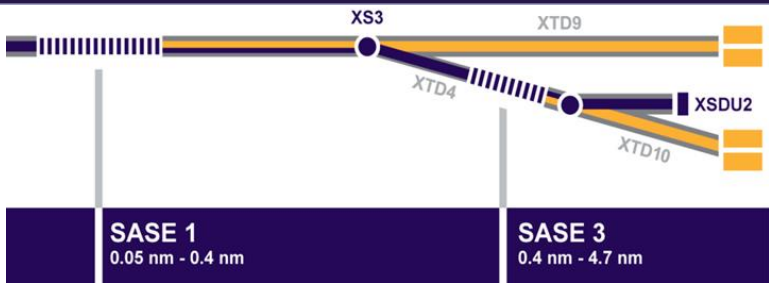
/svn/XFEL/diag/photons/xfel_xgmd_sase_viewer.xml XFEL/FEL/XGM.PHOTONFLUX/XGM.2643.T9/*



- orbit & compression feedback in operation
- transport to SASE1 exp area is next



photon beam at the end of XTD9



Guest Scientists during commissioning

General Assembly of the European XFEL Accelerator Consortium
04.05.2017



THANK YOU TO ALL CONTRIBUTORS TO THE EUROPEAN XFEL

