

New Corrections to the r/cMSSM Higgs Masses and Mixings

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1. Introduction
2. Corrections of $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_b\alpha_s)$ in the rMSSM
3. Corrections of $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t\alpha_s)$ in the cMSSM
4. Conclusions

1. Introduction

Enlarged Higgs sector: Two Higgs doublets

$$H_1 = \begin{pmatrix} H_1^1 \\ H_1^2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} v_1 + (\phi_1 + i\chi_1)/\sqrt{2} \\ \phi_1^- \end{pmatrix}$$

$$H_2 = \begin{pmatrix} H_2^1 \\ H_2^2 \end{pmatrix} = e^{i\xi} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_2^+ \\ v_2 + (\phi_2 + i\chi_2)/\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = m_1^2 H_1 \bar{H}_1 + m_2^2 H_2 \bar{H}_2 - (m_{12}^2 \epsilon_{ab} H_1^a H_2^b + \text{h.c.}) \\ + \underbrace{\frac{g'^2 + g^2}{8}}_{\text{gauge couplings, in contrast to SM}} (H_1 \bar{H}_1 - H_2 \bar{H}_2)^2 + \underbrace{\frac{g^2}{2}}_{\text{SM}} |H_1 \bar{H}_2|^2$$

Five physical states: h^0, H^0, A^0, H^\pm (no \mathcal{CPV} at tree-level)

2 \mathcal{CP} -violating phases: $\xi, \arg(m_{12}) \Rightarrow$ can compensate each other

Input parameters: $\tan \beta = \frac{v_2}{v_1}, M_A$ or M_{H^\pm}

\tilde{t}/\tilde{b} sector of the MSSM: (scalar partner of the top/bottom quark)

Stop, sbottom mass matrices ($X_t = A_t - \mu^*/\tan\beta$, $X_b = A_b - \mu^*\tan\beta$):

$$\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{t}}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} M_{\tilde{t}_L}^2 + m_t^2 + DT_{t_1} & m_t X_t^* \\ m_t X_t & M_{\tilde{t}_R}^2 + m_t^2 + DT_{t_2} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\theta_{\tilde{t}}} \begin{pmatrix} m_{\tilde{t}_1}^2 & 0 \\ 0 & m_{\tilde{t}_2}^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{b}}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} M_{\tilde{b}_L}^2 + m_b^2 + DT_{b_1} & m_b X_b^* \\ m_b X_b & M_{\tilde{b}_R}^2 + m_b^2 + DT_{b_2} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\theta_{\tilde{b}}} \begin{pmatrix} m_{\tilde{b}_1}^2 & 0 \\ 0 & m_{\tilde{b}_2}^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

mixing important in stop sector (also in sbottom sector for large $\tan\beta$)

soft SUSY-breaking parameters A_t, A_b also appear in ϕ - \tilde{t}/\tilde{b} couplings

$$SU(2) \text{ relation} \Rightarrow M_{\tilde{t}_L} = M_{\tilde{b}_L}$$

\Rightarrow relation between $m_{\tilde{t}_1}, m_{\tilde{t}_2}, \theta_{\tilde{t}}, m_{\tilde{b}_1}, m_{\tilde{b}_2}, \theta_{\tilde{b}}$

Contrary to the SM:

m_h is not a free parameter

MSSM tree-level bound: $m_h < M_Z$, excluded by LEP Higgs searches

Large radiative corrections:

Dominant one-loop corrections:

$$\Delta m_h^2 \sim G_\mu m_t^4 \ln \left(\frac{m_{\tilde{t}_1} m_{\tilde{t}_2}}{m_t^2} \right)$$

The MSSM Higgs sector is connected to all other sector via loop corrections (especially to the scalar top sector)

Measurement of m_h , Higgs couplings \Rightarrow test of the theory

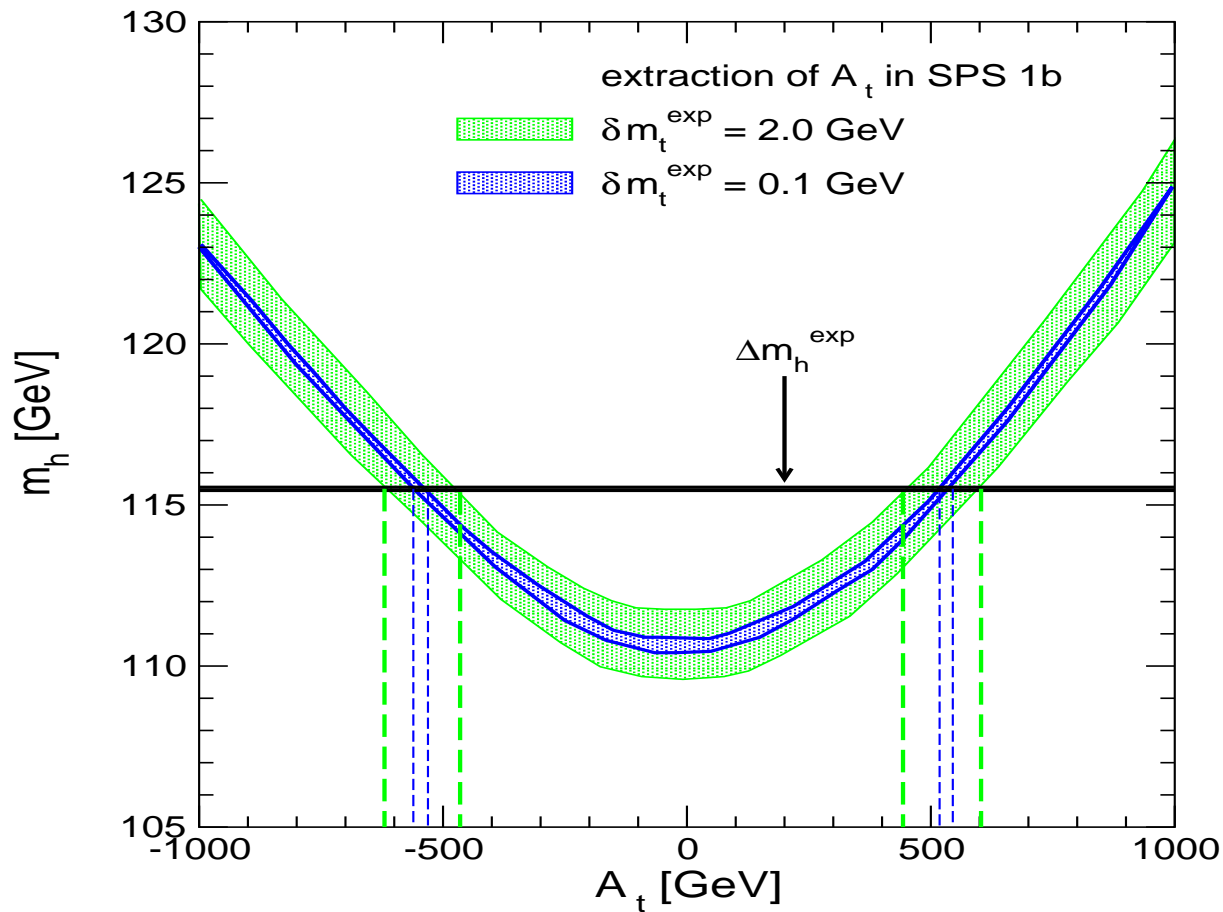
LC: $\Delta m_h \approx 0.05$ GeV

\Rightarrow aim for theoretical precision!

($\Rightarrow m_h$ will be (the best?) electroweak precision observable)

Example of application: m_h prediction as a function of A_t

[S.H., S. Kraml, W. Porod, G. Weiglein '02]



SPS1b:

$m_{\tilde{t}_1}, m_{\tilde{t}_2}, m_{\tilde{b}_1}, m_{\tilde{b}_2}$ known,

A_t unknown

$\tan \beta, M_A$ known,

realistic parametric
errors assumed

(from SUSY exp. errors)

\Rightarrow extraction of A_t possible
Theory error neglected

$\Rightarrow m_h$ is crucial input for SUSY fit programs (Fittino, Sfitter)

2. Correction of $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_b\alpha_s)$ in the rMSSM

Evaluation of Higgs boson masses in the MSSM with real parameters:

Two-point vertex function:

$$\Gamma(q^2) = \begin{pmatrix} q^2 - m_{H,\text{tree}}^2 + \hat{\Sigma}_{HH}(q^2) & \hat{\Sigma}_{hH}(q^2) \\ \hat{\Sigma}_{hH}(q^2) & q^2 - m_{h,\text{tree}}^2 + \hat{\Sigma}_{hh}(q^2) \end{pmatrix}$$

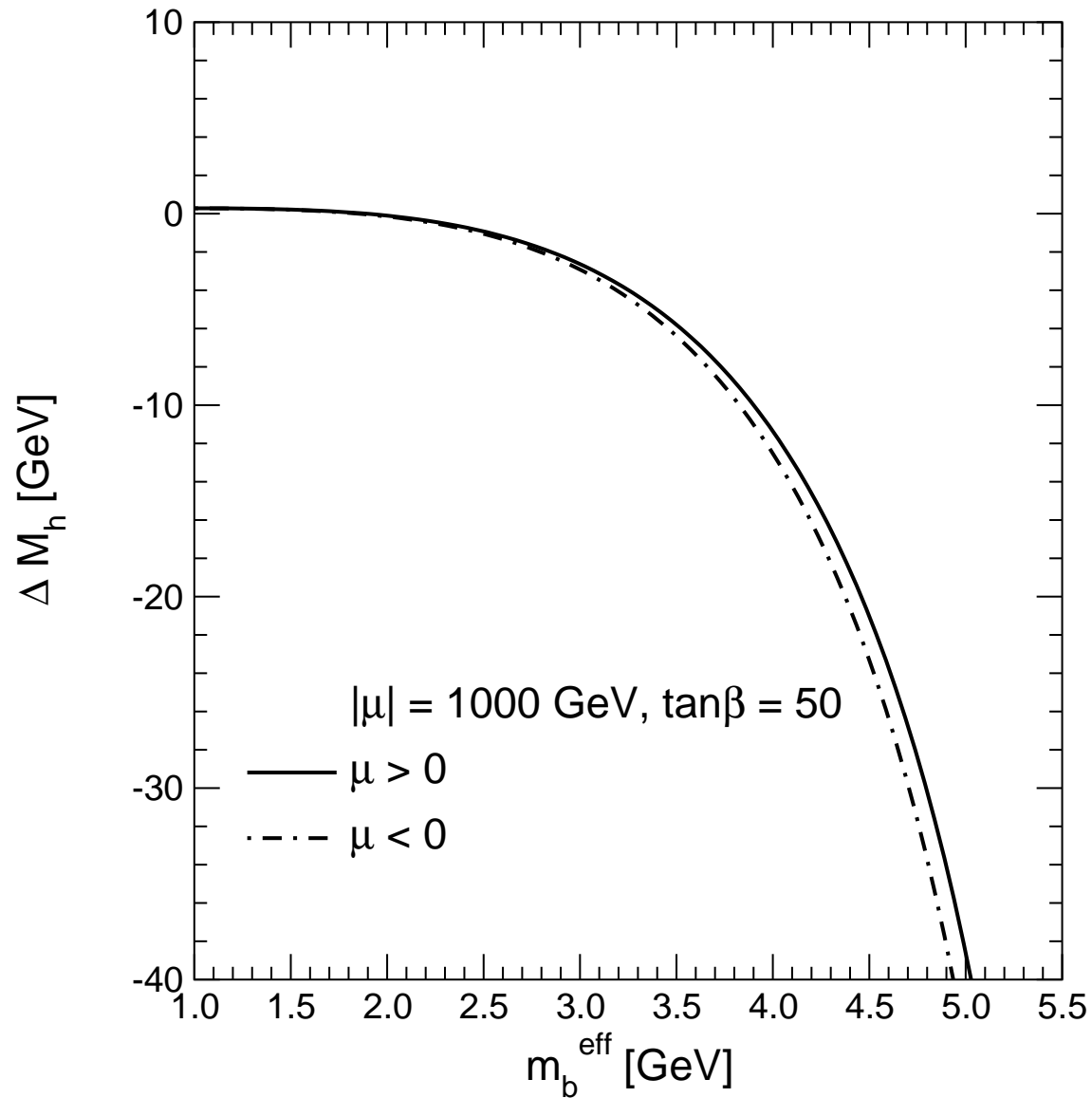
determination of $\det(\Gamma(q^2)) = 0 \Rightarrow M_h, M_H, \alpha_{\text{eff}}, \dots$

Main task: calculation of $\hat{\Sigma}(q^2)$, including renormalization

Here:

- evaluation of 2-loop corrections of $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_b\alpha_s)$
- comparison of 4 different renormalization schemes

Motivation: Why 2-loop corrections in the b/\tilde{b} sector?



1-loop corrections $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_b)$ to M_h
can be sizable

Precise M_h prediction

\Rightarrow 2-loop corrections necessary

The Higgs self-energy at 2-loop:

→ α_s correction to the leading 1-loop term $\sim m_b^4$

Approximations:

- only m_b^2 ($\sim y_b^2$) terms
- gauge couplings are set to 0
- external momentum is set to 0

$$\Rightarrow \widehat{\Sigma}_{22}^{(2)}(q^2) \approx \Sigma_{22}^{(2)}(0) + \cos^2 \beta \delta M_A^2(2) - \frac{e}{2 M_W s_W} \left(\sin^2 \beta \cos \beta \delta t_1^{(2)} - \sin \beta (1 + \cos^2 \beta) \delta t_2^{(2)} \right)$$

in the $\phi_1\phi_2$ basis with

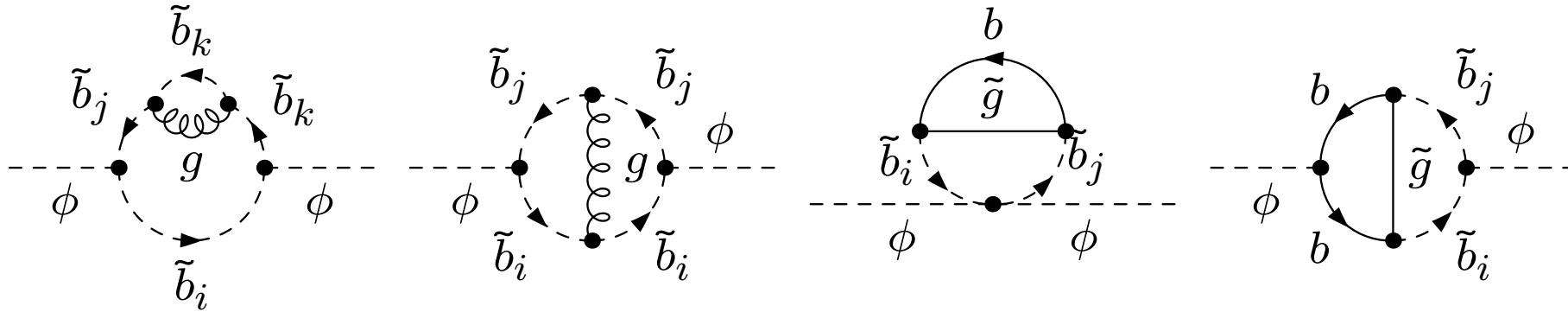
$\Sigma_{22}^{(2)}(0)$: unrenormalized 2-2 self-energy

$\delta M_A^2(2) = \Sigma_A^{(2)}(0)$: A mass counter term

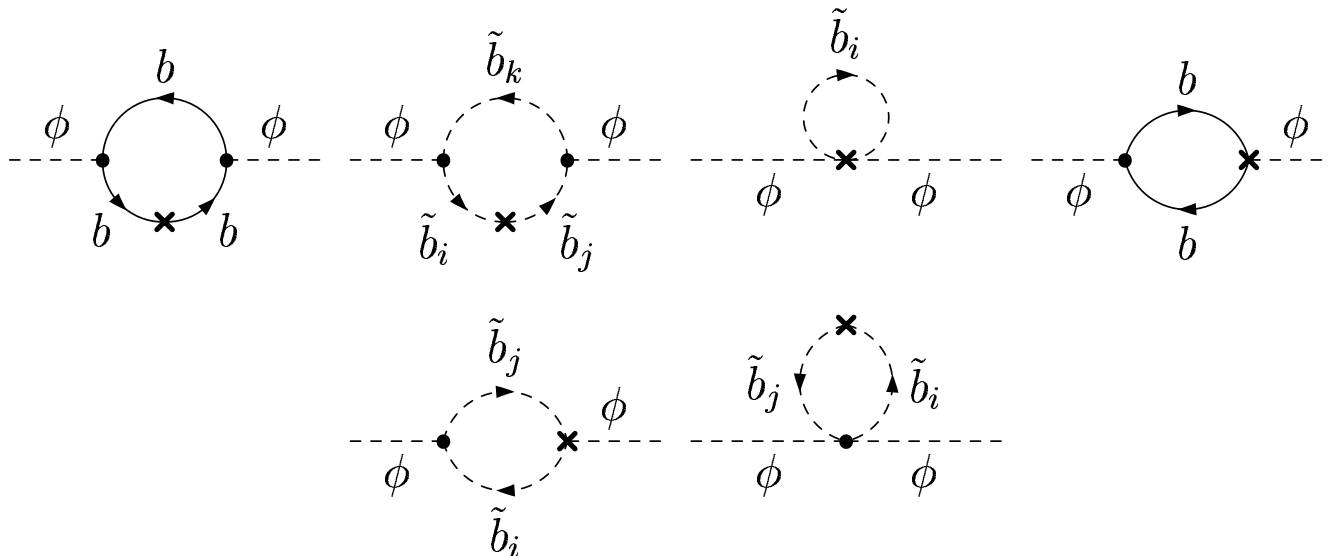
$\delta t_i^{(2)} = -T_i^{(2)}$: ϕ_i tad-pole

Contributions to the 2-loop self-energy:

2-loop self-energy diagrams:



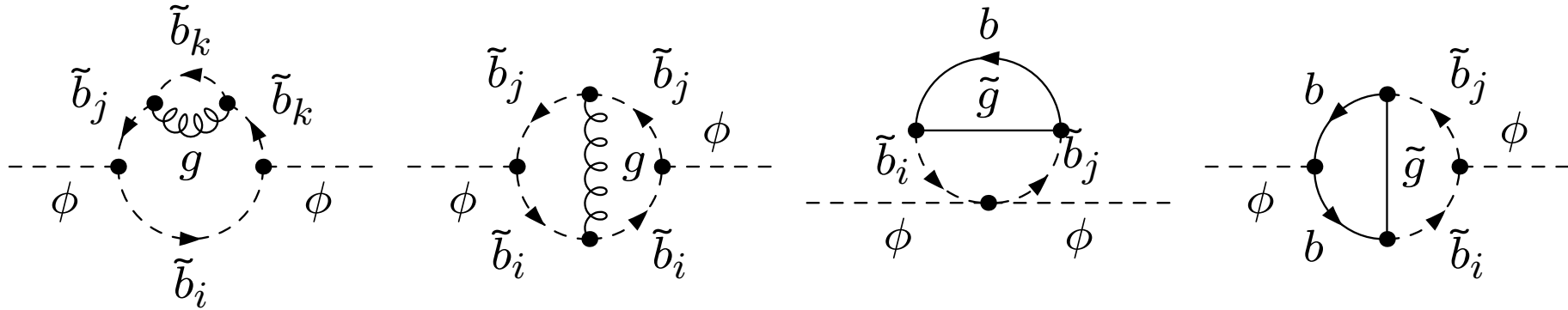
diagrams with counter term insertion:



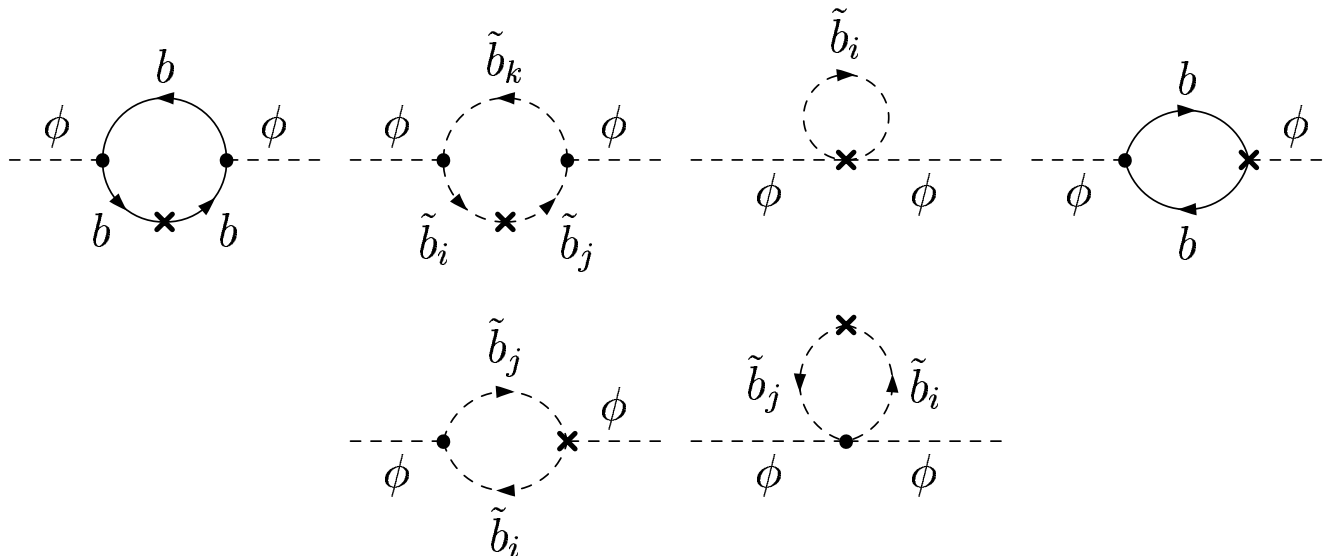
→ different renormalization schemes enter

Contributions to the 2-loop self-energy:

2-loop self-energy diagrams:



diagrams with counter term insertion:



→ different renormalization schemes enter ⇒ **the real problem!**

Renormalization:

Calculation of two-loop corrections of $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t\alpha_s)$ and $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_b\alpha_s)$

⇒ parameters of the t/\tilde{t} and b/\tilde{b} are defined at the 1-loop level

⇒ different choices of renormalization possible

t/\tilde{t} sector:	one renormalization scheme: 4 independent parameters: $m_{\tilde{t}_1}, m_{\tilde{t}_2}, \theta_{\tilde{t}}, m_t$ on-shell → A_t given in terms of the others
-----------------------	--

b/\tilde{b} sector: four schemes analyzed

Investigation of scheme dependence:

⇒ information about size of missing higher order corrections

⇒ estimate of theory uncertainty

Renormalization schemes in the b/\tilde{b} sector:

$$SU(2) \text{ relation} \Rightarrow M_{\tilde{t}_L} = M_{\tilde{b}_L}$$

\Rightarrow out of $m_{\tilde{b}_1}$, $m_{\tilde{b}_2}$, $\theta_{\tilde{b}}$, A_b , m_b only 3 are independent

\Rightarrow two parameters (incl. CTs) are given in terms of the others

In all four schemes: $m_{\tilde{b}_1}$ dep. ($SU(2)$ relation), $m_{\tilde{b}_2}$ OS

scheme	b-mass m_b	A_b	mixing angle $\theta_{\tilde{b}}$
m_b \overline{DR}	\overline{DR}	\overline{DR}	dep.
$A_b, \theta_{\tilde{b}}$ OS	dep.	OS	OS
$A_b, \theta_{\tilde{b}}$ \overline{DR}	\overline{DR}	dep.	\overline{DR}
m_b OS	OS	dep.	OS

\Rightarrow scheme m_b OS: analogous to the t/\tilde{t} sector
 \rightarrow obvious choice ?

Resummed bottom quark mass:

→ absorb the leading corrections in a resummed form in the bottom quark mass at the 1-loop level

$$m_b^{\overline{\text{DR}}} = \frac{\tilde{m}_b^{\text{pole}} + \sum_b^{\tan \beta \text{non-enh.}} |_{\text{fin}}}{1 + \Delta m_b}$$

with

$$\Delta m_b = \frac{2\alpha_s}{3\pi} \tan \beta \mu m_{\tilde{g}} I(m_{\tilde{b}_1}^2, m_{\tilde{b}_2}^2, m_{\tilde{g}}^2)$$

$$\sum_b^{\tan \beta \text{non-enh.}} |_{\text{fin}} = \tan \beta \text{ non-enhanced terms in } \Sigma_{b,s}$$

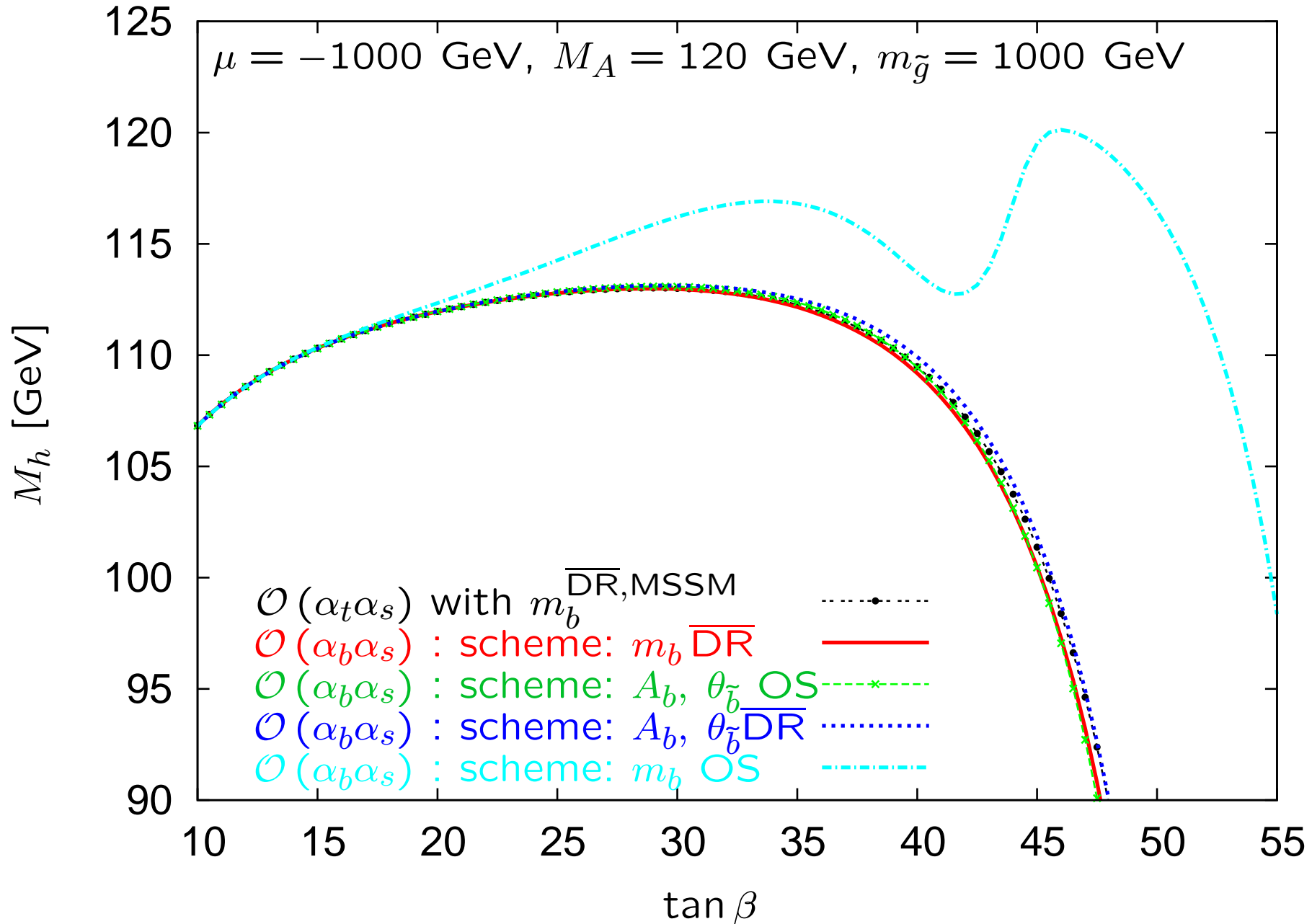
$$\tilde{m}_b^{\text{pole}} = m_b^{\overline{\text{MS}}}(M_Z) \times \left[1 + \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi} \left(\frac{4}{3} - \log \frac{(m_b^{\overline{\text{MS}}})^2}{M_Z^2} \right) \right]$$

“formal” pole mass obtained from the $\overline{\text{MS}}$ mass

⇒ large higher-order corrections included at the 1-loop level

→ other renormalization schemes by finite shift

M_h as a function of $\tan \beta$, $\mu < 0$:



Observations:

- Scheme m_b OS gives very large corrections

Reason: A_b is a dependent quantity \Rightarrow large corrections via δA_b

$$\begin{aligned}\delta A_b &= \frac{1}{m_b} \left[-\frac{\delta m_b}{2 m_b} (m_{\tilde{b}_1}^2 - m_{\tilde{b}_2}^2) \sin 2\theta_{\tilde{b}} + \dots \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{m_b} [-\delta m_b (A_b - \mu \tan \beta) + \dots]\end{aligned}$$

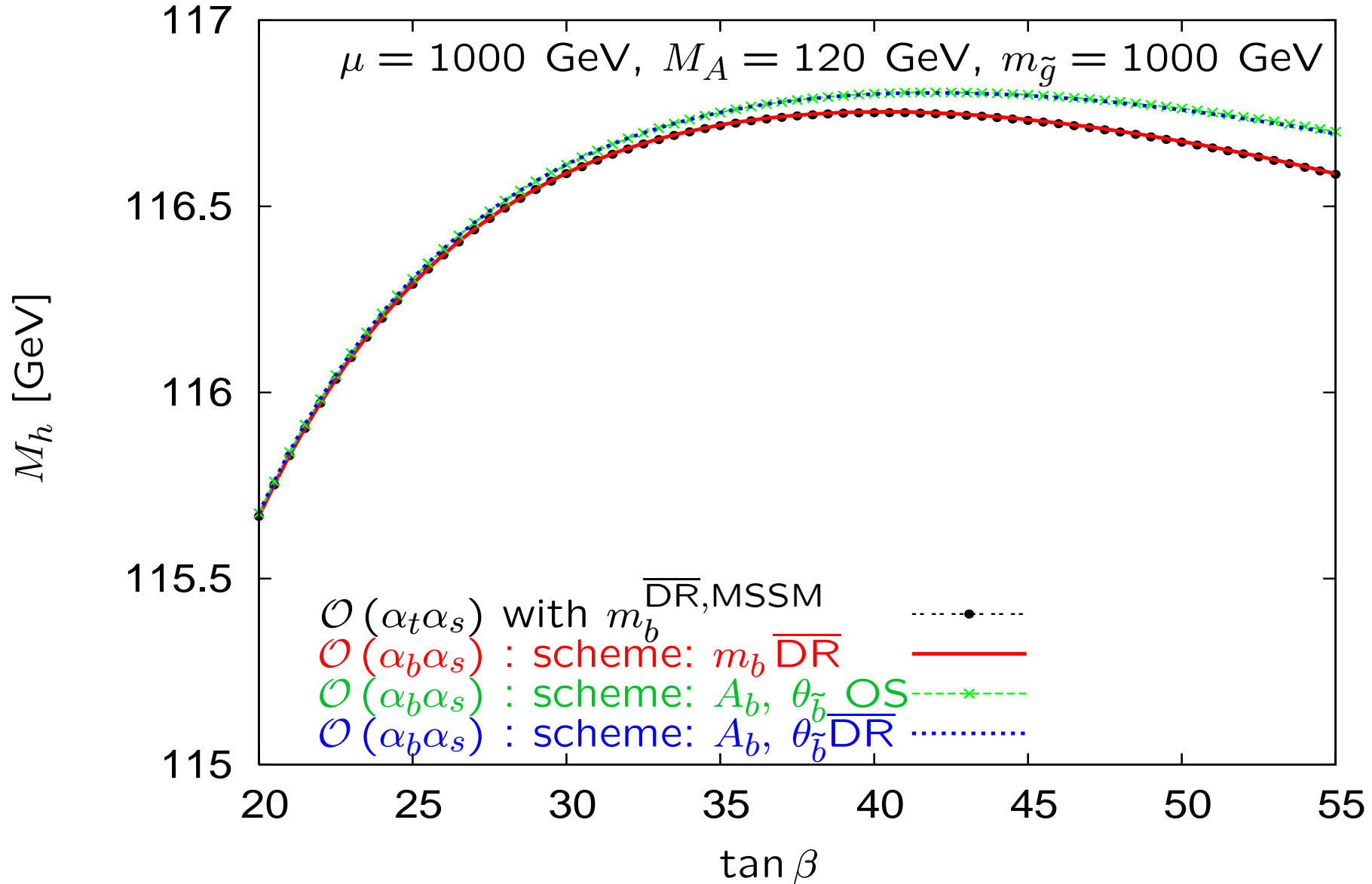
$$\hat{\Sigma}_{HH} \sim (\cos \alpha A_b)^2, \quad \hat{\Sigma}_{hh} \sim (\sin \alpha A_b)^2$$

\Rightarrow effect more pronounced for M_H

\Rightarrow Scheme m_b OS is discarded as a useful renormalization scheme

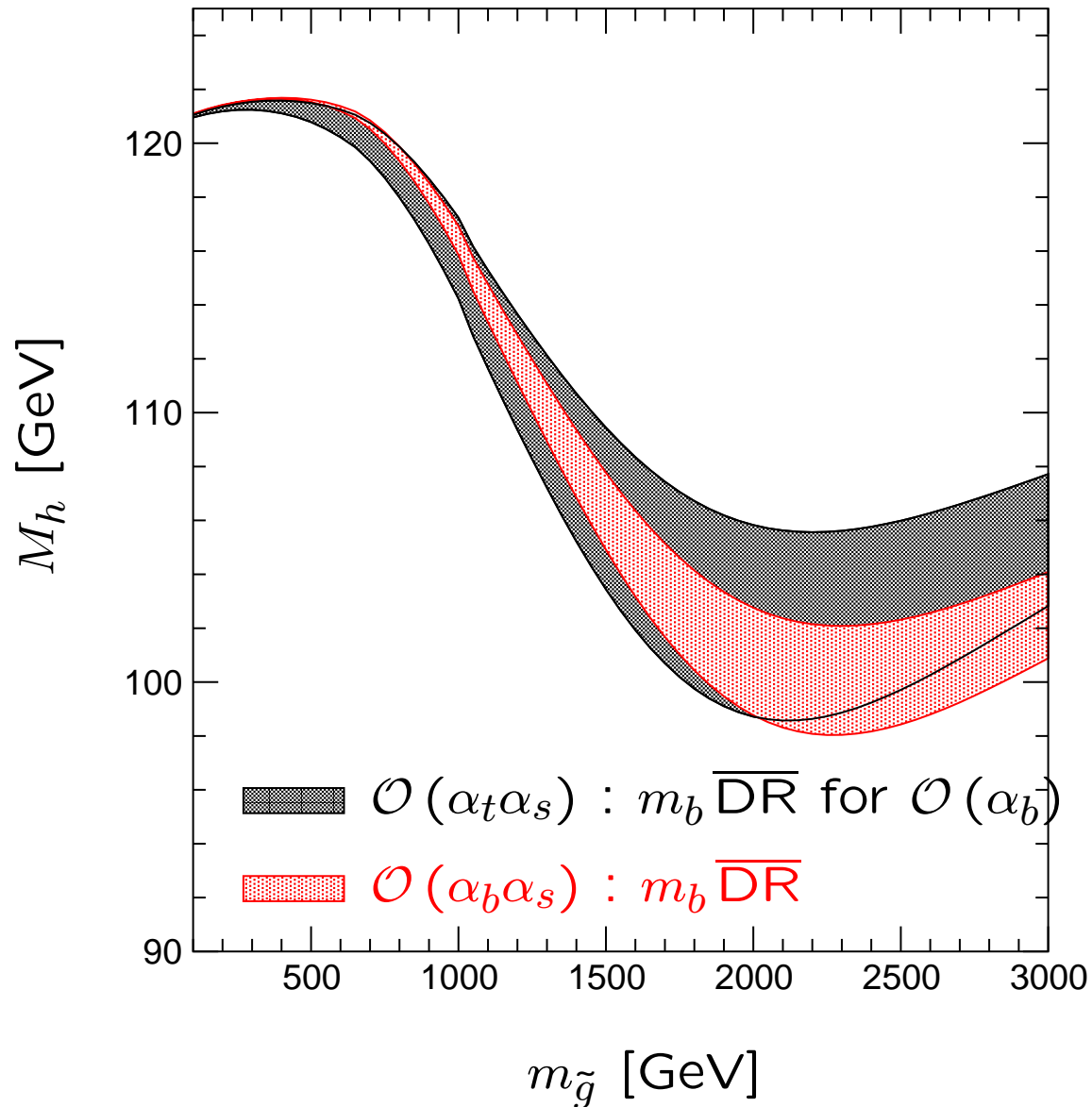
- Other schemes: differences of $\mathcal{O}(1 \text{ GeV})$ for large $\tan \beta$
 \Rightarrow non-negligible

M_h as a function of $\tan \beta$, $\mu > 0$:



\Rightarrow small corrections, **scheme $m_b^{\overline{\text{DR}}}$: “no” correction**

Dependence on renormalization scale $\mu^{\overline{\text{DR}}}$:



$$M_A = 700 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\mu = -1000 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\tan \beta = 50$$

$$m_t/2 \leq \mu^{\overline{\text{DR}}} \leq 2 m_t$$

\Rightarrow scale dependence

$\mathcal{O}(\pm 2 \text{ GeV})$ for large $m_{\tilde{g}}$

3. Corrections of $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t \alpha_s)$ in the cMSSM

Effects of complex parameters in the Higgs sector:

Complex parameters enter via loop corrections:

- μ : Higgsino mass parameter
- $A_{t,b,\tau}$: trilinear couplings $\Rightarrow X_{t,b,\tau} = A_{t,b,\tau} - \mu^* \{\cot \beta, \tan \beta\}$ complex
- $M_{1,2}$: gaugino mass parameter (one phase can be eliminated)
- M_3 : gluino mass parameter

\Rightarrow can induce \mathcal{CP} -violating effects

Result:

$$(A, H, h) \rightarrow (h_3, h_2, h_1)$$

with

$$m_{h_3} > m_{h_2} > m_{h_1}$$

Inclusion of higher-order corrections:

(→ Feynman-diagrammatic approach)

Propagator / mass matrix with higher-order corrections:

$$\begin{pmatrix} q^2 - M_A^2 + \hat{\Sigma}_{AA}(q^2) & \hat{\Sigma}_{AH}(q^2) & \hat{\Sigma}_{Ah}(q^2) \\ \hat{\Sigma}_{HA}(q^2) & q^2 - m_H^2 + \hat{\Sigma}_{HH}(q^2) & \hat{\Sigma}_{Hh}(q^2) \\ \hat{\Sigma}_{hA}(q^2) & \hat{\Sigma}_{hH}(q^2) & q^2 - m_h^2 + \hat{\Sigma}_{hh}(q^2) \end{pmatrix}$$

$\hat{\Sigma}_{ij}(q^2)$ ($i, j = h, H, A$) : renormalized Higgs self-energies

$\hat{\Sigma}_{Ah}, \hat{\Sigma}_{AH} \neq 0 \Rightarrow \mathcal{CPV}$, \mathcal{CP} -even and \mathcal{CP} -odd fields can mix

Our result for $\hat{\Sigma}_{ij}$:

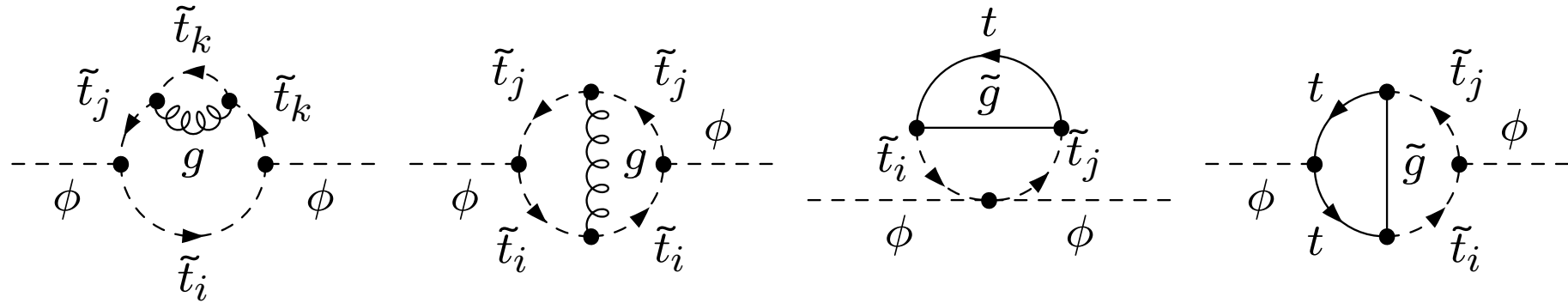
- full 1-loop evaluation: dependence on all possible phases included
- New: $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t \alpha_s)$ corrections in the FD approach
 - rMSSM: difference between FD and RGiEP approach $\mathcal{O}(\text{few GeV})$

Differences to the real case:

- use M_{H^\pm} as on-shell mass, since A mixes with h, H in higher orders
⇒ \tilde{b} sector enters via Σ_{H^\pm}
⇒ renormalization of the \tilde{b} sector
- A_t complex ⇒ renormalization of $|A_t|$ and ϕ_{A_t}
(no renormalization of μ , no $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$ corrections)
- M_3 complex, but $m_{\tilde{g}}$ is real (and positive)
⇒ phase of M_3 enters gluino vertices
- $T_A \neq 0$ ⇒ renormalized to zero
⇒ δt_A enters renormalized self-energies $\hat{\Sigma}_{hA}, \hat{\Sigma}_{HA}$

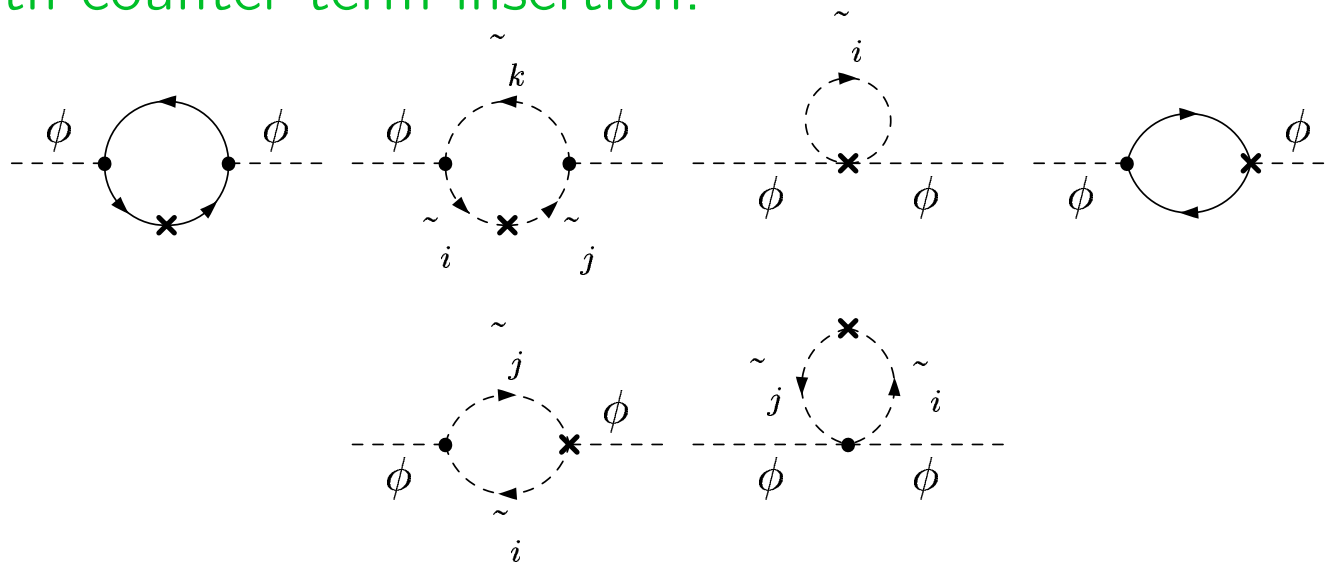
Contributions to the 2-loop self-energy:

2-loop self-energy diagrams:



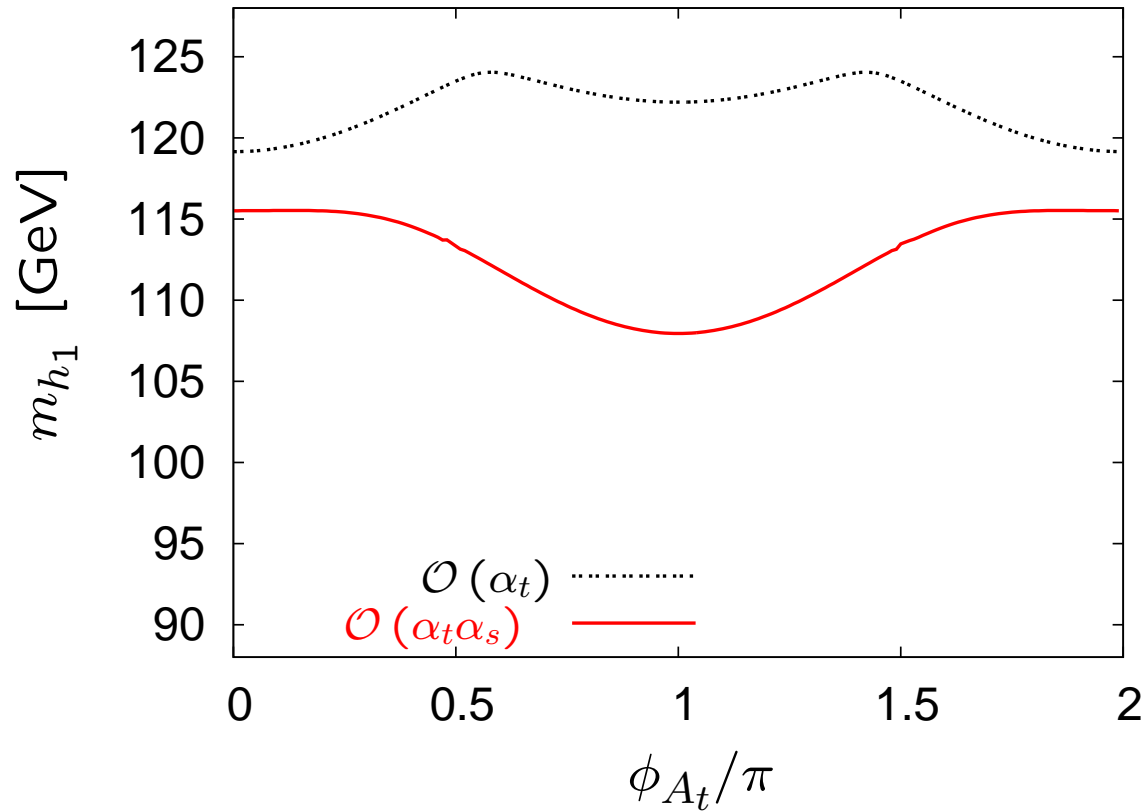
→ complex phases enter ⇒ **something new**

diagrams with counter term insertion:



→ renormalization as complex parameters enter ⇒ **something new**

m_{h_1} as a function of ϕ_{A_t} :



$M_{\text{SUSY}} = 1000 \text{ GeV}$

$|A_t| = 2000 \text{ GeV}$

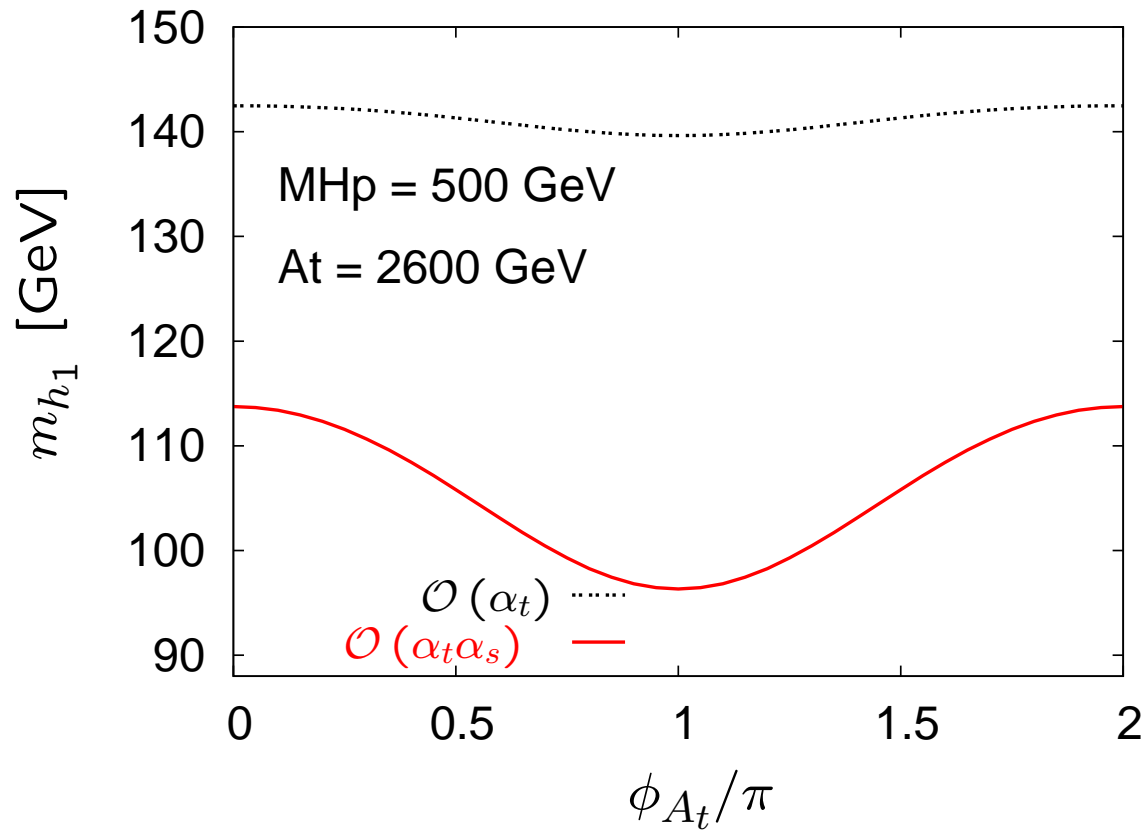
$\tan \beta = 10$

$M_{H^\pm} = 150 \text{ GeV}$

OS renormalization

\Rightarrow modified dependence
on ϕ_{A_t} at the 2-loop level

m_{h_1} as a function of ϕ_{A_t} :



$M_{\text{SUSY}} = 1000$ GeV

$|A_t| = 2000$ GeV

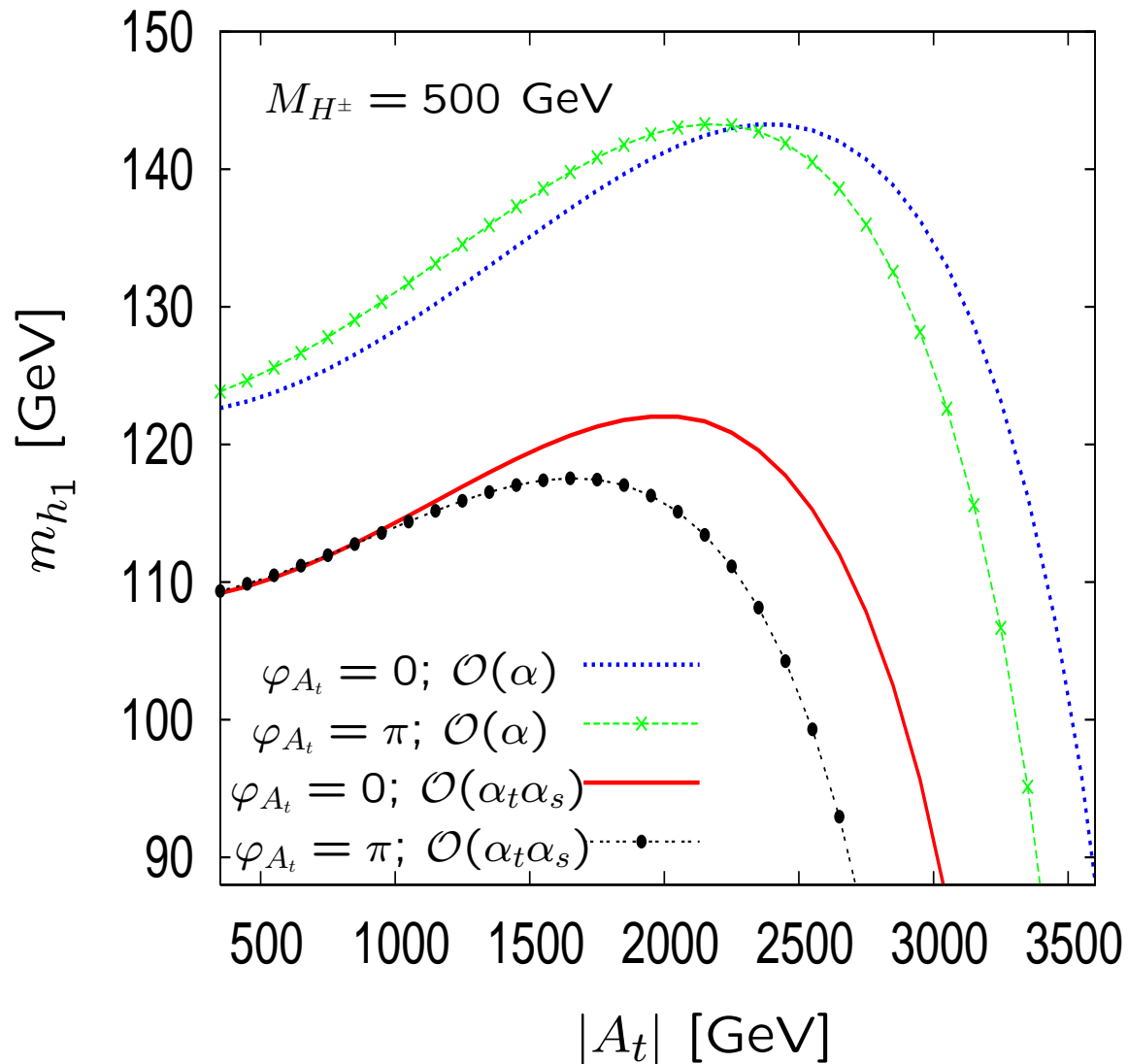
$\tan \beta = 10$

$M_{H^\pm} = 500$ GeV

OS renormalization

\Rightarrow modified dependence
on ϕ_{A_t} at the 2-loop level

m_{h_1} as a function of A_t :



$M_{\text{SUSY}} = 1000$ GeV

$|A_t| = 2000$ GeV

$\tan \beta = 10$

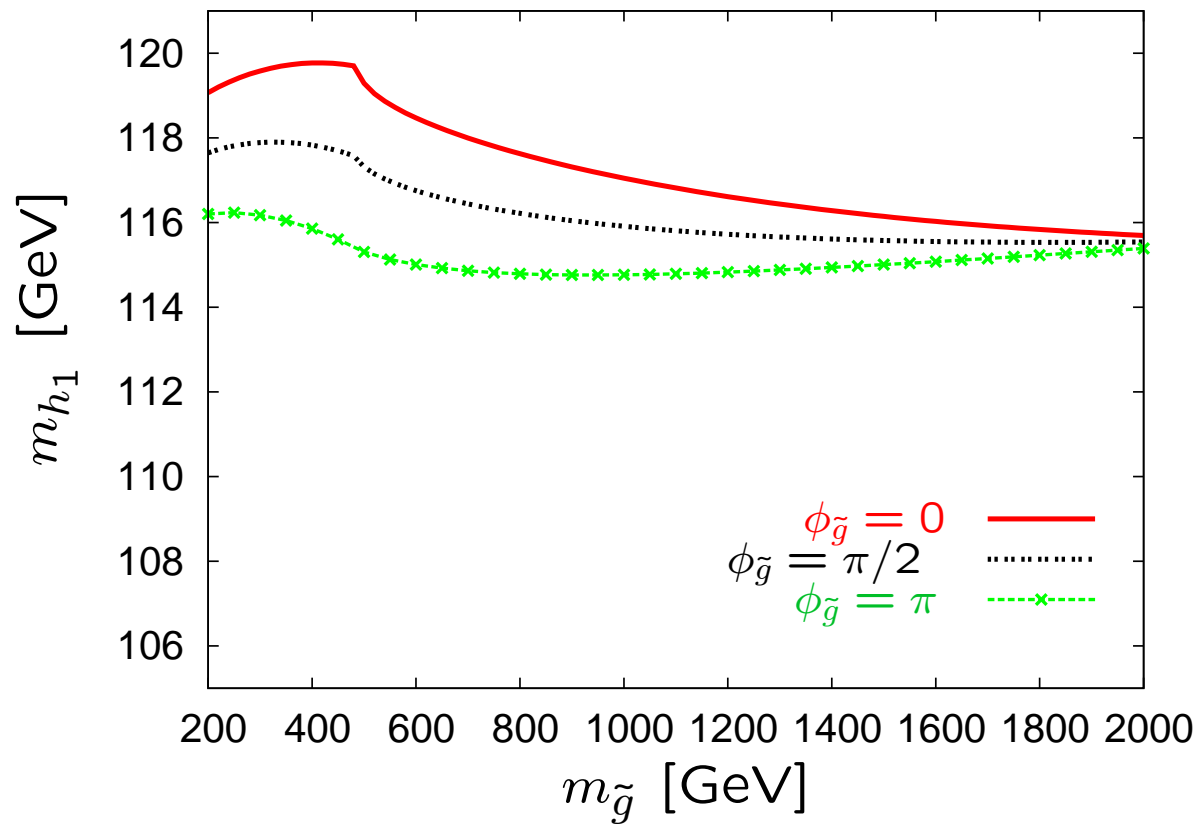
$M_{H^\pm} = 500$ GeV

OS renormalization

1L: shift in $|A_t|$,
no change in m_{h_1}

2L: m_{h_1} depends on ϕ_{A_t}

m_{h_1} as a function of $\phi_{\tilde{g}}$:



$M_{\text{SUSY}} = 500 \text{ GeV}$

$A_t = 1000 \text{ GeV}$

$\tan \beta = 10$

$M_{H^\pm} = 500 \text{ GeV}$

OS renormalization

\Rightarrow threshold at $m_{\tilde{g}} = m_{\tilde{t}} + m_t$

\Rightarrow large effects around threshold

\Rightarrow phase dependence has to be taken into account

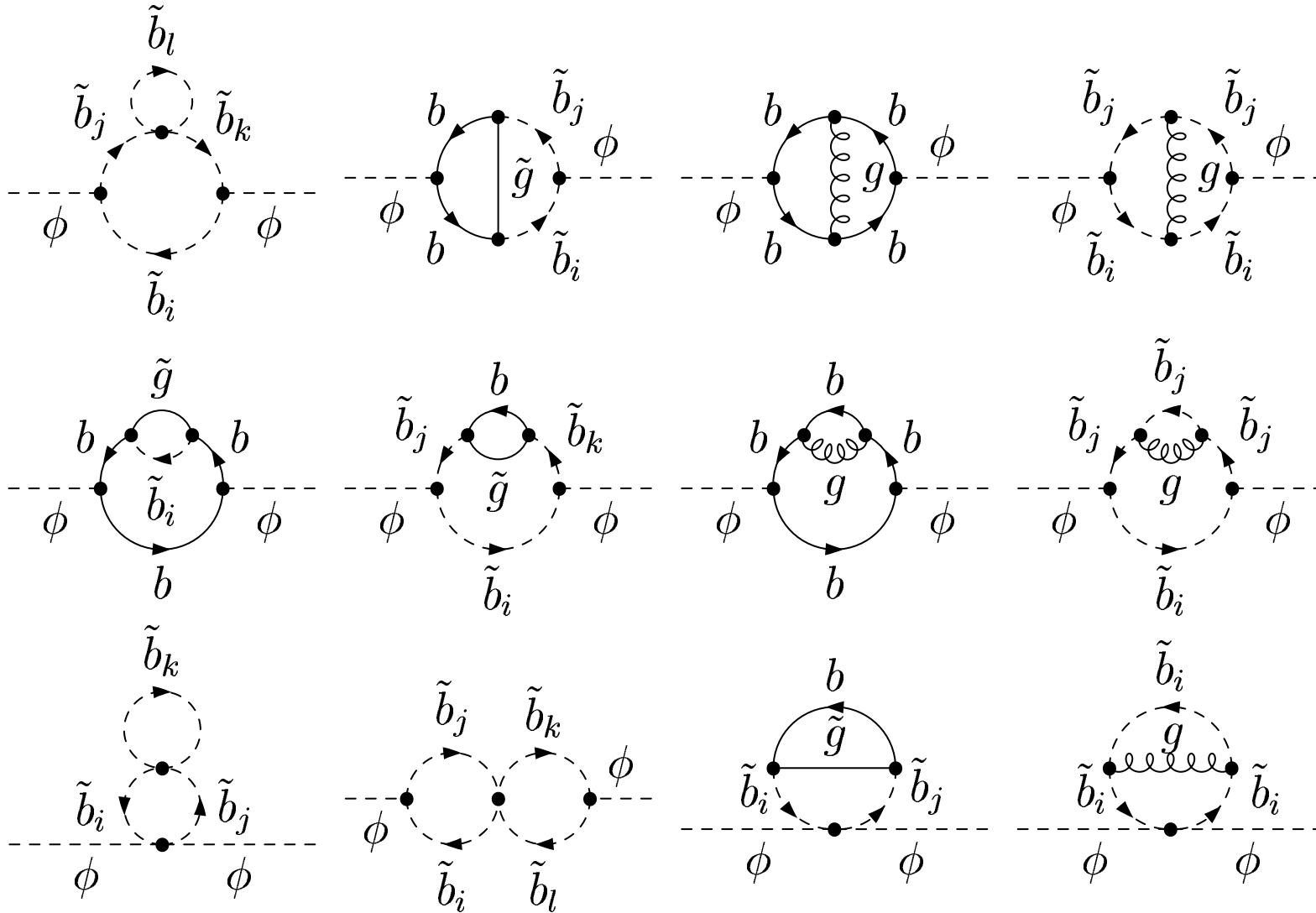
4. Conclusinos

- The LC will provide high precision results for a light r/cMSSM Higgs
- MSSM Higgs masses and couplings is connected via radiative corrections to all other sectors
- Evaluation of $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_b\alpha_s)$ corrections in the rMSSM:
 - real problematic part: renormalization
 - investigation of different renormalization schemes
 - ⇒ error estimate from scheme and scale dependence
 - $\mu > 0$: corrections $\mathcal{O}(100 \text{ MeV}) \Rightarrow$ under control
 - $\mu < 0$: corrections $\mathcal{O}(2 - 3 \text{ GeV})$
 - error estimate $\mathcal{O}(2 \text{ GeV}) \Rightarrow$ not under control
- Evaluation of $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t\alpha_s)$ corrections in the cMSSM:
 - new: renormalization for complex parameters
 - \tilde{b} sector enters
 - $|A_t|$ and ϕ_{A_t} dependence modified
 - $\phi_{\tilde{g}}$ dependence $\mathcal{O}(2 \text{ GeV})$ possible
- Results will be currently implemented into *FeynHiggs* (www.feynhiggs.de)

Backup slides

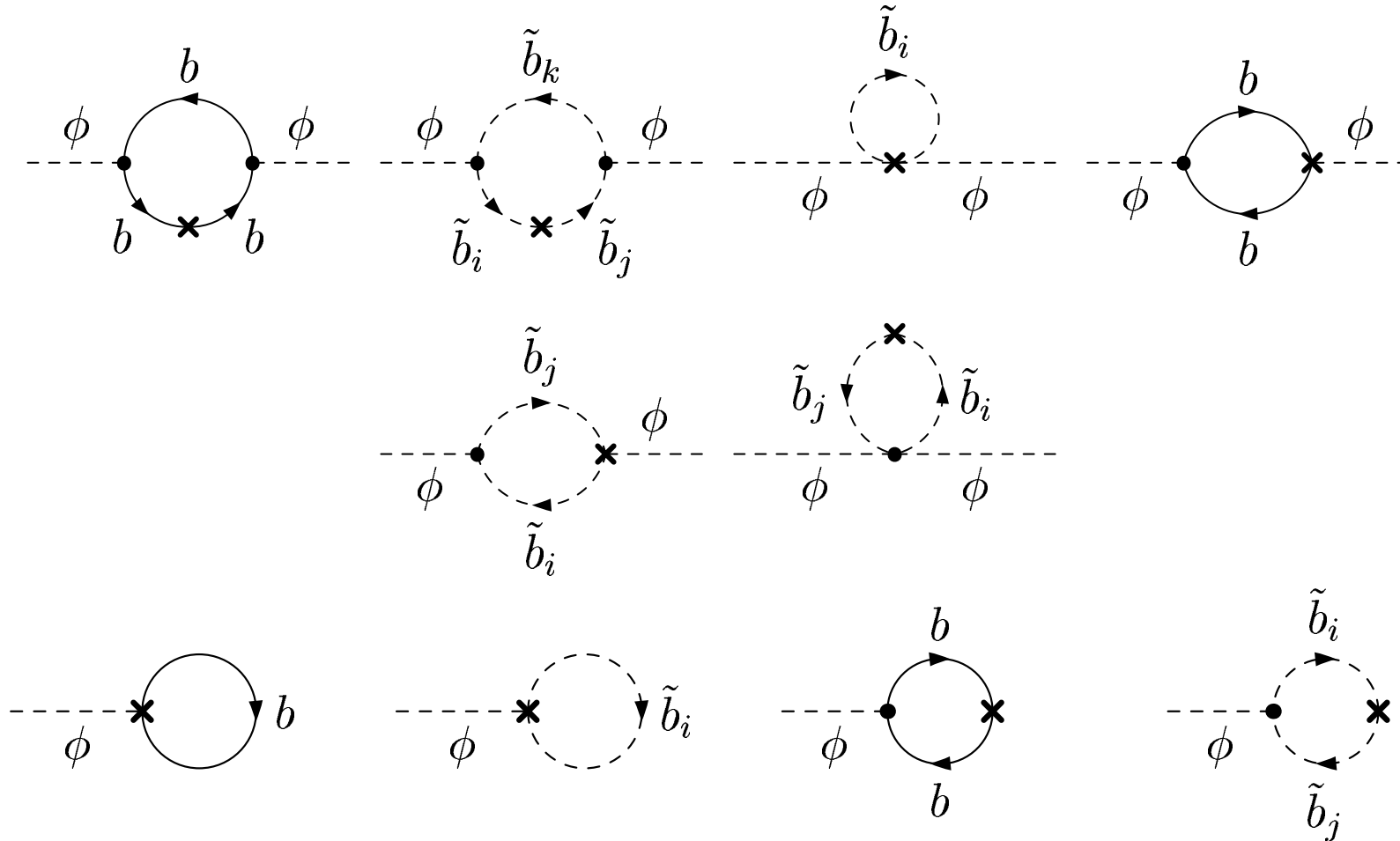
Contributions to the 2-loop self-energy:

2-loop self-energy diagrams:



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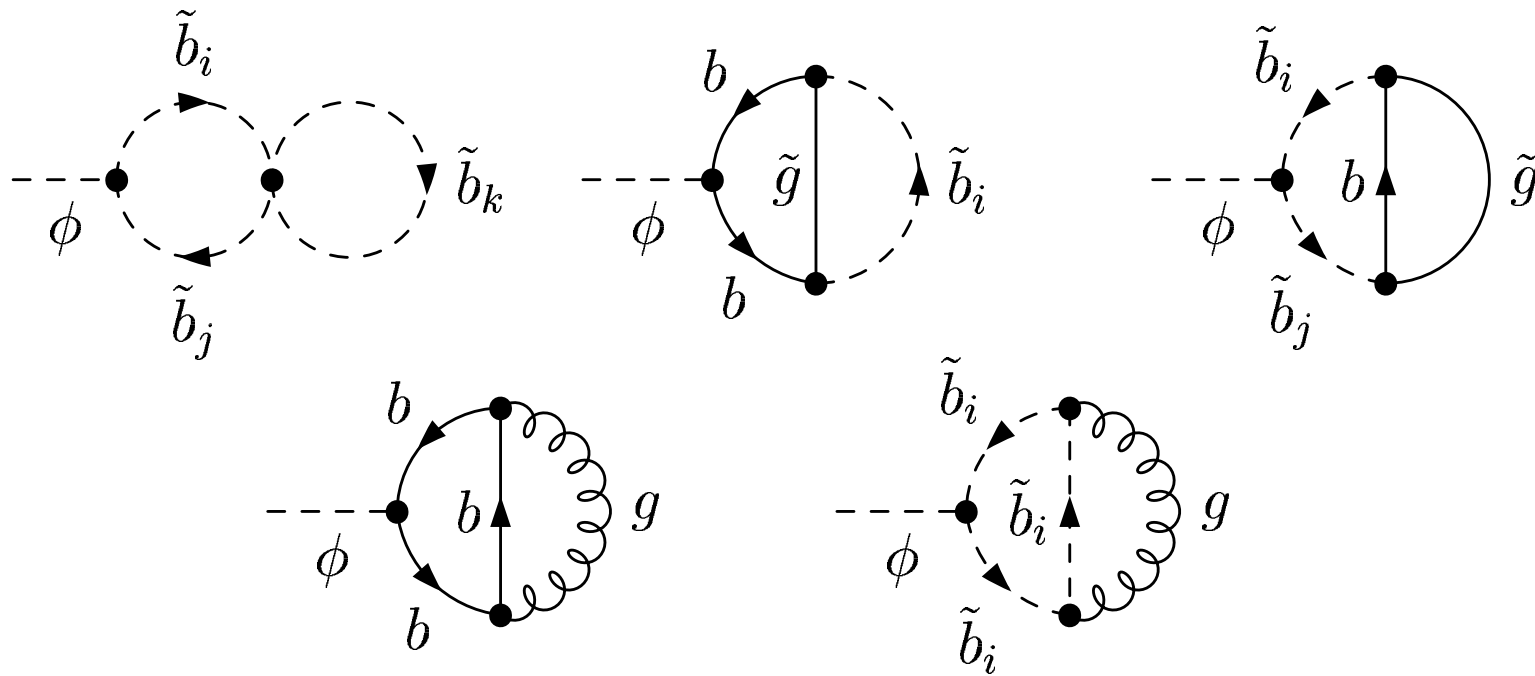
diagrams with counter term insertion:



→ different renormalization schemes enter

Contributions to the 2-loop self-energy:

2-loop tad-pole diagrams:



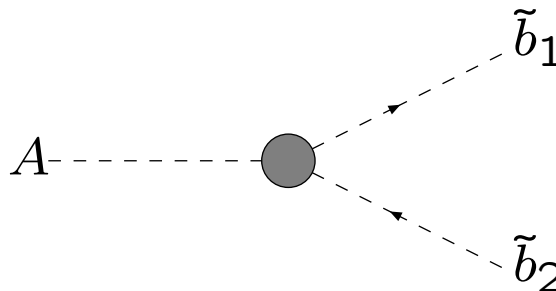
Evaluation of 2-loop diagrams:

1. Generation of diagrams and amplitudes with **FeynArts**
[Küblbeck, Böhm, Denner '90] [Hahn '00 - '05]
2. Algebraic evaluation and tensor integral reduction to scalar integrals:
TwoCalc
(works for two-loop self-energies)
[G. Weiglein '92] [G. Weiglein, R. Scharf, M. Böhm '94]
3. Further evaluation: insertion of integrals, expansion in $\delta = \frac{1}{2}(4 - D)$
→ **algebraical check**: cancellation of divergencies
4. **Result**:
 - algebraic **Mathematica** code
 - Fortran code (planned: **implementation into FeynHiggs**)

Some more details:

- scheme $m_{\tilde{b}}$ OS: analogous to the t/\tilde{t} sector
→ obvious choice ?

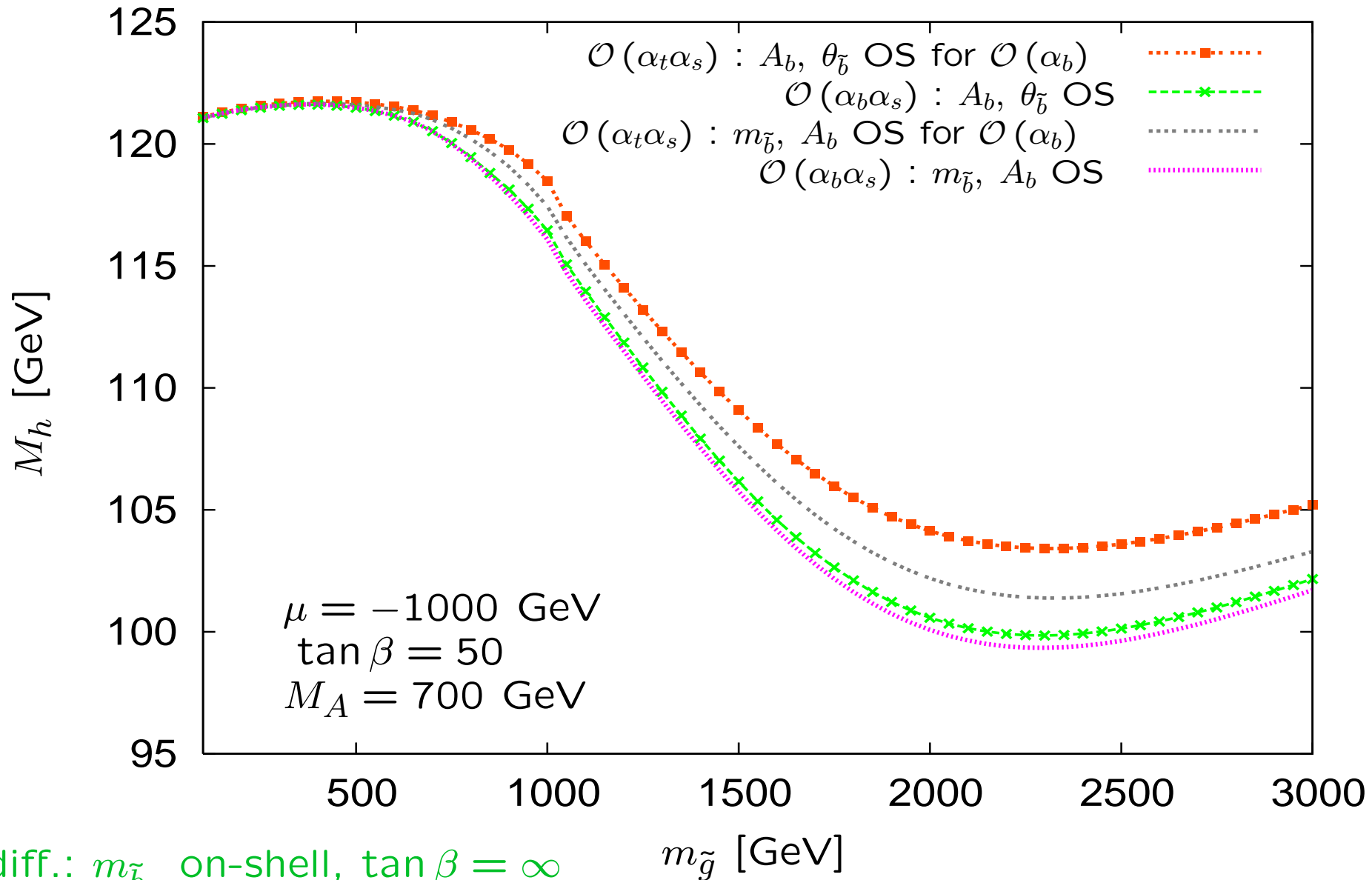
- $A_{\tilde{b}}$ OS: determined via



analogous to [A. Brignole, G. Degrassi, P. Slavich and F. Zwirner '02]

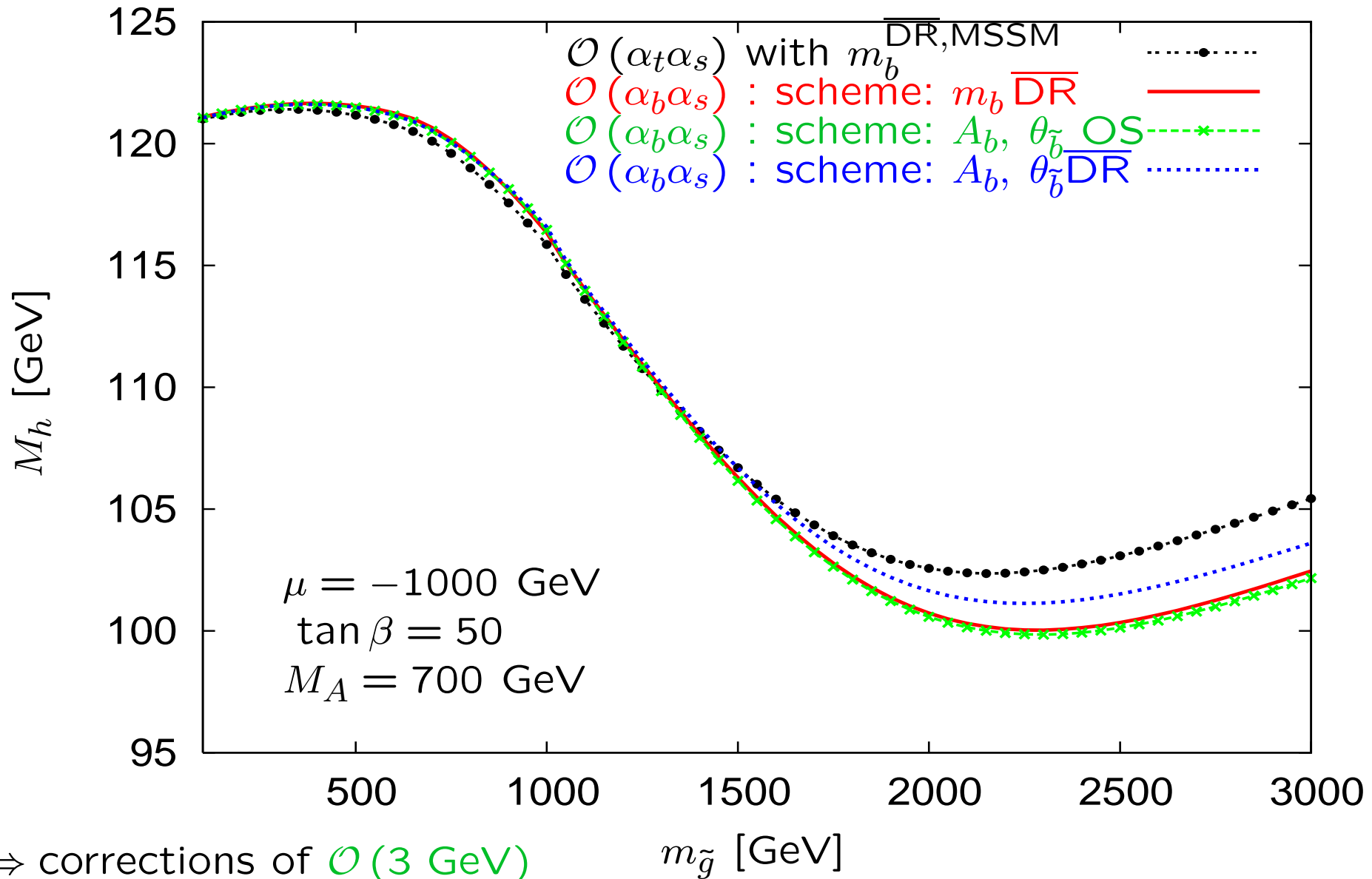
- $\theta_{\tilde{t}}$ OS:
$$\delta\theta_{\tilde{b}} = \frac{\text{Re}\Sigma_{\tilde{b}_{12}}(m_{\tilde{b}_1}^2) + \text{Re}\Sigma_{\tilde{b}_{12}}(m_{\tilde{b}_2}^2)}{m_{\tilde{b}_1}^2 + m_{\tilde{b}_2}^2}$$

Comparison with existing calculation: [A. Brignole et al. '02]



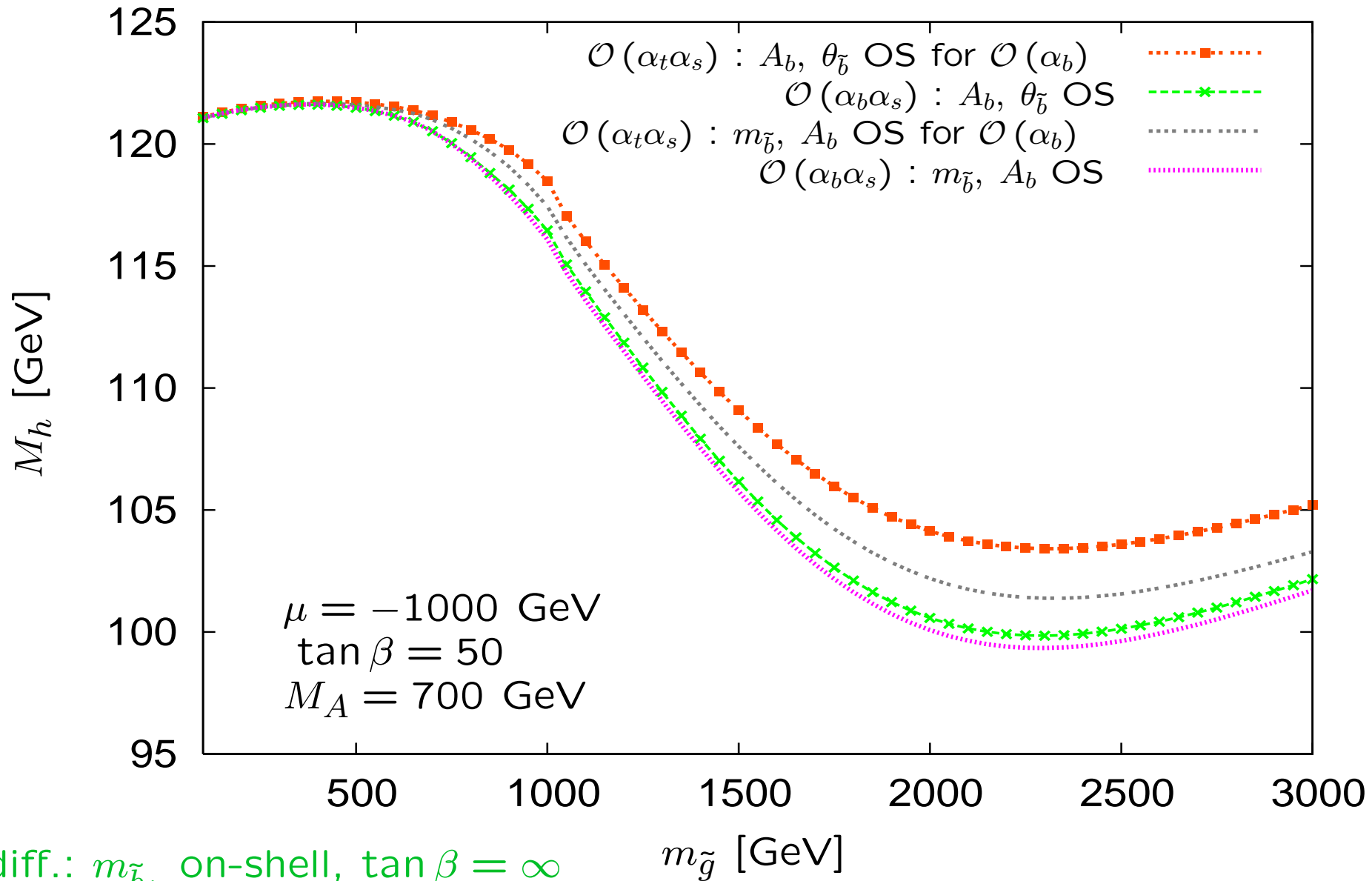
diff.: $m_{\tilde{b}_1}$ on-shell, $\tan \beta = \infty$
 \Rightarrow 2-loop: differences $\mathcal{O}(0.5 \text{ GeV})$

M_h as a function of $m_{\tilde{g}}$, $\mu < 0$:



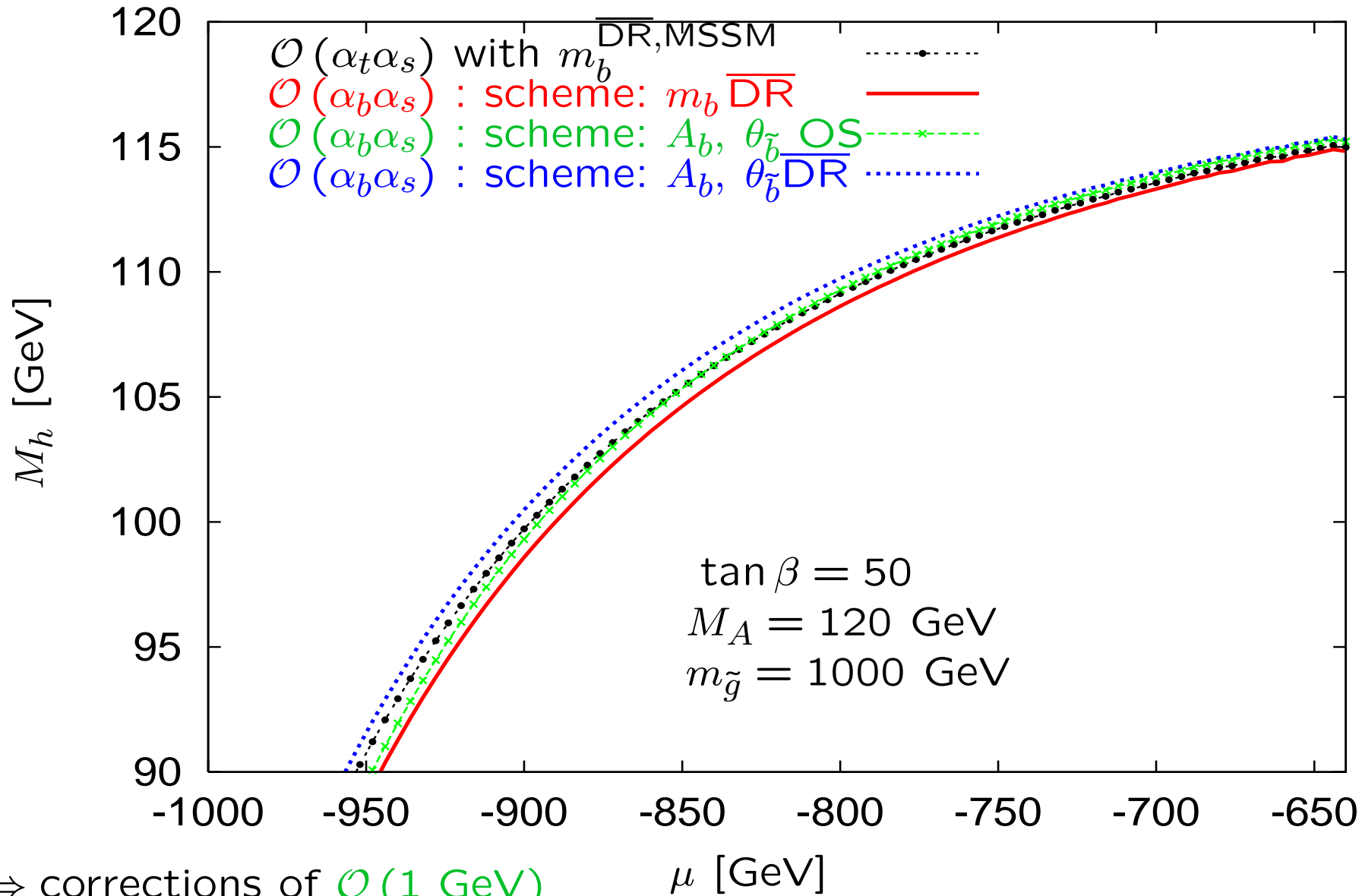
\Rightarrow corrections of $\mathcal{O}(3 \text{ GeV})$
 scheme difference $\mathcal{O}(2 \text{ GeV})$

Comparison with existing calculation: [A. Brignole et al. '02]



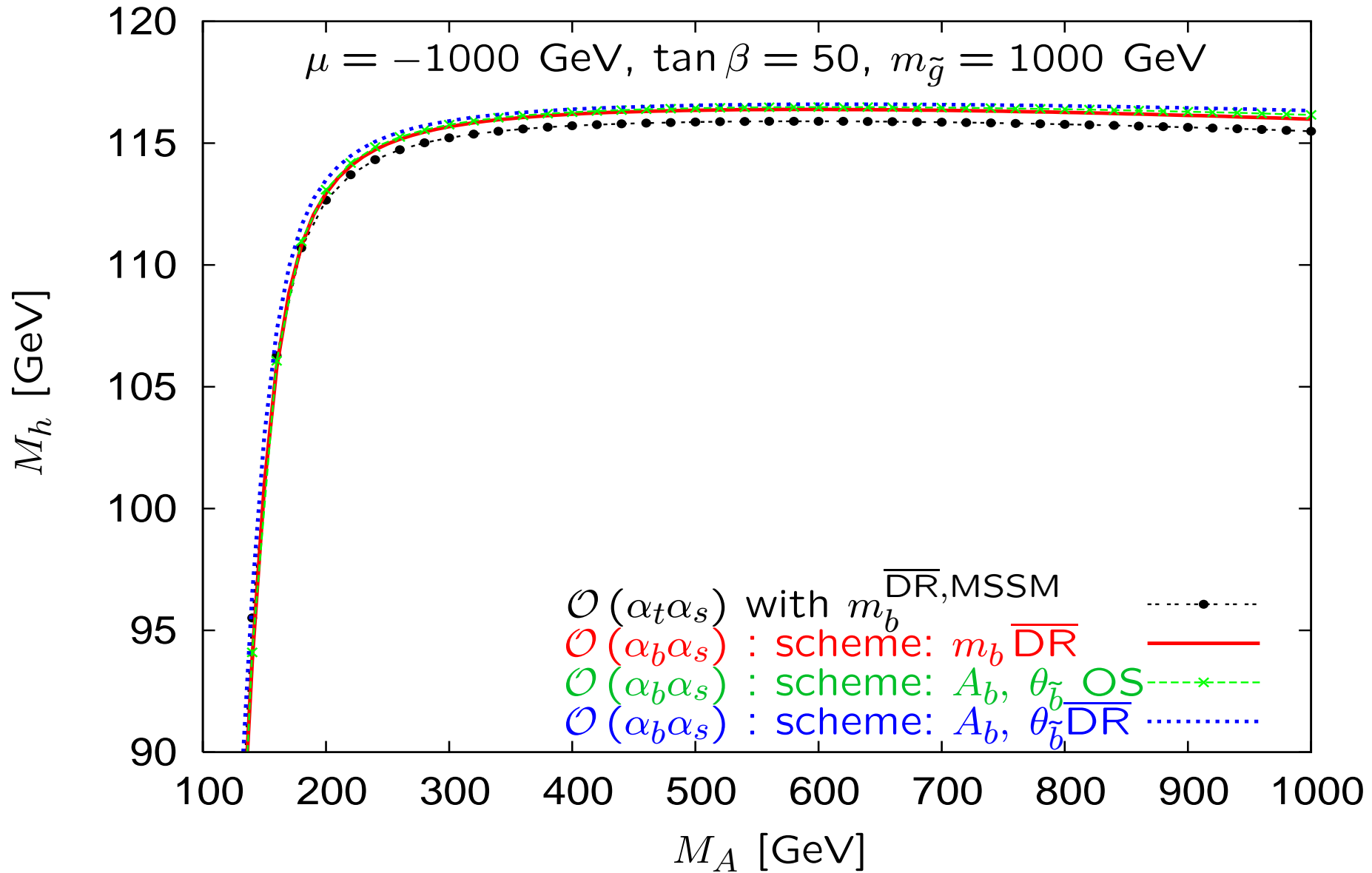
diff.: $m_{\tilde{b}_1}$ on-shell, $\tan \beta = \infty$
 \Rightarrow 2-loop: differences $\mathcal{O}(0.5 \text{ GeV})$

M_h as a function of μ , $\mu < 0$:



\Rightarrow corrections of $\mathcal{O}(1 \text{ GeV})$
 scheme difference similar

M_h as a function of M_A , $\mu < 0$:



⇒ subleading corrections of $\mathcal{O}(1 \text{ GeV})$