

IAEA and ADS

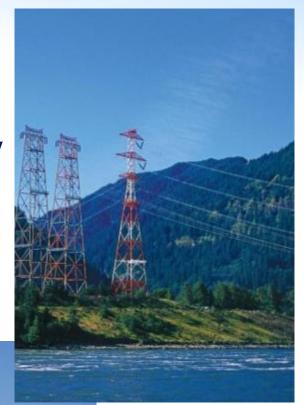
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Nuclear Power Technology Development
Department of Nuclear Energy
International Atomic Energy Agency

EuCARD² – Status of Accelerator Driven Systems
Research and Technology Development
7-9 February 2017

IAEA Statute



"...accelerate & enlarge contribution of atomic energy to peace, health and prosperity..."



IAEA: Main work areas A 60 Years



Nuclear Technology & Applications



Nuclear Safety & Security



Safeguards & Verification



Nuclear Energy

Nuclear Safety & Security

Safeguards

Nuclear Sciences & Applications

Technical Cooperation

IAEA & SDGs







































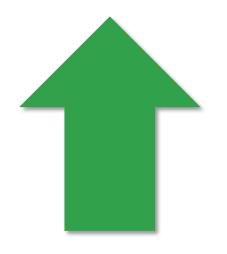
Energy 2016





Energy challenge





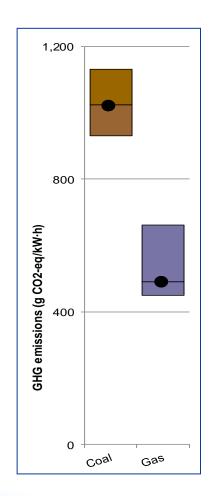
Population
Energy demand
Energy security

Environment Climate change

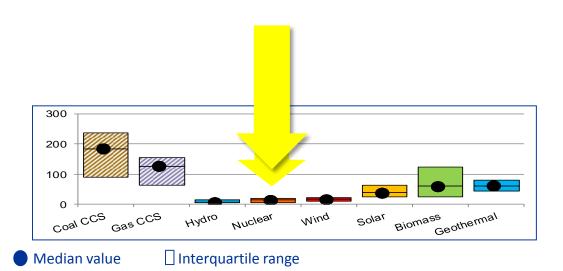


Nuclear power is a low-carbon energy source





Life cycle GHG emissions from electricity generation



NP Reactors



(as of 30 January 2017)

449 in operation



392 GW(e) Capacity

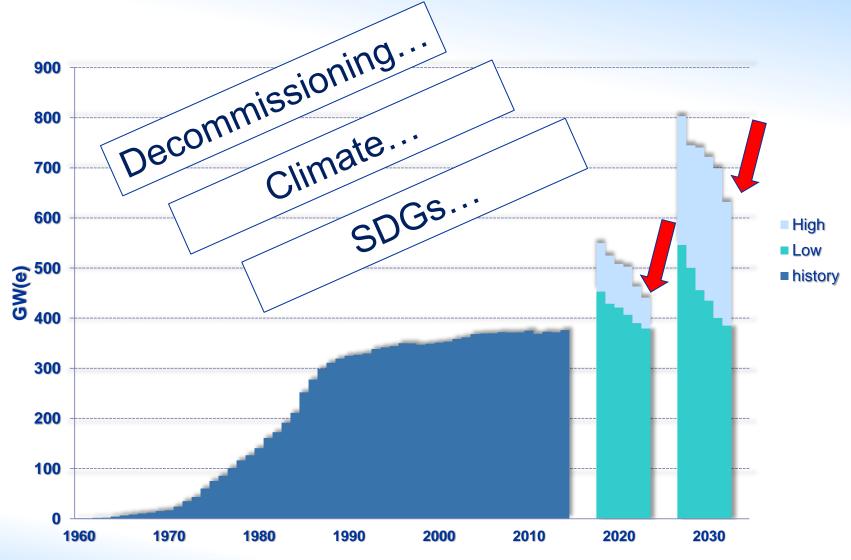


60 under construction (2/3 in Asia)



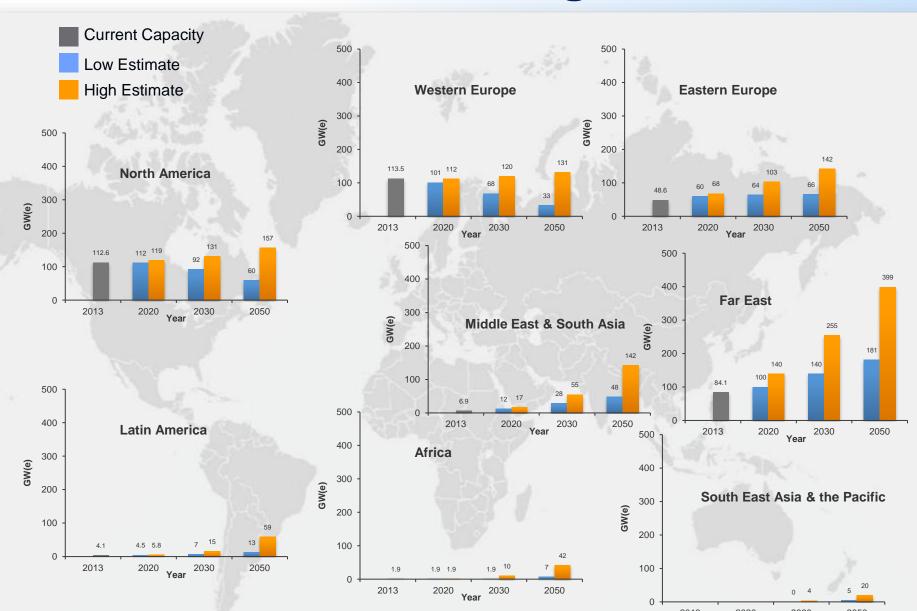
2030 Projections





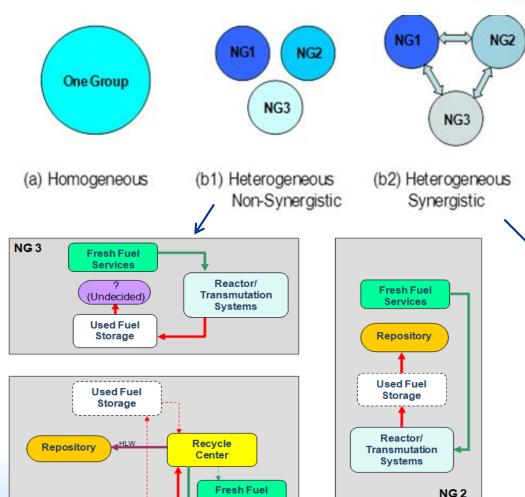
NP Development in Different Regions





International Project on Innovative Nuclear Reactors and Fuel Cycles "Global Scenarios": Heterogeneous world model introduced in GAINS

CP on SYNERGIES and ROADMAPS



Services

Reactor/

Transmutation

Systems

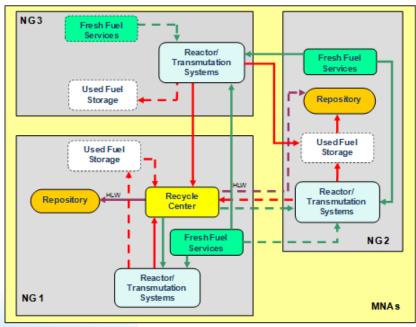
NG₁

Non-personified, non-geographical groups of countries with different policies regarding the fuel cycle back end:

NG1-recycling strategy;

NG2-direct disposal/reprocessing abroad strategy

NG3- looking for minimal NFC infrastructure: disposal or reprocessing abroad



Advanced Technologies



ARIS Database

- Reactor
 Technology
 Assessment
 Methodology
- Non-electric applications





Technical Working Groups related to P&T and FNS:

Group of experts from MSs that advises the IAEA on the definition and implementation of programmatic activities

- TWG-NFCO: focuses on nuclear fuel cycle options: innovative fuel cycles and nuclear materials management
- TWG-FR: fast spectrum systems, both critical and subcritical, for energy production and transmutation of longlived radionuclides



Vienna, April 2016



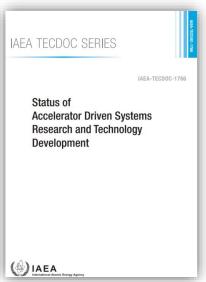
Buenos Aires, May 2016



TECDOC: Status of the Accelerator Driven Systems Research and Technology Development



- Update of the IAEA-TECDOC-985 published in 1998
- Content of the document:
 - Description of the different ADS concepts under development
 - State of the art of research and technological development
 - National and international programmes and projects
- 350 pages document, with 100 contributors.
- Published in 2015 and available online



CRP on Analytical and Experimental Benchmark Analysis of Accelerator Driven Systems



Use of LEU in Accelerator Driven Subcritical Systems both carried out from 2005 to 2010

- Knowledge and understanding about existing or proposed ADS facilities.
- 8 benchmark analytical and experimental exercises on ADS
- Perform additional studies on physics and operational characteristics of ADS facilities
- Investigate options for carrying out ADS research using low enriched uranium (LEU) fuel



Expected to be published in July 2017

CRP on "Accelerator Driven Sub-critical Systems (ADS) and Use of Low Enriched Uranium (LEU) in ADS"

Main Objectives

- Focus on Developing LEU ADS Systems
- Continue Development of Analytical Techniques
 - Experimentation in facilities
 - Benchmarks against analytical results
 - Development of new measurement techniques
 - Sensitivity studies between various cross section libraries
- Application Development and Demonstration
 - Spent fuel transmutation
 - Radioisotope production
 - Material irradiation
 - Thorium fuel cycle development

CRP started in December 2015 with 24 participants from 14 MSs





> ADS Library



HOME

ADS-ENDF (ENDF form at)

ADS-ACE (ACE form at)

ADS-MATXS (MATXS form at)

ADS-GENDF

(GENDF form at)

NJOY INPUTS (by material)

> Downloads

NJOY UPDATES

NIOY INPUTS (all)

ADS Nuclear Data Library v2.0

ACE formatted Library for Accelerator Driven Systems

(Energy continuous data for Monte Carlo Calculations)

ADS-ACE: Contains pointwise continuous-energy cross-section data in ACE format for MCNP calculations at different temperatures; also includes probability tables (PT) in the unresolved resonance range, if applicable.

Element	Isotopes				
<u>H</u>	<u>H-1</u>	<u>H-2</u>	Thermal scattering law	HINH2O	DIND2
<u>He</u>	He-3	<u>He-4</u>			
Ļį	<u>Li-6</u>	<u>Li-7</u>			
<u>Be</u>	Be-9				
<u>B</u>	<u>B-10</u>	B-11			
<u>C</u>	<u>C-nat</u>		Thermal scattering law	GRAPHITE	
N	N-14	<u>N-15</u>			
Ō	0-16				
E	F-19				

IAEA Catalogue of Facilities in Support of LMFNS

Search this site

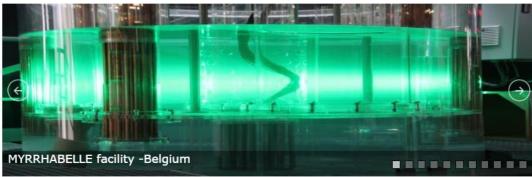
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LMFNS Facilities Database

Overview of SFR

Overview of LFR LMFNS Compendium

Catalogue of Facilities in Support of Liquid Metal-cooled Fast Neutron Systems (LMFNS Catalogue)



This LMFNS catalogue is a living database, which is, in its current form, presents an electronic version of section 4 of the IAEA Nuclear Energy Series publication (in progress) "Experimental Facilities in Support of Liquid Metal Cooled Fast Neutron Systems. A Compendium".

LMFNS Compendium. Summary of the IAEA publication

To overview the potential capabilities of 150 experimental facilities in 14 IAEA Member States to support the development and deployment of the innovative Liquid Metal cooled Fast Neutron Systems (LMFNS) and navigate yourself through the LMFNS Facilities Database" click on the below buttons:

Overview of SFR

Overview of LFR

For detailed information on these facilities 1) click on the below button "LMFNS Facilities Database" (also on top of this page), 2) select the Coolant technology - SFR, LFR or both in the search box, 3) use other search and filtering tools as appropriate, 4) click on the Facility Profile you are interested in.

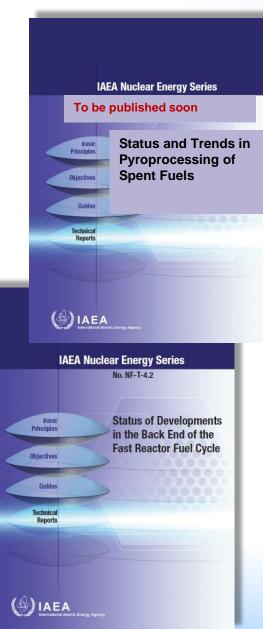
LMFNS Facilities Database

Announcements:

15-19 May 2017 50th Meeting of the Technical Working Group on Fast Reactors, VIC. Austria

Innovative Fuel Cycles





- TM on "Challenges in Reprocessing Used Fast Reactor Fuels", Vienna, June 2015
- TM on "Advanced Fuel Cycles for Waste Burden Minimisation", Vienna July 2016

France, China, Hungary, India, Japan, Republic of Korea, Russia Federation and USA

ACTIVITY RECENTLY LAUCHED

Technical document on different strategies and advanced technologies for waste burden minimisation in order to enhance nuclear power sustainability

Technical Meeting on "Advanced Fuel Cycles to Improve the Sustainability of Nuclear Power through the Minimization of High Level Waste",

17-19 October 2017, IAEA, Vienna

Integrated Nuclear Fuel Cycle Information System



http://infcis.iaea.org





Post Irradiation Examination Facilities Database (PIE)



PIE is derived from a catalogue of such facilities worldwide that the IAEA issued in the 1990s. It includes a complete survey of the main characteristics of hot cells and their PIE capabilities.

Nuclear Fuel Cycle Information System (NFCIS)



NFCIS covers civilian nuclear fuel cycle facilities around the world. It contains information on operational and non-operational, planned, and cancelled facilities.

All stages of nuclear fuel cycle activities are covered, starting from uranium ore production to spent fuel storage facilities.

Minor Actinide Property Database (MADB)

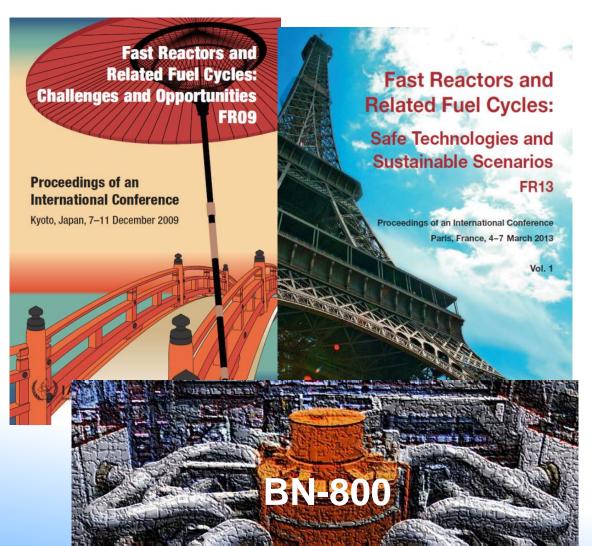


MADB is a bibliographic database on physico-chemical properties of selected Minor Actinide compounds and alloys. The materials and properties are selected based on their importance in the advanced nuclear fuel cycle options.

Forthcoming IAEA Emerging Technologies Workshops: Trends and Implications for Safeguards Vienna, 13-16 February 2017

- ➤ **Objectives:** increase the Safeguard Department's awareness and preparedness for addressing emerging technologies (nuclear and non-nuclear) that are expected to impact IAEA safeguards implementation work in the coming years.
- Priority themes: transportable reactors, Generation IV reactors, transmutation systems, laser technologies, additive manufacturing, etc.
- ➤ Example → ADS Facilities
 - ✓ No critical mass → no criticality test
 - ✓ Challenges:
 - Estimation of the quantity of fissile material in the core;
 - Identification of misused targets in the core/blanket (if present);
 - Power depends from the neutron source and not only from the quantity of fissile material in the core
 - ✓ New SG approaches/methods may be needed to verify ADS

3rd International Conference on Fast Reactors and Related Fuel Cycles (FR17) Yekaterinburg, RF, 26-29 June 2017





International Conference on

FAST REACTORS AND RELATED FUEL CYCLES:

Next Generation Nuclear Systems for Sustainable Development

FR17

26–29 June 2017 Yekaterinburg, Russian Federation



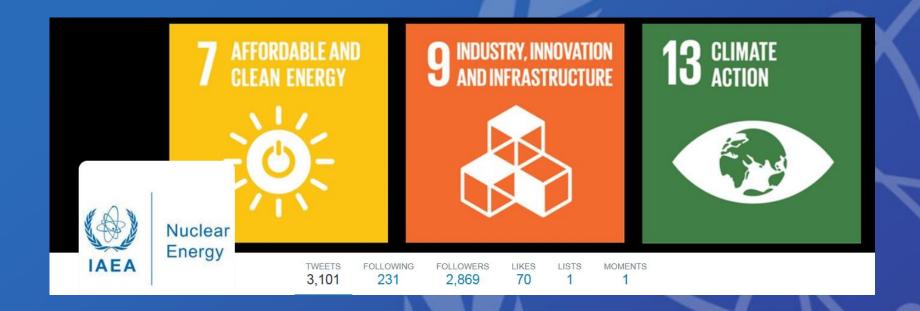








Thank you!



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