



# **UNICORE 6**

## **Role, Objectives and Migration Plans to the European Middleware Initiative (EMI)**

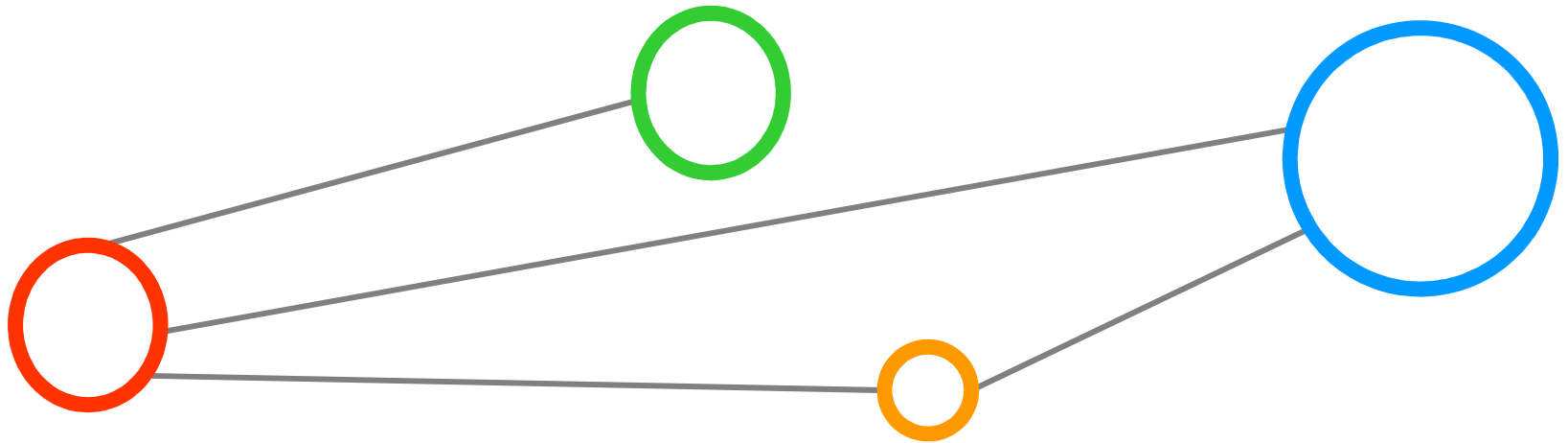
<http://www.unicore.eu>

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Jülich Supercomputing Centre (JSC) & DEISA

# Outline

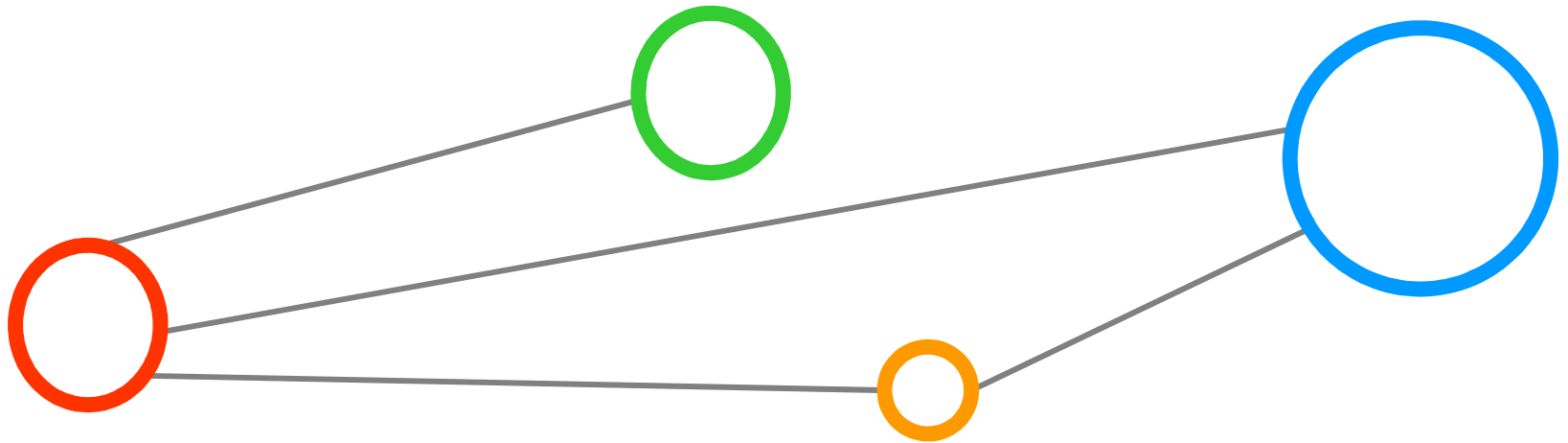


# Outline

- ▶ UNICORE 101 & Usage Examples
- ▶ Role as HPC-driven Grid Middleware
  - ▶ Traditional role and emerging role in HTC
- ▶ Objectives and Migration Plans
  - ▶ Migration to Common Client API
  - ▶ Migration to Common EMI Security Infrastructure
  - ▶ Common Registry Service Objective
  - ▶ PGI-compliance for Compute and Data Objective
  - ▶ Common Attribute-based Authorization
  - ▶ ***Moving towards potential EMI Architecture***
  - ▶ Other Potential Objectives
- ▶ Summary



# UNICORE 101

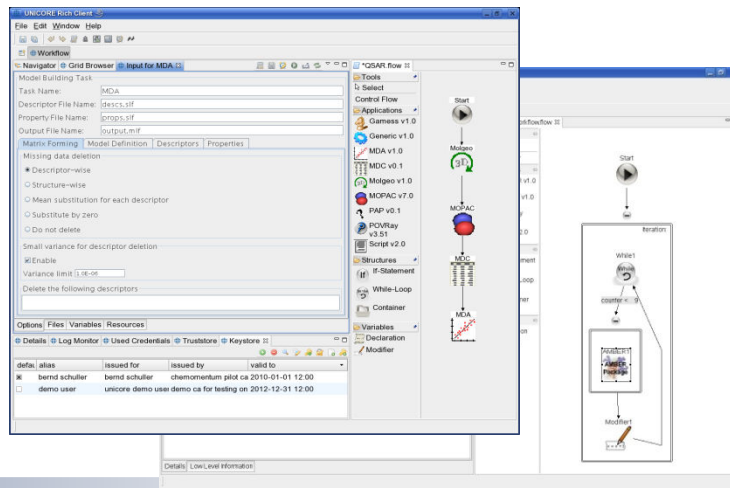
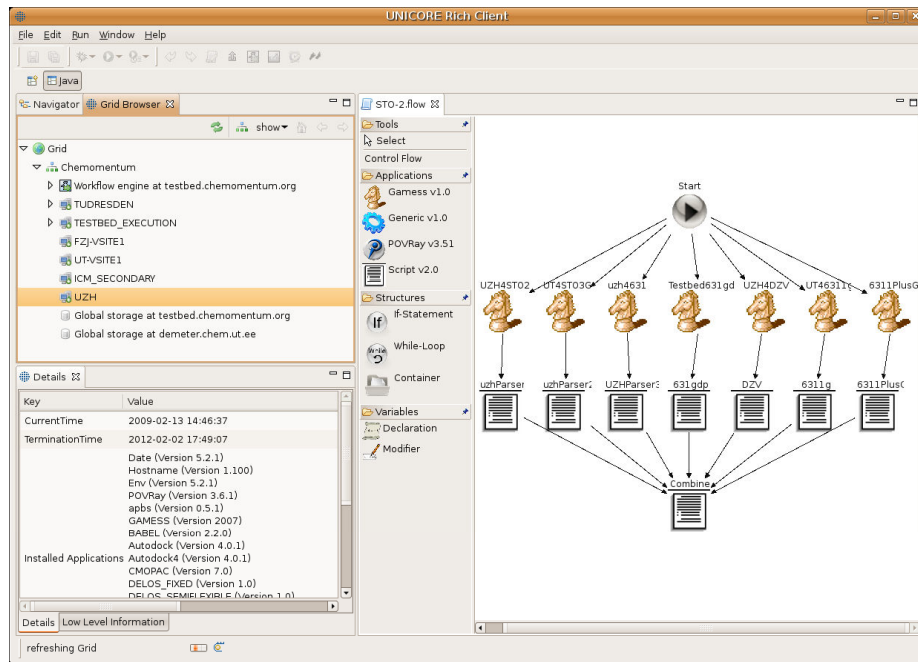


# Guiding Principles, Implementation Strategies

- ▶ **Open source** under BSD license with software hosted on SourceForge
- ▶ **Standards-based**: OGSA-conform, WS-RF 1.2 compliant
- ▶ Open, extensible **Service-Oriented Architecture** (SOA)
- ▶ **Interoperable** with other Grid technologies
- ▶ Seamless, secure and intuitive following a vertical end-to-end approach
- ▶ Mature **Security**: X.509, proxy and VO support
- ▶ **Workflow** support tightly integrated while being extensible for different workflow languages and engines for domain-specific usage
- ▶ **Application integration** mechanisms on the client, services and resource level
- ▶ Variety of **clients**: graphical, command-line, API, portal, etc.
- ▶ Quick and **simple installation** and configuration
- ▶ Support for many operating systems (Windows, MacOS, Linux, UNIX) and batch systems (LoadLeveler, Torque, SLURM, LSF, OpenCCS)
- ▶ Implemented in **Java** to achieve platform-independence

# Clients & APIs

```
ucc -h
UCC version 1.2-SNAPSHOT
Usage: ucc <command> [OPTIONS] <args>
The following commands are available:
Data management:
ls                - list a storage
copy-file-status - check status of a copy-file
get-file         - get remote files
find            - find files on storages
resolve         - resolve remote location
copy-file       - copy remote files
c9m-get-file    - get remote files
put-file        - puts a local file to a remote server
General:
connect         - connect to UNICORE
list-applications - lists applications on target systems
list-jobs       - list your jobs
list-sites      - list remote sites
c9m-system-info - Checks the availability of services.
Job execution:
run            - run a job through UNICORE 6
get-status     - get job status
abort-job      - abort a job
batch          - run ucc on a set of files
get-output     - get output files
Other:
shell          - Starts an interactive UCC session
loadtest       - load tests services
issue-delegation - Allows to issue a trust delegation assertion
wsrf           - perform a WSRF operation
run-groovy     - run a Groovy script
Workflow:
c9m-submit     - submit a workflow to Chemomument
c9m-trace      - trace info on a workflow in Chemomument
c9m-control    - control a workflow in Chemomument
c9m-workflow-info - lists info on workflows in Chemomument
Enter 'ucc <command> -h' for help on a particular command.
>
```



# Usage in Supercomputing



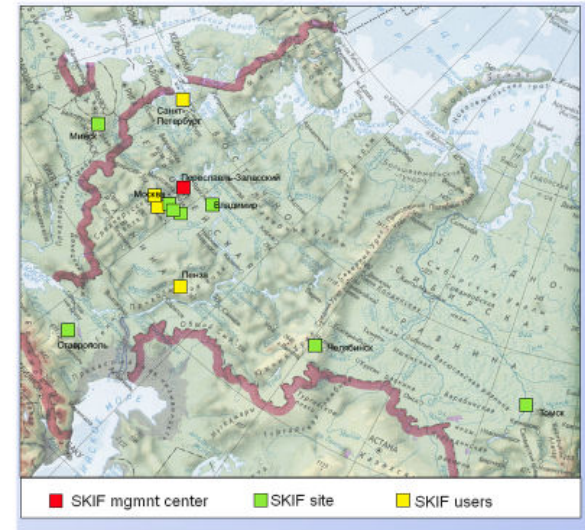
## Distributed European Infrastructure for Supercomputing Applications

- ▶ Consortium of leading national HPC
- ▶ Deploy and operate a persistent, persistent, heterogeneous HPC environment
- ▶ UNICORE as Grid Middleware
  - ▶ On top of DEISA's core services:
    - ▶ Dedicated network
    - ▶ Shared file system
    - ▶ Common production environment at all sites
  - ▶ Used e.g. for workflow applications

IDRIS – CNRS  
Germany), C  
CSC (Helsinki)  
BSC (Barcelona)

## SKIF-GRID federation

- **Joint Russian-Belarus project**
- **Federation of 8 HPC centers**
  - ▶ UNICORE middleware
  - ▶ 3 computers in the current Jun'08 Top 500
  - ▶ ~100 TFlops peak
  - ▶ Research program in HPC services



Slide courtesy of Alexander Moskovsky (Moscow State University)



# Usage in National Grids

## UNICORE Usage in D-Grid



### Core D-Grid sites committing parts

of their existing res

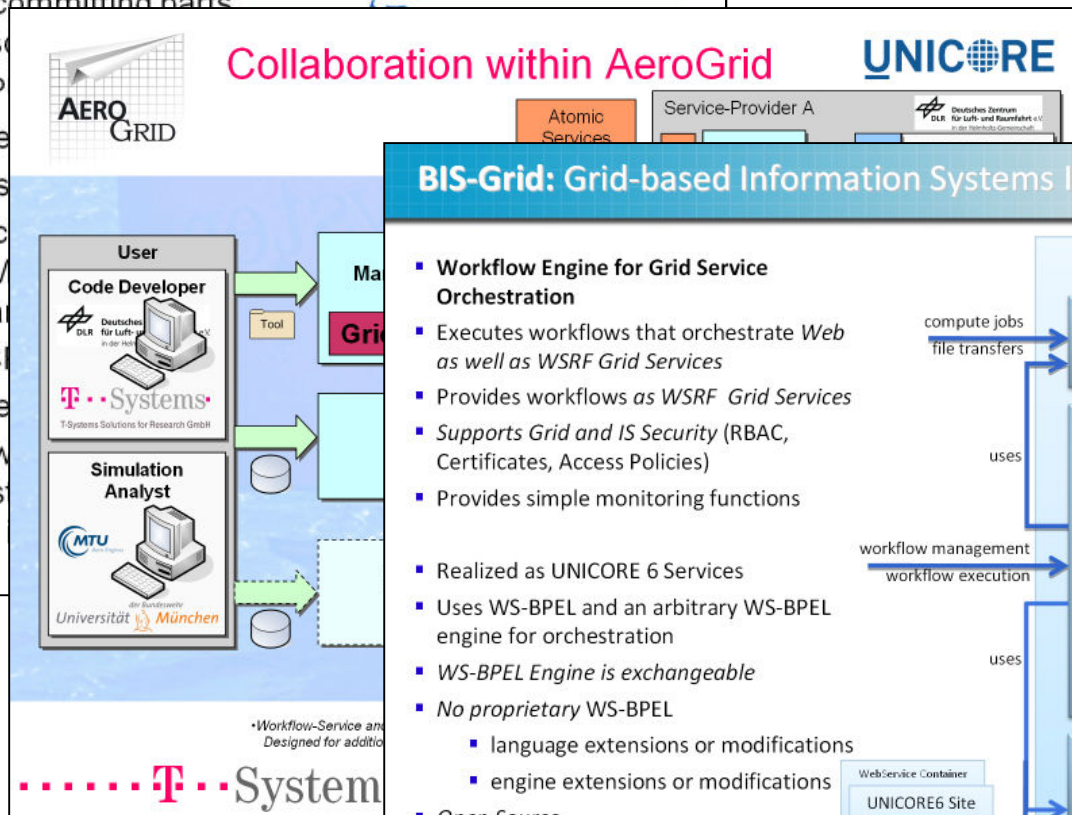
- ▶ Approx. 700 CP
- ▶ Approx. 1 PByte
- ▶ UNICORE is ins

### Additional Sites rec

money from the BM

compute clusters a

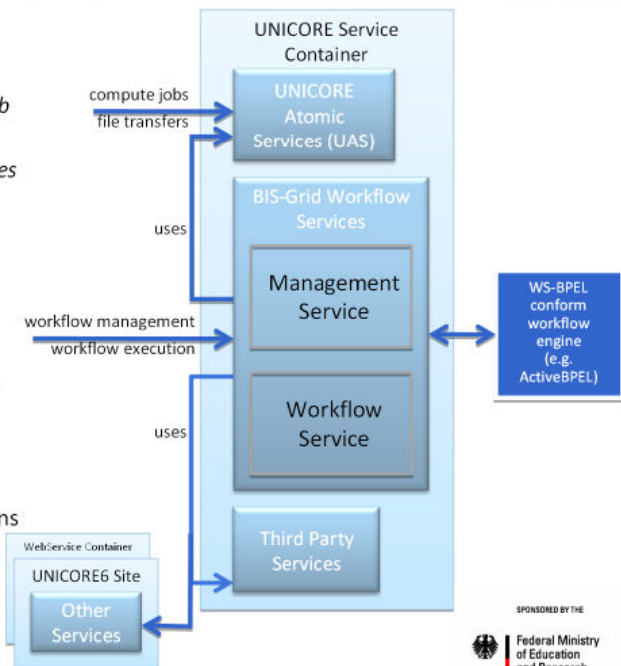
- ▶ Approx. 2000 C
- ▶ Approx. 2 PByte
- ▶ UNICORE (as w
- and gLite) is ins
- as systems are



## BIS-Grid: Grid-based Information Systems Integration



- **Workflow Engine for Grid Service Orchestration**
- Executes workflows that orchestrate *Web as well as WSRF Grid Services*
- Provides workflows as *WSRF Grid Services*
- Supports *Grid and IS Security* (RBAC, Certificates, Access Policies)
- Provides simple monitoring functions
- Realized as UNICORE 6 Services
- Uses WS-BPEL and an arbitrary WS-BPEL engine for orchestration
- *WS-BPEL Engine is exchangeable*
  - language extensions or modifications
  - engine extensions or modifications
- *No proprietary WS-BPEL*
- *Open Source*
- *More Information and outcomes on [www.bisgrid.de](http://www.bisgrid.de)*

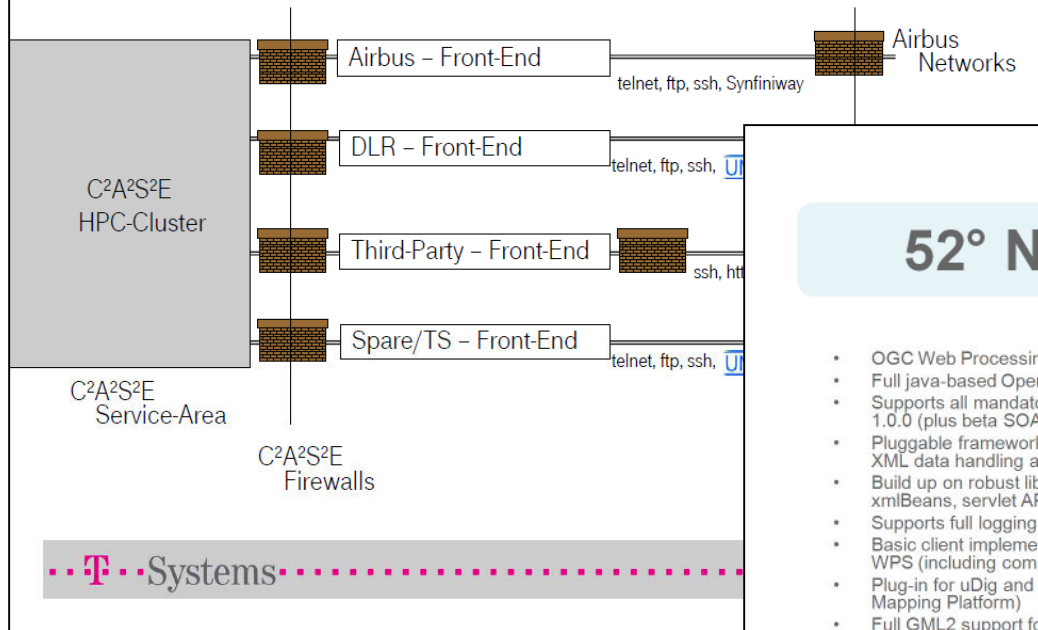


Slide courtesy of André Höing (TU Berlin)



# Usage in Commercial Areas

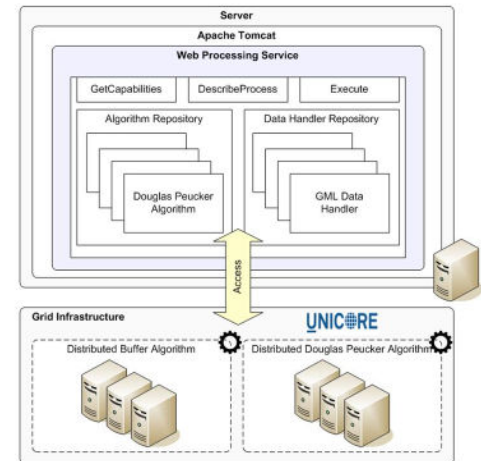
## Embedding in Industrial and Research Environments: Access to C<sup>2</sup>A<sup>2</sup>S<sup>2</sup>E-HPC



Slide courtesy of A

## 52° North WPS - Summary

- OGC Web Processing Service (WPS)
- Full java-based Open Source (GNU GPL)
- Supports all mandatory features of WPS 1.0.0 (plus beta SOAP/WSDL support)
- Pluggable framework for algorithms and XML data handling and processing
- Build up on robust libraries (JTS, geotools, xmlBeans, servlet API, derby)
- Supports full logging of service activity
- Basic client implementation for accessing WPS (including complete XML encoding)
- Plug-in for uDig and JUMP (Java Unified Mapping Platform)
- Full GML2 support for ComplexData
- Beta Raster support based on GDAL
- Asynchronous processing
- Raw data support
- Full Maven support
- Supports UNICORE for Distributed Computing

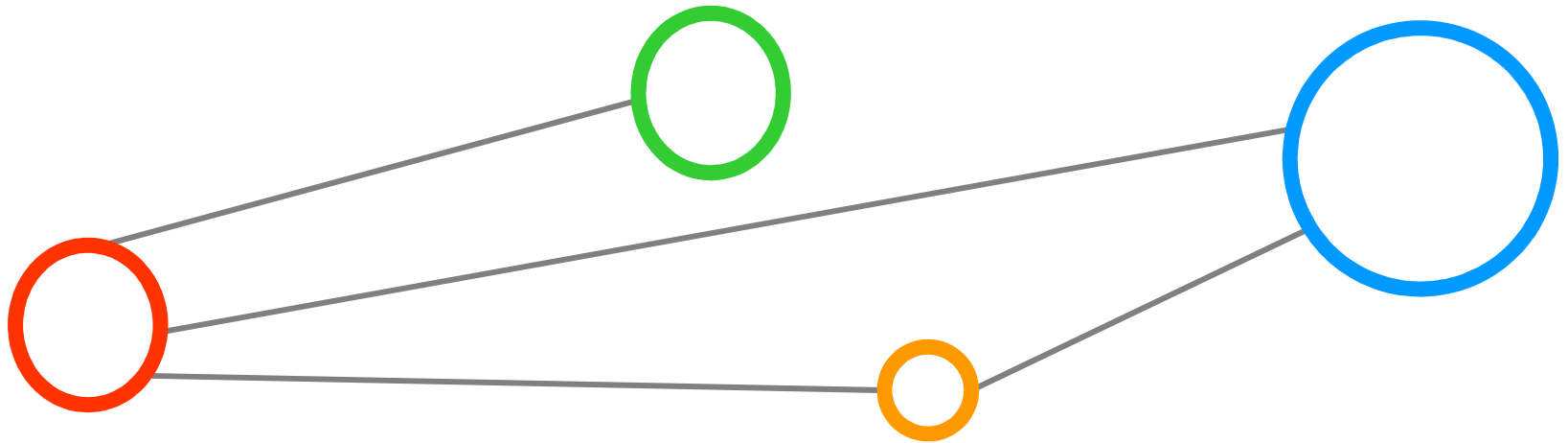


52° North Web Processing Service (WPS)

<http://www.52north.org/wps>

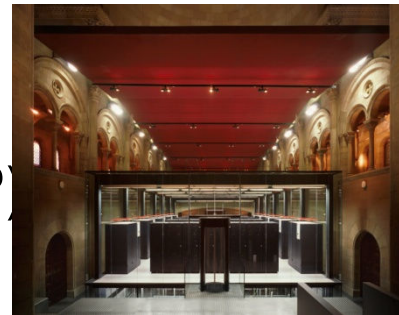
Slide courtesy of Bastian Baranski (52° North & University Münster)

# Role as HPC-Driven Grid Middleware



# Grid driving High Performance Computing (HPC)

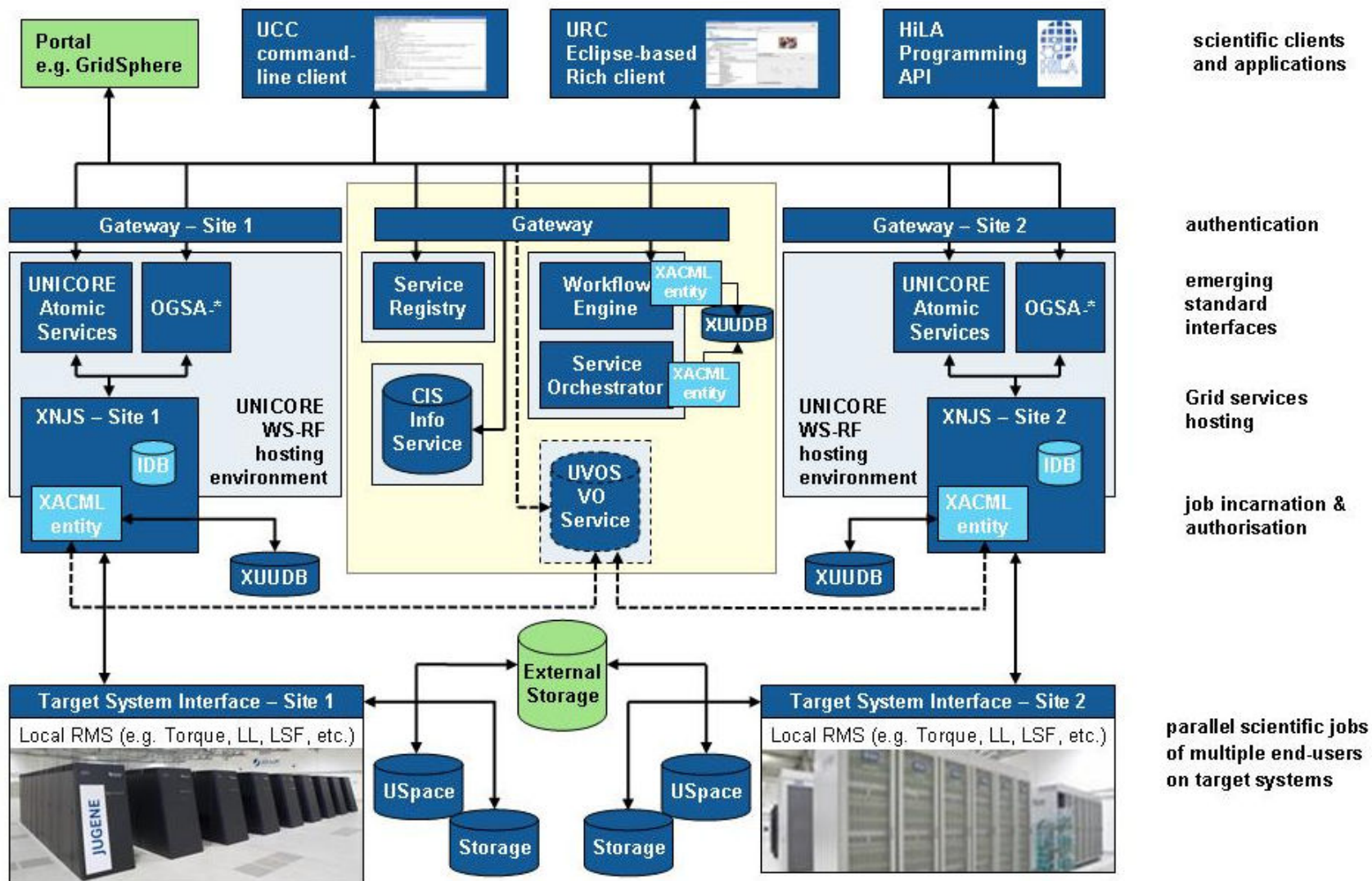
- ▶ Used in
  - ▶ DEISA (European Distributed Supercomputing Infrastructure)
  - ▶ National German Supercomputing Center NIC
  - ▶ Gauss Center for Supercomputing  
(Alliance of the three German HPC centers & official National Grid Initiative for Germany in the context of EGI)
  - ▶ PRACE (European PetaFlop HPC Infrastructure) – starting-up
- ▶ Traditionally taking up major requirements from i.e.
  - ▶ HPC users (i.e. MPI, OpenMP)
  - ▶ HPC user support teams
  - ▶ HPC operations teams
  - ▶ ...and via SourceForge Platform



**sourceforge**

FIND AND DEVELOP OPEN SOURCE SOFTWARE

# UNICORE Architecture Overview

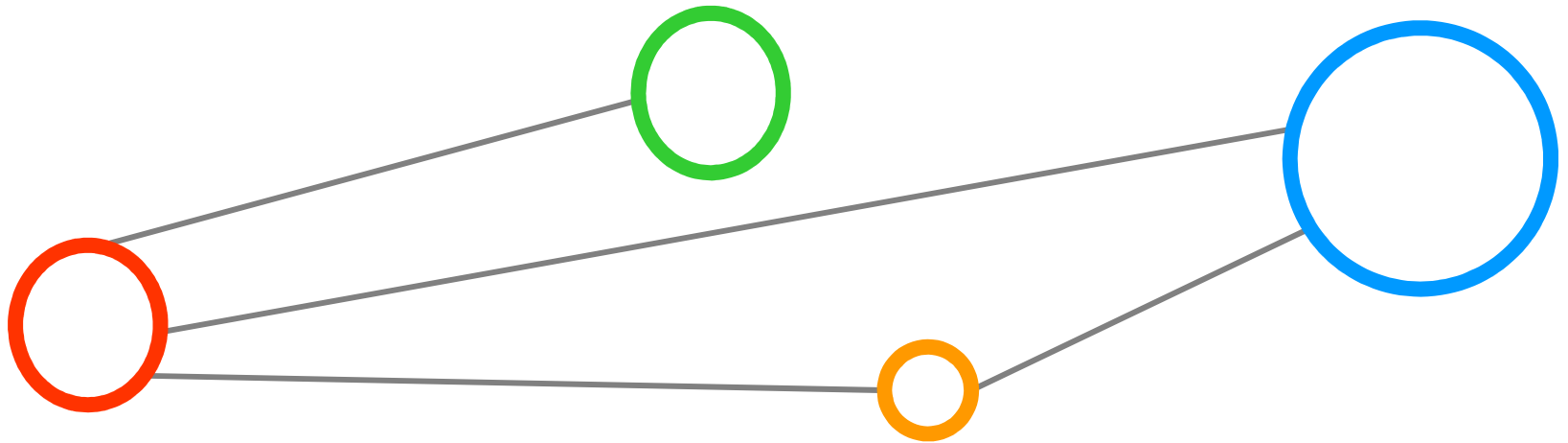


# EMI and High Throughput Computing (HTC)

- ▶ UNICORE can be used in non HPC-focussed environments
  - ▶ German National Grid D-Grid and some of there communities
  - ▶ High Throughput Computing (HTC) possible with UNICORE
  - ▶ EMI will be possibly deployed on many HTC-driven Grids
- ▶ Role towards the European Middleware Initiative (EMI)
  - ▶ Stronger support for distributed data and storage technologies
  - ▶ Aligning with the key features of other EMI middleware such as ARC & gLite (e.g. pool accounts)
  - ▶ Integrate requirements arising from HTC-driven environments

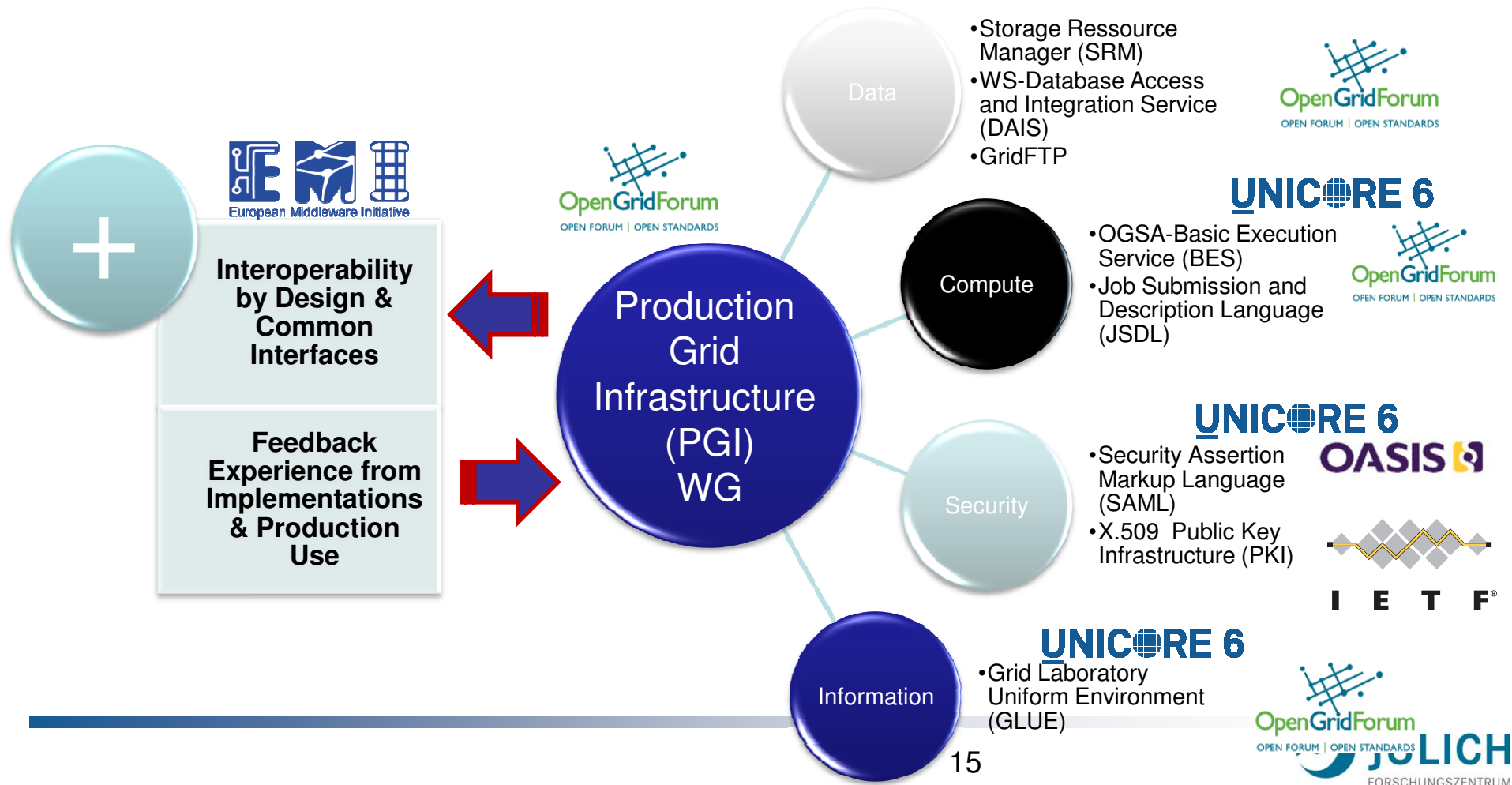


# Objectives and Migration Plans



# General Paradigm: Adopting Open Standards

- ▶ Adopt and drive efforts of the OGF PGI-WG



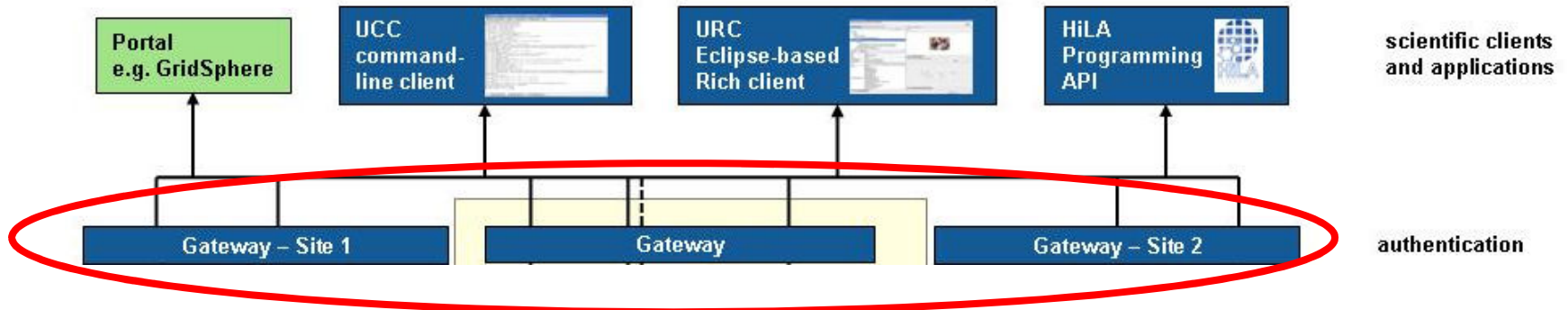


# Migration to Common Client API



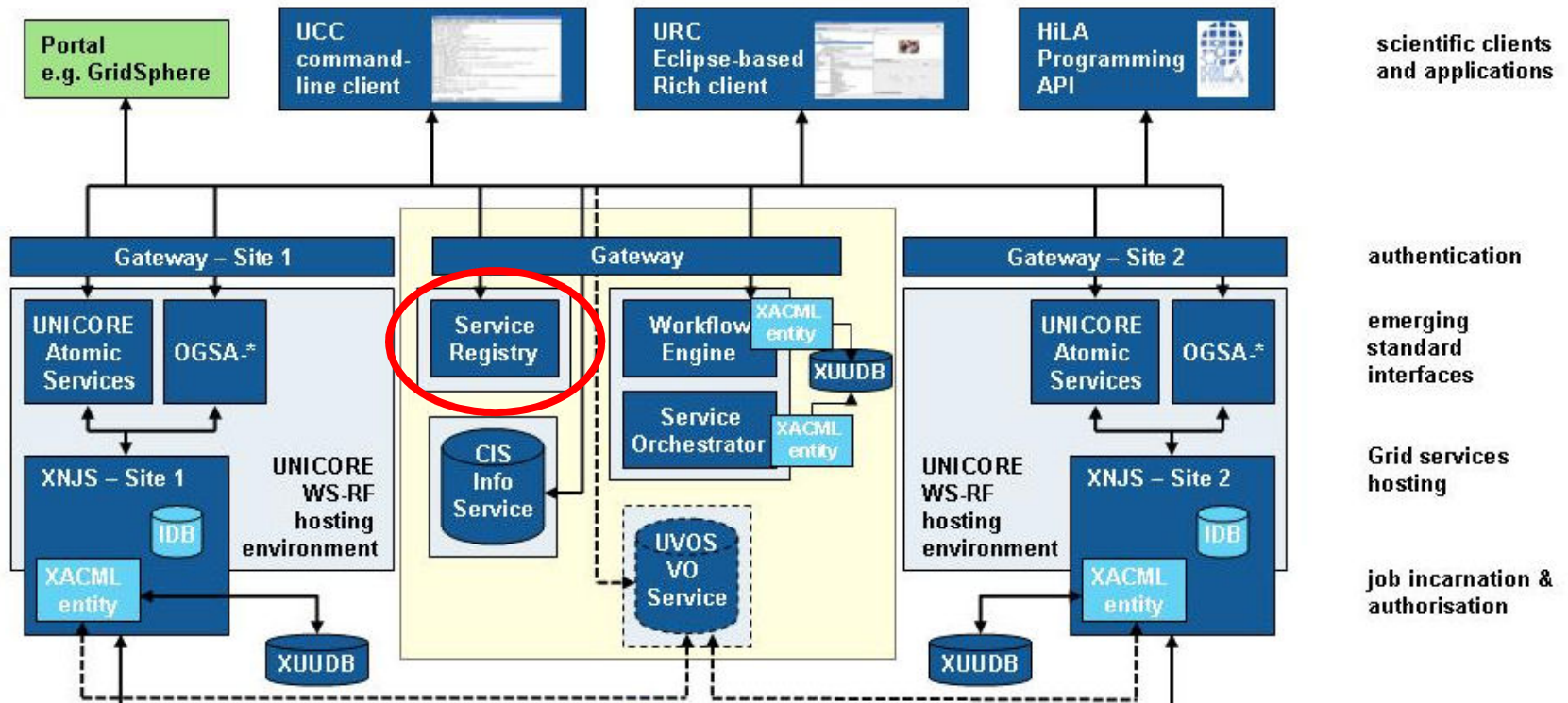
- ▶ Offer Higher Level Application Programming API (HiLA) as potential common client API in EMI
  - ▶ Easy programming API with non UNICORE-based Grid abstractions (e.g. Grid, Site, etc.)
  - ▶ Potential integration of emerging standards of the OGF Production Grid Infrastructure (PGI) working group
  - ▶ Access to all PGI-compliant Grid middlewares and thus to ARC (e.g. A-Rex) and gLite (e.g. computing element) once PGI is adopted
- ▶ Potential access of PGI-compliant middleware (UNICORE, ARC, gLite, ...) from other available clients as well

# Migration to Common EMI Security Infrastructure



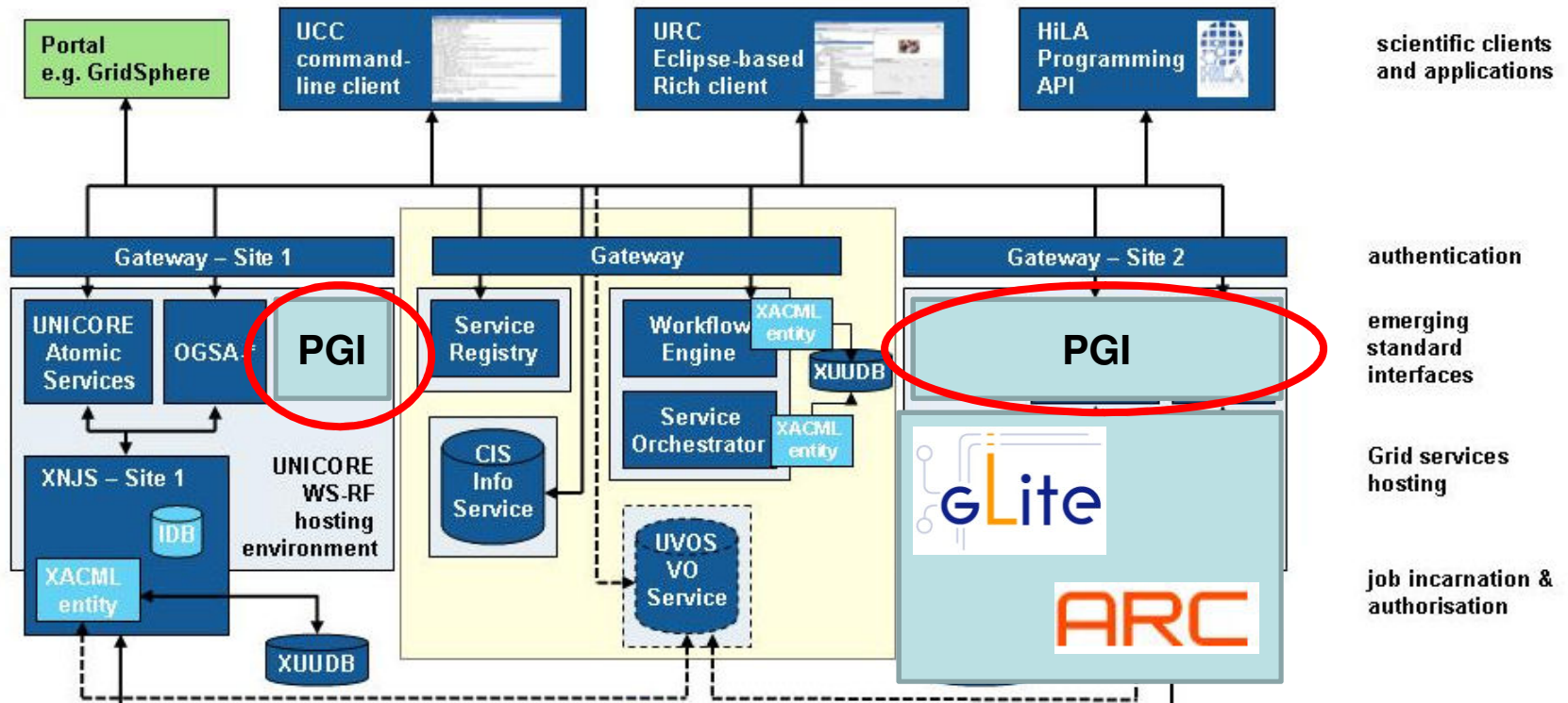
- ▶ Take up of common EMI security infrastructure
  - ▶ Aligned with efforts of the OGF PGI working group
  - ▶ Move away from Grid Security Infrastructure (GSI)
  - ▶ Enables a broader access from non-Grid environments (i.e. Web) & broader support for tooling to satisfy industry needs
- ▶ Offer Gateway as a common EMI authentication component
  - ▶ Potentially merging functionality with gLite trust manager, etc.
  - ▶ Exploring potentials for Shibboleth-based EMI federations

# Common Registry Service Objective



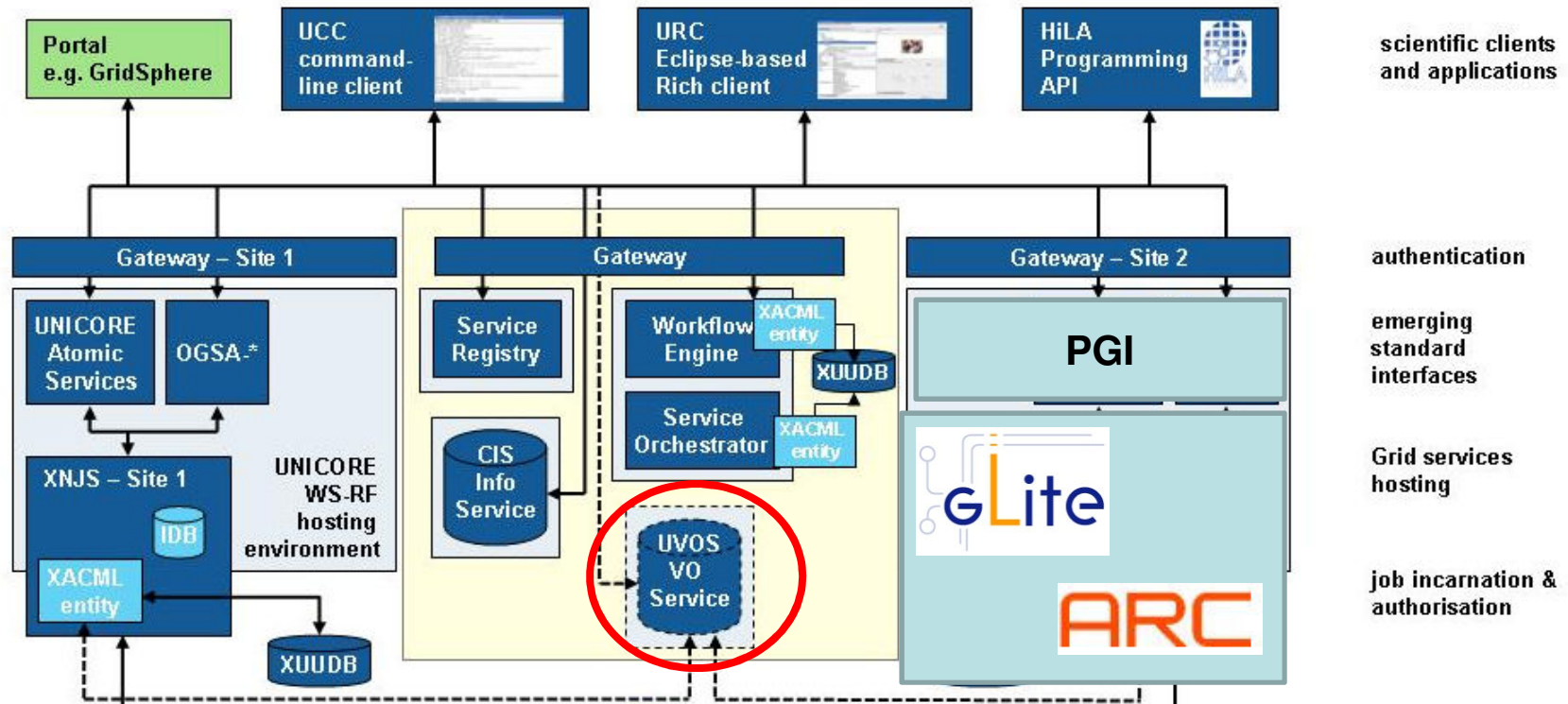
- ▶ Goal: common registry service for UNICORE, ARC & gLite
  - ▶ Outphasing of the WS-RF-based UNICORE Service Registry

# PGI-compliance for Compute & Data Objective



- ▶ Take up of emerging PGI standards driven by EMI for compute and data interfaces to access also gLite & ARC
  - ▶ Parallel Interfaces to proprietary UNICORE Atomic Services

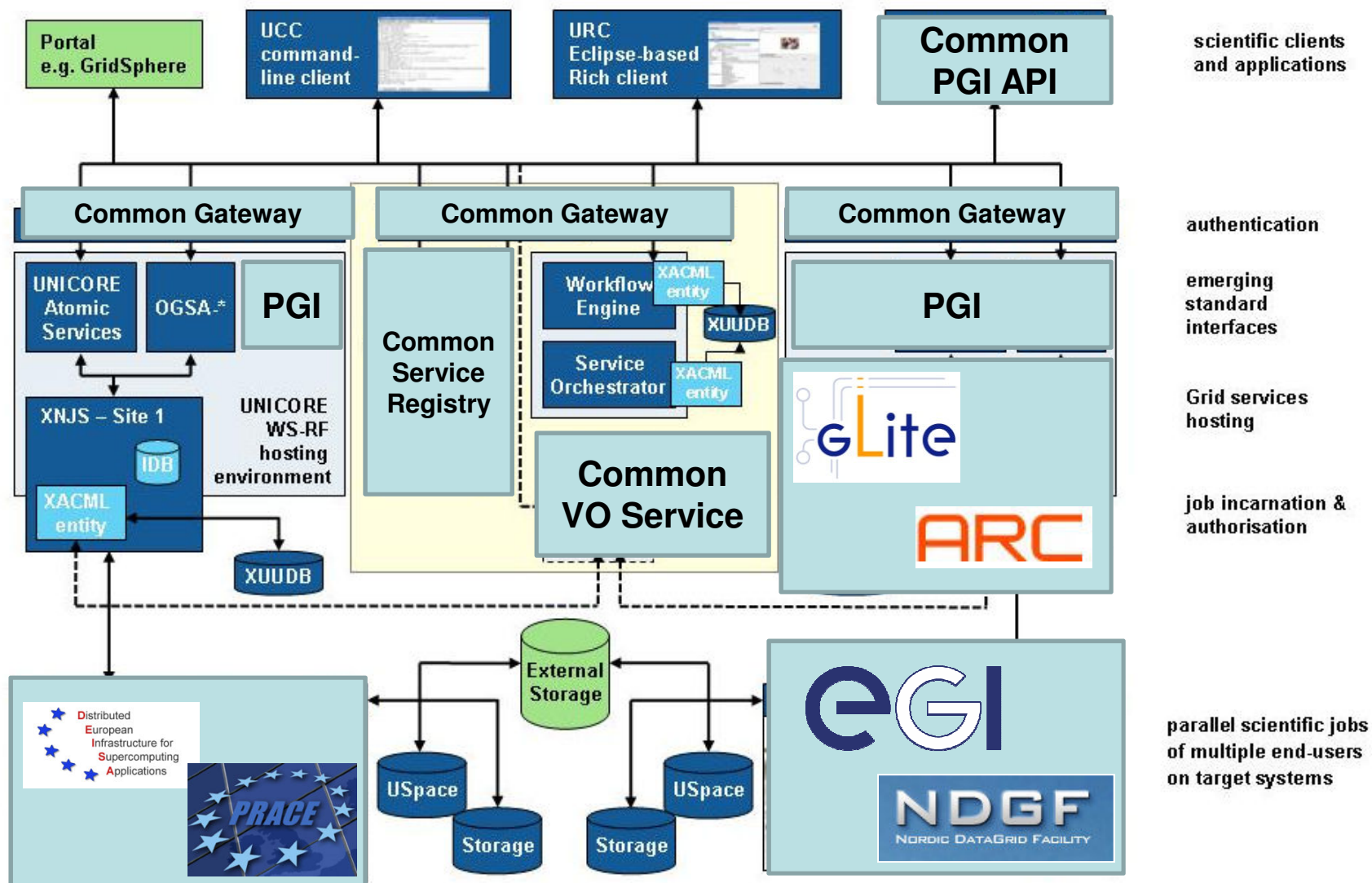
# Common Attribute-based Authorization



- ▶ Take up of a common EMI attribute-based authorization service support and open interfaces for Virtual Organizations
  - ▶ Push of Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) usage



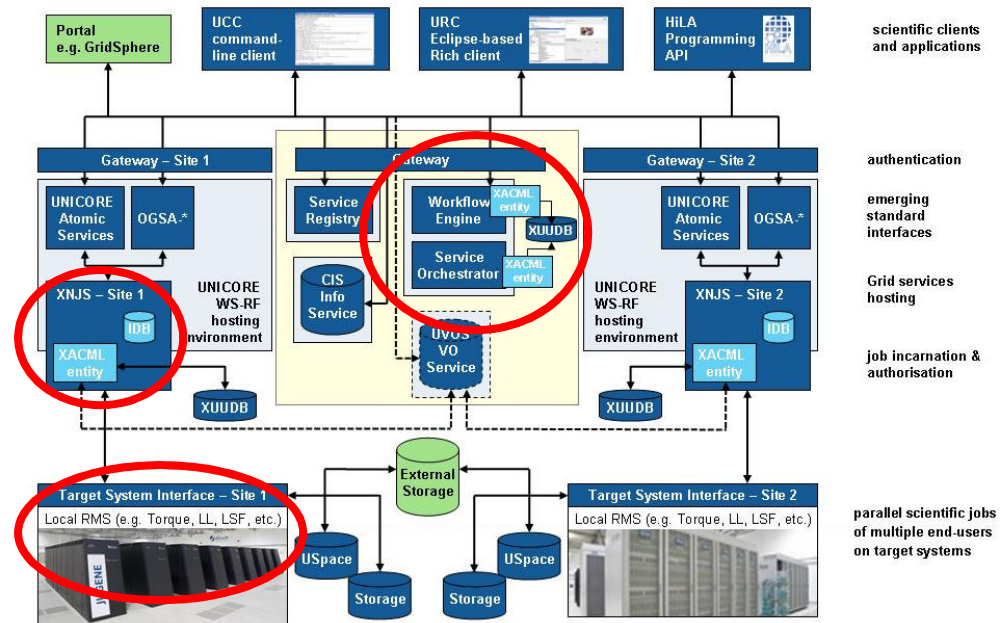
# Moving towards potential EMI Architecture



# Other Potential Objectives

- ▶ Workflow (maybe out of EMI scope, but important)

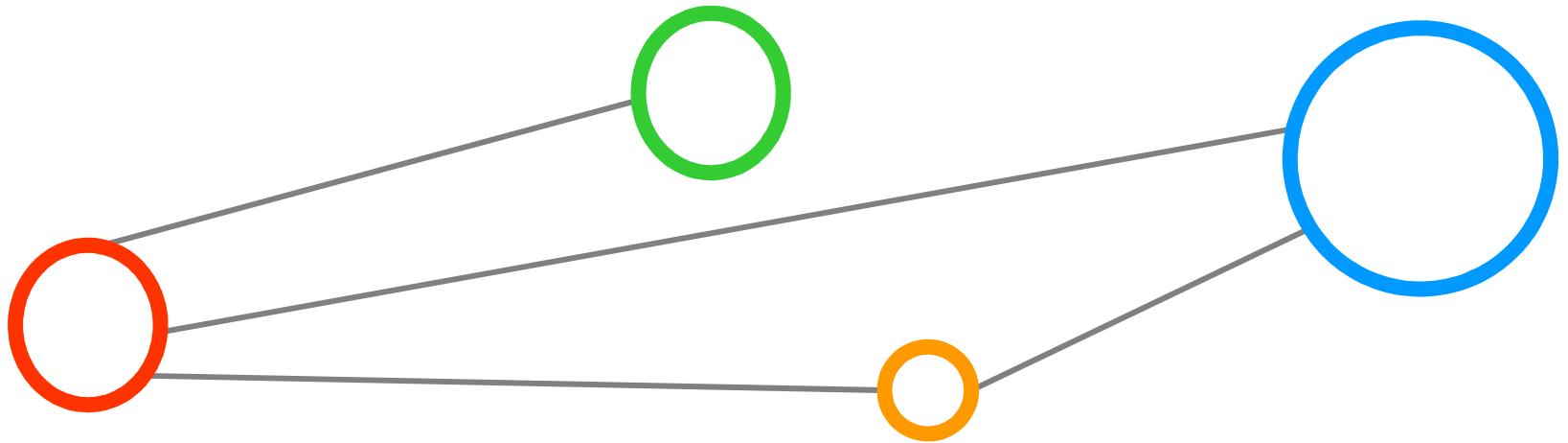
- ▶ Workflow functionality make job chains possible across multiple sites
- ▶ Workflow Engine & Service Orchestrator good base for EMI



- ▶ Strong execution backend XNJS and TSI
  - ▶ Provide support for many operating and batch systems with continued development since ~10 years
  - ▶ Strong MPI support may (will) become highly relevant for EMI in the “economy of scales” → we reached peta-scale already...

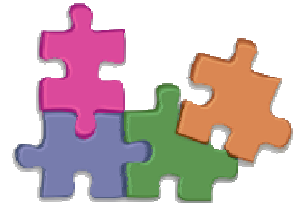


# Summary



# Summary of Components of Interest for EMI

- ▶ All components are subject to be harmonized
- ▶ Security
  - ▶ UNICORE Gateway (i.e. authentication)
  - ▶ UNICORE VO Service (UVOS) (i.e. Attribute Authority)
  - ▶ XACML Entity (i.e. attribute-based authorization decisions)
- ▶ Compute
  - ▶ XNJS, UNICORE Atomic Services & OGSA-BES (i.e. execution)
  - ▶ Workflow Engine to be compliant with EMI execution interface
- ▶ Information
  - ▶ Service Registry (i.e. information about available Grid services)
- ▶ Data
  - ▶ UNICORE Atomic Services (i.e. data)



# General Summary

- ▶ UNICORE is a ready-to-run European Grid Technology including client and server software highly relevant for EMI
- ▶ Provides a seamless, secure, and intuitive access to different distributed computing and data resources
- ▶ All components are available as open source under BSD License on SourceForge & support for science and industry
- ▶ Traditional role as HPC-driven middleware and more recently also usable in Grid environments (i.e. High Throughput Computing)
- ▶ Commitment to open standards to support a common set of interfaces and protocols of emerging components of the EMI





**software, source code, documentation, tutorials,  
mailing lists, community links, and more:**

**<http://www.unicore.eu>**