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## On the Region of Applicability of the TMD formalism: the impact in phenomenology

In SIDIS, the formalism of TMDs corresponds to a specific partonic picture, in which the observed hadron is produced by the struck quark, via *current fragmentation*. For phenomenological applications, it is of prime importance to identify the kinematical region in which the corresponding factorization theorem can safely be applied. In this talk I will discuss a criterion to determine this regime and will argue that the rapidity of the final hadron is a more natural variable than the usual hadronic invariant  $z_h$ , in particular for the energy ranges of a few  $\text{GeV}^2$

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