

Heavy hadron production for the study of their structure

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1. Introduction

Background and resonances in binary reactions

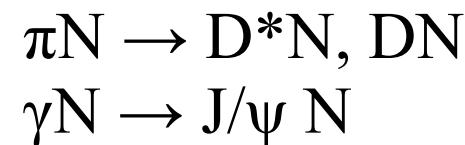
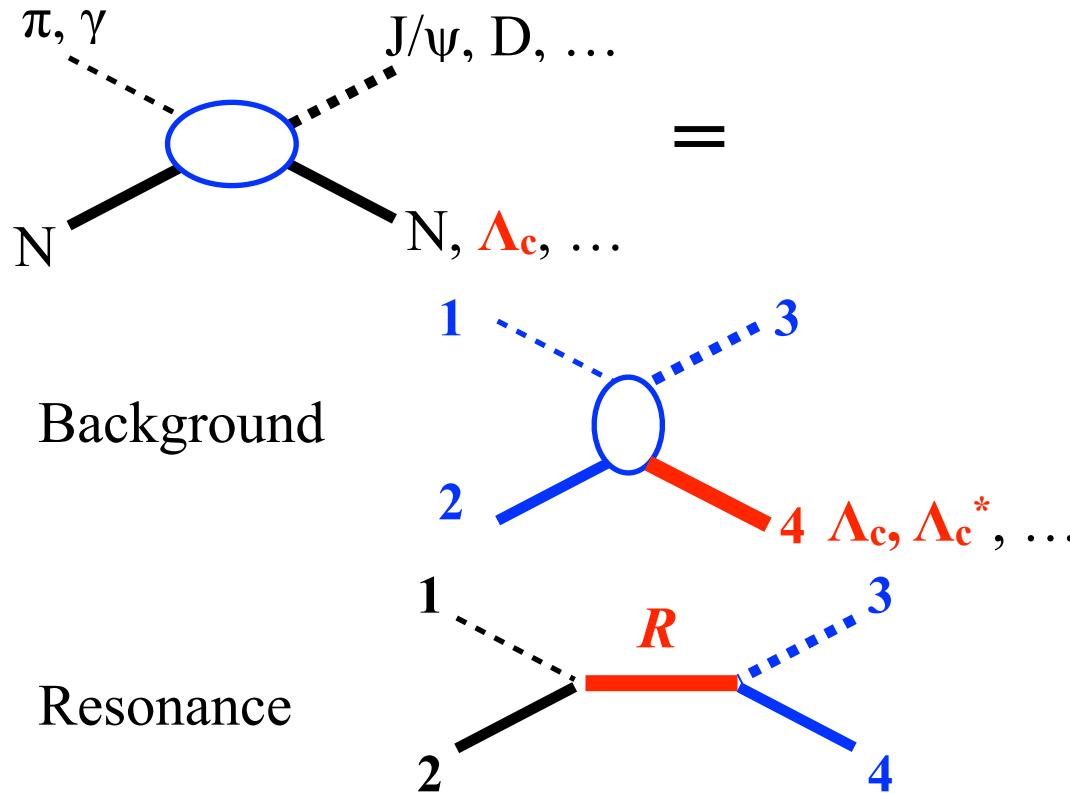
2. How abundantly are charms produced?

3. What we can learn about the structure?

4. Productions of P_c

1. Introduction

Binary reactions: for the study of Λ^* and P_c



Missing mass of 1,2,3
for the study of 4
 $\Lambda_c, \Lambda_c^*, \Sigma_c^*, \dots$

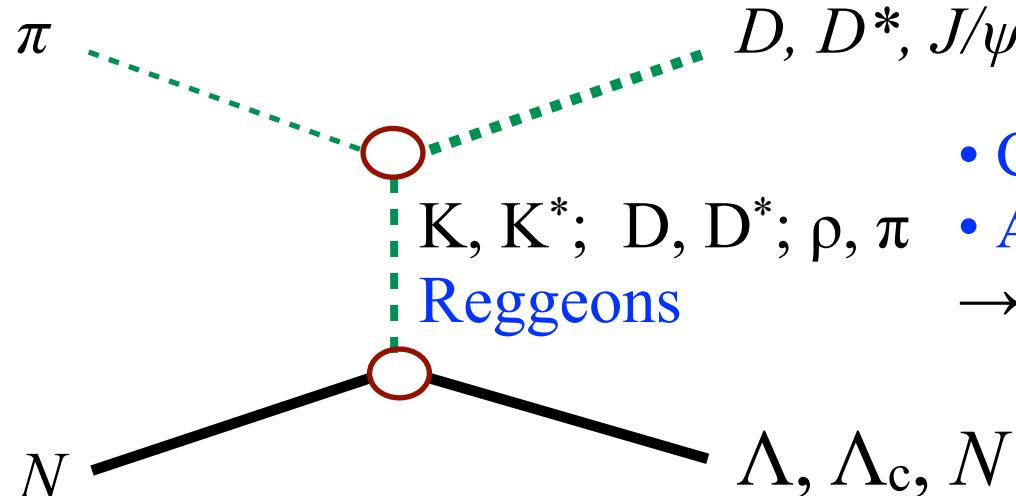
Energy (s) dep. and
B.R. 3, 4 for the study
of resonance, P_c

- Questions:**
1. How **abundantly** are charms produced?
 2. What we can learn about the **structure**?

2. How abundantly are charms produced?

Pion induced reactions @ J-PARC

A.B. Kaidalov and P.E. Volkovitsky, Z. Phys. C 63, 517 (1994)



- Correct **large s behavior**
- **Absolute value** not determined
→ Fit to strangeness production and **predict for charm**

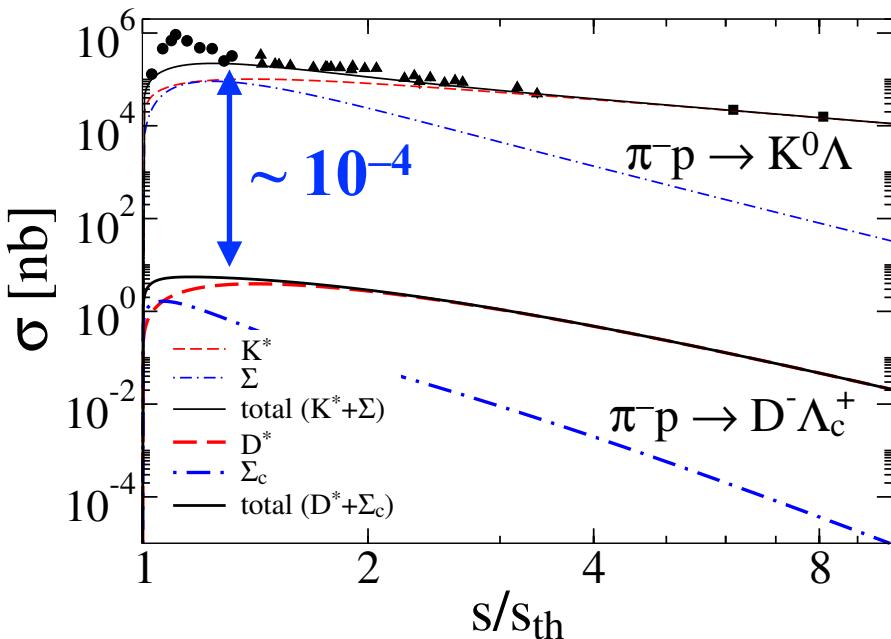
$$T_D(s, t) = \underline{\mathcal{M}_D(s, t)} \left(\frac{s}{s_D} \right)^{\alpha_D(t)} \Gamma[-\alpha_D(t)] \frac{\alpha'_D}{P_D^F(t)},$$

Total cross sections

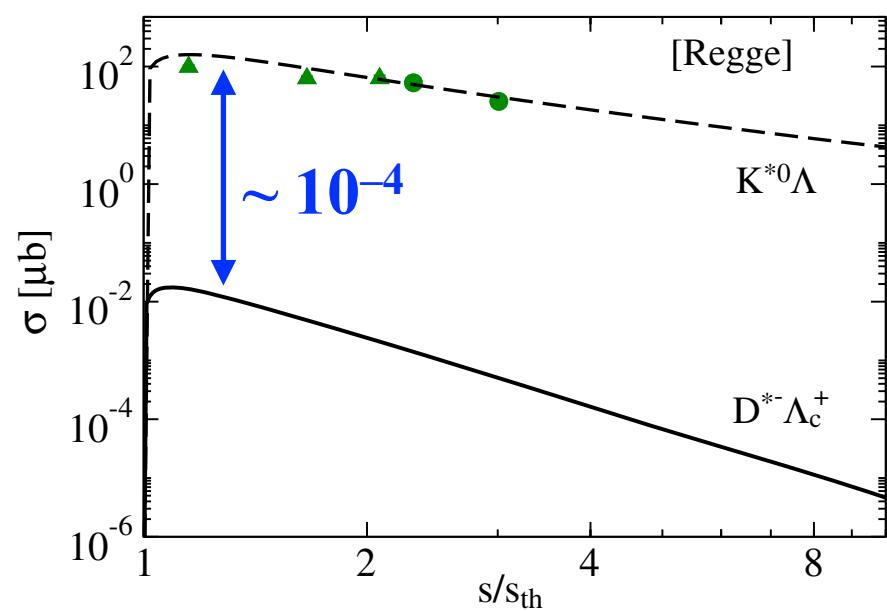
Kim, AH, Kim,

Phys.Rev. D92 no.9, 094021 (2015); D94, no. 9, 094025 (2016)

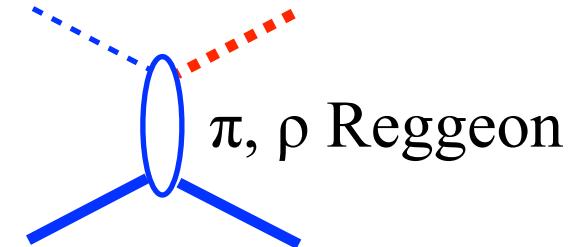
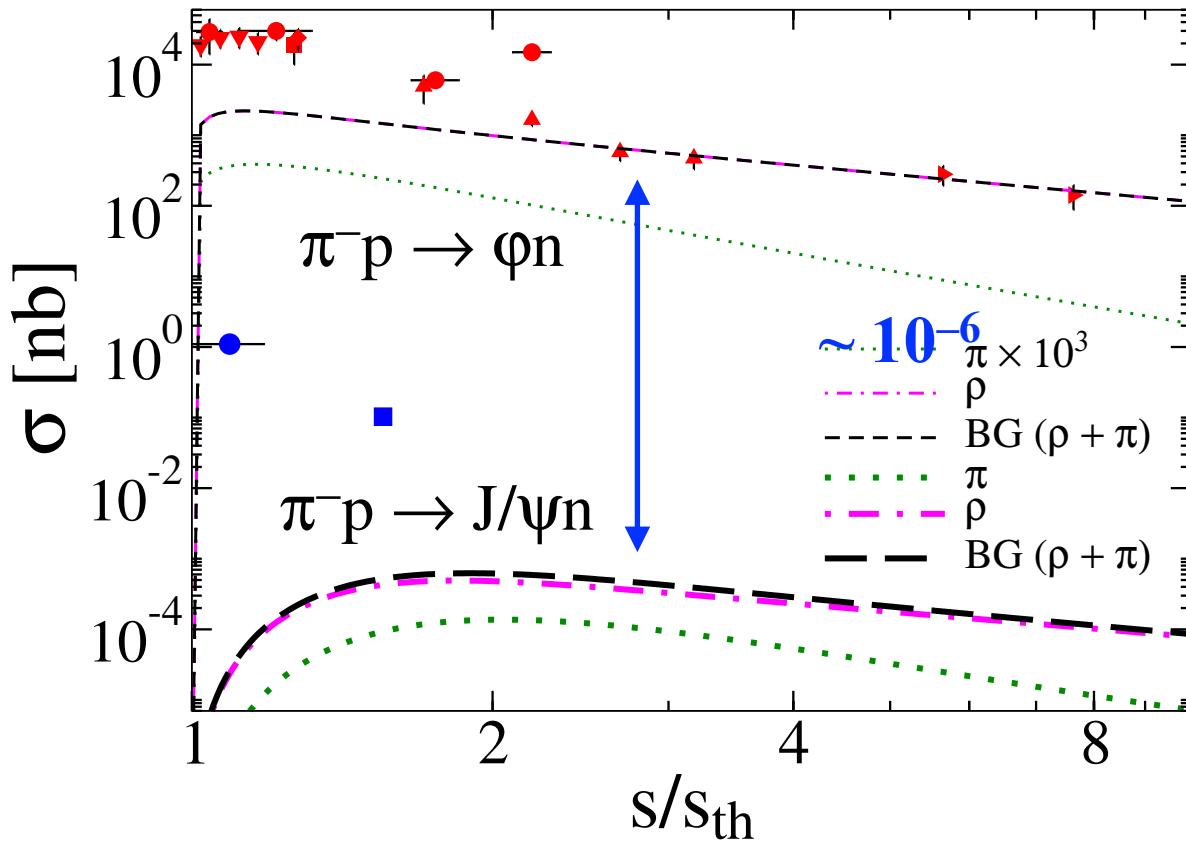
$\pi N \rightarrow K\Lambda, D\Lambda c$



$\pi N \rightarrow K^*\Lambda, D^*\Lambda c$

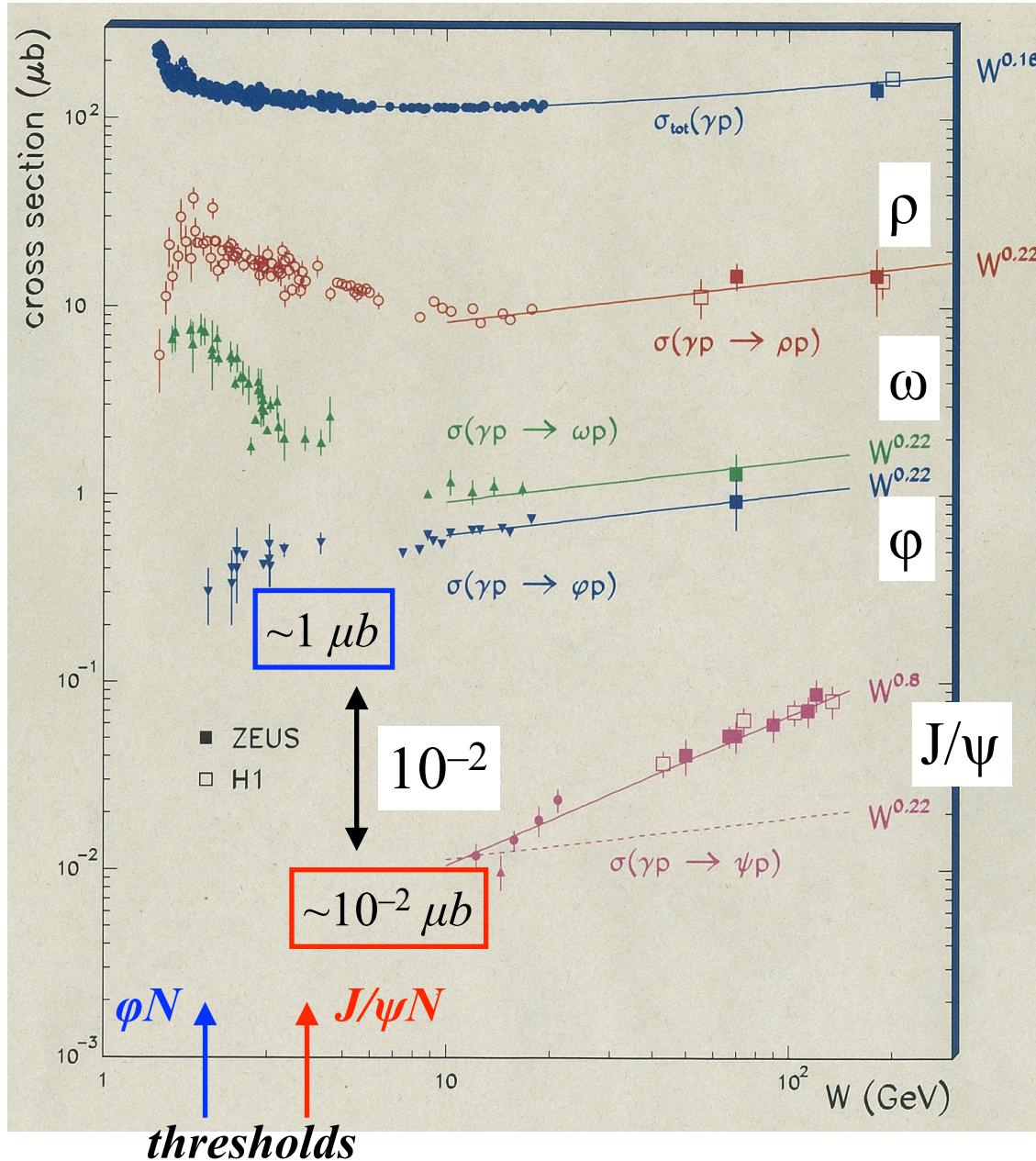


$\pi N \rightarrow \phi N, J/\psi N$



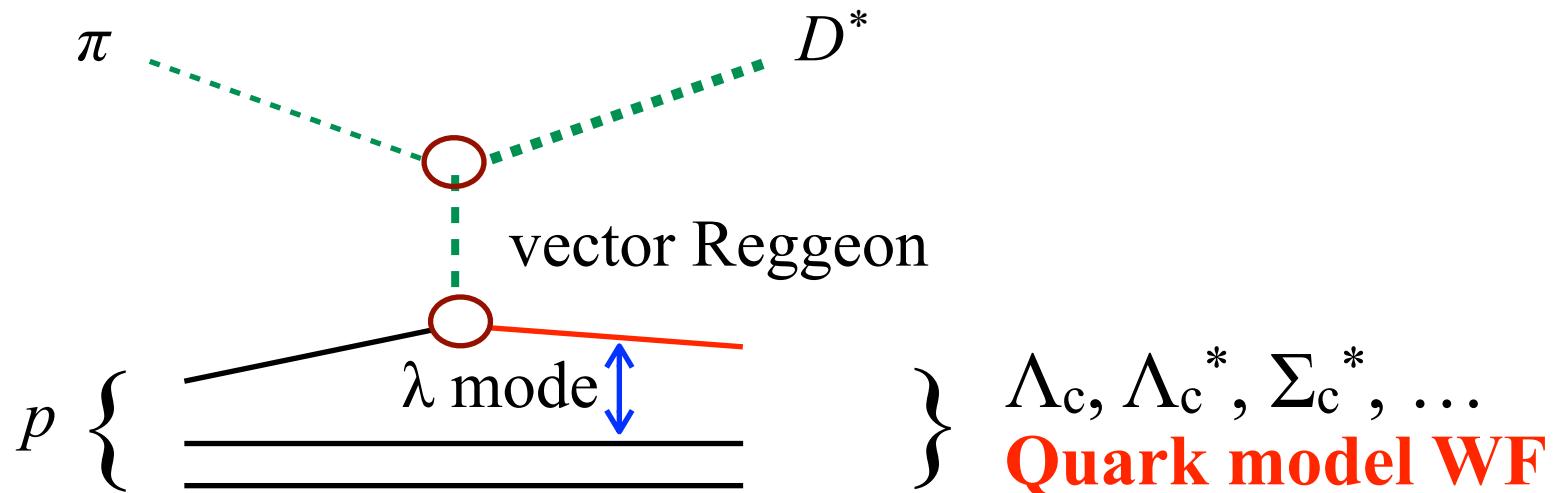
- $\rho\pi$ Reggeon model reproduces the *large s behavior of ϕ*
- J/ψ production is largely suppressed by $\sim 10^{-6}$ $g_{\pi\rho\phi} \gg g_{\pi\rho J/\psi}$
- Wish to see more data

Vector meson production: $\gamma p \rightarrow Vp$



3. What we can learn about the structure?

Missing Mass study for $\pi N \rightarrow D^* \Lambda_c$

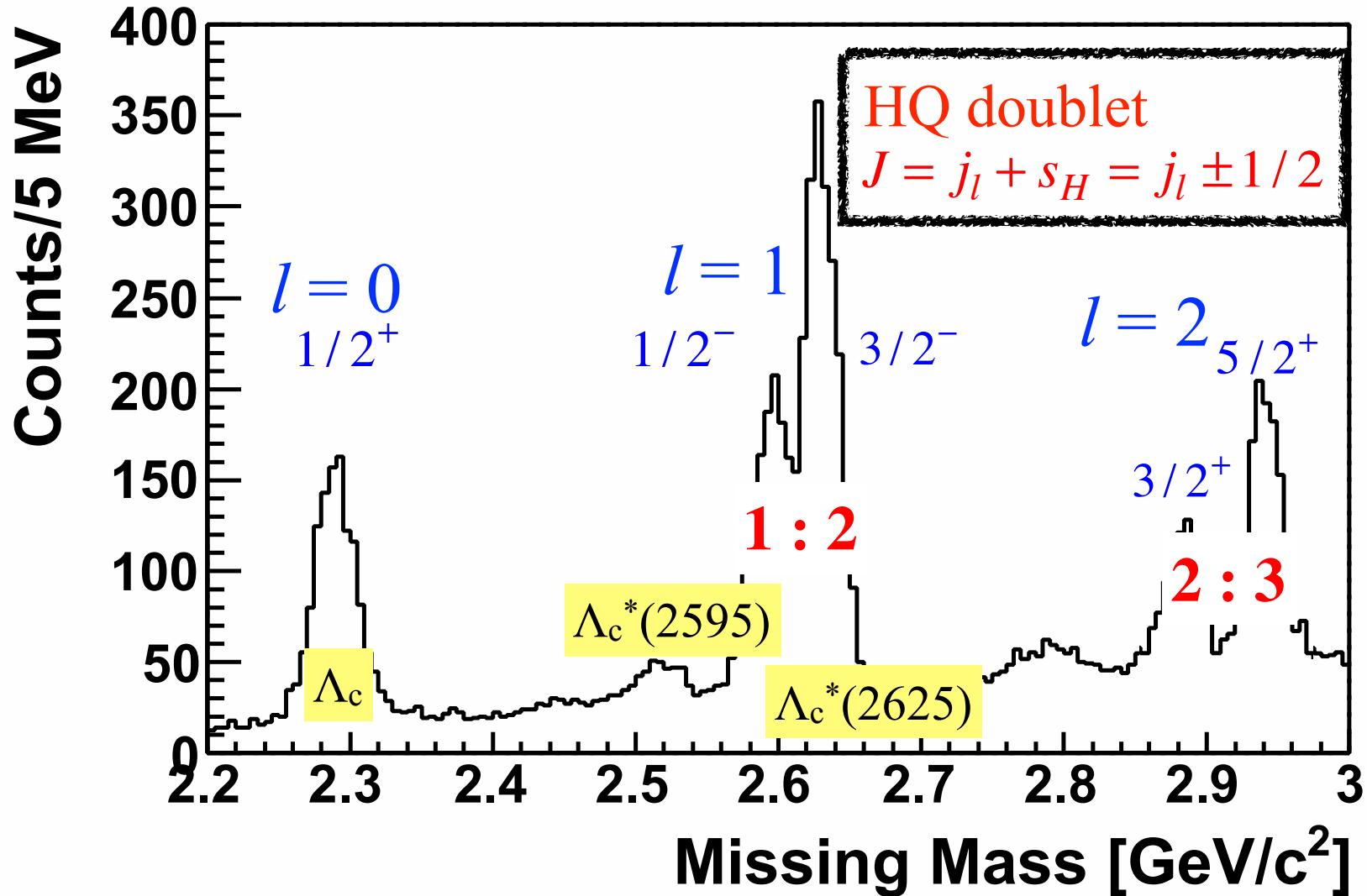


$$\langle B_c(\text{L-wave}) | \vec{e}_\perp \cdot \vec{\sigma} e^{i\vec{q}_{eff} \cdot \vec{x}} | N(\text{S-wave}) \rangle_{radial} \sim \left(\frac{\vec{q}_{eff}}{A} \right)^L \times \exp \left(-\frac{\vec{q}_{eff}^2}{4A^2} \right)$$

Transverse spin
of vector Reggeon

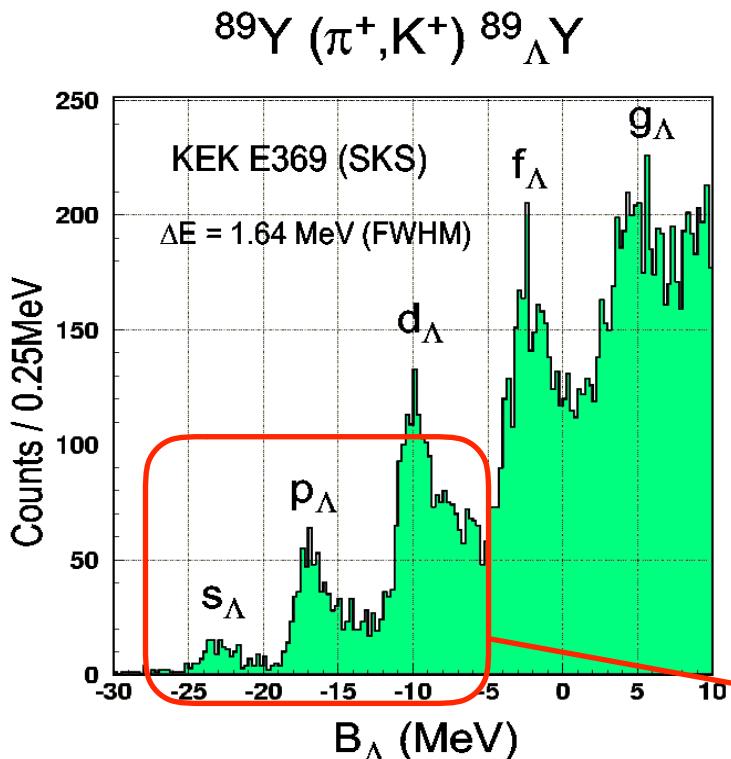
Angular momentum
matching

Spectrum simulation



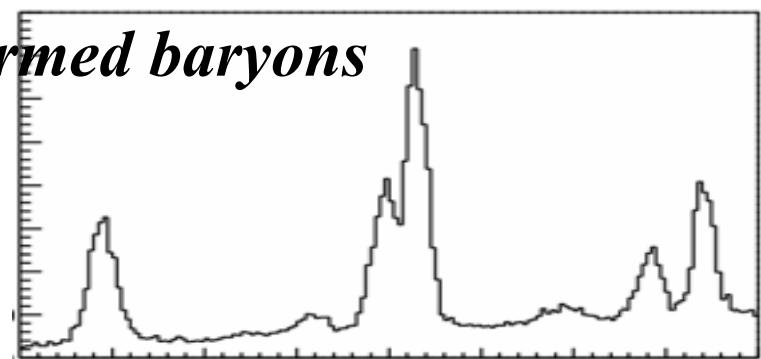
Similarity with hyper nuclei

Establishing single particle orbits: ^{89}Y

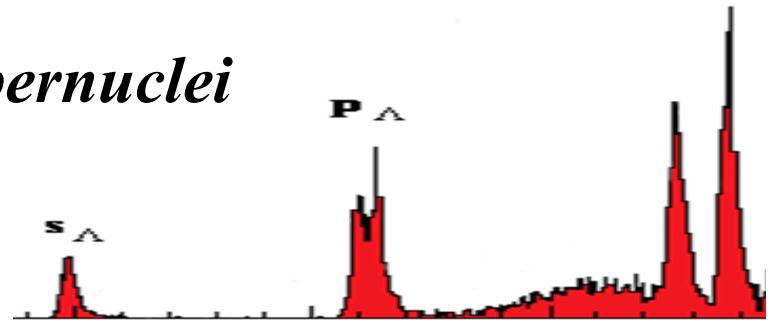


H. Hotch *et al.*,
Phys. Rev. C64, 044302(2001)

Charmed baryons

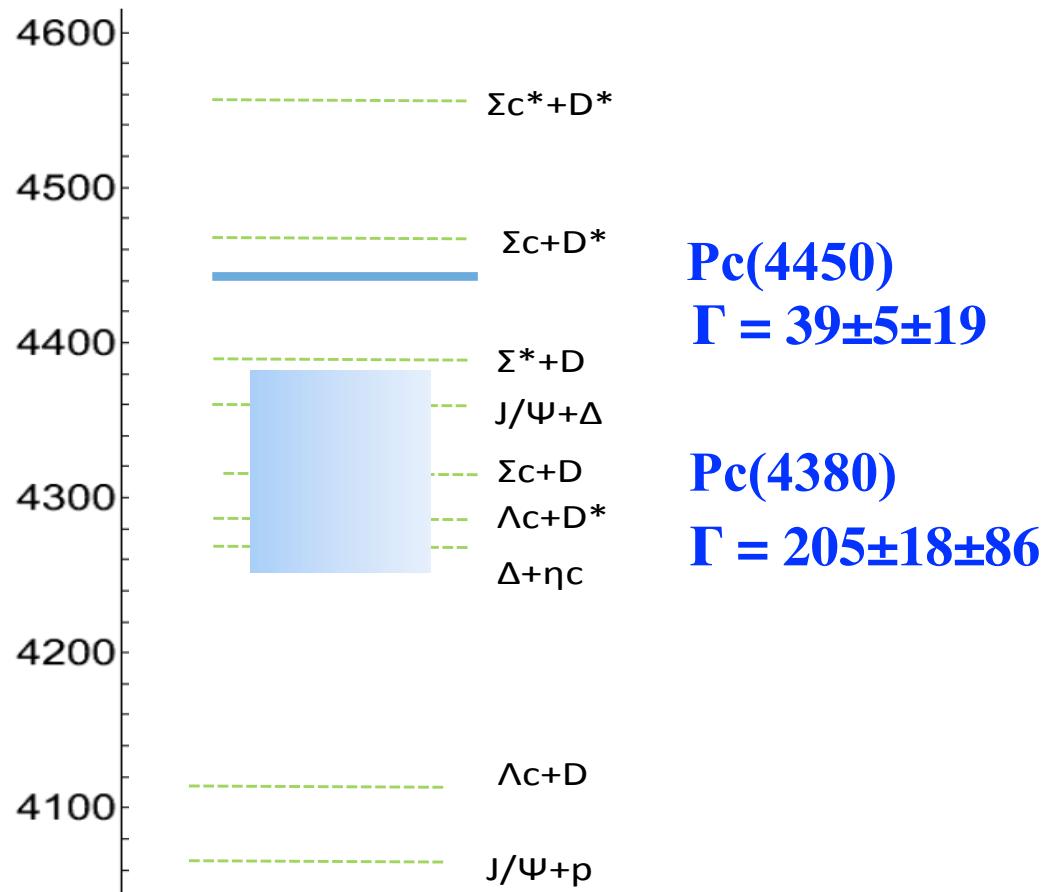


Hypernuclei



4. Productions of P_c

Not much is known except for masses and widths



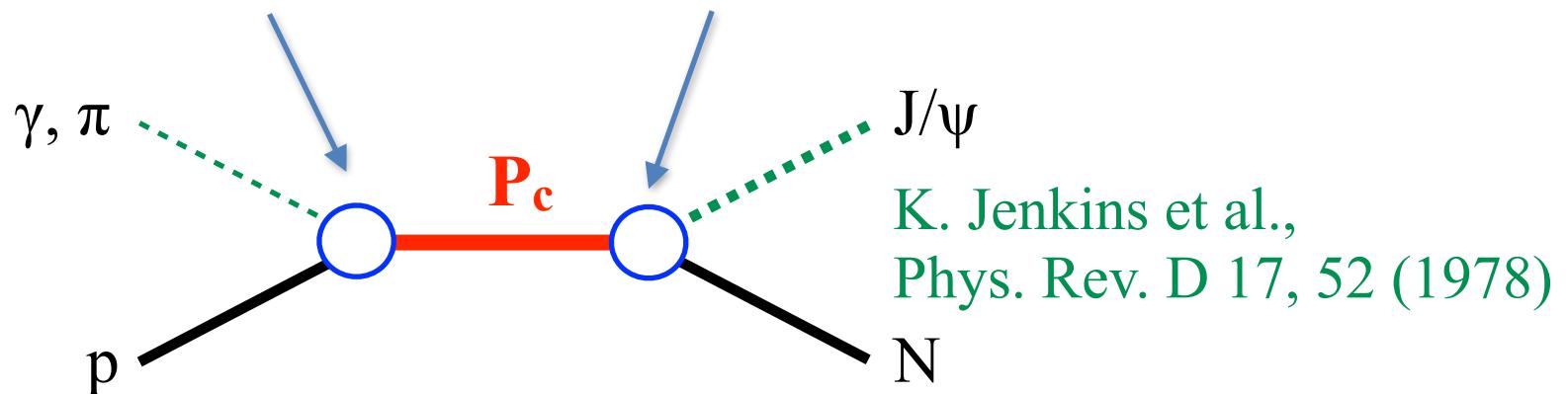
Estimation for the J/ ψ production

Kubarovsky and Voloshin, PRD92, 031502(R) (2015)

$$\sigma(\pi + p \rightarrow P_c \rightarrow J/\psi + p)$$

$$= \frac{2J+1}{4} \frac{4\pi}{k^2} \frac{\Gamma^2/4}{(E - E_0)^2 + \Gamma^2/4} \Big\}^{J=1/2} \rightarrow \textcolor{red}{600 \mu b}$$
 at the resonance point

$$\times \text{Br}(P_c \rightarrow \pi + p) \text{Br}(P_c \rightarrow J/\psi + p)$$



To be consistent with the available data of at most $\sim 1 \text{ nb}$,
the product of the BR's is $\sim 10^{-6}$ or less

Open charm molecular states

Wu et al, PRL105, 232001 (2010)

$J = 1/2^- \quad D\Lambda_c, \dots$

TABLE IV. Mass (M), total width (Γ), and the partial decay width (Γ_i) for the states from $PB \rightarrow PB$, with units in MeV.

(I, S)	M	Γ	Γ_i					
$(1/2, 0)$		πN	ηN	$\eta' N$	$K\Sigma$		$\eta_c N$	
	4261	56.9	3.8	8.1	3.9	17.0		23.4
$(0, -1)$		$\bar{K}N$	$\pi\Sigma$	$\eta\Lambda$	$\eta'\Lambda$	$K\Xi$	$\eta_c\Lambda$	
	4209	32.4	15.8	2.9	3.2	1.7	2.4	5.8
	4394	43.3	0	10.6	7.1	3.3	5.8	16.3

$$Br(P_c \rightarrow \pi N) \sim 6\%$$

$J = 1/2^-, 3/2^- \quad D^*\Lambda_c, \dots$

TABLE V. Mass (M), total width (Γ), and the partial decay width (Γ_i) for the states from $VB \rightarrow VB$ with units in MeV.

(I, S)	M	Γ	Γ_i					
$(1/2, 0)$			ρN	ωN	$K^*\Sigma$	$J/\psi N$		
	4412	47.3	3.2	10.4	13.7			19.2
$(0, -1)$			\bar{K}^*N	$\rho\Sigma$	$\omega\Lambda$	$\phi\Lambda$	$K^*\Xi$	$J/\psi\Lambda$
	4368	28.0	13.9	3.1	0.3	4.0	1.8	5.4
	4544	36.6	0	8.8	9.1	0	5.0	13.8

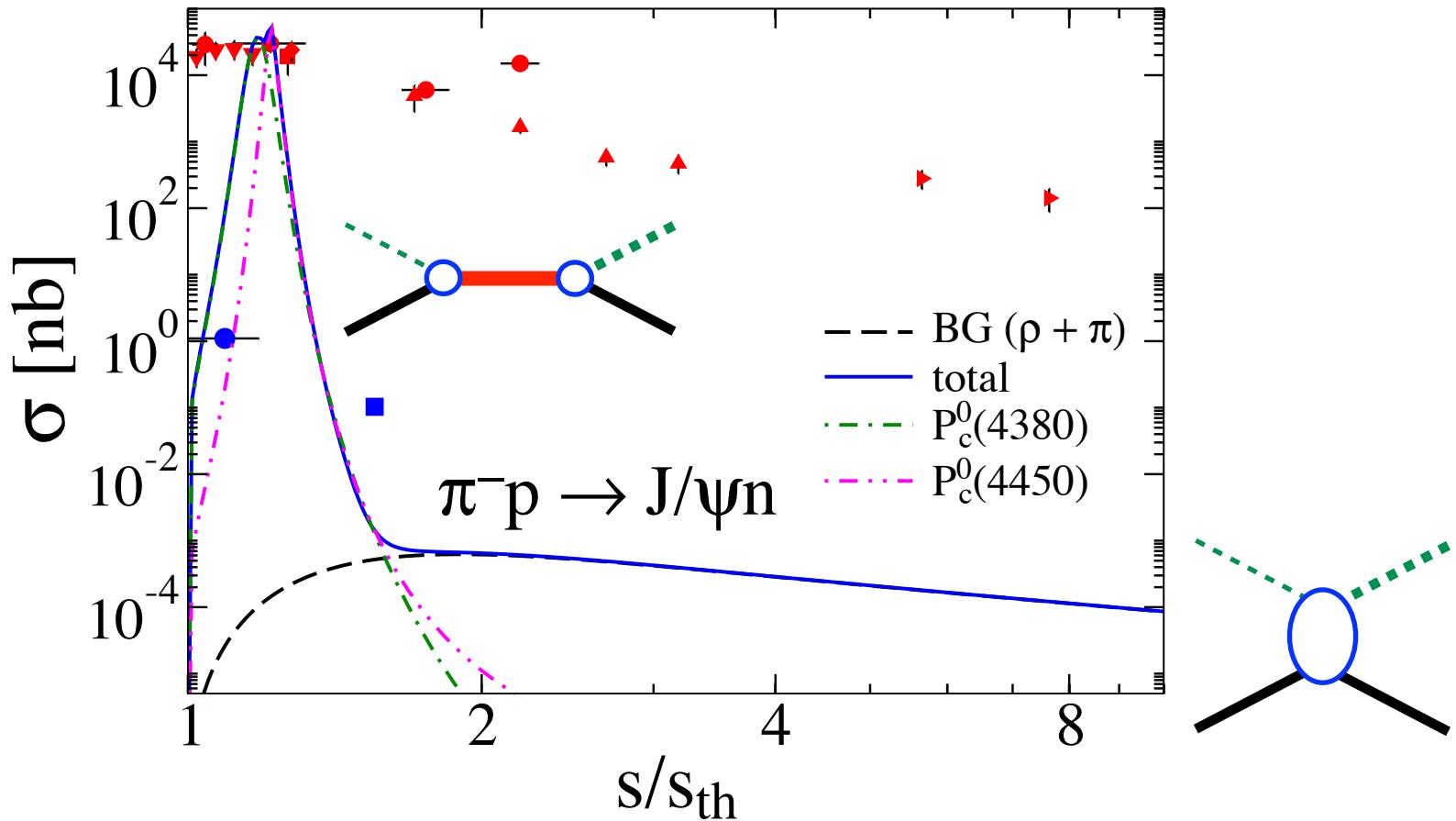
$$Br(P_c \rightarrow J/\psi N) \sim 40\%$$

If $1/2^-$, physical P_c can be a mixture of them, and then

$$Br(P_c \rightarrow \pi N) \times Br(P_c \rightarrow J/\psi N) \leq 0.006 \sim 10^{-2}$$

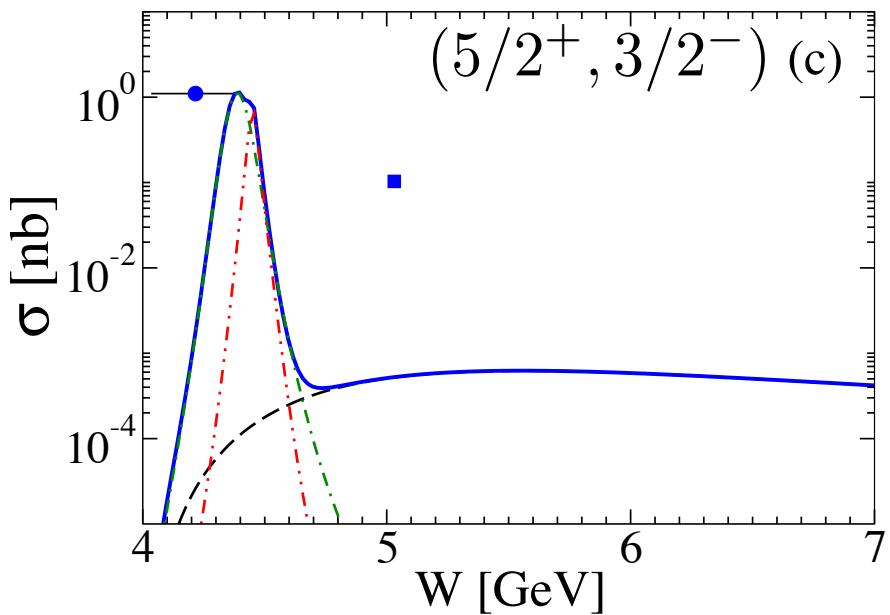
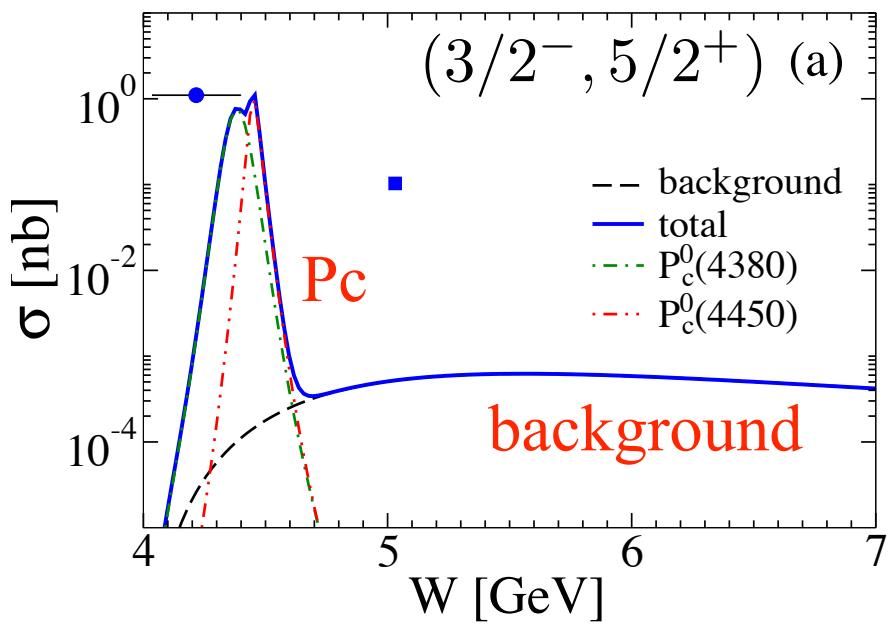
Implying that σ is about 10^4 larger

$\pi N \rightarrow J/\psi N$



Resonance P_c contribution seems too large

With reduced branching ratio



Summary

- Binary reactions for strangeness and charm productions have been studied by Regge model

	Strangeness [μb]	Charm [μb]	Ratio
$\pi N \rightarrow D\Lambda c$	$\sim 10^2$	$\sim 10^{-2}$	$\sim 10^{-4}$
$\pi N \rightarrow D^*\Lambda c$			our predictions
$\pi N \rightarrow \phi(J/\psi)N$	~ 1	$\sim 10^{-6}$	$\sim 10^{-6}$
$\gamma N \rightarrow K(D)\Lambda_c$	~ 1	$\sim 10^{-1}$ *	$\sim 10^{-1}$
		$\sim 10^{-5}$ **	$\sim 10^{-5}$
$\gamma N \rightarrow VN$	~ 1	$\sim 10^{-2}$	$\sim 10^{-2}$

* Prediction by Gustafsson et al, PRD69, 094015 (2004)
** by Goritschnig et al, POS (Photon 2013) 061

- For P_c , we need more data and realistic theory study

Coupled channel of MB and 5q configs