

# Exotic Hadrons at LHCb

WARWICK



M. Kreps on behalf of LHCb

DIS 2017, Birmingham, UK, 3-7 April, 2017

Physics Department



# Introduction

- In original Gell-Mann's paper, hadrons can be formed from more than quark-antiquark or three quarks
- Long standing puzzle where such combinations are
- Back in 2003 discovery of X(3872) renewed interest in this question
- Since then many states are seen in charmonium region
  - Too many to fit to charmonium spectrum
  - Some charged, so cannot be simple  $c\bar{c}$
- Usual difficulty is to prove exotic nature and understand what it is

Volume 8, number 3

PHYSICS LETTERS

1 February 1964

## A SCHEMATIC MODEL OF BARYONS AND MESONS \*

M. GELL-MANN

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We then refer to the members  $u^{\frac{2}{3}}$ ,  $d^{-\frac{1}{3}}$ , and  $s^{-\frac{1}{3}}$  of the triplet as "quarks"  $q$  and the members of the anti-triplet as anti-quarks  $\bar{q}$ . Baryons can now be constructed from quarks by using the combinations  $(qqq)$ ,  $(qqq\bar{q})$ , etc., while mesons are made out of  $(q\bar{q})$ ,  $(qq\bar{q}\bar{q})$ , etc. It is assumed that the lowest

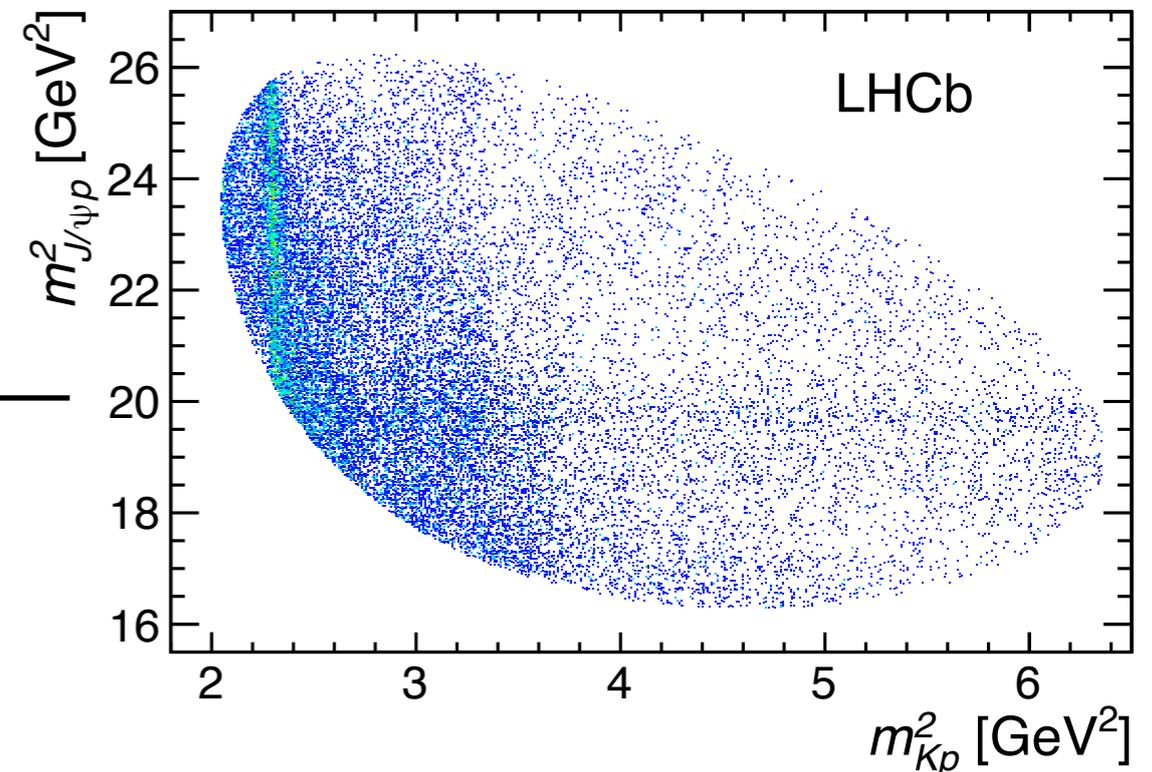
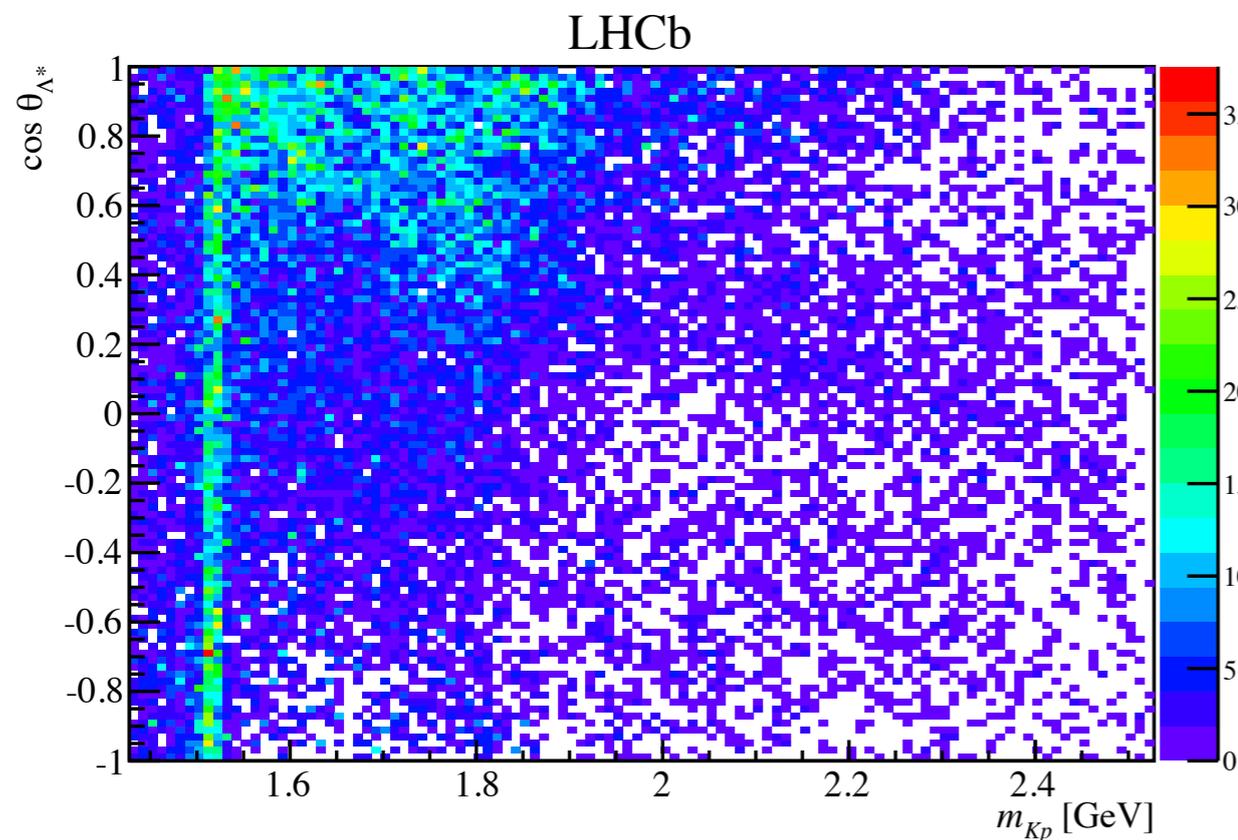
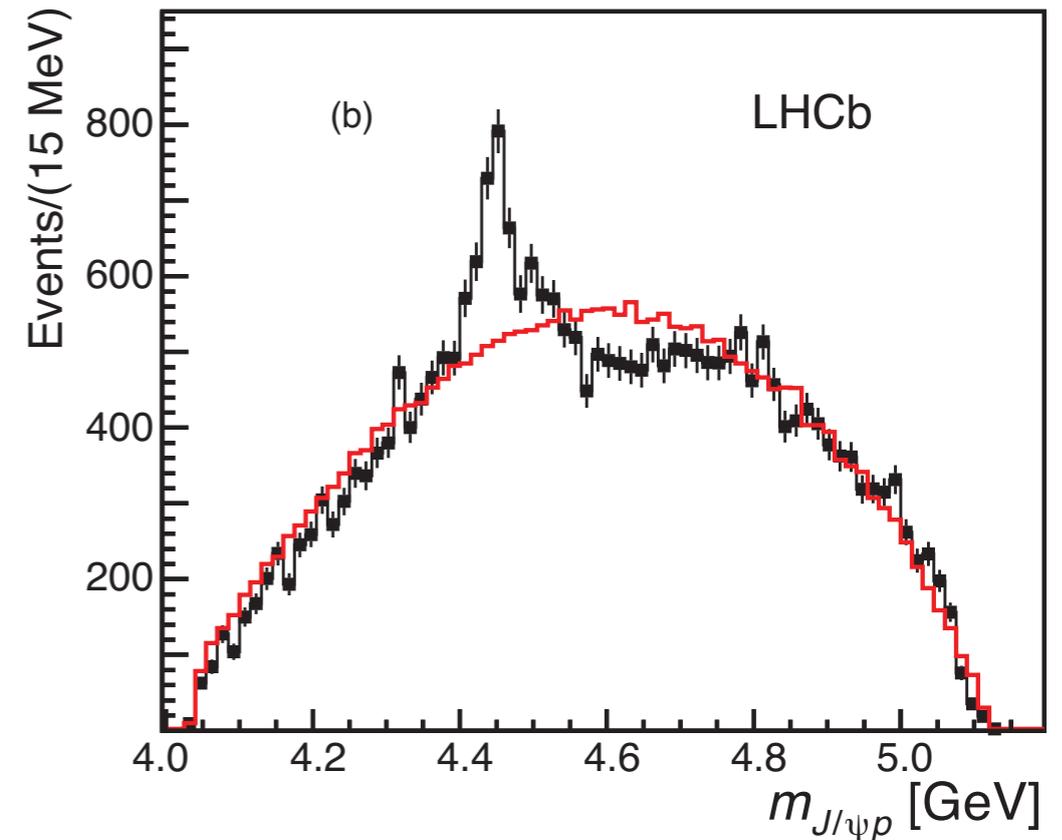
# Pentaquark states

PRL 117, 082002

PRL 115, 072001

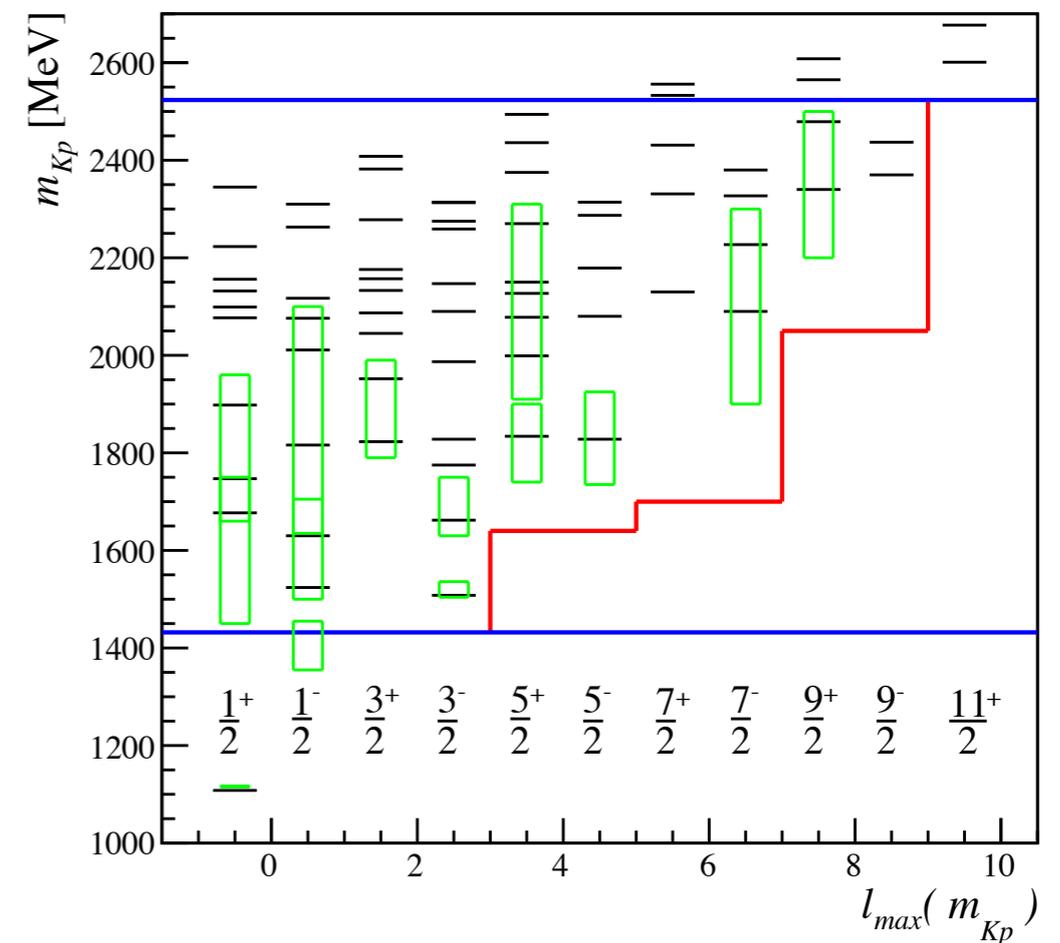
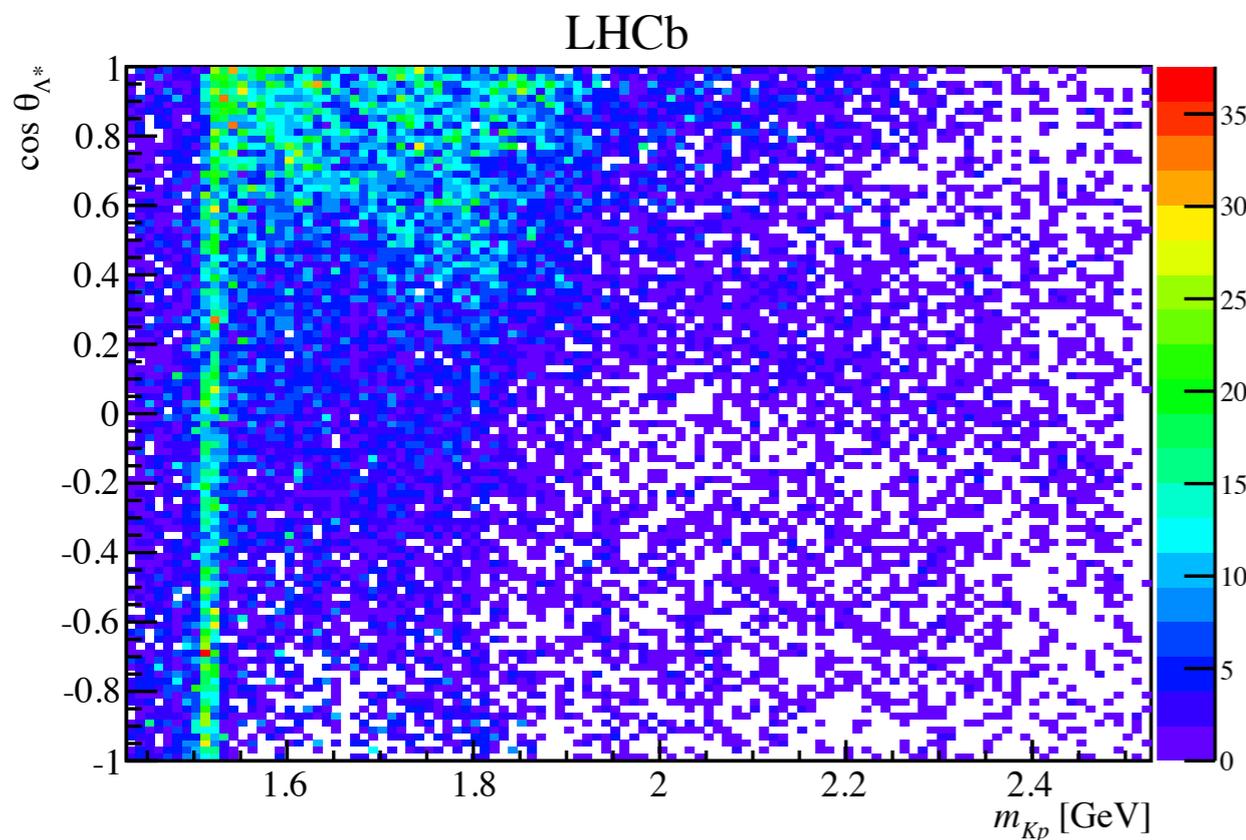
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- In summer 2015 LHCb observed two pentaquark states in  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow J/\psi p K$  decays
- Original analysis used amplitude fit
  - Sensitive, but depends on assumptions on resonances shapes
- Can do model independent test in the same decay

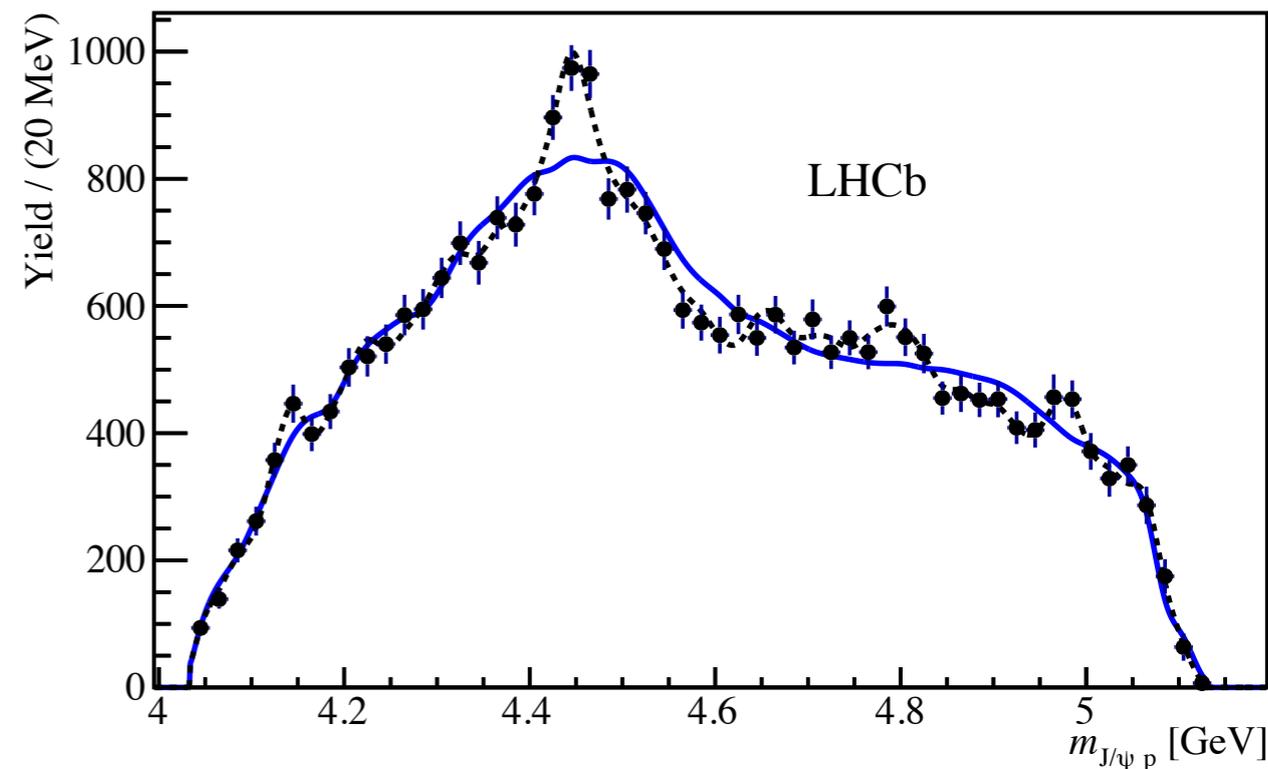
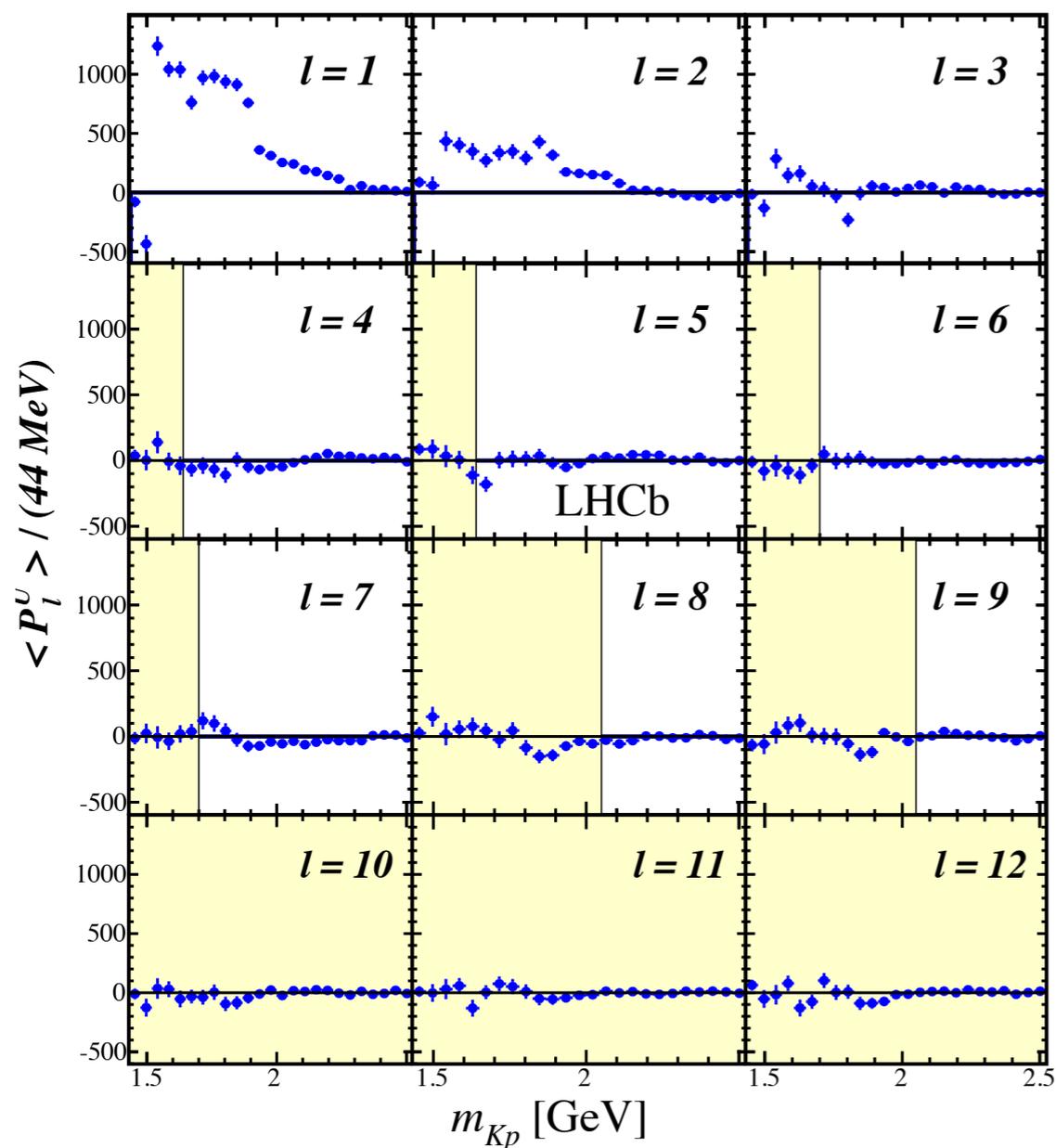


# Pentaquark states

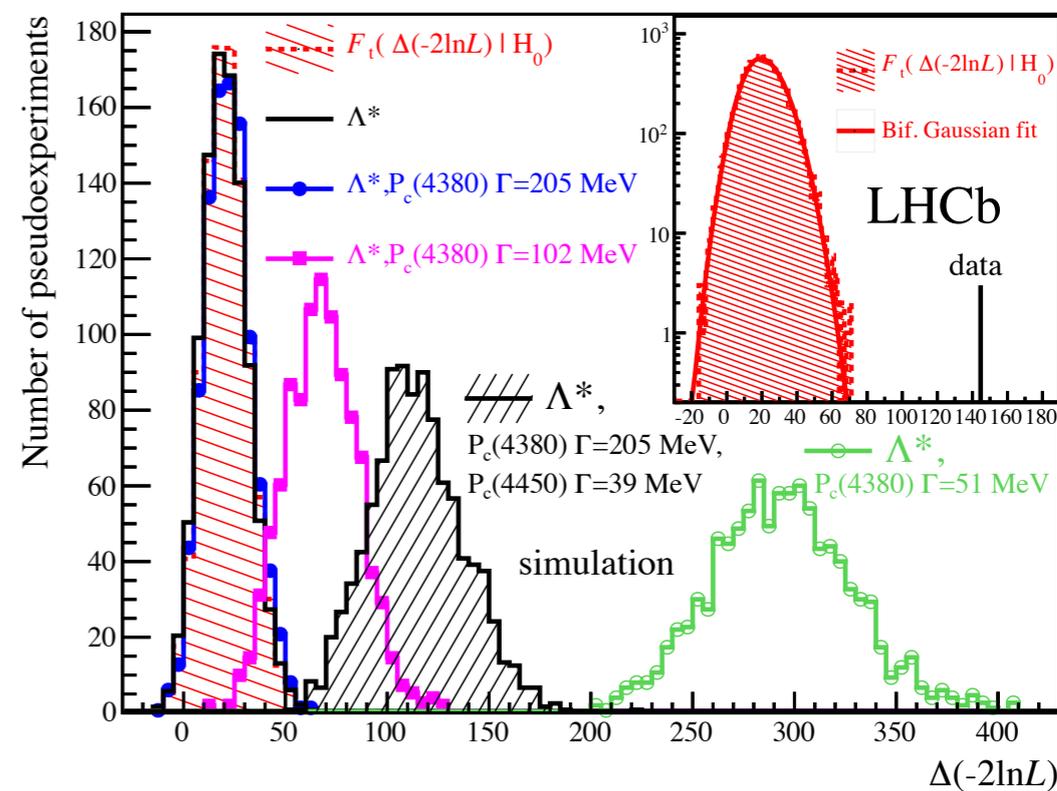
- Expand angular distribution in  $m(pK)$  bins in Legendre polynomials
- $pK$  resonances will contribute to limited number of terms (up to  $2 \times \text{spin}$ )
- On contrary pentaquark will be peaking in angular distribution and thus will contribute to much higher moments
- Remove terms above selected  $J_{\max}$ 
  - Dump pentaquark contribution
- Build model with pentaquark contribution suppressed



# Pentaquark states

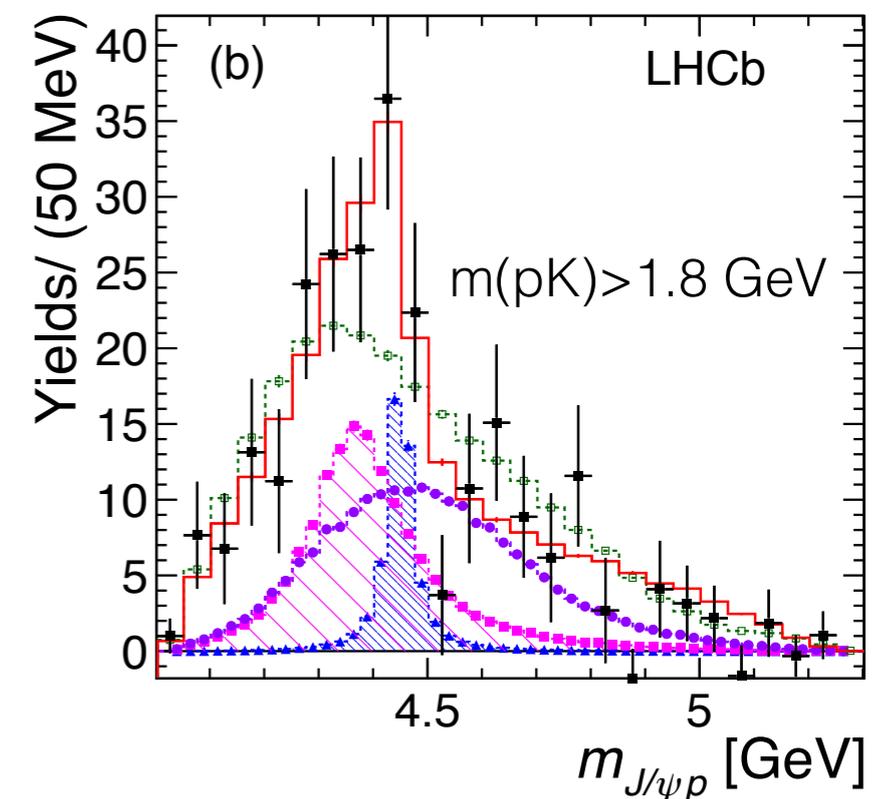
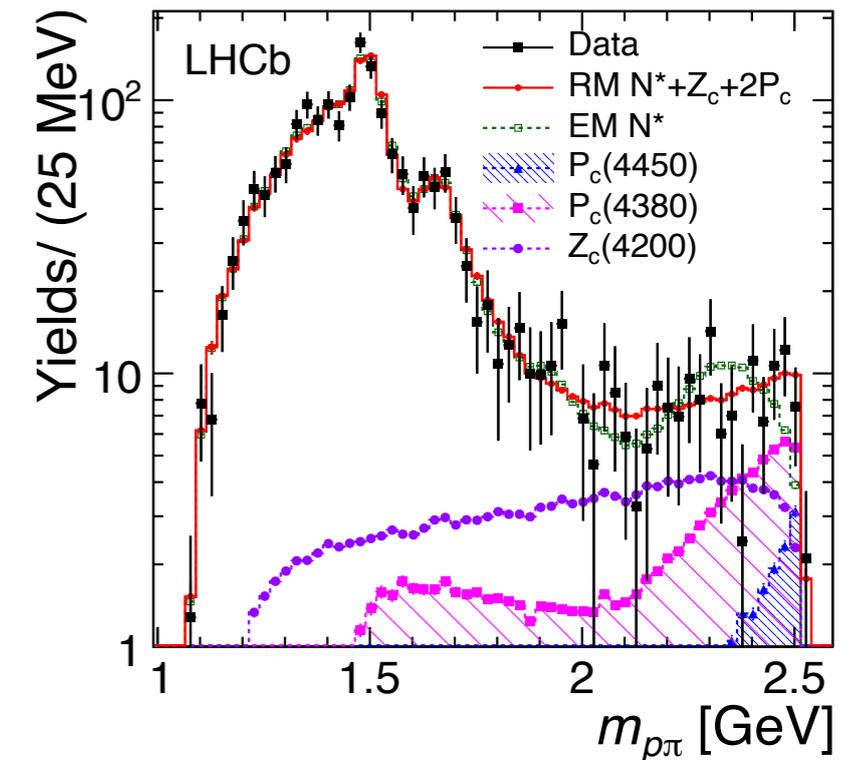
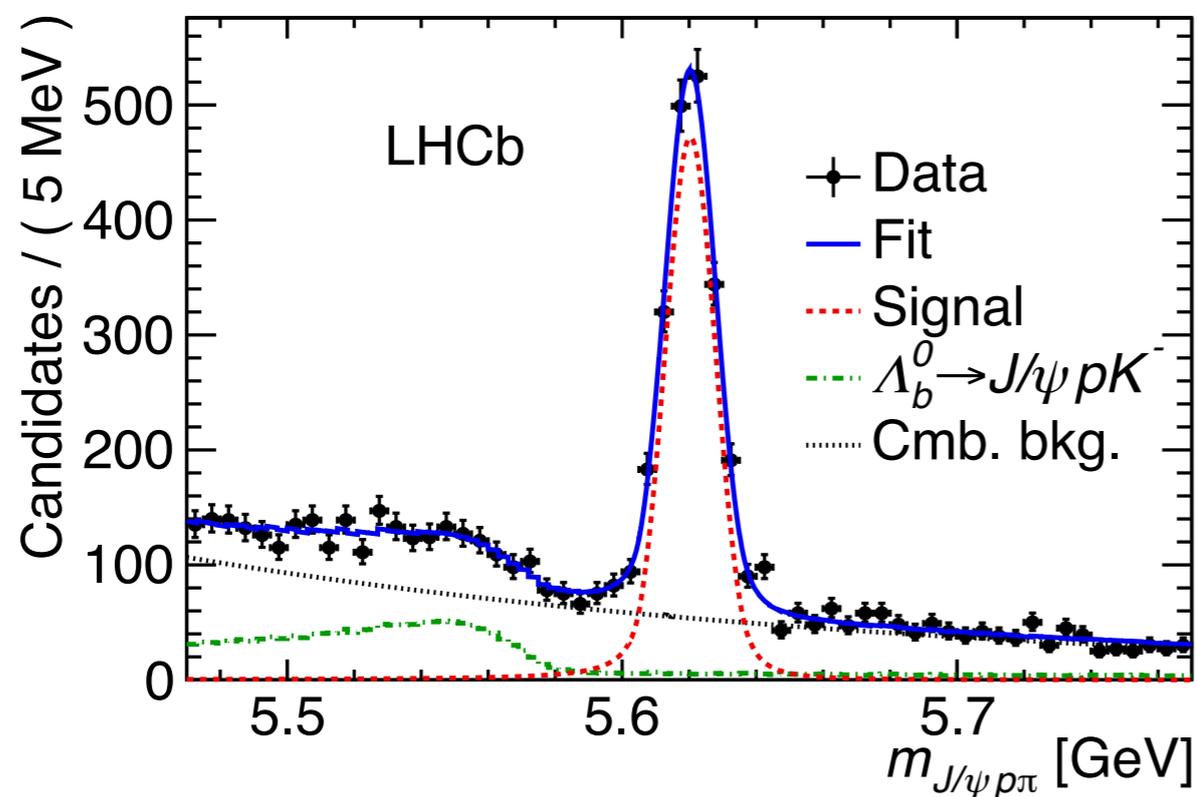


- Model independent analysis confirms pentaquark contributions
- Can quantify significance using pseudo-likelihood ( $>9\sigma$ )

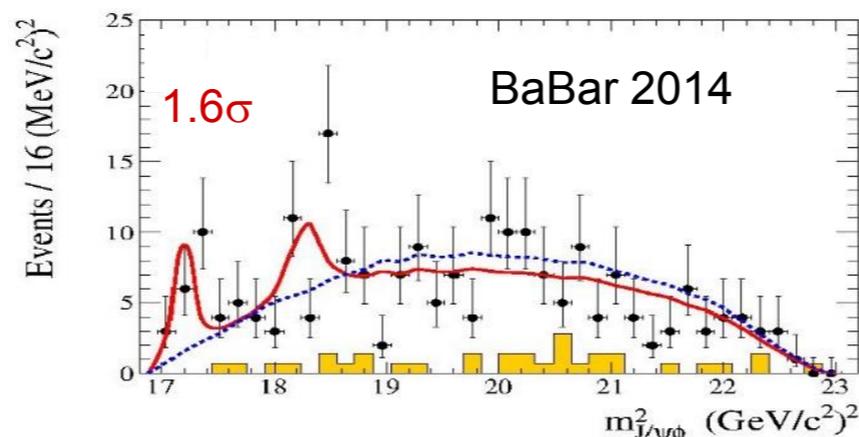
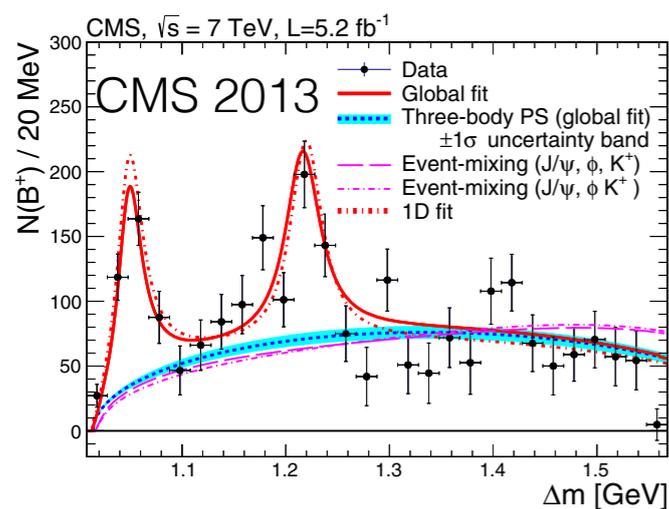
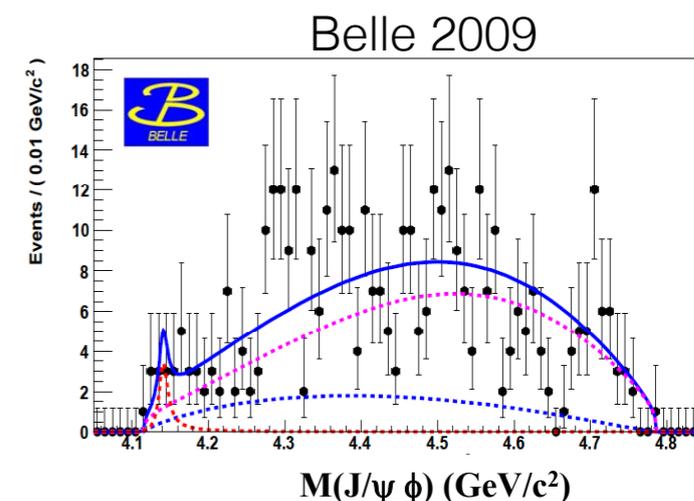
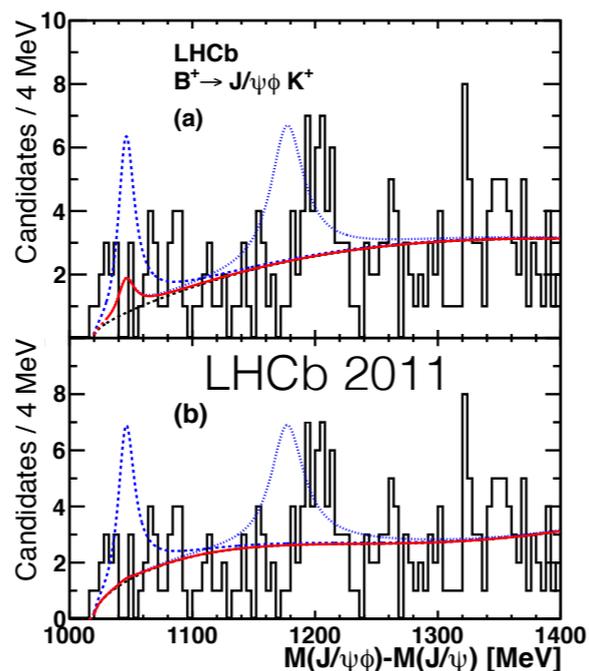
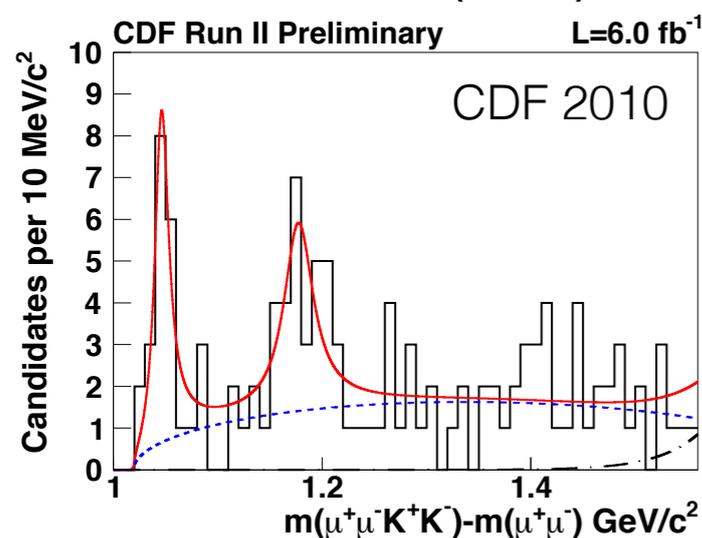
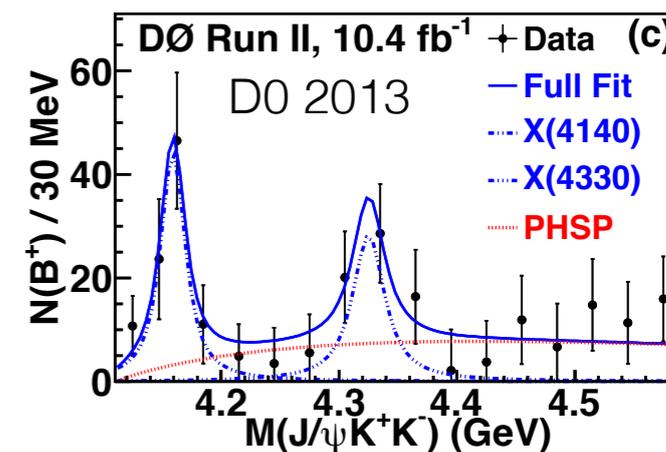
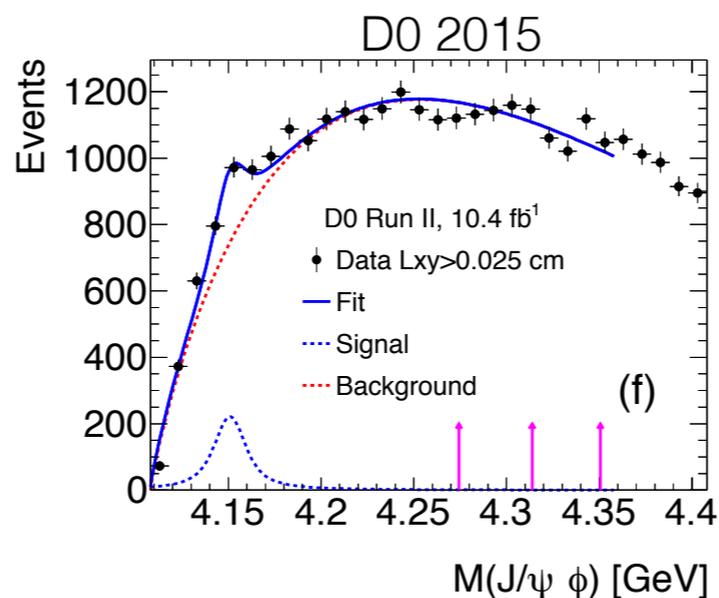
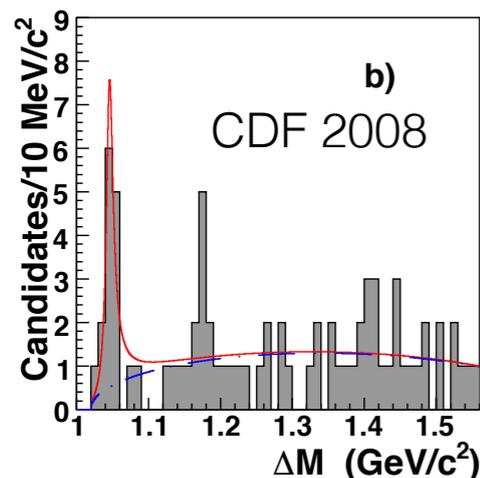


# Pentaquark states

- Study Cabibbo suppressed  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow J/\psi p \pi$  decays
- Statistics about factor 10 lower
- Possible  $J/\psi \pi$  states in addition to  $p \pi$  and  $J/\psi p$
- Fit with two pentaquark and  $Z_c(4200)$  about  $3.1\sigma$  better than fit without exotic contributions
  - Without  $Z_c(4200)$  in the fit,  $3.3\sigma$  evidence for pentaquark states
- Consistent with  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow J/\psi p K$  decays



# X(4140) $\rightarrow$ J/ $\psi$ $\phi$ state



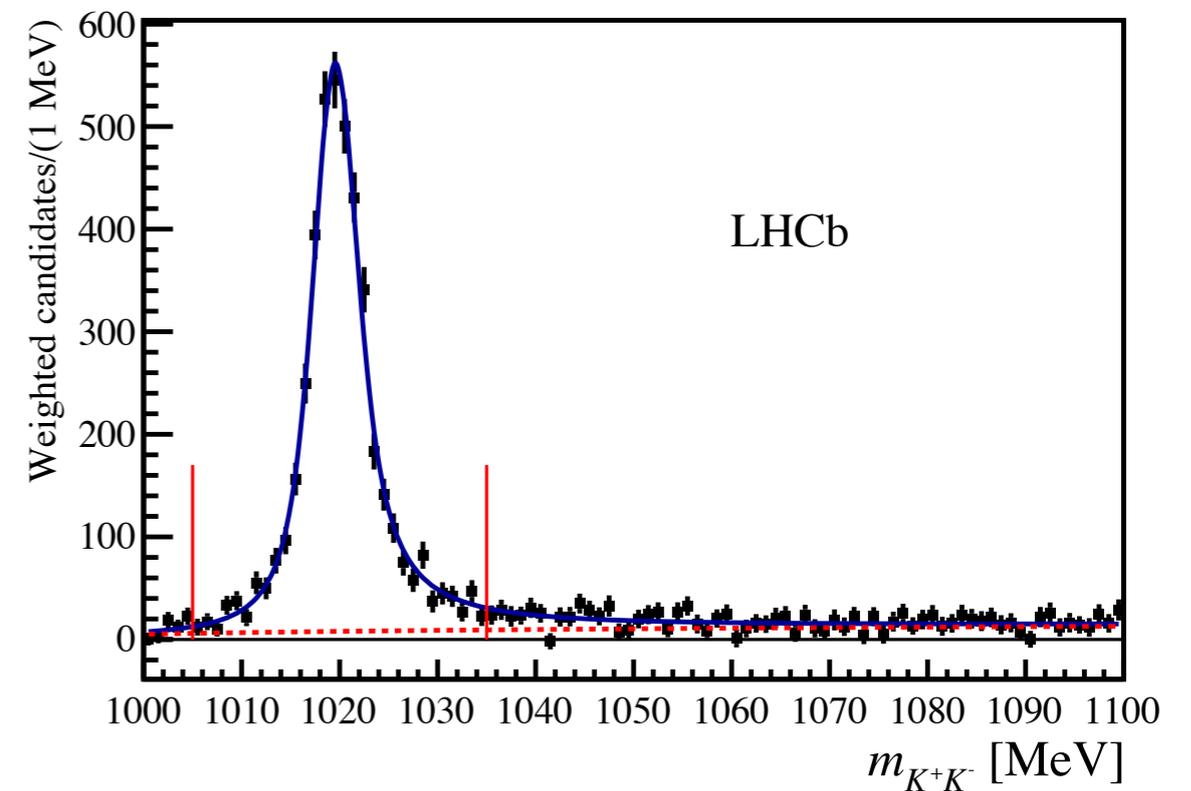
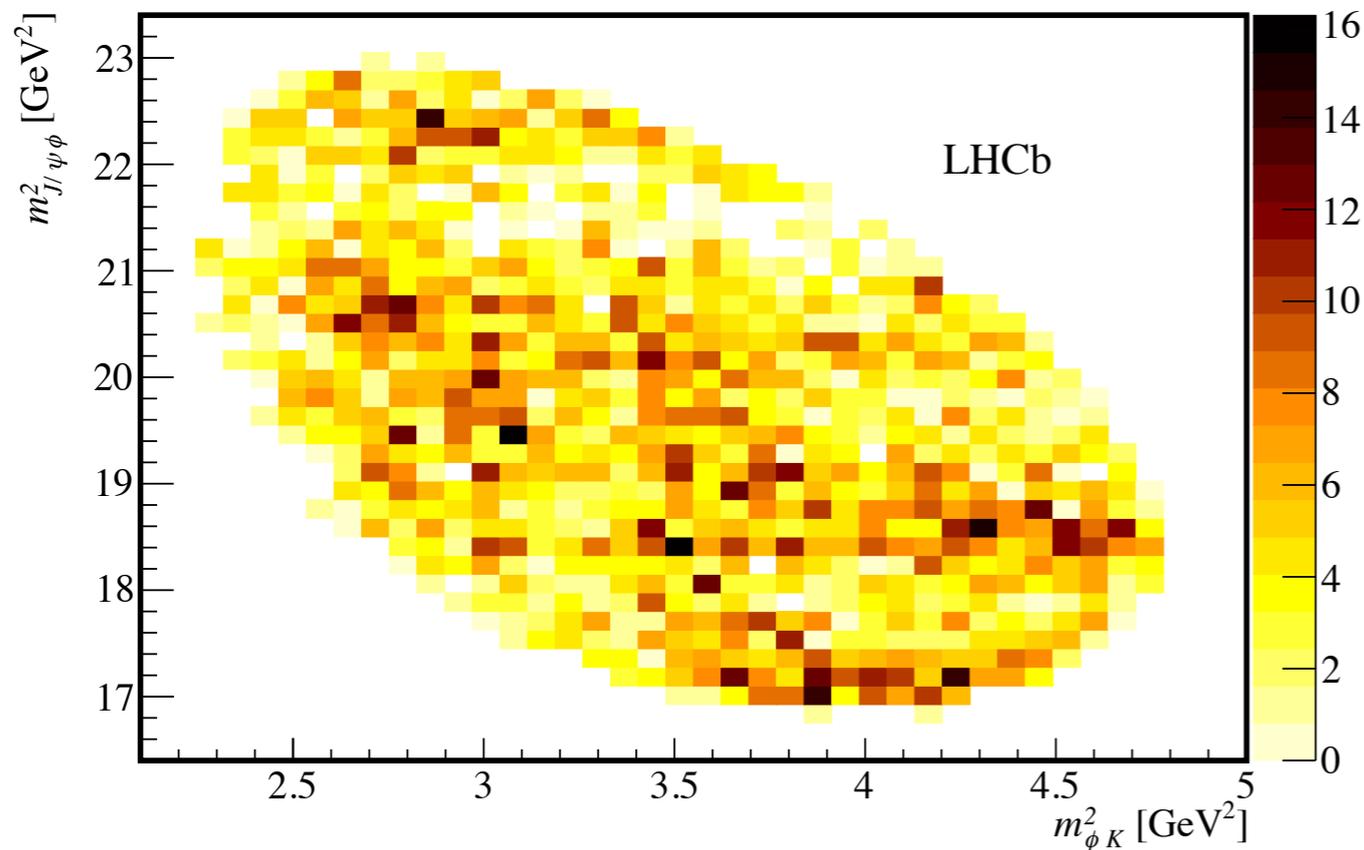
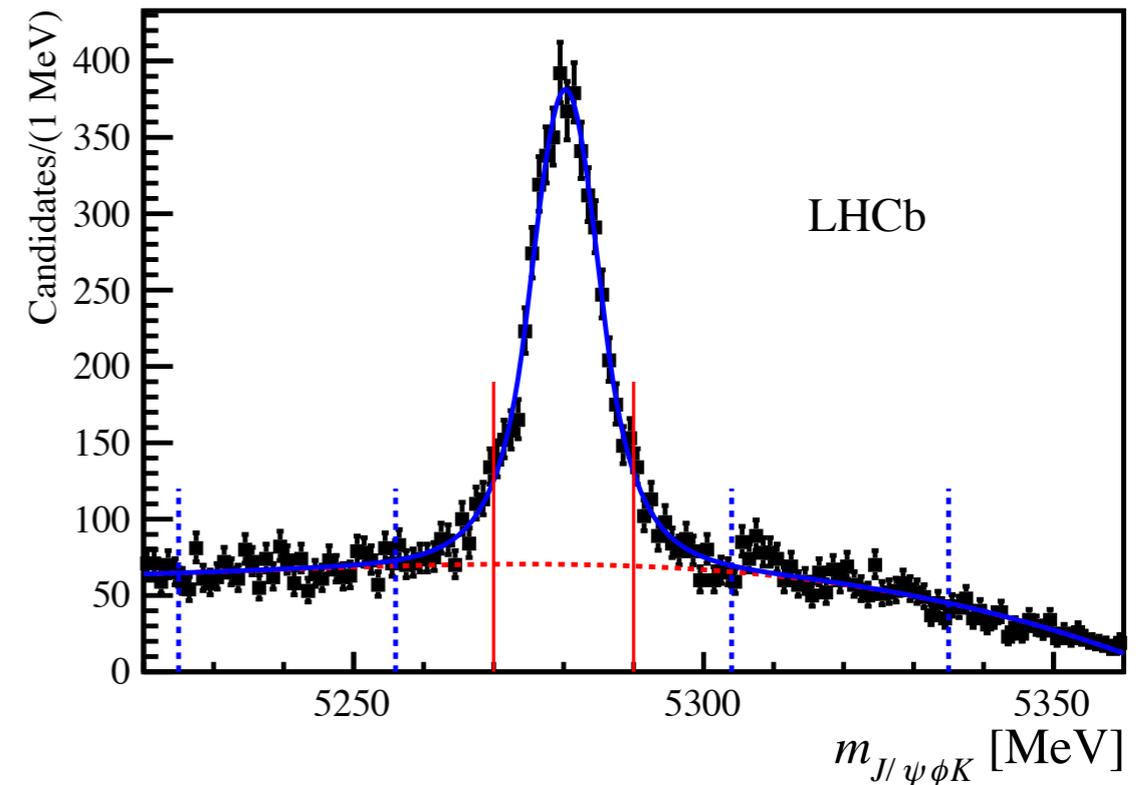
- X(4140)  $\rightarrow$  J/ $\psi$  $\phi$  claimed first by CDF in B<sup>+</sup>  $\rightarrow$  J/ $\psi$  $\phi$ K
- Seen by some experiments, but not others
- Confusing situation

# $X(4140) \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$ state

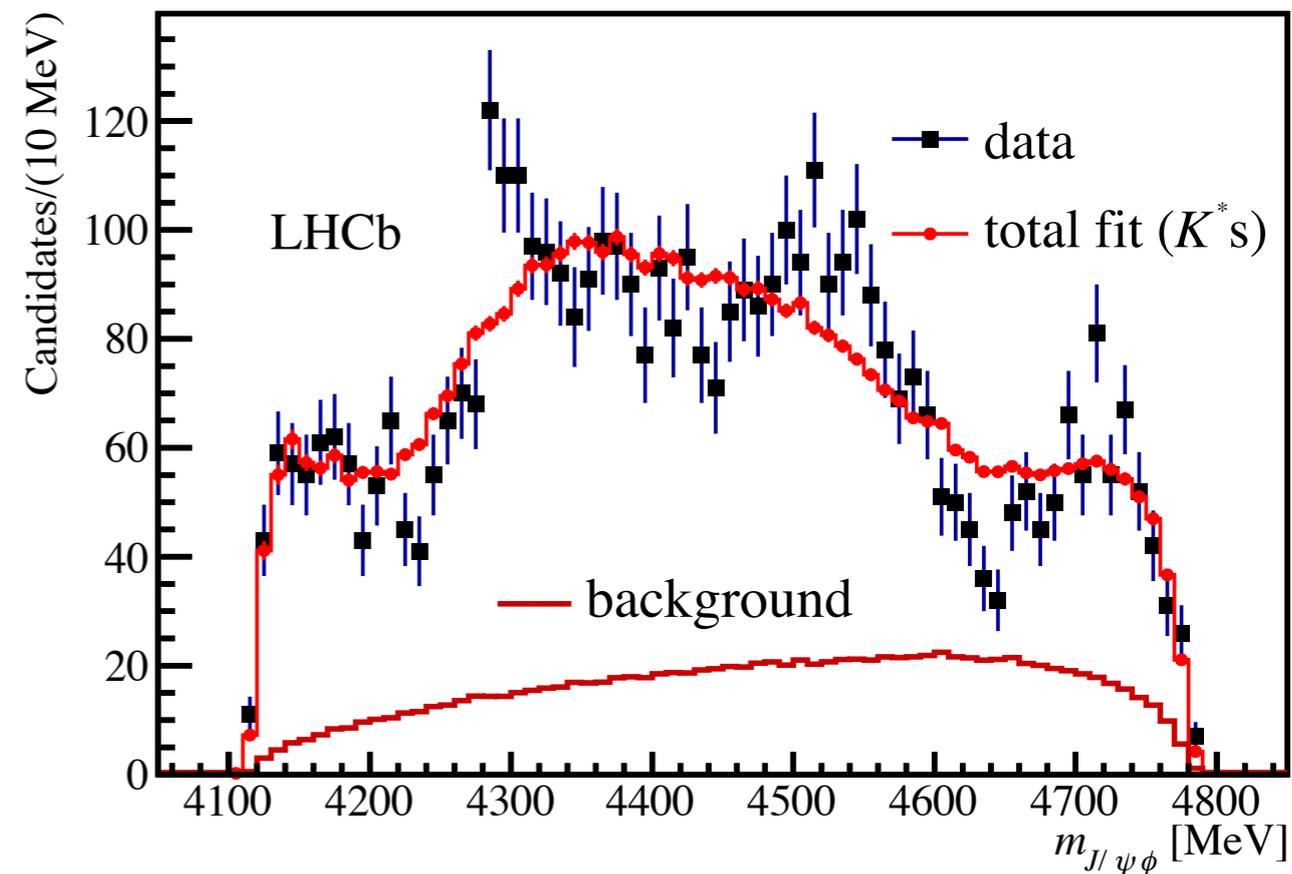
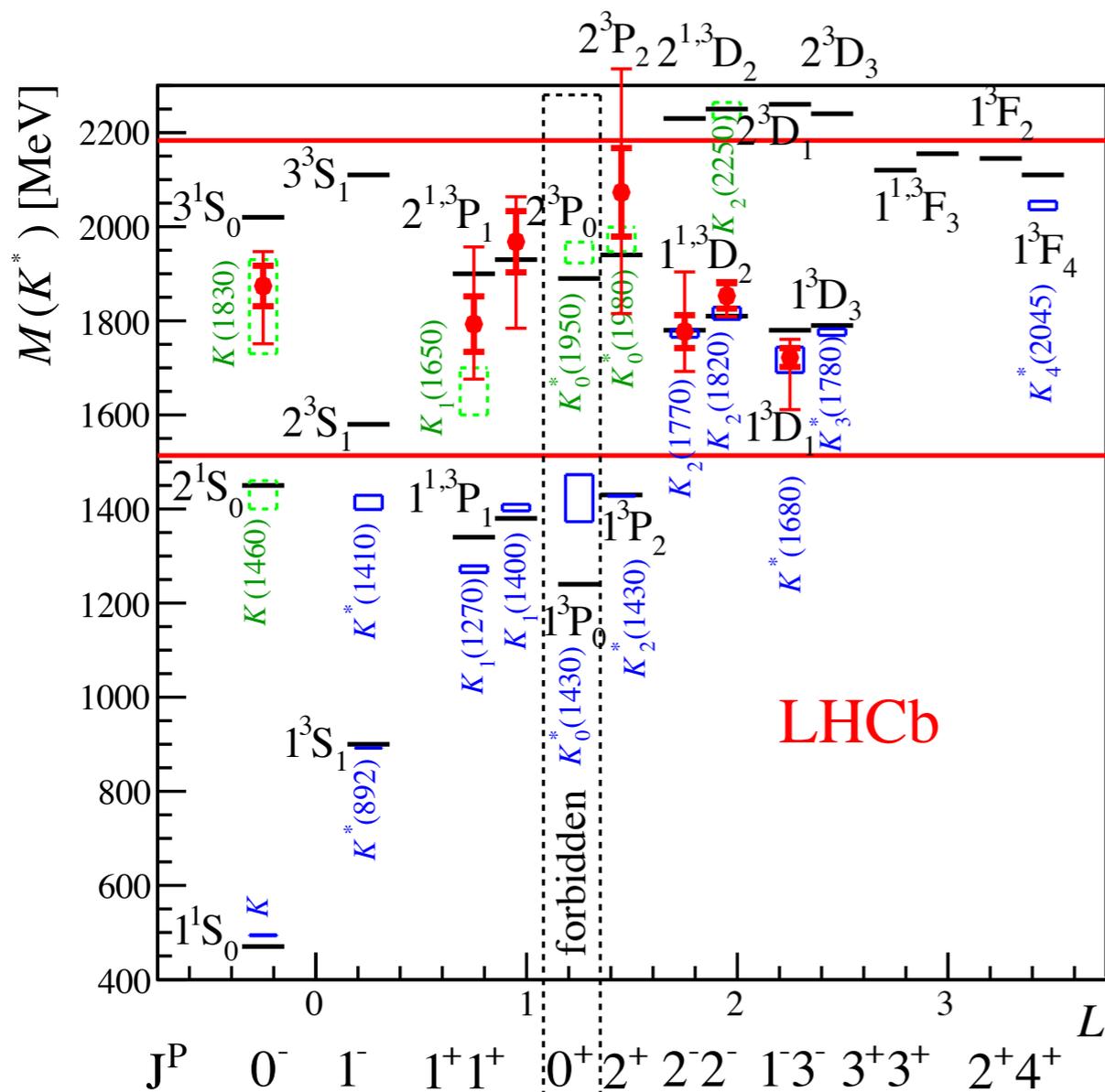
- LHCb performs amplitude analysis of  $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi\phi K$  decays
- Selection removes events when two KK combinations are consistent with  $\phi$
- Modelling becomes tricky as there is little information on  $K^* \rightarrow \phi K$  resonances

PRD 95, 012002

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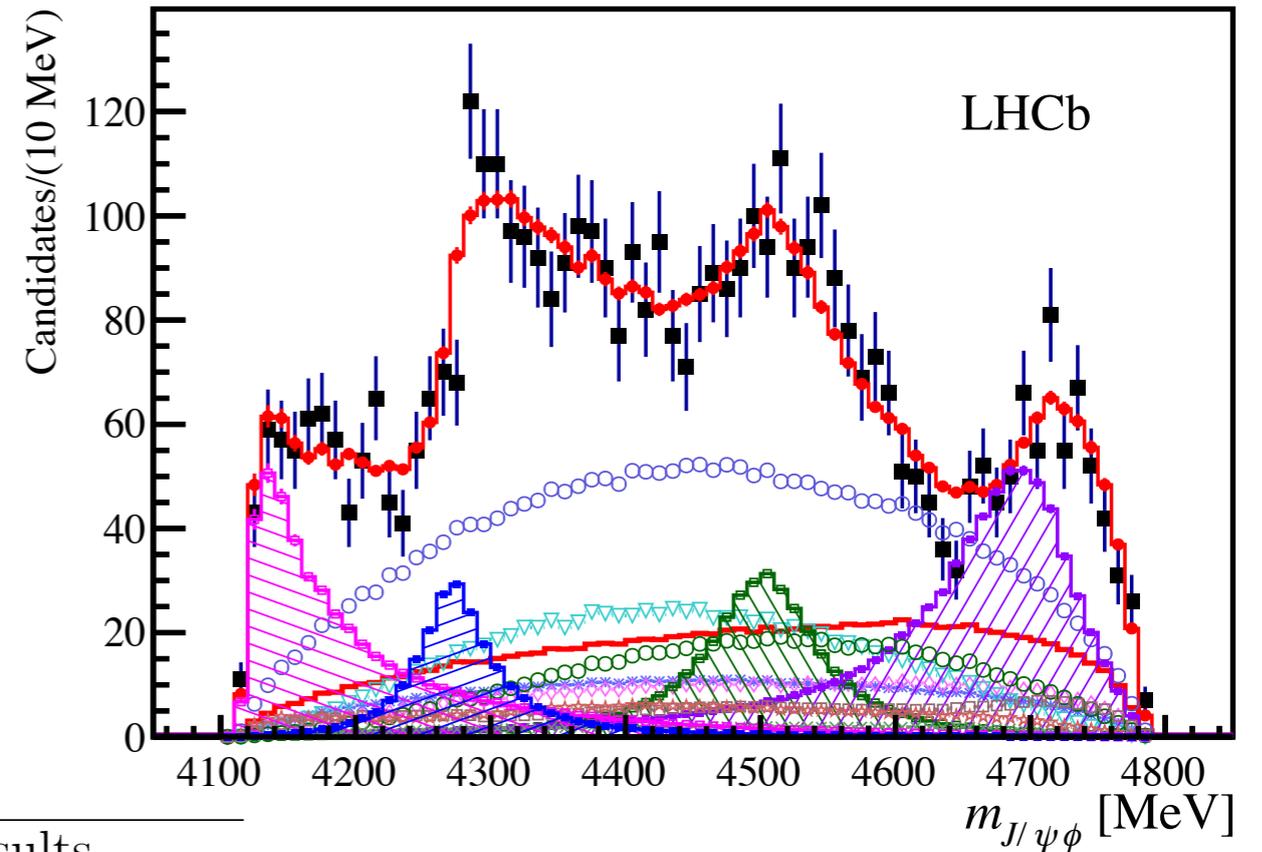
# X(4140) → J/ψφ state



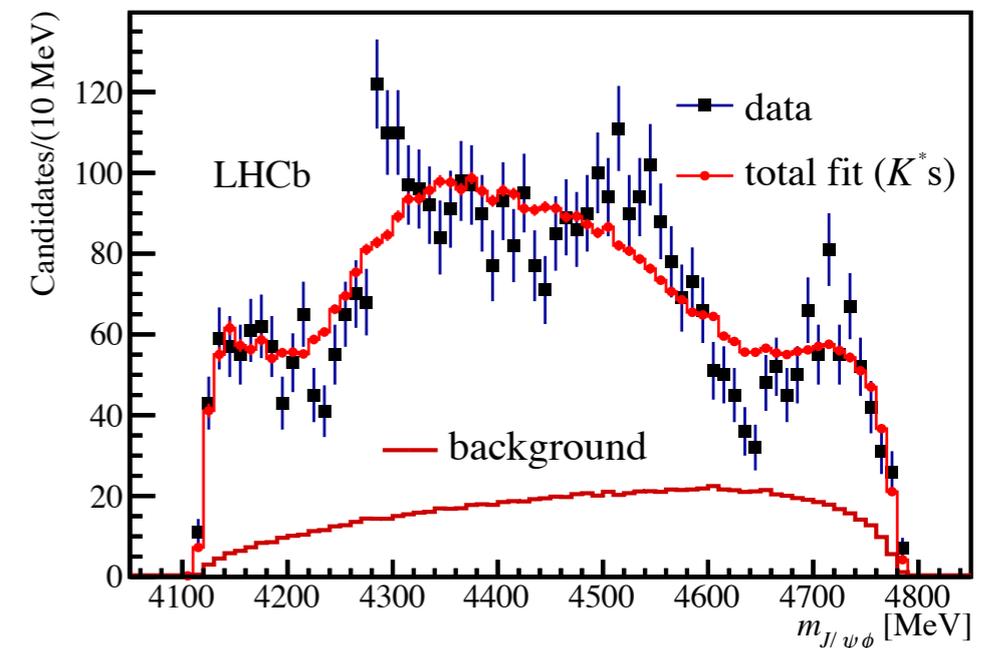
- Fit with  $\phi K$  resonances only could not describe data
- Adding more  $\phi K$  resonances does not improve description

# X(4140) → J/ψφ state

- Need 4 exotic contributions to describe data
- X(4140) possibly  $D_s D_s^*$  cusp
- Some disagreement in parameters compared to previous experiments
  - Possibly due to missing interference effects in 1D fits



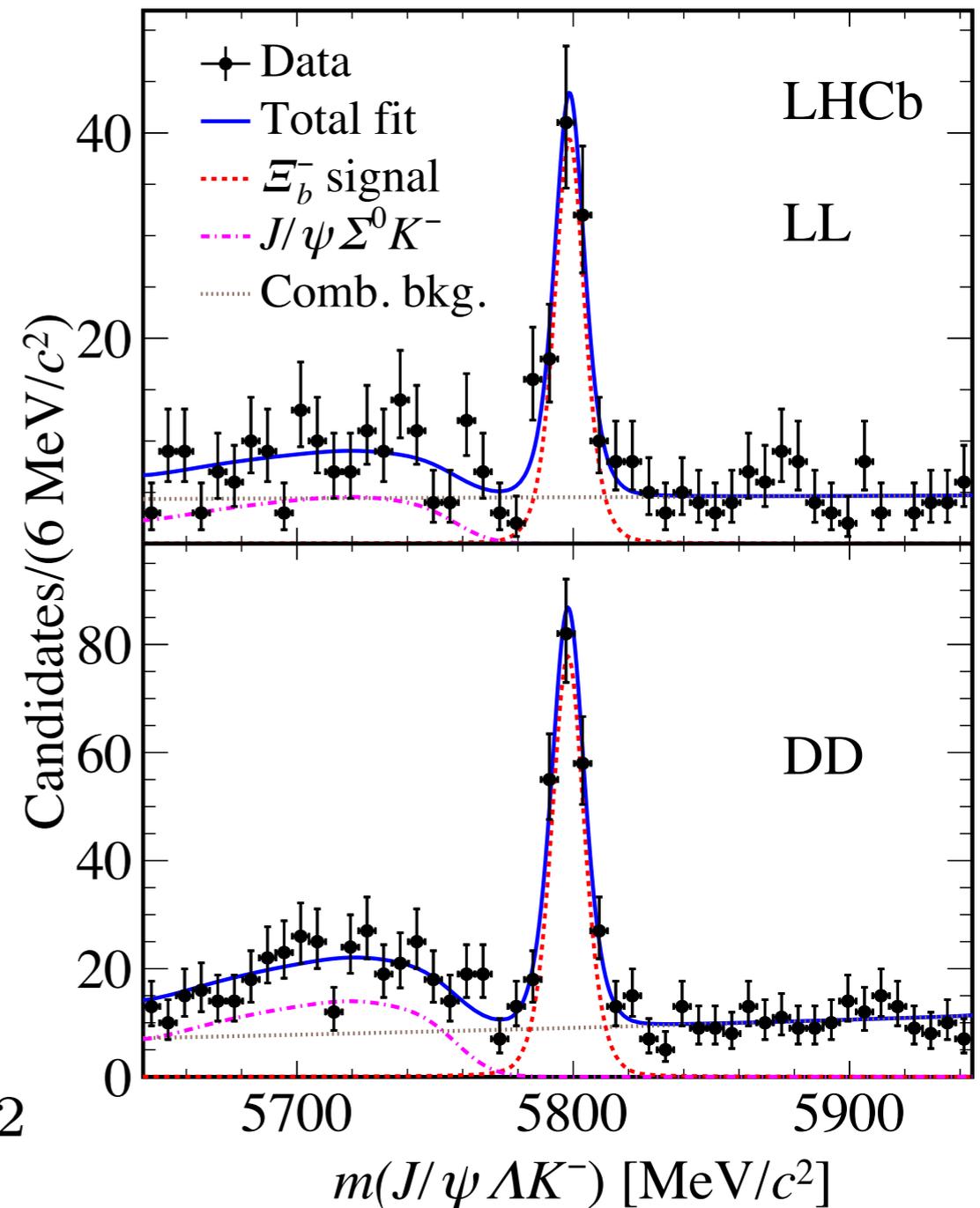
Contribution	sign. or Ref.	Fit results		
		$M_0$ [MeV]	$\Gamma_0$ [MeV]	FF %
All $X(1^+)$				$16 \pm 3$ $^{+6}_{-2}$
X(4140)	$8.4\sigma$	$4146.5 \pm 4.5$ $^{+4.6}_{-2.8}$	$83 \pm 21$ $^{+21}_{-14}$	$13.0 \pm 3.2$ $^{+4.8}_{-2.0}$
ave.	Table 1	$4147.1 \pm 2.4$	$15.7 \pm 6.3$	
X(4274)	$6.0\sigma$	$4273.3 \pm 8.3$ $^{+17.2}_{-3.6}$	$56 \pm 11$ $^{+8}_{-11}$	$7.1 \pm 2.5$ $^{+3.5}_{-2.4}$
CDF	[29]	$4274.4$ $^{+8.4}_{-6.7} \pm 1.9$	$32$ $^{+22}_{-15} \pm 8$	
CMS	[25]	$4313.8 \pm 5.3 \pm 7.3$	$38$ $^{+30}_{-15} \pm 16$	
All $X(0^+)$				$28 \pm 5$ $^{+7}_{-7}$
$NR_{J/\psi\phi}$	$6.4\sigma$			$46 \pm 11$ $^{+11}_{-21}$
X(4500)	$6.1\sigma$	$4506 \pm 11$ $^{+12}_{-15}$	$92 \pm 21$ $^{+21}_{-20}$	$6.6 \pm 2.4$ $^{+3.5}_{-2.3}$
X(4700)	$5.6\sigma$	$4704 \pm 10$ $^{+14}_{-24}$	$120 \pm 31$ $^{+42}_{-33}$	$12 \pm 5$ $^{+9}_{-5}$



# Observation of $\Xi_b^- \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda K$

- With observation of pentaquark, quest for other such states
- It was suggested that  $J/\psi \Lambda$  system could be place to observe strange pentaquark
- Search for large exclusive decay
  - Ultimately want amplitude analysis
- Decay  $\Xi_b^- \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda K$  observed
  - About 300 events in Run1
  - Significance of  $21\sigma$
- Can measure mass difference to  $\Lambda_b$  and combine with result from  $\Xi_c \pi$ 

$$\delta M = 177.73 \pm 0.33 \pm 0.14 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$



# Observation of $\Lambda_b \rightarrow \chi_{c(1,2)} p K$

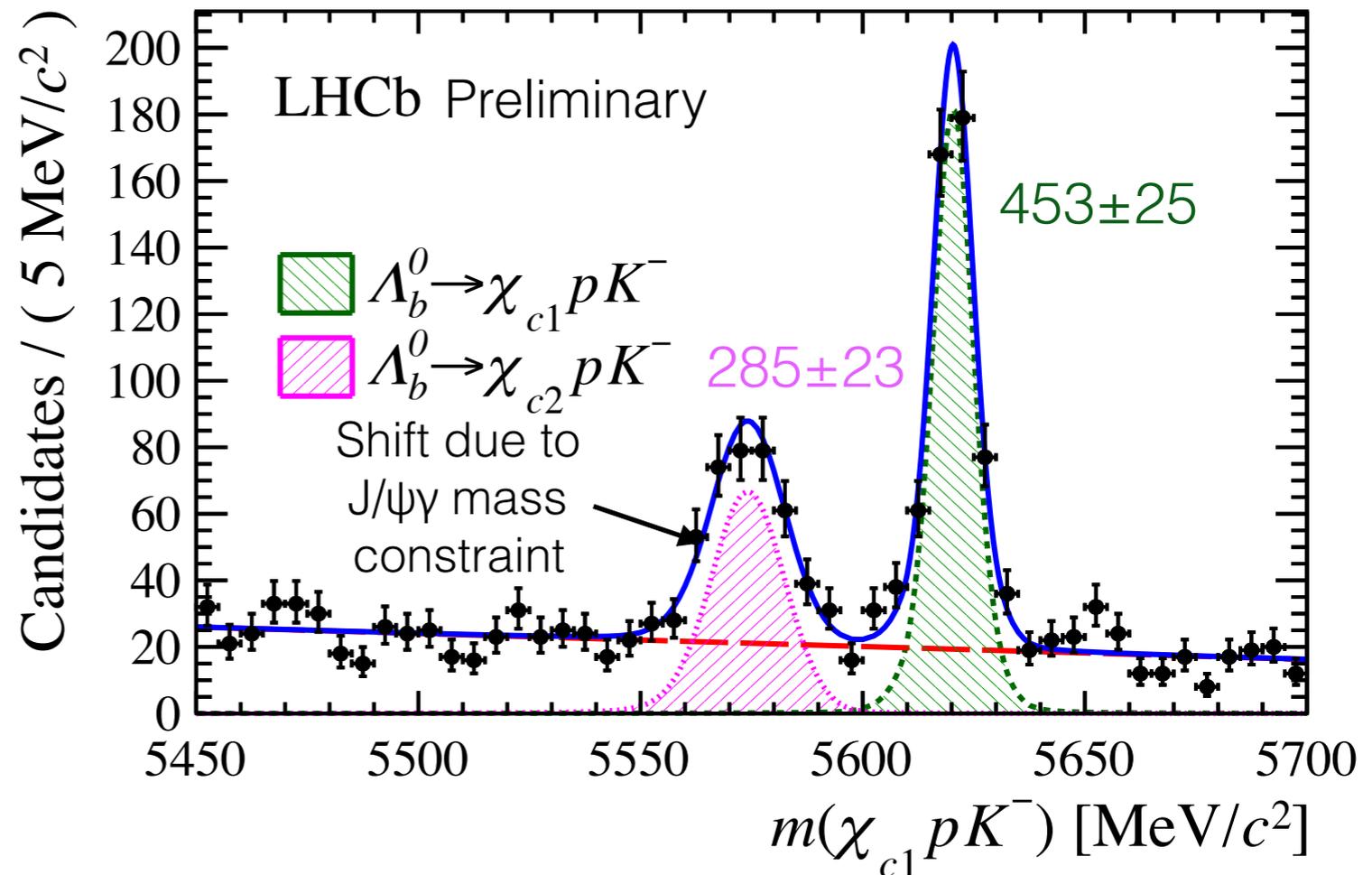
- In meson system charged states were seen in  $\chi_c \pi$
- $P_c(4450)^+$  is close to  $\chi_{c1} p$  threshold
- Information from  $\chi_{c1} p$  can help to understand observed pentaquarks
- Search for decay  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow \chi_{c(1,2)} p K$  decays

- Measured BF  $\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \chi_{c1} p K^-) = (7.3 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.6_{-0.7}^{+1.0}) \times 10^{-5}$

$$\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \chi_{c2} p K^-) = (7.4 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.6_{-0.7}^{+1.1}) \times 10^{-5}$$

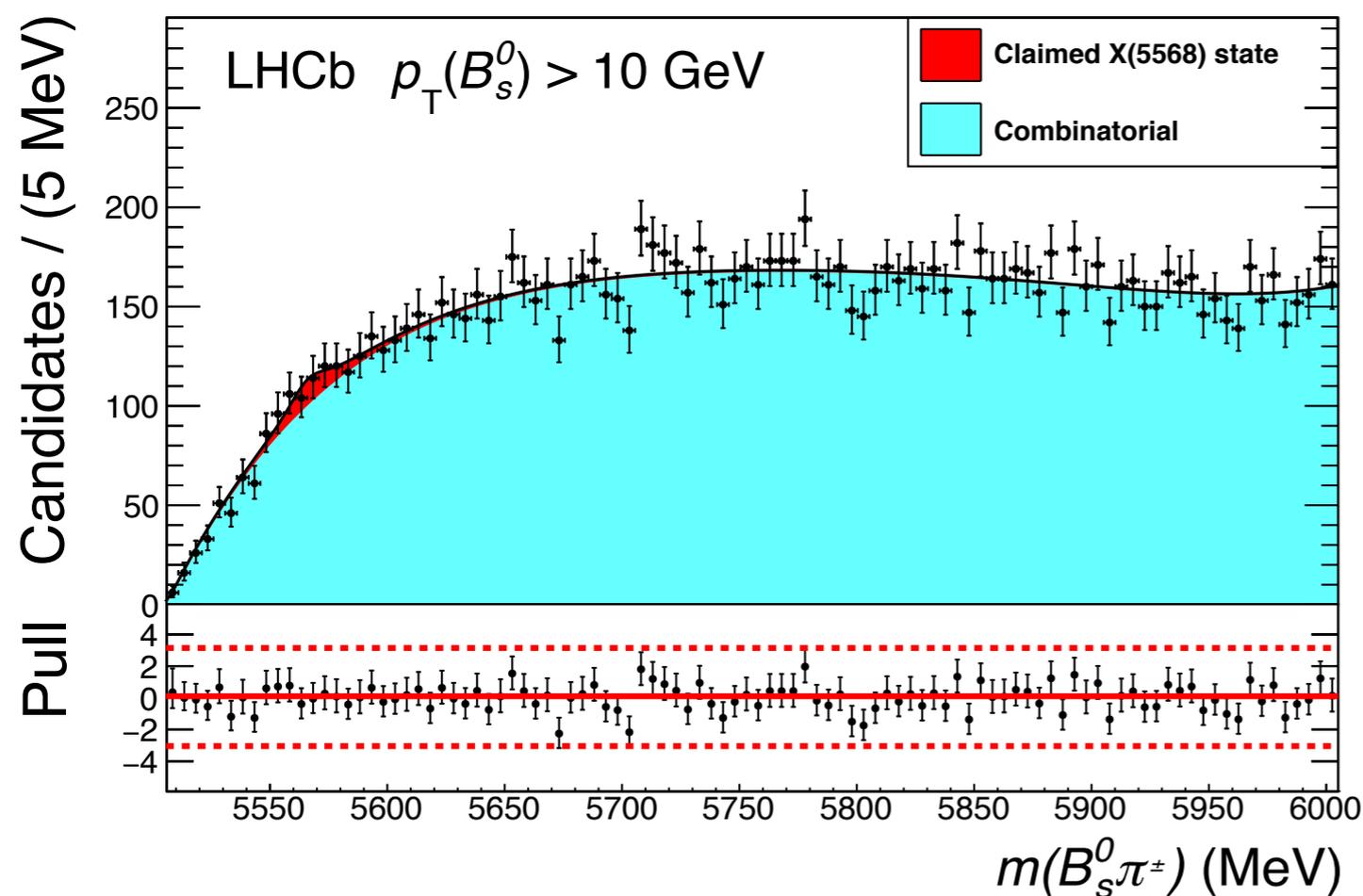
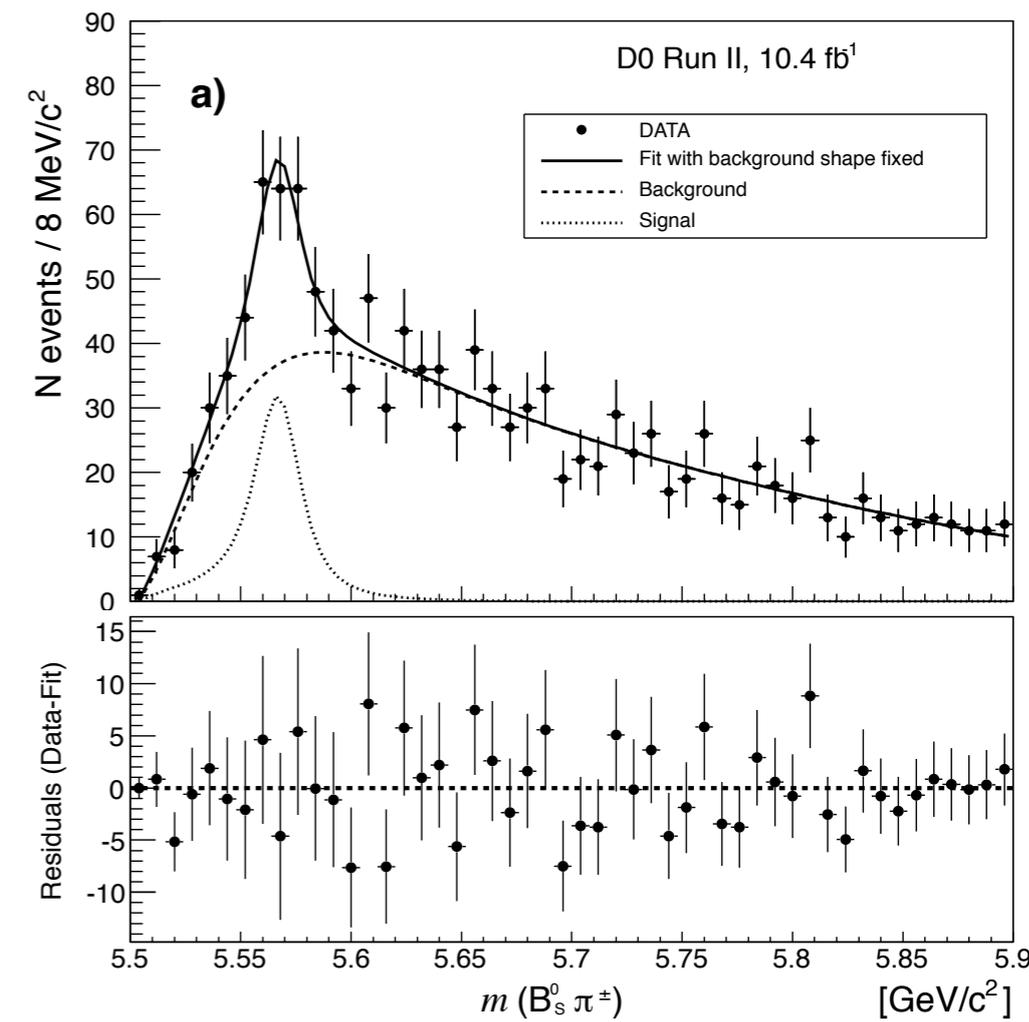
- Improve  $\Lambda_b$  mass (combined with other LHCb measurements)

$$M(\Lambda_b) = 5619.62 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.13 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$



# Structure in $B_s\pi$ spectrum?

- D0 collaboration claimed state decaying to  $B_s\pi^+$
- LHCb has large data sample to check it
  - 112600  $B_s$  events (LHCb) vs. 5582 (D0)
- No state seen in place of D0 state



# Conclusions

- LHCb has now large samples of b-hadron decays
- Several possible exotic hadrons could be studied in amplitude analysis
- Amplitude analysis allows to determine quantum numbers
- In past year we followed on pentaquarks observation
  - Clear evidence for states in model independent way
  - Decay  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow J/\psi p \pi$  consistent with  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow J/\psi p K$
  - Observed few other decays we can use for further searches of pentaquarks
- Cleared up some confusion with X(4140) state
  - Amplitude analysis prefers up to 4 exotic states
- We have Run2 data waiting to be exploited
  - Adds about factor of 2 in statistics right now