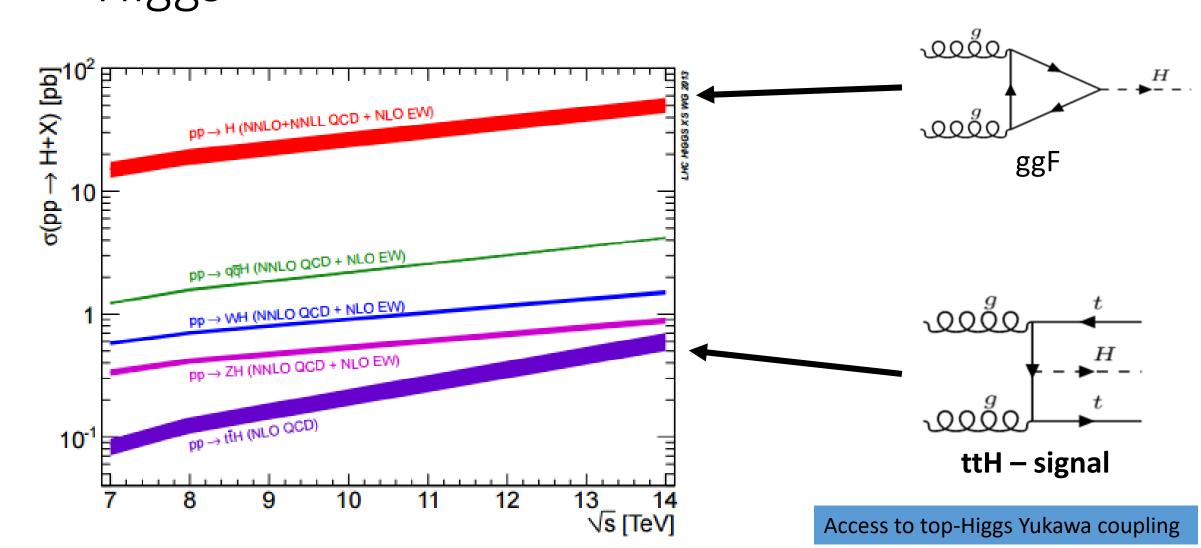
Optimization of jet reconstruction in Matrix Element Method calculations for semi-leptonic ttH at ATLAS



Jeffrey Krupa Summer Student Session 2016



Higgs

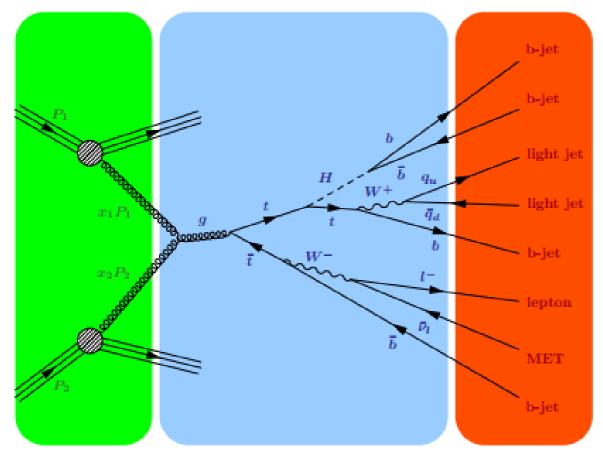
Krupa

Status of Higgs boson Physics, M. Carena et al. (FNAL), ATLAS/CMS (2014)

2

Semi-leptonic ttH event

- Need to reconstruct: 4 b quarks, 2 light quarks + lepton + neutrino (W decay)
- Main background: **tt**
 - Similar products and kinematics as signal
 - Comparatively large cross section



A representative Feynman diagram of ttH (10 such diagrams)

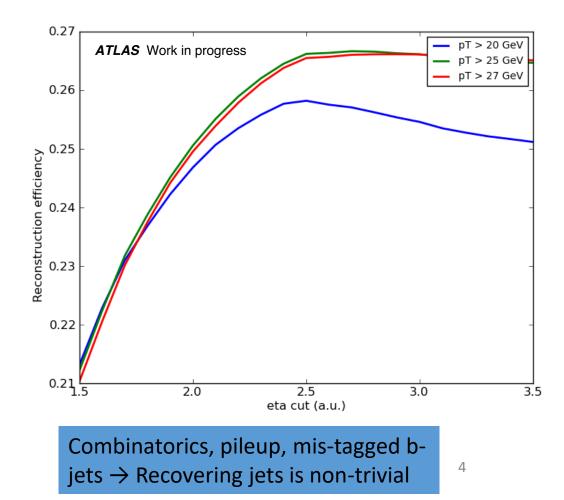
Reconstruction efficiency ≡ events with W selected + truth-matched events in signal region

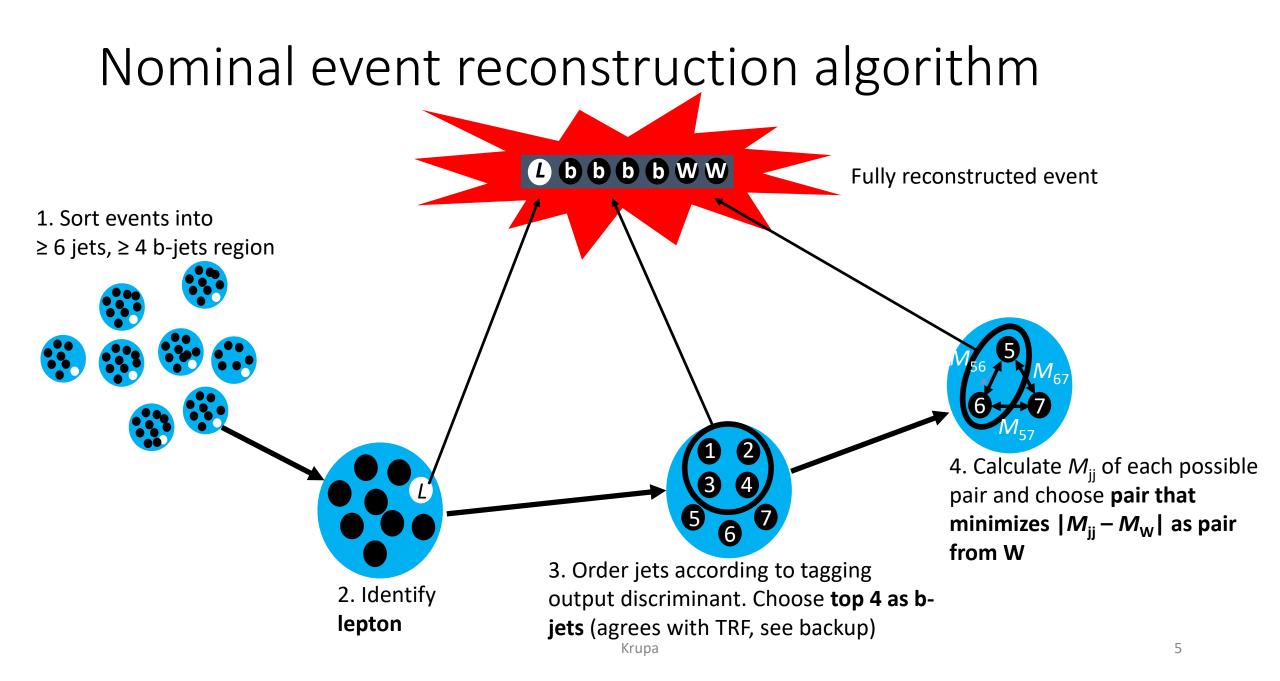
MEM

- Idea: calculate **likelihood** that an event is signal or background in origin
 - Calculates Feynman diagrams
 - Can provide a powerful discriminating variable to extract signal from background
- Challenge: reconstruction of jets from
 W
 - Reconstruction efficiency = 30%
 - W is a difficult object to reconstruct
 - W has mass of 80 GeV → decay products have
 <E> ≈ ≈ 40 GeV, transverse component
 close to cut
 - W jets lost by pT ≥ 25 GeV and eta ≤ 2.5

Separation variable, D1 = $\frac{L_{sig}}{L_{bg}}$

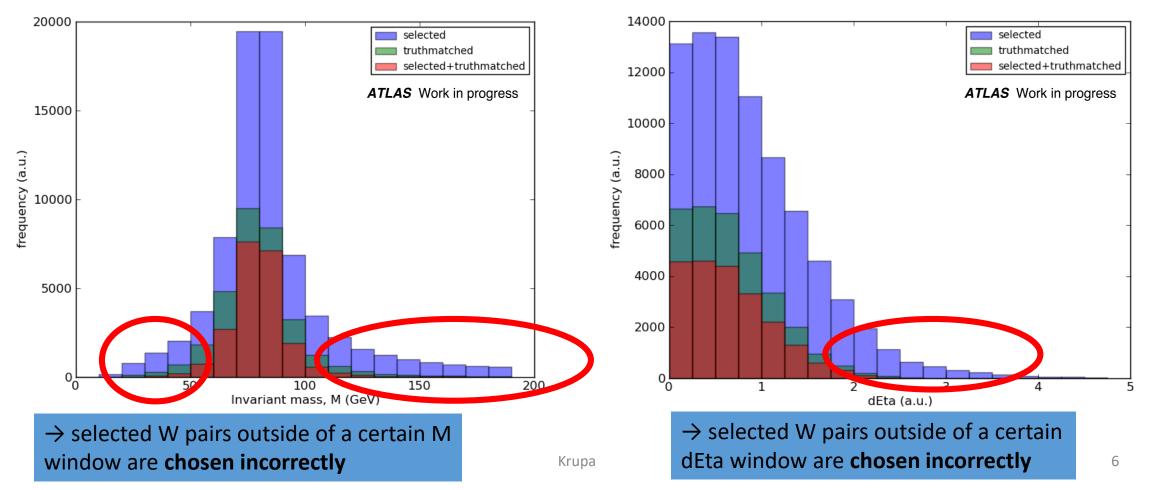
Separation power, S =
$$\frac{1}{2} \sum \frac{(N_{\text{sig}} - N_{\text{bg}})^2}{N_{\text{sig}} + N_{\text{bg}}}$$





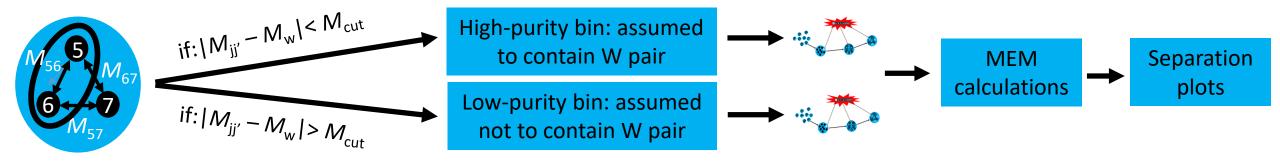
Reconstruction- and truth-level information

• How do the properties of the truth-matched jets compare to the jets selected by our algorithm?



An approach to improving W reconstruction

- W is reconstructed rarely \rightarrow account for this in the analysis
- Modify algorithm to separate events (data and MC) into two bins prior to MEM calculations: i) high-W purity ii) low-W purity

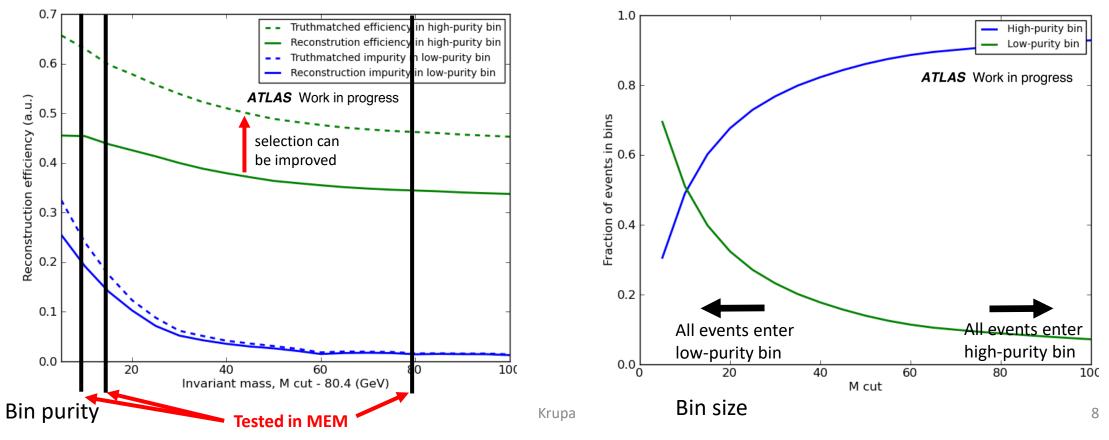


Krupa

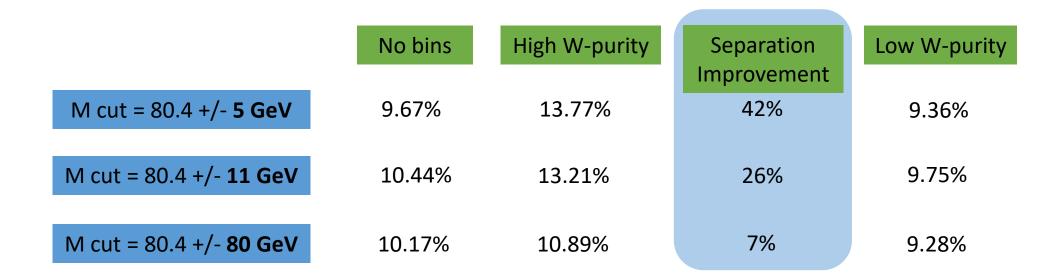
$$|M_{jj'} - M_w| = \min\{|M_{all jet pairs} - M_w|\}$$

Challenges to address

- 1. Need appropriately large bin sizes (prefer ½ of events in both highand low-purity bins)
- 2. Prefer bins with higher purity (low impurity)



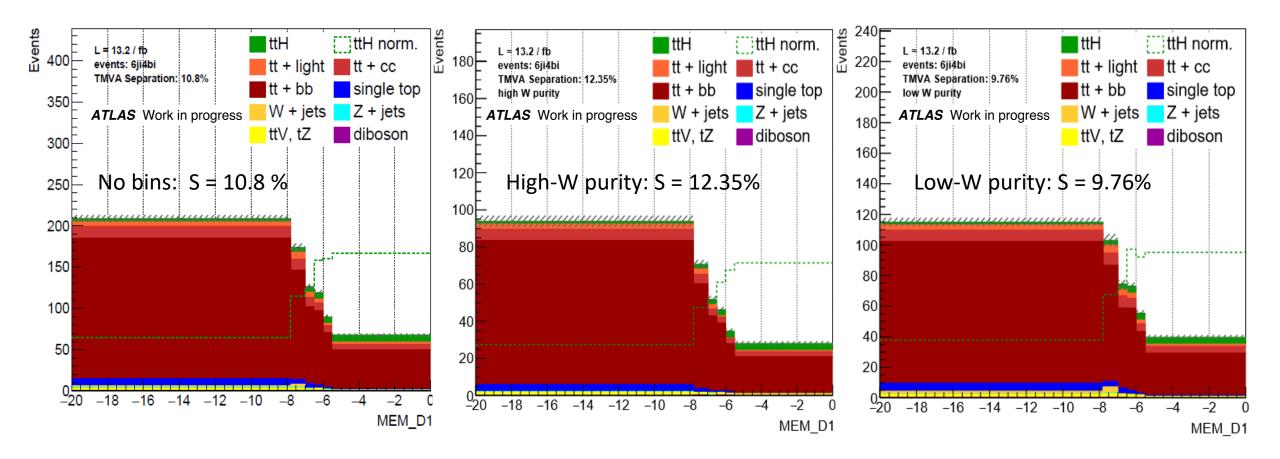
Results overview: split binning



Improvement increases as M cut becomes restricted, but improvement is stat-limited \rightarrow need to do full fit to see effect

Results 20.7: split binning

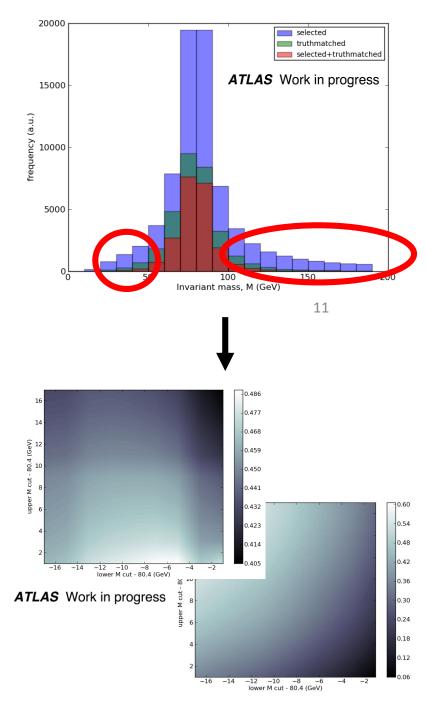
For M cut = 80.4 +/- 11 GeV and secondary dEta cut (more settings in backup)



14% relative separation gain \rightarrow still seems effective, need more results

Conclusion

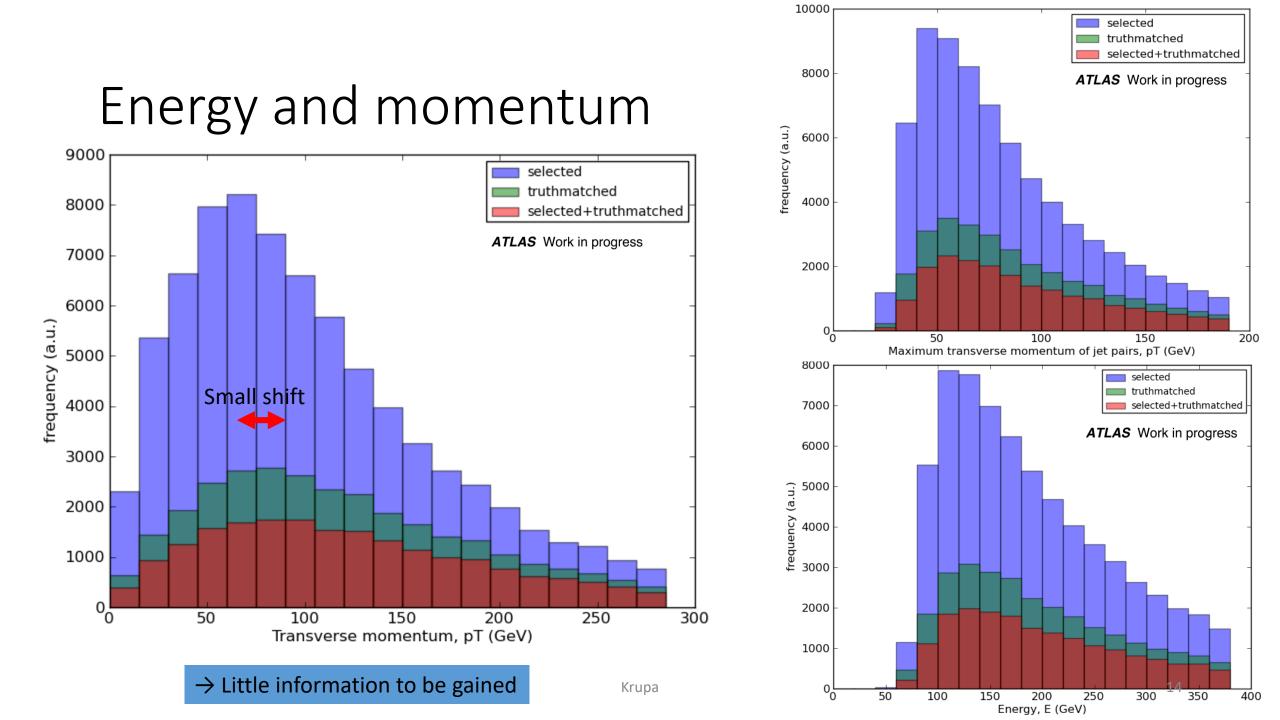
- Observed increase in relative separation
 - In principle, correct reconstruction is done more often
- Very little cost
 - Additional computation time is negligible → any improvements are for free
- Further studies required to fully understand invariant mass separation and secondary selections in 20.7
 - Asymmetric invariant mass cut
 - Different variable to cut on
- Need to do full fit

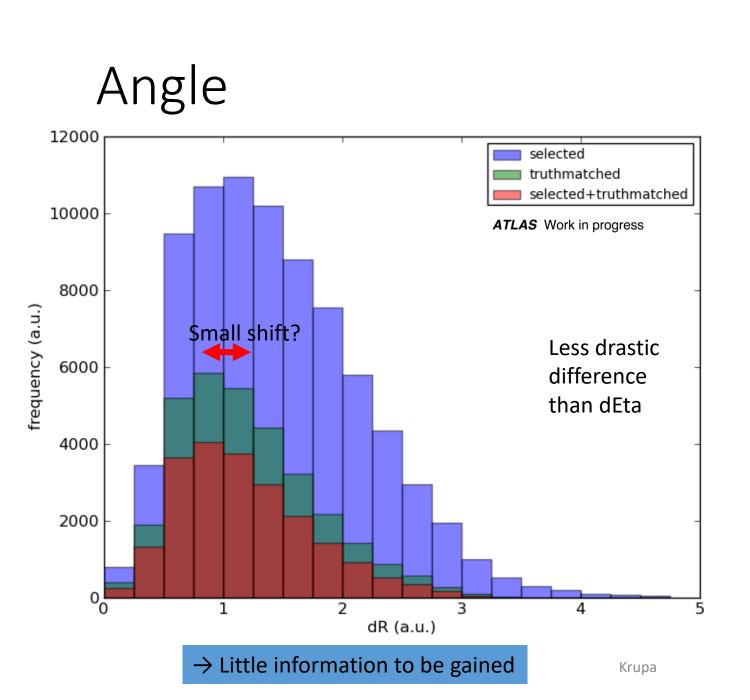


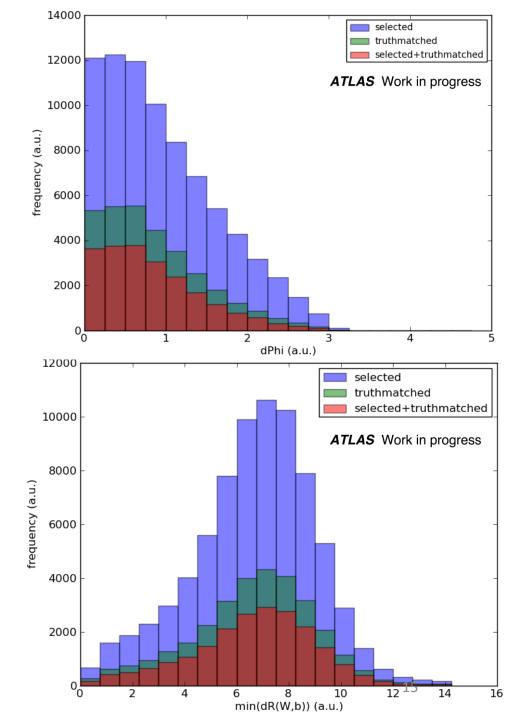
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- TRIUMF

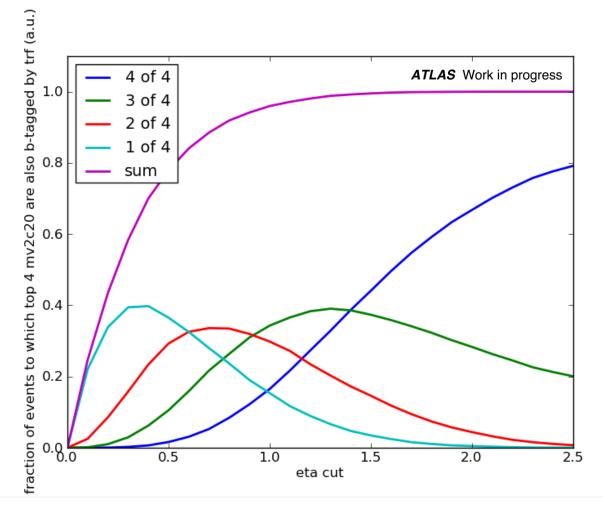
Backup







mv2 / TRF comparison



→ at nominal cut of |eta| < 2.5, TRF and mv2c20 agree on b-tagged jets 80% of the time