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Matter waves exposed to the external world: Decoherence, gravity, complementarity and time irreversibility

Wednesday 23 August 2017 17:30 (30 minutes)

Matter-wave interferometry provides an excellent tool for probing the environment and studying its coupling to isolated atoms. We will present several interferometry experiments done with a BEC on an atom chip [1] and in which different effects of the environment have been investigated. First, we will discuss fluctuations in the nearby environment probed by an interference of atoms trapped in a magnetic lattice very close (5µm) to a room temperature surface [2,3]. Here an order-of-magnitude improvement has been obtained over previous atom-surface distances for which spatial interference has been observed. Next, we will present a new interferometry of self-interfering clocks and show, in a proof-of-principle experiment, how it could probe the interplay of QM and GR [4]. We will also describe a rule for "clock complementarity", which we deduce theoretically and verify experimentally [5]. Finally, we will discuss Stern-Gerlach interferometry [6] and describe it in the context of time irreversibility [7]. To the best of our knowledge, this is the first time spatial Stern-Gerlach interferometry has been realized, and we analyze our data in the context of previous theoretical work relating the difficulties in realizing Stern-Gerlach interferometry to time irreversibility.

- [1] Mark Keil, Omer Amit, Shuyu Zhou, David Groswasser, Yonathan Japha, Ron Folman, "Fifteen years of cold matter on the atom chip: Promise, realizations and prospects", Journal of Modern Optics 63, 1840 (2016). [2] Shuyu Zhou, David Groswasser, Mark Keil, Yonathan Japha, Ron Folman, "Robust spatial coherence 5\mathbb{M}m from a room temperature atom-chip", Phys. Rev. A 93, 063615 (2016).
- [3] Yonathan Japha, Shuyu Zhou, Mark Keil and Ron Folman, Carsten Henkel, Amichay Vardi, "Suppression and enhancement of decoherence in an atomic Josephson junction", New J. Phys. 18, 055008 (2016).
- [4] Yair Margalit, Zhifan Zhou, Shimon Machluf, Daniel Rohrlich, Yonathan Japha, Ron Folman, "A self-interfering clock as a 'which path'witness", Science 349, 1205 (2015).
- [5] Atom Chip group, "Clock complementarity in the context of general relativity", in preparation.
- [6] Shimon Machluf, Yonathan Japha and Ron Folman, "Coherent Stern-Gerlach momentum splitting on an atom chip", Nature Communications 4, 2424 (2013).
- [7] Atom Chip group, "Probing the emergence of the arrow of time with a high visibility Stern-Gerlach interferometer", in preparation.

Topic:

Topic: Quantum Physics, Quantum Optics and Quantum Information

Summary

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 $\textbf{Session Classification:} \ \ \textbf{Workshop on Quantum Foundations and Quantum Information}$

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