

Measurement of cross sections and couplings of the Higgs boson in fermionic production and decay modes with the ATLAS detector

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Higgs decay modes

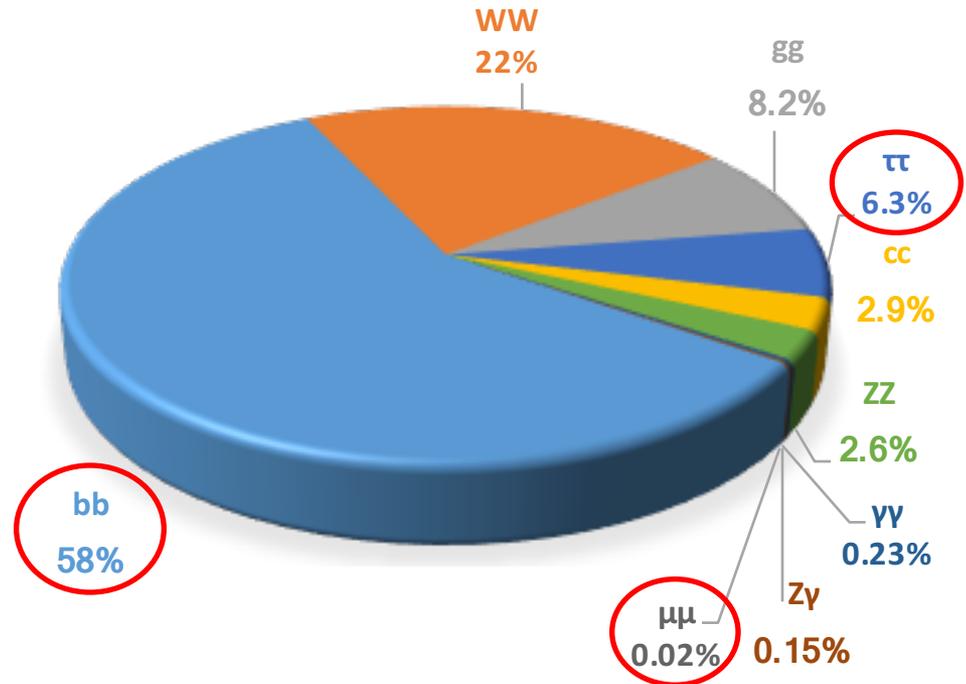
- The Higgs boson was first discovered in bosonic decay channels.
- Studying the coupling in fermionic channels is challenging but essential:

- Direct measurement of Yukawa couplings.
- Test mass-coupling relation predicted by Standard Model.
- Any deviation might be hint for new physics.

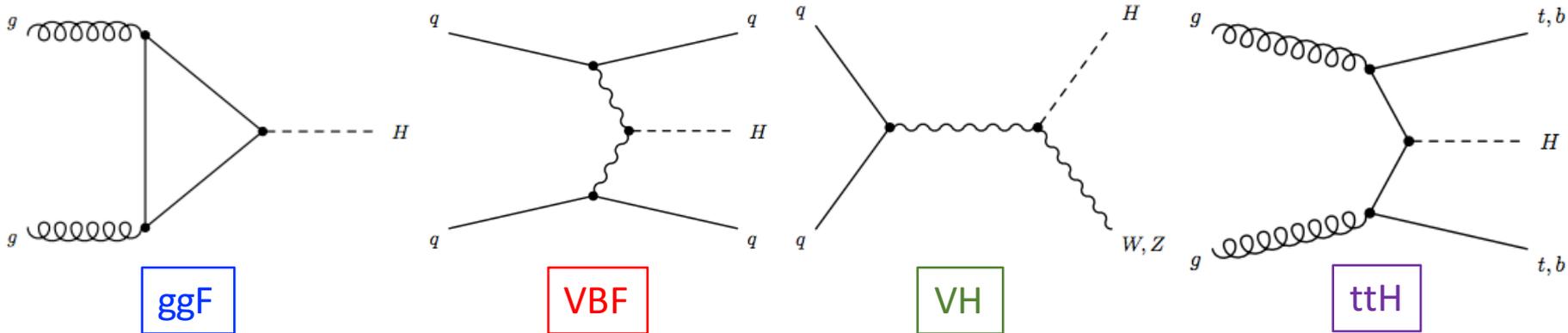
- This talk will focus on the following fermionic decay channels:

- $H \rightarrow bb$
- $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$
- $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$

HIGGS BRANCHING RATIO



Higgs production modes



Glue fusion (ggF)

- Largest production rate.

Vector boson fusion (VBF)

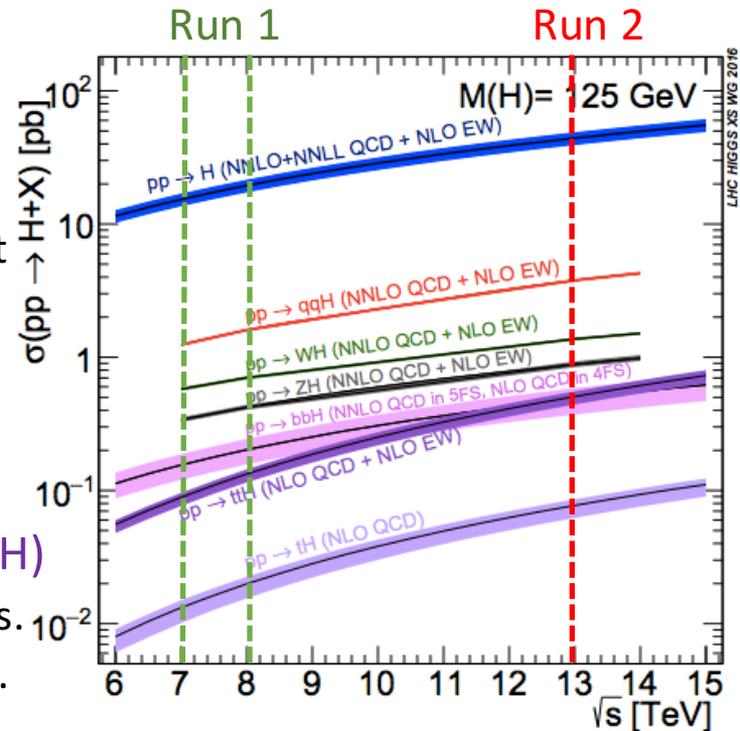
- 2 VBF jets, low hadronic activities in between (except the region where the Higgs decays).

Associated production with a vector boson (VH)

- Leptonic decays from W/Z helps in triggering and background suppression.

Associated production with a pair of top quarks (ttH)

- Unique channel to study Higgs coupling to top quarks.
- See Asma Hadeef's talk on ttH coupling measurement.

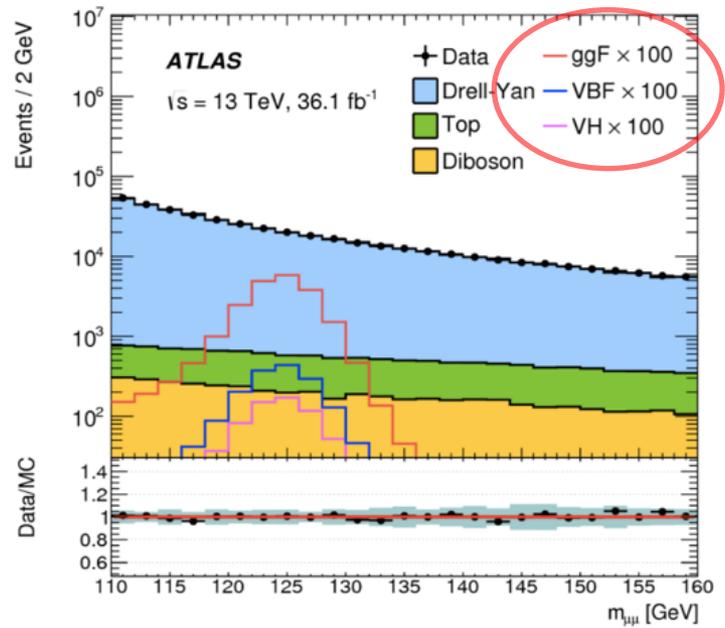


H → Leptons – latest public results

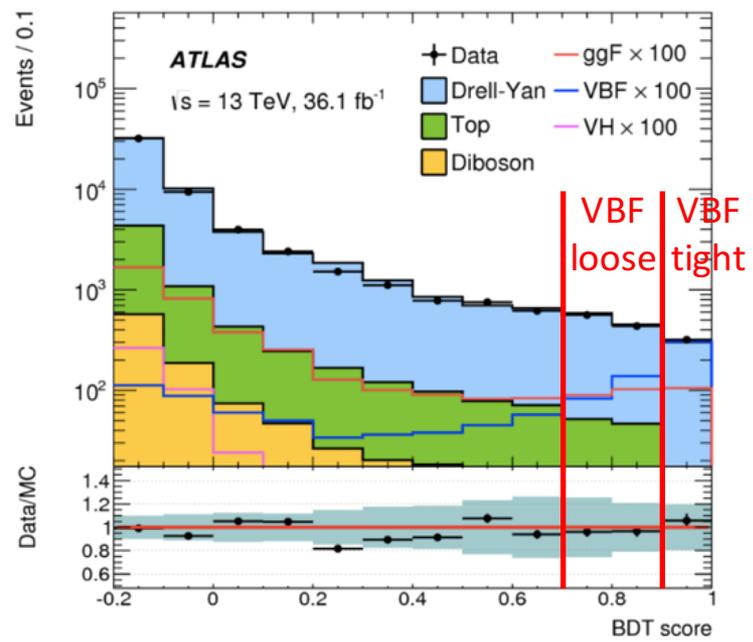
Decay Channels	Dataset		
	7 TeV	8 TeV	13 TeV
H → ττ [JHEP 04 (2015) 117] https://arxiv.org/abs/1501.04943	4.5 fb ⁻¹	20.3 fb ⁻¹	
H → ττ [PRD 93, 092005 (2016)] https://arxiv.org/abs/1511.08352		20.3 fb ⁻¹	
H → μμ [PRL 119 (2017) 051802] https://arxiv.org/abs/1705.04582			36.1 fb ⁻¹

H → μμ

- ❑ Clean signature but very low S/B ratio.
- ❑ Use a boost decision tree (BDT) to categorize events and select VBF like events.
- ❑ Signal extracted by fitting the $m_{\mu\mu}$ spectra in all categories simultaneously.



$m_{\mu\mu}$ in inclusive signal region



- ❑ Event categorization (8 categories):
 - ❑ njet ≥ 2, high BDT score events:
 - ❑ VBF tight, VBF loose.
 - ❑ Remaining events enter ggF categories. Split based on $p_T^{\mu\mu}$ and η_μ :
 - ❑ Low, medium and high $p_T^{\mu\mu}$ categories.
 - ❑ Central, non-central categories.

H → μμ – Results

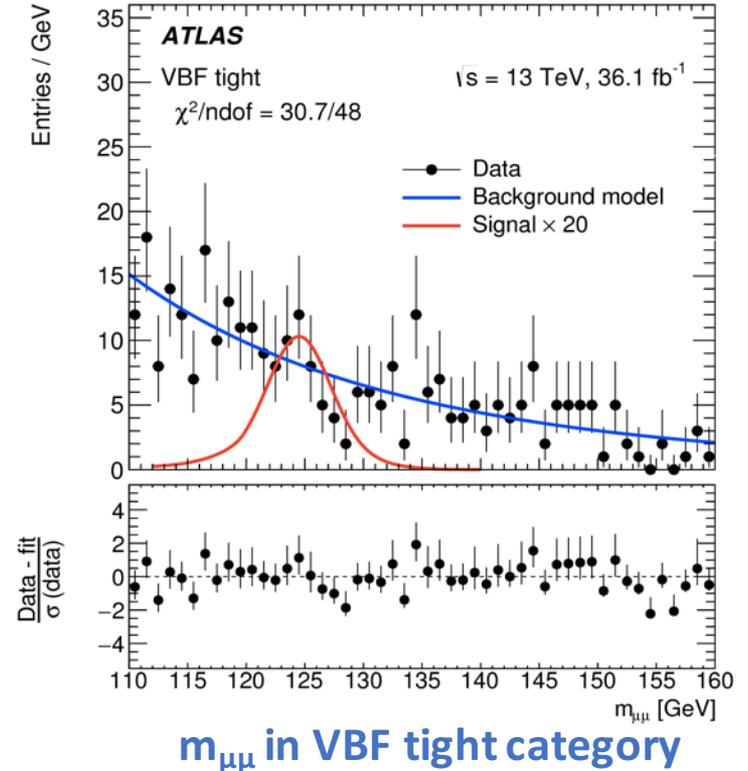
- ❑ No significant excess observed in data.
 - ❑ Analysis limited by data statistics.

❑ Run 2 results:

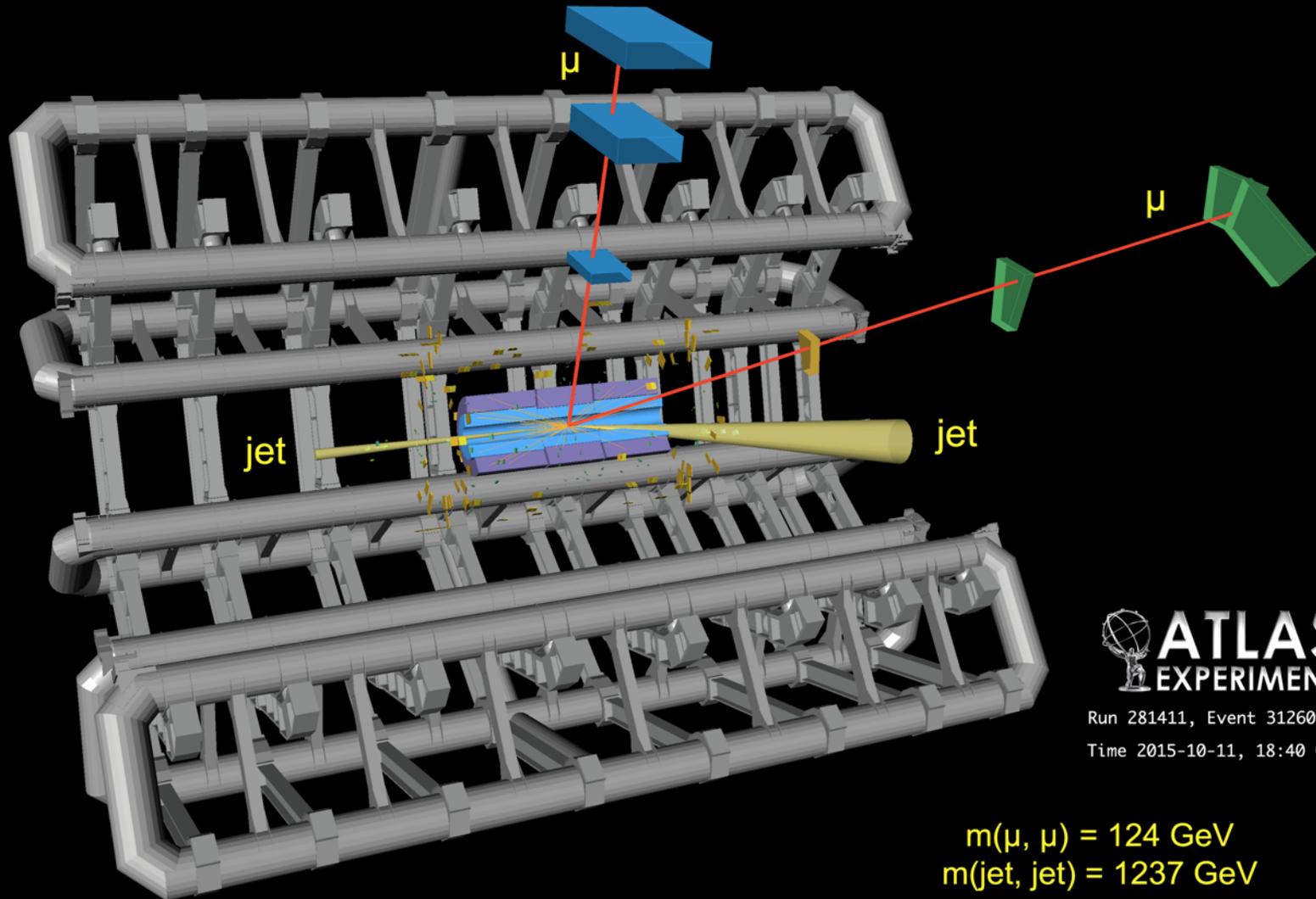
- ❑ Observed upper limit: 3.0 x SM.
- ❑ Expected upper limit: 3.1 x SM.
- ❑ Signal strength $\mu = -0.1 \pm 1.5$.

❑ Combined with Run 1 (7 and 8 TeV data):

- ❑ Observed upper limit: 2.8 x SM.
- ❑ Expected upper limit: 2.9 x SM.
- ❑ Signal strength $\mu = -0.1 \pm 1.4$.

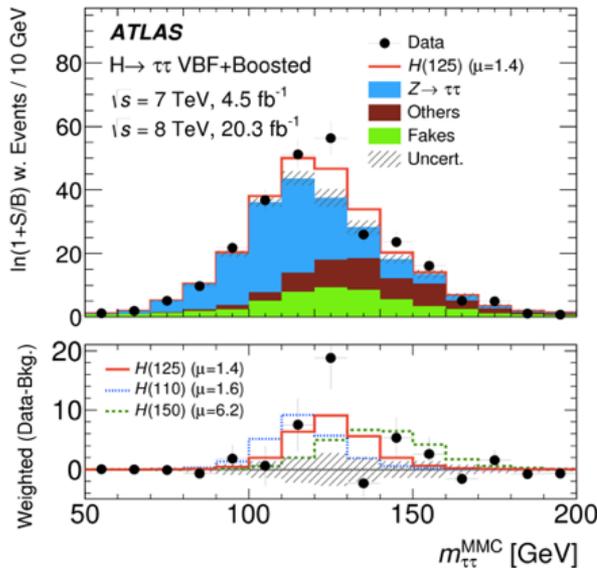


VBF $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$ candidate recorded in 2015



H → ττ

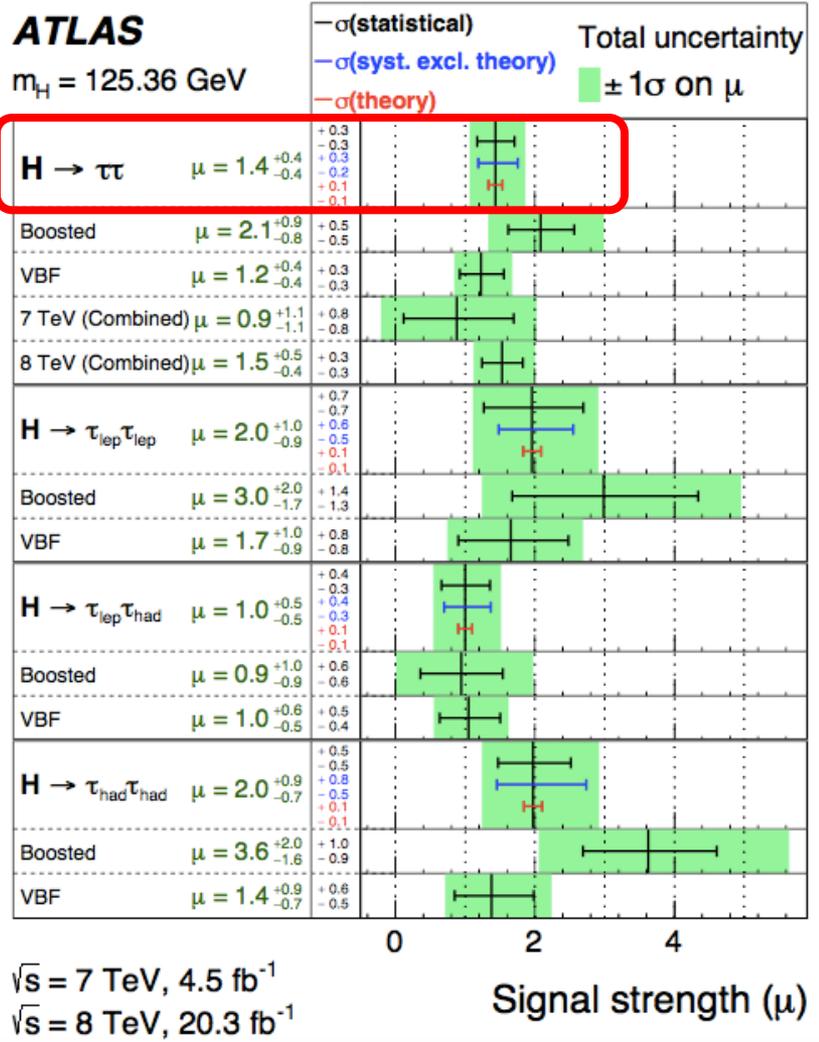
- ❑ 3 channels, based on τ decays.
 - ❑ τ_{lep}τ_{lep}, τ_{lep}τ_{had}, τ_{had}τ_{had}.
- ❑ 2 categories: VBF and boosted.
 - ❑ Targeting VBF, ggF+j events.
 - ❑ VH events are also considered as signal.
- ❑ Di-tau invariant mass reconstructed using Missing Mass Calculator (MMC) method.
- ❑ BDT output as final discriminant to extract signal.



Significance:
 Observed: **4.5σ**
 Expected: 3.4σ
Evidence for H → ττ

Combination with CMS Run 1 data:
5.5σ observed (exp. 5.0σ) JHEP 08 (2016) 045

4.5 fb⁻¹, 7 TeV + 20.3 fb⁻¹, 8 TeV



H → ττ

❑ Evidence for Higgs Yukawa coupling to τ.

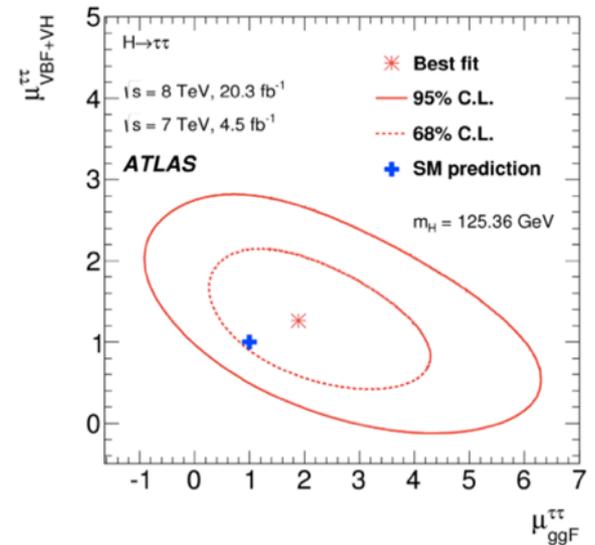
❑ Overall signal strength:

$$\mu = 1.43^{+0.27}_{-0.26}(\text{stat.})^{+0.32}_{-0.25}(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.09(\text{theory syst.})$$

❑ Signal strengths of different production processes (ggF and VBF+VH) are determined:

$$\mu_{ggF}^{\tau\tau} = 2.0 \pm 0.8(\text{stat.})^{+1.2}_{-0.8}(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.3(\text{theory syst.})$$

$$\mu_{VBF+VH}^{\tau\tau} = 1.24^{+0.49}_{-0.45}(\text{stat.})^{+0.31}_{-0.29}(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.08(\text{theory syst.})$$



JHEP 04 (2015) 117

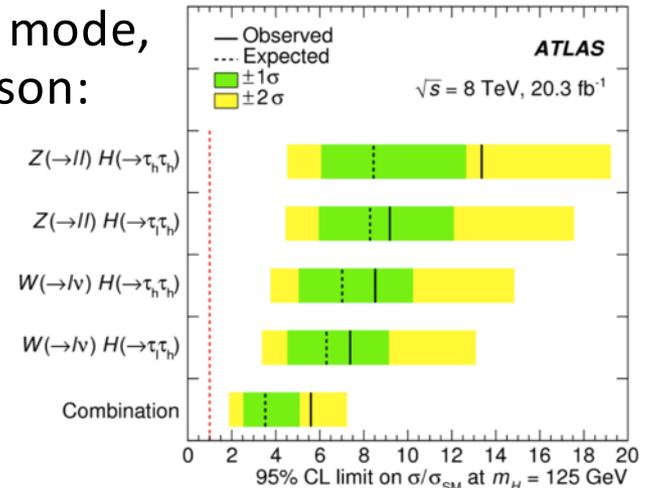
❑ A similar analysis targeting the VH production mode, exploiting the leptonic decays of the vector boson:

❑ Signal extracted by fitting reconstructed Higgs candidate mass distributions.

❑ Data agree with the background expectation

❑ Upper limit: 5.6 x SM (exp. 3.5 x SM)

❑ Signal strength $\mu = 2.3 \pm 1.6$



PRD 93, 092005 (2016)

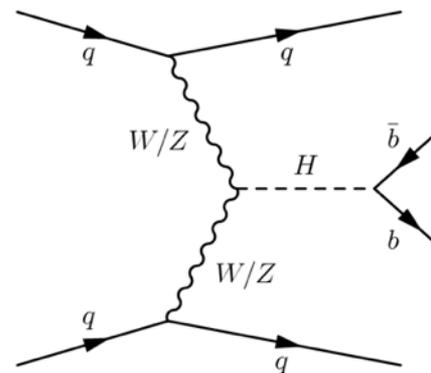
H→bb – latest public results

Production Modes	Dataset	
	8 TeV	13 TeV
ggH, H→bb	Overwhelming multi-jet background	
VBF H, H→bb [JHEP 11 (2016) 112] https://arxiv.org/abs/1606.02181	20.2 fb ⁻¹	
VBF H+γ, H→bb [ATLAS-CONF-2016-063] https://cds.cern.ch/record/2206201		12.6 fb ⁻¹
VH, H→bb [arXiv:1708.03299] (submitted to JHEP) https://arxiv.org/abs/1708.03299		36.1 fb ⁻¹
ttH, H→bb [ATLAS-CONF-2016-080] https://cds.cern.ch/record/2206255		13.2 fb ⁻¹

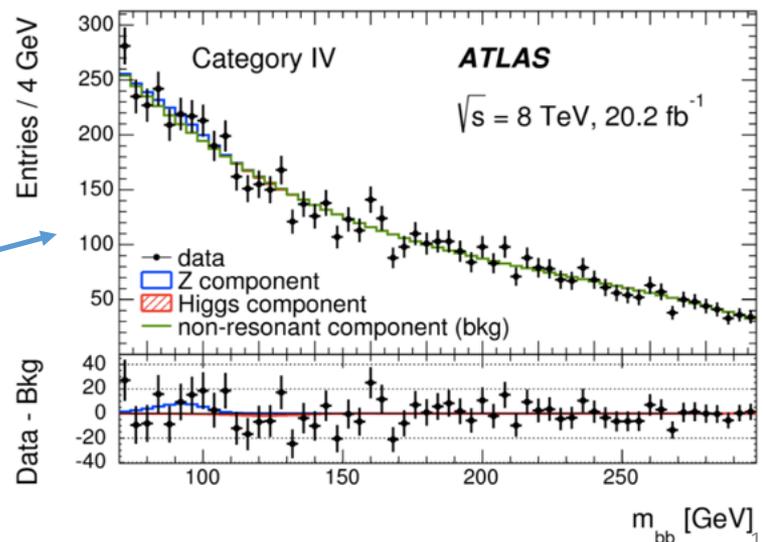
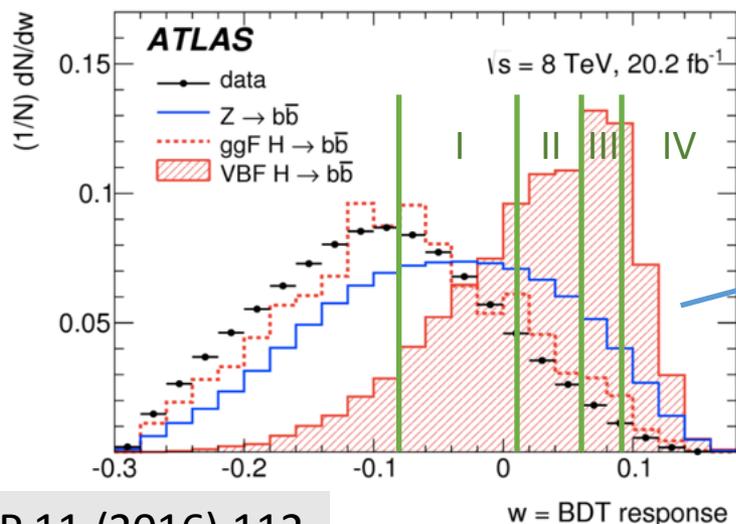
See Asma Hadeef's talk:
**ttH Coupling Measurement with
the ATLAS Detector at the LHC**

VBF H, H → bb

- ❑ Search for H → bb in VBF production mode.
- ❑ Event topology:
 - ❑ Two central b-jets from Higgs decay.
 - ❑ Two forward VBF jets close to the beam line.
- ❑ BDT to separate signal from multi-jet background using VBF topology, categorize events into 4 signal categories.
- ❑ Final discriminant: invariant mass of the signal b-jets from Higgs decay m_{bb} .
- ❑ Limited by statistics in data sideband used to determine the background.

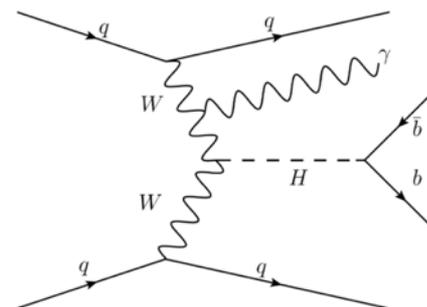


95% C.L. upper limit:
Observed 4.4 x SM
Expected 5.4 x SM

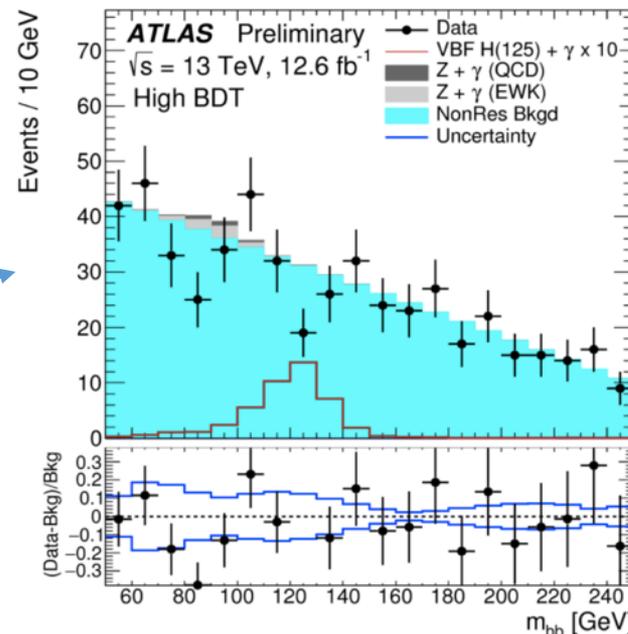
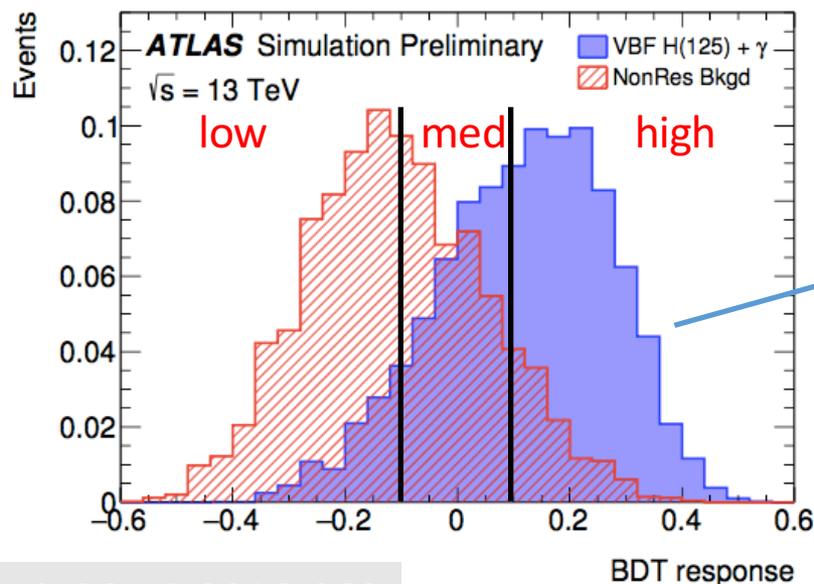


VBF H+ γ , H \rightarrow bb

- ❑ Search for VBF H \rightarrow bb with an additional photon:
 - ✓ Extra handler for triggering.
 - ✓ Suppression of multi-jet background.
- ❑ Dedicated VBF+ γ trigger to access low m_{bb} sideband.
- ❑ BDT to separate signal from multi-jet background.
 - ❑ Fit m_{bb} in 3 BDT regions.
- ❑ Only a subset of 2015+16 data are used.
 - ❑ Limited by data statistics.
 - ❑ We are updating the analysis with full dataset.

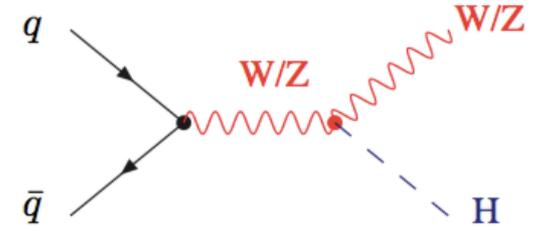


95% C.L. Upper limit:
 Observed: 4.0 x SM
 Expected: 6.0 x SM



VH, H → bb

- Most sensitive production mode for H → bb.
- Explore 3 channels, denoted by number of charged leptons.



**0-lepton
ZH → νvbb**

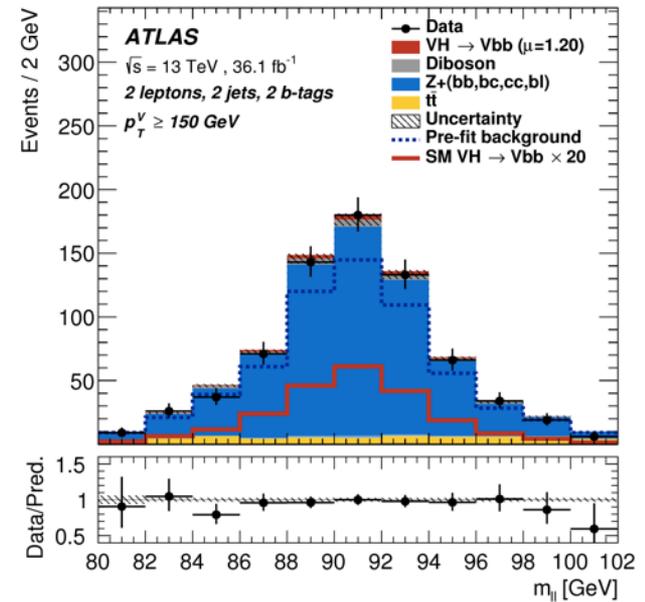
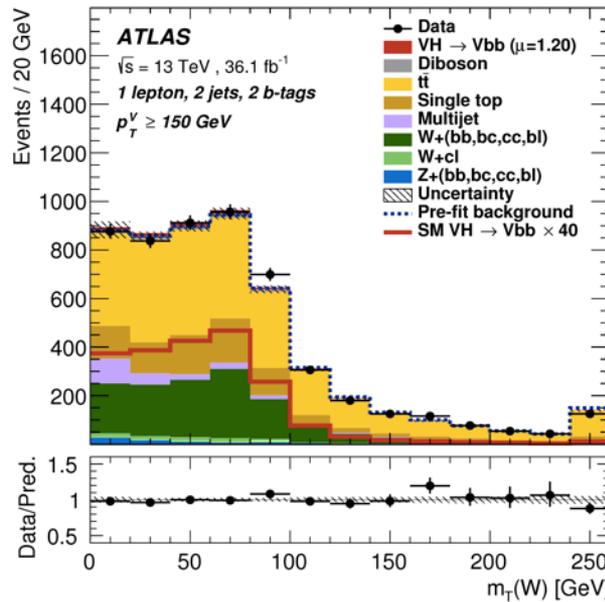
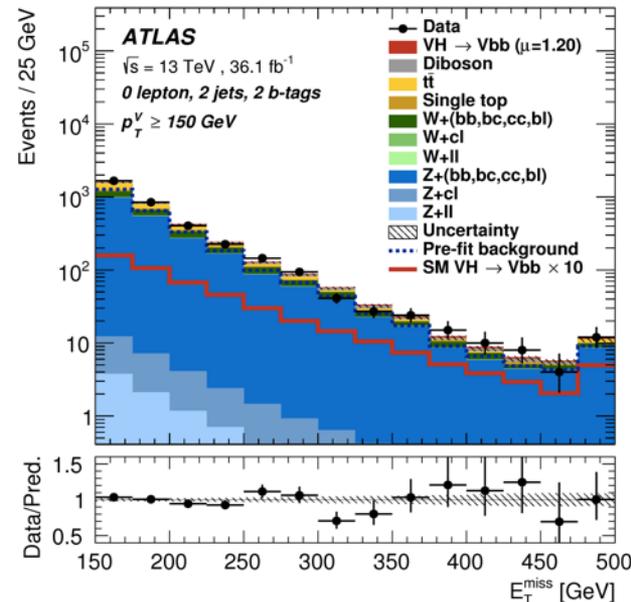
Z+hf, W+hf, ttbar

**1-lepton
WH → lvbb**

W+hf, ttbar, single-top

**2-lepton
ZH → llbb**

Z+hf, ttbar

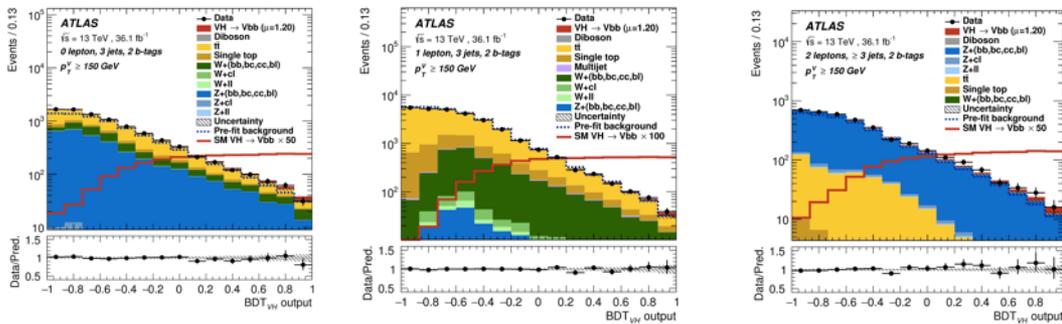


VH, H→bb – Analysis strategy

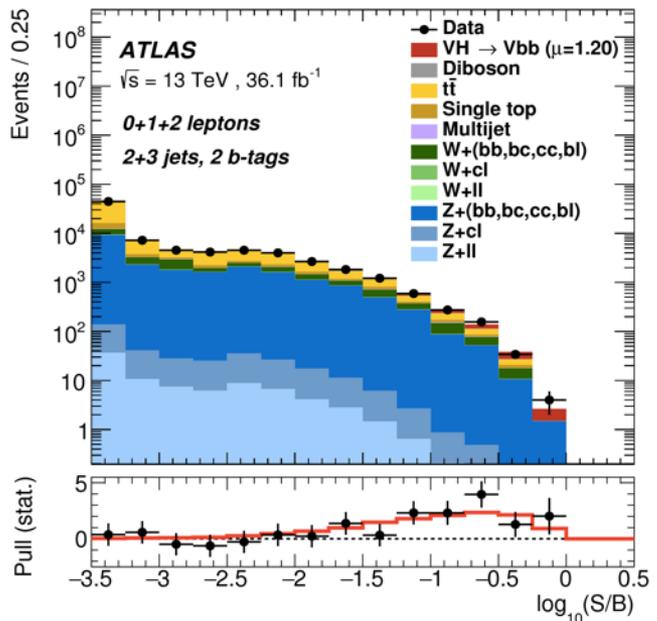
- ❑ Search for H→bb in 0/1/2-lepton channels:
 - ❑ Exactly 2 or 3 jets (≥3 jets for 2-lepton channel)
 - ❑ Exactly 2 b-tagged.
 - ❑ Focus on events with high vector boson transverse momentum (p_T^V).
- ❑ Events further categorized according to p_T^V and jet multiplicity:
 - ❑ 8 signal regions and 6 control regions.
- ❑ BDT as discriminant in signal regions
 - ❑ Dedicated BDT in each signal region.
- ❑ m_{bb} or yield as discriminant in control regions.

Channel	SR/CR	Categories			
		$75 \text{ GeV} < p_T^V < 150 \text{ GeV}$		$p_T^V > 150 \text{ GeV}$	
		2 jets	3 jets	2 jets	3 jets
0-lepton	SR	-	-	BDT	BDT
1-lepton	SR	-	-	BDT	BDT
2-lepton	SR	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT
1-lepton	W + HF CR	-	-	Yield	Yield
2-lepton	$e\mu$ CR	m_{bb}	m_{bb}	Yield	m_{bb}

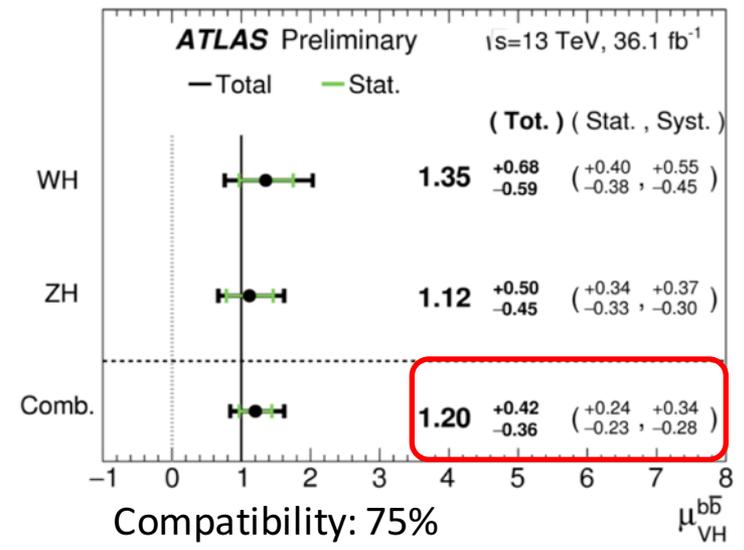
VH, H→bb – Run 2 results (BDT analysis)



BDT_{VH}



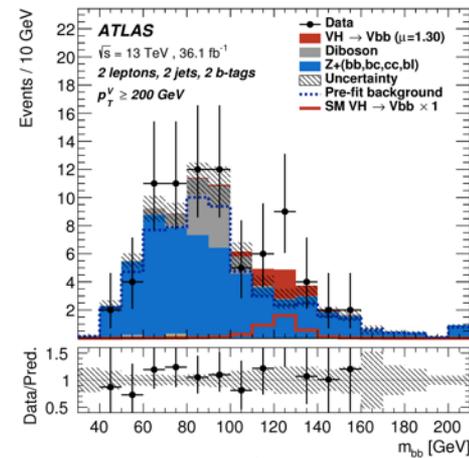
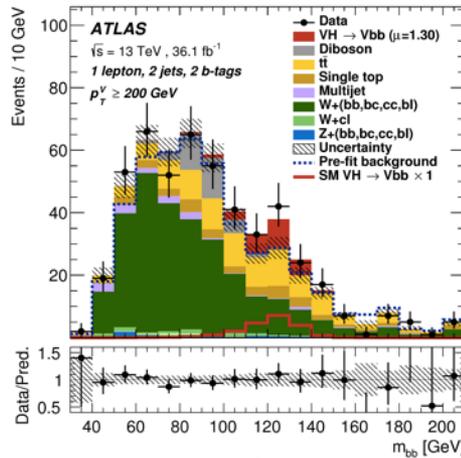
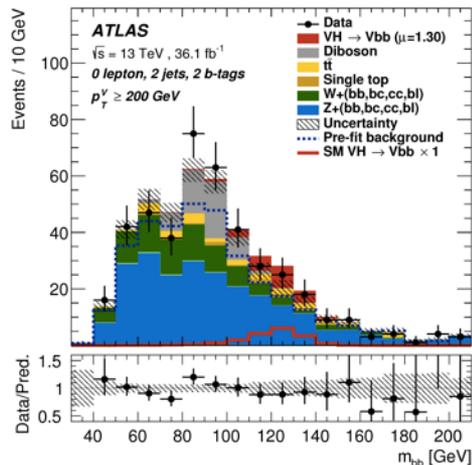
Significance:
 Observed **3.5σ**
 Expected 3.0σ
Evidence of H→bb



- Compatibility:
 - 3 lepton channels: 10%
 - WH vs ZH: 75%
- Dominant uncertainties:
 - Signal modeling
 - Monte Carlo statistics
 - b-tagging uncertainties

VH, H→bb – dijet mass analysis

Use m_{bb} as discriminant with additional cuts.



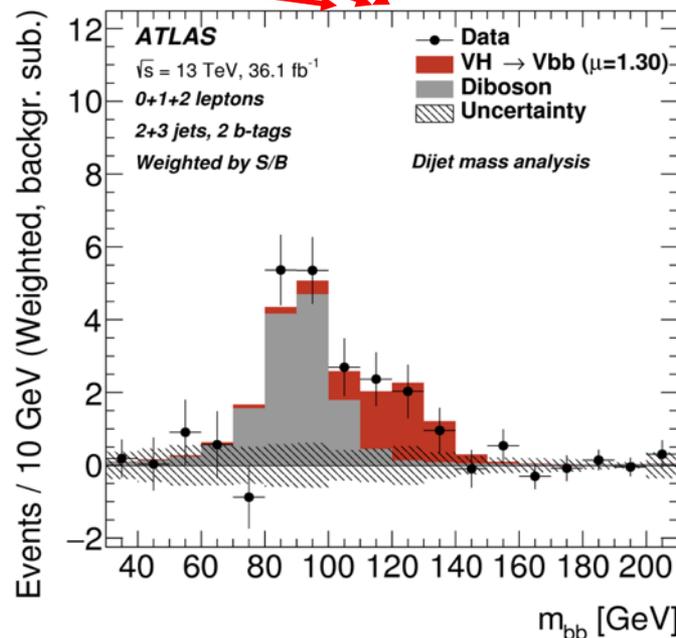
Right plot: Dijet mass after subtracting all backgrounds except diboson.

Clear excess of data on the right of Z→bb peak:

- Observed significance 3.5σ
- Expected significance 2.8σ

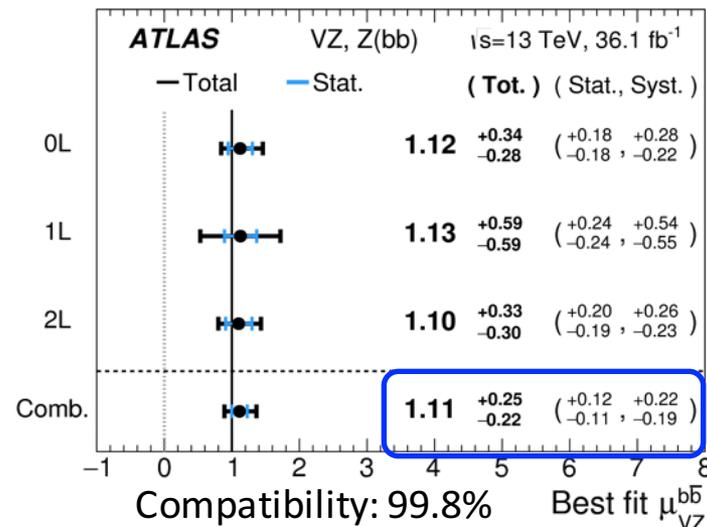
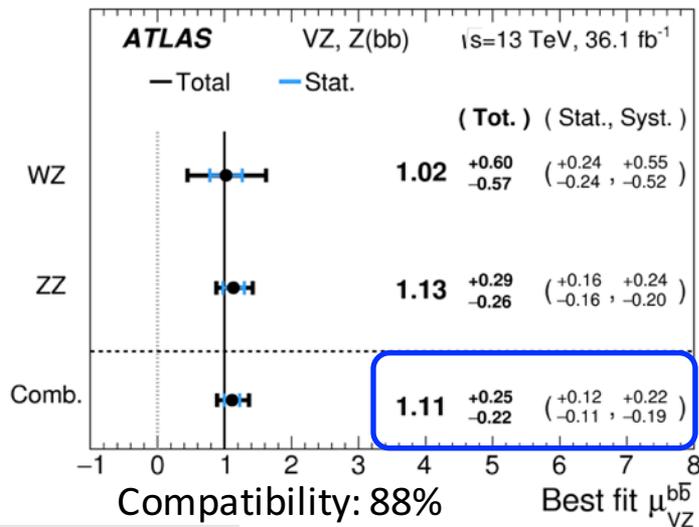
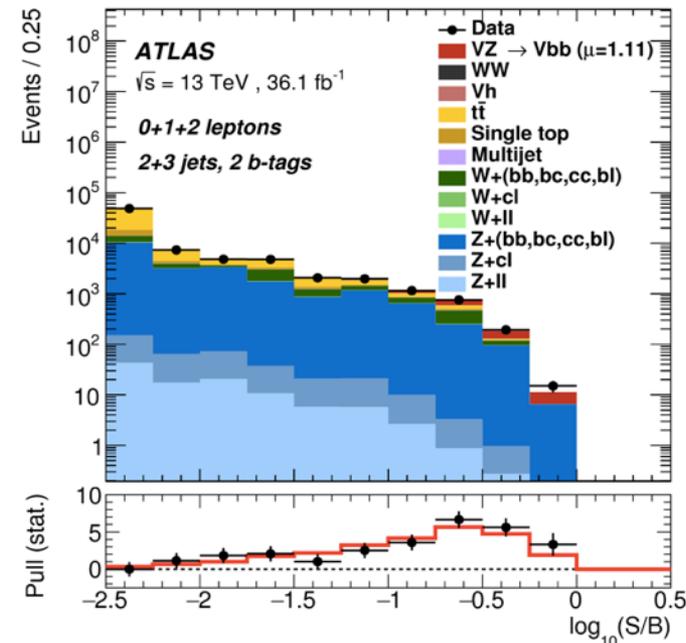
$$\mu = 1.30^{+0.28}_{-0.27}(\text{stat.})^{+0.37}_{-0.29}(\text{syst})$$

An important validation of VH BDT analysis.

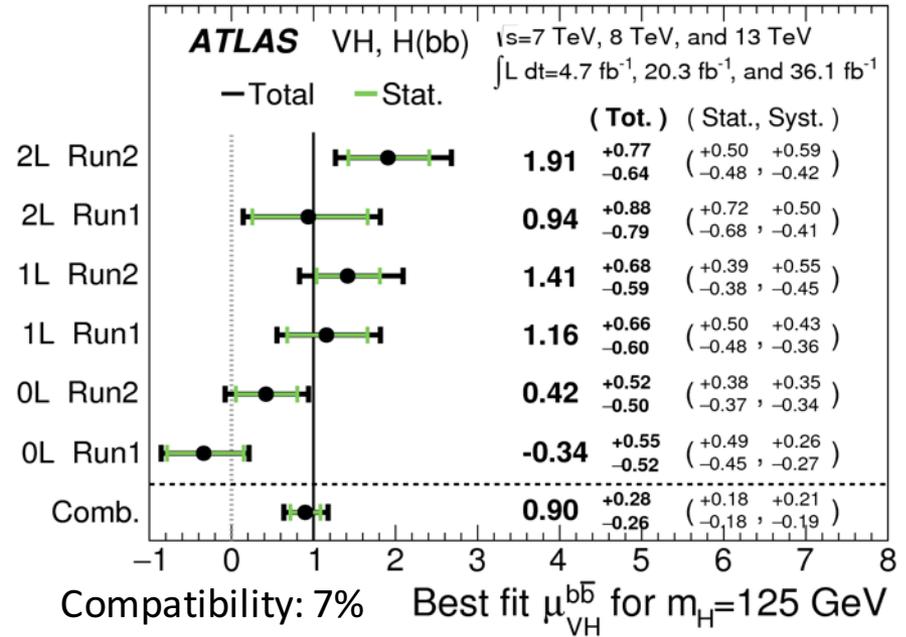
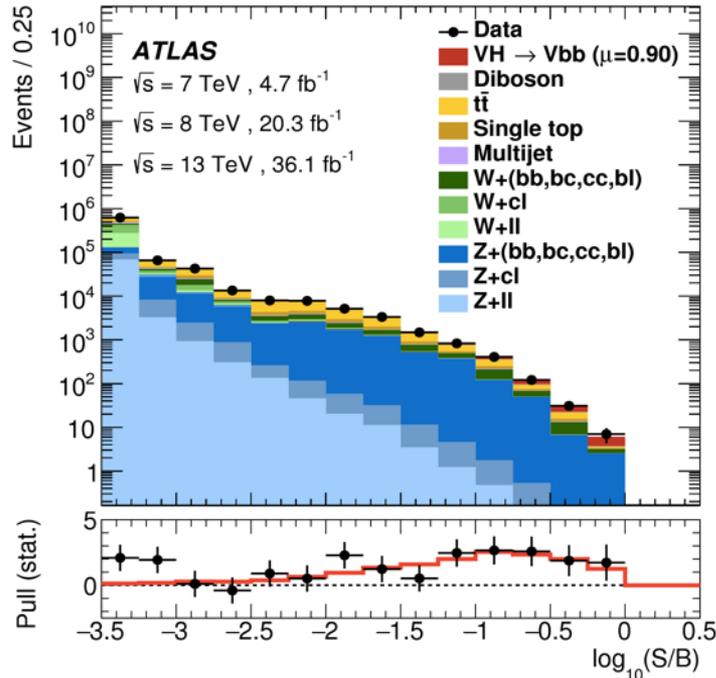


VZ, Z→bb validation

- Diboson analysis targeting **VZ(bb)**, which has a signature very similar to VH(bb).
- Validate the modeling of background and the associated uncertainties in the VH(bb) BDT analysis.
- **5.8σ** observation of **VZ, Z→bb**.
- 5.3σ expected.
- In good agreement with SM expectation.



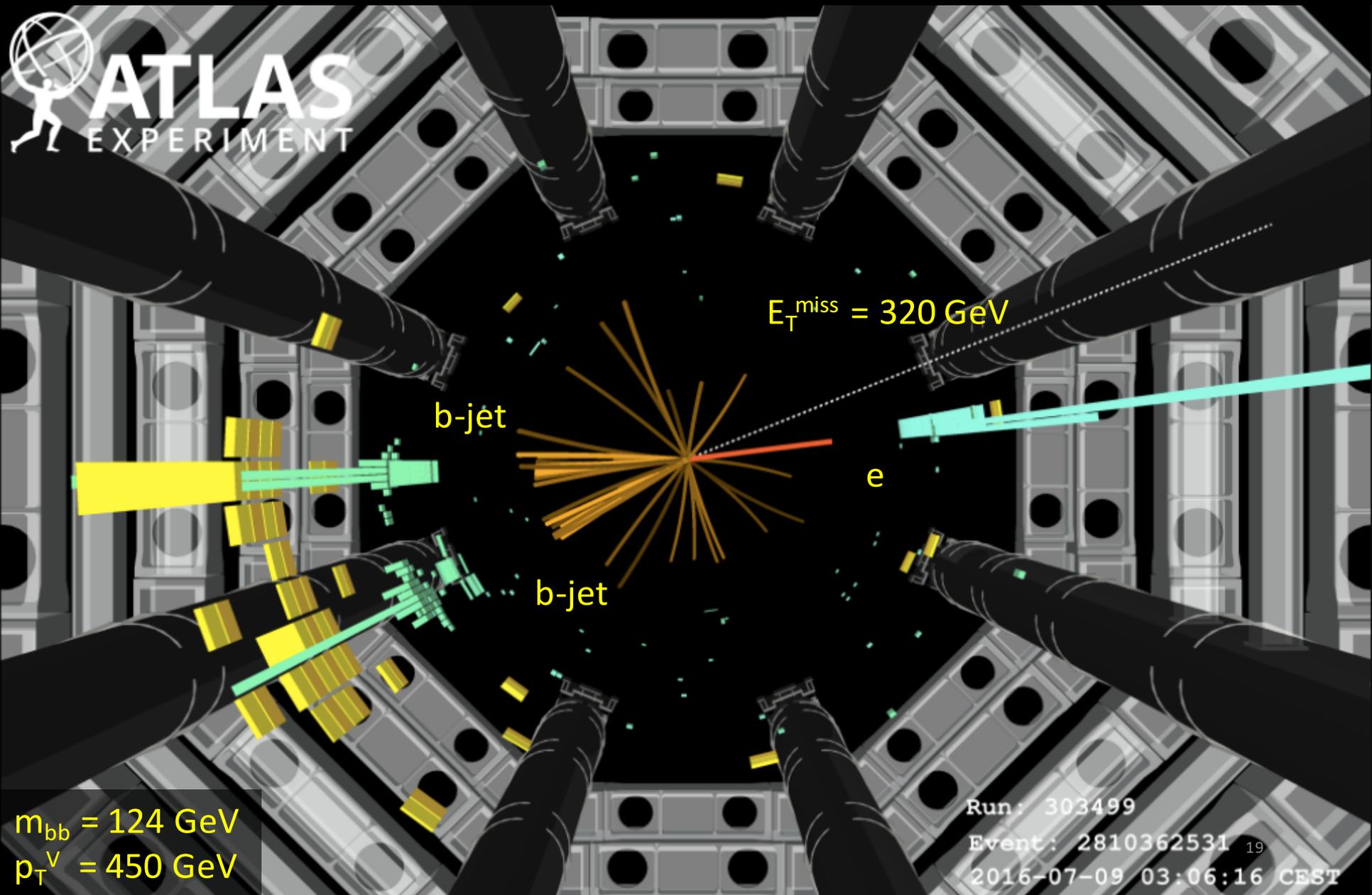
VH, H→bb – Run 1 + Run 2 combination



- ❑ Combined the Run 2 VH BDT analysis with the corresponding Run 1 analysis.
- ❑ Signal modeling and b-jet energy scale uncertainties are correlated for the combined results.
 - ❑ Other uncertainty correlations are found to have negligible impact.

Significance
 Observed **3.6 σ**
 Expected 4.0 σ
Evidence of H→bb

WH \rightarrow evbb (1 lepton) candidate recorded in 2016



$m_{bb} = 124 \text{ GeV}$
 $p_T^V = 450 \text{ GeV}$

Run: 303499
Event: 2810362531 ¹⁹
2016-07-09 03:06:16 CEST

Summary

□ ATLAS is actively exploring the direct coupling of Higgs to fermions.

□ Searches for $H \rightarrow \text{Leptons}$:

□ Observation of $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$:

□ 4.5σ (exp. 3.4σ) evidence in ATLAS Run 1 data.

□ 5.5σ (exp. 5.0σ) discovery in combined ATLAS + CMS Run 1 data.

□ Improved limits for $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$ with full 2015+16 data in Run 2.

□ Searches for $H \rightarrow bb$:

□ Study of **VBF** production mode with Run 1 data.

□ Explore new channel **VBF $H+\gamma$** in Run 2 data.

□ **Evidence for $H \rightarrow bb$** in **VH** production mode:

□ 3.5σ observation with full 2015+16 data in Run 2.

□ 3.6σ observation in Run 1 + Run 2 combination

□ 2017 data taking is ongoing.

□ Stay tuned for more Run 2 results!

BACKUP

H → μμ – Categorization

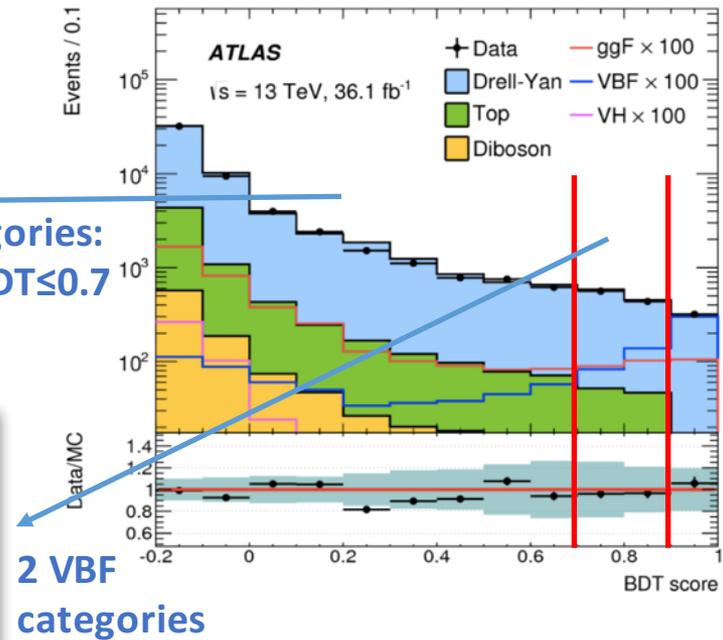
- ❑ 8 analysis categories.
 - ❑ BDT to select VBF like events:
 - ❑ VBF tight, VBF loose.
 - ❑ Remaining events enter ggF categories. Split based on p_T^{μμ} and η_μ:
 - ❑ Low, medium and high p_T^{μμ} categories.
 - ❑ Central, non-central categories.

Central muons p _T ^{μμ} ≤ 15 GeV	Non-central muons p _T ^{μμ} ≤ 15 GeV
Central muons 15 GeV < p _T ^{μμ} < 50 GeV	Non-central muons 15 GeV < p _T ^{μμ} < 50 GeV
Central muons p _T ^{μμ} ≥ 50 GeV	Non-central muons p _T ^{μμ} ≥ 50 GeV

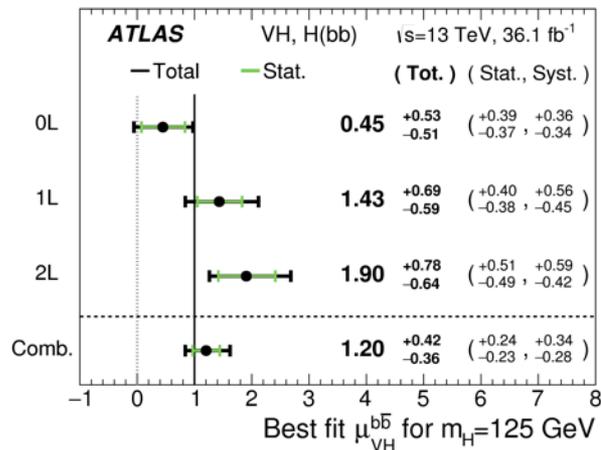
6 ggF categories:
njet < 2 or BDT ≤ 0.7

VBF tight
BDT ≥ 0.9

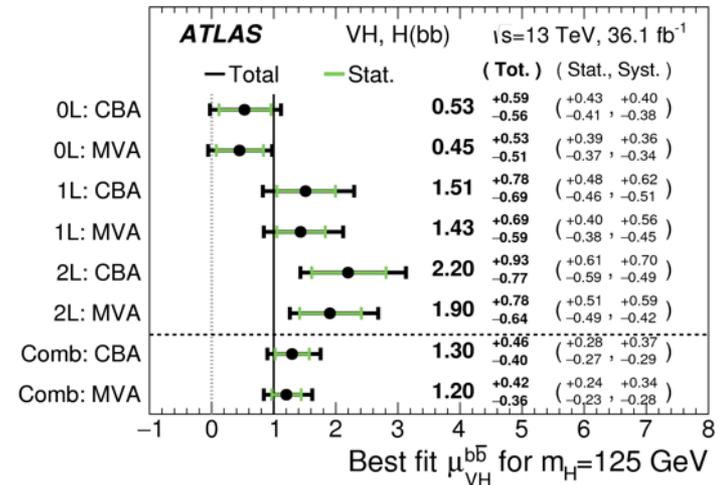
VBF loose
0.7 < BDT < 0.9



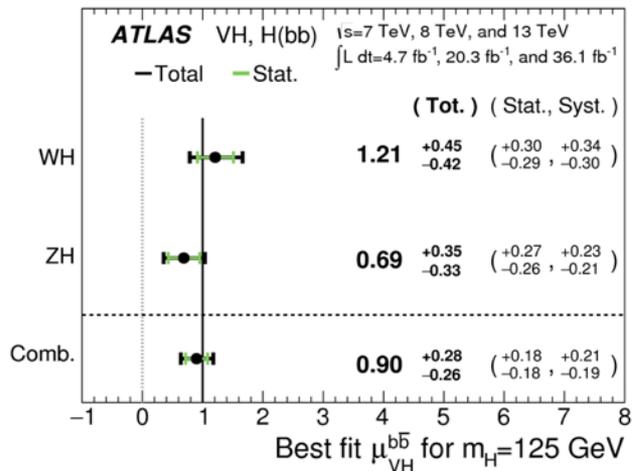
VH, H→bb – Compatibility



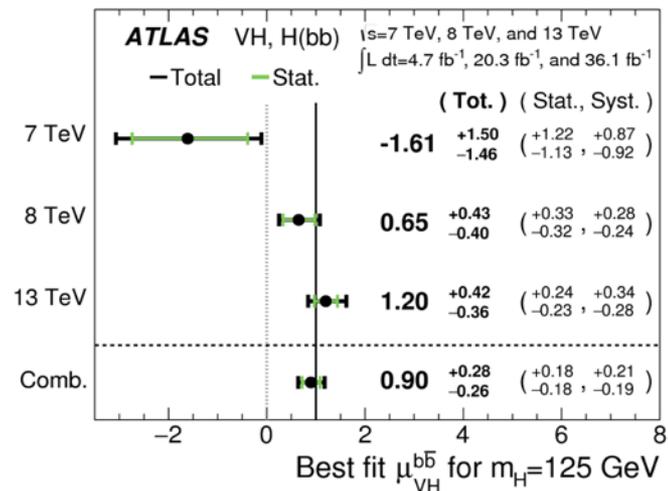
Compatibility: (Run2) 3 channels 10%



Cut-based vs BDT analysis



Compatibility: (Run1+Run2) WH vs ZH 34%



Compatibility: Run1 vs Run2 21%

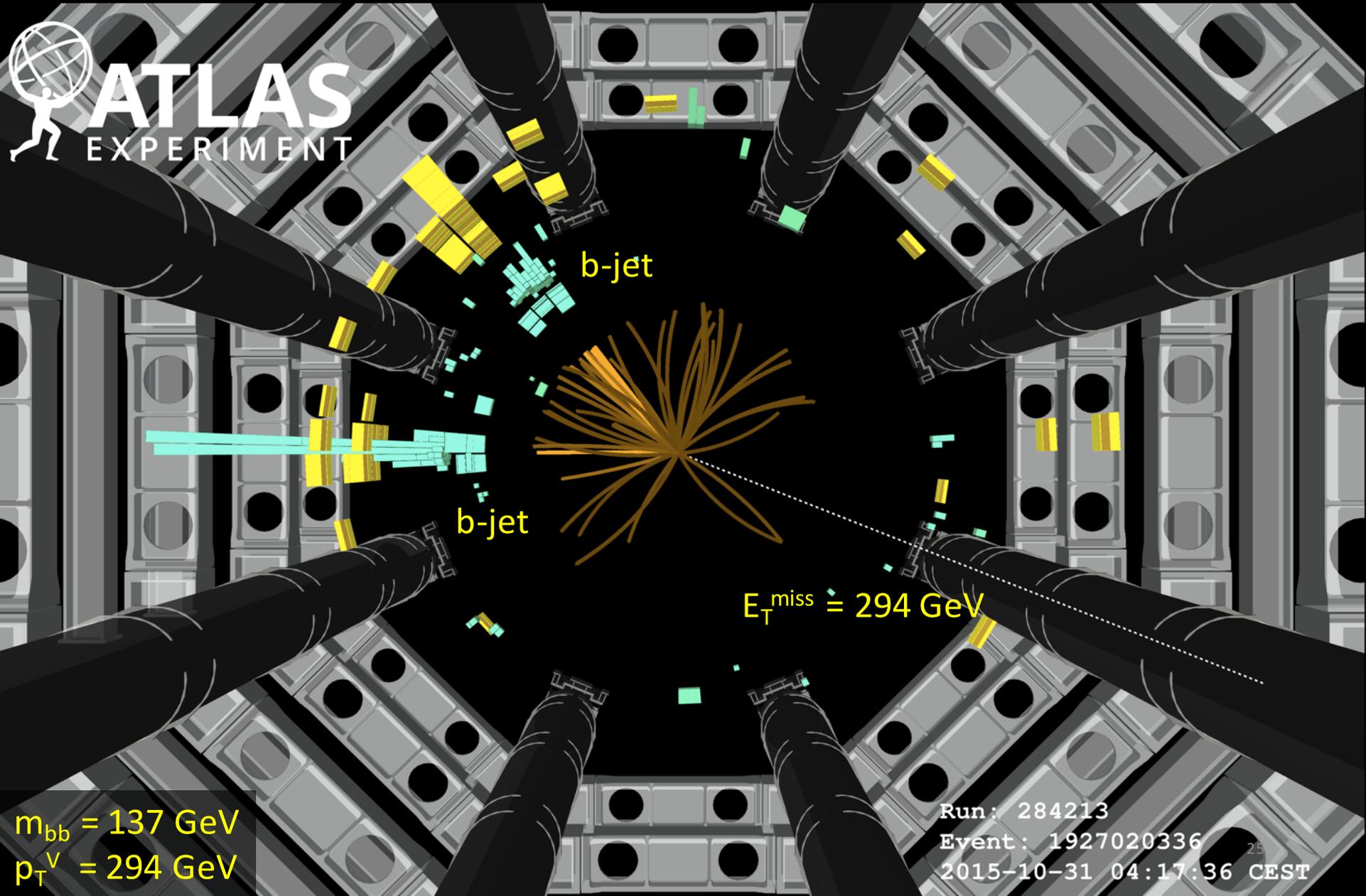
VH, $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

Impact of systematics

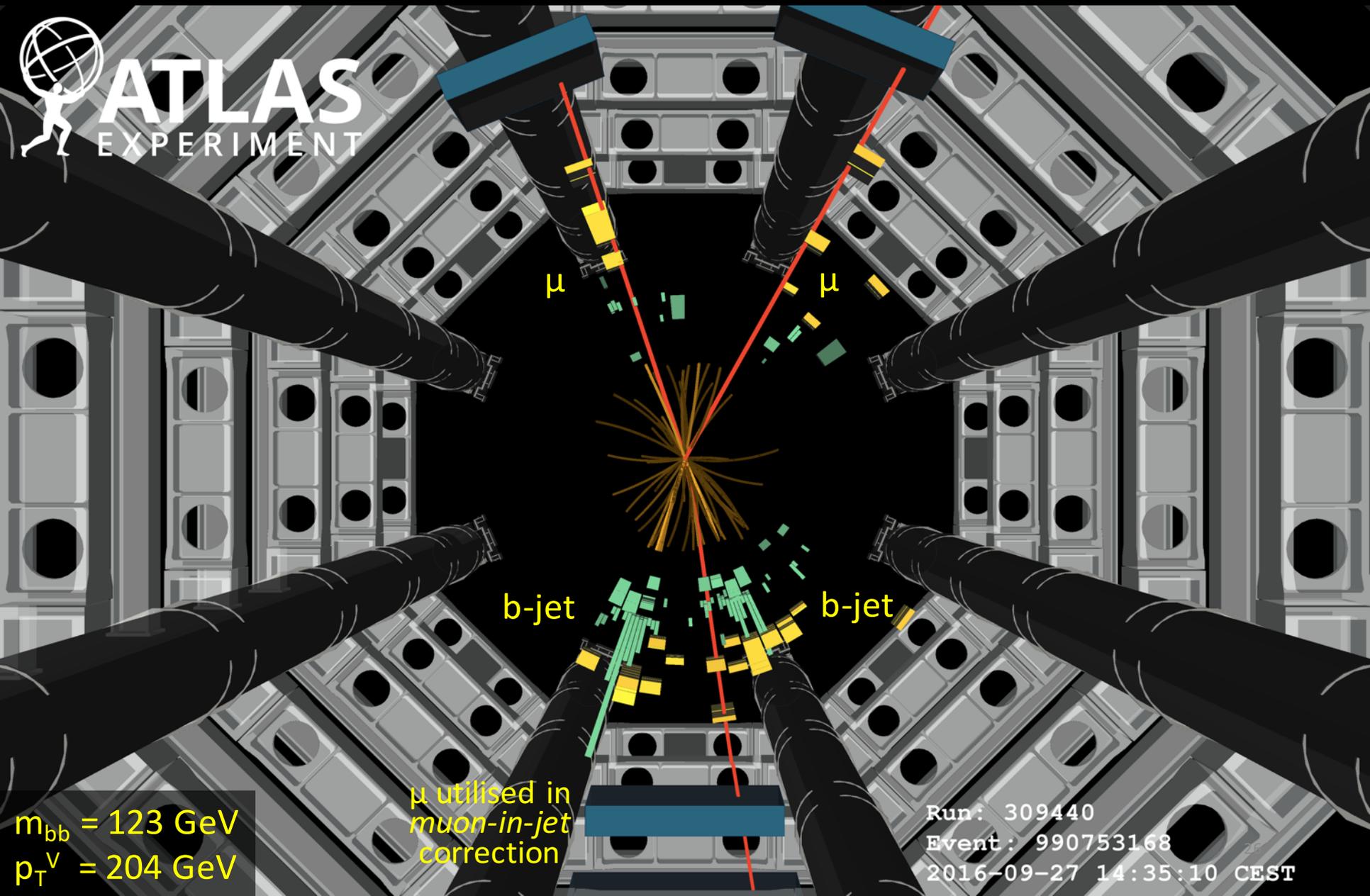
- Analysis dominated by systematic uncertainties:
- signal modeling
 - Monte Carlo statistics
 - b-jet tagging uncertainties
 - background modeling

Source of uncertainty	σ_μ
Total	0.39
Statistical	0.24
Systematic	0.31
Experimental uncertainties	
Jets	0.03
E_T^{miss}	0.03
Leptons	0.01
<i>b</i> -tagging	0.09
<i>c</i> -jets	0.04
light jets	0.04
extrapolation	0.01
Pile-up	0.01
Luminosity	0.04
Theoretical and modelling uncertainties	
Signal	0.17
Floating normalisations	0.07
Z +jets	0.07
W +jets	0.07
$t\bar{t}$	0.07
Single top-quark	0.08
Diboson	0.02
Multijet	0.02
MC statistical	0.13

ZH \rightarrow ν bb (0-lepton) candidate recorded in 2016



ZH \rightarrow $\mu\mu bb$ (2-lepton) candidate recorded in 2016



μ

μ

b-jet

b-jet

μ utilised in
muon-in-jet
correction

Run: 309440
Event: 990753168
2016-09-27 14:35:10 CEST

$m_{bb} = 123 \text{ GeV}$
 $p_T^V = 204 \text{ GeV}$