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Precision mass measurements of neutron-rich chromium isotopes and the development of ground-state collectivity towards $N=40$

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Exotic neutron-rich nuclei around $N=40$ exhibit rapid structural changes with proton and neutron number. While $^{68}\text{Ni}_{40}$ shows signatures of a doubly magic nucleus, excitation energies and transition strengths suggest a rapid development of collectivity in the ground state of neutron-rich ^{26}Fe and ^{24}Cr isotopes towards $N=40$. Accurate masses in this region of the nuclear chart are essential to elaborate nuclear structure in what is now called the second “island of inversion”. The masses of neutron-rich chromium isotopes were too imprecisely known to address the shape of the mass surface towards ^{64}Cr , where a maximal quadrupole deformation is thought to be reached. Although chromium was not considered to be a well-produced “ISOL” element, successful laser-ionization developments combined with high-sensitivity mass spectrometry enabled the mass measurements of $^{52-63}\text{Cr}$ during two ISOLDE experimental campaigns in October 2014 and April 2016, using the Penning-trap mass spectrometer ISOLTRAP. These measurements greatly refine our knowledge of the mass surface in this region, indicating a progressive onset of collectivity towards $N=40$. The results of the measurement campaigns will be presented and compared to theoretical predictions.

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