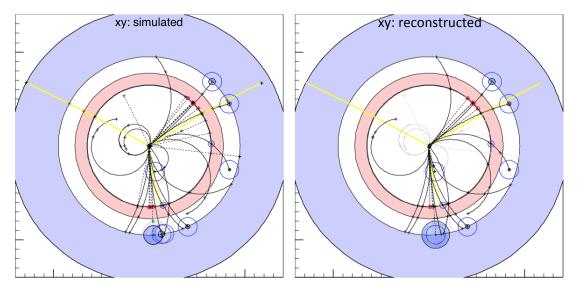
# Fast Physics with Papas and Heppy for FCC-ee





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### Outline

- Introduction to Papas
- Physics analyses using Papas and Heppy
- Practicalities
- Plans

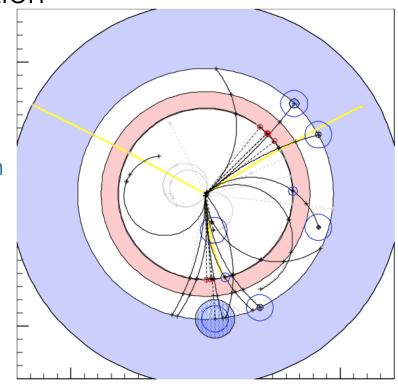
# Introduction to Papas

Papas: Parameterized Particle Simulation

includes Particle Flow reconstruction

#### Approach:

- parameterize detector
- fast simulation/particle flow reconstruction
- run physics analyses (Heppy)
- determine what physics is possible for the detector
- define target performance for detector



Python and C++ versions of Papas

#### Detector Parameterization

#### Parameterized Inner Tracker

```
class Tracker(DetectorElement):
                                                            Parameters used to define:
   def __init__(self):
                                                               simple geometry
       volume = VolumeCylinder('tracker', 1.29, 1.99)
       mat = material.void
                                                                  (cylinder)
       super(Tracker, self).__init__('tracker', volume, mat)
   def acceptance(self, track):
       pt = track.p3() .Pt()
                                                                acceptance model
       eta = abs(track.p3() .Eta())
       if eta < 1.35 and pt>0.5:
           return random.uniform(0,1)<0.95
       elif eta < 2.5 and pt>0.5:
                                                               resolution model
           return random.uniform(0,1)<0.9
       else:
           return False
   def resolution(self, track):
                                                               ► (+ B field)
       return 1.1e-2
```

# Detectors for Papas

#### Available detectors for PAPAS

CMS detector: fully supported,

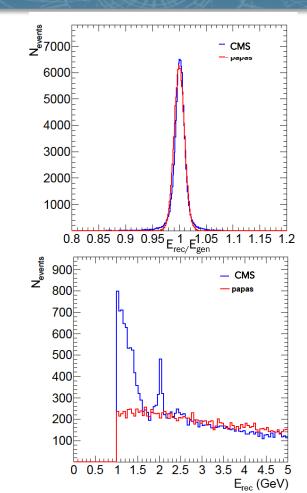
tuned to CMS

able to reproduce results

175 lines of code

ILD detector: (under development: M Dams)

Easy to set up new detector designs (should be able to create a new detector in a few hours)

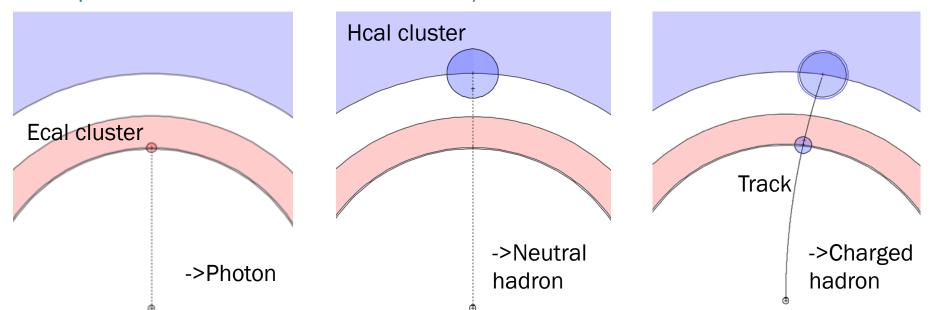


# Papas Reconstruction

#### Papas uses particle flow algorithm

~ same as in CMS

Find "connected" sets of clusters/tracks
Build particles from "connected" clusters/tracks



# Analyses using Heppy

#### Heppy: High Energy Physics in PYthon

- Heppy is a python based modular analysis framework
- independent of Papas
- Papas (python) fully integrated as Heppy modules
- widely used in CMS
- reads root files (eg outputs from Delphes, FCCSW)
- many tools available (filtering, jet clustering etc)
- easy to configure, powerful

# Papas Analysis: examples

Several analyses already done with Papas and Heppy

```
Maintained as part of heppy/papas

Z (mumu) H (C Bernet)

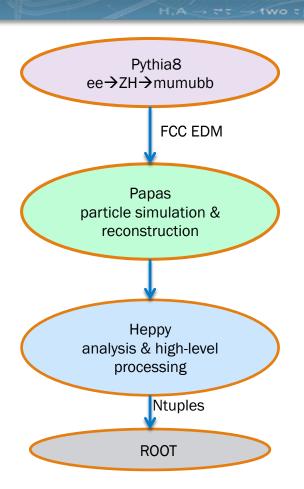
ZH (fully hadronic) (K Behr, K. Peters et al)
```

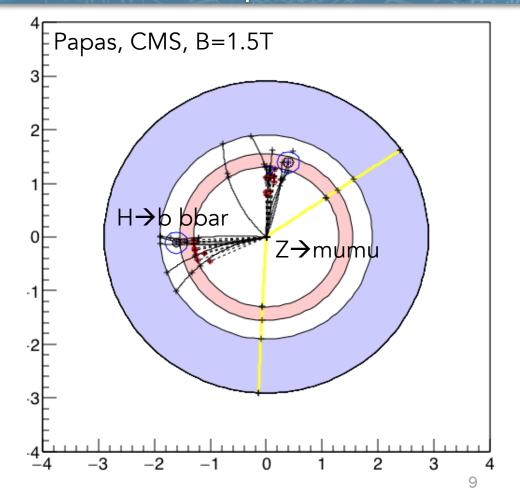
#### Done in the past

```
ttbar analysis (including b-tagging) (N Foppiani, P. Janot, P. Azzi) WW analysis (E. Locci, M. Beguin) Sterile neutrinos (M. Dam, S. Bay Nilsen)
```

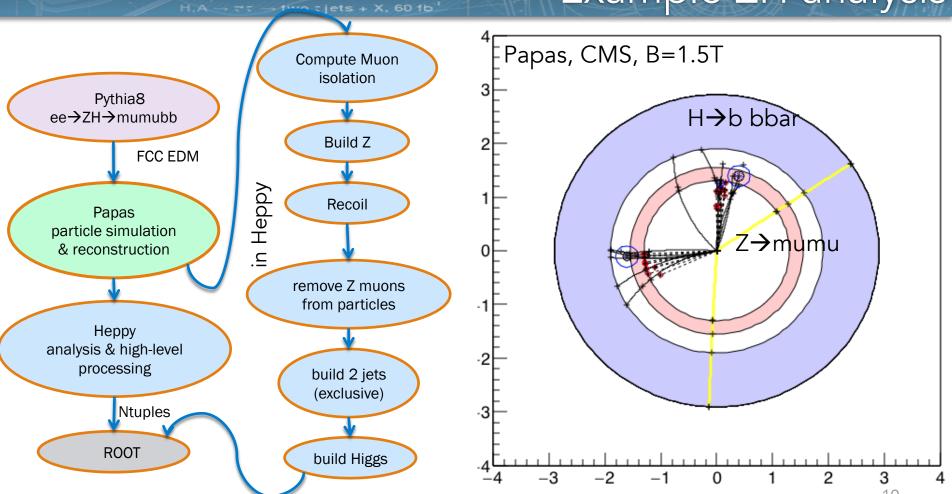
NB Most analyses are realizable

# Example ZH analysis





# Example ZH analysis

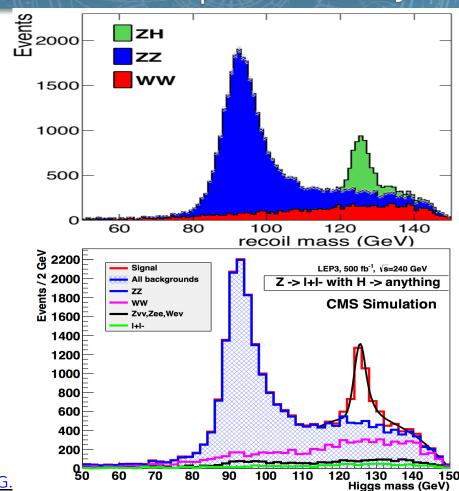


# Example ZH analysis

Aim: measure ZH inclusive cross-section at 240 GeV, 500 fb<sup>-1</sup>

- Generate: ZH, ZZ, WW samples
  - two lepton channel
  - determine recoil
  - cuts and normalisation as in LEP3.

- 600k events in total
- more tuning needed for e and mu resolution (a bit too coarse)



https://espace.cern.ch/LEP3/LEP3\_docs/Documents/CMS\_LEP3\_ESPG.

## How fast is fast?

For this analysis:

10 mins to simulate 600k events

Papas python ≈10 events/sec
Batch procesing increases speed (x100)

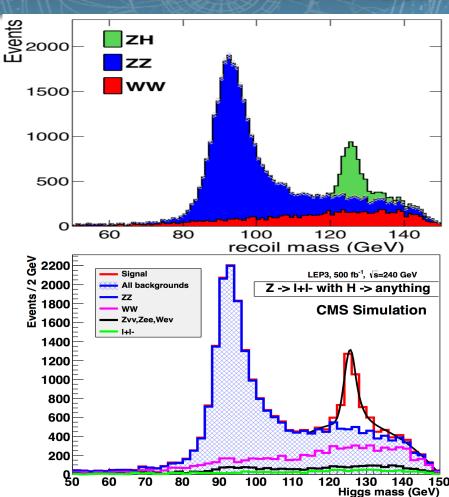
NB Don't forget the 'obvious' :

generator level selection:

here 2 leptons (x10)

Future:

Papas C++ (x10)



# Changing detector parameters

100

50

150

200

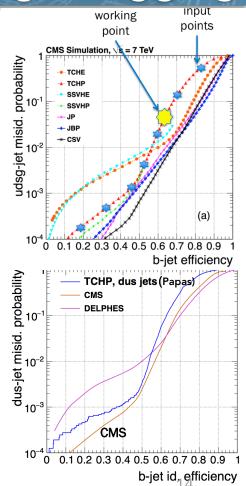
Effect of tracker on Z-mass reconstruction

PAPAS,  $Z \rightarrow d\overline{d}$ Turn off the tracker CMS, nominal No tracker => CMS, no tracker\_ 0.1 calorimetric reconstruction of all particles 0.05

# Implementing b-tagging

b-tagging modelling techniques available:

- (1) using interpolated performance from existing detector ROC curves (C.B.)
- (2) modelling the effect of tracker material with Molière theory (L. Torterotot, C. B.)
- (3) parameterizing the track impact parameter resolution (N. Foppiani, P. Janot)

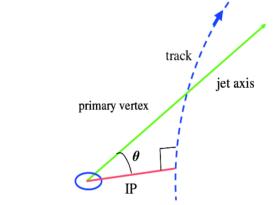


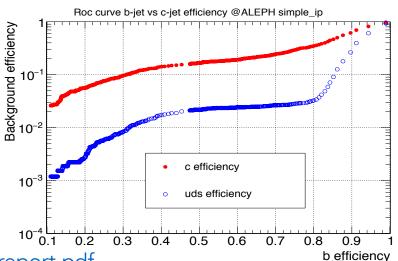
# Implementing b-tagging

#### Impact Parameter (IP) resolution

- parameterize IP resolution (by track pT, theta, ...)
- determine IP and sigma(IP) for each track
- run a b-tagging algorithm for each track

 implemented for ALEPH: needs fine tuning





https://cds.cern.ch/record/2222396/files/FoppianiNicolo\_report.pdf

# Practicalities

#### Papas is simple to use: accessible to anyone:

- Few minutes to set up
- Documentation and tutorials online <a href="http://fccsw.web.cern.ch/">http://fccsw.web.cern.ch/</a>
- Details of batch commands <a href="http://fccsw.web.cern.ch/fccsw/tutorials/heppy/doc/Heppy Parallel Processing.html">http://fccsw.web.cern.ch/fccsw/tutorials/heppy/doc/Heppy Parallel Processing.html</a>

#### Work with us

- Get in touch
- Don't hesitate to ask!
- Come to the first FCC-ee software workshop (3 4July)

Contacts: Colin Bernet, Alice Robson <a href="https://indico.cern.ch/event/639736/">https://indico.cern.ch/event/639736/</a>

# Papas Plans

#### Plans for Papas

#### More Physics:

Expand number of analyses/ users

Add more detectors: ILD on the way

Automate parameter searches

#### C++:

- Inclusion in FCCSW (nearly there)
  - flexibility, speed, and batch processing
- Integrate with FCCSW Full simulation (planned)

## Key points to take away:

- 1) Papas provides a comprehensive model of particle flow: allows rapid detector optimization
- Papas with Heppy allows full analysis sequence: most analyses can be carried out; functionality can be added quickly
- 3) Easy to get started, its ready to go!
- 4) We are keen to work with you

