

Search for neutral and charged BSM Higgs Bosons with the ATLAS detector

ICNFP 2017

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on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration
(Institute of Nuclear Physics P.A.N., Cracow PL)

The big picture (Run 1 -> Run 2)

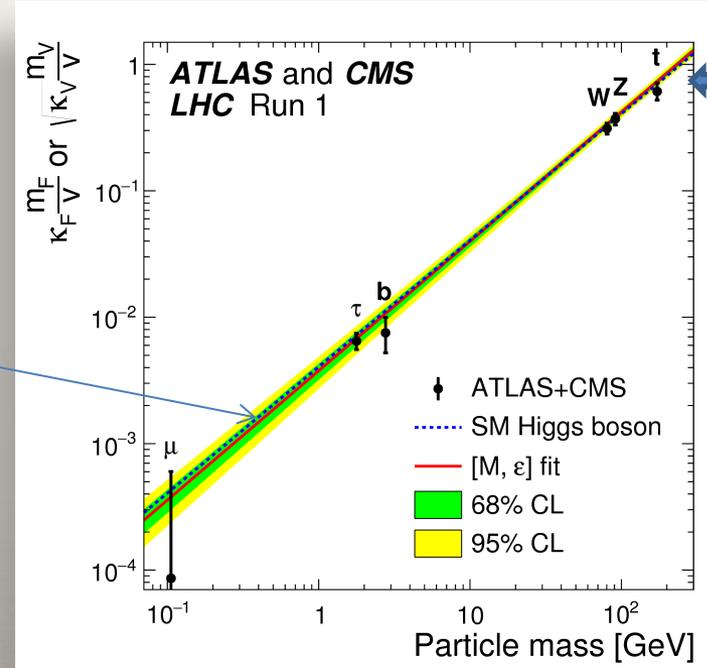
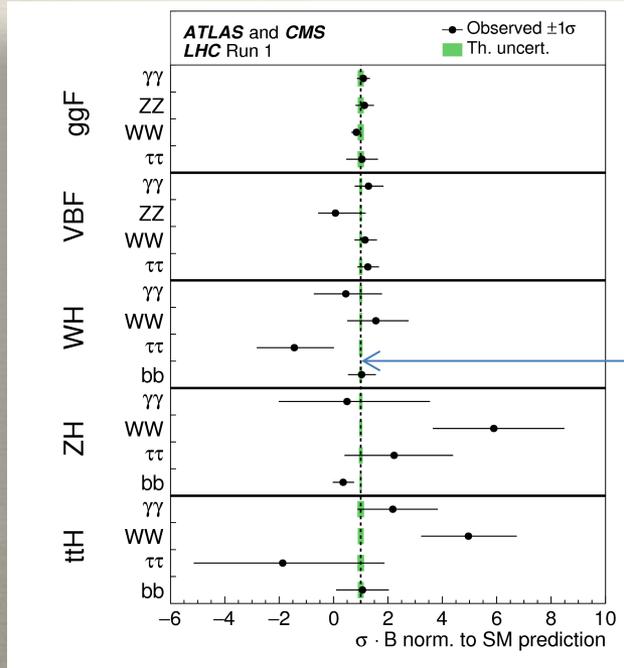
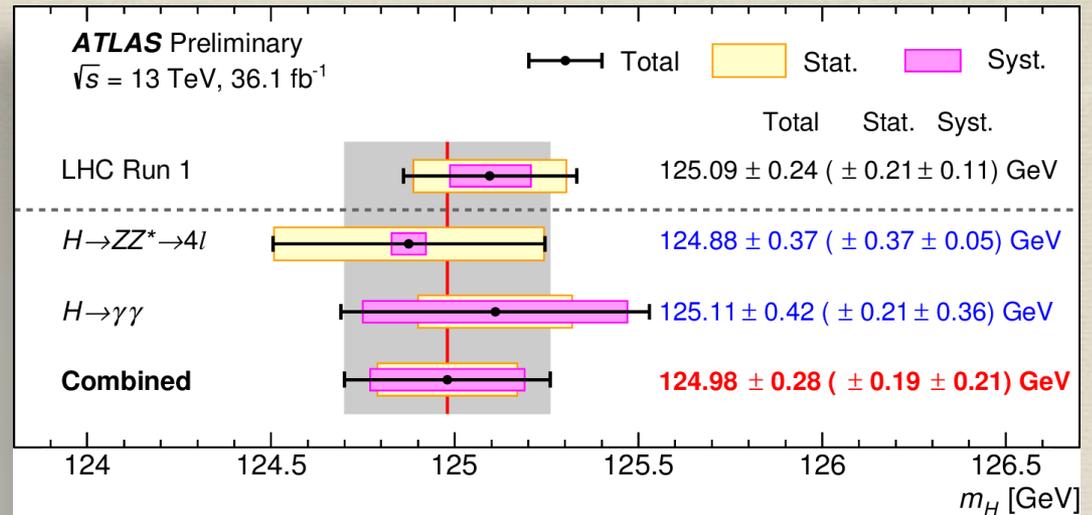
ATLAS & CMS combined mass:

PRL 114, 191803 (2015)

ATLAS Run 2: **ATLAS-CONF-2017-047**

ATLAS & CMS combined couplings:

JHEP 08 (2016) 045



top from ggH production
x-section

So far the Higgs...
looks like SM,
sounds like SM,
smells like SM.



T.Kibble G.Guralnik R.C.Hagen F.Englert R.Brout & P.Higgs

But:

CONSISTENT with SM \neq INCOMPATIBLE with BSM

❖ Essential questions:

- Is the 125 GeV Higgs the only one (extended sector)?
- Is it responsible for all the particle mass?
- Is it fundamental?

❖ Need to define models of interest. Most popular are additional EW singlet, 2HDM, NMSSM, additional Higgs Triplet, Georgi-Machacek, Composite Higgs, etc.

❖ All allow for SM-like light Higgs phenomenology with smaller or larger coupling modifications.

ROADMAP

Explore the 125 GeV Higgs

- Production rates (ggH, WH, ZH, VBF, ttH, HH, tH, bbH)
- Decay widths ($\gamma\gamma$, ZZ, WW, bb, $\tau\tau$, $\mu\mu$, $Z\gamma$, $\phi\gamma$, $\rho\gamma$, etc.)
- Couplings to SM particles
- Spin and parity
- LFV, $H \rightarrow \alpha\alpha$, $H \rightarrow \text{inv}$, $\gamma + E$, etc.

Explicit search for BSM scalars

- Heavy neutral CP-even and CP-odd states ($\gamma\gamma$, ZZ, WW, bb, $\tau\tau$, HH, HZ, tt)
- Charged Higgs ($\tau\nu$, tb, WZ, cs, etc.)
- Doubly-charged Higgs
- Any deviations from SM backgrounds?

How much of the BSM scenarios can current data exclude?

THIS TALK

- ❑ Focuses on the explicit searches for heavier members of the scalar sector.
- ❑ Shows results based on full 2015+2016 data
~36 fb⁻¹ @13 TeV (with a couple of exceptions)
- ❑ Only results targeting heavy scalars discussed.
- ❑ Couplings, rare decays, pair production, etc. of the 125 Higgs boson not covered.

- ❑ Outline:
 - Heavy neutral Higgs decaying to bosons
 - Heavy neutral Higgs decaying to fermions
 - Heavy charged and doubly-charged Higgs

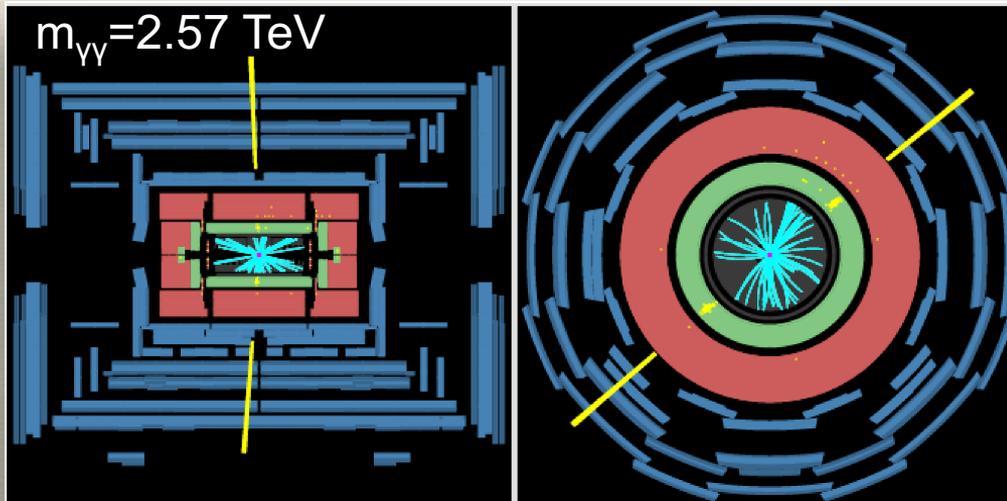
BSM Higgs \rightarrow bosons

Heavy neutral Higgs - $\rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

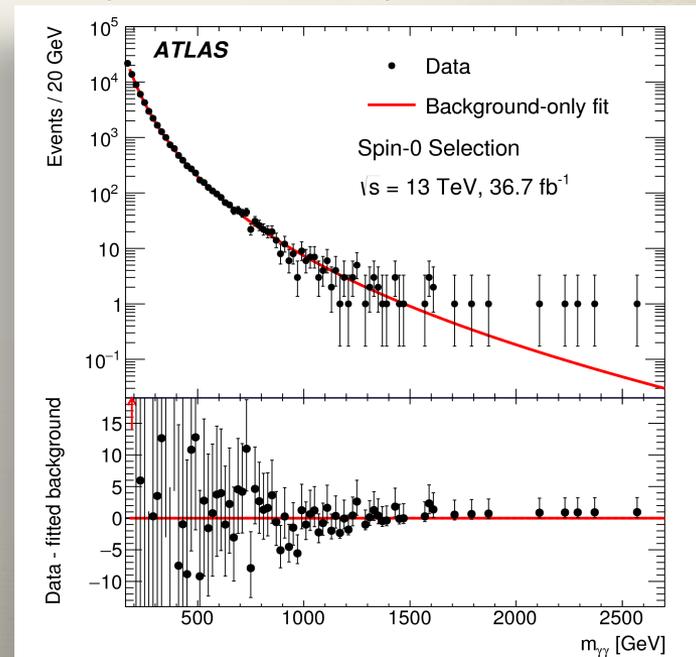
arXiv:1707.04147
2015+2016, 36.7 fb⁻¹

- ❖ Generic search for $\gamma\gamma$ resonance across a wide range of masses:
200 GeV < $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ < 2700 GeV and $\Gamma_H/m_H = [0\% - 10\%]$ using 36.7 fb⁻¹
- ❖ Analysis optimised for two hypotheses: spin 0 and spin 2 (Landau-Yang)
- ❖ Two isolated (calo & tracks) photons in central rapidity region (spin 0)
- ❖ 90% background irreducible di-photon QCD (+ γj , jj)
- ❖ Background modeled from simultaneous functional fit to $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ for sig+bkg

The highest mass $\gamma\gamma$ candidate



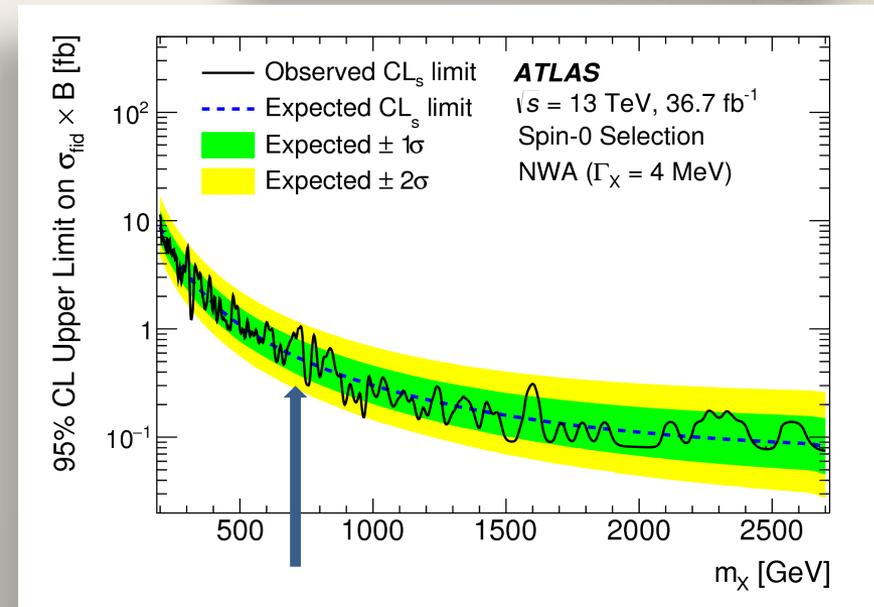
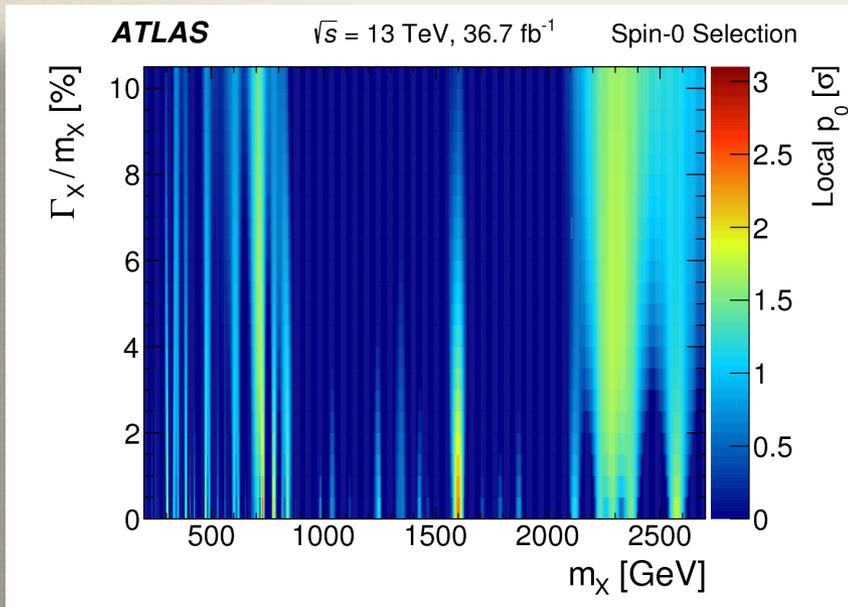
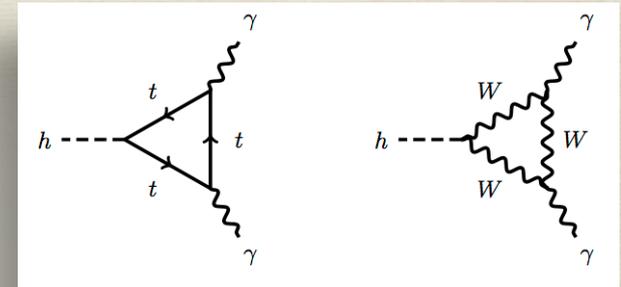
Spin 0 hypothesis
(very similar for spin 2 selection)



Heavy neutral Higgs $\rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

arXiv:1707.04147
2015+2016, 36.7 fb⁻¹

❖ Fit results:

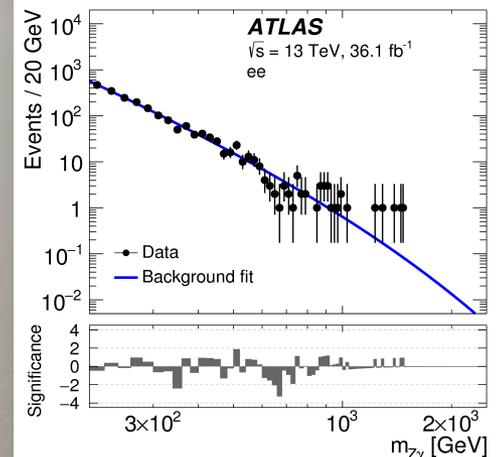
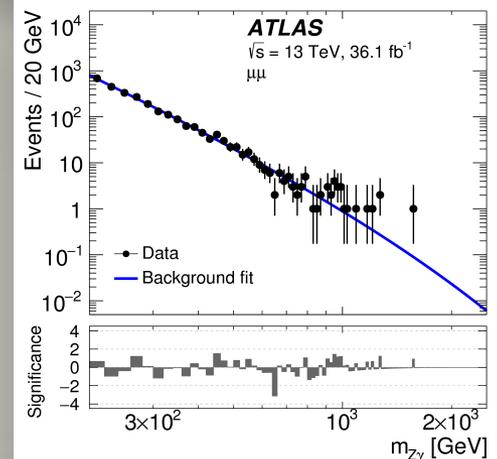
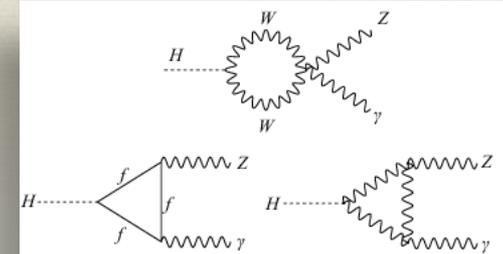
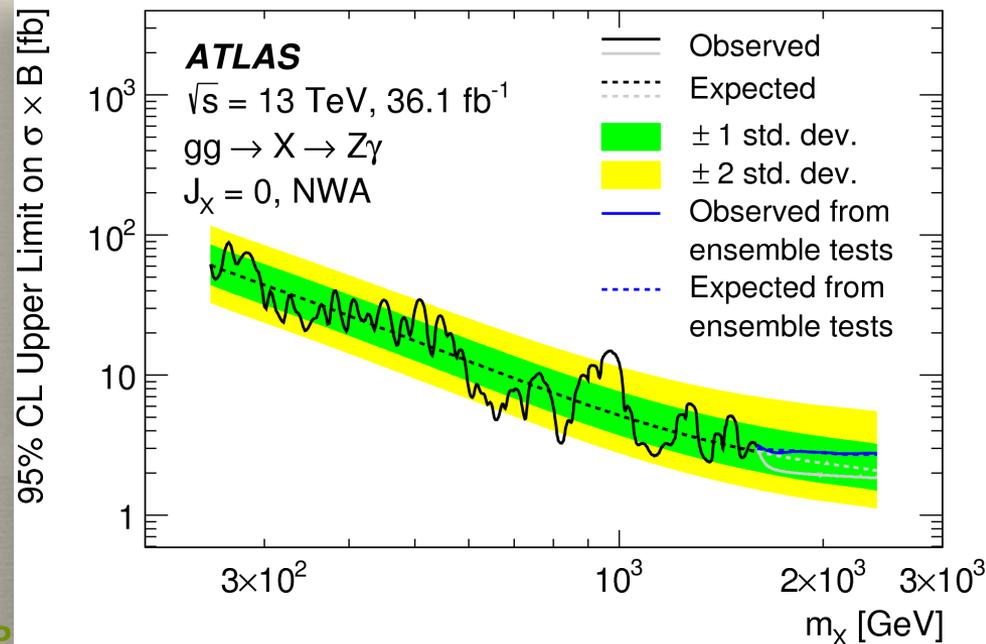


Largest excess: **2.6 σ** local around 730 GeV for narrow width driven by 2015 data and corresponding to null global significance (less than the median largest deviation in background-only pseudo-experiments)

Heavy neutral Higgs - $\rightarrow Z\gamma$ - $\rightarrow l\bar{l}\gamma$

ATLAS-HIGG-2016-14
2015+2016, 36.1 fb⁻¹

- ❖ A same-flavour opposite sign isolated (track) lepton pair + photon
- ❖ Two categories: **ee** and **$\mu\mu$** .
- ❖ Trigger-matched $e(\mu)$ $p_T > 18(24)$ GeV
- ❖ Isolated (calo+track) photon, $p_T(\gamma) > 15$ GeV
- ❖ Main background non-resonant $Z\gamma$ (irreducible) and Z +jets (reducible), analytical model from fit to data in CR
- ❖ 2.7(0.8) σ local(global [200-2500]) @ $m_H=960$ GeV



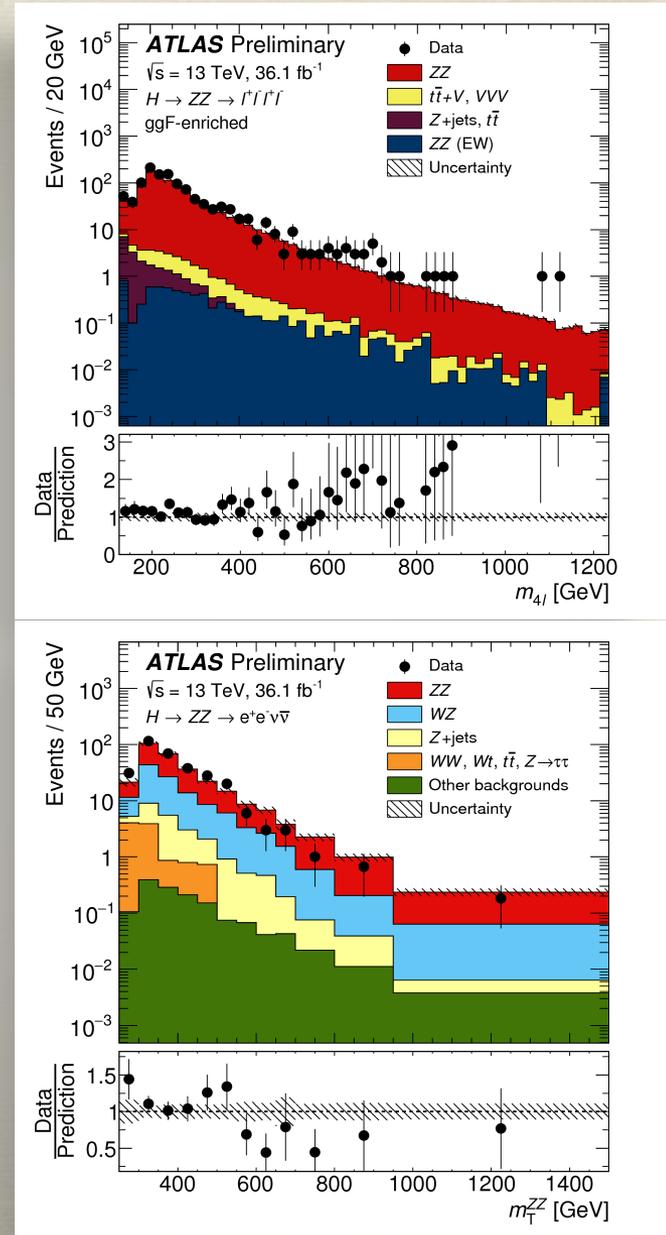
Heavy neutral Higgs -> ZZ -> llll/vvll

ATLAS-CONF-2017-058

2015+2016, 36.1 fb⁻¹

- ❖ **Z -> llll**: two same-flavour opposite sign isolated (calo+track) lepton pairs
 - ❖ **ggF** and **VBF**: ≥ 2 jets $p_T > 30$ GeV $\Delta\eta_{jj} > 3.3, m_{jj} > 400$ GeV
 - ❖ 4 categories: VBF, ggF (4e, 2e2 μ , 4 μ)
 - ❖ Main background (~97%) non-resonant ZZ (from MC) - interference accounted for!
-
- ❖ **Z -> vvll**: same-flavour opposite sign isolated (calo+track) lepton pair + missing transverse energy
 - ❖ **ggF** and **VBF**: ≥ 2 jets $p_T > 30$ GeV $\Delta\eta_{jj} > 4.4, m_{jj} > 550$ GeV
 - ❖ $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 120$ GeV, $\Delta\phi(\text{ll}, E_T^{\text{miss}}) > 2.7$
 - ❖ 3 categories: VBF, ggF (ee, $\mu\mu$)
 - ❖ Main background (~60%) non-resonant ZZ and ZW (~30%) estimated from MC.

$$m_T \equiv \sqrt{\left[\sqrt{m_Z^2 + (p_T^{\ell\ell})^2} + \sqrt{m_Z^2 + (E_T^{\text{miss}})^2} \right]^2 - \left| \vec{p}_T^{\ell\ell} + \vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}} \right|^2} \quad \longrightarrow$$

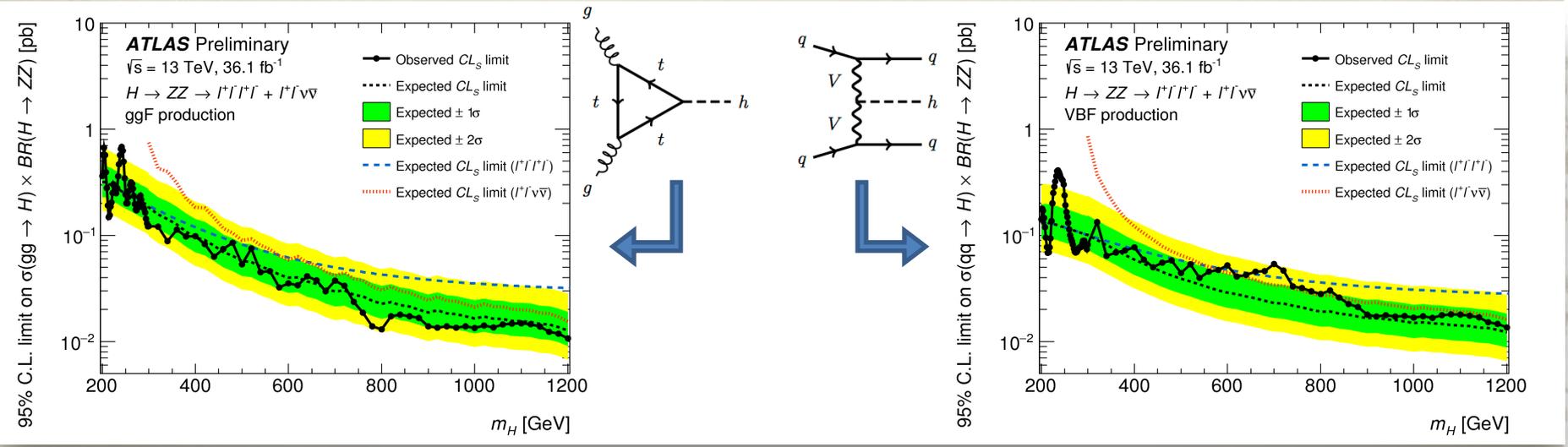


Heavy neutral Higgs $\rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \mu\mu/\nu\nu$

ATLAS-CONF-2017-058

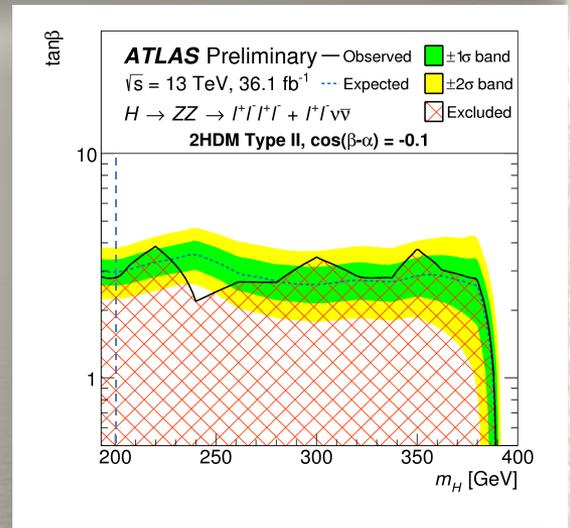
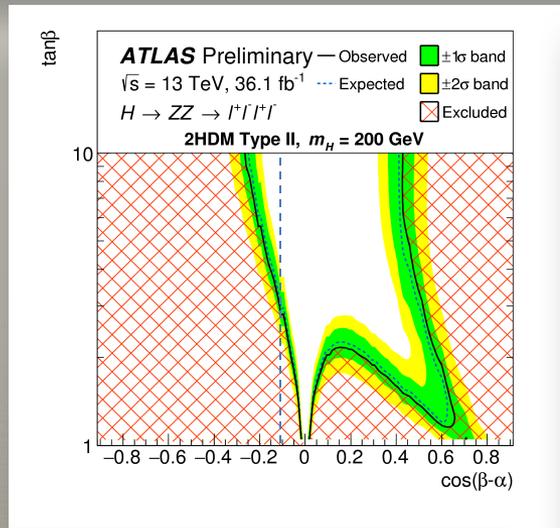
2015+2016, 36.1 fb⁻¹

Fit results: Narrow (ggF and VBF) and large width (1-10% of m_H , ggF only) signal hypotheses tested



$\mu\mu$ shows 3.6(2.2) σ local (global) excess at ~ 240 GeV and 700 GeV. When combined with $\nu\nu$, the 700 GeV one reduces to 2.0(1.0) σ local (global).

2HDM type2 interpretation: \rightarrow
 (example)

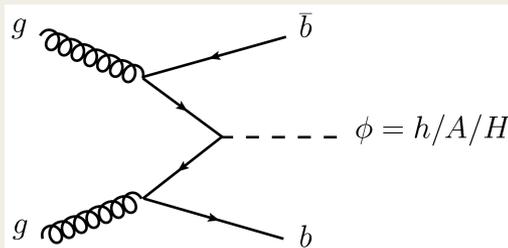
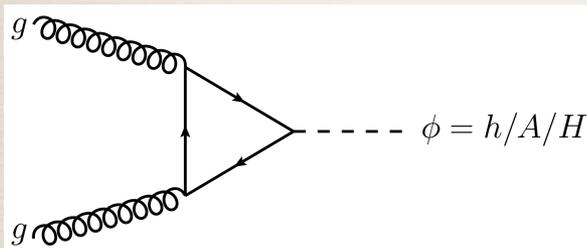


Heavy CP-odd

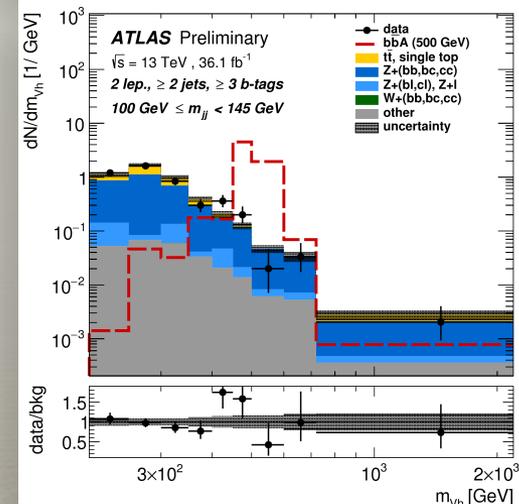
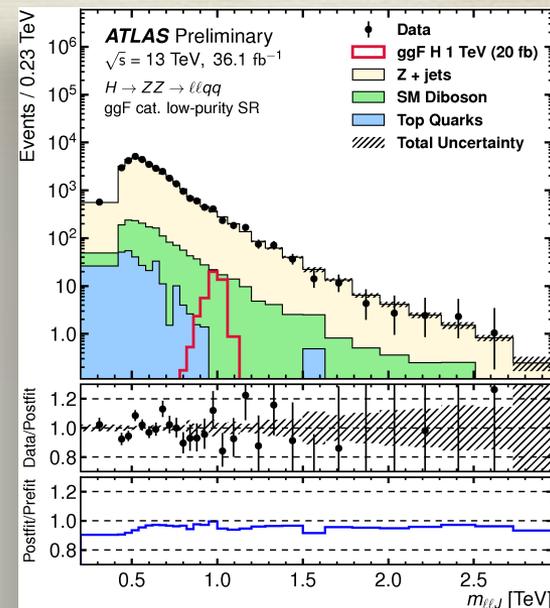
$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell qq / \nu\nu qq$
 $A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow \ell\ell bb / \nu\nu bb$

ATLAS-EXOT-2016-29
 ATLAS-CONF-2017-055
 2015+2016, 36.1 fb⁻¹

- ❖ $\ell\ell qq/bb$: same-flavour opposite sign (μ only) isolated (calo+track) lepton pair + jet(s) (b-tag)
- ❖ $\nu\nu qq/bb$: missing transverse energy + jet(s) (b-tag)
- ❖ Merged ($\ell\ell J$) or resolved ($\ell\ell jj$) selection (sequential)
- ❖ Improved jj mass resolution using both calo & track information
- ❖ $H \rightarrow ZZ$: **ggF** and **VBF**: two forward jets with high $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ & m_{jj}
- ❖ $A \rightarrow Zh$: **ggF** and **bbA**: through >2 b-tag category.



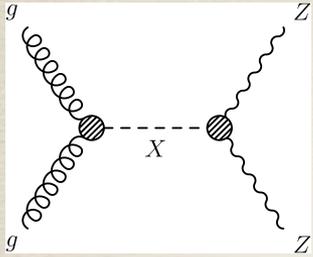
- ❖ Main backgrounds: Z+jets, ttbar, W+jets (shape from MC, normalisation from CR)
- ❖ Maximum likelihood fit to m or m_T separately for ggF and VBF ($H \rightarrow ZZ$) or b-associated A production ($A \rightarrow Zh$)



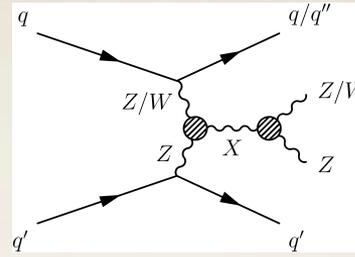
Heavy neutral $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow llqq/\nu\nu qq$

ATLAS-EXOT-2016-29
2015+2016, 36.1 fb⁻¹

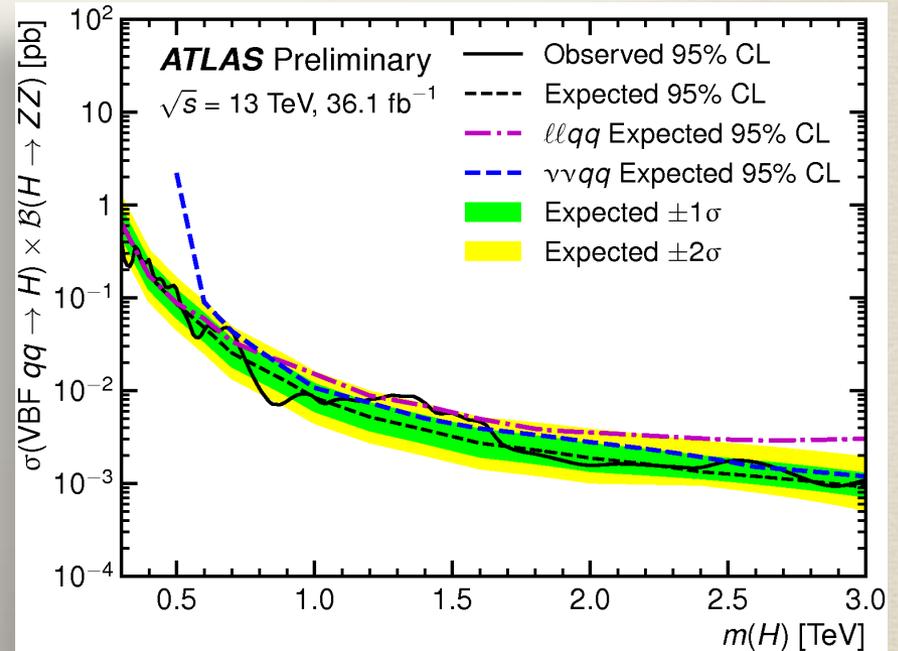
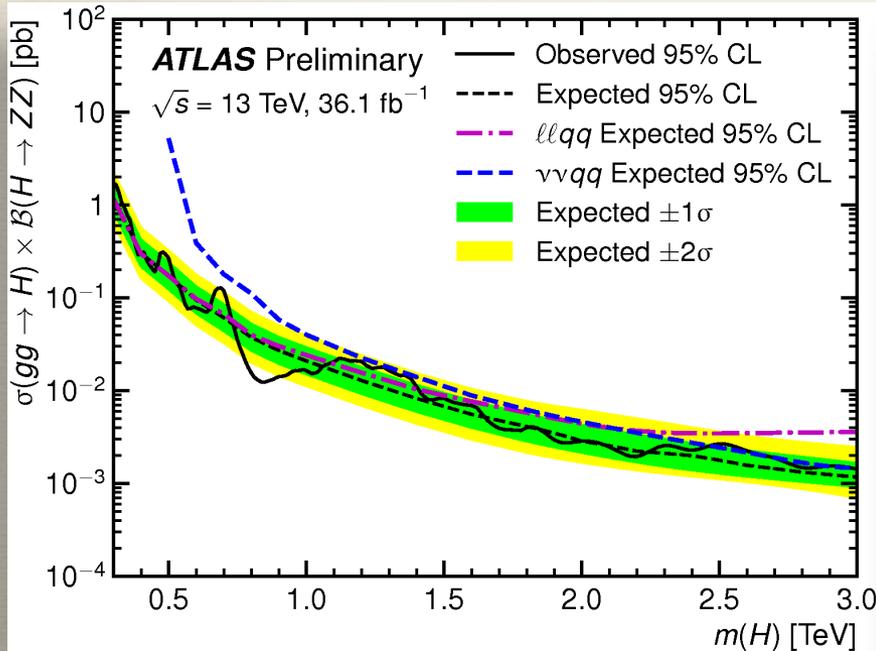
Fit results: Narrow width ggF and VBF signal hypotheses tested



ggF



VBF

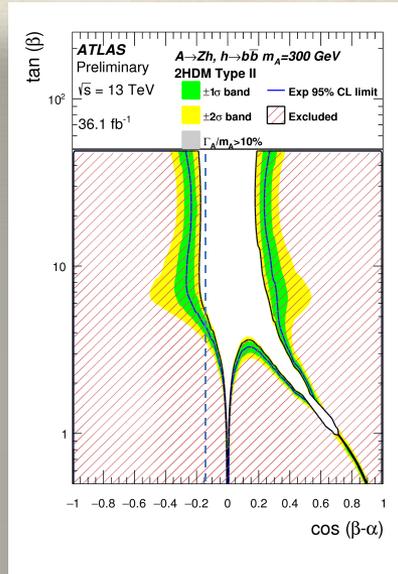
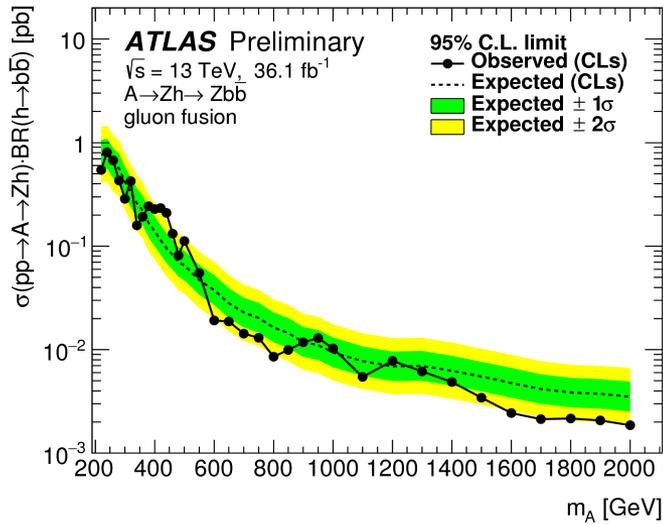


A 3.0σ local deficit observed $\sim 800 \text{ GeV}$, corresponding to 1.9σ global (look elsewhere).

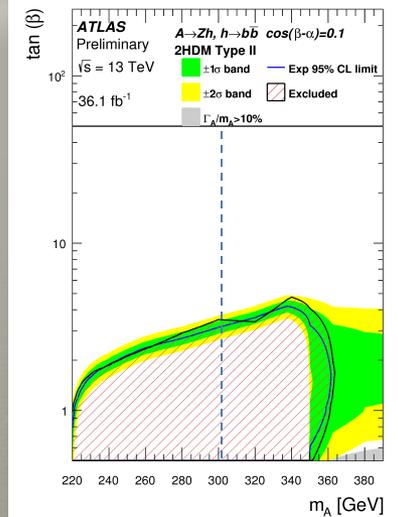
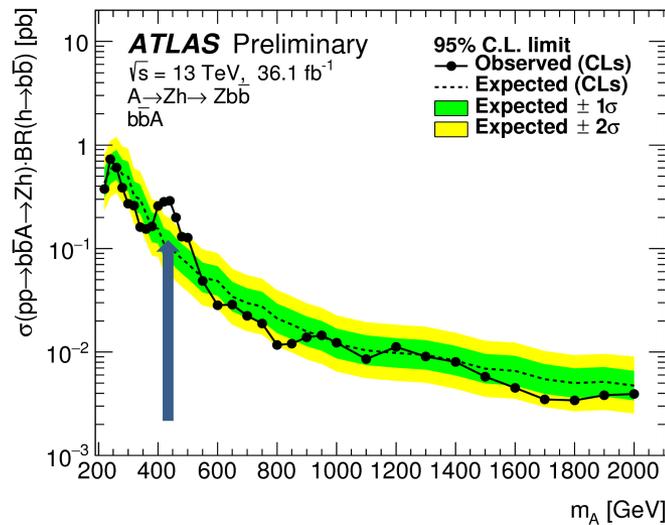
CP-odd $A \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow llbb/\nu\nu bb$

Fit results:

- ❖ The $\sigma \times BR$ limits combine both the 0-lepton and 2-lepton channels.
- ❖ The 2HDM exclusions based on combination of ggF and bb-associated production.



Mild excess around 440 GeV, mainly driven by the 2-lepton di-muon channel in the resolved category with 3+ b-tags, with the local (global) significance of 3.6 σ (2.4 σ).

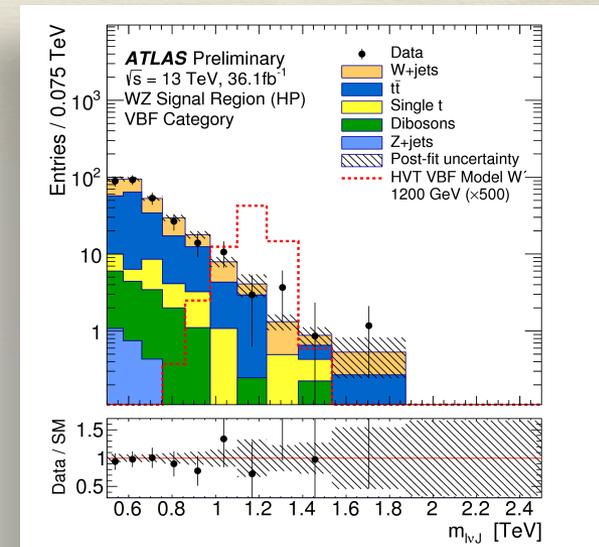


Heavy neutral $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu qq$

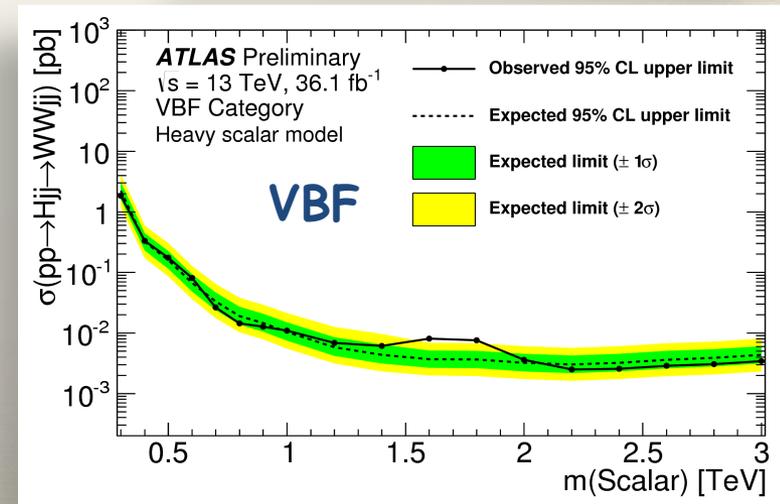
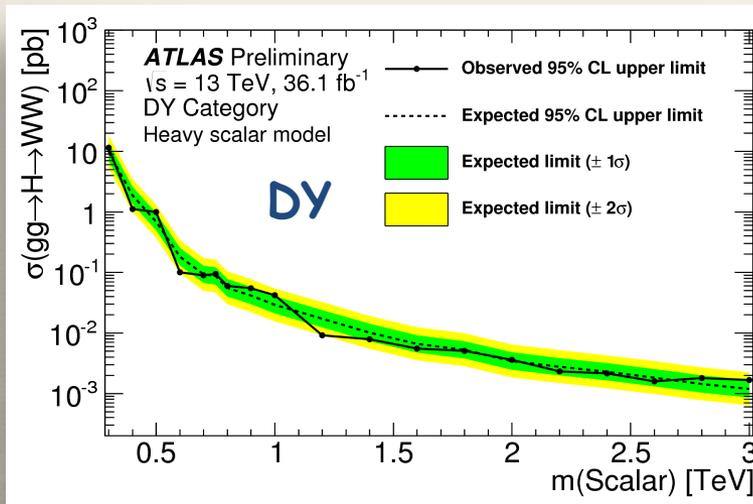
ATLAS-CONF-2017-051

2015+2016, 36.1 fb⁻¹

- ❖ Isolated lepton + MET + jj/J (Resolved/Boosted)
- ❖ Improved jj mass resolution using both calo & track information
- ❖ **DY**($ggF&qq$) and **VBF**: two forward jets with high $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ & m_{jj}
- ❖ Main background W +jets (>50%) then $t\bar{t}$. MC normalized from simultaneous fit to m_{WW} in SR and CR (W +jets, $t\bar{t}$)
- ❖ CR orthogonal in m_{jj} or $m_{j/D2}$
- ❖ m_{WW} from m_W constraint on $l\nu$ system.
- ❖ Narrow width $300 < m_H < 3000$ GeV Drell-Yan and VBF signal hypotheses tested with profile-likelihood-ratio fit:



No significant deviation from the SM background observed.



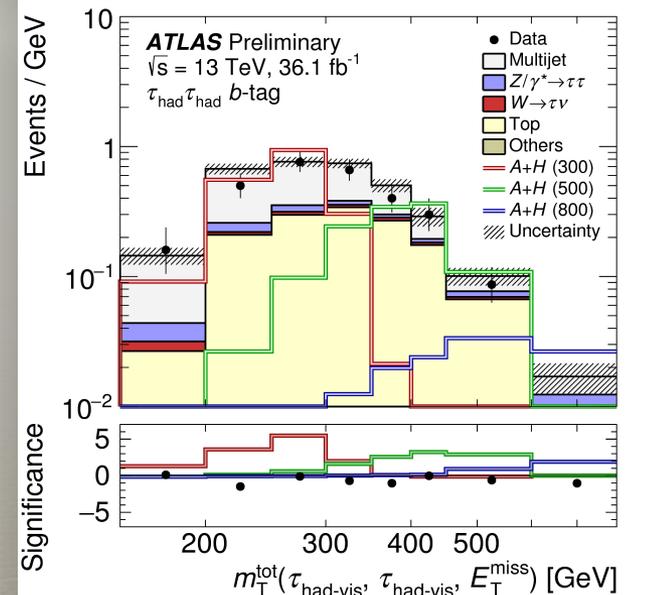
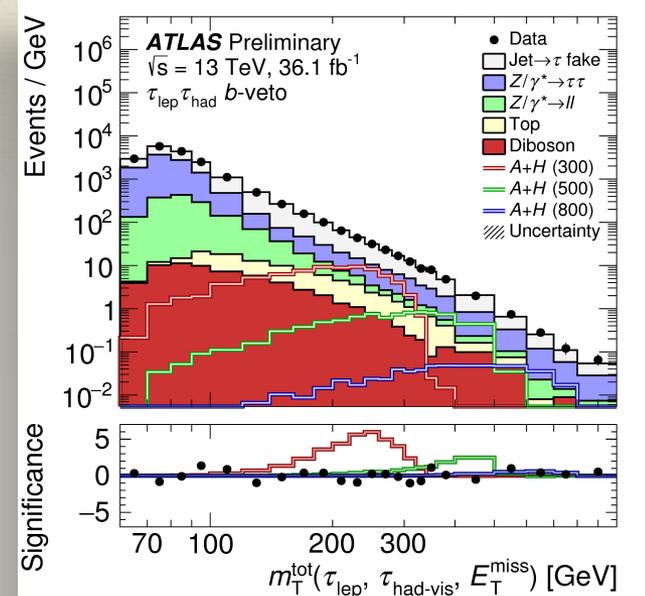
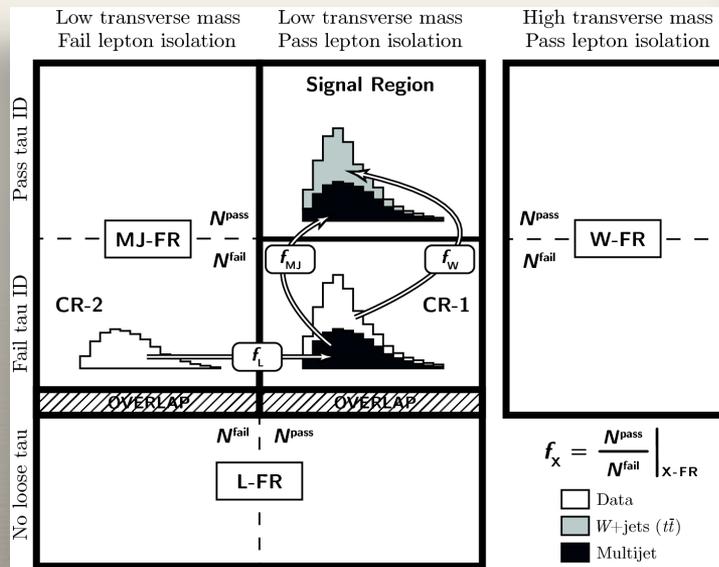
(compl. $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$ out soon!)
p15

BSM Higgs -> fermions

Heavy neutral Higgs - $\rightarrow \tau\tau$

ATLAS-CONF-2017-050
2015+2016, 36.1 fb⁻¹

- ❖ Generic search for $\tau\tau$ resonance across a wide range of masses: $200 \text{ GeV} < m_{\tau\tau} < 2250 \text{ GeV}$
- ❖ Analysis optimised for two hypotheses: spin 0 (H/A) and spin 1 (Z')
- ❖ $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ search channel:
 - Trigger-matched lepton and a τ_{had} ,
- ❖ $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ search channel:
 - Trigger-matched tau, $pt(\tau) > 65 \text{ GeV}$
- ❖ **B-tag** and **B-veto** categories
- ❖ Background dominated by jet- $\rightarrow\tau$ in W+jets and t \bar{t} bar (QCD) for $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ ($\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$) searches and is estimated using the fake-factor method:



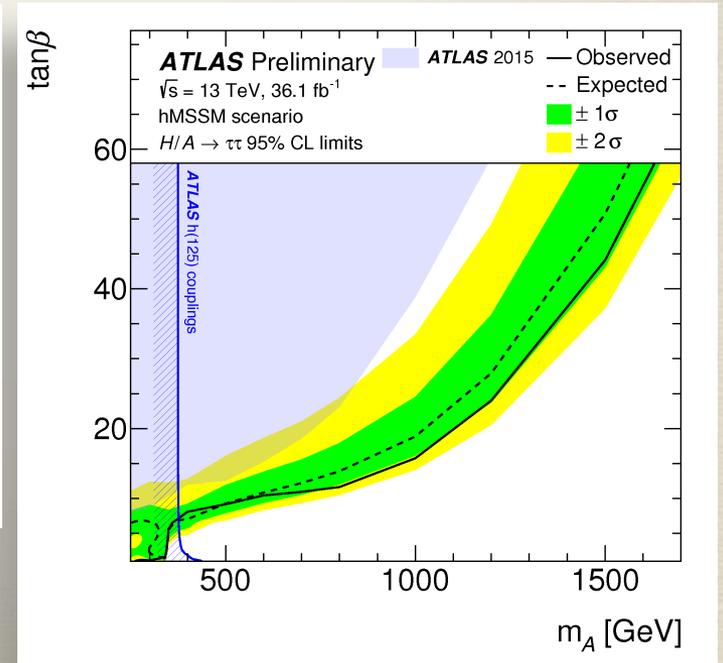
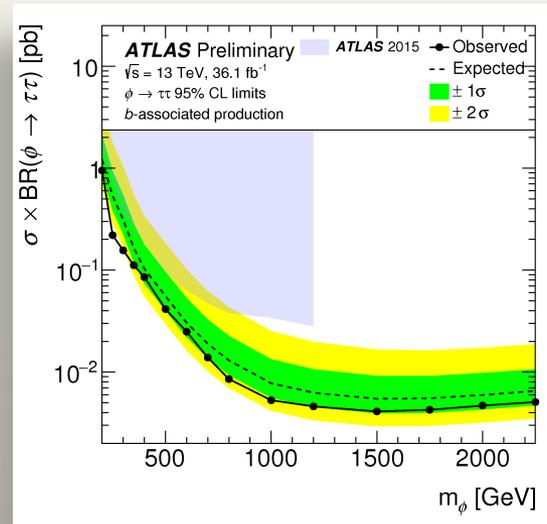
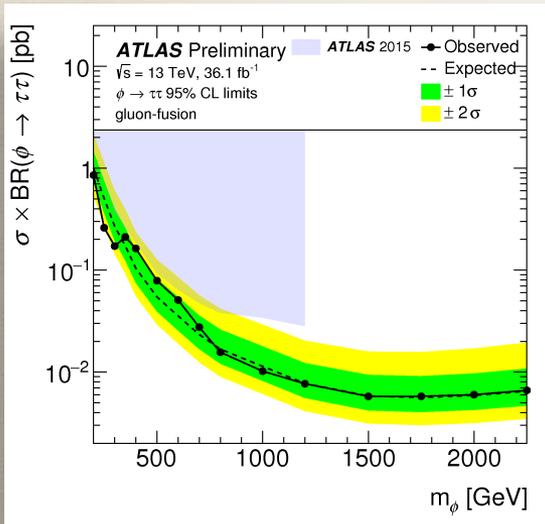
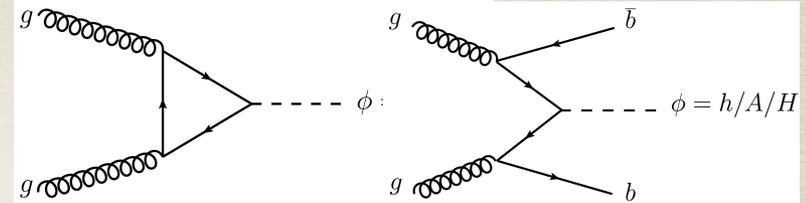
Heavy neutral Higgs- $\rightarrow \tau\tau$

ATLAS-CONF-2017-050
2015+2016, 36.1 fb⁻¹

Fit results:

- ❖ Likelihood fits separately for b-veto and b-tag categories to enhance sensitivity to ggF and b-associated production.
- ❖ The 2HDM exclusion based on combination of ggF and b-associated limits.
- ❖ Both $\tau_{lep}\tau_{had}$ and $\tau_{had}\tau_{had}$ channels use m_T as the discriminant variable:

$$m_T^{tot} \equiv \sqrt{(p_T^{\tau_1} + p_T^{\tau_2} + E_T^{miss})^2 - (\mathbf{p}_T^{\tau_1} + \mathbf{p}_T^{\tau_2} + \mathbf{E}_T^{miss})^2}$$

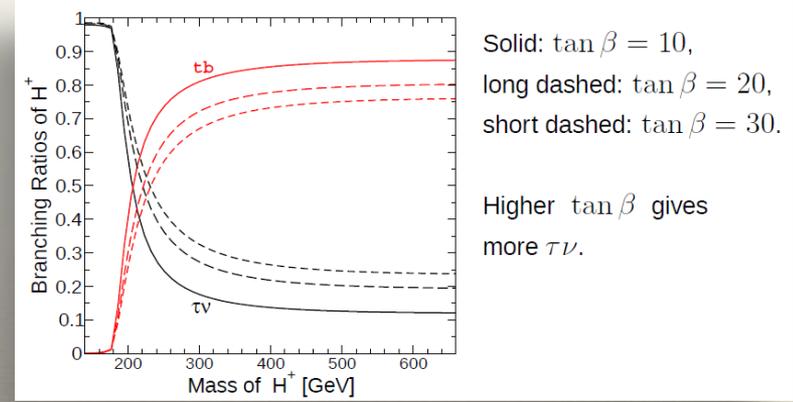
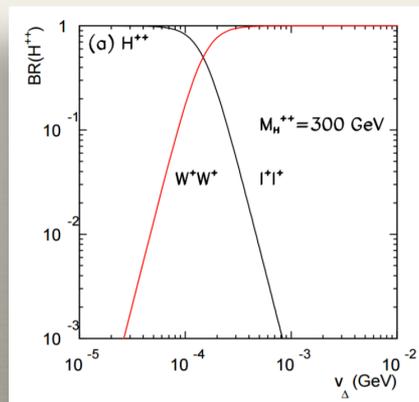
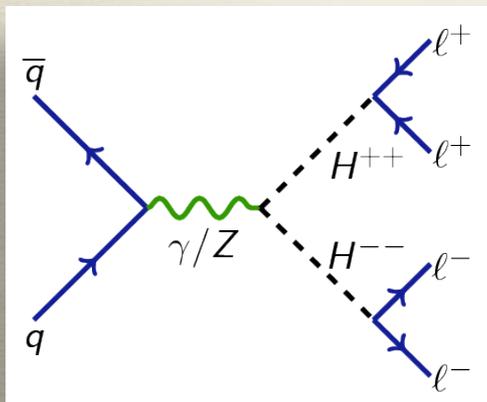
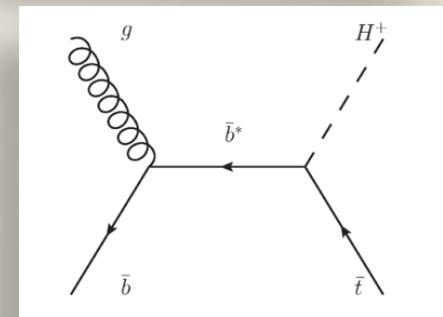
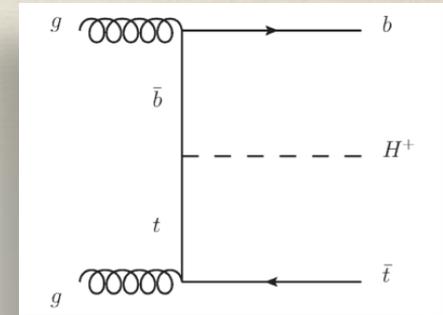


- ❖ Exclusion limits much improved w.r.t. 2015 results.

Search for H^+/H^{++}

Charged Higgs

- ❖ A charged scalar of the EWSB sector would spectacularly sign BSM. Needed with more than one HD (notably SUSY).
- ❖ H^+ tagged together with the accompanying top.
- ❖ Within MSSM $BR(H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu)$ saturates the decay for $m_H < m_t$ and remains significant in large range of masses for high $\tan(\beta)$.
- ❖ For low $\tan(\beta)$ $H^+ \rightarrow tb$ dominates for $m_H > m_t$
- ❖ H^{++} assumed to be pair-produced (Triplet models).
- ❖ $H^{++} \rightarrow l^+l^+$ (W^+W^+) probes the low(high) v_Δ range (LRSM)



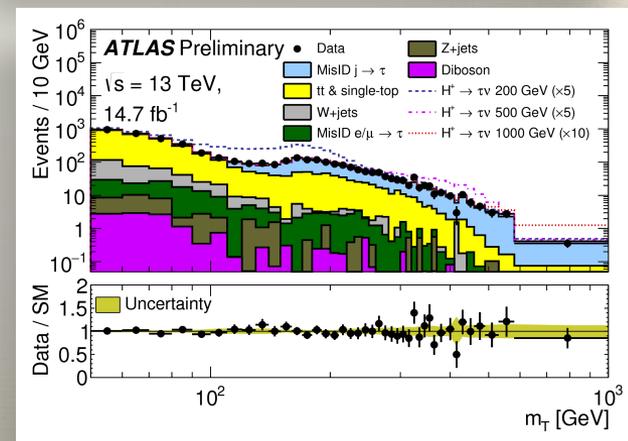
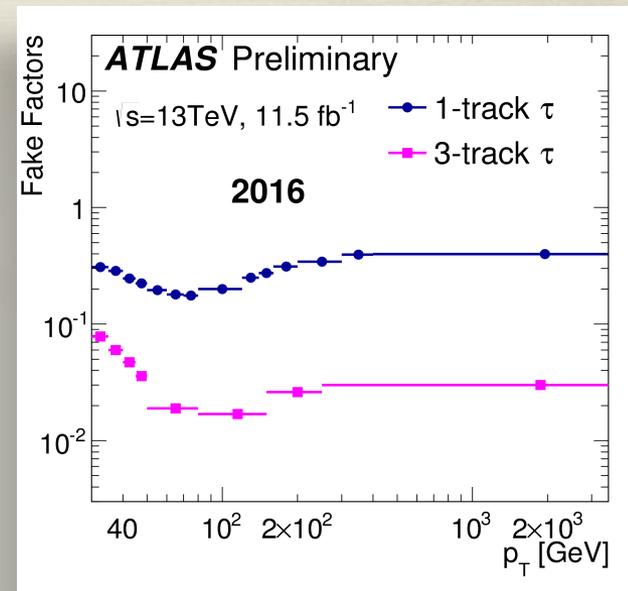
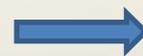
Charged $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu \rightarrow \tau_{had} + jets$

ATLAS-CONF-2016-088
2015+2016, 14.7 fb⁻¹

- ❖ Search in the high m_{H^+} mass region (200-2000 GeV) assuming the top-associate H^+ production and fully hadronic top decays.
 - MET trigger, hadronic τ with $p_T > 40$ GeV, ≥ 3 jets with $p_T > 25$ GeV (+b-tag), MET > 150 GeV
- ❖ Main backgrounds $t\bar{t}$, W +jets and jet- $\rightarrow\tau$ from multi-jet. All but jet- $\rightarrow\tau$ from MC and validated in CR's. jet- $\rightarrow\tau$ from data using fake-factor method. FF's extracted in the QCD CR (b-veto, MET < 80 GeV)

- ❖ Limit based on profile likelihood fit to the $m_T(\tau, MET)$ distribution:

$$m_T = \sqrt{2p_T^\tau E_T^{\text{miss}} (1 - \cos \Delta\phi_{\tau, E_T^{\text{miss}}})}$$

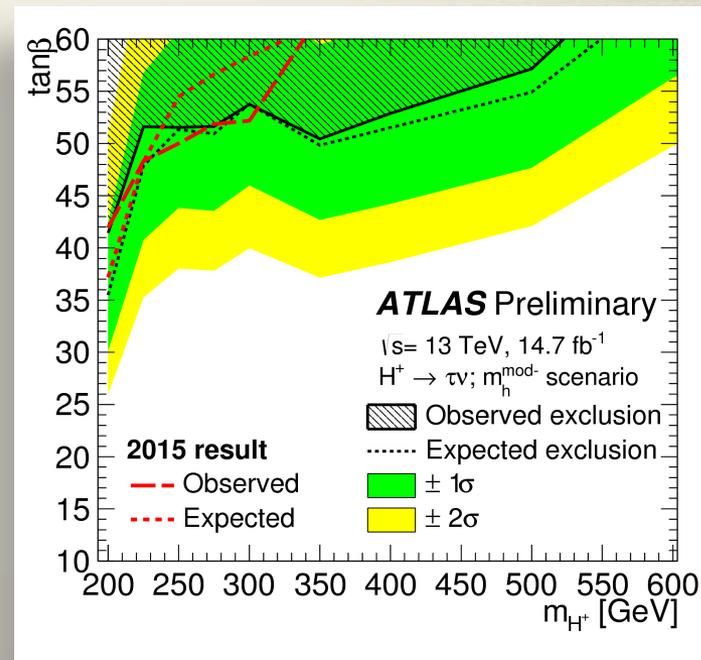
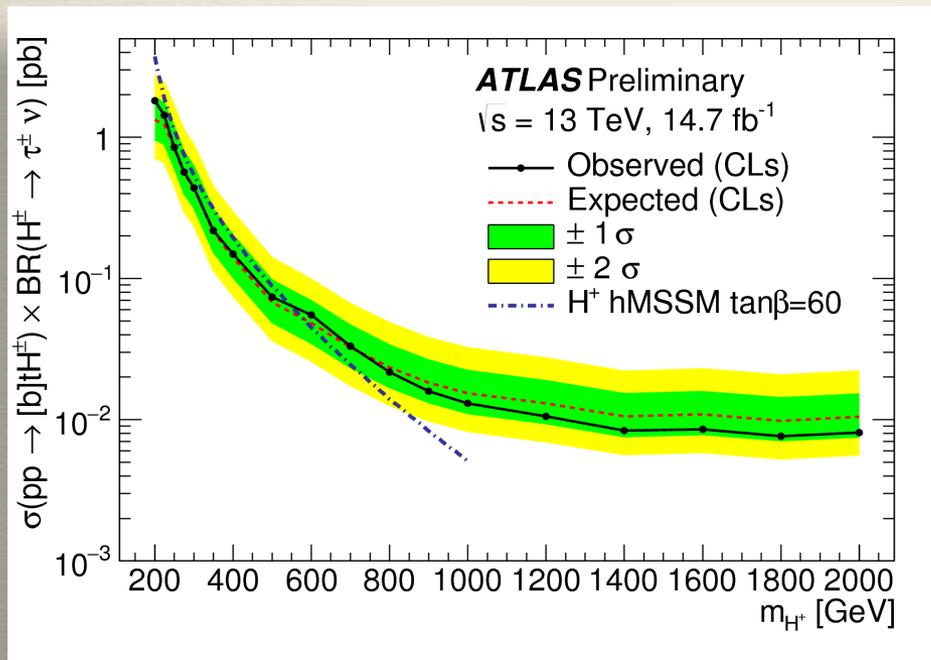


Charged $H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu \rightarrow \tau_{had} + jets$

ATLAS-CONF-2016-088
2015+2016, 14.7 fb⁻¹

Fit results:

- ❖ Exclusion limits given in various flavours of MSSM models.
- ❖ Here m_h^{mod-} scenario exmpl.:

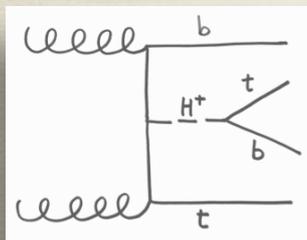


The result is based on 14.7 fb⁻¹ data (ICHEP 2016). Update to the full 2015+2016 data set with substantial improvements is now imminent.

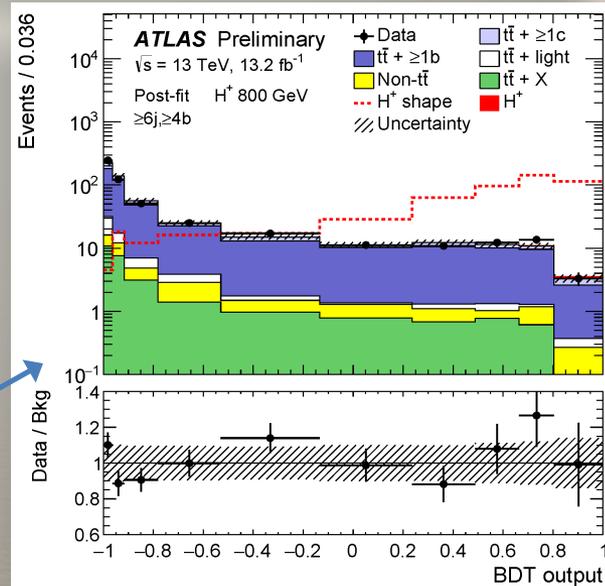
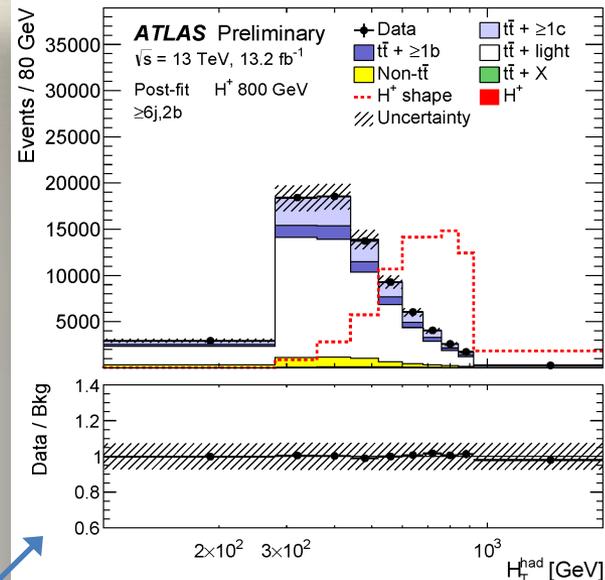
Charged $H^+ \rightarrow tb \rightarrow l + \text{jets}$

ATLAS-CONF-2016-089
2015+2016, 14.7 fb⁻¹

- ❖ Search in the high m_{H^+} mass region (300-1000 GeV) assuming the top-associate H^+ production.
- ❖ Trigger-matched lepton + 6 jets (4 b-jets!)
 - Isolated lepton (e or m) with $p_T > 25$ GeV, ≥ 4 jets with $p_T > 25$ GeV, ≥ 2 b-tagged (70% eff.), τ veto
- ❖ Main background $t\bar{t} + b$ -jets. Modelled from MC (Powheg+Pythia) with normalization free in the fit.
- ❖ Simultaneous profile likelihood fit to SR (BDT) and CR H_T^{had} . $t\bar{t} + c/b$ free in the fit.



	2b	3b	$\geq 4b$
4j	CR		CR
5j	CR	SR	SR
$\geq 6j$	CR	SR	SR

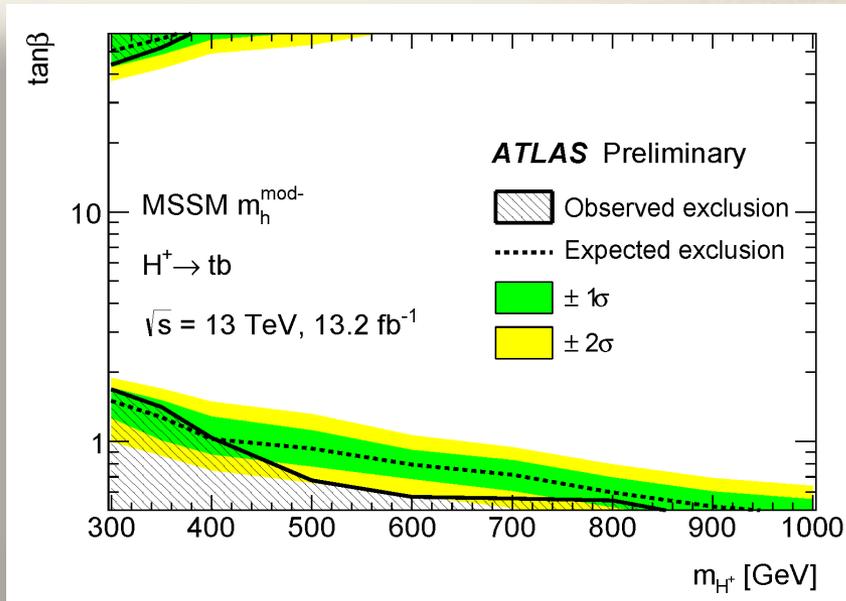
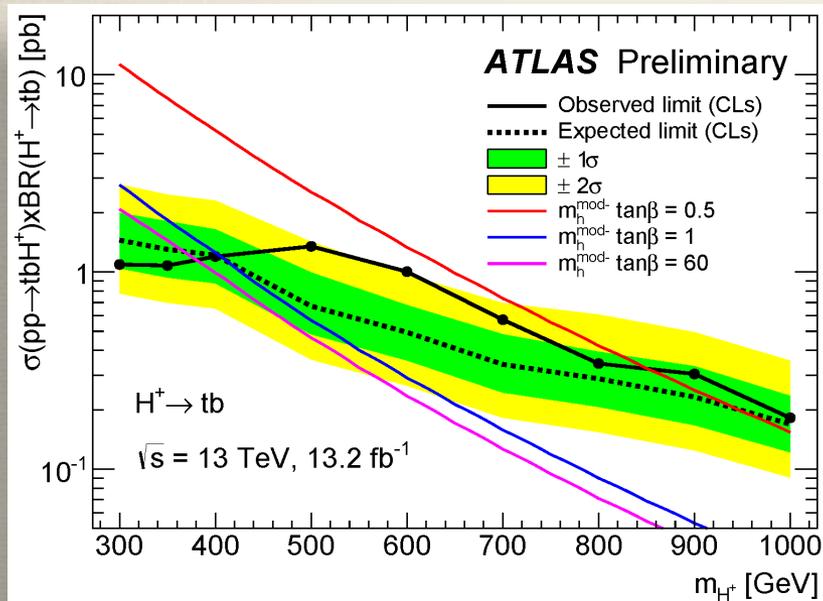


Charged $H^+ \rightarrow tb \rightarrow l + \text{jets}$

ATLAS-CONF-2016-089
2015+2016, 14.7 fb⁻¹

Fit results:

- ❖ Exclusion limits given in various flavours of MSSM models.
- ❖ Here $m_h^{\text{mod-}}$ scenario exmpl.:



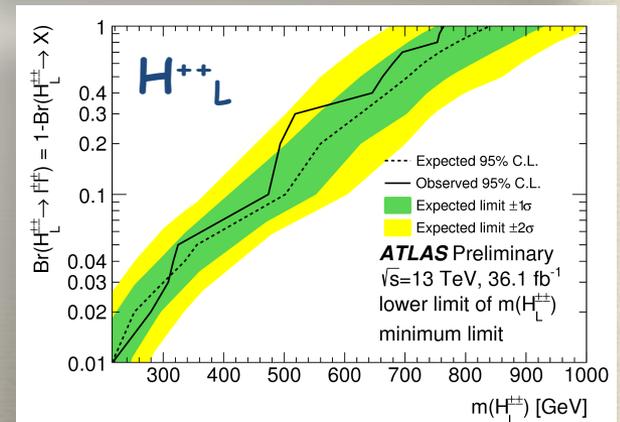
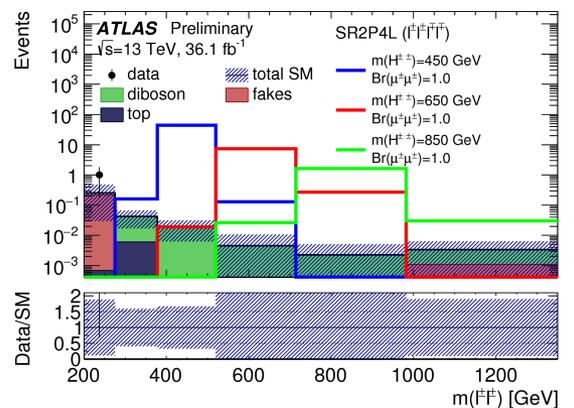
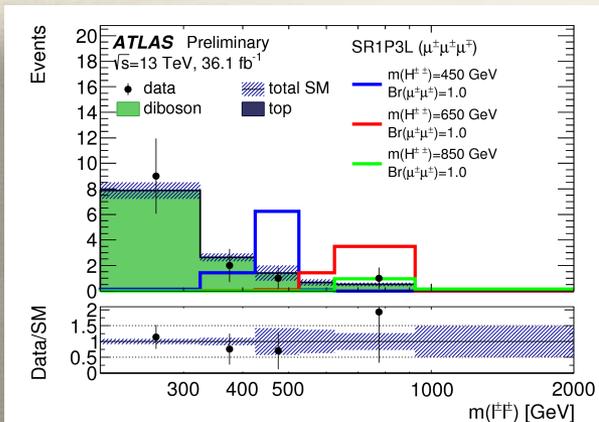
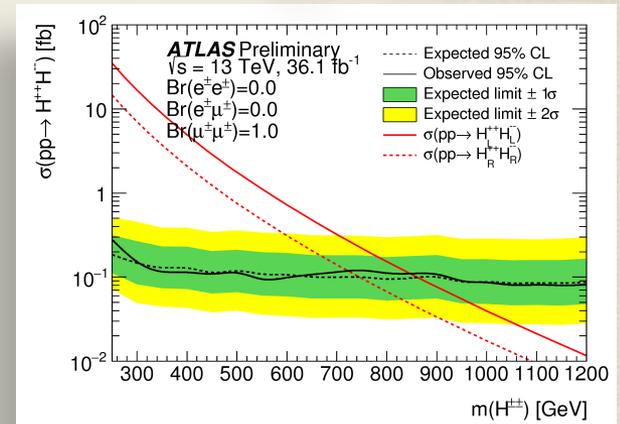
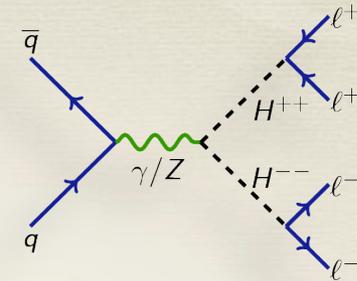
The result is based on 14.7 fb⁻¹ data (ICHEP 2016). Update to the full 2015+2016 data set with substantial improvements is now imminent.

Doubly charged $H^{++} \rightarrow l^+l^+$

ATLAS-CONF-2017-053

2015+2016, 36.1 fb⁻¹

- ❖ Assumed D-Y pair-produced Higgses and targets low v_Δ LRSM when H^{++} decays quasi-exclusively to leptons (compl. $H^{++} \rightarrow W^+W^+$ out soon!)
- ❖ A search for same-charge isolated lepton pairs in the range: $250 \text{ GeV} < m_{ll} < 1200 \text{ GeV}$ ($ee, e\mu, \mu\mu$)
- ❖ 2,3-lepton: $m(l^+l^+)$, 4-lepton: mean $m^{1,2}(l^+l^+)$
- ❖ Background: di-boson (MC with charge misid. from data) and fake lepton from 'fake factor'.



CONCLUSIONS

- ❖ ATLAS conducted a wide variety of searches for BSM scalar particles (CP-even and CP-odd H, singly and doubly charged Higgses)
- ❖ Most results based on the full 2015+2016 dataset (remaining are being updated as we speak)
- ❖ No evidence for BSM phenomena in the scalar sector.
- ❖ Analyses managed to place exclusion limits on various BSM scenarios (notably 2HDM, MSSM).
- ❖ By the end of Run 2, we will be looking into x4 larger dataset, so should double our statistical sensitivity.

2017 data is being collected. Stay tuned!

THANK YOU.

BONUS MATERIAL

2HDM Models

❖ Generic class implementing a second Higgs doublet.

❖ Variants depend on specific coupling scheme:

Type I: One doublet couples to vector bosons, the other couples to fermions.

Type II: one doublet couples to up-type quarks, the other to down-type quarks and leptons:
„MSSM -like”

Lepton-specific: couplings to quarks as in the Type I model and to leptons as in Type II.

Flipped: couplings to quarks as in the Type II model and to leptons as in Type I.

$$\tan \beta \equiv v_2/v_1 \qquad g_{hVV}^{2\text{HDM}}/g_{hVV}^{\text{SM}} = \sin(\beta - \alpha)$$

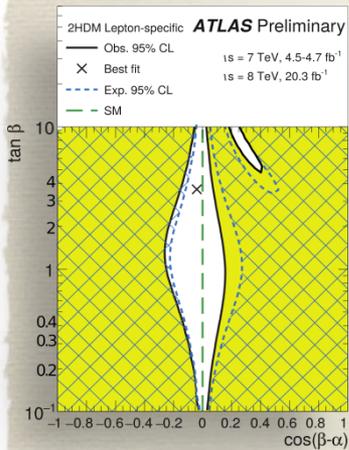
$$v_1^2 + v_2^2 = \bar{v}^2 \approx (246 \text{ GeV})^2 \qquad g_{HVV}^{2\text{HDM}}/g_{HVV}^{\text{SM}} = \cos(\beta - \alpha)$$

Coupling scale factor	Type I	Type II	Type III	Type IV
κ_V	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$
κ_u	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$
κ_d	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$-\sin(\alpha)/\cos(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$-\sin(\alpha)/\cos(\beta)$
κ_l	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$-\sin(\alpha)/\cos(\beta)$	$-\sin(\alpha)/\cos(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$

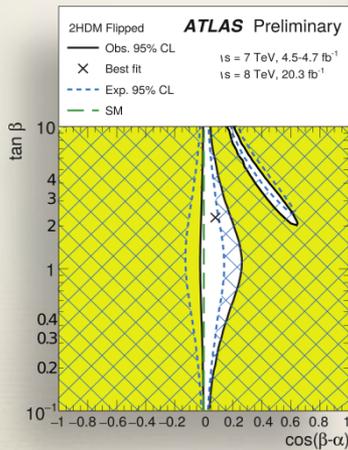
2HDM Models

- ❖ „Decoupling”: A, H^0, H^\pm much heavier than the light h .
- ❖ h looks pretty much like a SM Higgs („Alignment”)
- ❖ Decoupling is not necessary.
- ❖ $\cos(\beta-\alpha) \rightarrow 0$ realizes Alignment.

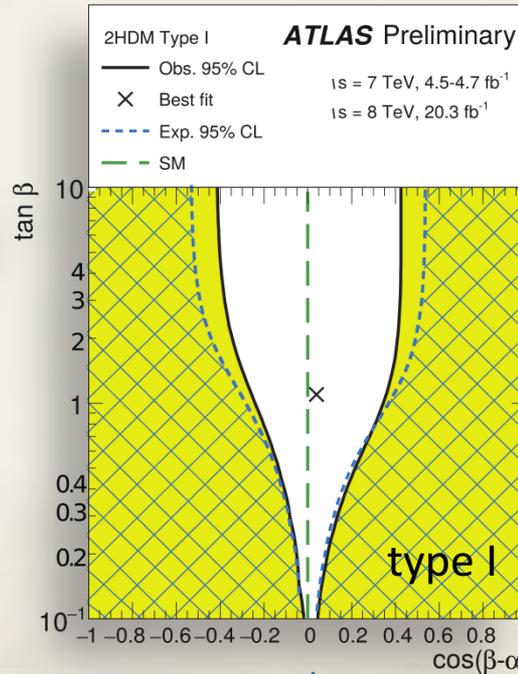
Inverted coupling to down-type fermions (τ, b)



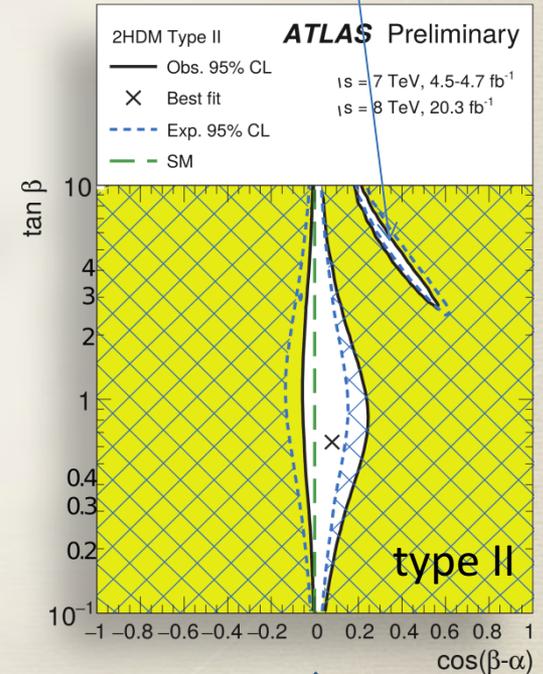
type III
(lepton specific)



type IV
(flipped)



type I



type II

← „Alignment” →

h recovers properties of the SM Higgs