



Status of LARP

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US LHC User Association Annual Meeting 2016 LBNL, November 2-4, 2016

LARP & HL-LHC Accelerator Upgrade Project

- The LHC Accelerator Research Program LARP was created to explore advanced technology for future upgrades to the LHC.
 - Started in ~2004 with focus on Nb₃Sn Magnets and Accelerator system Research (CC, Rotatable Collimators, e-lens, WBFS, etc)
 - Run since FY14 with clear Risk Reduction mandate to minimize the technical risk for possible US contributions to HL-LHC.
- DOE plans to contribute to the HL-LHC upgrade through a <u>Project</u> called HL-LHC Accelerator Upgrade Project
 - Governed by DOE Order 413.3B which applies to capital assets projects having a Total Project Cost greater than or equal to \$50M
- A Properly managed handshaking between LARP and HL-LHC AUP will be a major element of the future success of the US contribution to HL-LHC.



Proposed U.S. contributions to HL-LHC



Insertion Region layout from the IP to Q4

Large Aperture IR Quadrupoles:

- ➢ From 70 mm MQXA/B to 150 mm MQXF
- From NbTi to Nb₃Sn for higher field/gradient
- ▶ Minimum β^* from 0.55 m to 0.15 m
- Compatible with 10x integrated luminosity

Crab cavities:

- > Deflect bunch at IP to collide head-on
- Restore luminosity loss due to crossing angle
- Requires compact superconducting cavities





U.S. IR Quadrupoles Scope for HL-LHC

Five Q1 and five Q3 Cryostated Magnets

- 50% of total IR Quads required (CERN provides Q2s)
- Includes 1 spare of each (8 for tunnel + 2 spares)
 - Q1 and Q3 cold masses are expected to be ~identical
- Q1/Q3 magnetic length = 4.2+4.2 m
- Cryostats from CERN as "assembly kits"





U.S. Crab Cavities Scope for HL-LHC

Ten Dressed RFD Crab Cavities

LARP

- 50% of total required (CERN provides the other 50%)
- Includes 2 spares (8 for tunnel + 2 spares)
- Note that the U.S. definition of "dressed" cavity does not include Power Coupler or other elements



Schedule

- U.S. Deliverables must support LHC tunnel installation during CERN's "Long Shutdown 3" (LS3) in 2024-2026
- The last U.S. deliverable for tunnel installation must be at CERN by the mid of CY2024 at the latest to give enough time for CERN to execute their scope prior to tunnel installation





HL-LHC AUP / LARP Handshaking

- The US HL-LHC AUP project scope is restricted to <u>series</u> production of US deliverables
 - No R&D, no prototypes
 - Project cost estimate is based on this assumption
- LARP scope is now primarily demonstration and risk reduction for the project, including the specification, design, fabrication, and test of HL-LHC tunnel-ready prototypes
 - LARP activities must demonstrate series production readiness of US deliverables to HL-LHC
 - This assumption needs to be supported by adequate LARP funding in FY18-20 (amounts requested, but no DOE guidance provided yet)



MQXF Quadrupole Parameters and Design

PARAMETER	Unit	MQXFA/B
Coil aperture	mm	150
Magnetic length	m	4.2/7.15
N. of layers		2
N. of turns Inner-Outer layer		22-28
Operation temperature	K	1.9
Nominal gradient	T/m	132.6
Nominal current	kA	16.5
Peak field at nom. current	Т	11.4
Stored energy at nom. curr.	MJ/m	1.2
Diff. inductance	mH/m	8.2











MQXF is based on LARP Nb₃Sn Development





MQXFS1 Short Model Test Results

Demonstrated quench performance well above LHC requirements:

- Surpassed I.nom after 8 quenches and I.ult after 16 quenches
 - Highest quench: 18.1 kA, 145 T/m, B_{max} 12.5 T, 84.2% of SSL
- Retained the highest quench level at 4.5 K, achieving 92.6% of short sample limit
- First quench after thermal cycle was at maximum level achieved during first TC
- Several accelerator cycles including precycle and 2-3 ramps to I.nom or I.ult were performed during both TC1 and TC2
- Capability of maintain I.nom and I.ult over an extended period of time was demonstrated in both thermal cycles
- Additional short model tests are currently underway at FNAL and CERN







MQXF Long Prototypes

- 4m coil in mirror magnet is under test
- First prototype magnet test in spring 2017
 - 4 m coils: one 1st gen + three 2nd gen coils
- Second prototype magnet test in 2017-2018
 - 4.2 m coils: all 2nd gen coils (<u>first tunnel ready MQXF</u>)
- Third prototype magnet test in early 2019
 - 4.2 m coils, 1st structure with thin laminations
- First prototype cold mass test in early 2020







Q1, Q3 Manufacturing Flow Plan



U.S. Roadmap to HL-LHC Cavities

Roadmap:

- 1. Complete the SPS DQW and RFD Bare Prototypes
- 2. Fabricate 2 HL-LHC RFD Dressed Prototypes
- 3. Fabricate 10 HL-LHC Dressed RFD Series





U.S. SPS Prototypes

- Two bare RFD SPS Prototypes and two bare DQW SPS Prototypes under construction mainly by Niowave/Jlab/ODU/BNL and near completion
- Providing valuable experience and "lessons learned" for the production of HL-LHC DQW and RFD cavities at both CERN and the U.S.
- Final prototypes for installation in SPS will be fabricated by CERN







DQW Cavity



DQW Cavity

RFD Cavity

RFD Production Manufacturing Flow Plan





Summary

- Progress being made on several fronts for full approval of HL-LHC AUP in US
 - Coordinated approach between CERN and US on technical and organizational activities for HL-LHC
 - HL-LHC AUP preliminary integrated schedule satisfy DOE funding profile and CERN delivery dates requirements
 - Excellent results from initial prototypes confirm the main design choices and performance targets
- Current priorities:
 - Ensure proper HL-LHC AUP/LARP handshaking on magnets and crab cavities in FY18-20.
 - Improve project funding profile to allow creation of schedule float
 - Development and formal approval of functional requirements and interface specifications for Q1/Q3 and RFDs cavities

