

FCC Week 2017
MAY 29 - JUNE 2
BERLIN, GERMANY

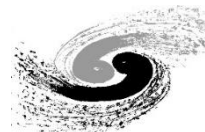


Status of High Field Magnet R&D for CEPC-SPPC

Qingjin XU

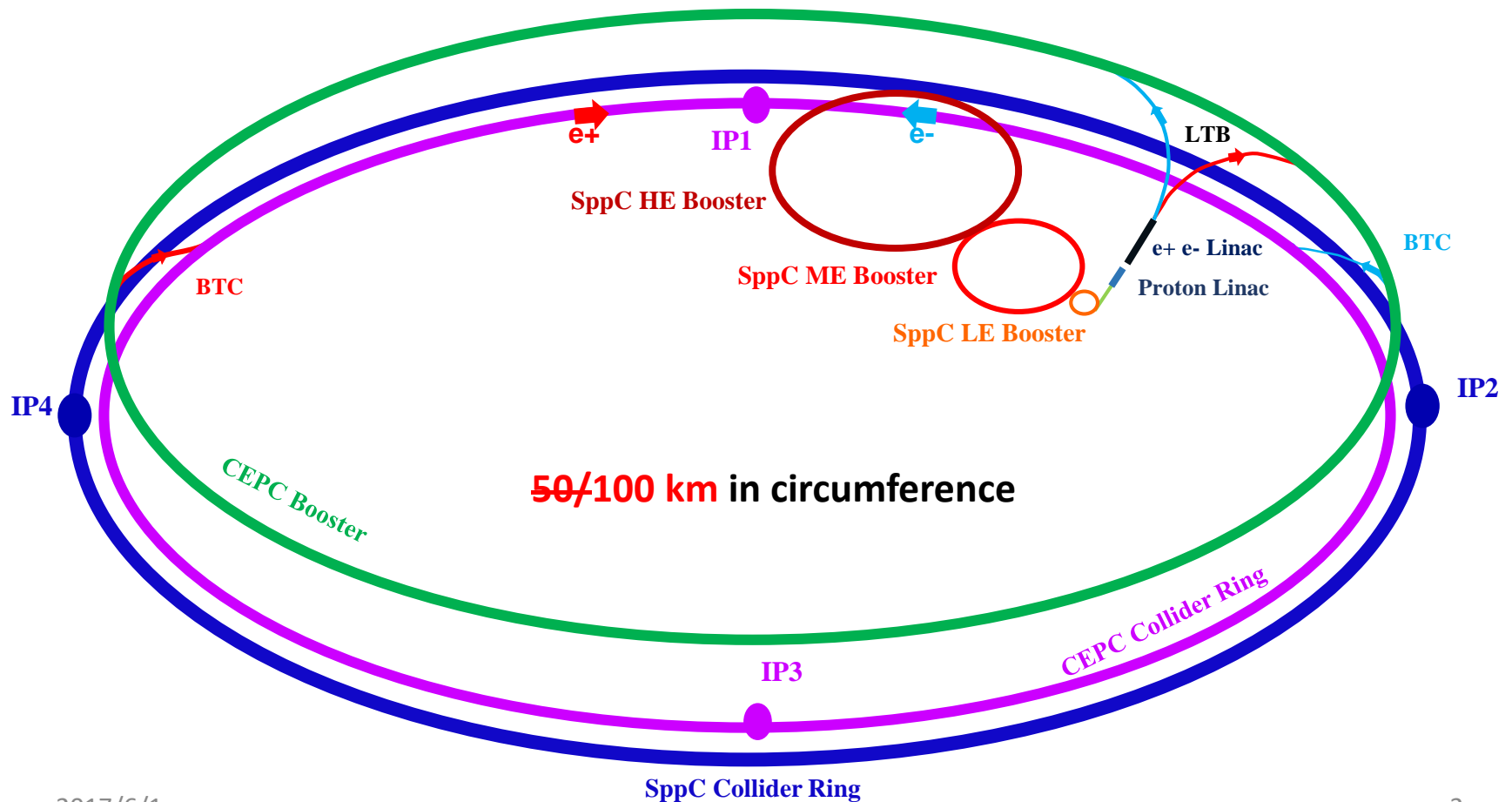
On behalf of the SPPC magnet working group

Institute of High Energy Physics (IHEP), Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS)



CEPC-SPPC

CEPC is an 240-250 GeV Circular Electron Positron Collider, proposed to carry out high precision study on Higgs bosons, which can be upgraded to a **70-150 (Upgrading phase) TeV** pp collider **SPPC**, to study the new physics beyond the Standard Model.



SPPC Accelerator and Magnets

SPPC

- ~~50~~ **100 km** in circumference
- C.M. energy **70-150 (Upgrading) TeV**
- Timeline

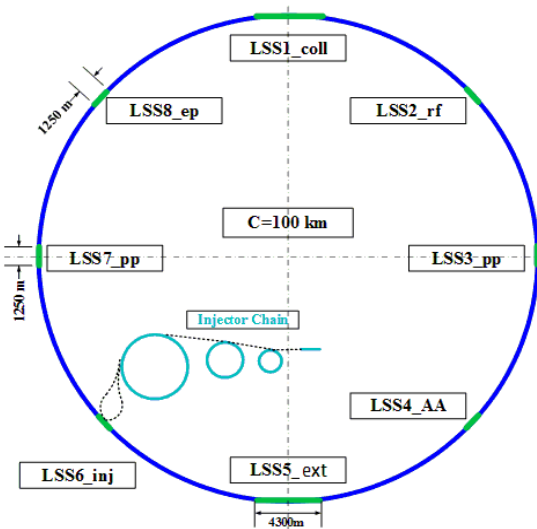
Pre-study:	2013-2020
R&D:	2020-2030
Eng. Design:	2030-2035
Construction:	2035-2042

Main dipoles

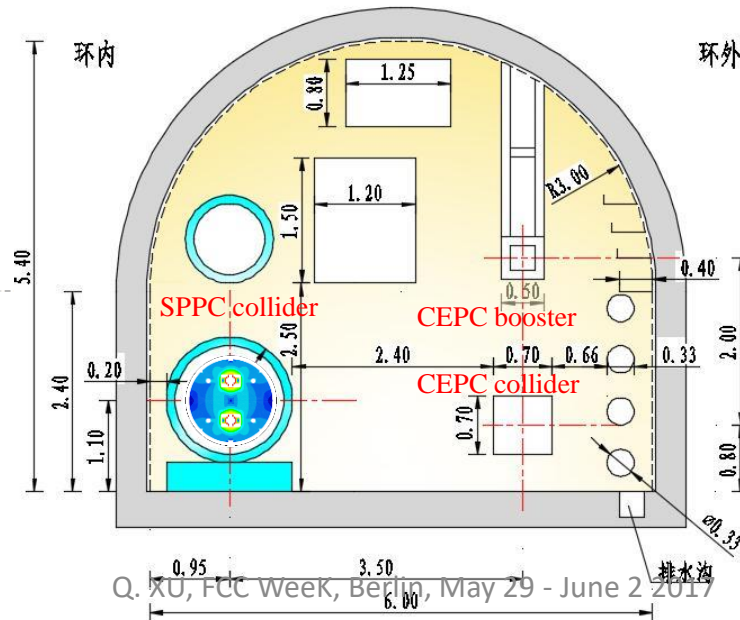
$$E[GeV] = 0.3 \times B[T] \times \rho[m]$$

- Field strength: ~~20~~ **12~24 (Upgrading) Tesla**
- Aperture diameter: 40~50 mm
- Field quality: 10^{-4} at the 2/3 aperture radius
- Outer diameter: ~~900 mm~~ in a 1.5 m cryostat
- Tunnel cross section: 6 m wide and 5.4 m high

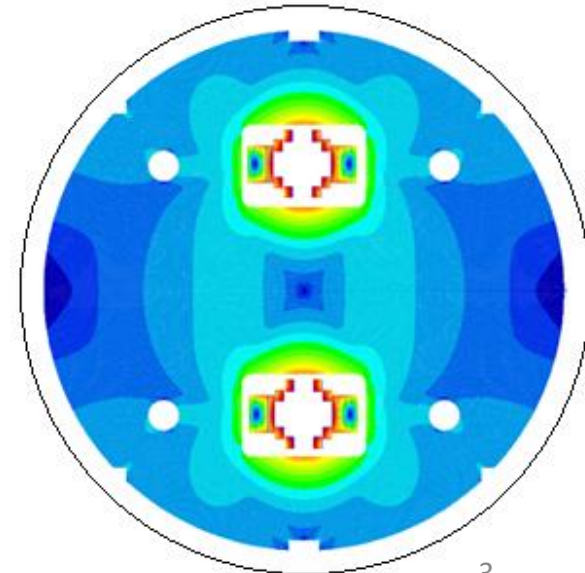
SPPC Layout



6-m Tunnel for CEPC-SPPC



Conceptual design of the SPPC 12-T magnet with IBS and common coil configuration



SPPC Design Scope (201701 version)

- **Baseline design**

- Tunnel circumference: 100 km
- Dipole magnet field: 12 T, iron-based HTS technology (IBS)
- Center of Mass energy: >70 TeV
- Injector chain: 2.1 TeV

*Top priority: reducing cost!
Instead of increasing field*

- **Upgrading phase**

- Dipole magnet field: 20 -24T, IBS technology
- Center of Mass energy: >125 TeV
- Injector chain: 4.2 TeV (adding a high-energy booster ring in the main tunnel in the place of the electron ring and booster)

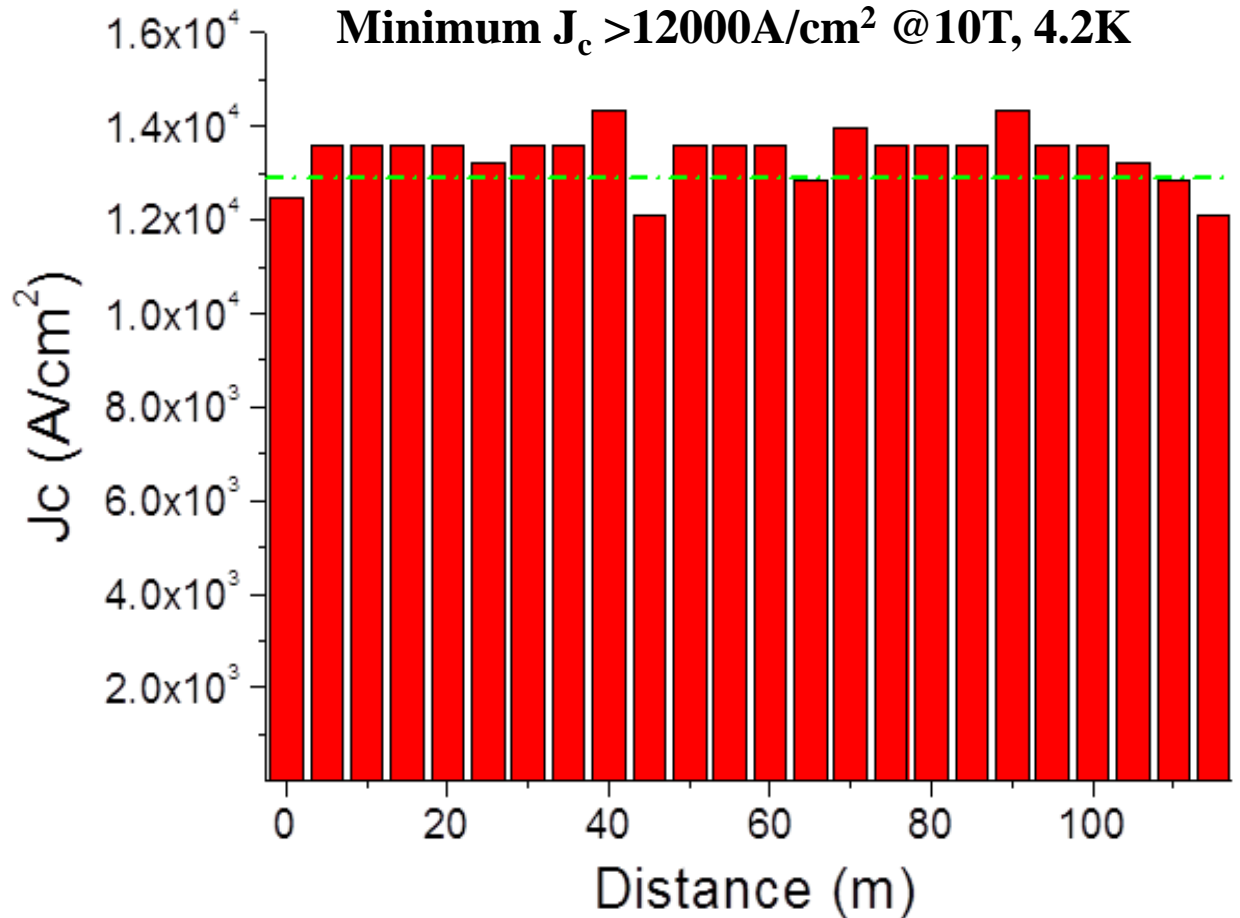
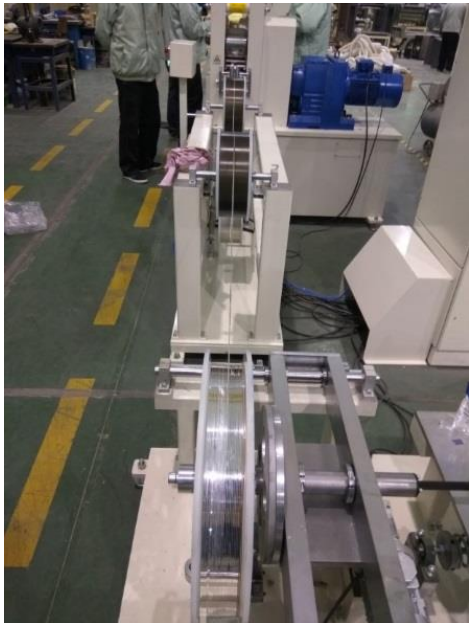
- **Development of high-field superconducting magnet technology**

- Starting to develop required HTS magnet technology before applicable iron-based wire is available
- ReBCO & Bi-2212 and LTS wires be used for model magnet studies and as an option for SPPC: stress management, quench protection, field quality control and fabrication methods

World's first 100 m Fe-based superconductor by IEE, CAS, China (Aug. 2016)

Yanwei Ma
(IEECAS)

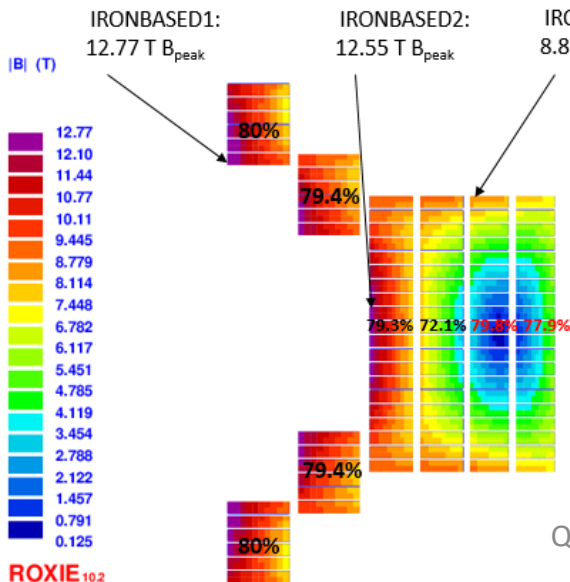
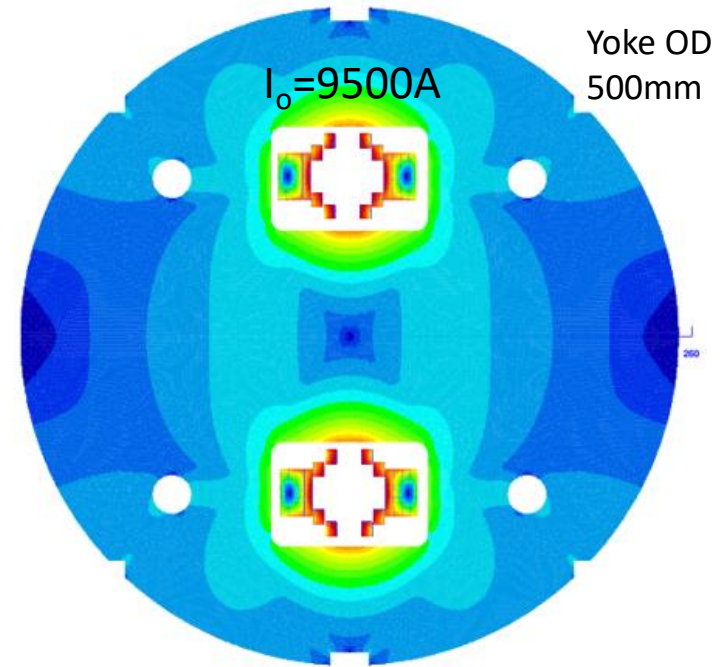
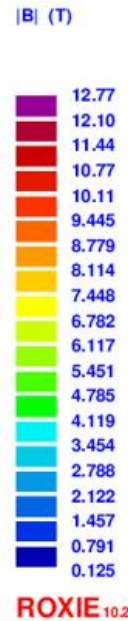
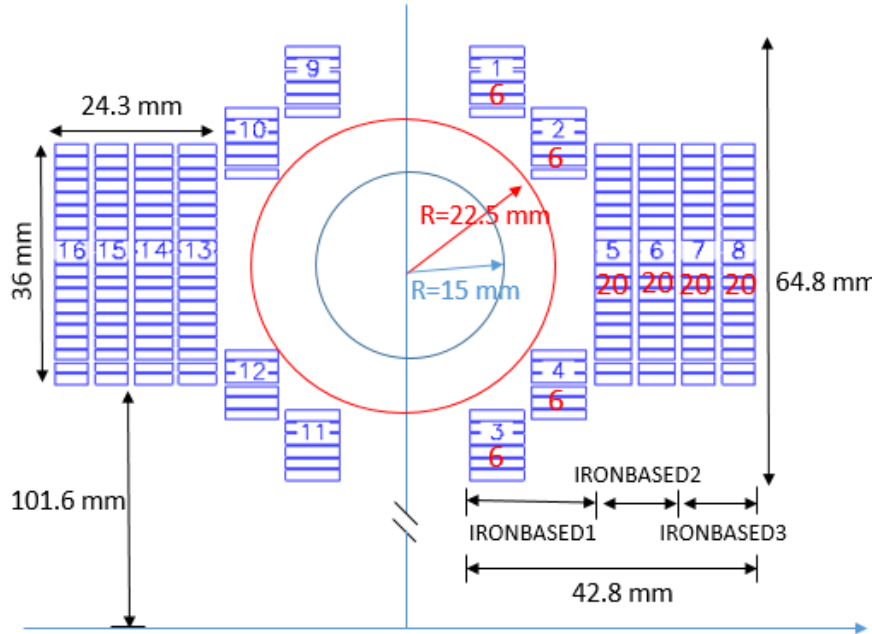
115 m long 7-filament wire



At 4.2K, 10T, transport J_c distribution along the length of the first 115 m long 7-filament Sr122 tape

The 12-T Fe-based Dipole Magnet

C. Wang, E. Kong (USTC), Q. Xu et al.



Design with expected J_c of IBS in 2025

Strand	diam.	cu/sc	RRR	Tref	Bref	Jc@ BrTr	dJc/dB
IBS	0.802	1	200	4.2	10	4000	111

- The required length of the 0.8 mm IBS is 6.1 Km/m
- For 100-km SPPC accelerator, 3000 tons of IBS is needed
- Target cost of IBS: 20 RMB (~2.6 Eur) /kAm @12 T

The 12-T Fe-based Dipole Magnet

C. Wang, E. Kong (USTC), Q. Xu et al.

ROXIE simulation results

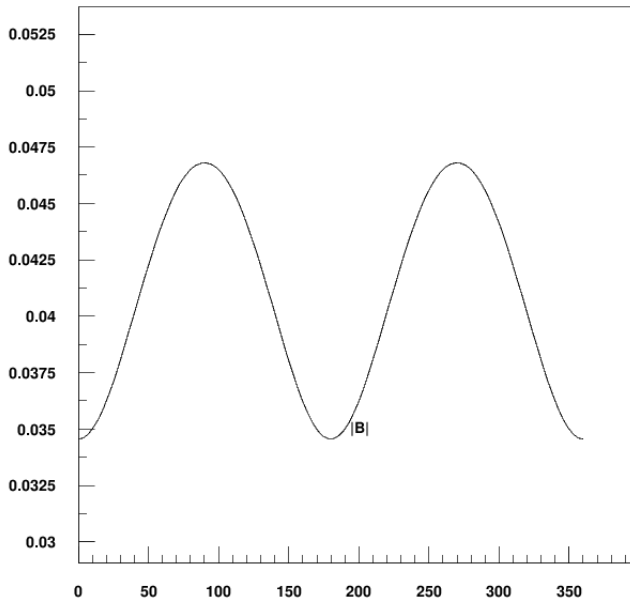
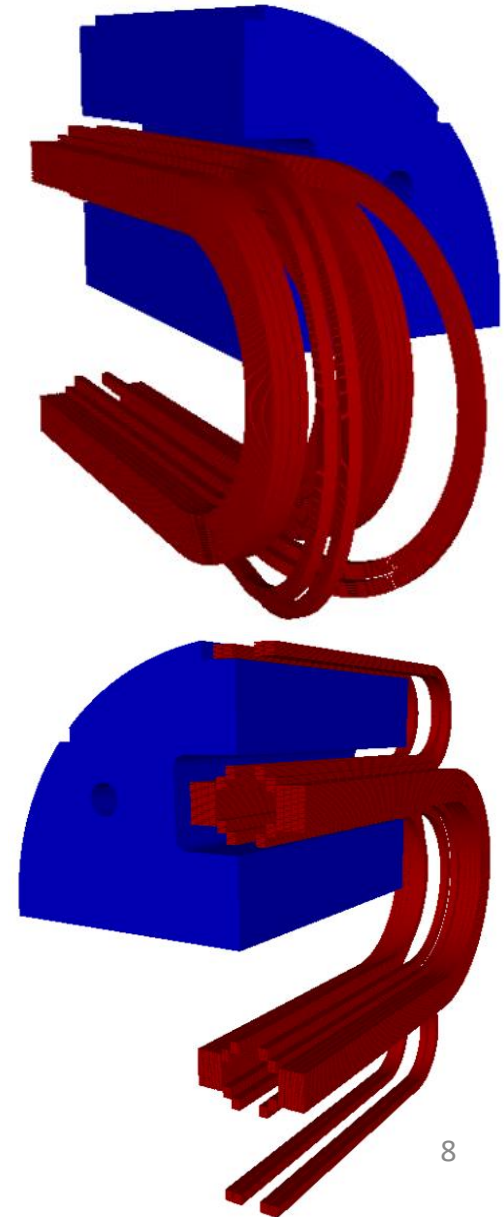
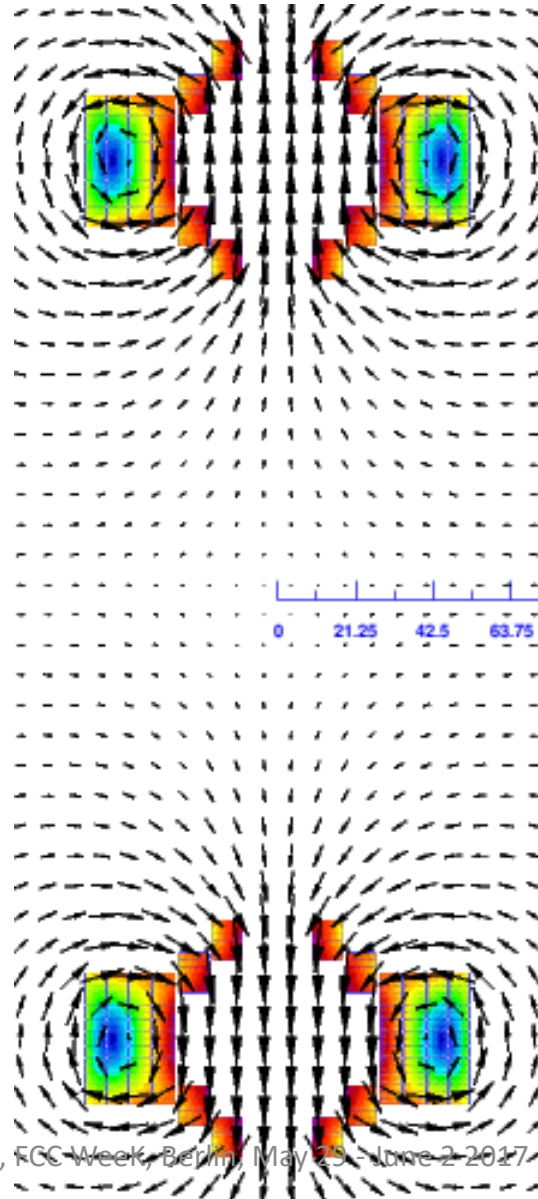
MAIN FIELD (T) 12.020868
 MAGNET STRENGTH (T/(mⁿ(n-1))) 12.0209

NORMAL RELATIVE MULTIPOLES (1.D-4):

b 1:	10000.00000	b 2:	0.00000	b 3:	-0.83157
b 4:	-0.00000	b 5:	0.92916	b 6:	-0.00000
b 7:	0.00983	b 8:	-0.00000	b 9:	0.95010
b10:	-0.00000	b11:	3.81956	b12:	0.00000
b13:	-0.26538	b14:	0.00000	b15:	-0.35810
b16:	0.00000	b17:	-0.00089	b18:	0.00000
b19:	0.00834	b20:	-0.00000	b	

SKEW RELATIVE MULTIPOLES (1.D-4):

a 1:	0.00000	a 2:	-0.16185	a 3:	0.00000
a 4:	0.01740	a 5:	0.00000	a 6:	-0.00710
a 7:	-0.00000	a 8:	-0.00616	a 9:	0.00000
a10:	-0.42248	a11:	0.00000	a12:	0.03415
a13:	-0.00000	a14:	0.05399	a15:	-0.00000
a16:	-0.00096	a17:	-0.00000	a18:	-0.00134
a19:	-0.00000	a20:	-0.00189	a	

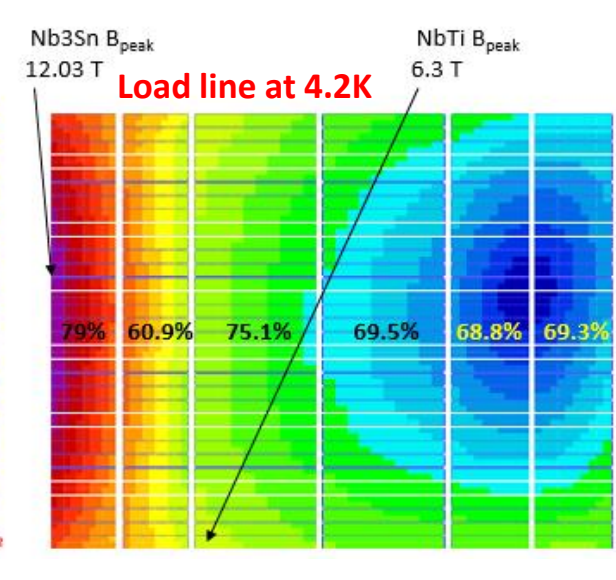
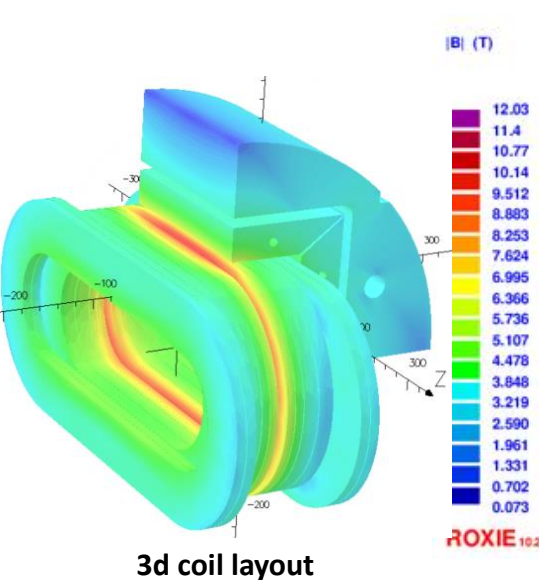
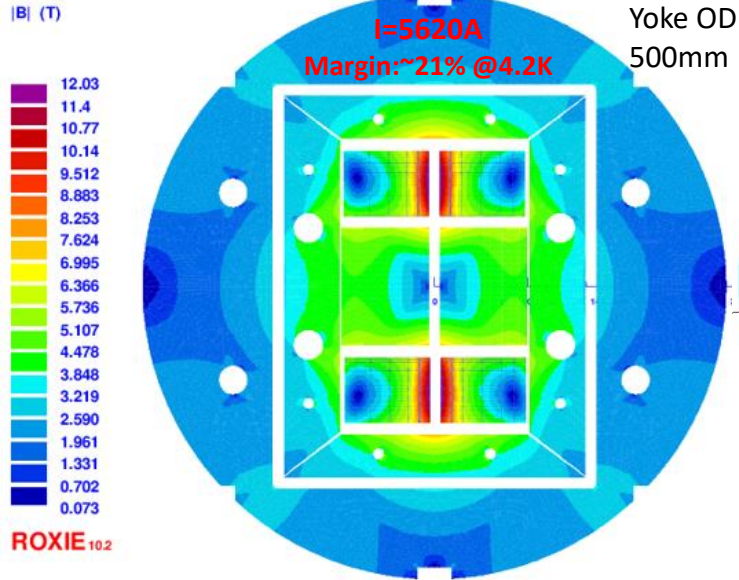


Stray field around the dipole with R= 500 mm

High Field Magnet R&D 2016-2018

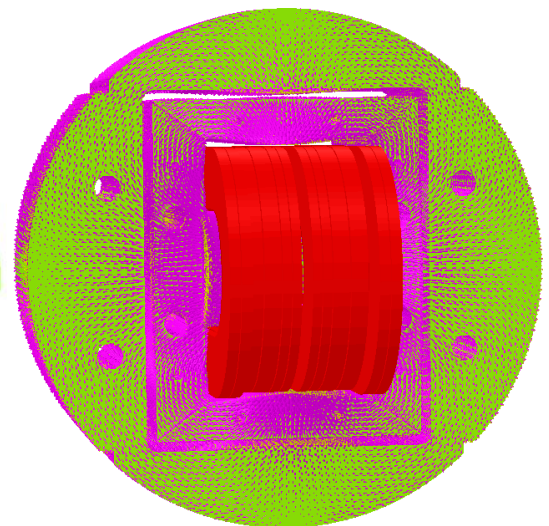
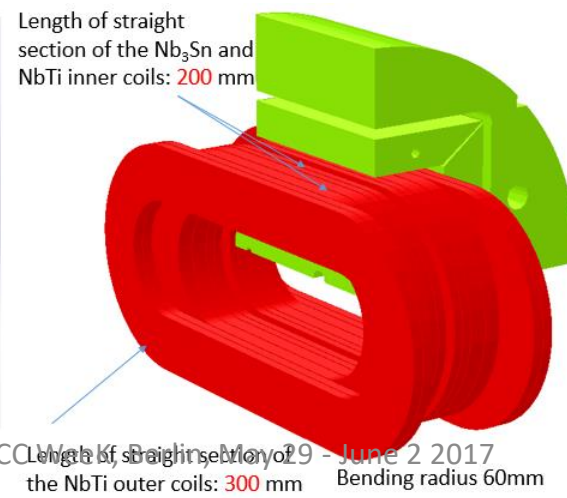
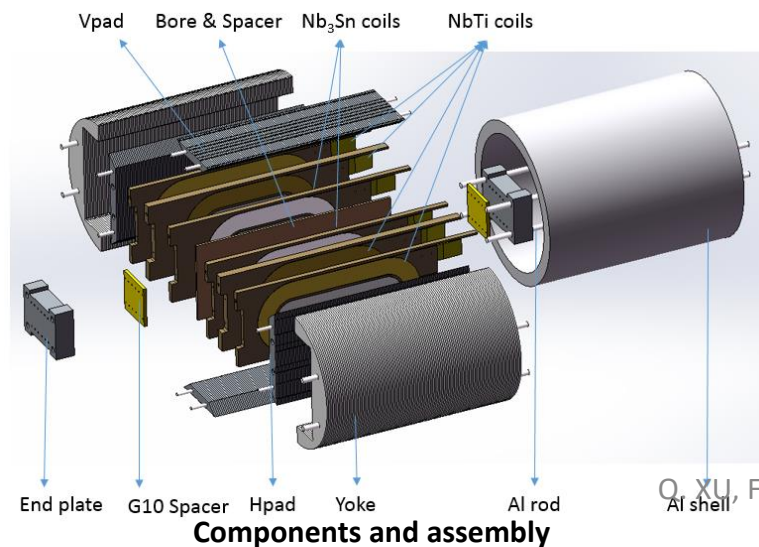
Development of a 12T NbTi+Nb₃Sn twin-aperture ($\Phi 10^*2$) magnet

C. Wang, K. Zhang, Y. Wang, D. Cheng, E. Kong (USTC), Q. Xu et al.



Field distribution in the straight section

Field distribution in the straight section

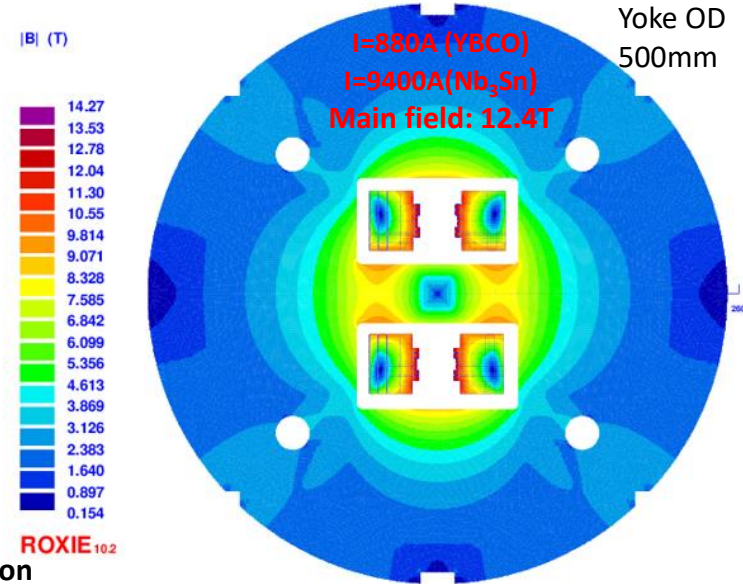
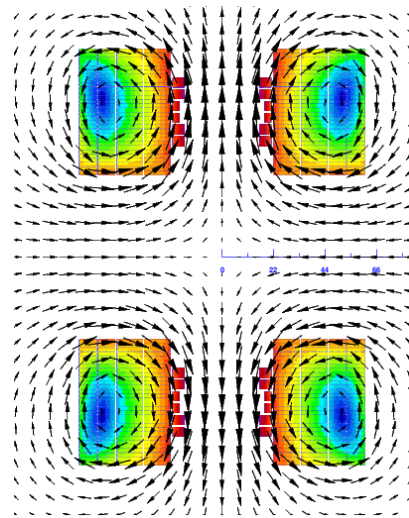
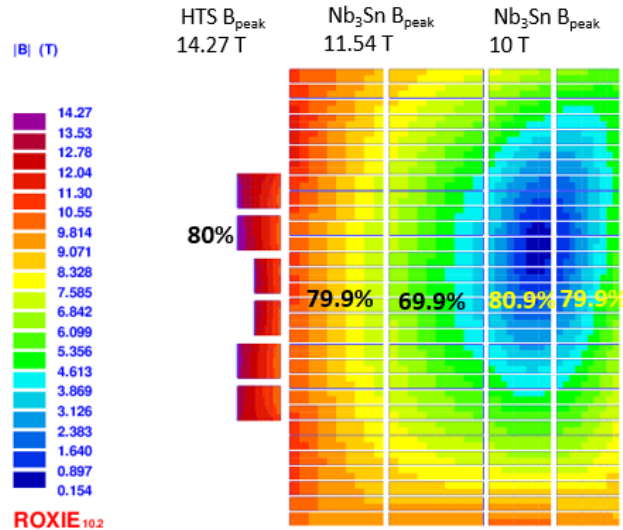


High Field Magnet R&D 2016-2018

Development of the Nb₃Sn+HTS twin-aperture (Φ30*2) magnet

C. Wang, K. Zhang, Y. Wang, D. Cheng, E. Kong (USTC), Q. Xu et al.

Load line at 4.2K



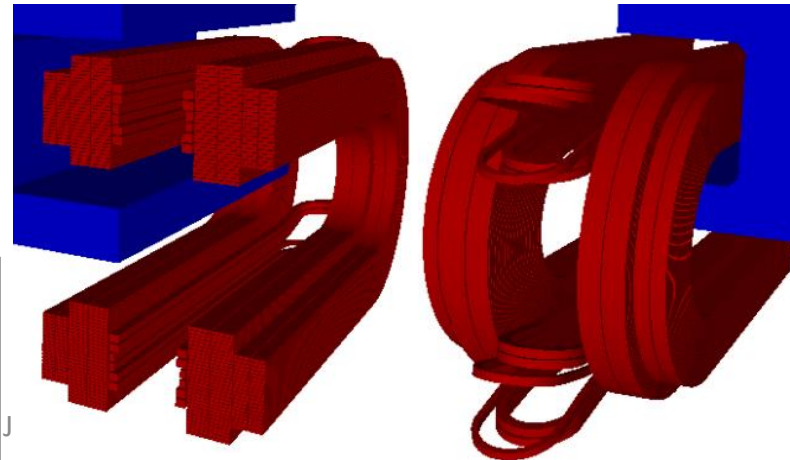
Quench protection for NbTi and Nb₃Sn coils (Great help from Tiina)

Thickness (μm)	Resistance (Ω)	Peak Power (w/cm ²)	Voltage (V)	Current (A)	Capacitance (mF)
50	2.85	50	221.82	77.83	10.53
50	2.85	100	313.7	110.07	10.53
100	1.425	50	156.85	110.07	21.05
100	1.425	100	221.82	155.66	21.05



A 4-fold heater: width 11mm, Heater interval 2mm, Straight section length 300mm, Material 316stainless steel.
 4 voltage detection: Width 4mm, Length 200mm, Material copper.

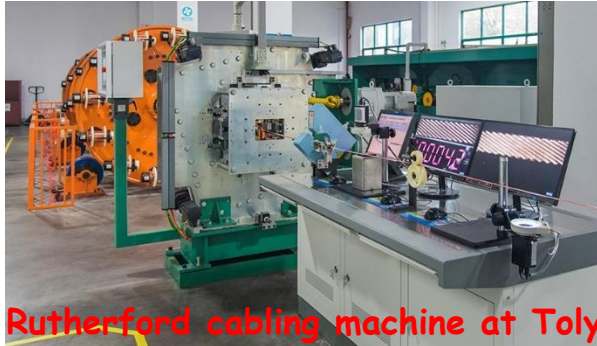
Coil ends layout



Superconducting Rutherford Cable R&D

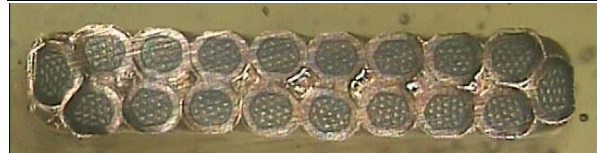
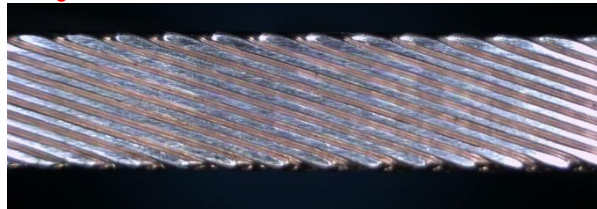
Collaboration between WST, NIN, Toly Electric and IHEP

~300 m superconducting Rutherford Cable has been fabricated by Toly Electric with WST NbTi strand (Jc degradation <2%) ; **Fabrication of Nb₃Sn cable and Bi-2212 cable is ongoing.**

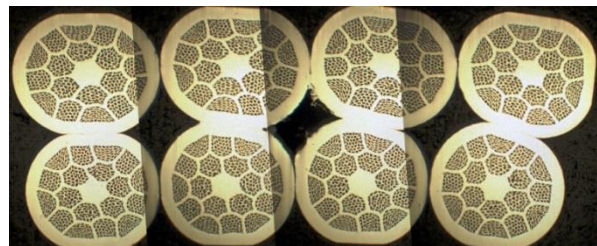


Rutherford cabling machine at Toly

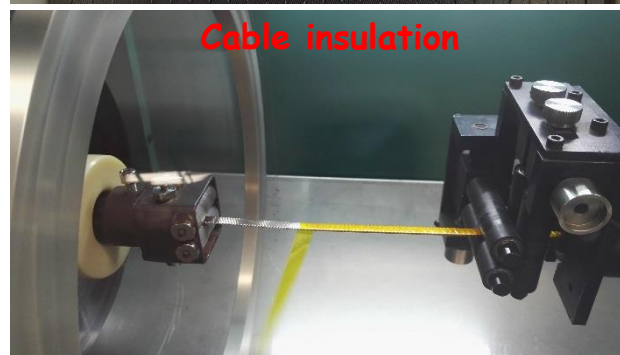
Nb₃Sn Rutherford cable



Bi-2212 Rutherford cable



NbTi Rutherford cable



Cable insulation



Dielectric strength test ~5kV



Insulated cable

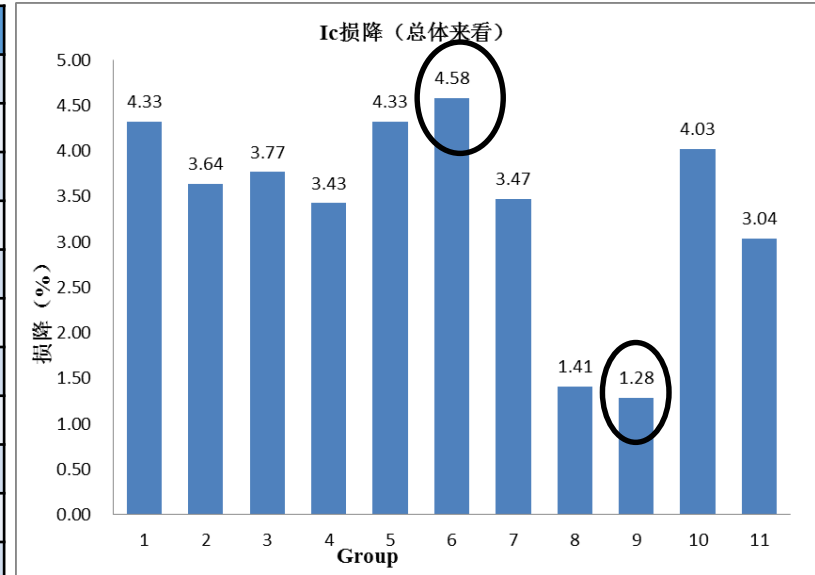
Superconducting Rutherford Cable R&D

Nb₃Sn cable fabrication with WST strand

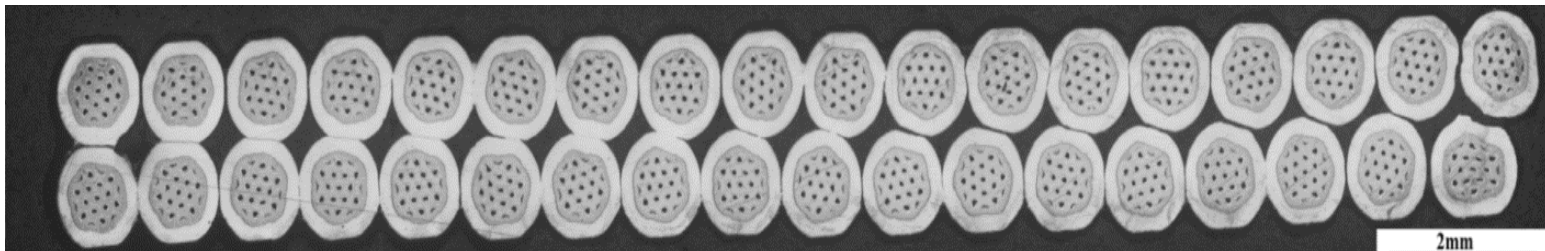
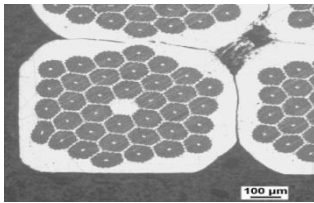
Y. Zhu (WST), Y. Zhao (Toly) et al.

参数及性能

股数	绞缆角	节距/mm	尺寸/mm	填充系数	I _c 损降/%
18	17.13°	50	8.22*1.48	81.3%	3.64%
			7.87*1.48	85%	3.43%
			7.95*1.52	81.9%	1.28%
			7.83*1.48	85.4%	4.33%
			7.87*1.44	87.3%	4.58%
			7.87*1.52	82.7%	1.41%
36	18.46°	93	15.38*1.50	86.5%	4.63~6.70
			15.29*1.49	87.5%	8.96~10.92
			15.23*1.45	90.3%	5.76~9.36
			15.19*1.44	91.2%	8.71~13.17
			15.16*1.39	94.7%	9.43~11.31



微观结构

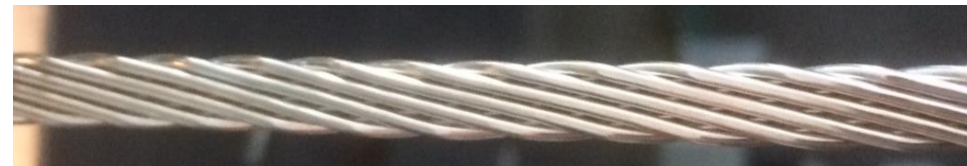


Superconducting Rutherford Cable R&D

Bi-2212 cable fabrication with NIN strand

Q. Hao (NIN), Y. Zhao (Toly) et al.

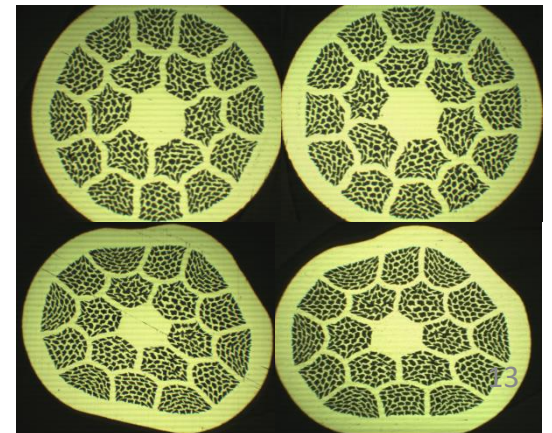
Parameter	Cable 1	Cable 2
Diameter Φ (mm)	1	1
Wire processing	300°C退火	200°C退火
Number of Strands	8	8
Cable size (mm ²)	1.90×4.77	1.78×4.21
Filling factor	70.5%	85.2%
Length	2.5米	2米



- ◆ 成功绞制两根8线电缆
- ◆ 绞制过程中电缆变形均匀
- ◆ 每根线材外观完整无破损
- ◆ 线材芯丝无明显破损

Before cabling

After cabling



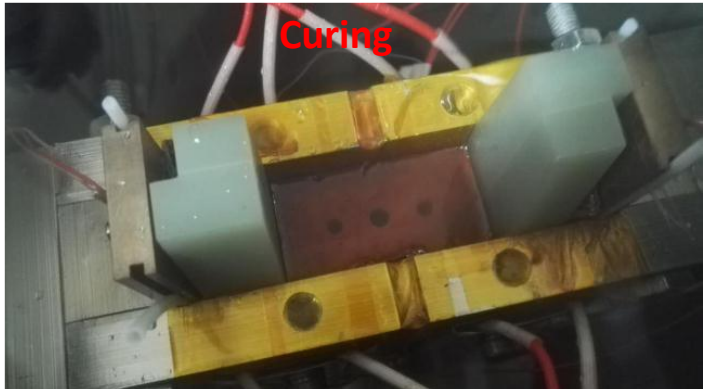
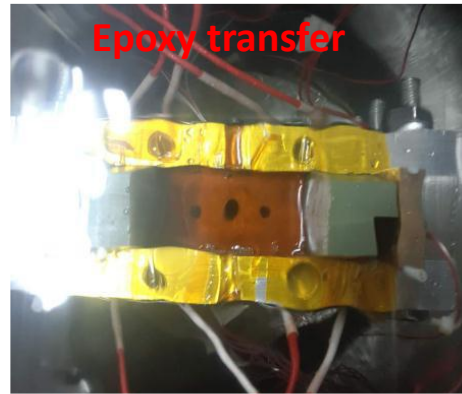
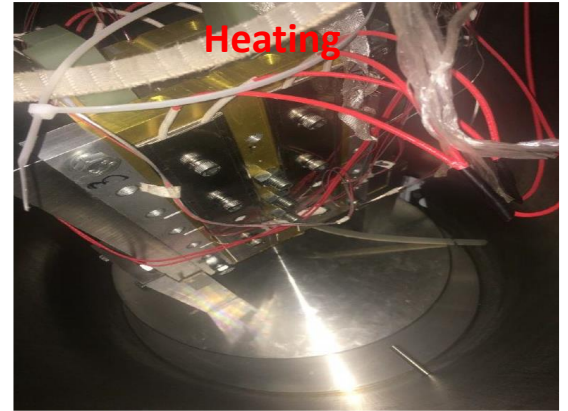
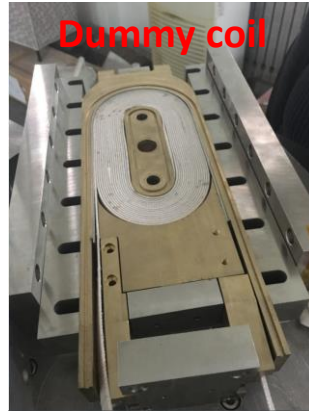
Infrastructure for Model Magnet Fabrication

A new winding machine, VPI system, furnace, bladder & pump,



Infrastructure for Model Magnet Fabrication

A dummy Coil Fabrication



Domestic Collaboration

“Applied High Temperature Superconductor Collaboration (AHTSC)” was formed in Oct. 2016. >13 related institutes & companies and 50 scientists & engineers in China joined AHTSC, working together for the advanced HTS R&D and Industrialization.

- **Goal:** 1) To increase the J_c of IBS by 10 times, reduce the cost to 20 Rmb/kAm @ 12T & 4.2K in 10 years, and realize the industrialization of the conductor; 2) To reduce the cost of ReBCO and Bi-2212 conductors to 20 Rmb/kAm @ 12T & 4.2K in 10 years; 3) Realization and Industrialization of iron-based SRF technology.
- **Working groups:** 1) Fundamental science investigation; 2) IBS conductor R&D; 3) ReBCO conductor R&D; 4) Bi2212 conductor R&D; 5) performance evaluation; 6) Magnet and SRF technology.
- **Collaboration meetings:** every 2~3 months, to report the progress and discuss plan for next months.

执行委员会 (姓氏拼音排序)	
陈仙辉	中国科技大学
蔡传兵	上海大学/ 上创超导
李贻杰	上海交通大学/ 上海超导
马衍伟	中科院电工研究所
王贻芳	中科院高能物理所
张平祥	西北有色院
周兴江	中科院物理研究所



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薛其坤	清华大学
张裕恒	中国科学技术大学
赵忠贤	中科院物理研究所
周廉	西北有色院

IHEP & CERN Collaboration

March 2017, Launch of CERN-China IHEP collaboration for HiLumi LHC

For now

- IHEP, IMP, WST and ASIPP will work together on the CCT magnet (D2) and HTSCL development for HL-LHC.
- Funding application is ongoing from MOST, NSFC and CAS.

In Future: Leading more activities for the HL-LHC collaboration with expected funding.

Benefit we are expecting from the HL-LHC collaboration

Speed up R&D process of the high field magnet technology in China.

EDMS 17655515 V1.0

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING FOR COLLABORATION IN THE HIGH LUMINOSITY LHC PROJECT AT CERN

BETWEEN: THE EUROPEAN ORGANIZATION FOR NUCLEAR RESEARCH (“CERN”), an Intergovernmental Organization having its seat at Geneva, Switzerland, as the Host Organization of the High Luminosity LHC project (“HL-LHC Project”);

AND: THE INSTITUTES, LABORATORIES, UNIVERSITIES AND THEIR FUNDING AGENCIES AND OTHER SIGNATORIES OF THIS MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING,

Hereafter “Participant” and collectively “Participants”

CONSIDERING:

That CERN, an Intergovernmental Organization, is a leading global laboratory in particle physics, providing for collaboration of a pure scientific and fundamental character, with participation by scientific institutes from all over the world;

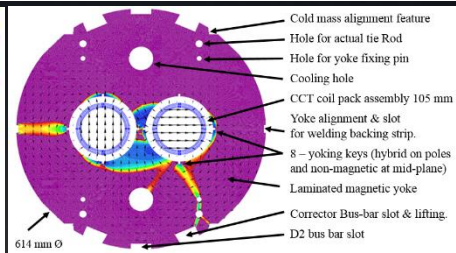
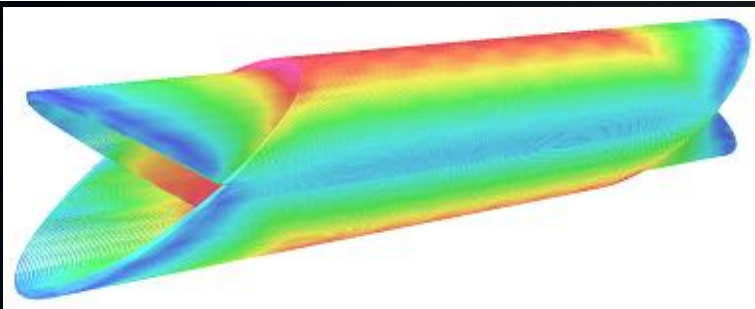
That <INSTITUTE name> wishes to contribute to the HL-LHC Project, which aims at maximizing the performance of the LHC accelerator by increasing its luminosity, and that <INSTITUTE name> has internationally recognized experience in fields that are relevant to the HL-LHC Project;

That the Participants will derive mutual benefits from their collaboration in the HL-LHC Project,

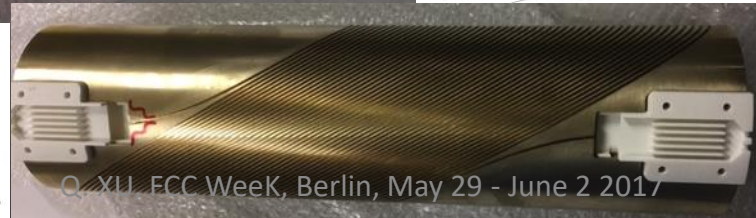
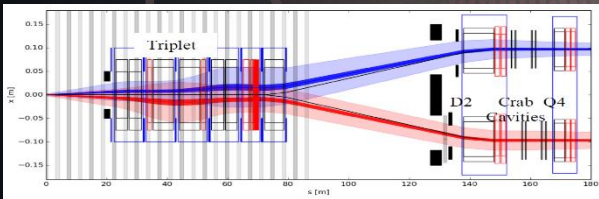
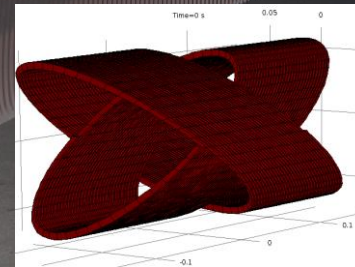
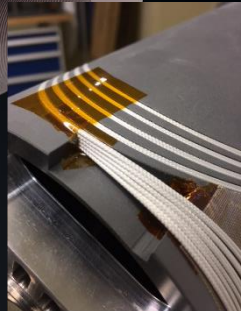
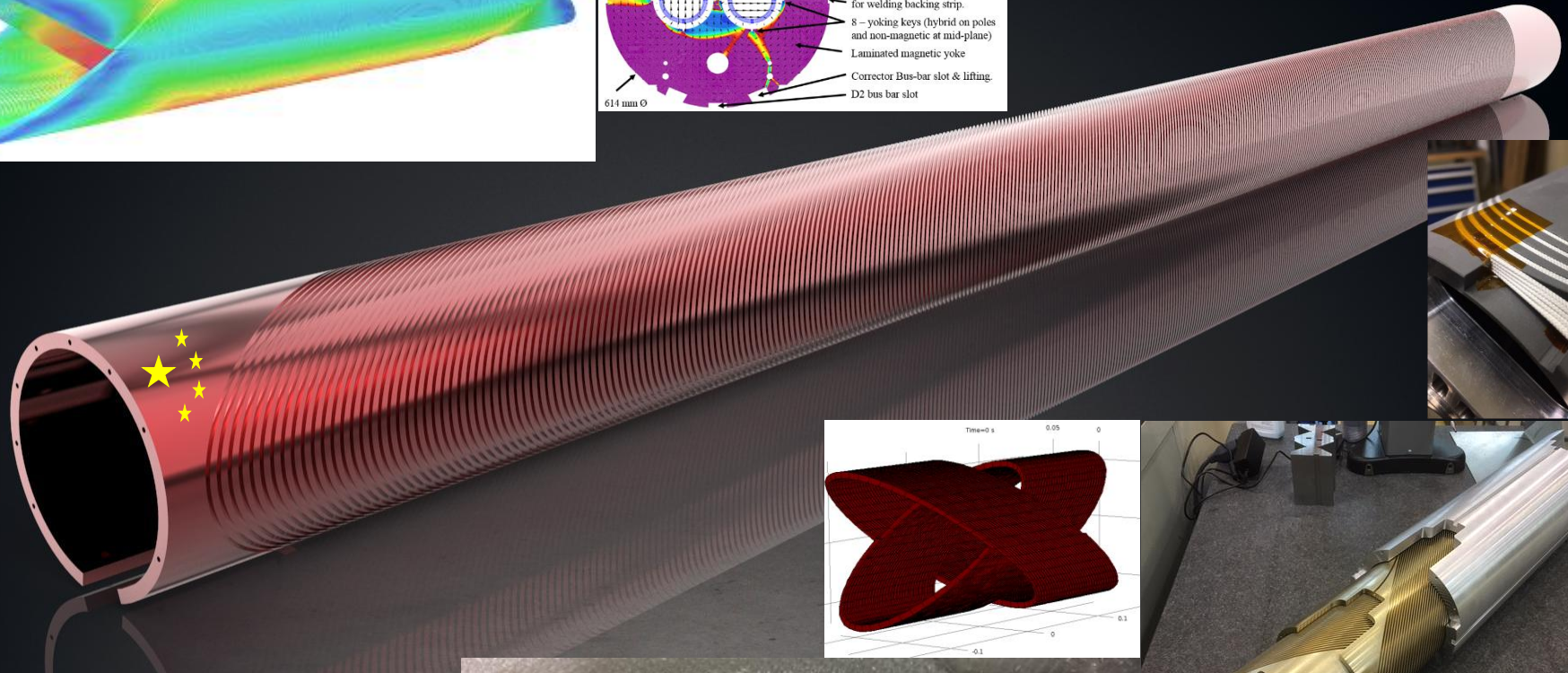
AGREE AS FOLLOWS:

IHEP & CERN Collaboration

March 2017, Launch of CERN-China IHEP collaboration for HiLumi LHC



Glyn Kirby, Ezio Todesco (CERN)



Q. XII FCC Week, Berlin, May 29 - June 2 2017

Summary

- **SPPC latest baseline:** *12 T all-HTS (iron-base superconductor, IBS) magnets with 100 km circumference and > 70TeV center-of-mass energy. **Cost reduction is the top priority!***
- **SPPC Upgrading phase:** *20~24 T all-HTS (IBS) magnets with the same tunnel and 125~150 TeV center-of-mass energy.*
- *Starting to develop HTS magnet technology before applicable iron-based wire is available: **ReBCO & Bi-2212 and LTS wires** be used for **model magnet studies** and as an option for SPPC.*
- ***Domestic and international collaborations** are being formed to pursue the **advanced HTS superconductor and magnet R&D.***

From the Great Wall to the Great Collider

China and the Quest to Uncover the Inner Workings of the Universe

by Steve Nadis & Shing-Tung Yau

The story of the enchanting new physics that lies beyond the Higgs boson discovery — and the gargantuan particle accelerator that might get us there.

Thanks



抚宁县

高能所

S.T. Yau



C.N. Yang



Y.F. Wang

