

# History and status of PDF determination

**V. RAVINDRAN**

The Institute of Mathematical Science,  
Chennai, India

சென்னை மெய்யியல் அறிவியல்



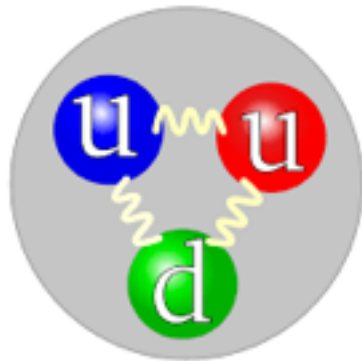
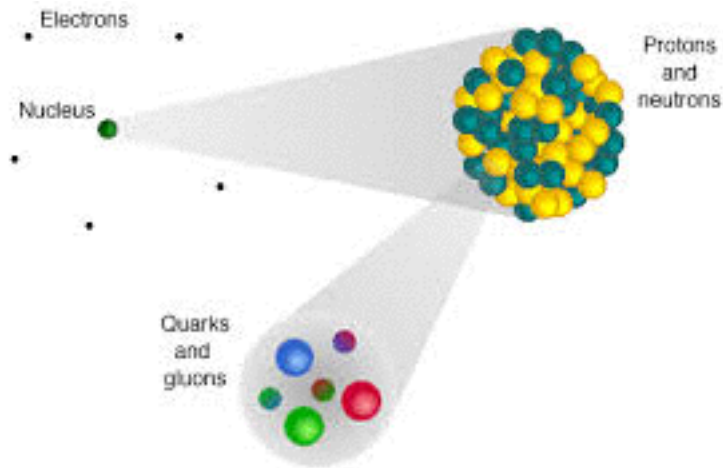
ICISE at Qui Nohn, Vietnam, 25 Sep - 1 Oct 2016

# Plan

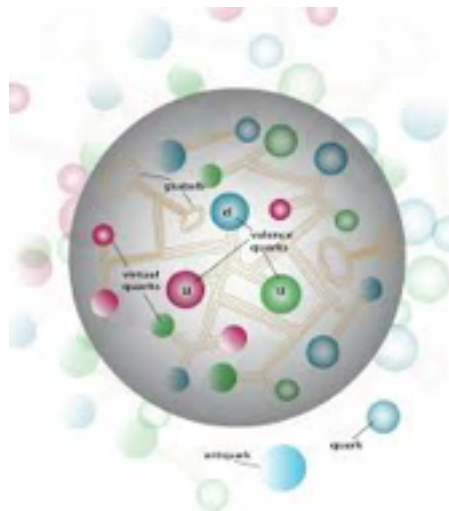
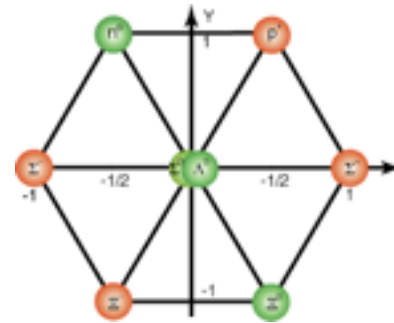
- Form Factor
- Deep Inelastic Scattering
  - Bjorken Scaling
  - Naive Parton Model
- QCD improved Parton Model
  - NLO Coefficient
  - DGLAP evolution
- NNLO and Beyond
- Higher twist, Heavy flavours
- Conclusions

# Structure of Matter

Atoms



Quark Model



Parton Model

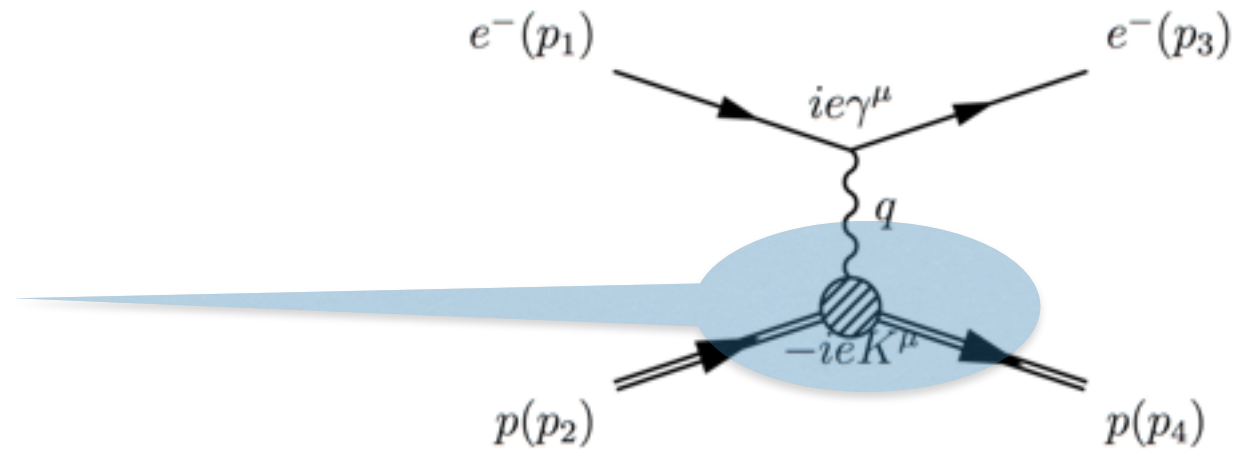


Journey Continues .....

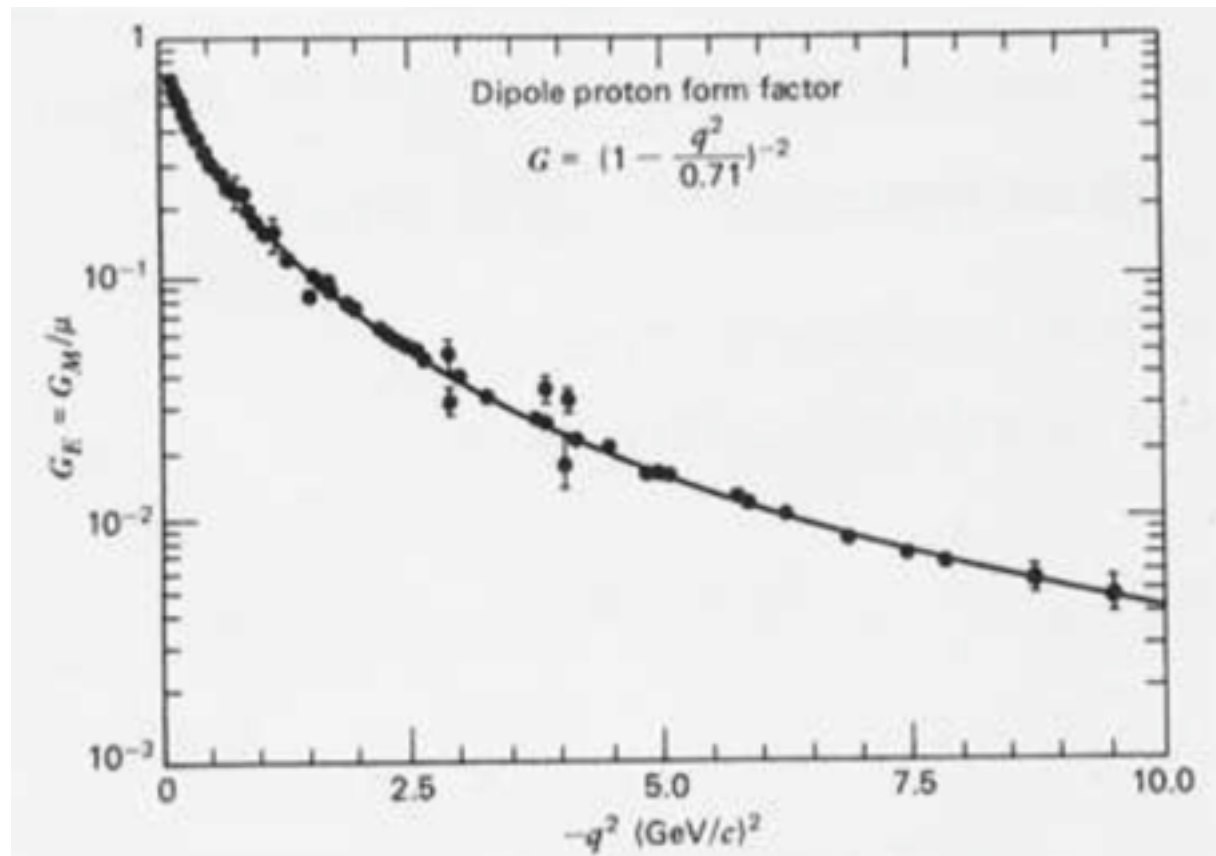
# Form Factors of hadrons

## Elastic Scattering

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \Big|_{\text{point}} |F(q^2)|^2$$



$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{\alpha^2}{4E_1^2 \sin^4 \frac{\theta}{2}} \frac{E_3}{E_1} \left\{ \left( F_1^2 - \frac{\kappa_p^2 q^2}{4m_p^2} F_2^2 \right) \cos^2 \frac{\theta}{2} - \frac{q^2}{2m_p^2} (F_1 + \kappa_p F_2)^2 \sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2} \right\}$$



## Normalisation

$$F_1^p(0) = 1, F_2^p(0) = 1$$

$$\mu_p = \frac{(1 + \kappa_p)e}{2m_p} \quad \kappa_p = 1.79$$

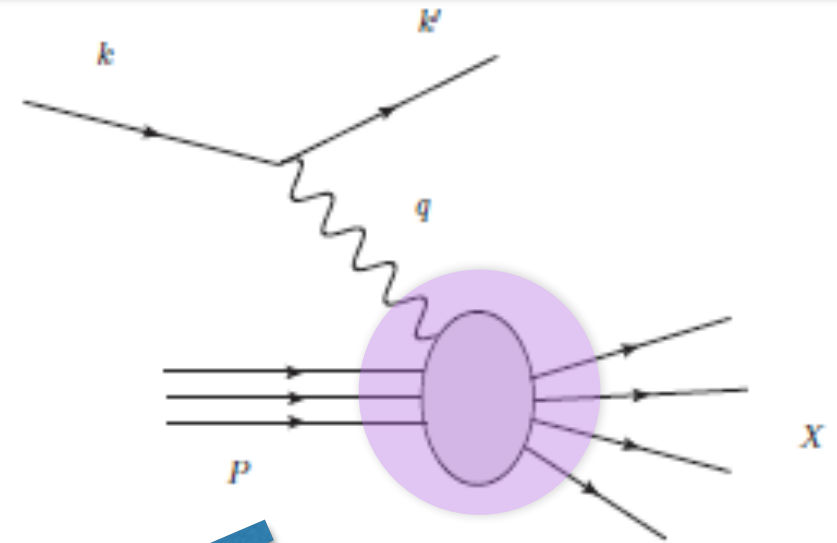
$\kappa_p$  is the anomalous magnetic moment

# Bjorken Scaling



## Deep Inelastic Scattering

### Hadronic Tensor



$$W^{\mu\nu}(P, q) = \int d^4\xi e^{iq\cdot\xi} \langle P | J^\mu(\xi) J^\nu(0) | P \rangle$$

$$= \left( -g^{\nu\mu} + \frac{q^\nu q^\mu}{q^2} \right) W_1 + \left( P^\nu - \frac{P\cdot q}{q^2} q^\nu \right) \left( P^\mu - \frac{P\cdot q}{q^2} q^\mu \right) W_2$$

Bjorken Limit:

$$-q^2 \rightarrow \infty, P \cdot q \rightarrow \infty$$

with

$$x = \frac{-q^2}{2P\cdot q} \text{ fixed}$$

$$W_1(P, q) = F_1(x),$$

$$P\cdot q W_2(P, q) = F_2(x)$$

### Bjorken Scaling

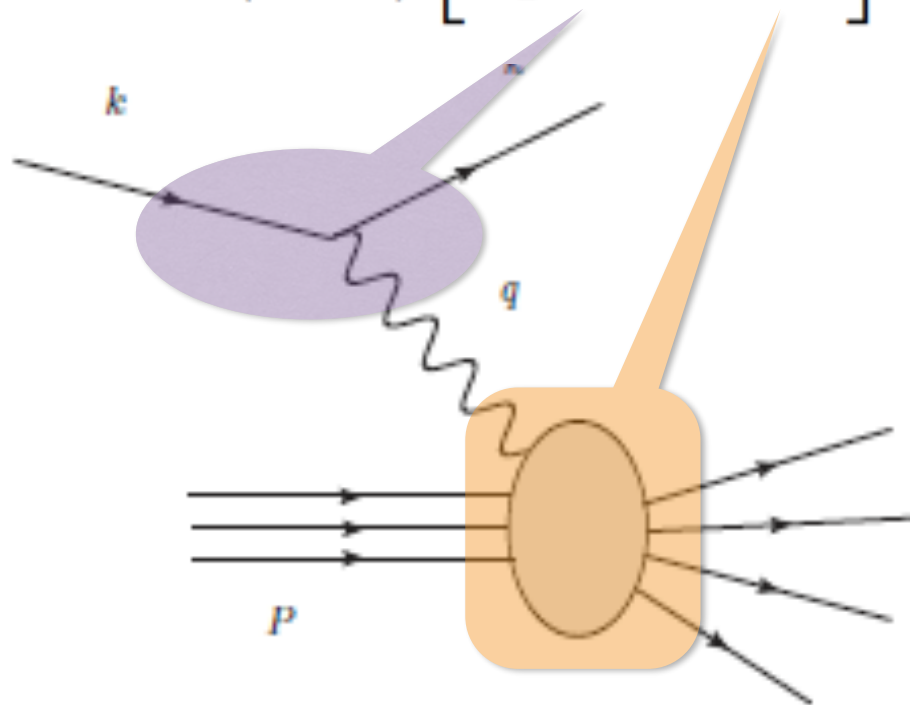
Birth of PARTON MODEL



# Structure Functions from DIS

## Inelastic Scattering Factorises

$$d\sigma = \frac{|1|}{4(k \cdot P)} \left[ \frac{4\pi e^4}{q^4} L_{\mu\nu} W^{\mu\nu} \right] \frac{d^3 k'}{2E'(2\pi)^3}$$



## Leptonic Tensor

$$L_{\mu\nu} = 2 \left[ k_\mu k'_\nu + k'_\mu k_\nu - \frac{Q^2}{2} g_{\mu\nu} \right]$$

## Hadronic Tensor

$$W^{\mu\nu} = \left( -g^{\nu\mu} + \frac{q^\nu q^\mu}{q^2} \right) W_1 + \left( P^\nu - \frac{P \cdot q}{q^2} q^\nu \right) \left( P^\mu - \frac{P \cdot q}{q^2} q^\mu \right) W_2$$

$$W_i(\nu, Q^2) \quad i = 1, 2 \quad \text{Structure Function}$$

$$x = \frac{Q^2}{2p \cdot q}; \quad y = \frac{p \cdot q}{p \cdot k}; \quad Q^2 = xys$$

**NOT CALCULABLE**

## Inclusive Cross section

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dE_3 d\Omega} = \frac{\alpha^2}{4E_1^2 \sin^4 \frac{\theta}{2}} \left( W_2(\nu, Q^2) \cos^2 \frac{\theta}{2} + 2W_1(\nu, Q^2) \sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2} \right)$$

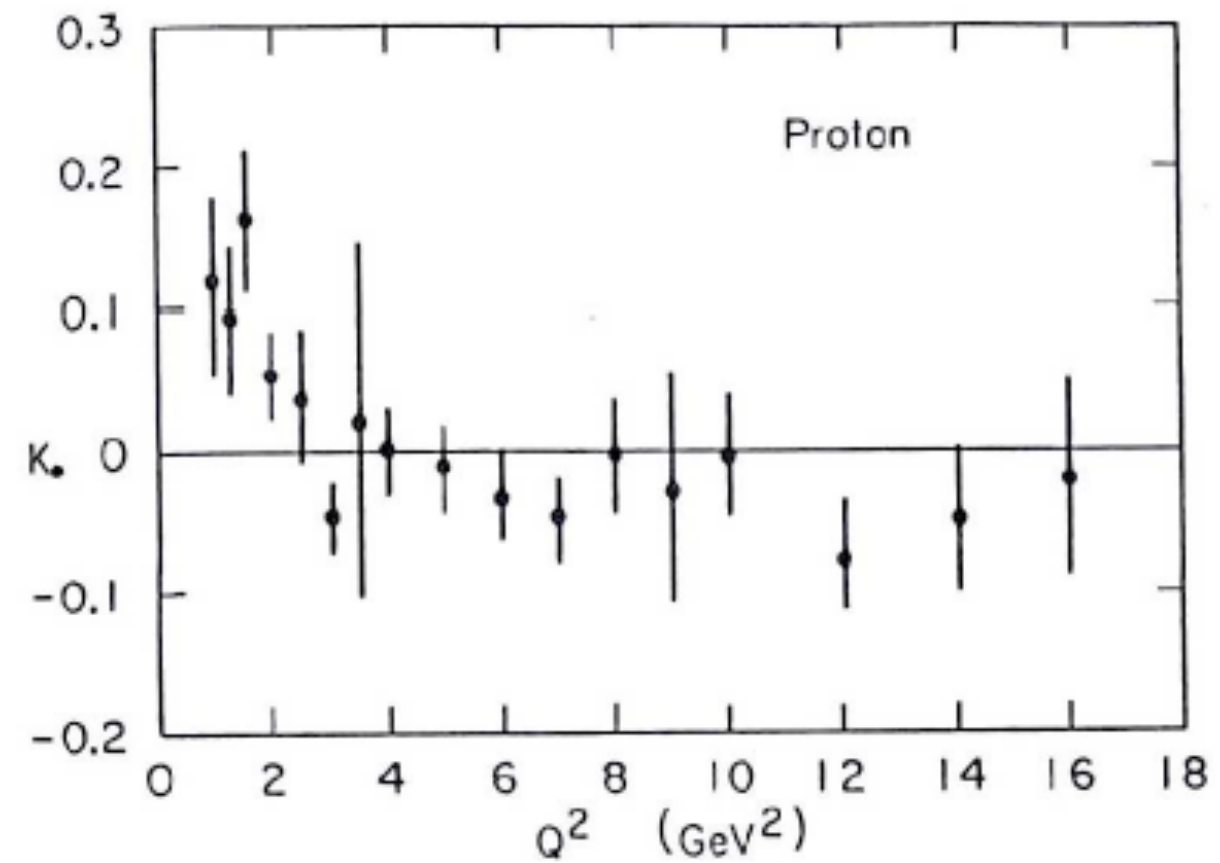
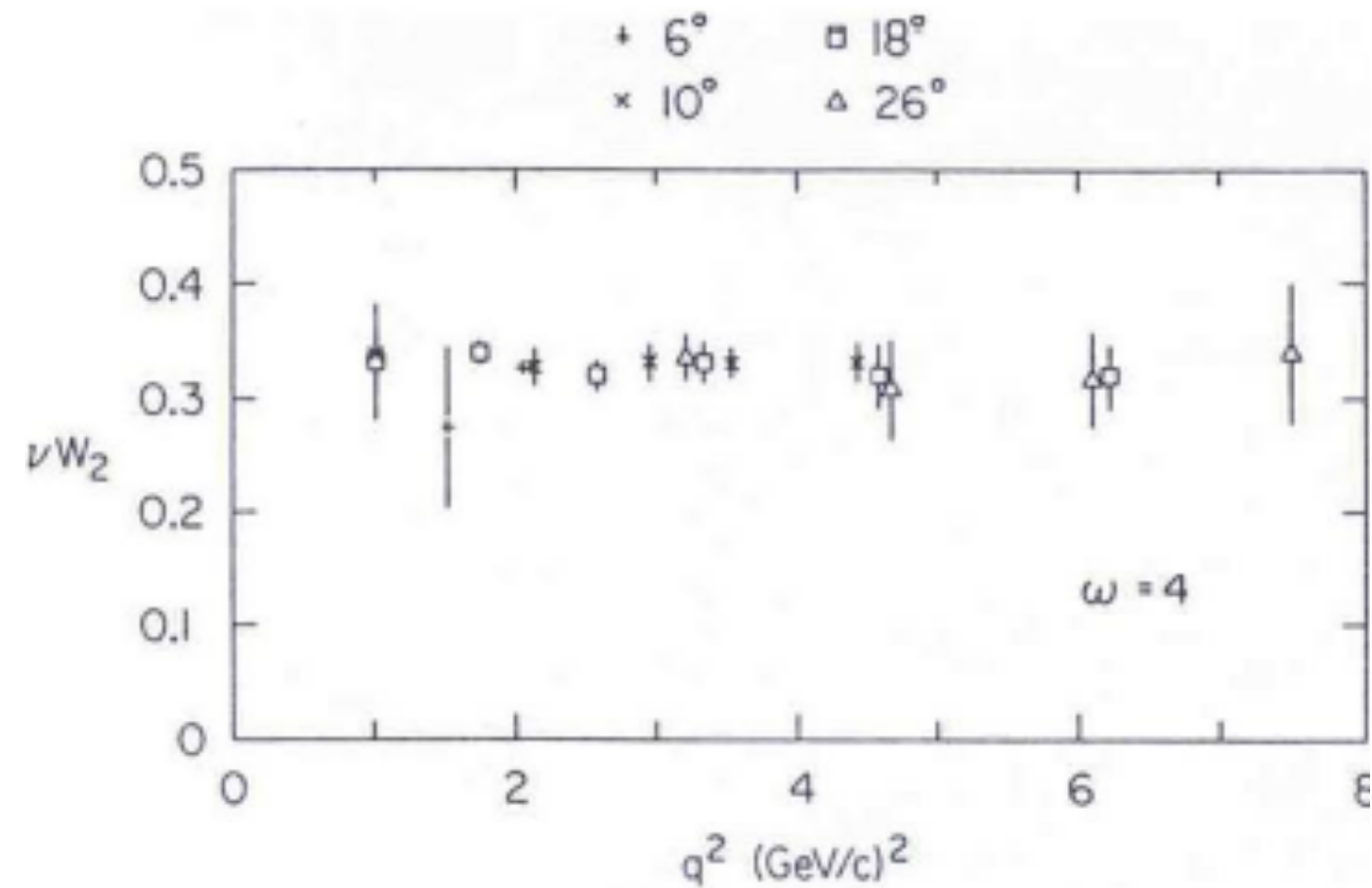
$$m_p W_1(\nu, Q^2) \rightarrow F_1(x) \quad \nu W_2(\nu, Q^2) \rightarrow F_2(x)$$

# Deep Inelastic Scattering



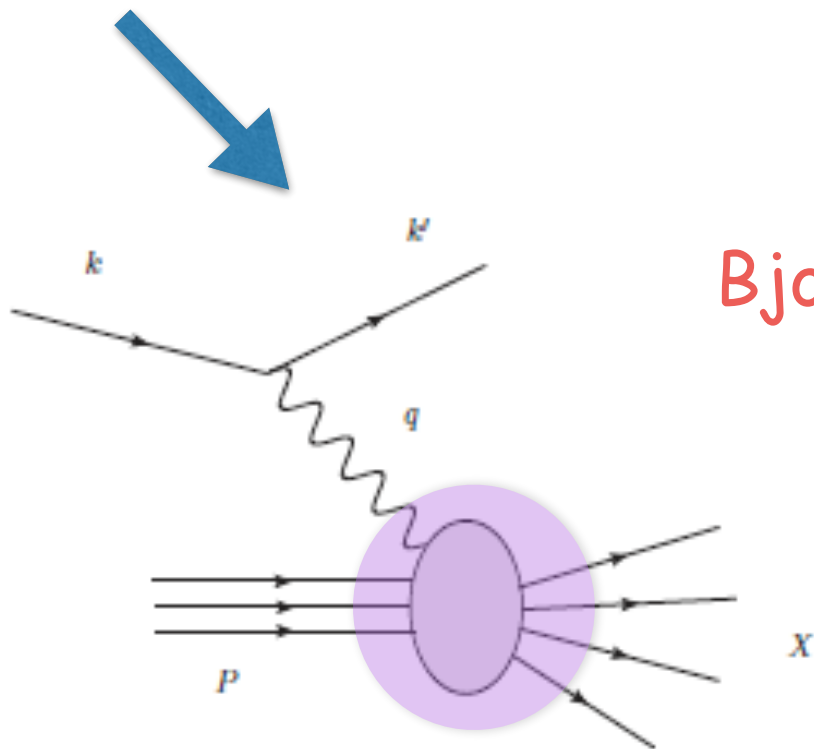
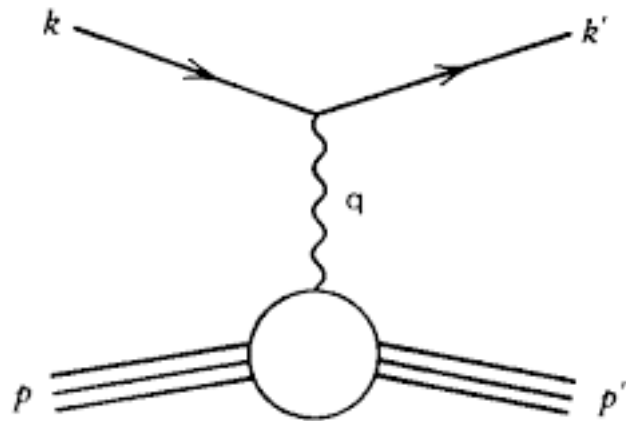
$Q^2 \approx 3M_N^2$  J. Friedman \*1930

H. Kendall (1926-1999) R. Taylor \*1929 (1968/69)

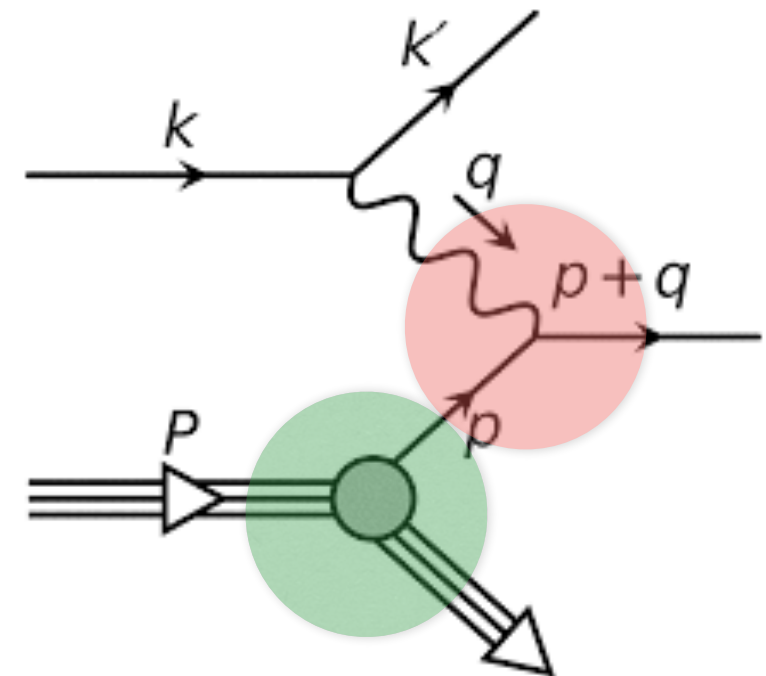


# Parton Model

## Elastic Scattering



Bjorken Scaling:

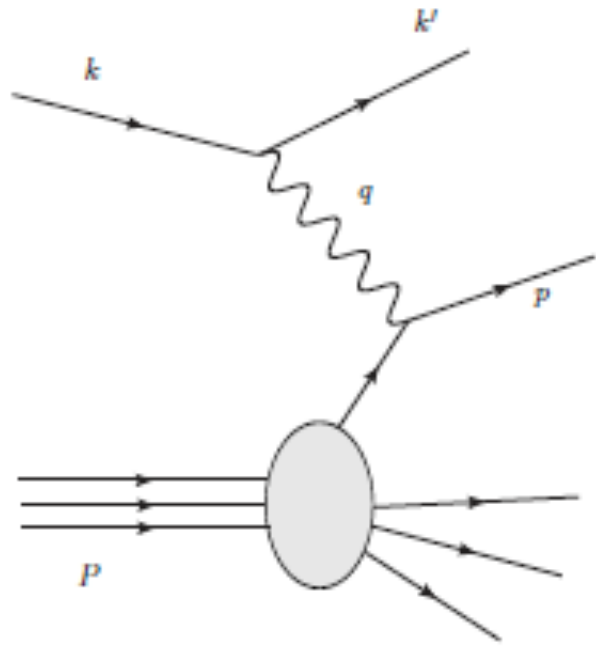


## Deep Inelastic Scattering

PARTON MODEL PICTURE



# Naive Parton Model



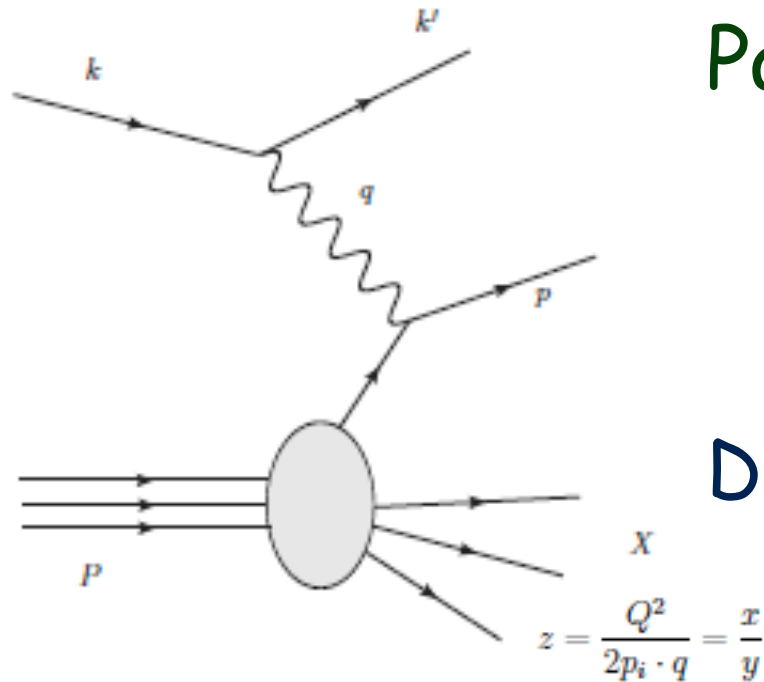
$$d\sigma^{DIS}(P, q) = \sum_i \int_x^1 dz f_i(z) d\hat{\sigma}_i(zP, q)$$

- Elastic scattering cross section with i-th parton
- Does not depend on the details of the target proton - Target Independent

$f_i(z)$  Parton Distribution Function (PDF)

- Probability of finding i-th parton with momentum fraction  $z$  of proton
- Does not depend on the future course of action of the i-th parton - Process Independent

# Parton Model



$$x = \frac{Q^2}{2p \cdot q}; \quad y = \frac{p \cdot q}{p \cdot k}; \quad Q^2 = xys$$

## Parton Model - Master Formula

$$W_{\mu\nu}(P, q) = \sum_i \int_0^1 \frac{dy}{y} f_i(y) \hat{W}_{\mu\nu}^{(i)}(yP, q),$$

## Dimension-less

$$m_P W_1(\nu, Q^2) = F_1(x, Q^2),$$

$$\nu W_2(\nu, Q^2) = F_2(x, Q^2)$$

$$F_2(x, Q^2) = \sum_i \int_x^1 \frac{dy}{y} f_i(y) \hat{F}_2(x/y, Q^2),$$

## Parton level Cross sections

$$\hat{F}_1(x) = \frac{1}{2} e_q^2 \delta(x - \xi),$$

$$\hat{F}_2(x) - 2x \hat{F}_1(x) = 0.$$

## Bjorken scaling

$$2xF_1(x) = F_2(x) = \sum_i e_i^2 x f_i(x)$$

# Quantum Chromodynamics



The Nobel Prize in Physics 2004

"for the discovery of asymptotic freedom in the theory of the strong interaction"



David J. Gross



H. David Politzer



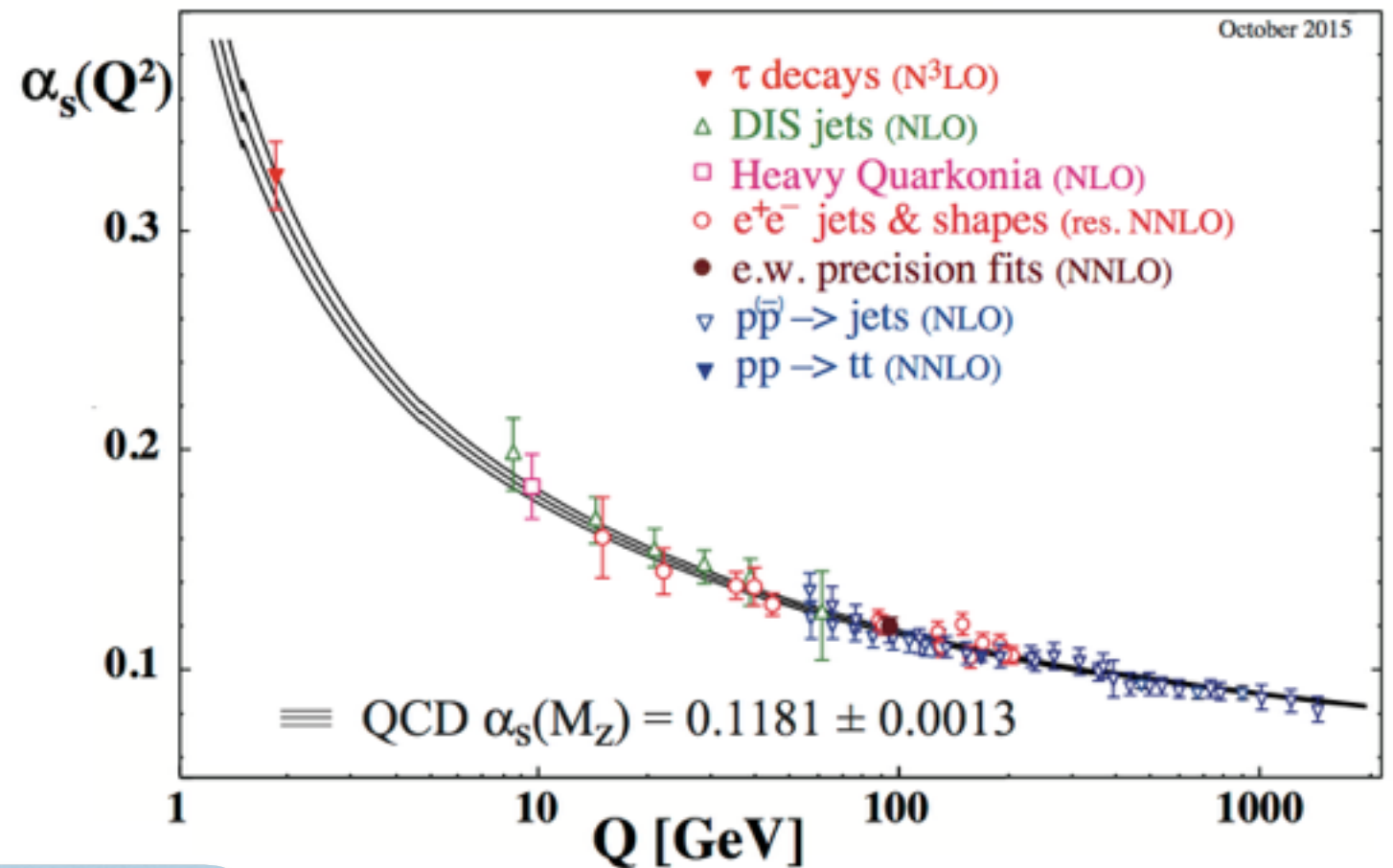
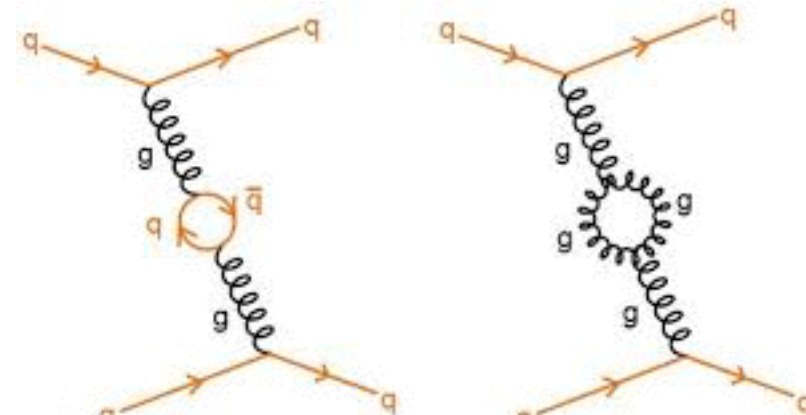
Frank Wilczek

Asymptotic Freedom

$$Q^2 \rightarrow \infty \quad \alpha_s(Q^2) \rightarrow 0$$

Accommodates Bjorken Scaling

Non-Abelian Gauge theory -  $SU(3)$



# Momentum sum rule

$$2xF_1(x) = F_2(x) = \sum_i Q_i^2 x f_i(x)$$

Measurements for proton and neutron

SU(2) symmetry

$$\int_0^1 F_2^p(x) dx = \frac{4}{9}f_u + \frac{1}{9}f_d = 0.18$$

$$\int_0^1 F_2^n(x) dx = \frac{4}{9}f_d + \frac{1}{9}f_u = 0.12$$

where

$$f_q = \int_0^1 dx x f_q(x)$$

Contribution to hadron momentum

$$f_u = 0.36$$

$$f_d = 0.18$$

Only about 50% from quarks!

**GLUONS ALSO CONTRIBUTE SIGNIFICANTLY TO MOMENTUM**



# Charged current DIS

Neutrino-Nucleon DIS can bring in parity violating SF

$$\frac{d\sigma^{CC}}{dx dy}(\nu N) = \frac{G_F^2 s}{2\pi} \left[ (1-y)F_2^\nu(x) + y^2 x F_1^\nu(x) \pm y \left(1 - \frac{y}{2}\right) x F_3^\nu \right]$$

Parton Model gives

$$F_2^{\nu p}(x) = 2x [d(x) + \bar{u}(x)]$$

$$F_2^{\nu n}(x) = 2x [u(x) + \bar{d}(x)]$$

Number of Valence quarks inside the Nucleon

$$\int_0^1 F_3^{\nu N}(x) dx = \int_0^1 [u(x) - \bar{u}(x) + d(x) - \bar{d}(x)] dx = 3$$

# Parton Model in QCD

Hadronic Cross section:

$$\sigma^A(\tau, m_A^2) = \sigma^{A,(0)}(\mu_R^2) \sum_{a,b=q,\bar{q},g} \int_{\tau}^1 dy \Phi_{ab}(y, \mu_F^2) \Delta_{ab}^A\left(\frac{\tau}{y}, m_A^2, \mu_R^2, \mu_F^2\right)$$

Partonic Flux:

$$\Phi_{ab}(y, \mu_F^2) = \int_y^1 \frac{dx}{x} f_a(x, \mu_F^2) f_b\left(\frac{y}{x}, \mu_F^2\right),$$

Partonic cross section:

Precision Measurements

Precise Results

PDFs

# Parametrisation of PDFs

## Standard form

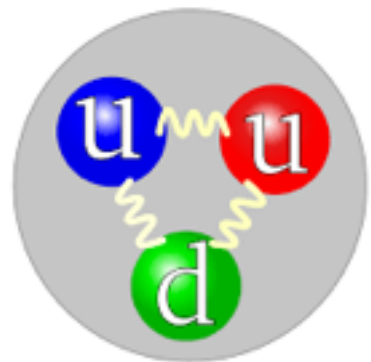
at initial scale  $\mu_0$

$$f(x, \mu_0^2) = \alpha_0 x^{\alpha_1} (1-x)^{\alpha_2} P(x)$$

where  $P(x) = (1 + \alpha_3 x + \alpha_4 x^2 + \dots) e^{\beta_1 x} (1 + e^{\beta_4 x})^{\beta_5}$

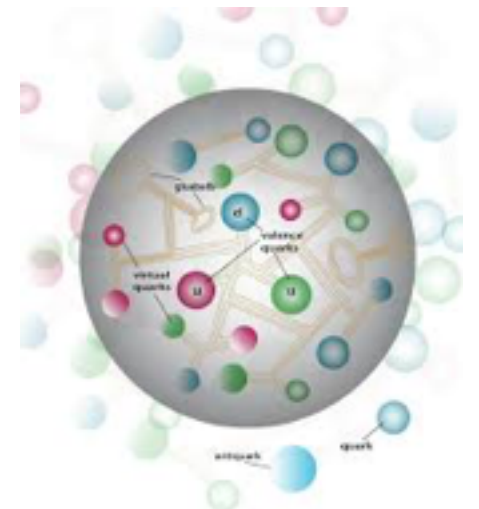
## Simple Constraints

$$\int_0^1 dx (f_{u/P}(x, \mu^2) - f_{\bar{u}/P}(x, \mu^2)) = 2 \quad \int_0^1 dx (f_{d/P}(x, \mu^2) - f_{\bar{d}/P}(x, \mu^2)) = 1$$
$$\int_0^1 dx (f_{s/P}(x, \mu^2) - f_{\bar{s}/P}(x, \mu^2)) = 0$$



## Momentum sum rule

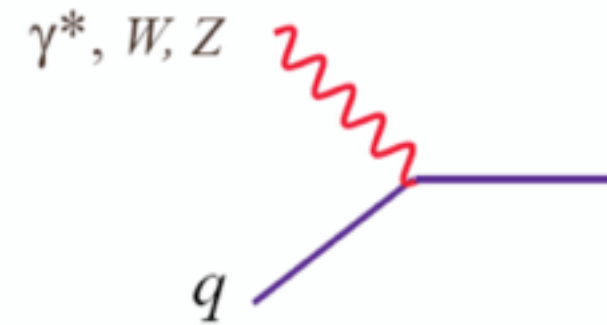
$$\int_0^1 dx x \left( \sum_i (f_{q_i/P}(x, \mu^2) - f_{\bar{q}_i/P}(x, \mu^2)) + f_{g/P}(x, \mu^2) \right) = 1$$



# Observables for PDF extraction

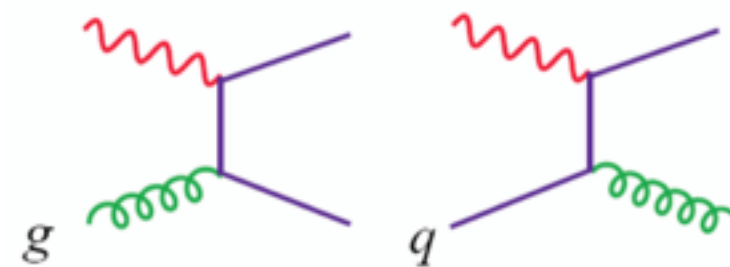
$DIS - eN, \mu N$

(CDHS, CHARM, CCFR, CHORUS, NuTeV)



$DIS - \nu N, \bar{\nu} N$

(SLAC, BCDMS, NMC, E665, H1, ZEUS)

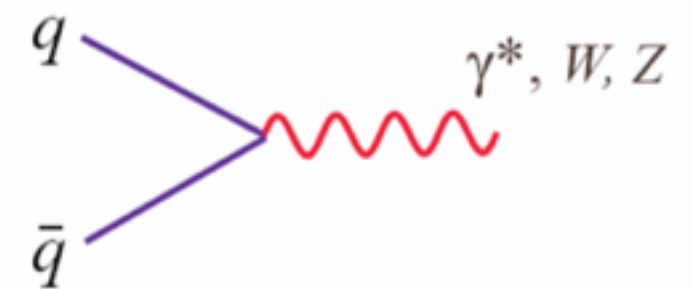


$p\bar{p} \rightarrow jets$

(CDF, D0)

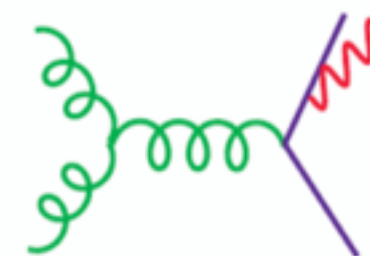
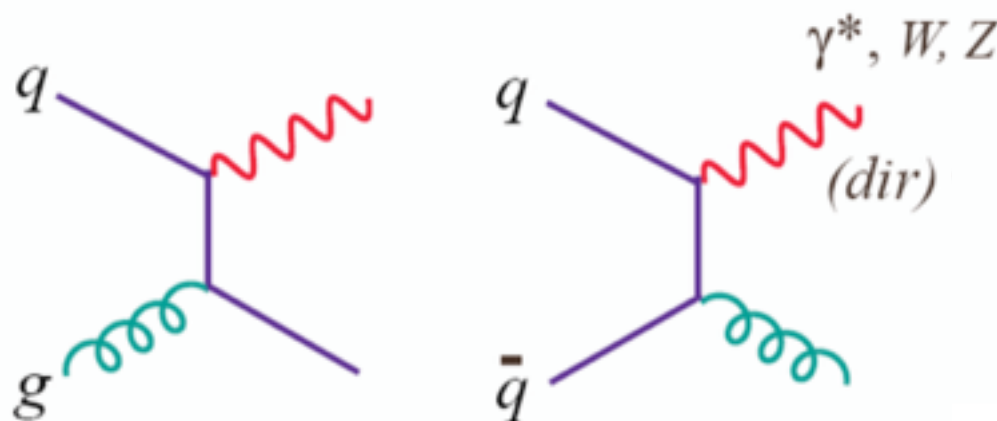


Drell-Yan



Prompt photon

(WA70, UA6, E706)





# PDF extraction

GRV, GJR ...

MRST, MSTW ...

CTEQ, CT# ...

NNPDF

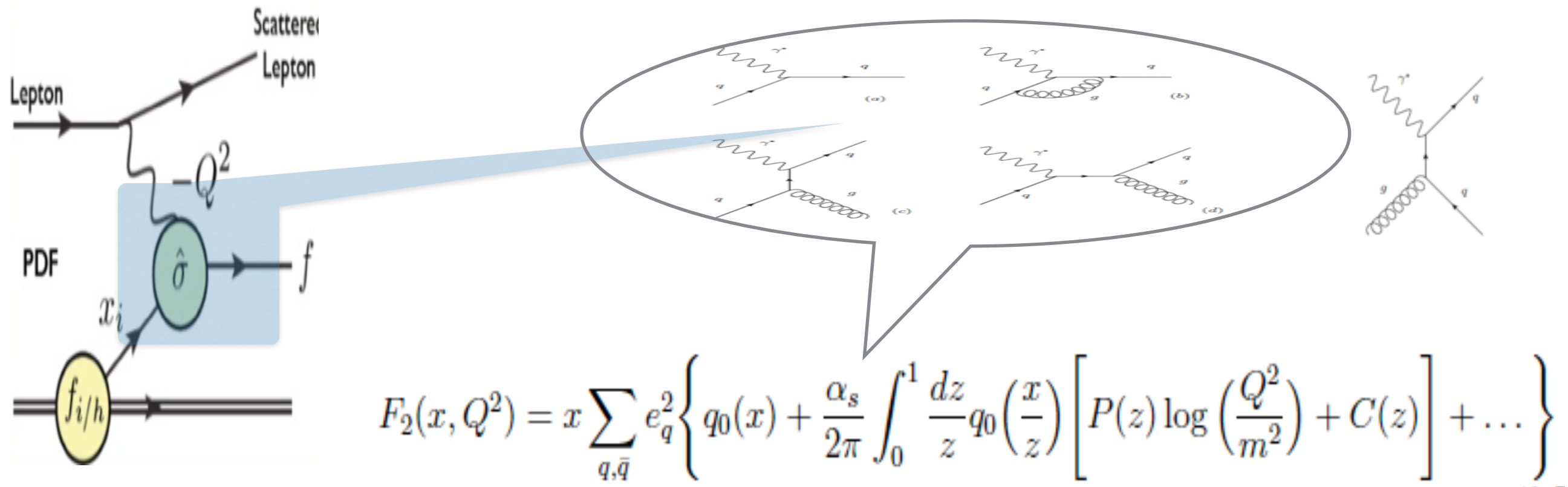
ABM, ABKM

## Index of /archive/lhapdf/pdfsets/6.1

Name	Last modified	Size	Description		
<a href="#">Parent Directory</a>	-	-	-		
<a href="#">ATLAS-epWZ12-EIG.tar.gz</a>	23-Apr-2014 21:38	39M	<a href="#">nCTEQ15npFullNuc_208_82.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.0M
<a href="#">ATLAS-epWZ12-VAR.tar.gz</a>	23-Apr-2014 21:38	15M	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_1_1.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 16:37	96K
<a href="#">CJ12max.tar.gz</a>	09-Mar-2016 12:00	3.4M	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_3_2.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.0M
<a href="#">CJ12mid.tar.gz</a>	09-Mar-2016 12:00	3.4M	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_4_2.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.0M
<a href="#">CJ12min.tar.gz</a>	09-Mar-2016 12:00	3.4M	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_6_3.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.0M
<a href="#">CJ15lo.tar.gz</a>	21-Jun-2016 11:34	4.3M	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_7_3.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.0M
<a href="#">CJ15nlo.tar.gz</a>	08-Jun-2016 13:36	4.4M	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_9_4.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.0M
<a href="#">CT09MC1.tar.gz</a>	13-Apr-2014 08:12	206K	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_12_6.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.0M
<a href="#">CT09MC2.tar.gz</a>	13-Apr-2014 08:12	227K	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_14_7.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.0M
<a href="#">CT09MCS.tar.gz</a>	13-Apr-2014 08:12	223K	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_20_10.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.0M
<a href="#">CT10.tar.gz</a>	13-Apr-2014 08:12	9.8M	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_27_13.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.0M
<a href="#">CT10as.tar.gz</a>	29-Oct-2014 12:14	2.0M	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_40_18.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.0M
<a href="#">CT10f3.tar.gz</a>	13-Apr-2014 08:12	133K	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_40_20.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.0M
<a href="#">CT10f4.tar.gz</a>	13-Apr-2014 08:12	160K	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_56_26.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.0M
<a href="#">CT10nlo.tar.gz</a>	13-Apr-2014 08:12	10M	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_64_32.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.0M
<a href="#">CT10nlo_as_0112.tar.gz</a>	13-Apr-2014 08:12	190K	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_84_42.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.0M
<a href="#">CT10nlo_as_0113.tar.gz</a>	13-Apr-2014 08:12	190K	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_108_54.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.1M
<a href="#">CT10nlo_as_0114.tar.gz</a>	13-Apr-2014 08:12	190K	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_119_59.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.1M
<a href="#">CT10nlo_as_0115.tar.gz</a>	13-Apr-2014 08:12	190K	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_131_54.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.1M
<a href="#">CT10nlo_as_0116.tar.gz</a>	13-Apr-2014 08:12	190K	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_184_74.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.1M
<a href="#">CT10nlo_as_0117.tar.gz</a>	13-Apr-2014 08:12	189K	<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_197_79.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.1M
			<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_197_98.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.1M
			<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_207_103.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.1M
			<a href="#">nCTEQ15np_208_82.tar.gz</a>	04-Mar-2016 15:37	3.1M
			<a href="#">pdfsets.index</a>	11-Aug-2016 16:08	19K
			<a href="#">unvalidated/</a>	07-Jan-2015 09:52	-

Long List of 19 pages

# QCD improved Parton Model



## Collinear Renormalisation

## Factorisation Scale

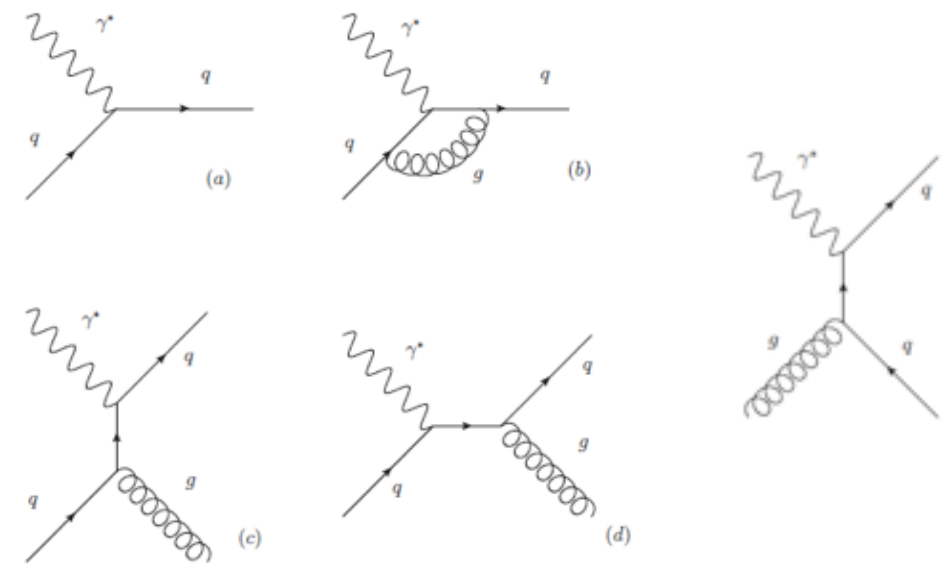
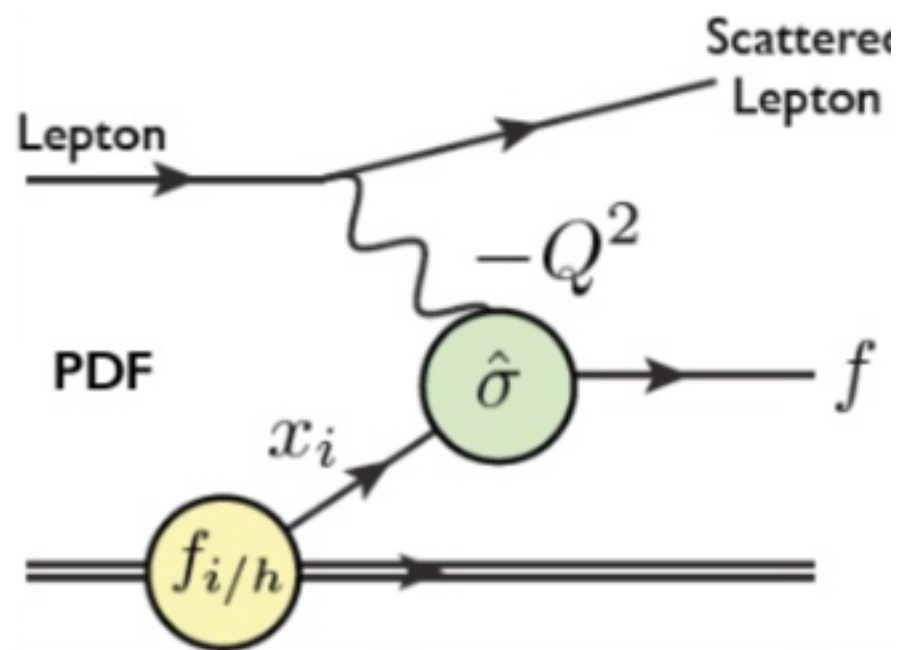
$$q(x, \mu) = q_0(x) + \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z} q_0\left(\frac{x}{z}\right) \left[ P(z) \log\left(\frac{\mu^2}{m^2}\right) + C(z) \right] + \dots$$

$$\log \frac{Q^2}{m^2} = \log \frac{Q^2}{\mu^2} + \log \frac{\mu^2}{m^2}.$$

$$F_2(x, Q^2) = x \sum_{q\bar{q}} e_q^2 \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z} q\left(\frac{x}{z}, Q^2\right) \left[ \delta(1-z) + \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} C_q^{\overline{MS}}(z) + \dots \right] \\ + x \sum_{q\bar{q}} e_q^2 \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z} g\left(\frac{x}{z}, Q^2\right) \left[ \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} C_g^{\overline{MS}}(z) + \dots \right]$$

# Factorisation Theorem

$$F_2(x, Q^2) = x \sum_{q\bar{q}} e_q^2 \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z} q\left(\frac{x}{z}, Q^2\right) \left[ \delta(1-z) + \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} C_q^{MS}(z) + \dots \right] \\ + x \sum_{q\bar{q}} e_q^2 \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z} g\left(\frac{x}{z}, Q^2\right) \left[ \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} C_g^{MS}(z) + \dots \right]$$



$\mu_F$  - Factorisation Scale

$\mu_R$  - Renormalisation Scale

$$\sigma^P(x, Q^2) = \sum_{i=q,\bar{q},g} \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z} C_i(z, Q^2, \mu_R^2, \mu_F^2) f_{i/P}\left(\frac{x}{z}, \mu_F^2\right)$$

Process Dependent Coefficient function  
Perturbatively Calculable to all orders

Only Parton and Target dependent  
Non-Perturbative

# DGLAP Evolution

## Collinear Renormalisation

$$q(x, \mu) = q_0(x) + \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z} q_0\left(\frac{x}{z}\right) \left[ P(z) \log\left(\frac{\mu^2}{m^2}\right) + C(z) \right] + \dots$$

Arbitrariness in the choice of  $\mu = \mu_F$

$$\mu^2 \frac{d}{d\mu^2} q_0(z) = 0$$

Collinear  
Renormalisation Group Equation

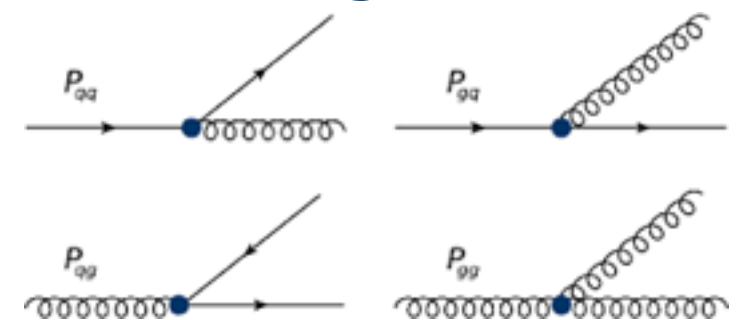
## DGLAP Evolution Equation

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \log \mu^2} \begin{pmatrix} q_i \\ g \end{pmatrix} (x, \mu^2) = \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \int_x^1 \sum_{j=q, \bar{q}} \frac{d\xi}{\xi} \begin{pmatrix} P_{ij}\left(\frac{x}{\xi}, \alpha_s\right) & P_{ig}\left(\frac{x}{\xi}, \alpha_s\right) \\ P_{gj}\left(\frac{x}{\xi}, \alpha_s\right) & P_{gg}\left(\frac{x}{\xi}, \alpha_s\right) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} q_j \\ g \end{pmatrix} (\xi, \mu^2),$$

In QCD perturbation

$$P_{ij}^{N^m LO}(x, \mu^2) = \sum_{k=0}^m a_s^{k+1}(\mu^2) P_{ij}^{(k)}(x).$$

Leading Order



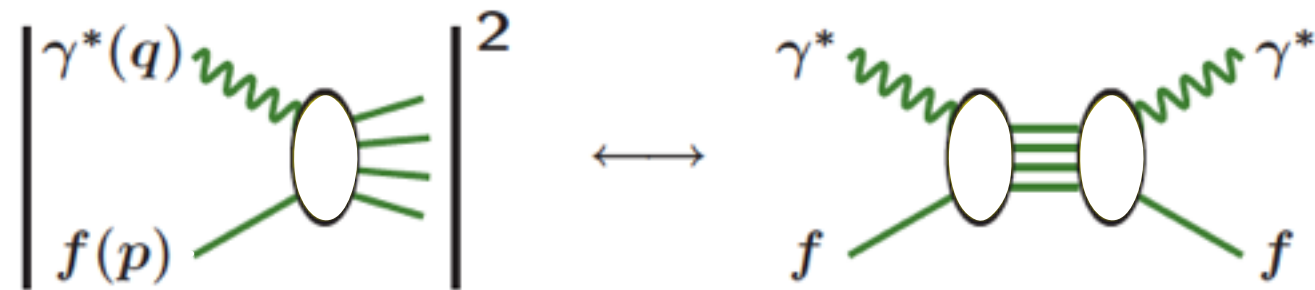


# NNLO Results

[ Moch, Vogt, Vermaseren ]

## Optical Theorem

## UV + IR Poles in Dim. Regularisation

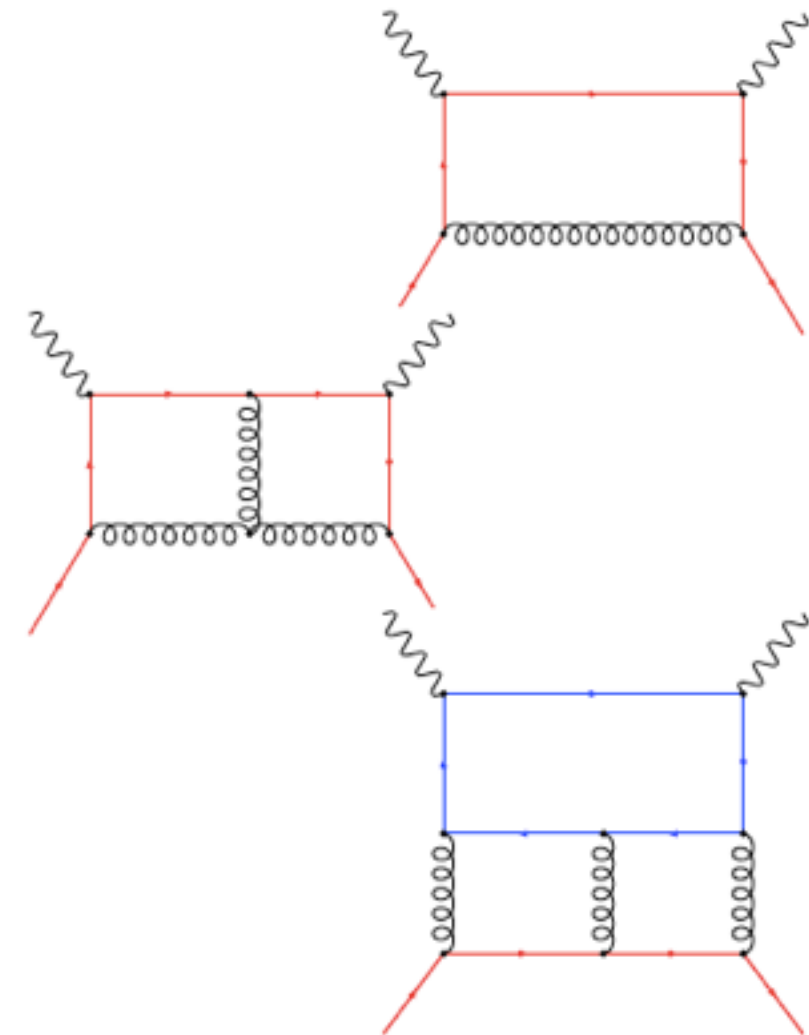


## Poles in Dim. Regularisation

$$\begin{aligned} P_{ij}(x, \mu^2) &= a_s(\mu^2) P_{ij}^{(0)}(x) \\ &+ a_s^2(\mu^2) P_{ij}^{(1)}(x) \\ &+ a_s^3(\mu^2) P_{ij}^{(2)}(x) \end{aligned}$$

## Finite part

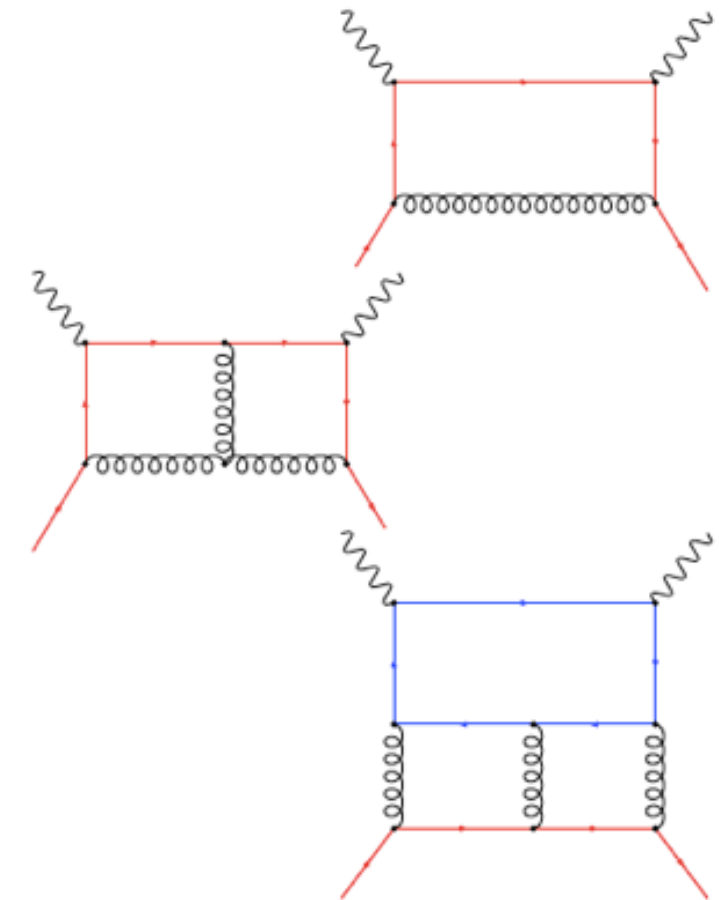
$$C_j(x, \mu^2) = C_j^{(0)}(x, \mu^2) + a_s(\mu^2) C_j^{(1)}(x, \mu^2) + a_s^2(\mu^2) C_j^{(2)}(x, \mu^2)$$



# NNLO splitting functions

[ Moch, Vogt, Vermaseren ]

	tree	1-loop	2-loop	3-loop
$q\gamma$	1	3	25	359
$g\gamma$		2	17	345
$h\gamma$			2	56
$qW$	1	3	32	589
$q\phi$		1	23	696
$g\phi$	1	8	218	6378
$h\phi$		1	33	1184
<b>sum</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>9607</b>



# NNLO splitting functions

[ Moch, Vogt, Vermaseren ]

$$P_{gg}^{(2)}(x) =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 16C_A C_F n_f \left( x^2 \left[ \frac{4}{9} H_2 + 3H_{1,0} - \frac{97}{12} H_1 + \frac{8}{3} H_{-2,0} - \frac{2}{3} H_0 \zeta_2 + \frac{103}{27} H_0 - \frac{16}{3} \zeta_2 + 2H_3 \right. \right. \\
 & - 6H_{-1,0} + 2H_{2,0} + \frac{127}{18} H_{0,0} - \frac{511}{12} \left. \right] + p_{\text{zz}}(x) \left[ 2\zeta_3 - \frac{55}{24} \right] + \frac{4}{3} \left( \frac{1}{x} - x^2 \right) \left[ \frac{17}{24} H_{1,0} - \frac{43}{18} H_0 \right. \\
 & - \frac{521}{144} H_1 - \frac{6923}{432} - \frac{1}{2} H_{2,1} + 2H_1 \zeta_2 + H_0 \zeta_2 - 2H_{1,0,0} + \frac{1}{12} H_{1,1} - H_{1,1,0} - H_{1,1,1} \left. \right] - \frac{175}{12} H_2 \\
 & + 6H_{-1,0} + 8H_0 \zeta_3 - 6H_{-2,0} - \frac{53}{6} H_0 \zeta_2 - \frac{49}{2} H_0 + \frac{185}{4} \zeta_2 + \frac{511}{12} - \frac{1}{2} H_{2,0} - 3H_{1,0} - 4H_{0,0,0,0} \\
 & - \frac{67}{12} H_{0,0} + \frac{43}{2} \zeta_3 - H_{2,1} + \frac{97}{12} H_1 - 4\zeta_2^2 - \frac{9}{2} H_3 - 8H_{-3,0} + \frac{33}{2} H_{0,0,0} + \frac{4}{3} \left( \frac{1}{x} + x^2 \right) \left[ \frac{1}{2} H_2 - H_{2,0} \right. \\
 & + \frac{11}{3} H_{-1,0} + H_{-2,0} + \frac{19}{6} \zeta_2 + 2\zeta_3 - H_{-1} \zeta_2 - 4H_{-1,-1,0} - \frac{1}{2} H_{-1,0,0} - H_{-1,2} \left. \right] + (1-x) \left[ 9H_1 \zeta_2 \right. \\
 & + 12H_{0,0,0,0} - \frac{293}{108} + \frac{61}{6} H_0 \zeta_2 - \frac{7}{3} H_{1,0} - \frac{857}{36} H_1 - 9H_0 \zeta_3 + 16H_{-2,-1,0} - 4H_{-2,0,0} + 8H_{-2} \zeta_2 \\
 & - \frac{13}{2} H_{1,0,0} + \frac{3}{4} H_{1,1} - H_{1,1,0} - H_{1,1,1} \left. \right] + (1+x) \left[ \frac{1}{6} H_{2,0} - \frac{95}{3} H_{-1,0} - \frac{149}{36} H_2 + \frac{3451}{108} H_0 \right. \\
 & - 7H_{-2,0} + \frac{302}{9} H_{0,0} + \frac{19}{6} H_3 - \frac{991}{36} \zeta_2 - \frac{163}{6} \zeta_3 - \frac{35}{3} H_{0,0,0} + \frac{17}{6} H_{2,1} - \frac{43}{10} \zeta_2^2 + 13H_{-1} \zeta_2 \\
 & + 18H_{-1,-1,0} - H_{3,1} - 6H_4 - 4H_{-1,2} + 6H_{0,0} \zeta_2 + 8H_2 \zeta_2 - 7H_{2,0,0} - 2H_{2,1,0} - 2H_{2,1,1} - 4H_{3,0} \\
 & - 9H_{-1,0,0} \left. \right] - \frac{241}{288} \delta(1-x) + 16C_A n_f^2 \left( \frac{19}{54} H_0 - \frac{1}{24} x H_0 - \frac{1}{27} p_{\text{zz}}(x) + \frac{13}{54} \left( \frac{1}{x} - x^2 \right) \left[ \frac{5}{3} - H_1 \right] \right. \\
 & + (1-x) \left[ \frac{11}{72} H_1 - \frac{71}{216} \right] + \frac{2}{9} (1+x) \left[ \zeta_2 + \frac{13}{12} x H_0 - \frac{1}{2} H_{0,0} - H_2 \right] + \frac{29}{288} \delta(1-x) \left. \right) \\
 & + 16C_A^2 n_f \left( x^2 \left[ \zeta_3 + \frac{11}{9} \zeta_2 + \frac{11}{9} H_{0,0} - \frac{2}{3} H_3 + \frac{2}{3} H_0 \zeta_2 + \frac{1639}{108} H_0 - 2H_{-2,0} \right] + \frac{1}{3} p_{\text{zz}}(x) \left[ \frac{10}{3} \zeta_2 \right. \right. \\
 & - \frac{209}{36} - 8\zeta_3 - 2H_{-2,0} - \frac{1}{2} H_0 - \frac{10}{3} H_{0,0} - \frac{20}{3} H_{1,0} - H_{1,0,0} - \frac{20}{3} H_2 - H_3 \left. \right] + \frac{10}{9} p_{\text{zz}}(-x) \left[ \zeta_2 \right. \\
 & + 2H_{-1,0} + \frac{3}{10} H_0 \zeta_2 - H_{0,0} \left. \right] + \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{x} - x^2 \right) \left[ H_3 - H_0 \zeta_2 - \frac{13}{3} H_2 + \frac{5443}{108} - 3H_1 \zeta_2 + \frac{205}{36} H_1 \right. \\
 & - \frac{13}{3} H_{1,0} + H_{1,0,0} \left. \right] + \left( \frac{1}{x} + x^2 \right) \left[ \frac{151}{54} H_0 - \frac{8}{3} \zeta_2 + \frac{1}{3} H_{-1} \zeta_2 - \zeta_3 + 2H_{-1,-1,0} - \frac{2}{3} H_{-1,0,0} \right. \\
 & - \frac{37}{9} H_{-1,0} + \frac{2}{3} H_{-1,2} \left. \right] + (1-x) \left[ \frac{5}{6} H_{-2,0} + H_{-3,0} + 2H_{0,0,0} - \frac{269}{36} \zeta_2 - \frac{4097}{216} - 3H_{-2} \zeta_2 \right. \\
 & - 6H_{-2,-1,0} + 3H_{-2,0,0} - \frac{7}{2} H_1 \zeta_2 + \frac{677}{72} H_1 + H_{1,0} + \frac{7}{4} H_{1,0,0} \left. \right] + (1+x) \left[ \frac{193}{36} H_2 - \frac{11}{2} H_{-1} \zeta_2 \right. \\
 & + \frac{39}{20} \zeta_2^2 - \frac{7}{12} H_3 - \frac{53}{9} H_{0,0} + \frac{7}{12} H_0 \zeta_2 - \frac{5}{2} H_{0,0} \zeta_2 + 5\zeta_3 - 7H_{-1,-1,0} + \frac{77}{6} H_{-1,0} + \frac{9}{2} H_{-1,0,0} \\
 & + 2H_{-1,2} - 3H_2 \zeta_2 - \frac{2}{3} H_{2,0} + \frac{3}{2} H_{2,0,0} + \frac{3}{2} H_4 \left. \right] + \frac{1}{9} \zeta_2 + 7H_{-2,0} + 2H_2 + \frac{458}{27} H_0 + H_{0,0} \zeta_2 \\
 & + \frac{3}{2} \zeta_2^2 + 4H_{-3,0} - x \left[ \frac{131}{12} H_{0,0} - \frac{8}{3} H_0 \zeta_2 + \frac{7}{2} H_3 - H_{0,0,0,0} + \frac{7}{6} H_{0,0,0} + \frac{1943}{216} H_0 + 6H_0 \zeta_3 \right] \\
 & - \delta(1-x) \left[ \frac{233}{288} + \frac{1}{6} \zeta_2 + \frac{1}{12} \zeta_2^2 + \frac{5}{3} \zeta_3 \right] + 16C_A^3 \left( x^2 \left[ 33H_{-2,0} + 33H_0 \zeta_2 - \frac{1249}{18} H_{0,0} \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. - 44H_{0,0,0} - \frac{110}{3} H_3 - \frac{44}{3} H_{2,0} + \frac{85}{6} \zeta_2 + \frac{6409}{108} H_0 \right] + p_{\text{zz}}(x) \left[ \frac{245}{24} - \frac{67}{9} \zeta_2 - \frac{3}{10} \zeta_2^2 + \frac{11}{3} \zeta_3 \right. \right.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - 4H_{-3,0} + 6H_{-2} \zeta_2 + 4H_{-2,-1,0} + \frac{11}{3} H_{-2,0} - 4H_{-2,0,0} - 4H_{-2,2} + \frac{1}{6} H_0 - 7H_0 \zeta_3 + \frac{67}{9} H_{0,0} \\
 & - 8H_{0,0} \zeta_2 + 4H_{0,0,0,0} - 6H_1 \zeta_3 - 4H_{1,-2,0} + 10H_{2,0,0} - 6H_{1,0} \zeta_2 + 8H_{1,0,0,0} + 8H_{1,1,0,0} + 8H_4 \\
 & + \frac{134}{9} H_{1,0} + \frac{11}{6} H_{1,0,0} + 8H_{1,2,0} + 8H_{1,3} + \frac{134}{9} H_2 - 4H_2 \zeta_2 + 8H_{3,1} + 8H_{2,2} + \frac{11}{6} H_3 + 10H_{3,0} \\
 & + 8H_{2,1,0} \left. \right] + p_{\text{zz}}(-x) \left[ \frac{11}{2} \zeta_2^2 - \frac{11}{6} H_0 \zeta_2 - 4H_{-3,0} + 16H_{-2} \zeta_2 - 12H_{-2,2} - \frac{134}{9} H_{-1,0} + 2H_2 \zeta_2 \right. \\
 & + 8H_{-2,-1,0} + 12H_{-1} \zeta_3 - 18H_{-2,0,0} + 8H_{-1,-2,0} - 16H_{-1,-1} \zeta_2 + 24H_{-1,-1,0,0} + 16H_{-1,-1,2} \\
 & + 18H_{-1,0} \zeta_2 - 16H_{-1,0,0,0} - 4H_{-1,2,0} - 16H_{-1,3} - 5H_0 \zeta_3 - 8H_{0,0} \zeta_2 + 4H_{0,0,0,0} + 2H_{3,0} \\
 & - \frac{67}{9} \zeta_2 + \frac{67}{9} H_{0,0} + 8H_4 \left. \right] + \left( \frac{1}{x} - x^2 \right) \left[ \frac{16619}{162} + \frac{22}{3} H_{2,0} - \frac{55}{2} \zeta_3 - \frac{11}{2} H_0 \zeta_2 - \frac{67}{9} H_2 - \frac{67}{9} H_{1,0} \right. \\
 & - \frac{413}{108} H_1 - \frac{11}{2} H_1 \zeta_2 + \frac{33}{2} H_{1,0,0} \left. \right] + 11 \left( \frac{1}{x} + x^2 \right) \left[ \frac{71}{54} H_0 - \frac{1}{6} H_3 - \frac{389}{198} \zeta_2 - \frac{2}{3} H_{-2,0} - \frac{1}{2} H_{-1} \zeta_2 \right. \\
 & + H_{-1,-1,0} - \frac{523}{198} H_{-1,0} + \frac{8}{3} H_{-1,0,0} + H_{-1,2} \left. \right] + (1-x) \left[ \frac{31}{36} H_1 + \frac{27}{2} H_{1,0} - \frac{25}{2} H_{1,0,0} - 4H_{-3,0} \right. \\
 & - \frac{263}{12} H_{0,0} - \frac{29}{3} H_{0,0,0} - \frac{19}{3} H_{-2,0} - \frac{11317}{108} - 4H_{-2} \zeta_2 - 8H_{-2,-1,0} - 12H_{-2,0,0} - \frac{3}{2} H_1 \zeta_2 \left. \right] \\
 & + (1+x) \left[ \frac{27}{2} H_0 \zeta_2 - \frac{43}{6} H_3 + \frac{29}{3} H_{2,0} + \frac{4651}{216} H_0 - \frac{329}{18} \zeta_2 + \frac{11}{2} (1+x) \zeta_3 - \frac{43}{5} \zeta_2^2 - \frac{215}{6} H_{-1,0} \right. \\
 & - 22H_{0,0} \zeta_2 - 8H_0 \zeta_3 - 3H_{-1,-1,0} + 38H_{-1,0,0} + 25H_{-1,2} + 10H_{2,0,0} - 4H_2 \zeta_2 + 16H_{3,0} + 26H_4 \\
 & - \frac{158}{9} H_2 - \frac{53}{2} H_{-1} \zeta_2 \left. \right] - 29H_{0,0} - \frac{40}{3} H_{0,0,0} + 27H_{-2,0} + \frac{41}{3} H_0 \zeta_2 - 20H_3 - 24H_{2,0} + \frac{53}{6} \zeta_2 \\
 & + \frac{601}{12} H_0 + 24\zeta_3 + 2\zeta_2^2 + 27H_2 - 4H_{0,0} \zeta_2 - 16H_0 \zeta_3 - 16H_{-3,0} + 28xH_{0,0,0,0} + \delta(1-x) \left[ \frac{79}{32} \right. \\
 & - \zeta_2 \zeta_3 + \frac{1}{6} \zeta_2 + \frac{11}{24} \zeta_2^2 + \frac{67}{6} \zeta_3 - 5\zeta_5 \left. \right] + 16C_F n_f^2 \left( \frac{2}{9} x^2 \left[ \frac{11}{6} H_0 + H_2 - \zeta_2 + 2H_{0,0} - 9 \right] + \frac{1}{3} H_2 \right. \\
 & - \frac{1}{3} \zeta_2 - \frac{10}{3} H_0 - \frac{1}{3} H_{0,0} + 2 + \frac{2}{9} \left( \frac{1}{x} - x^2 \right) \left[ \frac{8}{3} H_1 - 2H_{1,0} - H_{1,1} - \frac{77}{18} \right] - (1-x) \left[ \frac{1}{3} H_{1,0} + \frac{1}{6} H_{1,1} \right. \\
 & + \frac{4}{9} + \frac{13}{6} H_1 + xH_1 \left. \right] + \frac{1}{3} (1+x) \left[ \frac{68}{9} H_0 - \frac{4}{3} H_2 + \frac{4}{3} \zeta_2 + \frac{29}{6} H_{0,0} - \zeta_3 + 2H_0 \zeta_2 - H_{0,0,0} - 2H_3 \right. \\
 & - H_{2,1} - 2H_{2,0} \left. \right] + \frac{11}{144} \delta(1-x) + 16C_F^2 n_f \left( \frac{4}{3} x^2 \left[ \frac{163}{16} + \frac{27}{8} H_0 + \frac{7}{2} H_{0,0} - H_{2,0} - \zeta_2 + \frac{9}{4} H_{1,0} \right. \right. \\
 & - H_{2,1} + \frac{1}{2} H_{0,0,0} + \frac{85}{16} H_1 + H_2 - 2H_{-2,0} - \frac{3}{2} \zeta_3 \left. \right] + \frac{4}{3} \left( \frac{1}{x} - x^2 \right) \left[ \frac{31}{16} H_1 - \frac{11}{16} - \frac{5}{4} H_{1,0} + \frac{1}{2} H_{1,0,0} \right. \\
 & - H_1 \zeta_2 - H_{1,1} + H_{1,1,0} + H_{1,1,1} + \zeta_3 \left. \right] + \frac{4}{3} \left( \frac{1}{x} + x^2 \right) \left[ H_{-1} \zeta_2 + 2H_{-1,-1,0} - H_{-1,0,0} \right] + \frac{215}{12} H_{0,0} \\
 & + \frac{20}{3} H_0 - \frac{131}{6} + 3H_{2,0} + \frac{205}{12} x \zeta_2 - 3H_{1,0} + H_{2,1} - \frac{85}{12} H_1 + \frac{11}{4} H_2 + 8H_{-2,0} + 2\zeta_2^2 - H_0 \zeta_2 \\
 & + H_3 + 6H_0 \zeta_3 + 8H_{-3,0} - 4xH_{0,0,0,0} + (1-x) \left[ \frac{107}{12} H_1 - \frac{5}{6} H_{1,0} - 4\zeta_2 + H_0 \zeta_3 - 8H_{-2,-1,0} \right. \\
 & - 4H_{-2} \zeta_2 + 4H_{-2,0,0} - 4H_1 \zeta_2 + \frac{7}{2} H_{1,0,0} - \frac{7}{12} H_{1,1} + H_{1,1,0} + H_{1,1,1} \left. \right] + (1+x) \left[ \frac{5}{4} H_2 + \frac{33}{8} \right. \\
 & - \frac{99}{4} H_{0,0} - 8H_{2,0} - \frac{541}{24} H_0 - 4H_{2,1} - \frac{3}{2} H_{0,0,0} - 2x\zeta_3 + \frac{9}{2} \zeta_2^2 + 5H_0 \zeta_2 - 5H_3 - 4H_{-1} \zeta_2 \\
 & - 8H_{-1,-1,0} + \frac{67}{3} H_{-1,0} + 4H_{-1,0,0} + 2H_{0,0} \zeta_2 - 2H_{0,0,0,0} - 4H_2 \zeta_2 + 3H_{2,0,0} + 2H_{2,1,0} \\
 & \left. \left. + 2H_{2,1,1} + H_{3,1} - 2H_4 \right] + \frac{1}{16} \delta(1-x) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

MVV (2004)

# Going beyond NNLO

[ Moch et al]

Large  $x$  double log behaviour of Splitting and Coefficient functions

Trick: Use Physical Evolution Equations (PEE):

PEE: Differential equations w.r.t  $Q$  of Structure functions

$$\frac{d}{d \ln Q^2} F = K F \equiv \sum_{\ell=0}^{\infty} a_s^{\ell+1} \begin{pmatrix} K_{22}^{(\ell)} & K_{2\phi}^{(\ell)} \\ K_{\phi 2}^{(\ell)} & K_{\phi\phi}^{(\ell)} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} F_2 \\ F_\phi \end{pmatrix}$$

$$F = \begin{pmatrix} F_2 \\ F_\phi \end{pmatrix}$$

Kernels are enhanced by single logs



# Going beyond NNLO

[Vogt et al]

Large  $x$  Behaviour of 4-loop Splitting and Coefficient functions

From PEE of  $(F_2, F_\phi)$

4-loop results!

$$\begin{aligned} P_{\text{qg}}^{(3)}(x) = & \ln^6(1-x) \cdot 0 \\ & + \ln^5(1-x) \left[ \frac{22}{27} C_{AF}^3 \eta_f - \frac{14}{27} C_{AF}^2 C_F \eta_f - \frac{4}{27} C_{AF}^2 \eta_f^2 \right] \\ & + \ln^4(1-x) \left[ \left( \frac{293}{27} - \frac{80}{9} \zeta_2 \right) C_{AF}^3 \eta_f + \left( \frac{4477}{162} - 8\zeta_2 \right) C_{AF}^2 C_F \eta_f \right. \\ & \left. - \frac{13}{81} C_{AF} C_F^2 \eta_f - \frac{116}{81} C_{AF}^2 \eta_f^2 + \frac{17}{81} C_{AF} C_F \eta_f^2 - \frac{4}{81} C_{AF} \eta_f^3 \right] \\ & + \mathcal{O}(\ln^3(1-x)) \end{aligned}$$

From PEE of  $(F_2, F_\phi)$  and  $(F_2, F_L)$

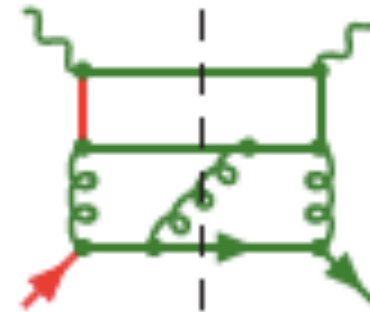
Predictions of  $\log^{6,5,4}(1-x)$  of  $C_L^{(3)}$

# Going beyond NNLO

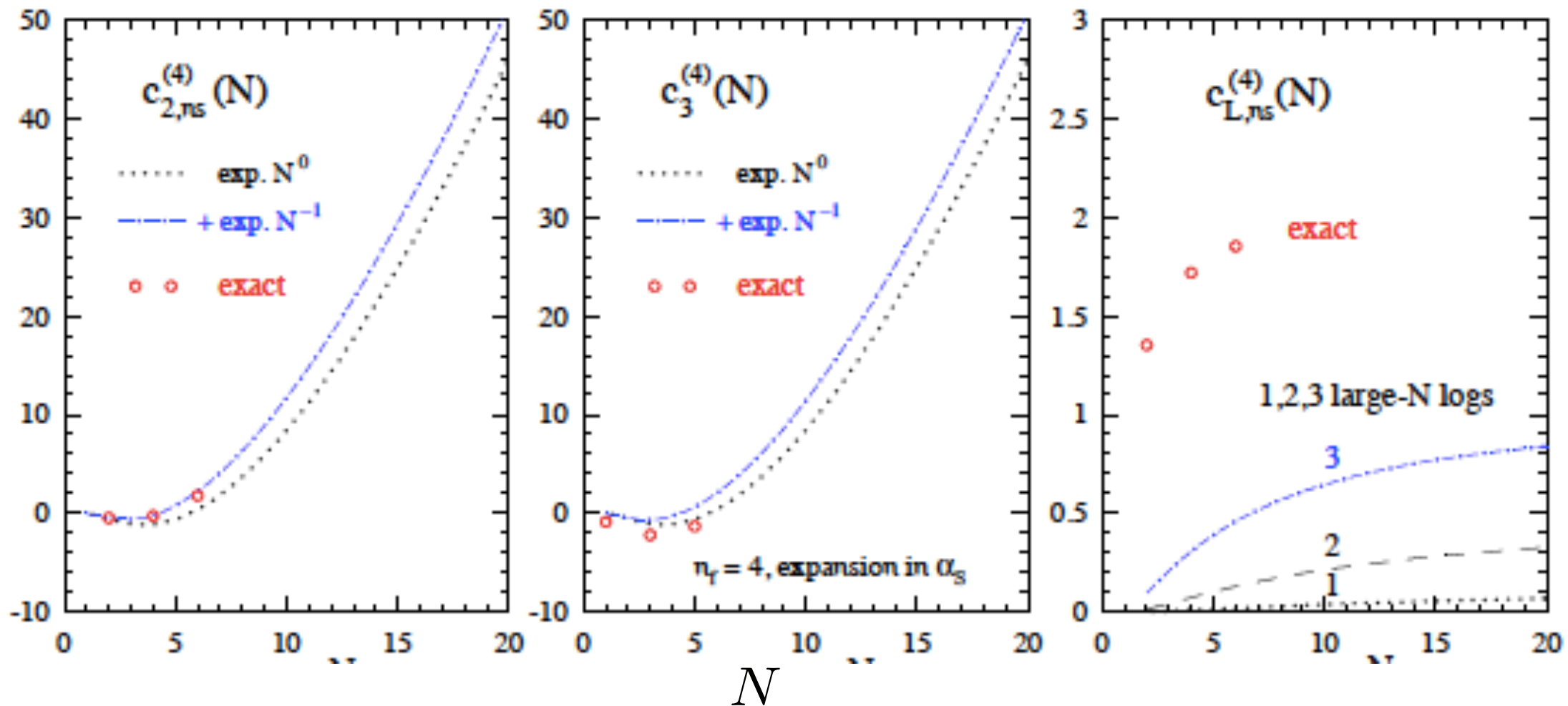
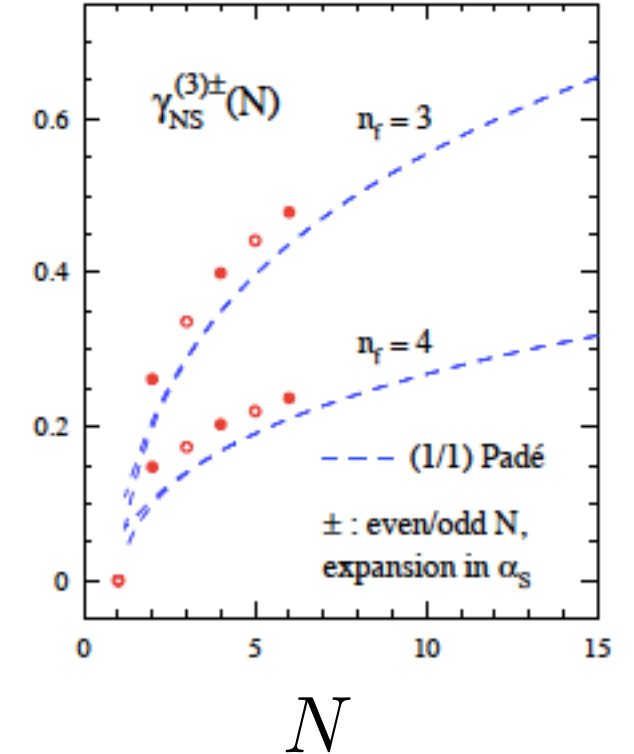
## MINCER to FORCER for 4 loop results

Third order contributions to Coefficient and splitting functions

$$C_{2,3,L}^{(3)} \quad P_{ij}^{(3)}(x), \quad \gamma_{ij}^{(3)}(N)$$



[Vogt, Vermaseren et al]



# Going beyond NNLO

[Baikov et al, Velizhanin]

## Non-Singlet Splitting function at 4-loops

$$\gamma_n^{\text{approx:3}} = \frac{\gamma_n^{(2)^2}}{\gamma_n^{(1)}}$$

$$\gamma_n = - \int dx x^{n-1} P(x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_{\text{NS}}^{a,\mu\nu\rho} &= \bar{\psi} \lambda^a \gamma^\mu \mathcal{D}^\nu \mathcal{D}^\rho \psi, \\ \mathcal{O}_{\text{NS}}^{a,\mu\nu\rho\sigma} &= \bar{\psi} \lambda^a \gamma^\mu \mathcal{D}^\nu \mathcal{D}^\rho \mathcal{D}^\sigma \psi \end{aligned}$$

n=2 moment

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma_2^{3;NS} &= \frac{32}{9} a_s + \frac{9440}{243} a_s^2 + \left[ \frac{3936832}{6561} - \frac{10240}{81} \zeta_3 \right] a_s^3 \\ &+ \left[ \frac{1680283336}{1777147} - \frac{24873952}{6561} \zeta_3 + \frac{5120}{3} \zeta_4 - \frac{56969}{243} \zeta_5 \right] a_s^4 \end{aligned}$$

n= 3, 4 moment

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma_{\text{NS}}^{4\text{-loop}}(3, n_f = 4) &= 5.55556 a_s + 50.39095 a_s^2 + 418.17201 a_s^3 + 4322.89048 a_s^4, \\ \gamma_{\text{NS}}^{4\text{-loop}}(4, n_f = 4) &= 6.97778 a_s + 60.07233 a_s^2 + 502.91174 a_s^3 + 5066.33924 a_s^4. \end{aligned}$$

Pade` 3480

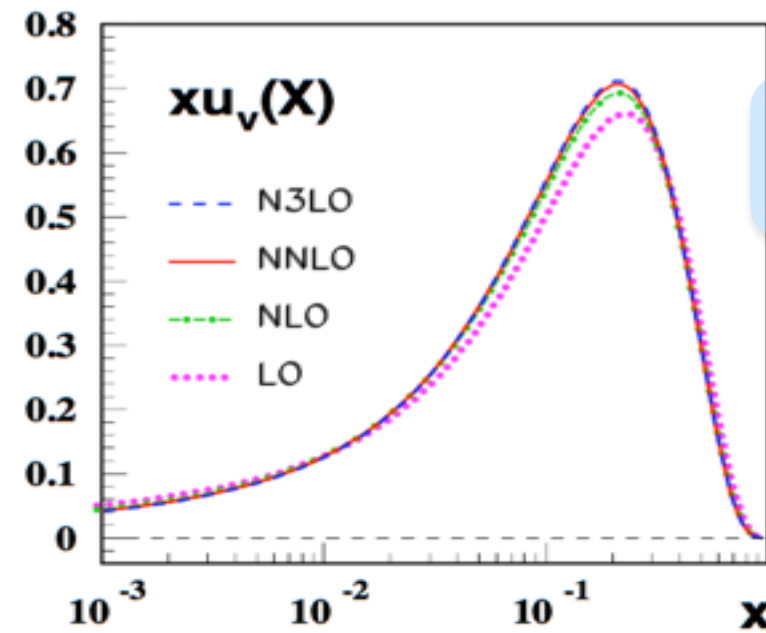
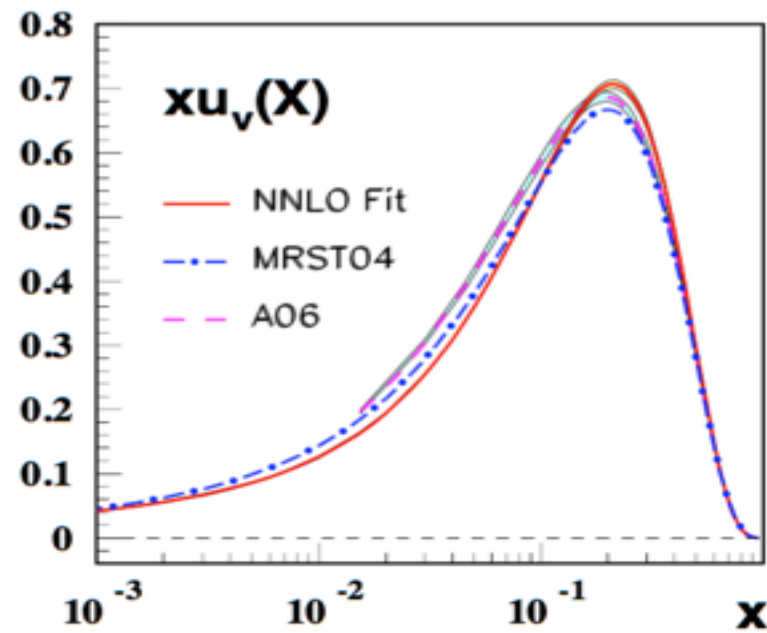
Pade` 4200

# PDFs at approx. N3LO

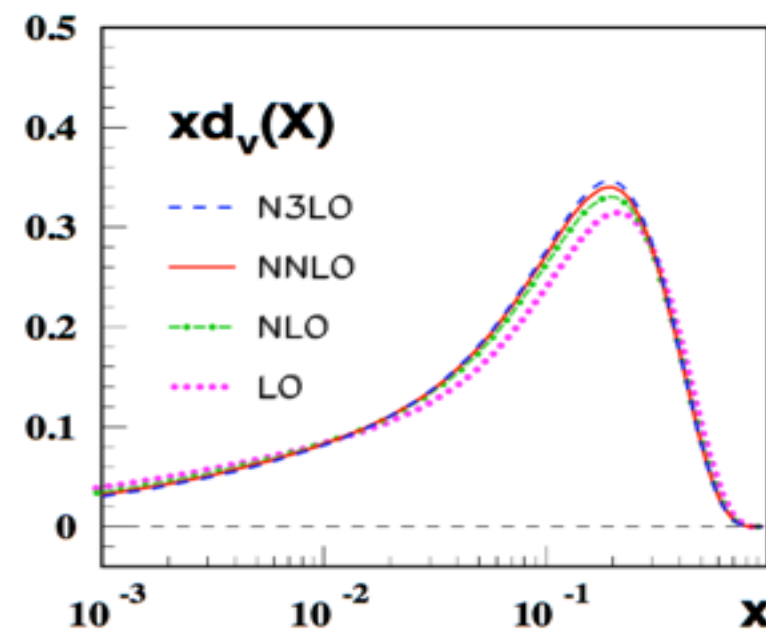
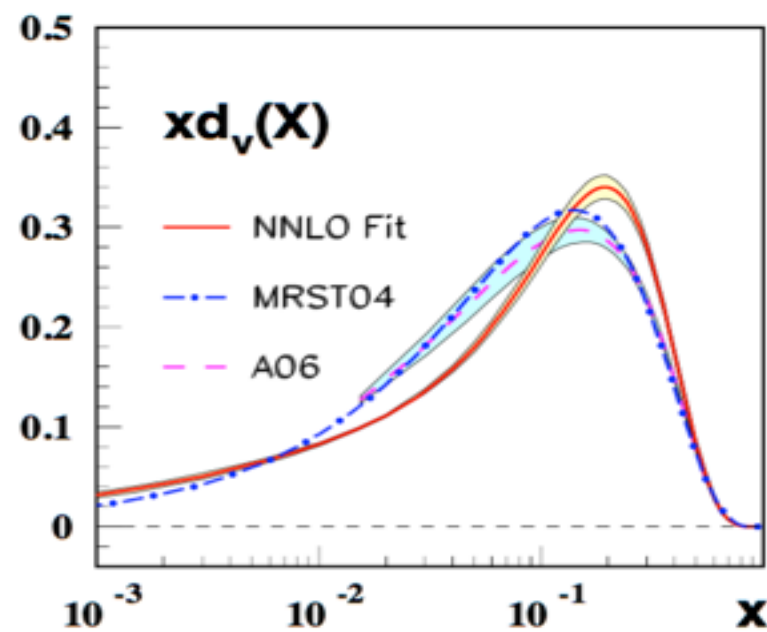
[Bluemlein et al]

## World Data: NS-analysis

$W^2 > 12.5 \text{ GeV}^2, Q^2 > 4 \text{ GeV}^2$



$$\alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.1145 \pm 0.0009 \text{ (exp.)}$$



# Heavy Flavours to DIS

[Bluemlein et al]

Coefficient functions depend on  $m$

$$F_{2,L}(x, Q^2) = \sum_j C_{j,2,L} \left( x, \frac{Q^2}{\mu^2}, \frac{m^2}{\mu^2} \right) \otimes f_j(x, \mu^2)$$

mass of the heavy flavour

Mellin space result

$$C_{j,2,L} \left( N, \frac{Q^2}{\mu^2}, \frac{m^2}{\mu^2} \right) = C_{j,2,L} \left( N, \frac{Q^2}{\mu^2} \right) + H_{j,2,L} \left( N, \frac{Q^2}{\mu^2}, \frac{m^2}{\mu^2} \right)$$

Light flavour

Heavy flavour

Factorisation

$$H_{j,2,L} \left( N, \frac{Q^2}{\mu^2}, \frac{m^2}{\mu^2} \right) = \sum_i C_{i,2,L} \left( N, \frac{Q^2}{\mu^2} \right) A_{ij} \left( \frac{m^2}{\mu^2}, N \right)$$

Operator

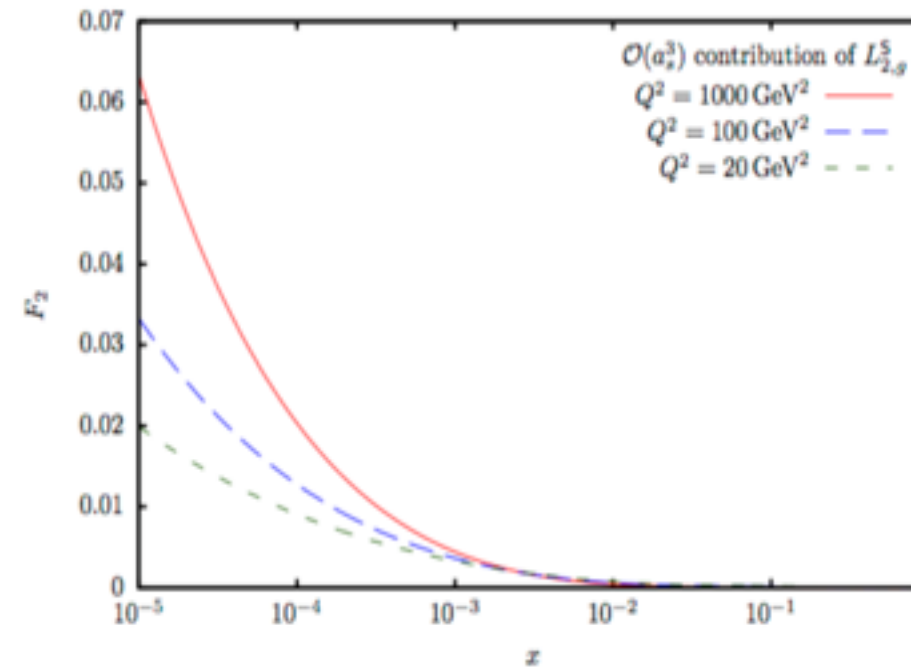
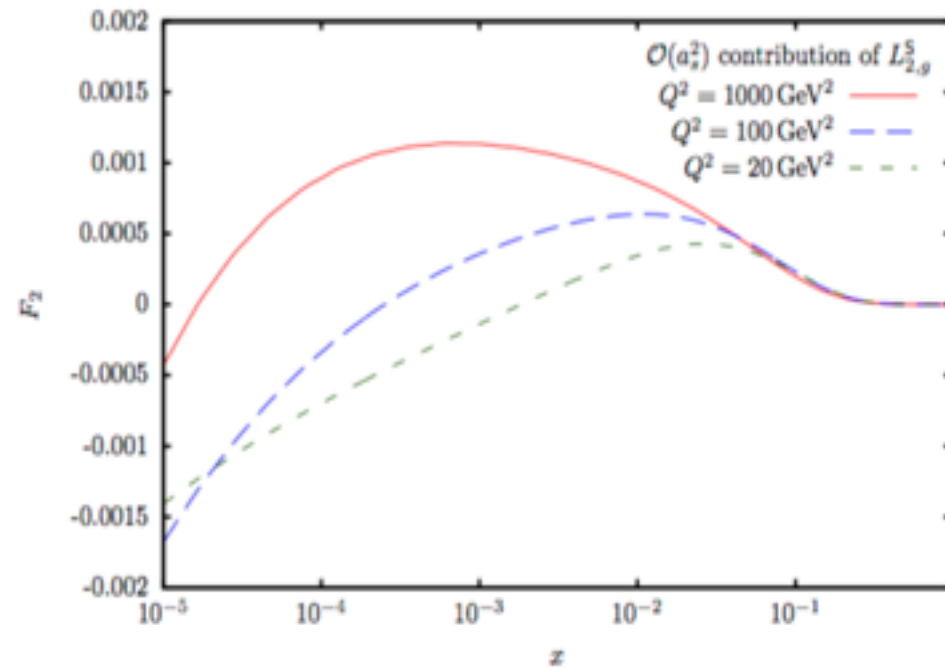
Perturbatively Calculable:

$$A_{ij} \left( \frac{m^2}{\mu^2}, N \right) = \langle j | O_i | j \rangle .$$



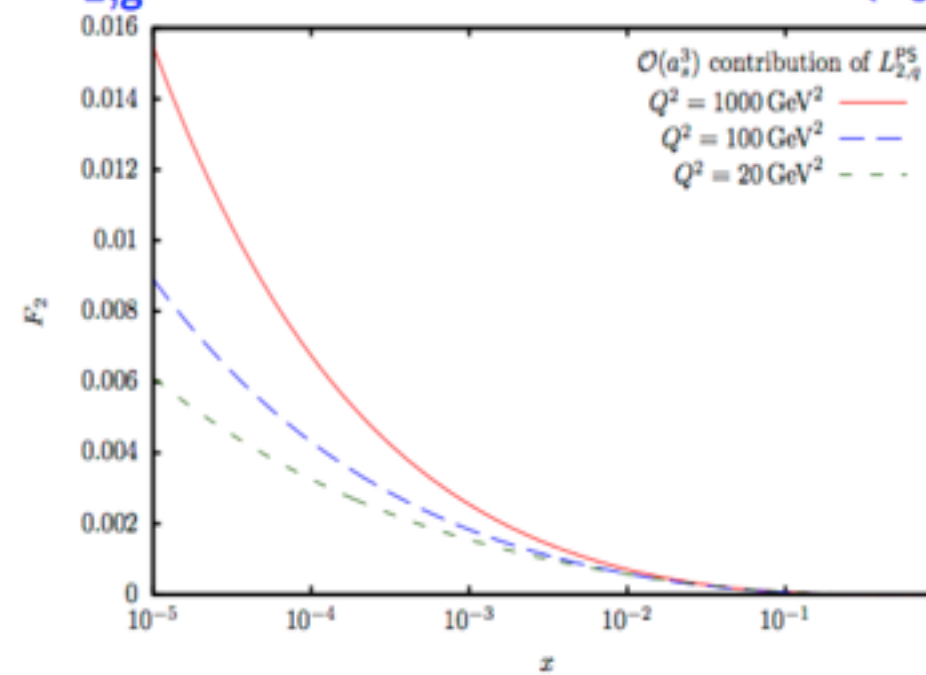
# Heavy Flavours to DIS

[Bluemlein et al]



$\mathcal{O}(a_s^2)$   $L_{2,g}^S$

$\mathcal{O}(a_s^3)$   $L_{2,g}^S$

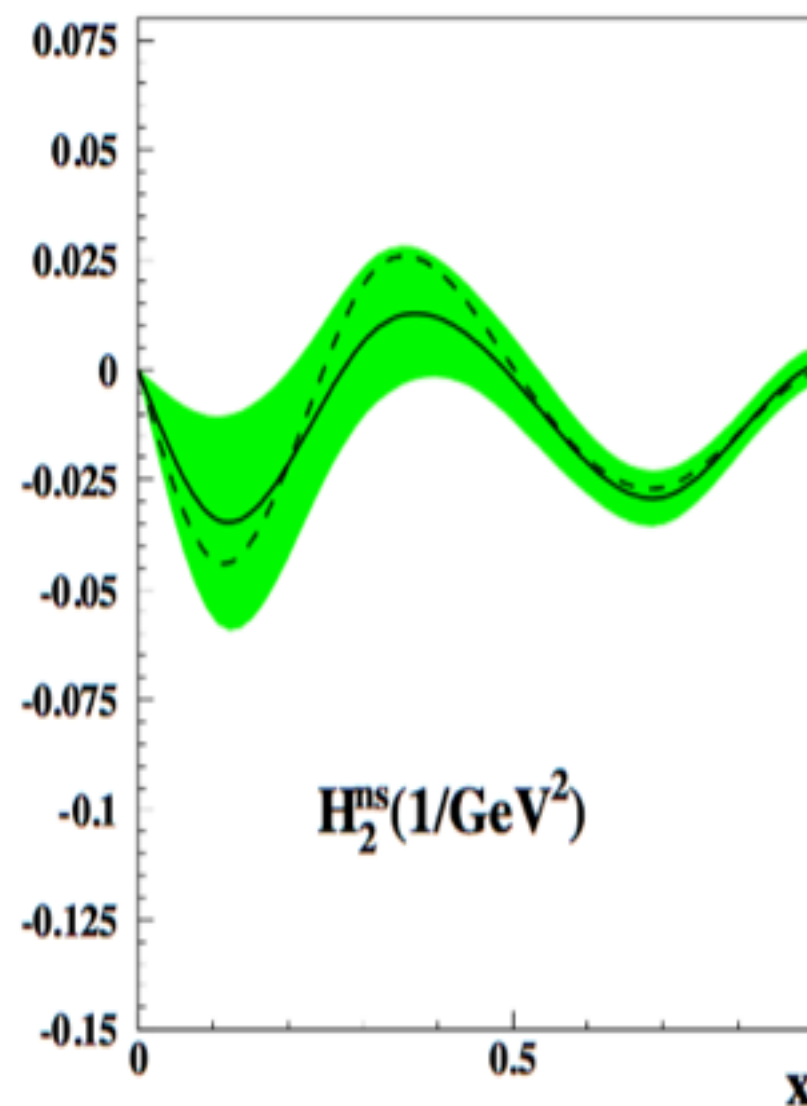
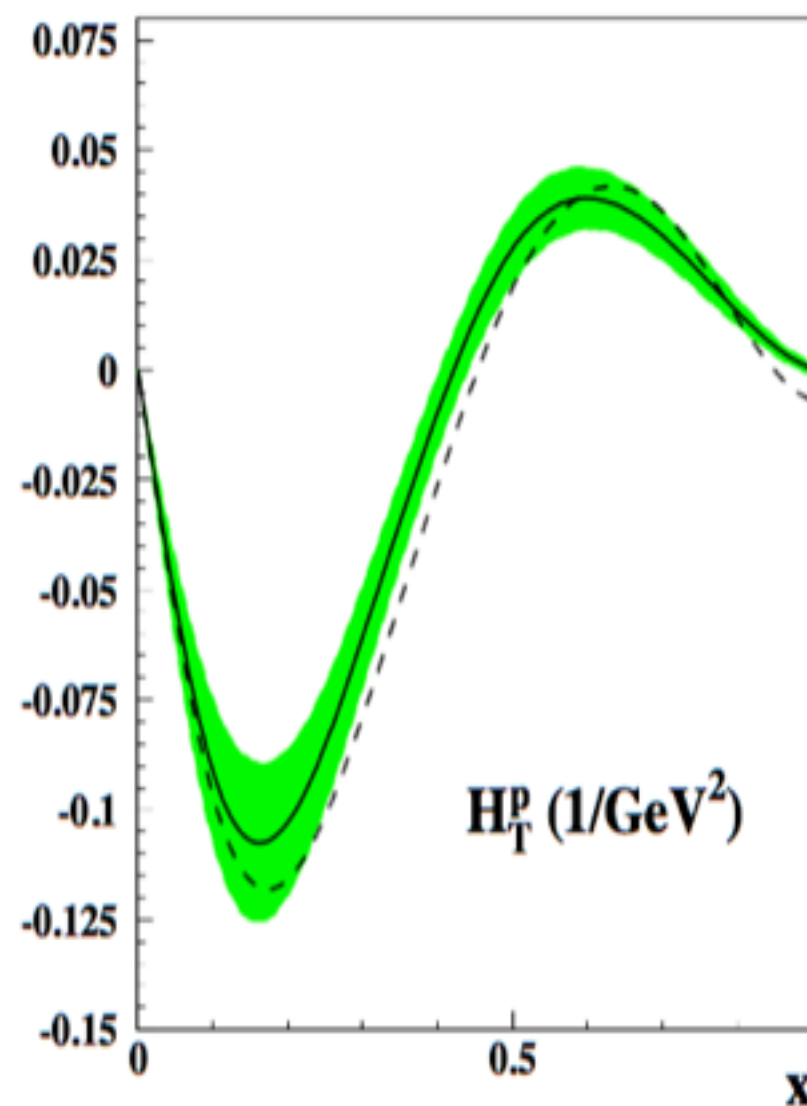
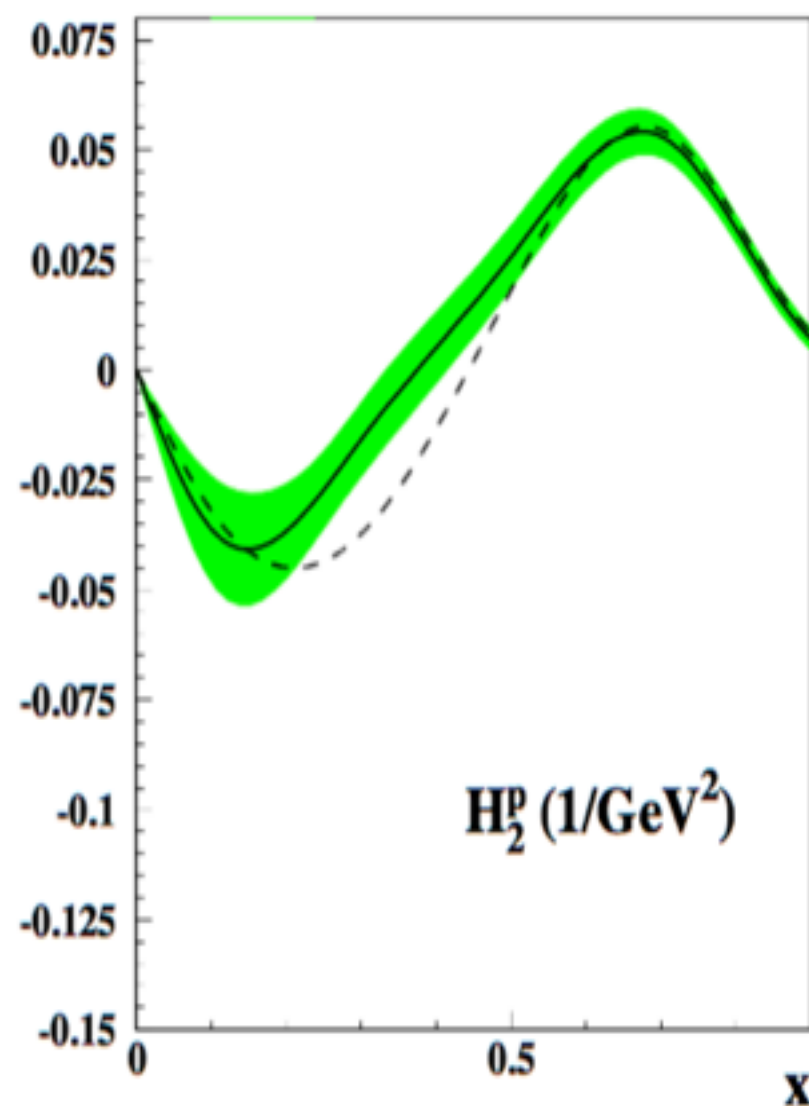


$L_{q,2}^{PS}$

# Higher Twist to DIS

[Bluemlein et al]

$$F_i(x, Q^2) = F_i^{TMC, \tau=2}(x, Q^2) + \frac{H_i^4(x)}{Q^2} + \frac{H_i^6(x)}{Q^4} + \dots$$



# Resummation PDFs

[Bonvini et al]

Coefficient functions in

$$F_2(x, Q^2) = x \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha_s^n(\mu_R^2)}{(2\pi)^n} \sum_{i=q,g} \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z} C_{2,i}^{(n)}(z, Q^2, \mu_R^2, \mu_F^2) f_{i/p}\left(\frac{x}{z}, \mu_F^2\right)$$

$$\delta(1-z), \quad \left( \frac{\log^j(1-z)}{1-z} \right)$$

$j = 0, \dots, \infty$

$$\frac{1}{z} \log^j z$$

Soft Gluons

$$z \rightarrow 1$$

High Energy Gluons

$$z \ll 1$$

$$\alpha_s^m(\mu_R^2) a(x) \log^n b(x) \approx 1$$

when for certain  $n = g(m)$

**RESUMMATION** to all orders Reliable perturbations predictions

# Resummation PDFs

[Bonvini et al]

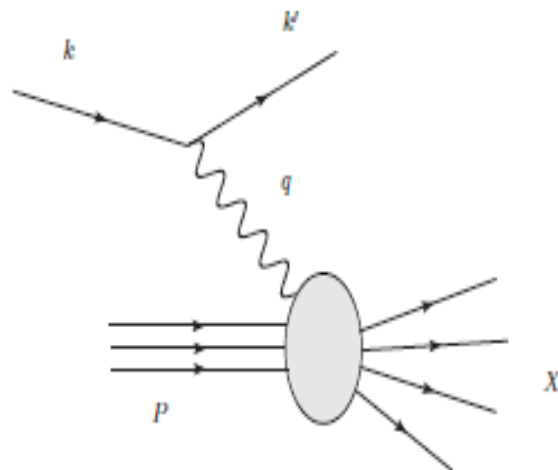
Soft Gluon Resummation:  $z \rightarrow 1$  Or Mellin  $N \rightarrow \infty$

$$C_i(z, Q^2, \mu^2) = C_i^{(0)}(z) g_0(\alpha_s) \exp \left( \frac{1}{\alpha_s} g_1(\alpha_s L) + g_2(\alpha_s L) + \alpha_s g_3(\alpha_s L) + \dots \right)$$

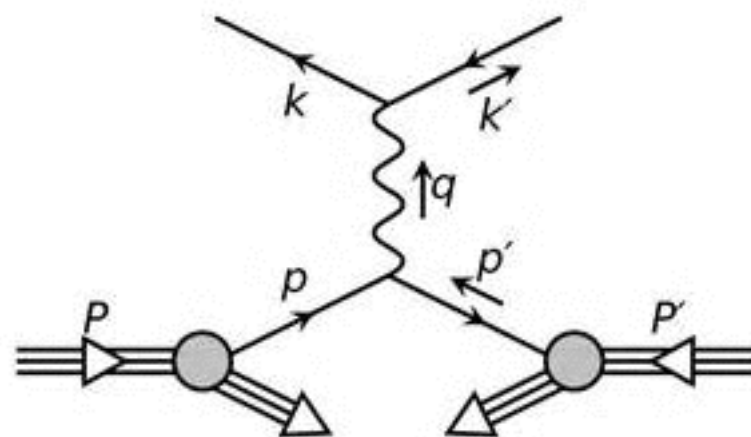
$$L = \frac{\beta_0}{4\pi} \log N$$

N independent

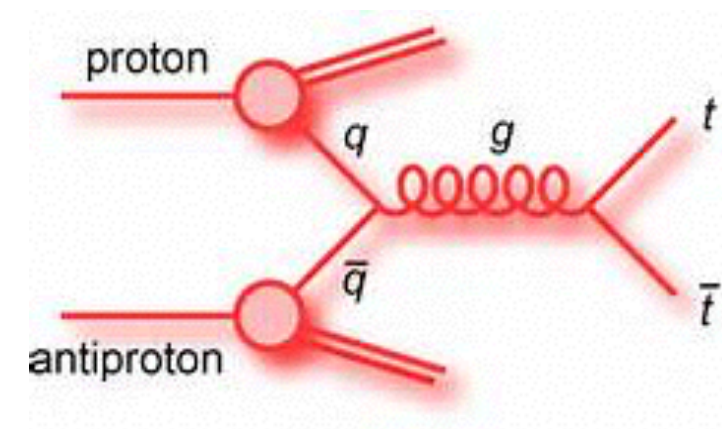
DIS prod.



Drell-Yan prod.

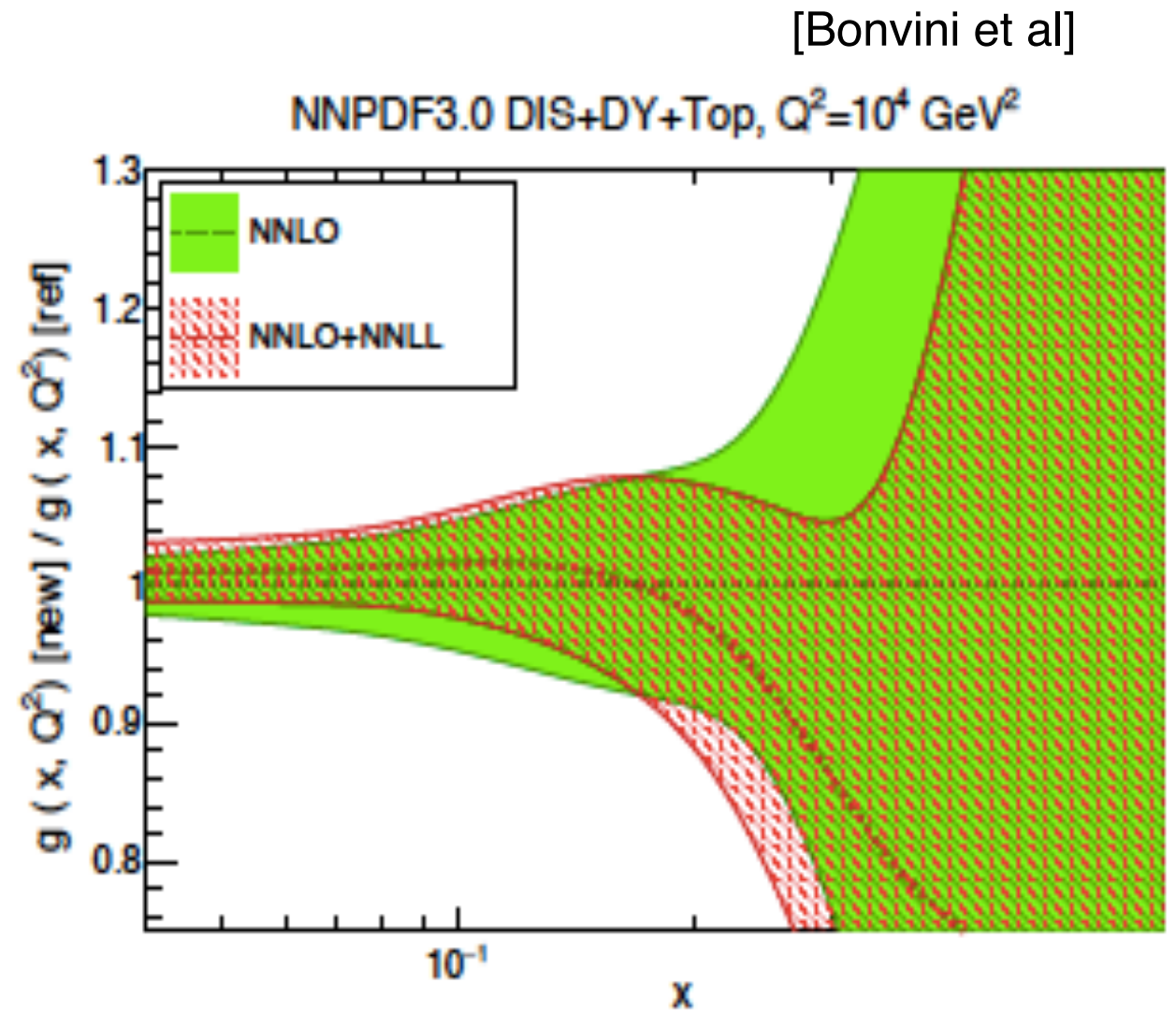
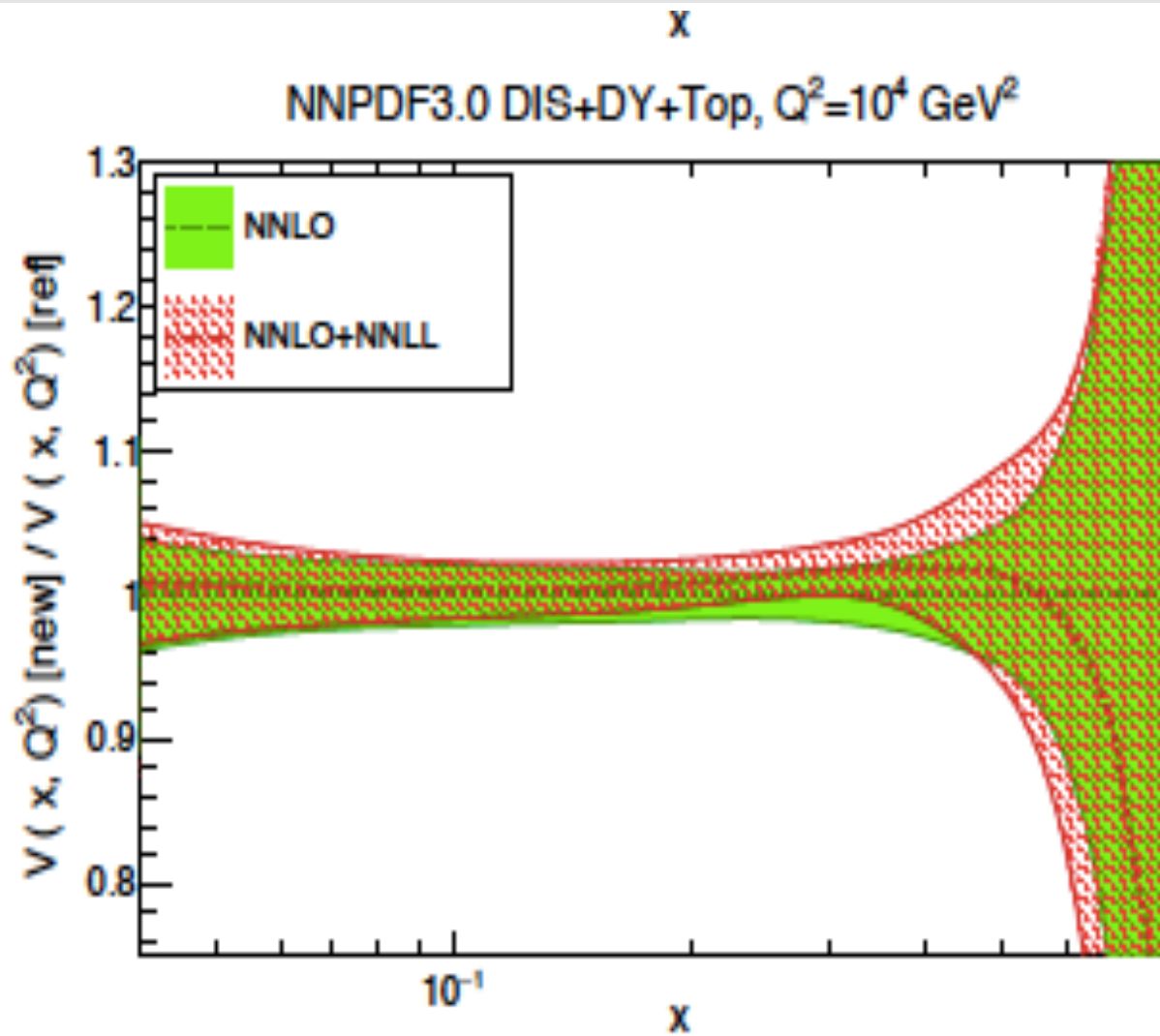


Top pair prod.





# Resummation PDFs



- Valence quark are less sensitive to Resumed Coefficient functions
- Large  $x$  behaviour of gluons gets modified

# Resummation PDFs

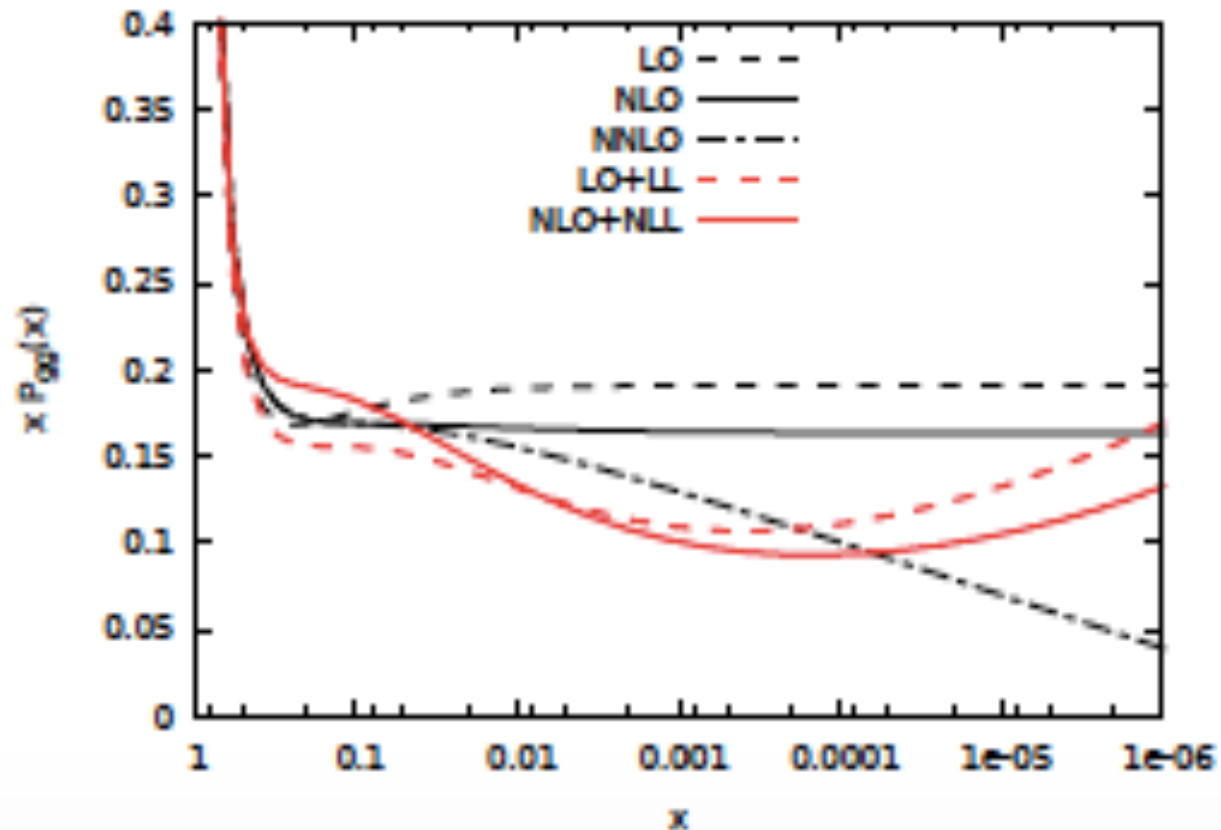
[Bonvini et al]

- Kt or BFKL approach to Small  $x$  Resummation
- **Altarelli-Ball-Forte procedure** to resum small  $x$  for both Coefficient and splitting functions

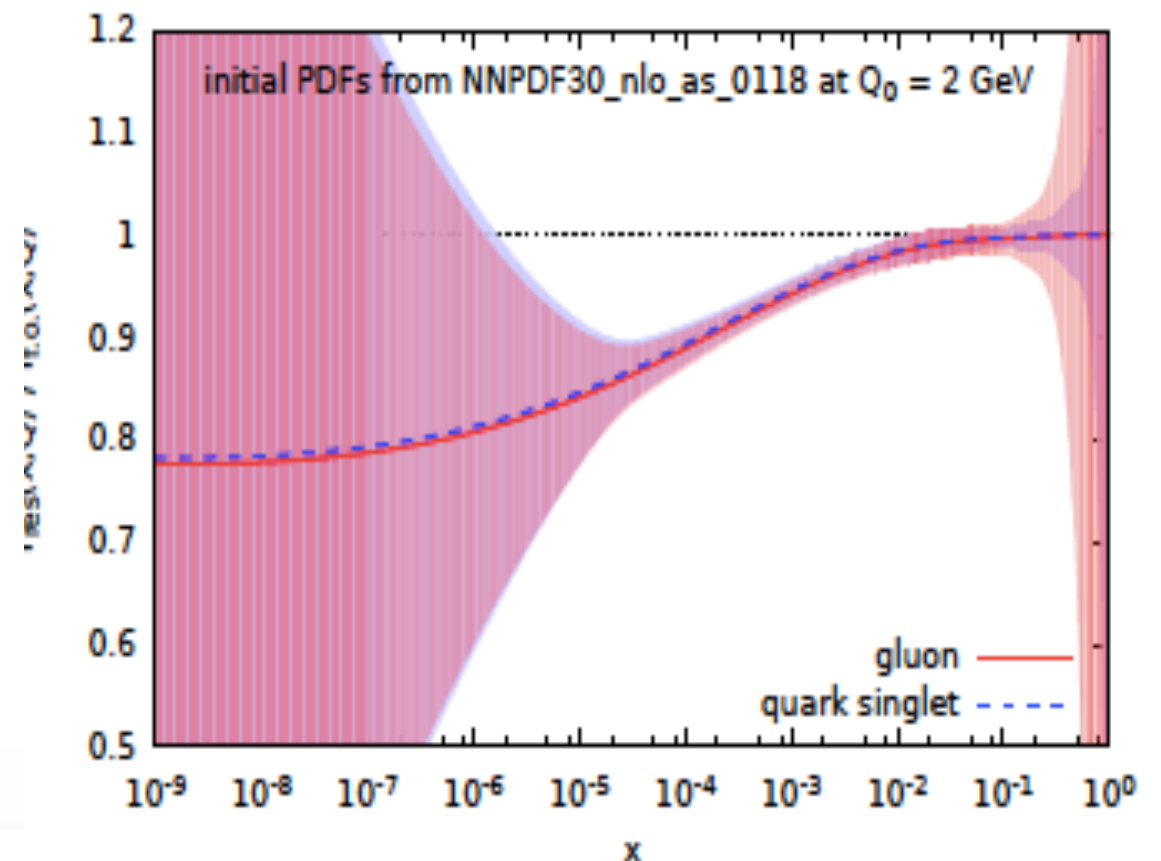
BFKL: 
$$x \frac{d}{dx} f(x, \mu^2) = \int \frac{d\nu^2}{\nu^2} K \left( x, \frac{\mu^2}{\nu^2}, \alpha_s(\cdot) \right) f(x, \nu^2)$$

HELL (High Energy Large Logarithm) interfaced with APFELL

$P_{gg} - \alpha_s = 0.2 \quad n_f = 4$



$Q = 100 \text{ GeV} - \text{NLO+NLLx evolution} / \text{NLO evolution}$

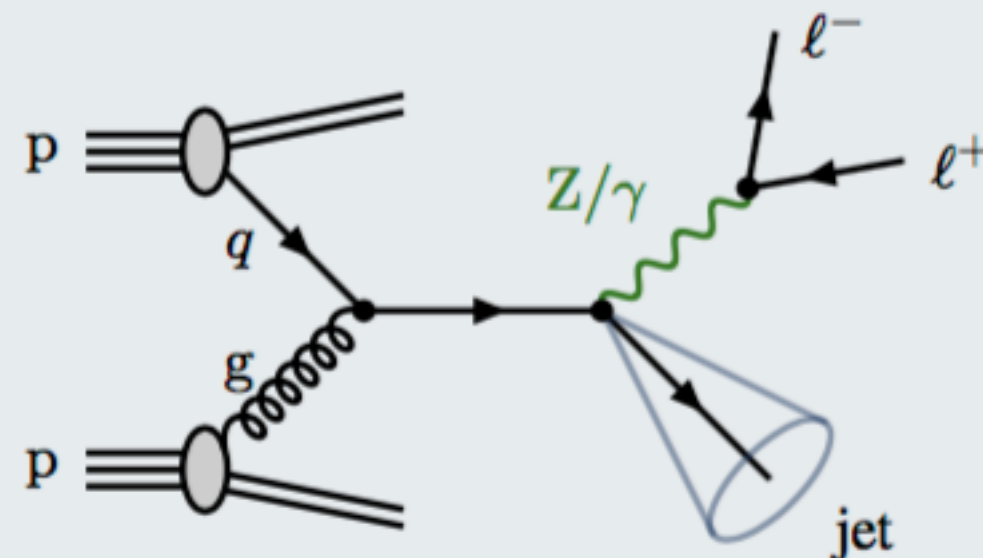


# Jets at NNLO for PDF

$$p p \rightarrow Z/\gamma^* + \text{jet} \rightarrow \ell^- \ell^+ + \text{jet} + X$$

- ▶ large cross section
- ▶ clean leptonic signature

+jet  $\rightsquigarrow$  sensitivity to  $\alpha_s$ , gluon PDF,...



X. Chen, J. Cruz-Martinez, J. Currie, A. Gehrmann-De Ridder, T. Gehrmann,  
E.W.N. Glover, AH, M. Jaquier, T. Morgan, J. Niehues, J. Pires

NLO QCD, Giele, Glover, Kosher 93

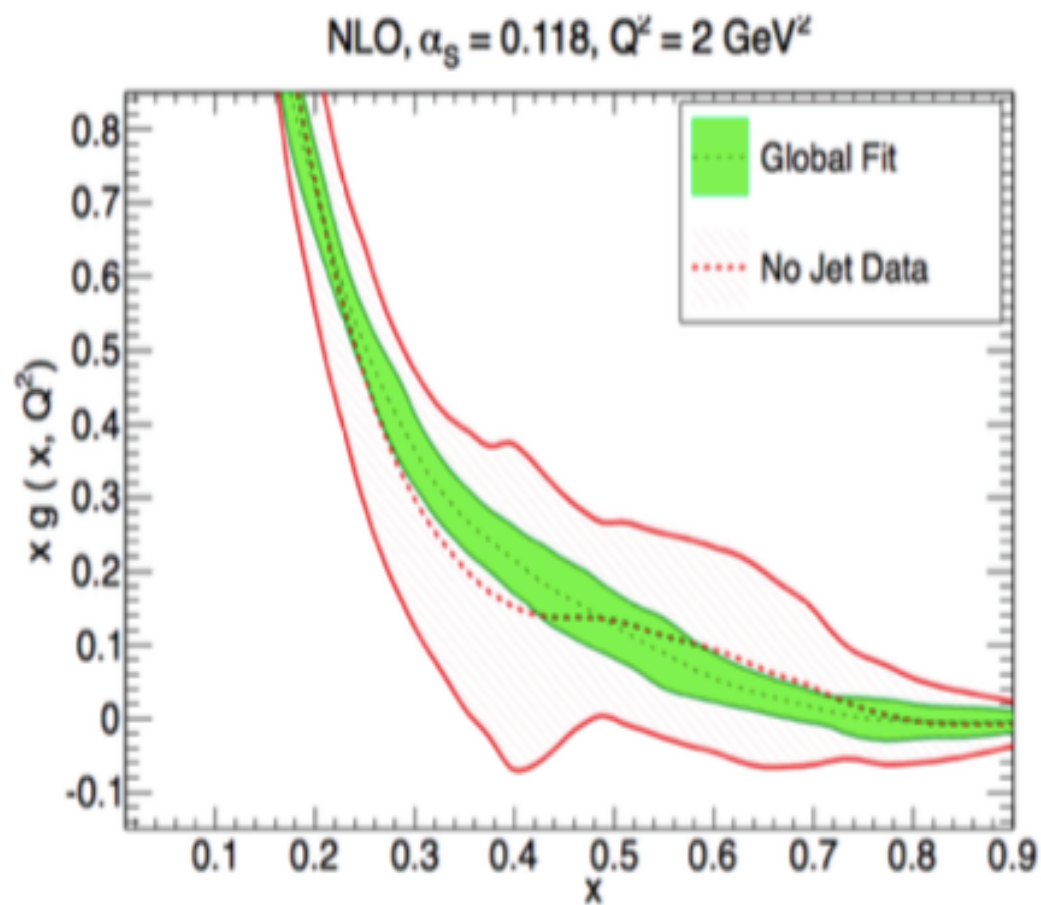
NLO EW Denner, Dittmaier, Kasprzik, Muck 11

NNLO QCD, Antenna subtraction, ..Gehrmann-De Ridder, Gehrmann, Glover, Huss, Morgan

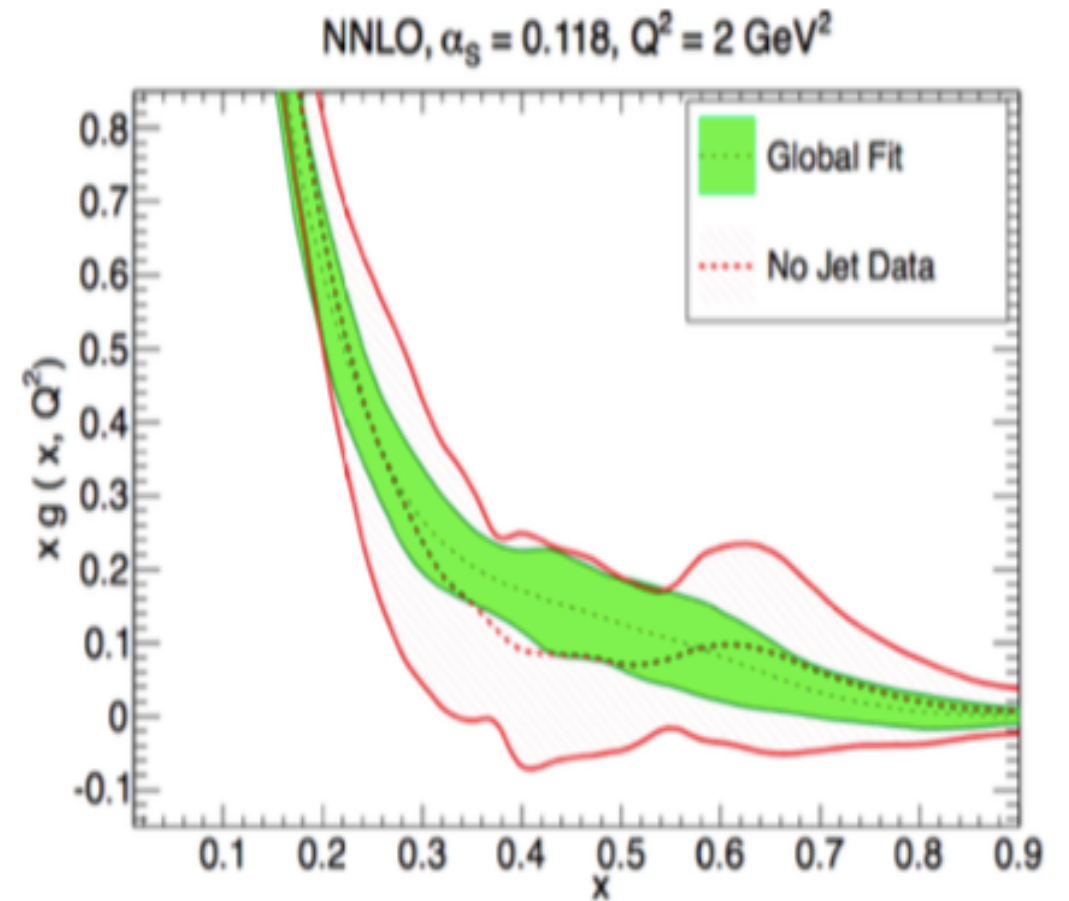
N-jettiness, Boughezal, Campbell, Ellis, Focke, Giele, Liu, Petriello, 15

Boughezal, Liu, Petriello, 16

# Jet studies for PDFs



NNPDF collaboration



NNPDF collaboration

Jet data has a big impact on the medium to large- $x$  gluon PDF

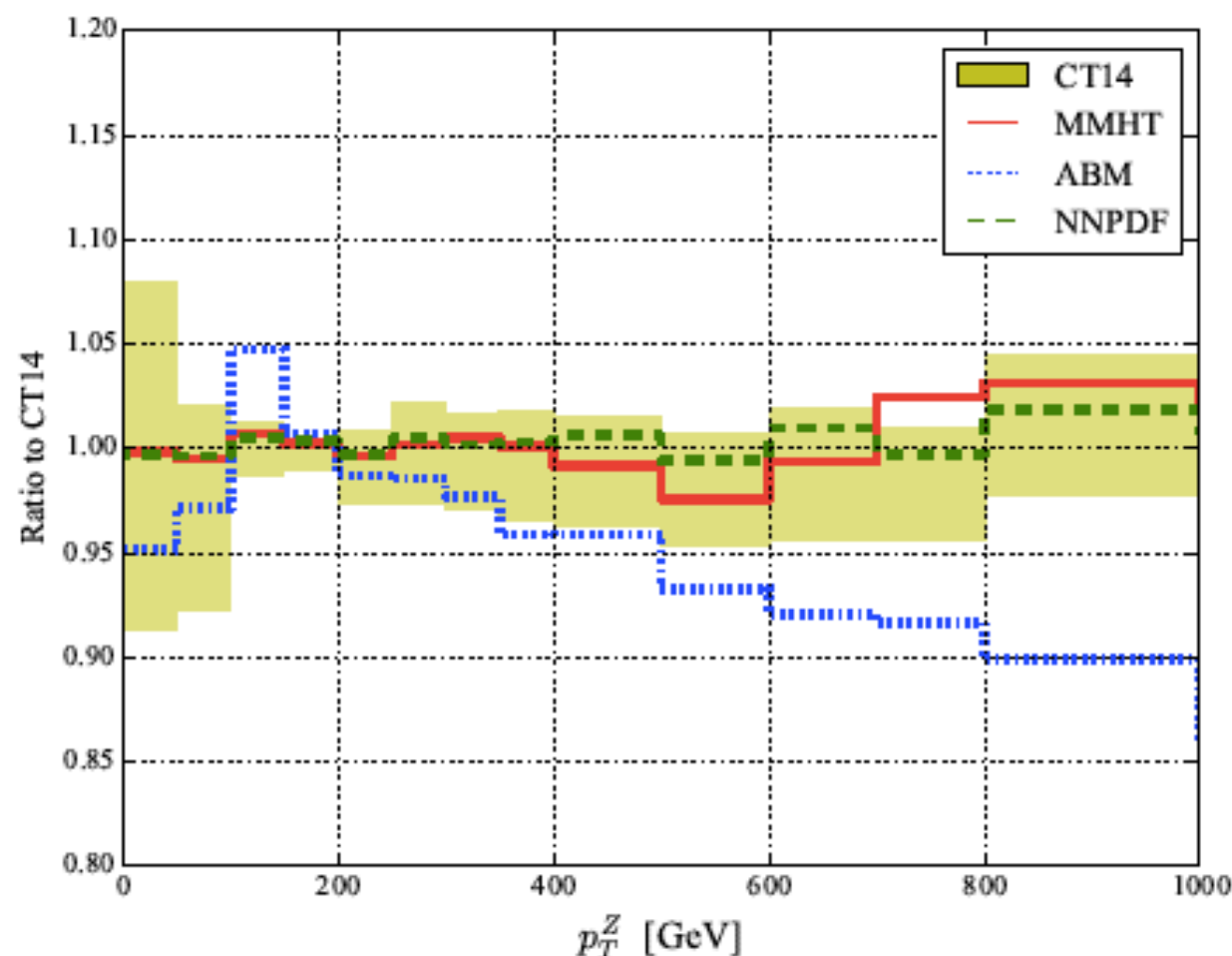
Need exact NNLO all-channel prediction to include full jet dataset



# Pt of Z boson in DY for PDFs

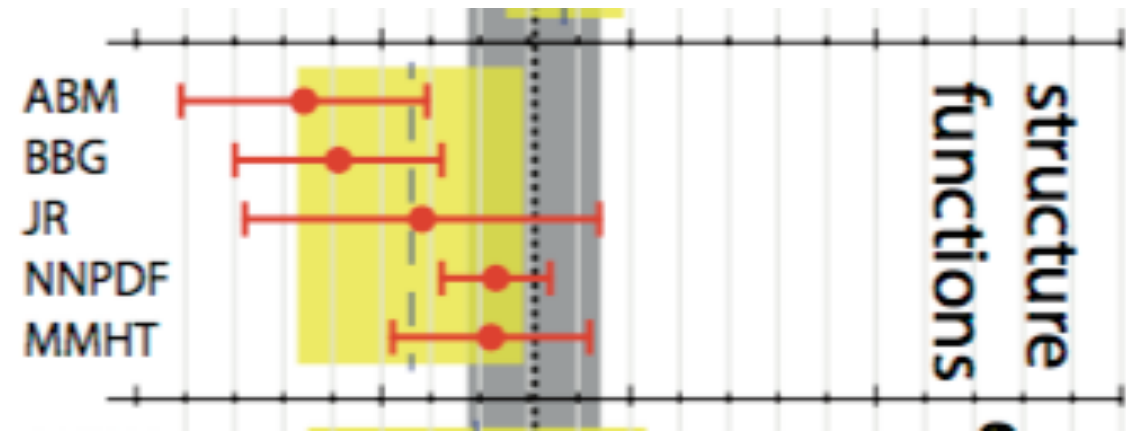
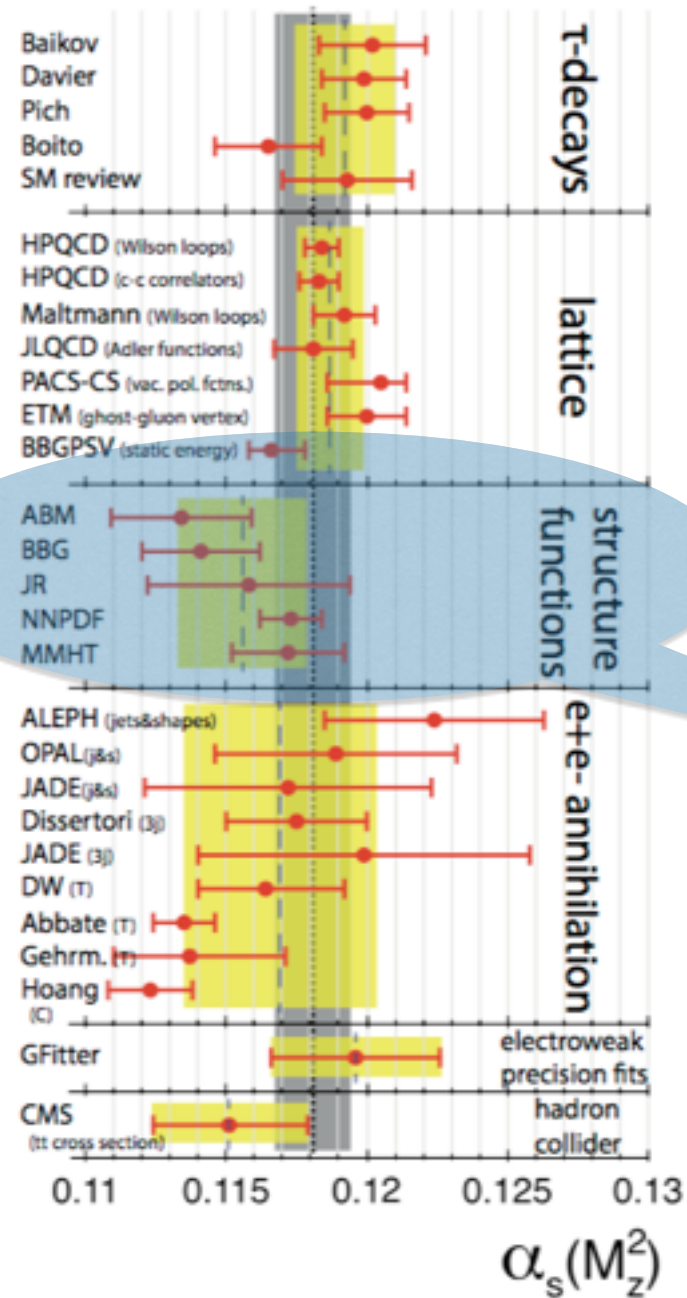
Boughezal, Liu, Petriello 2016

- Z boson transverse momentum depends on high x of the gluon
- Fiducial cross section is sensitive to NNLO
- Cross section is dominated at  $x \cdot 10^{-2}$  which is closer to H production region



CT14	ABM12	MMHT2014	NNPDF3.0
15.54 pb	14.98 pb	15.66 pb	15.44 pb

# Strong Coupling from PDFs



# Conclusions

- Form Factor
- Deep Inelastic Scattering
  - Bjorken Scaling
  - Naive Parton Model
- QCD improved Parton Model
  - NLO Coefficient
  - DGLAP evolution
- NNLO and Beyond
- Higher twist, Heavy flavours