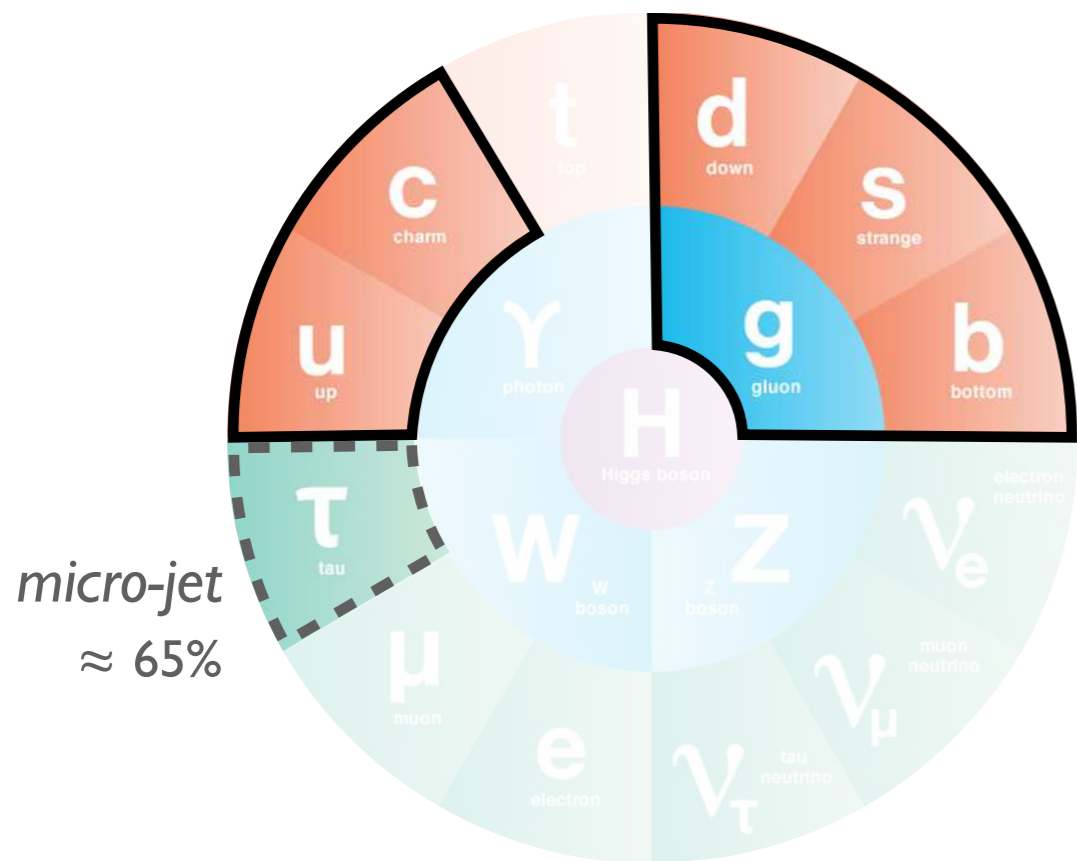


Using Jets and QCD to Boost the Search for New Physics

Jesse Thaler

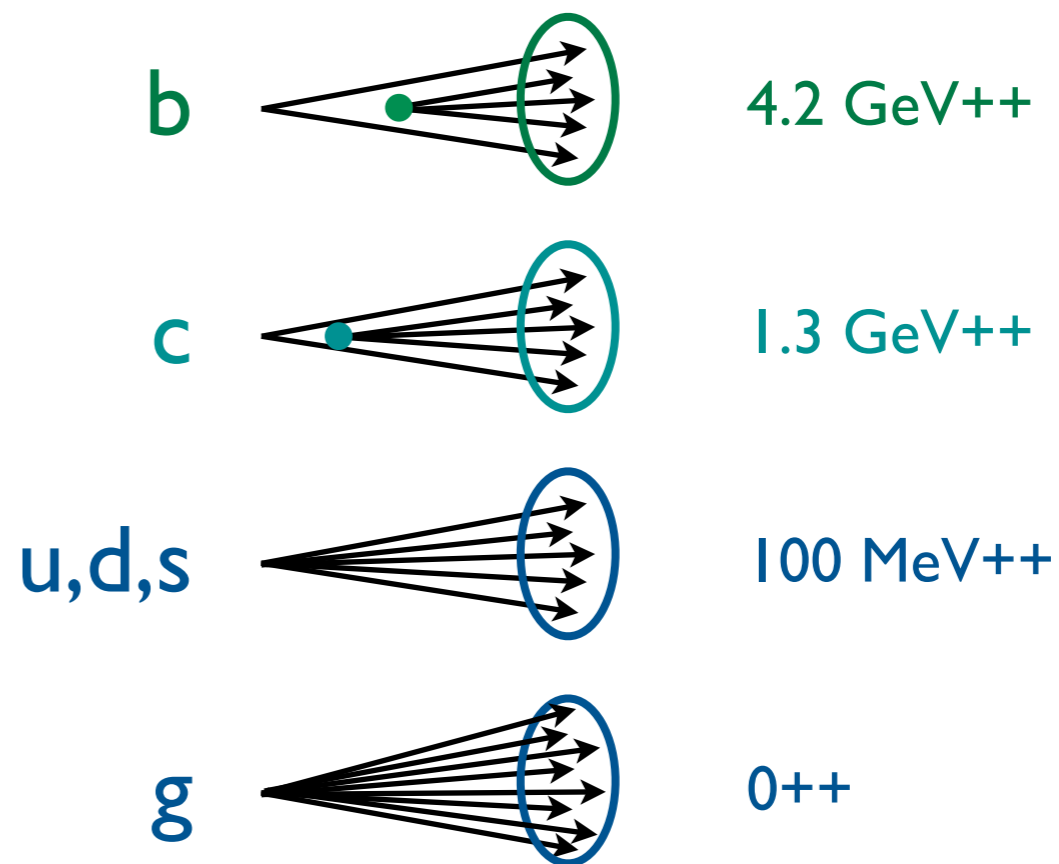


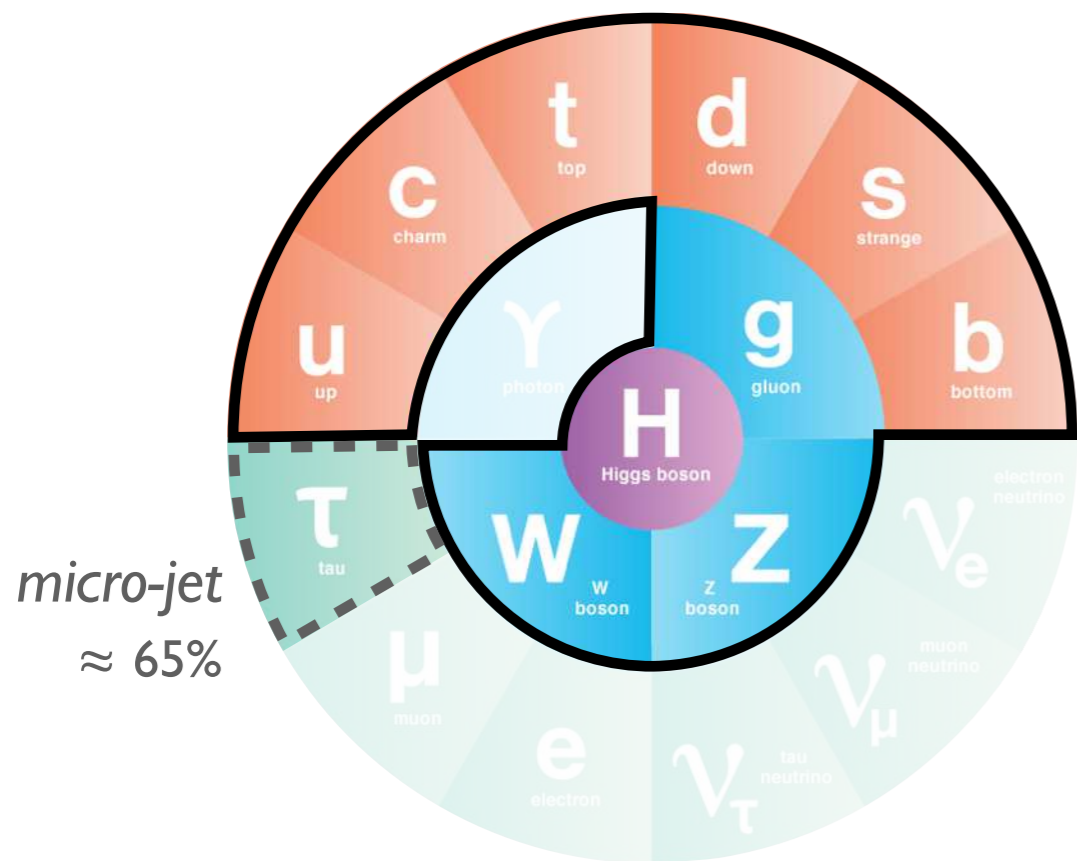
Physics in LHC and the Early Universe, University of Tokyo — January 10, 2017



Jets from the Standard Model

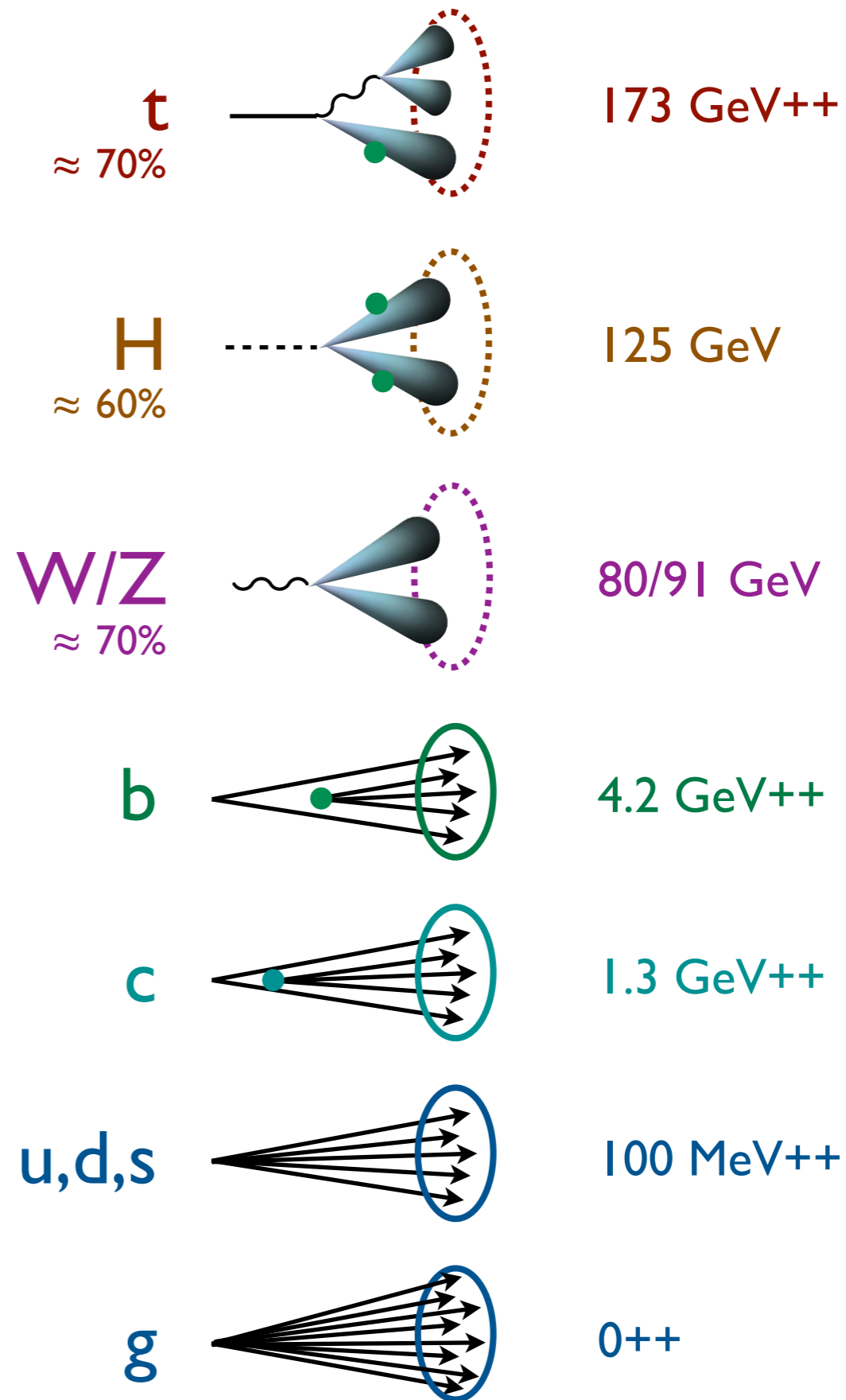
++ = plus gluonic radiation



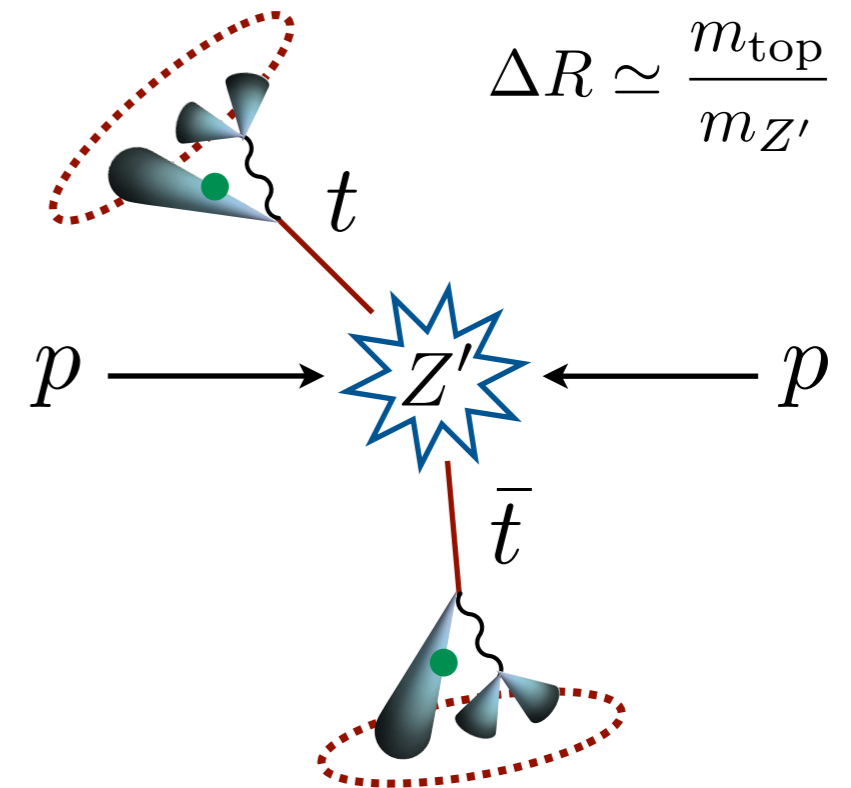
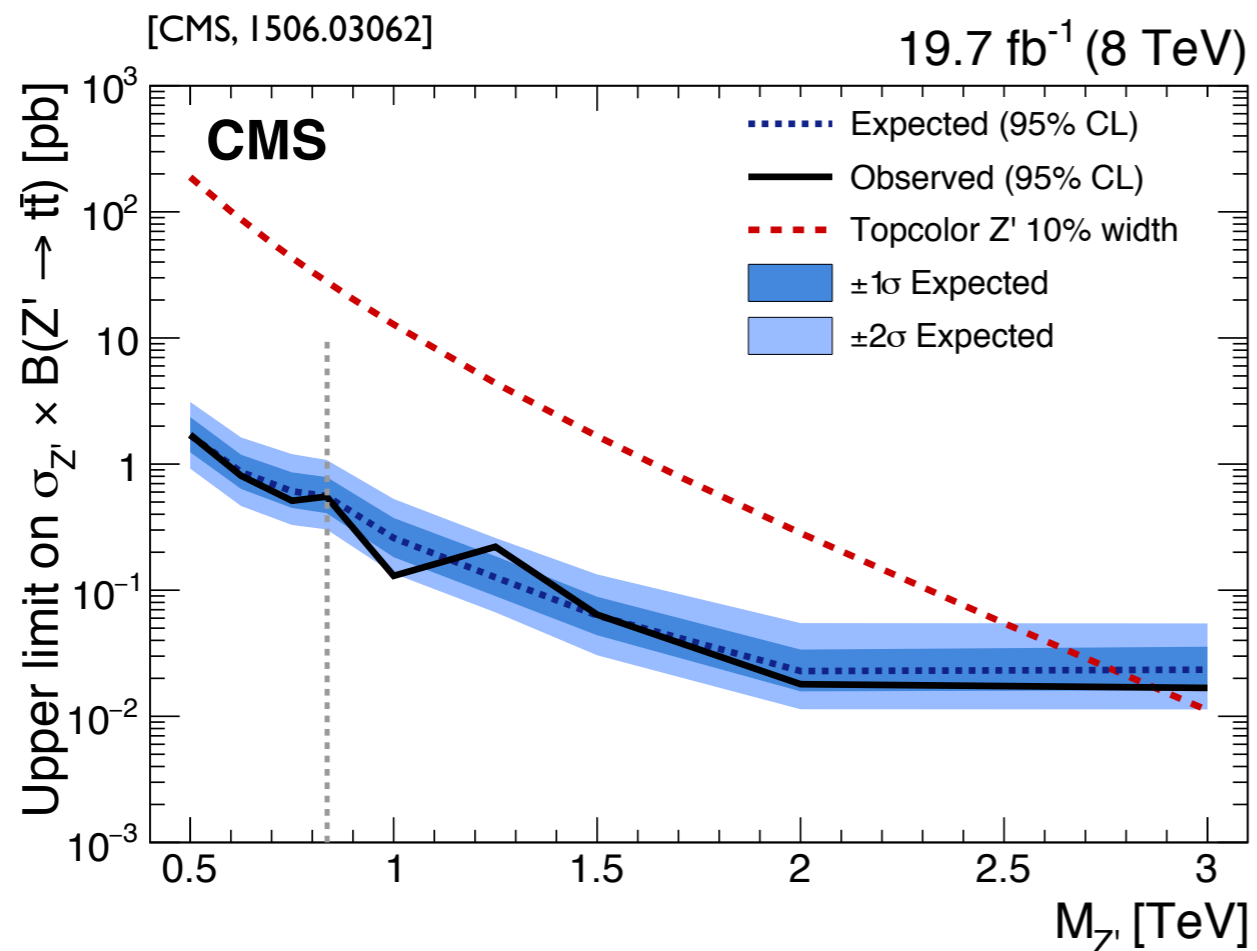
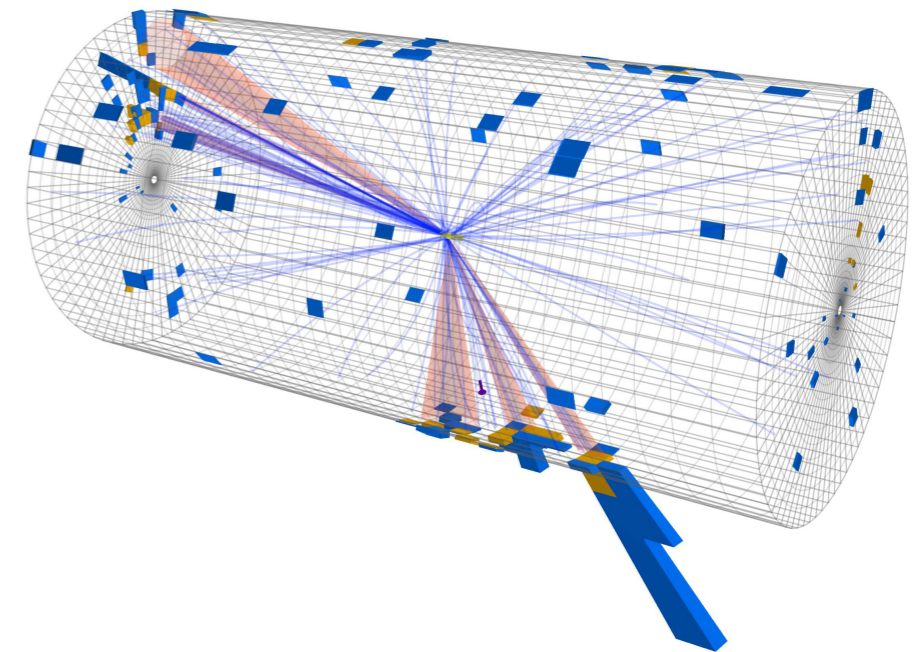


Jets from the Standard Model

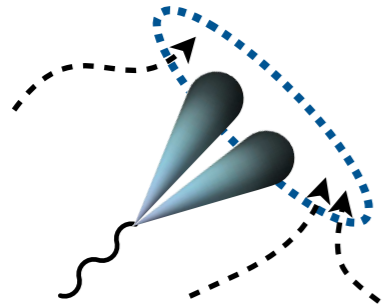
++ = plus gluonic radiation



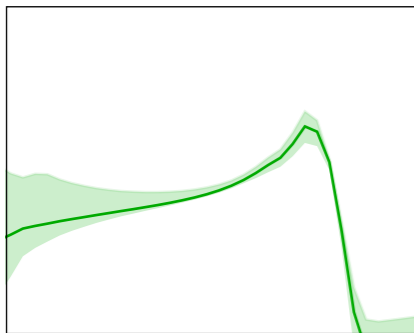
The Boosted Regime



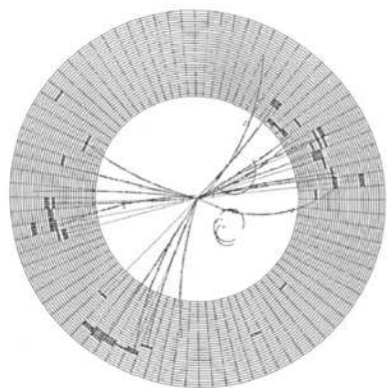
Outline



New Physics in the Boosted Regime



Theoretical Advances in Jet Substructure



Back to the Future: Quarks vs. Gluons



New Results
(includes performance studies)

≈ 67

≈ 79

Using Jets

≈ 31

≈ 54

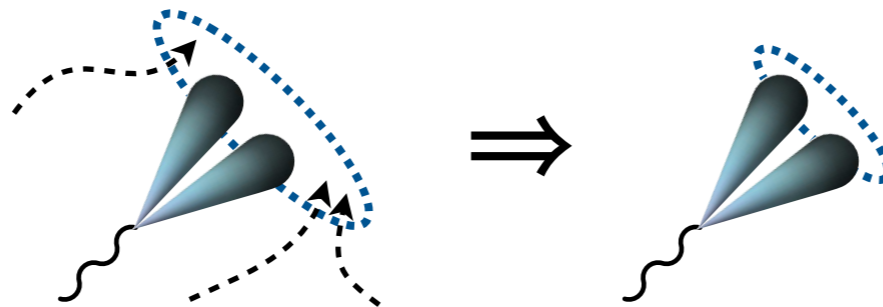
Using Substructure

≈ 10

≈ 12

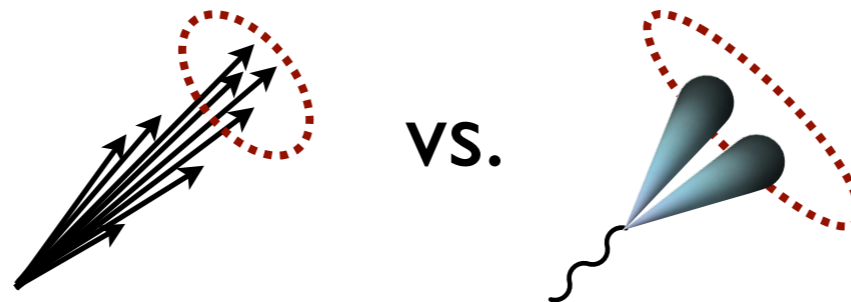
Key Substructure Techniques

Grooming: e.g. ISR/UE/pileup



[Mass Drop/Filtering, Trimming, Pruning, Soft Drop, Jet Reclustering...;
for pileup: Area Subtraction, Jet Cleansing, SoftKiller, PUPPI, Constituent Subtraction...]

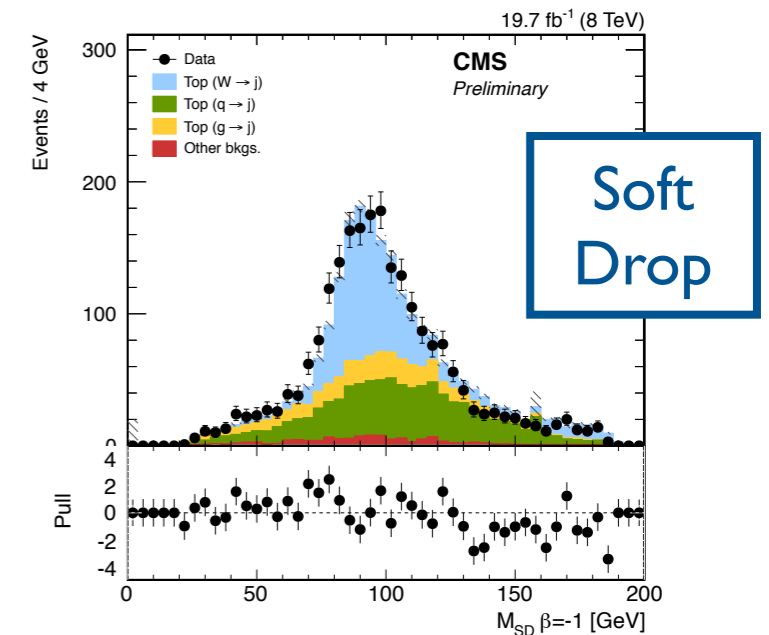
Discrimination: e.g. 1-prong vs. N-prong



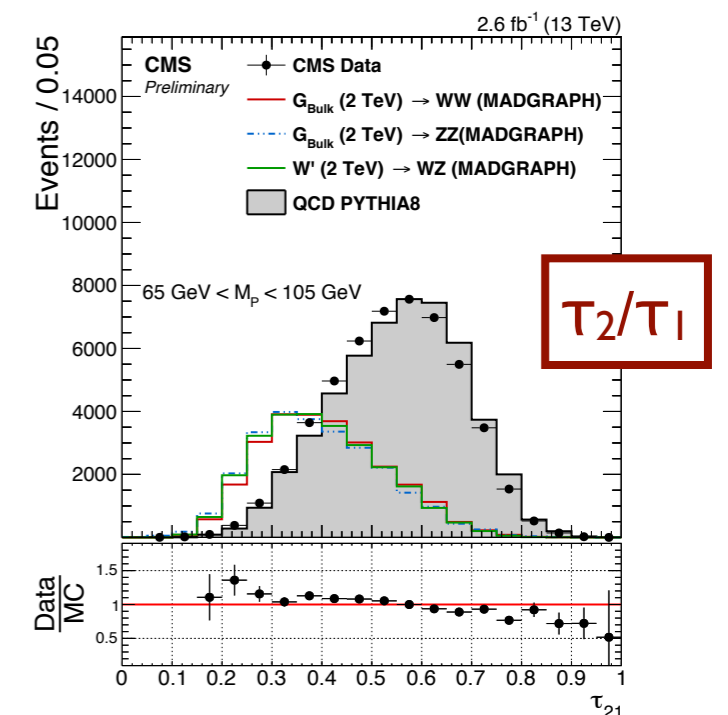
[p_T Balance, Y-splitter, Angularities, Planar Flow, N-subjettiness, Angular Structure Functions,
Jet Charge, Jet Pull, Energy Correlation Functions, Dipolarity, p_T^D , Zernike Coefficients,
LHA, Fox-Wolfman Moments, JHU/CMSTopTagger, HEPTopTagger, Template Method,
Shower Deconstruction, Subjet Counting, Wavelets, Q-Jets, Telescoping Jets...]

W/Z-Tagging @ CMS

[JME-14-002, CMS-PAS-EXO-15-002]



[using Larkoski, Marzani, Soyez, JDT, 1402.2657]

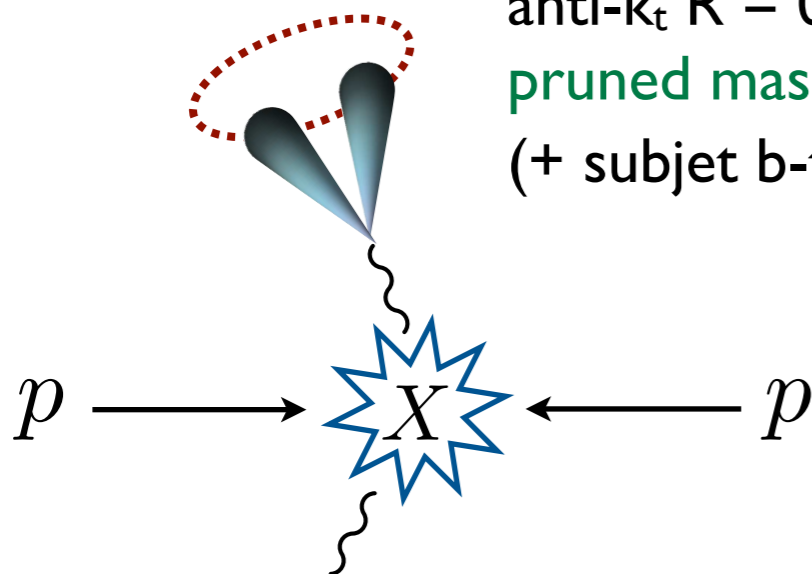


[using JDT, Van Tilburg, 1011.2268, 1108.2701]

CMS: $Z\gamma$ Resonance Search

Z candidate

anti- k_t $R = 0.8$, $p_T > 200$ GeV
 pruned mass $\in [75, 105]$ GeV
 (+ subjet b-tagging for $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$)

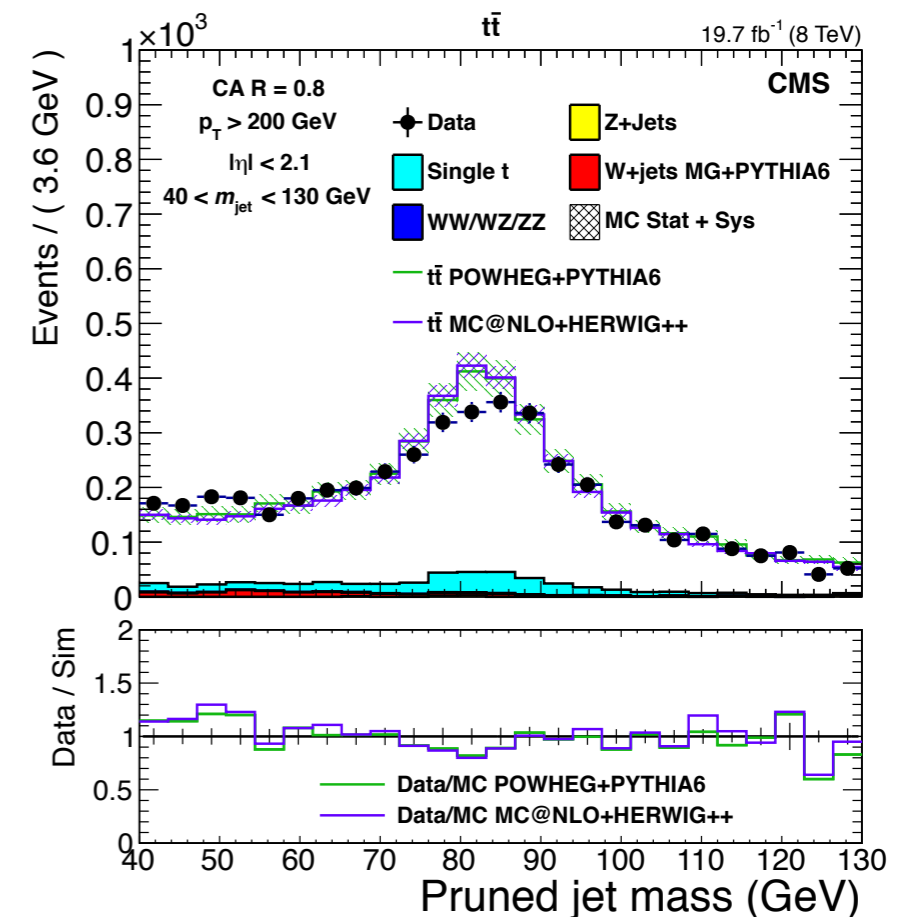


γ candidate

$p_T > \min[180 \text{ GeV}, 0.34 M_{j\gamma}]$
 $R_{j\gamma} > 1.1$

$\sim 20\%$ signal efficiency
 (vs. $\sim 5\%$ for e/μ)

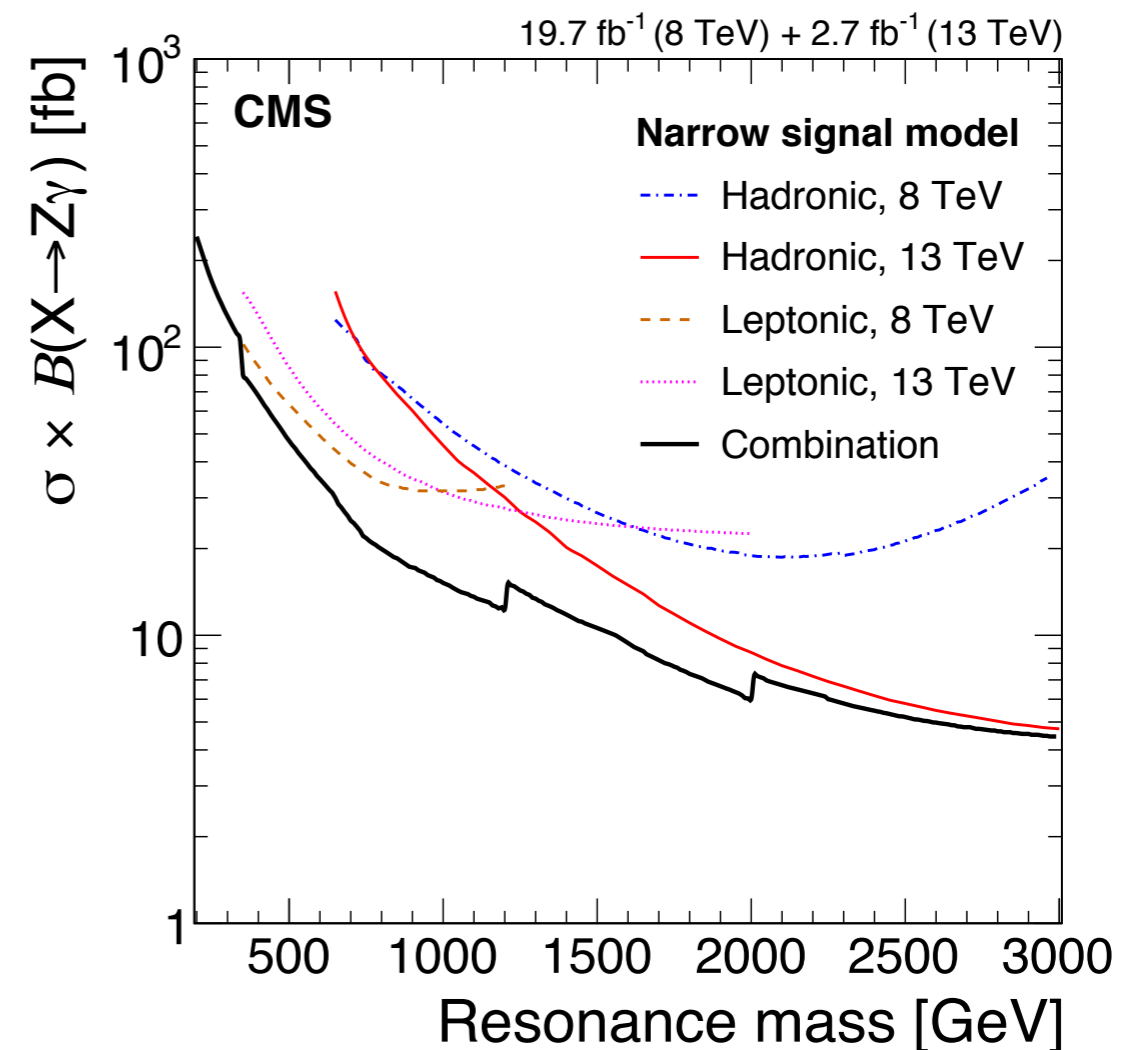
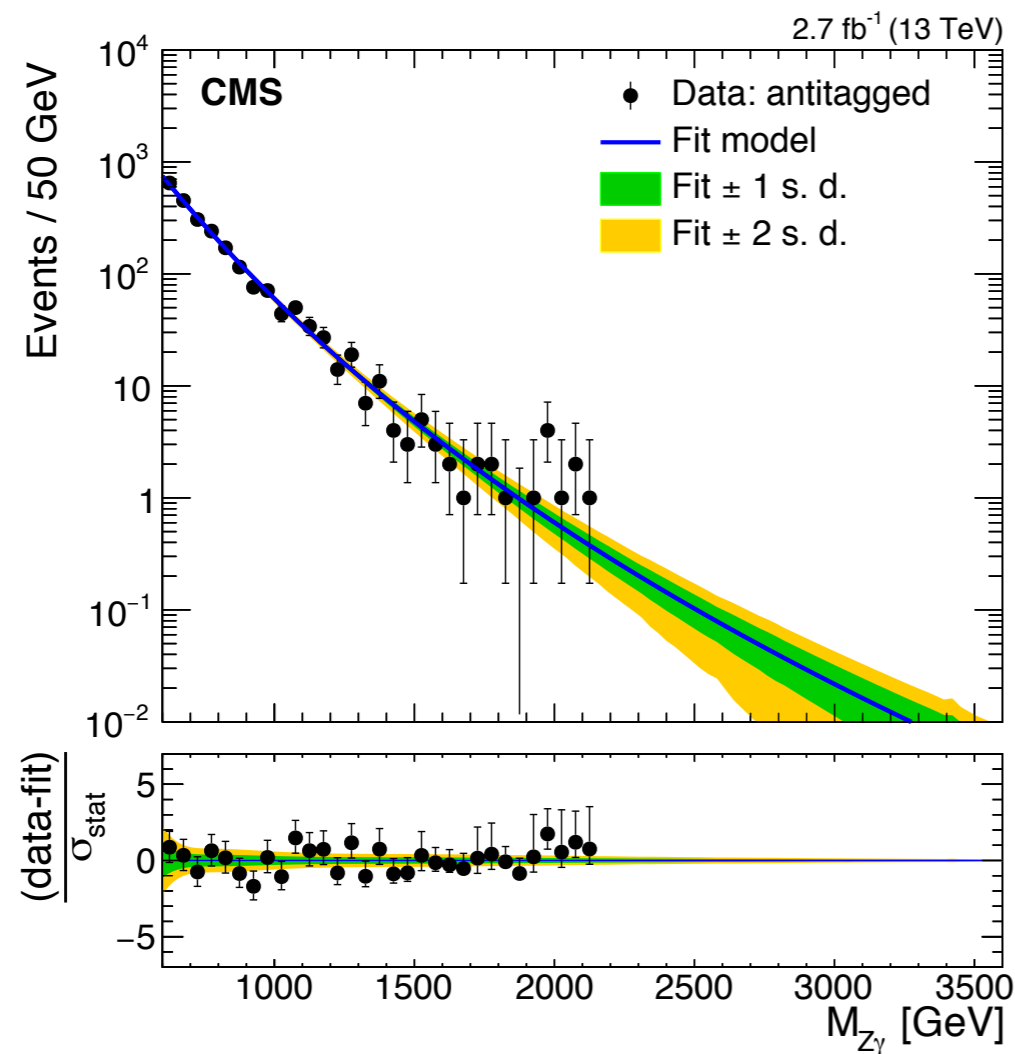
Top control sample (with W candidates)



$\overbrace{\hspace{10em}}^{\text{Z window}}$

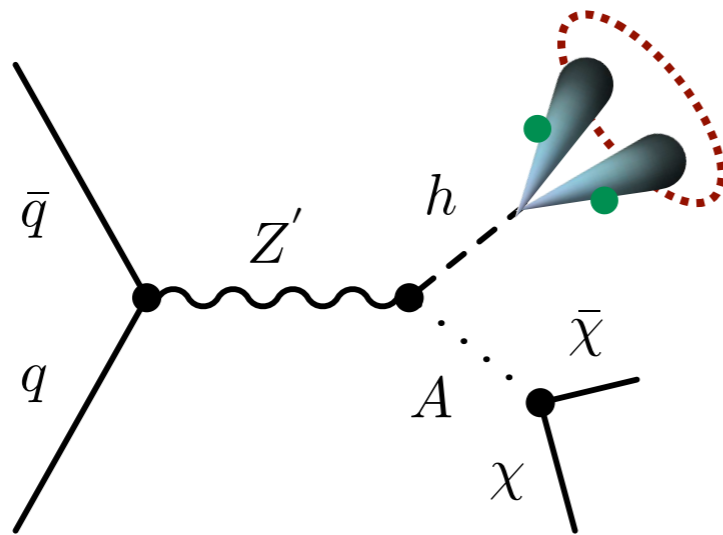
[CMS, 1410.4227, 1612.09516]
 [using Ellis, Vermilion, Walsh, 0903.5081, 0912.0033]

CMS: $Z\gamma$ Resonance Search



Hadronic Z channel dominates for $M_X > 1.2$ TeV

ATLAS: Dark Matter plus Higgs Search



H candidate

anti- k_t $R = 1.0$, $p_T > 250$ GeV

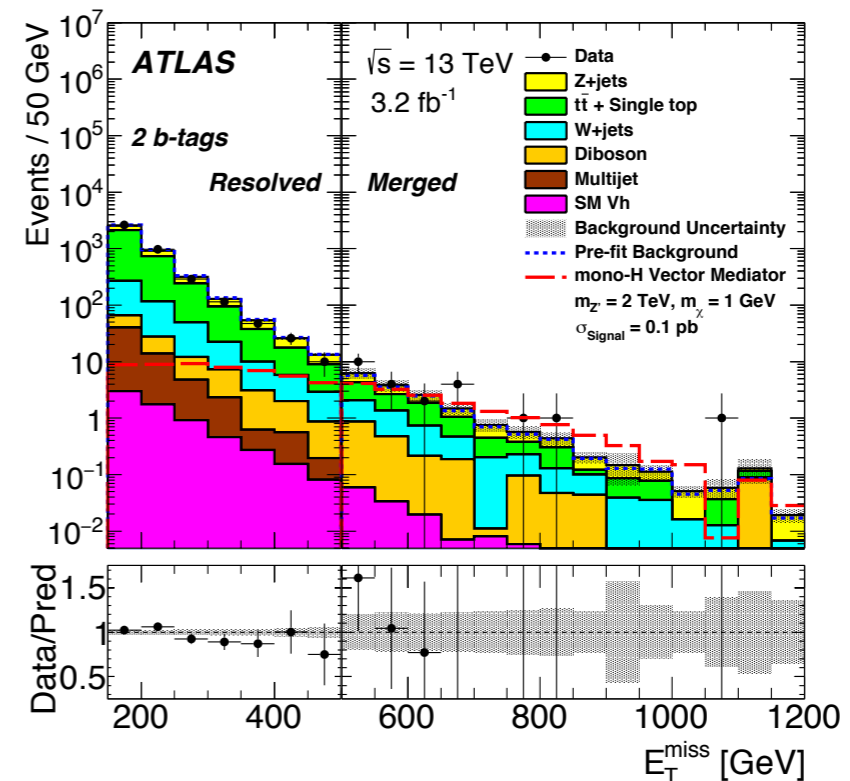
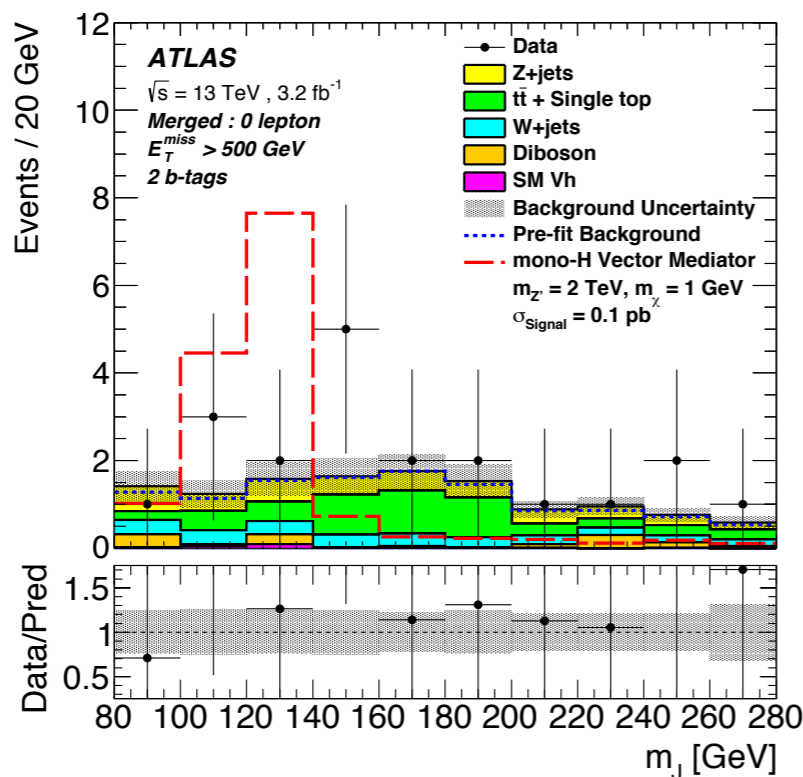
trimmed jet mass as discriminant

double b-tagging via $R = 0.2$ track jets

Missing Energy

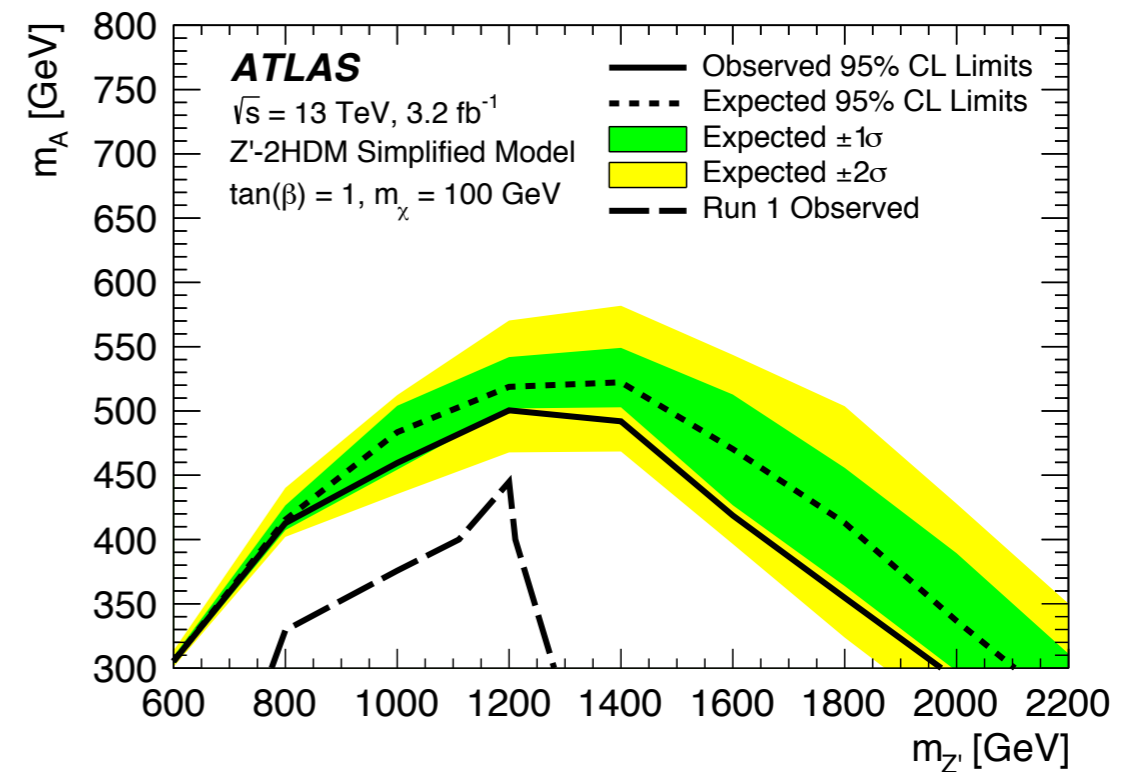
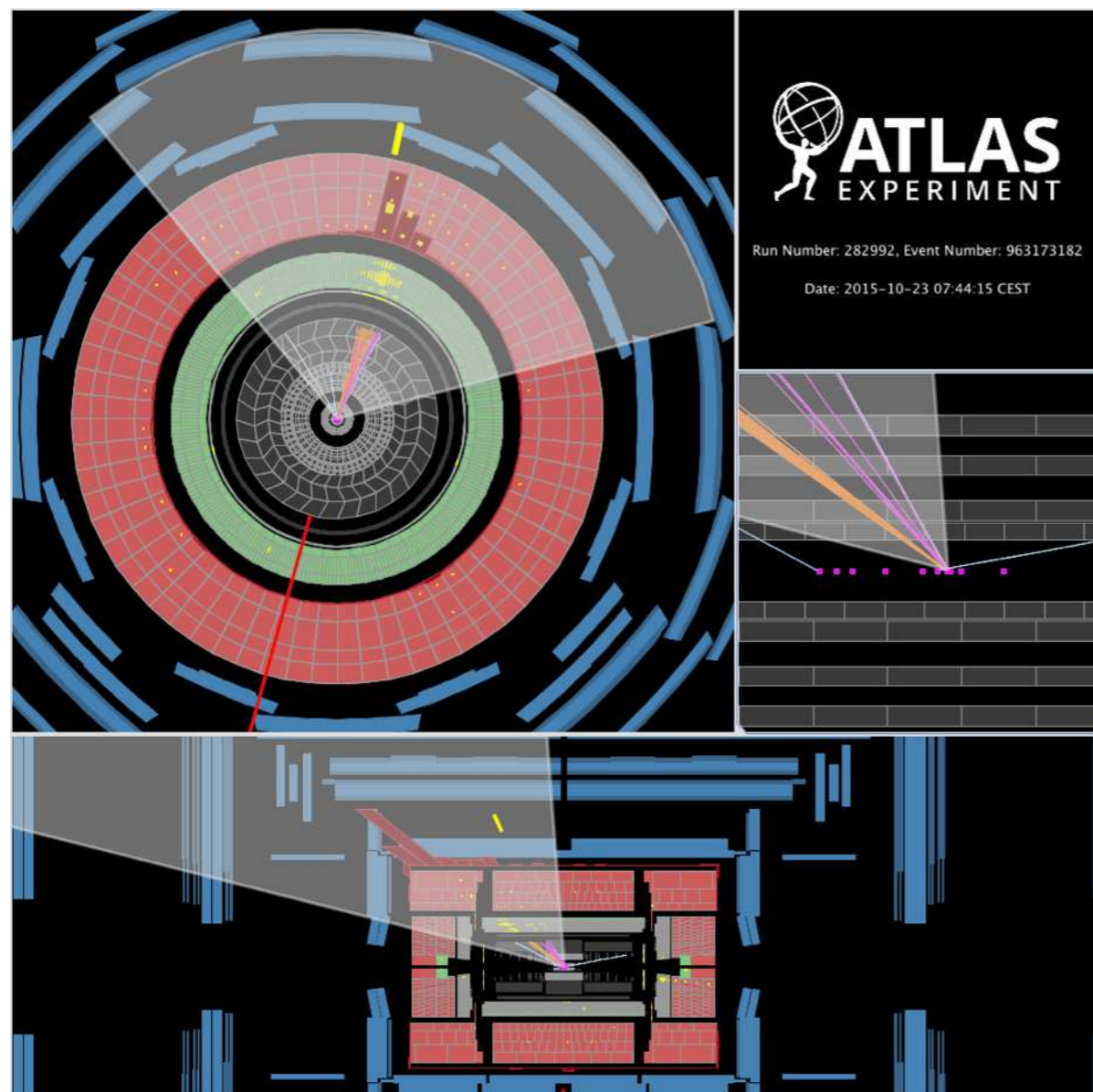
$E_T > 500$ GeV in merged analysis

(+ separate resolved analysis)



[ATLAS, 1609.04572; using Krohn, JDT, Wang, 0912.1342]

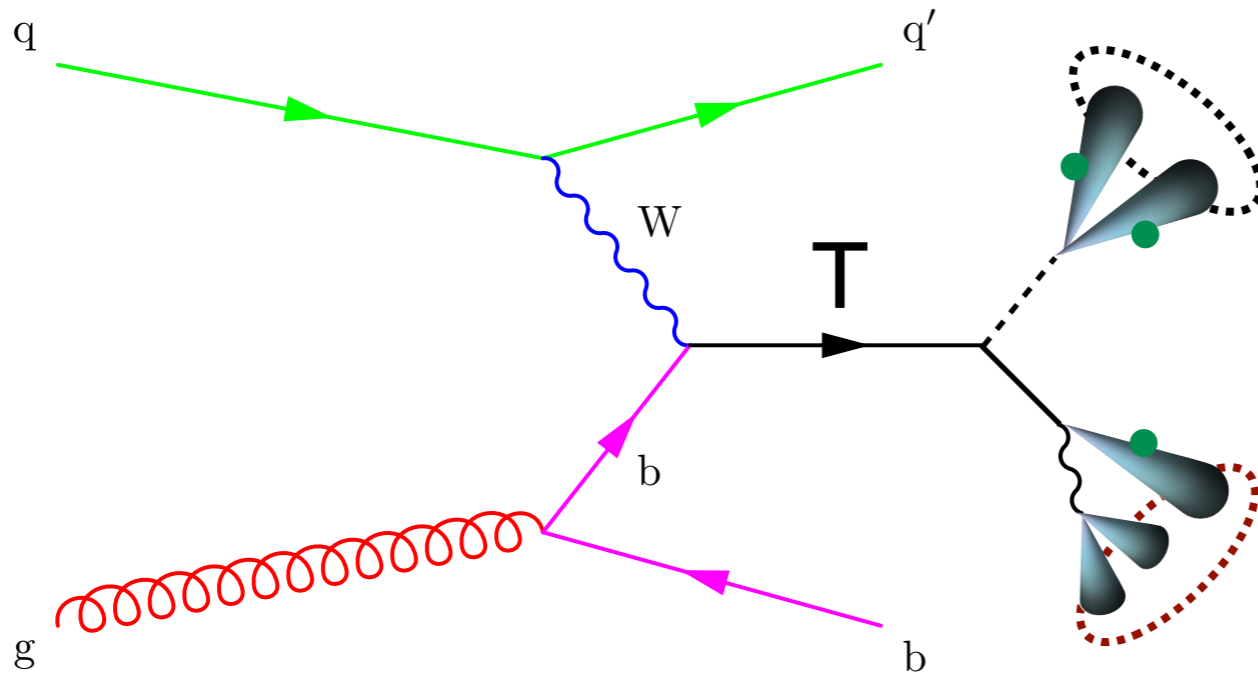
ATLAS: Dark Matter plus Higgs Search



Boosted regime essential to explore heavy mediator masses

[ATLAS, 1609.04572; using Krohn, JDT, Wang, 0912.1342]

CMS: Vector-like Quark Search



H candidate

anti- k_t $R = 0.8, p_T > 300$ GeV

τ_2/τ_1 cut

pruned mass $\in [105, 135]$ GeV

double subjet b-tagging

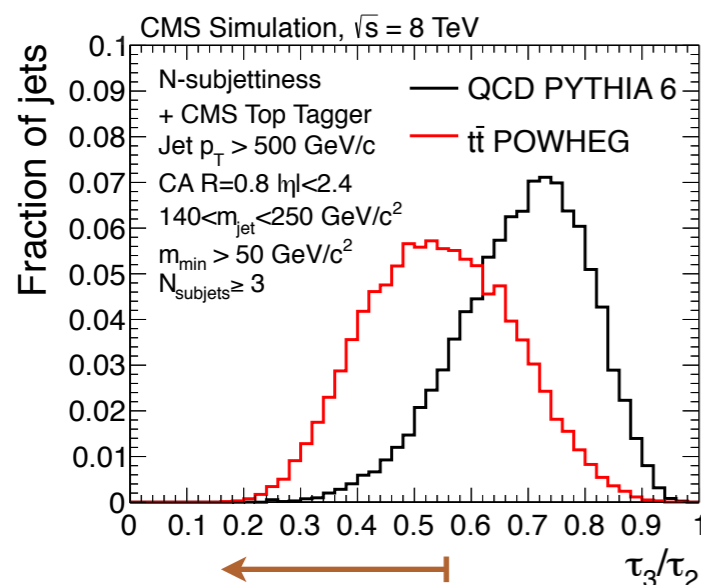
top candidate

anti- k_t $R = 0.8, p_T > 400$ GeV

τ_3/τ_2 cut

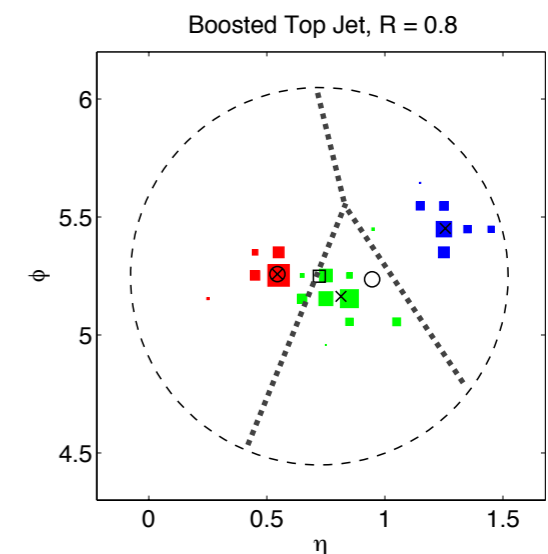
soft drop mass $\in [110, 210]$ GeV

single subjet b-tagging



N-subjettiness Ratios

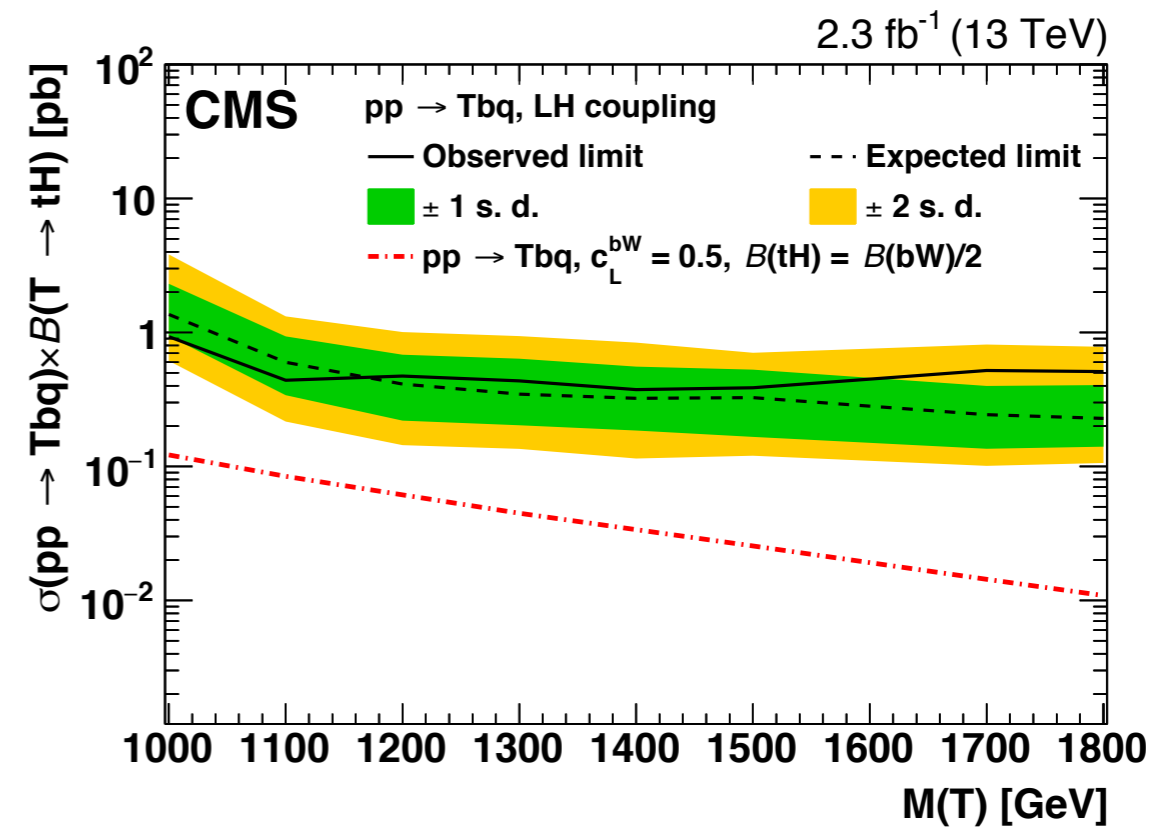
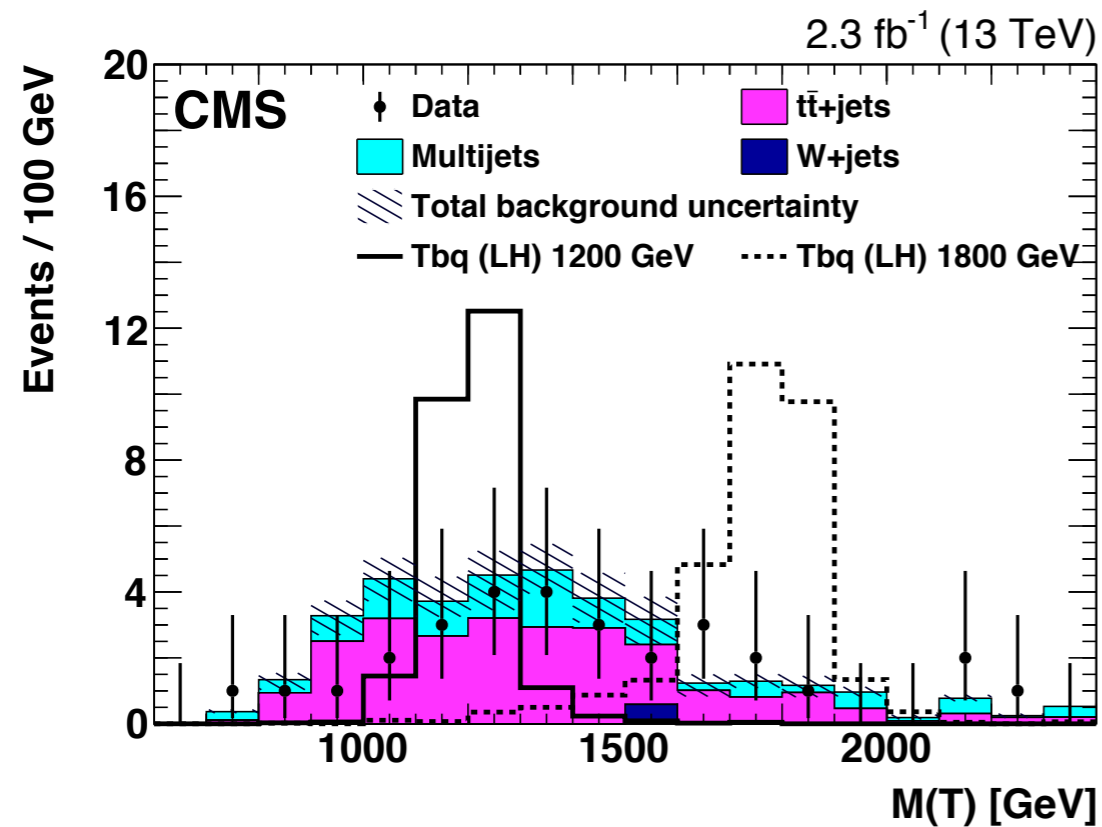
$$\frac{\tau_3}{\tau_2} = \frac{\sum_i p_{Ti} \min\{R_{i1}, R_{i2}, R_{i3}\}^\beta}{\sum_i p_{Ti} \min\{R_{i1}, R_{i2}\}^\beta}$$



[CMS, 1612.05336, JME-13-007]

[using JDT, Van Tilburg, 1011.2268, 1108.2701; Ellis, Vermilion, Walsh, 0903.5081, 0912.0033; Larkoski, Marzani, Soyez, JDT, 1402.2657]

CMS: Vector-like Quark Search



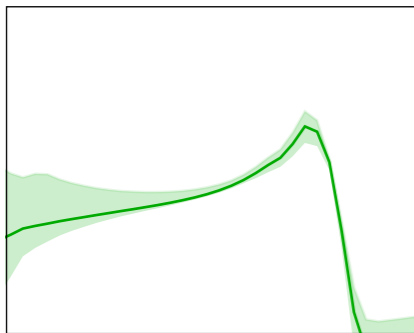
Jet substructure techniques well-suited to intricate final states with extreme kinematics

[CMS, 1612.05336, JME-13-007]

[using JDT, Van Tilburg, 1011.2268, 1108.2701; Ellis, Vermilion, Walsh, 0903.5081, 0912.0033; Larkoski, Marzani, Soyez, JDT, 1402.2657]



New Physics in the Boosted Regime



Theoretical Advances in Jet Substructure



Back to the Future: Quarks vs. Gluons

First-Principles QCD Calculations

Jet mass: Dasgupta, Khelifa-Kerfa, Marzani, Spannowsky, 1207.1640; Chien, Kelley, Schwartz, Zhu, 1208.0010; Jouttenus, Stewart, Tackmann, Waalewijn, 1302.0846

Jet shapes: Ellis, Vermilion, Walsh, Hornig, Lee, 1001.0014; Banfi, Dasgupta, Khelifa-Kerfa, Marzani, 1004.3483; Li, Li, Yuan, 1107.4535; Larkoski, Neill, JDT, 1401.2158; Hornig, Makris, Mehen, 1601.01319

Angular scaling: Jankowiak, Larkoski, 1201.2688; Larkoski, 1207.1437

Quarks vs. gluons: Larkoski, Salam, JDT, 1305.0007; Larkoski, JDT, Waalewijn, 1408.3122; Bhattacharjee, Mukhopadhyay, Nojiri, Sakaki, Webber, 1501.04794

QCD grooming: Dasgupta, Fregoso, Marzani, Salam, 1307.0007; Dasgupta, Fregoso, Marzani, Powling, 1307.0013; Larkoski, Marzani, Soyez, JDT, 1402.2657; Frye, Larkoski, Schwartz, Yan, 1603.06375, 1603.09338

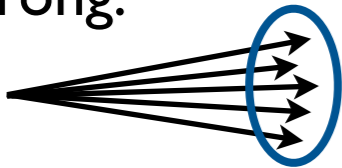
Double differential: Larkoski, JDT, 1307.1699; Larkoski, Moul, Neill, 1401.4458; Procura, Waalewijn, Zeune, 1410.6483

In heavy ions: Chien, Vitev, 1405.4293; Chien, 1411.0741

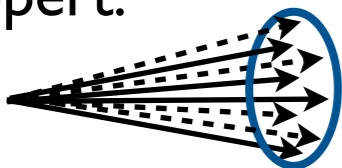
p_T balance: Larkoski, Marzani, JDT, 1502.01719; Chien, Vitev, 1608.07283

Small R jets: Dasgupta, Dreyer, Salam, Soyez, 1411.5182, 1602.01110

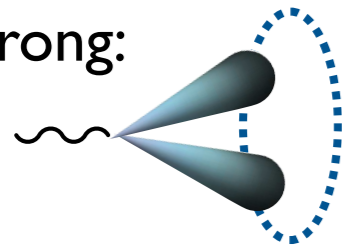
1-prong:



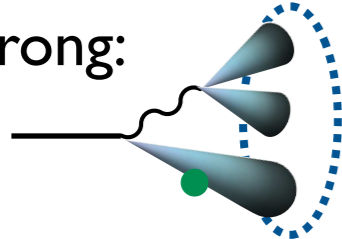
Non-pert:



2-prong:



3-prong:




Jet charge: Krohn, Schwartz, Lin, Waalewijn, 1209.2421; Waalewijn, 1209.3019

Track-only shapes: Chang, Procura, JDT, Waalewijn, 1303.6637, 1306.6630

Signal grooming: Rubin, 1002.4557; Dasgupta, Powling, Siodmok, 1503.01088

2-prong jet shapes: Feige, Schwartz, Stewart, JDT, 1204.3898; Isaacson, Li, Li, Yuan, 1505.06368; Salam, Schunk, Soyez, 1612.03917

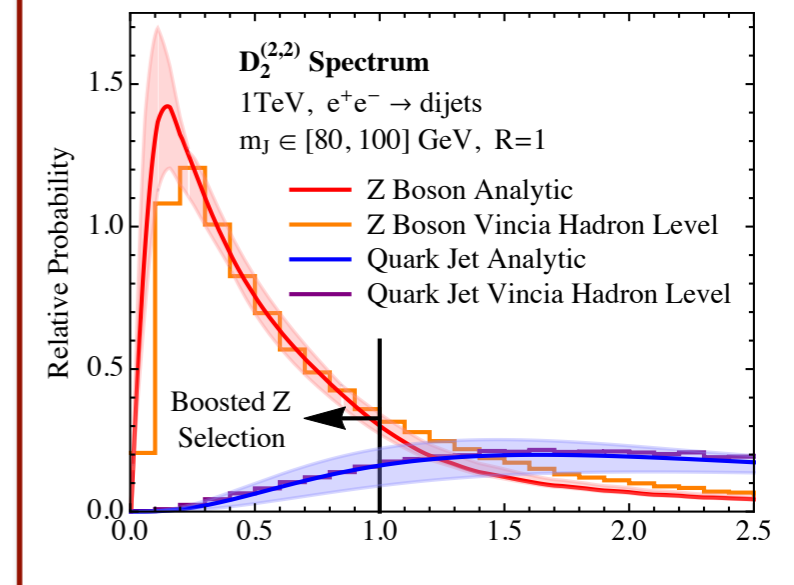
Separation power: **Larkoski, Moul, Neill, 1409.6298, 1507.03018;**  Dasgupta, Schunk, Soyez, 1512.00516; Dasgupta, Powling, Schunk, Soyez, 1609.07149

Planar flow: Field, Gur-Ari, Kosower, Mannelli, Perez, 1212.2106

Fractional jets: Bertolini, JDT, Walsh, 1501.01965

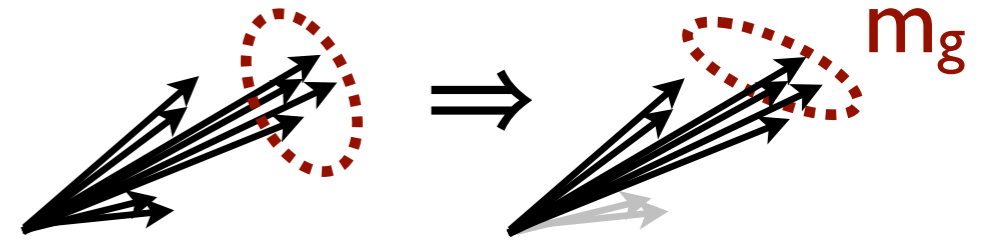
Power counting: Larkoski, Moul, Neill, 1411.0665

First precision prediction of 2-prong discrimination power

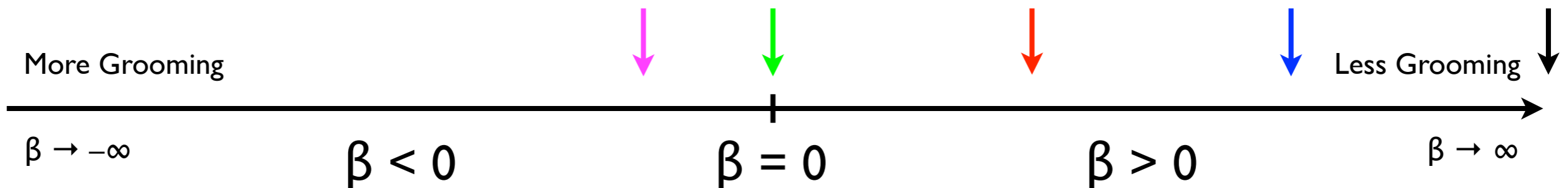
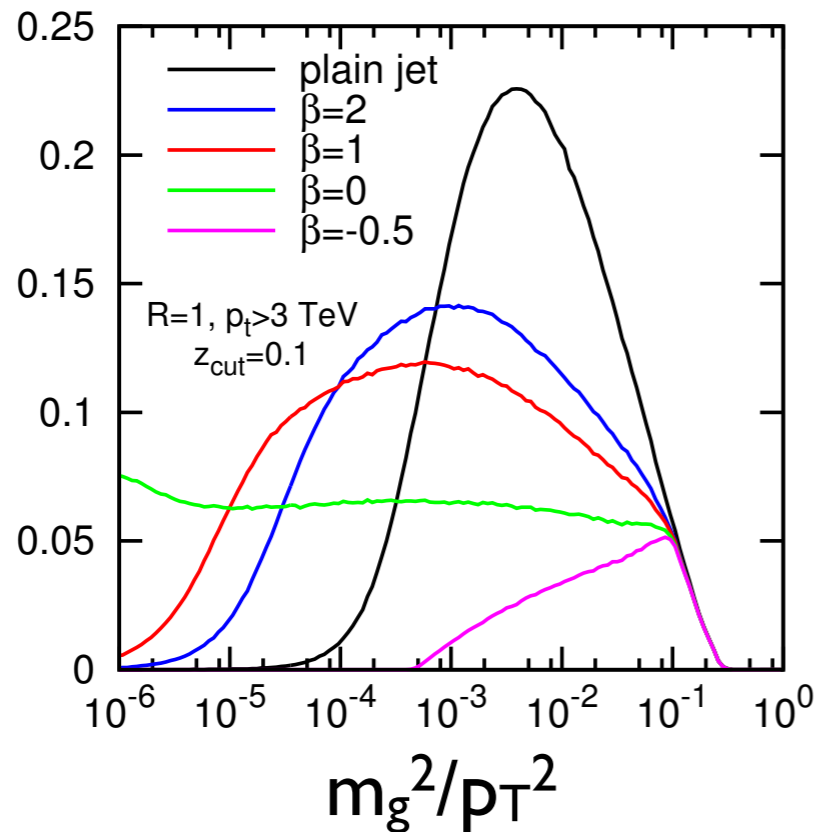


Combination of fixed-order, direct resummation, SCET, RG evolution, and new techniques (e.g. Sudakov safety, multi-differential projections)

Soft-dropped Mass?

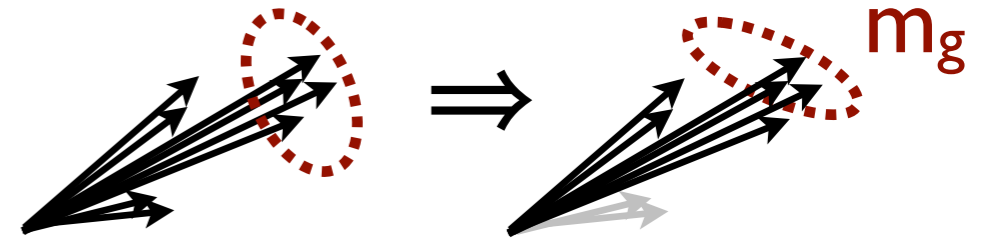


Simulated LHC Data

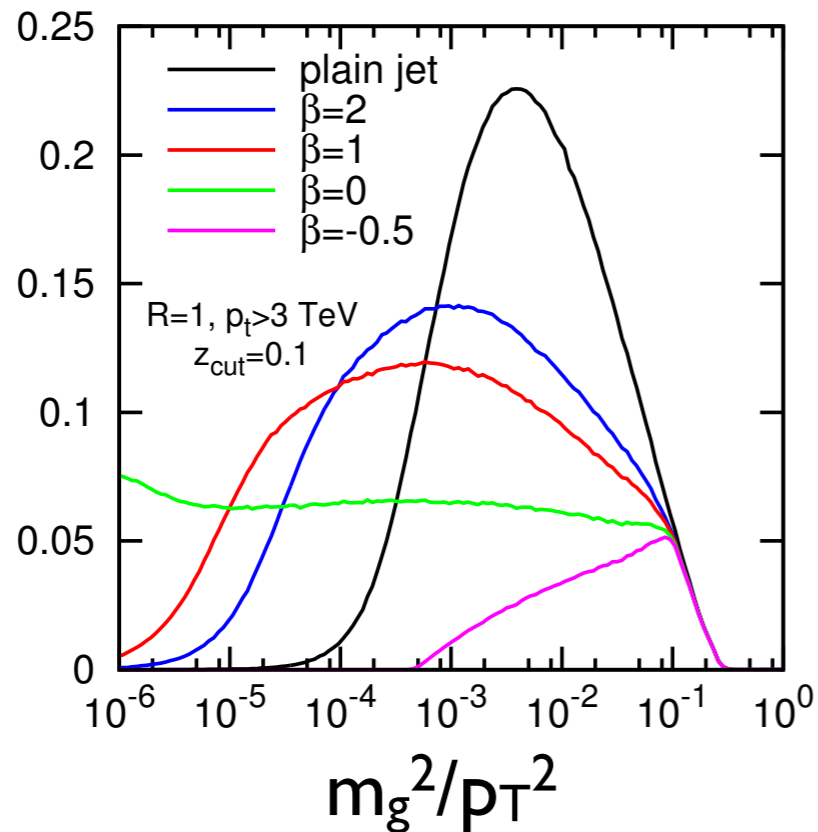


[Larkoski, Marzani, Soyez, JDT, 1402.2657; see also Dasgupta, Fregoso, Marzani, Salam, 1307.0007]

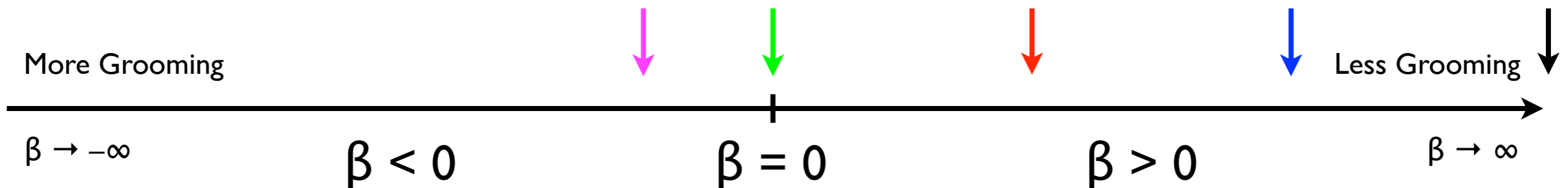
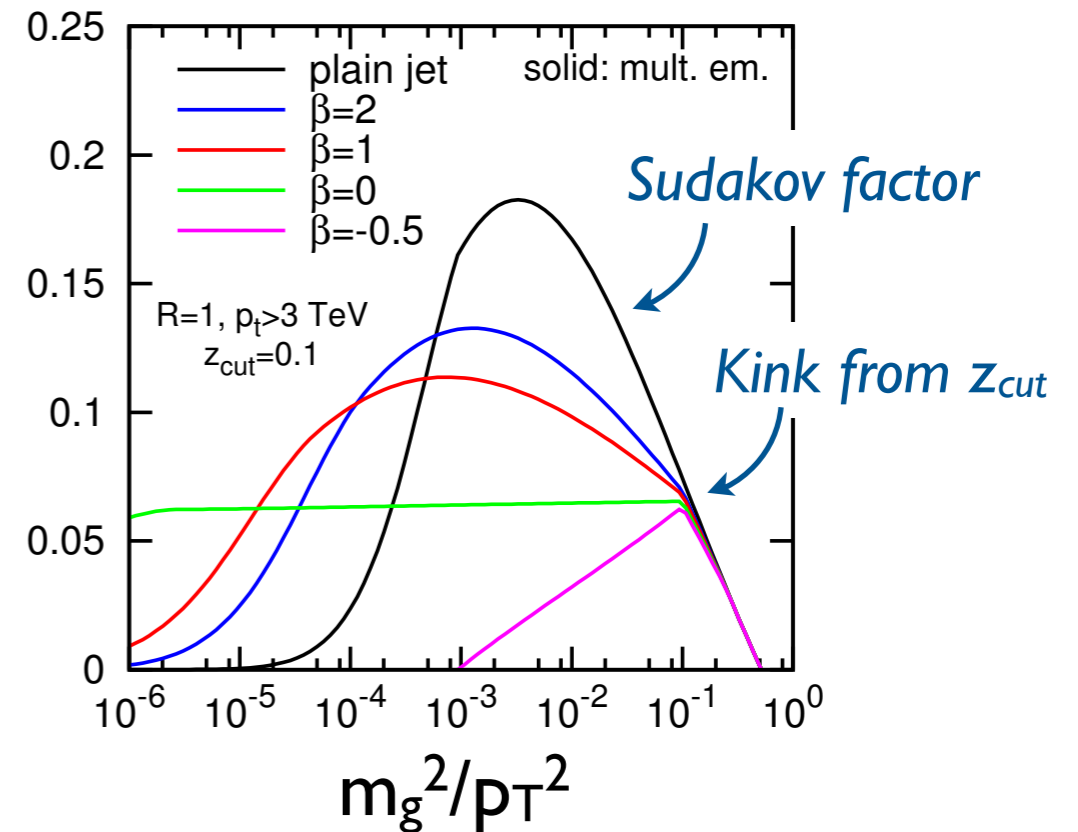
Soft-dropped Mass?



Simulated LHC Data

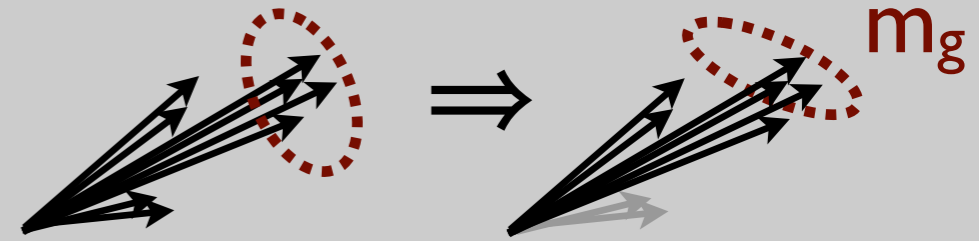


First-principles QCD (MLL)

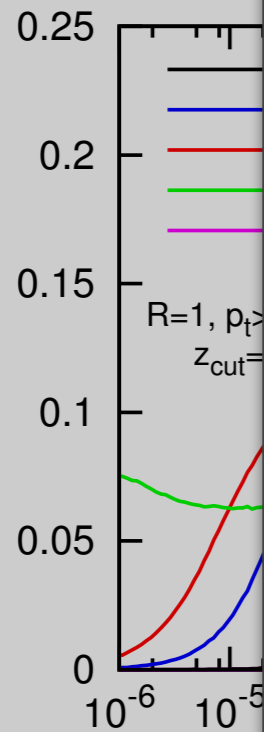


[Larkoski, Marzani, Soyez, JDT, 1402.2657; see also Dasgupta, Fregoso, Marzani, Salam, 1307.0007]

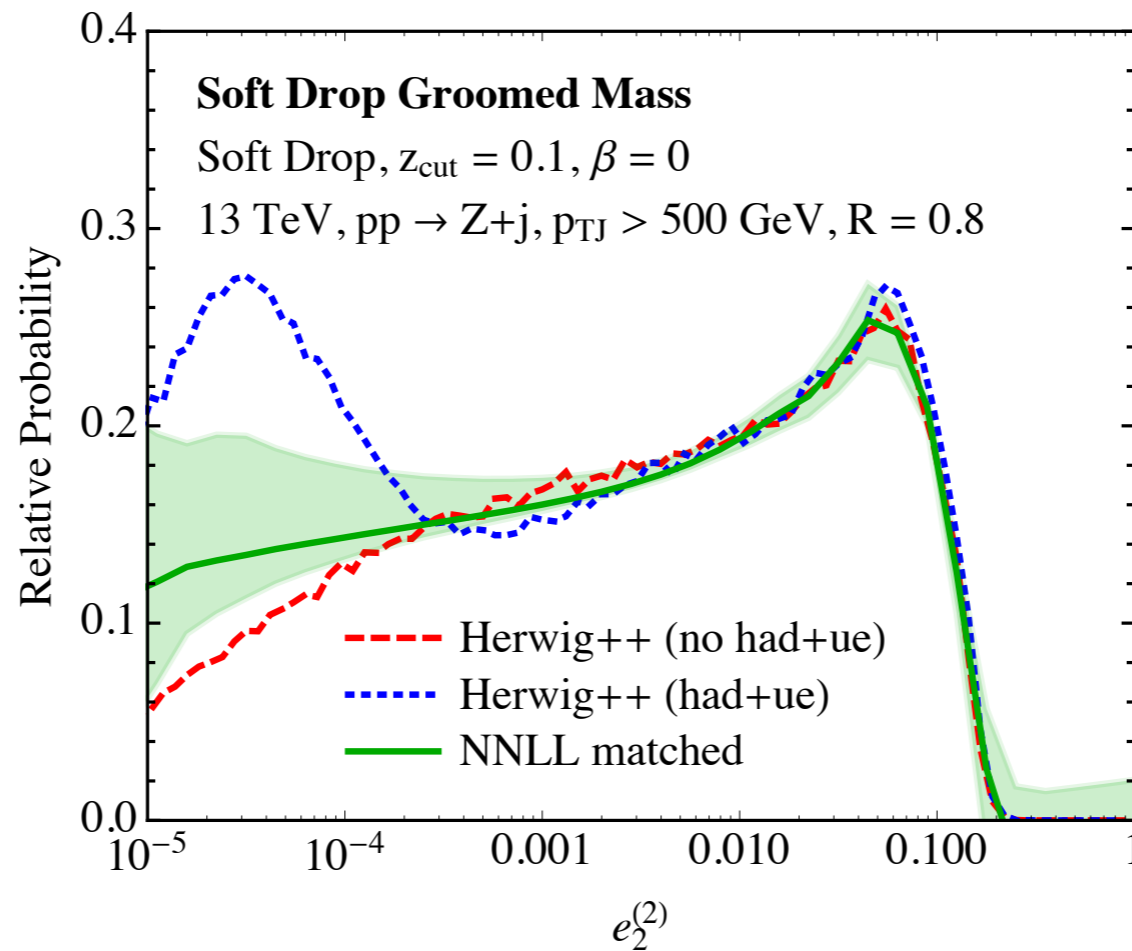
Soft-dropped Mass?



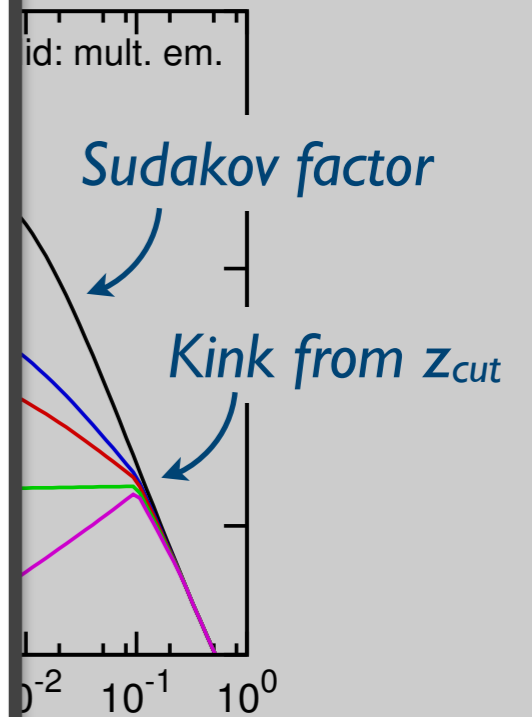
Simu



First NNLL + $O(\alpha_s^2)$ calculation for substructure in pp (!)



CD (MLL)



More Grooming

$\beta \rightarrow -\infty$

Less Grooming

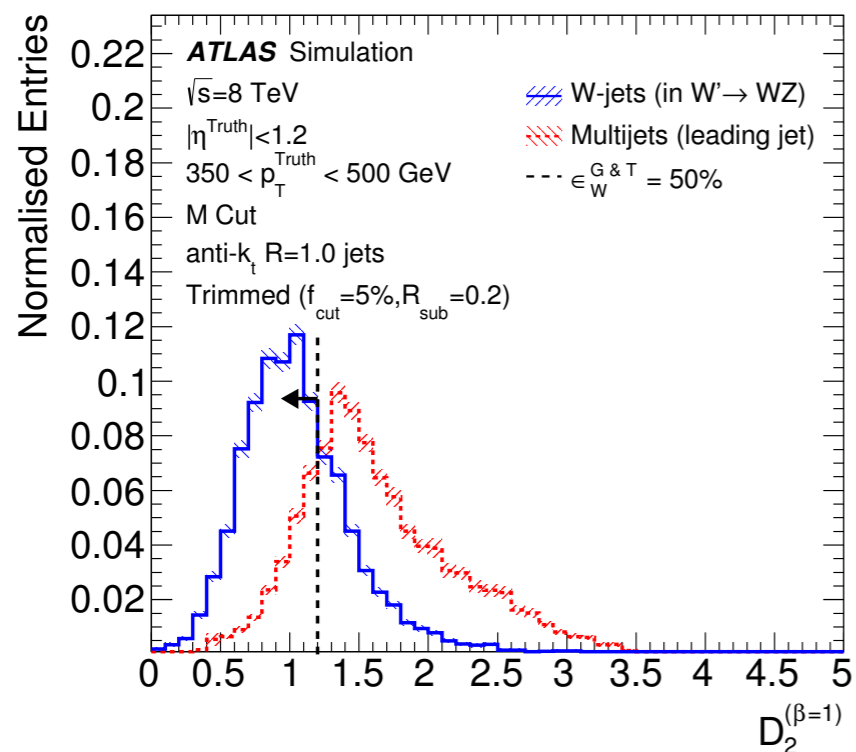
$\beta \rightarrow \infty$

[Larkoski, Marzani, Soyez, JDT, 1402.2657; see also Dasgupta, Fregoso, Marzani, Salam, 1307.0007]

D₂: Energy Correlation Functions

$$D_2 = \frac{\sum_{i < j < k} p_{Ti} p_{Tj} p_{Tk} (R_{ij} R_{jk} R_{ki})^\beta}{\left(\sum_{i < j} p_{Ti} p_{Tj} R_{ij}^\beta \right)^3 / \left(\sum_i p_{Ti} \right)^3} = \frac{\text{Diagram 1}}{\text{Diagram 2}^3}$$

The diagram on the right shows a central point with several vectors radiating outwards. In the numerator diagram, three vectors are highlighted in orange and their pairwise angular distances are marked with purple arcs. In the denominator diagram, all vectors are shown in grey, and a single purple arc marks the angular distance between two of them.



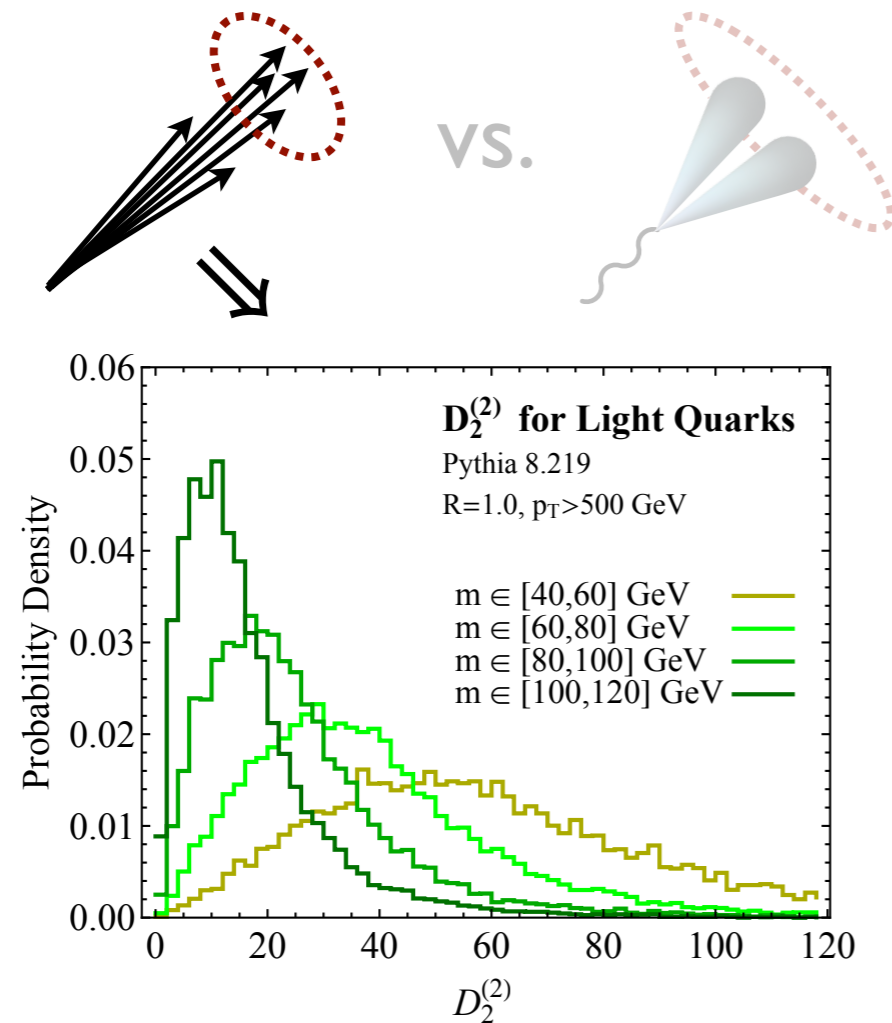
Derived for 2-prong W/Z tagging using EFT power counting

Used in ATLAS “R2D2” Tagger



[Larkoski, Salam, JDT, 1305.0007; Larkoski, Moutl, Neill, 1409.6298, 1507.03018; see also Banfi, Salam, Zanderighi, hep-ph/0407286; Jankowiak, Larkoski, 1104.1646]

Robustness of D_2 ?

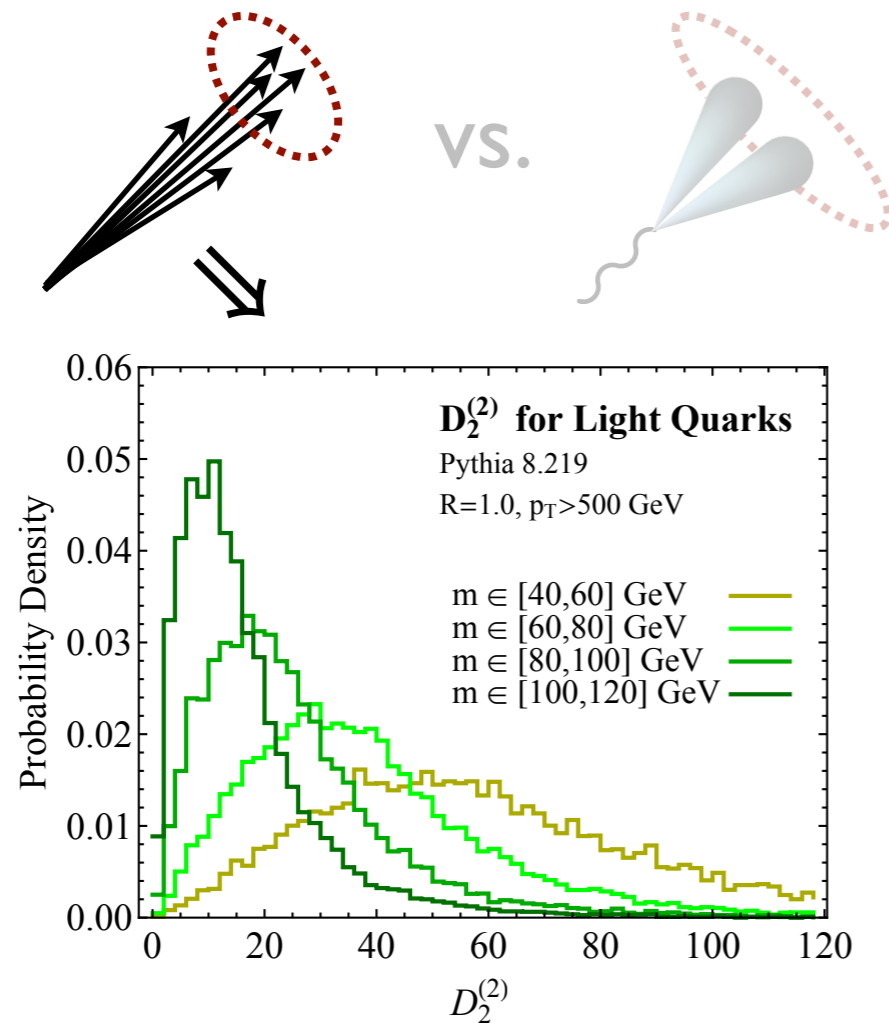


Background highly sensitive to mass cut

$$D_2^{\max} \sim \frac{p_{TJ}^2}{m_J^2}$$

Difficult to use sideband control regions

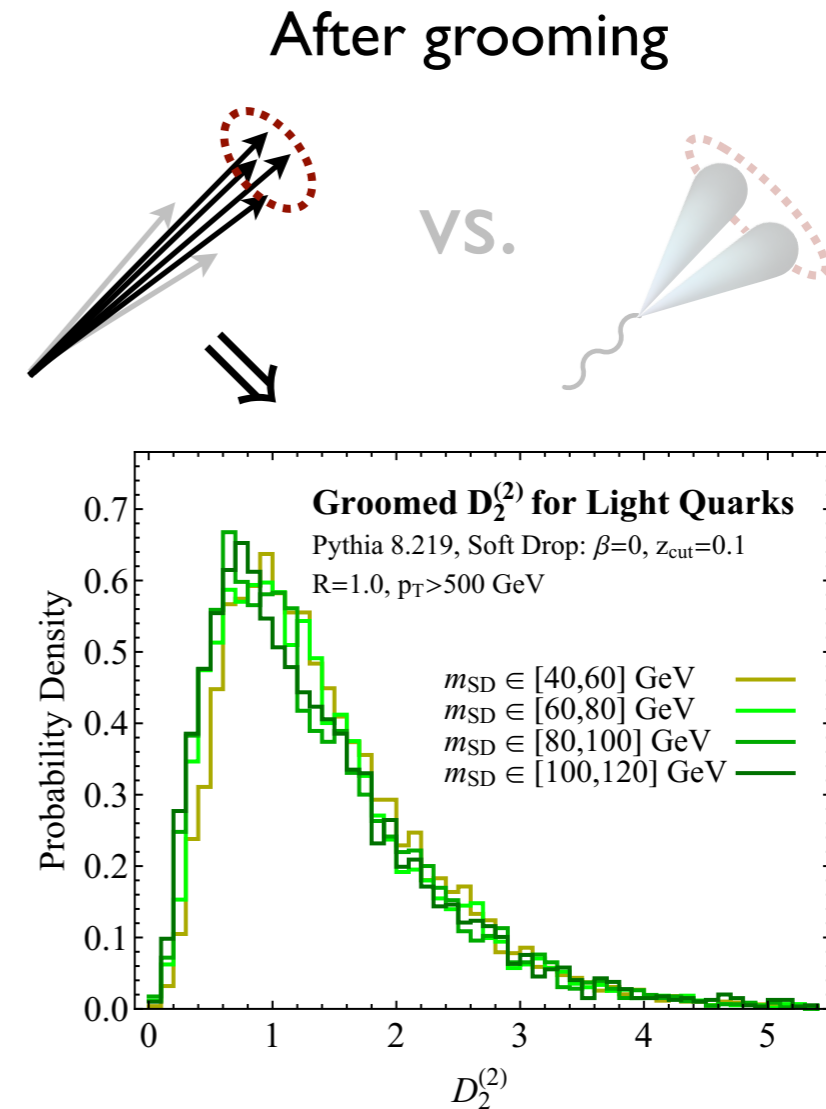
Robustness of D_2 ?



Background highly sensitive to mass cut

$$D_2^{\max} \sim \frac{p_{TJ}^2}{m_J^2}$$

Difficult to use sideband control regions



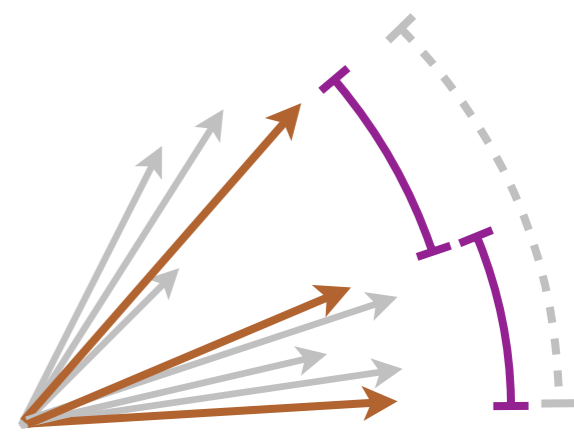
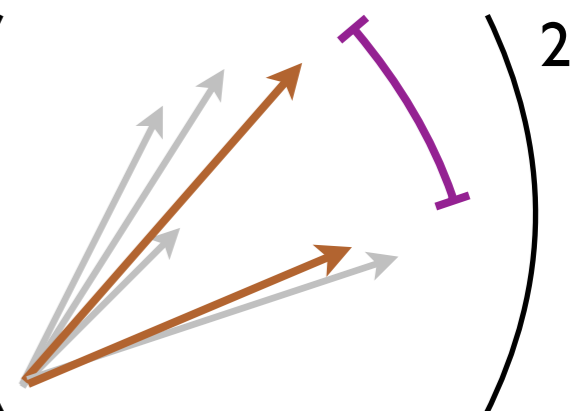
Remarkably stable distributions

$$D_2^{\max} \sim \text{const}$$

Explains ATLAS strategy of R2 (trimming) + D2 (discrimination)

[Moult, Necib, JDT, 1609.07483]

N_2 : A New Angle on Energy Correlators

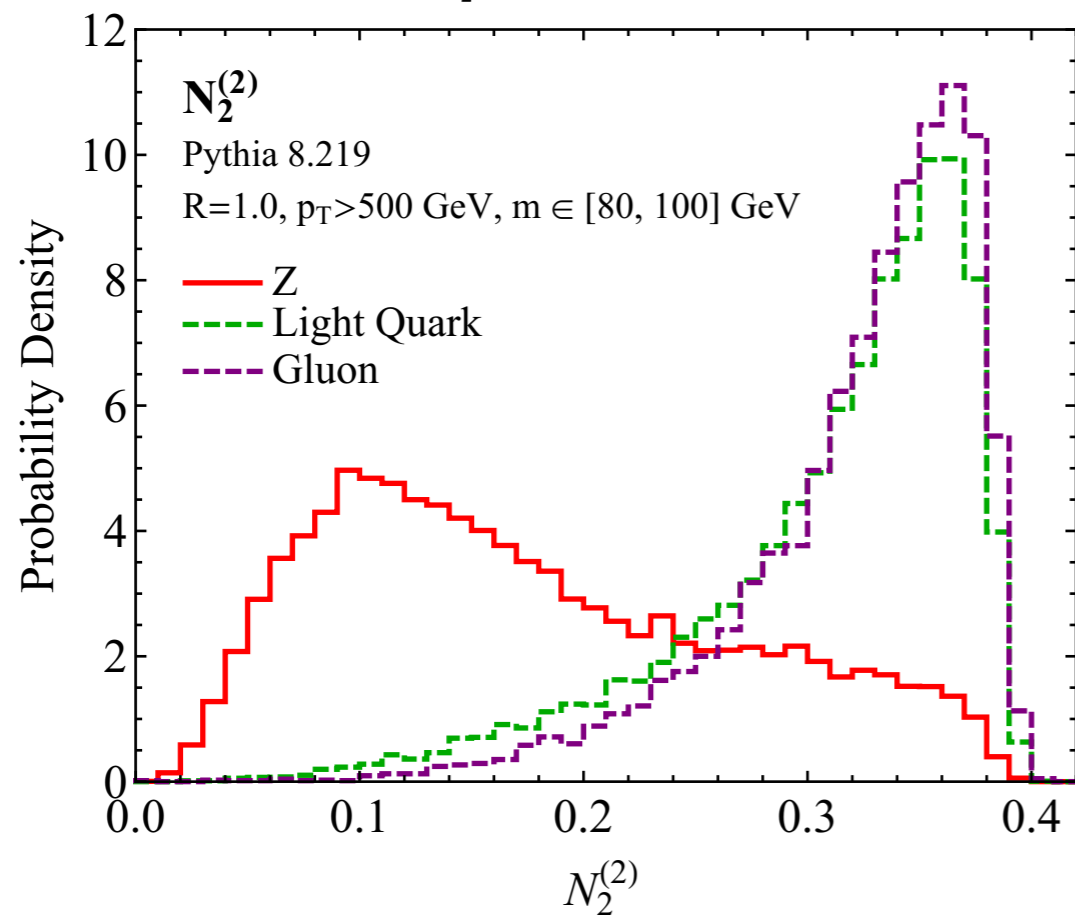
$$N_2 = \frac{\sum_{i < j < k} p_{Ti} p_{Tj} p_{Tk} \min\{R_{ij}R_{jk}, R_{jk}R_{ki}, R_{ki}R_{ij}\}^\beta}{\left(\sum_{i < j} p_{Ti} p_{Tj} R_{ij}^\beta\right)^2 / \left(\sum_i p_{Ti}\right)} = \frac{\text{Diagram 1}}{\text{Diagram 2}^2}$$



Not the most obvious substructure discriminant
 Kind of a hybrid of D_2 and N-subjettiness (hence the name)

N_2 : A New Angle on Energy Correlators

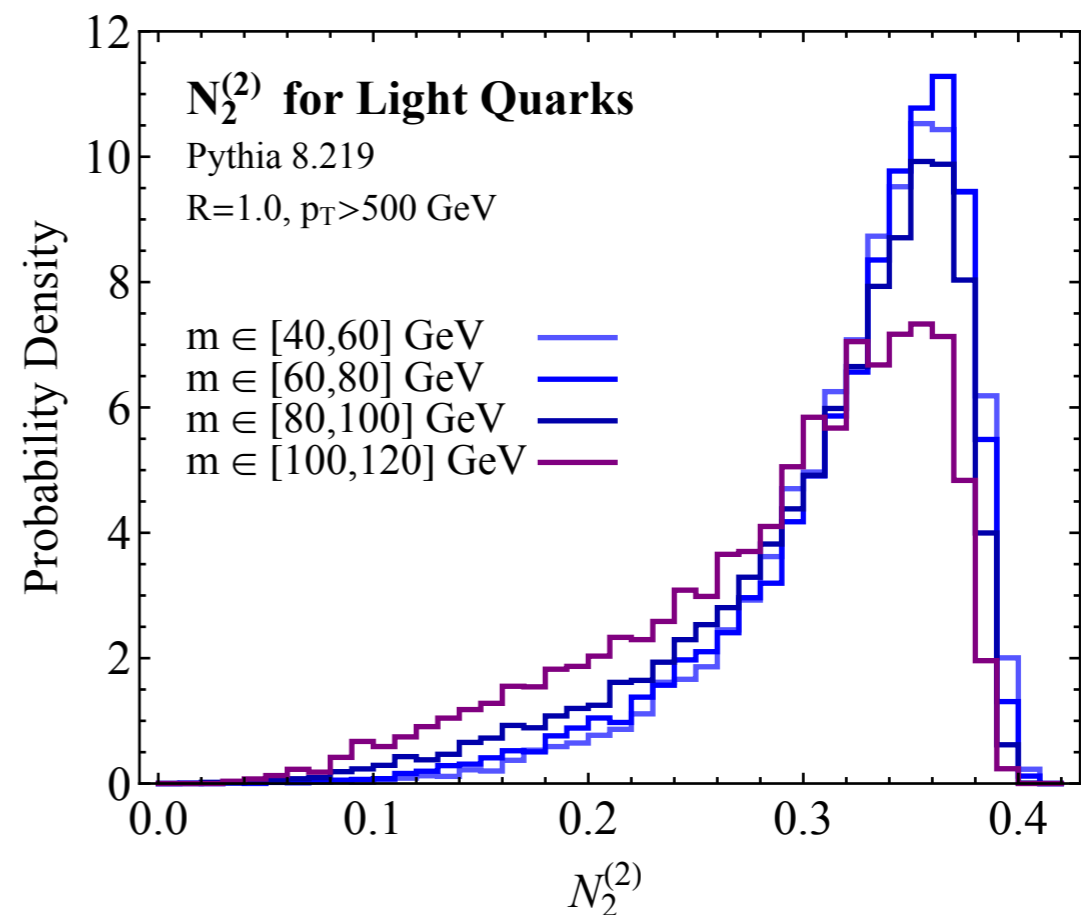
Derived using EFT power counting for both...

Performance



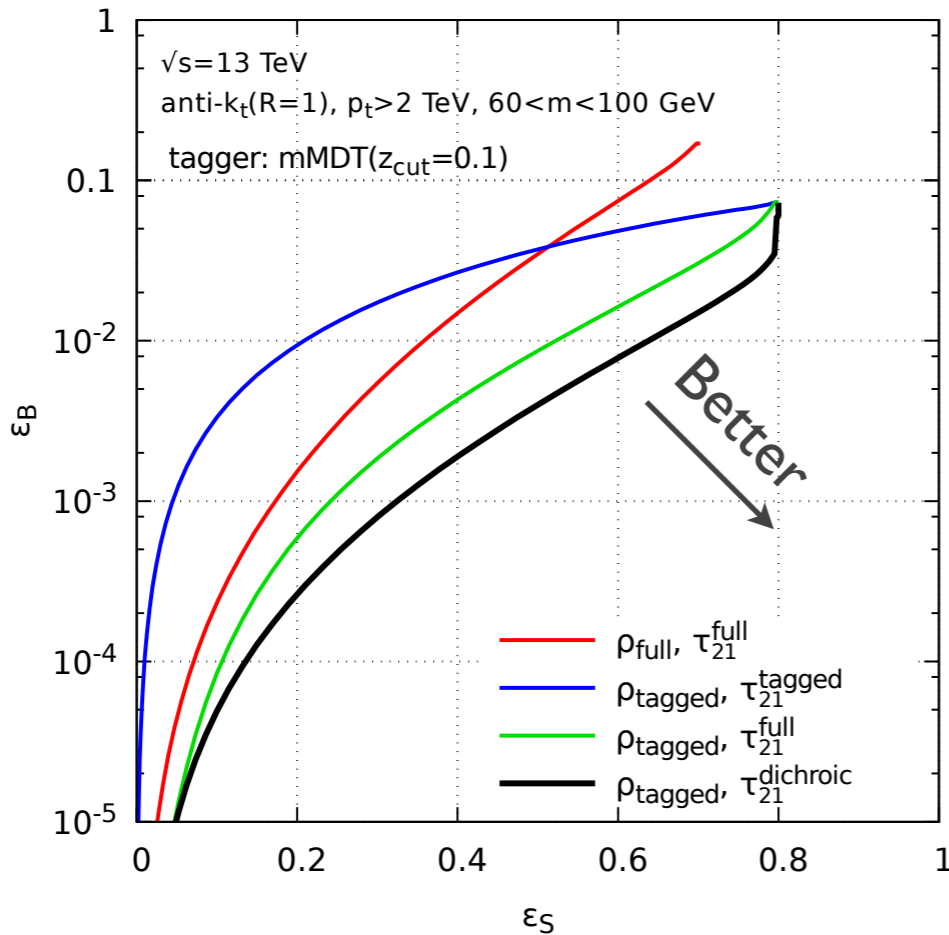
&

Robustness



(with and without grooming)

Grooming/Discrimination Interplay



no grooming

(N.B. for this talk,
tagged \Rightarrow groomed)

groomed mass
groomed τ_2/τ_1

groomed mass
ungroomed τ_2/τ_1

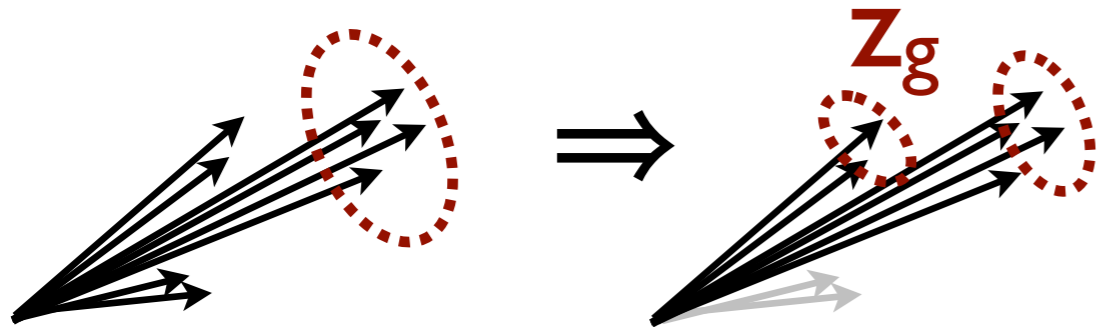


groomed mass
“dichroic” $\tau_2/\tau_1 = \frac{\text{ungroomed } \tau_2}{\text{groomed } \tau_1}$

Analytic calculations to identify optimal use of substructure information

[Salam, Schunk, Soyez, 1612.03917]

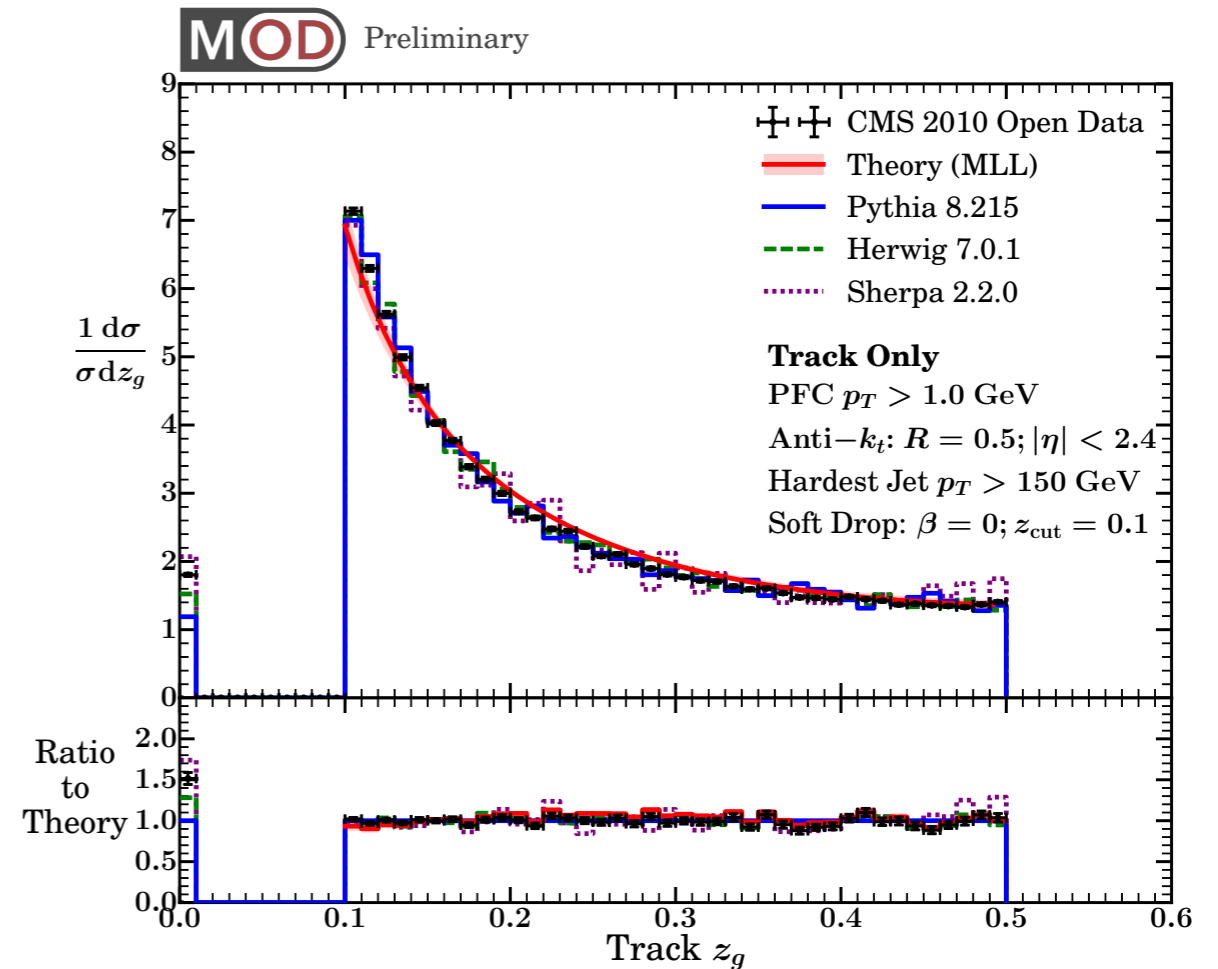
Grooming to Explore QCD



A “standard candle”
from soft drop

$$dP_{i \rightarrow ig} \simeq \frac{2\alpha_s}{\pi} C_i \frac{d\theta}{\theta} \frac{dz}{z}$$

\approx independent of α_s (!)
 \approx independent of jet energy/radius
 \approx same for quarks/gluons



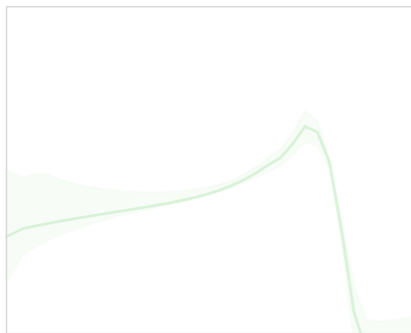
opendata
CERN

“Accelerating science
through public data”

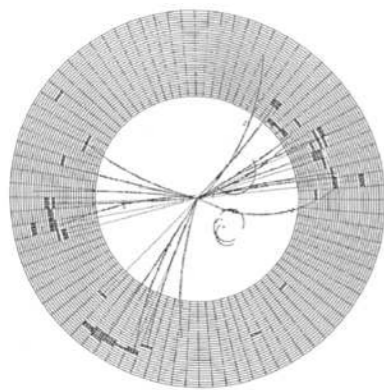
[Larkoski, Marzani, JDT, 1502.01719; using Larkoski, JDT, 1307.1699]
 [Larkoski, Marzani, Romero, Tripathy, Xue, JDT, in progress]



New Physics in the Boosted Regime

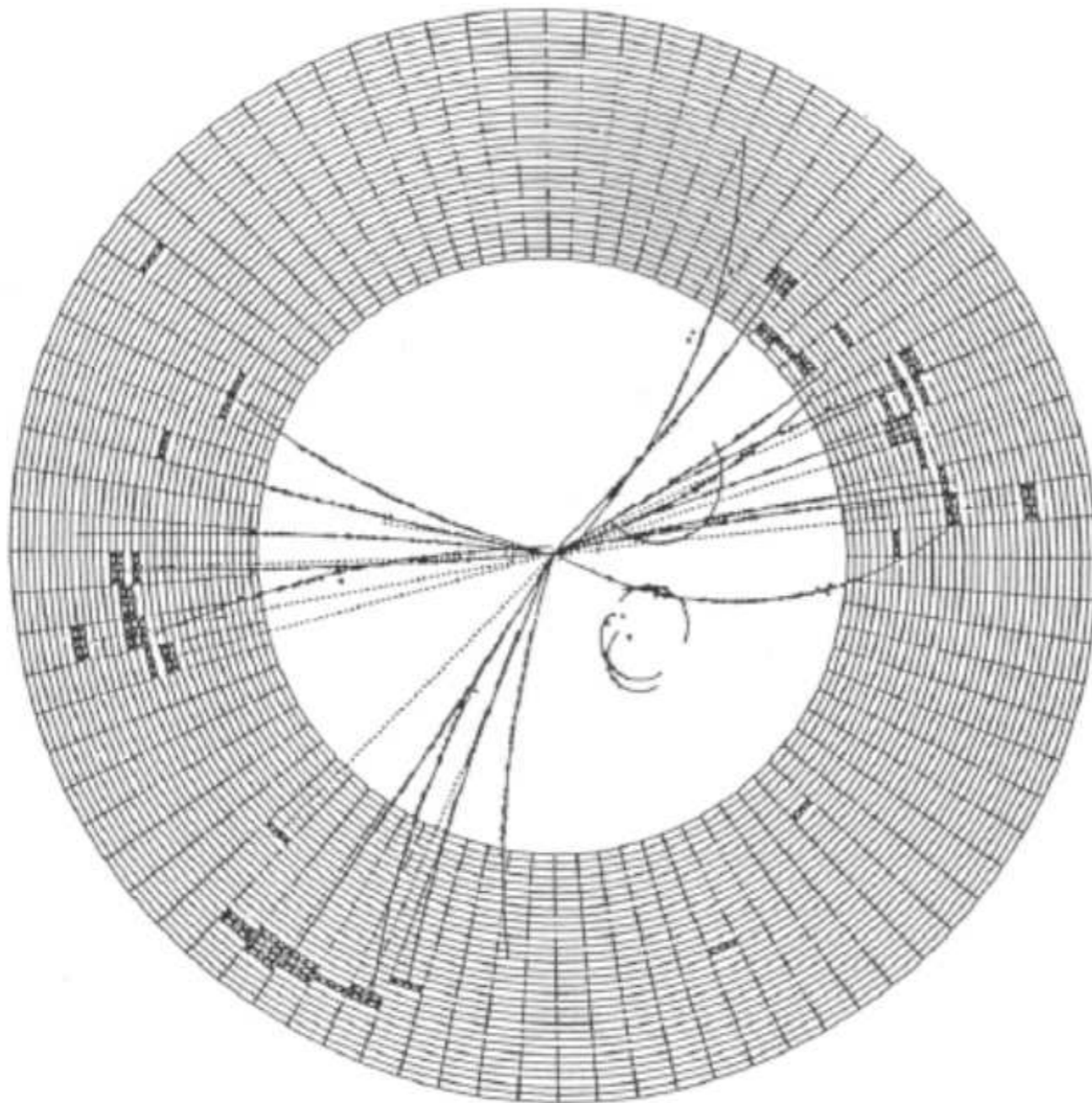


Theoretical Advances in Jet Substructure



Back to the Future: Quarks vs. Gluons

Quark vs. Gluon?

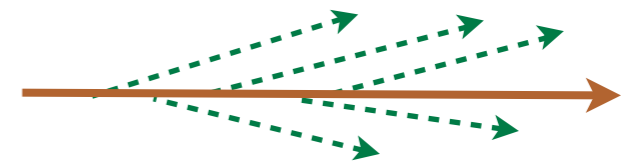


$$e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}g \quad [\text{JADE, 1979}]$$

Cartoon:

Quark: $C_F = 4/3$

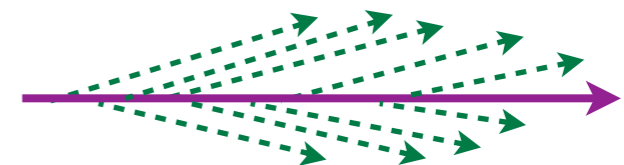
usually signals



vs.

Gluon: $C_A = 3$

usually backgrounds



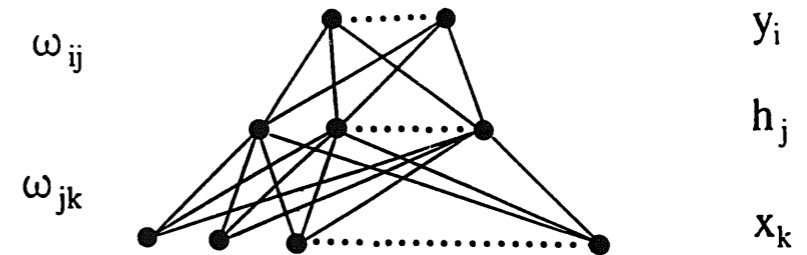
$$\text{gluon mistag} \approx \left(\text{quark efficiency} \right)^{C_A/C_F}$$

barely improves S/\sqrt{B}

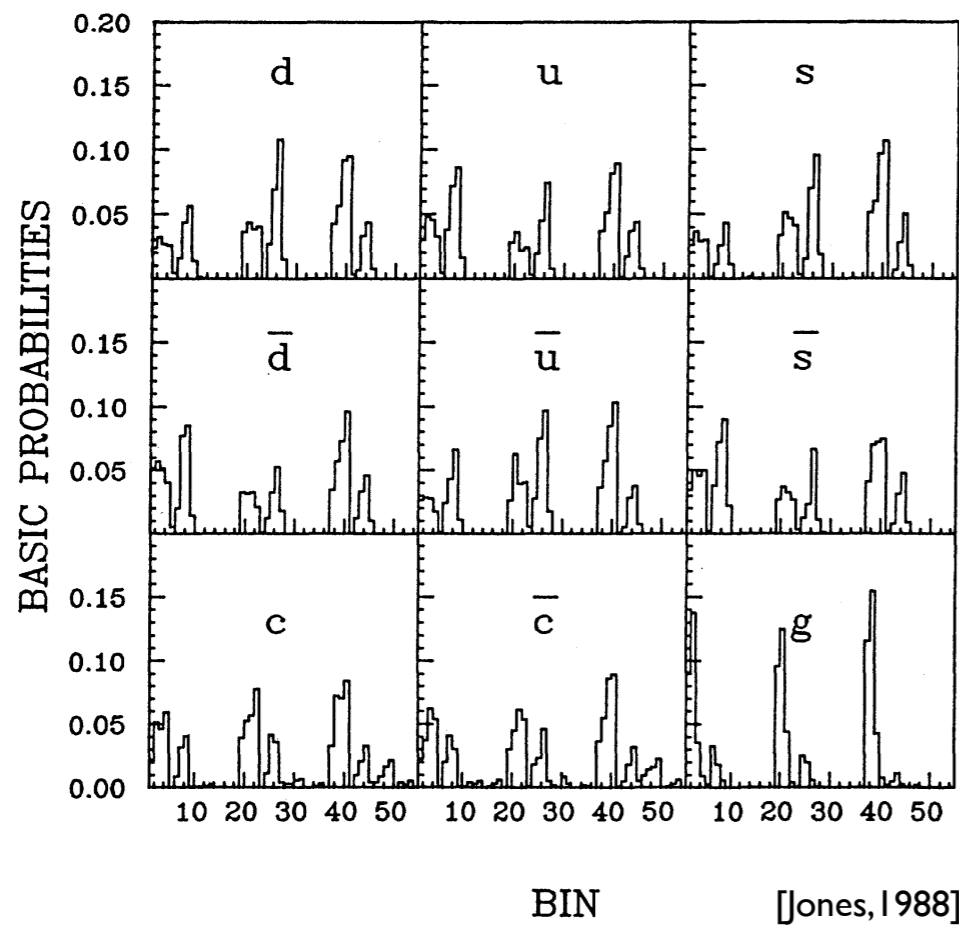
An Old Idea...

Neural Network Classification

Binned hadron flavor/kinematics



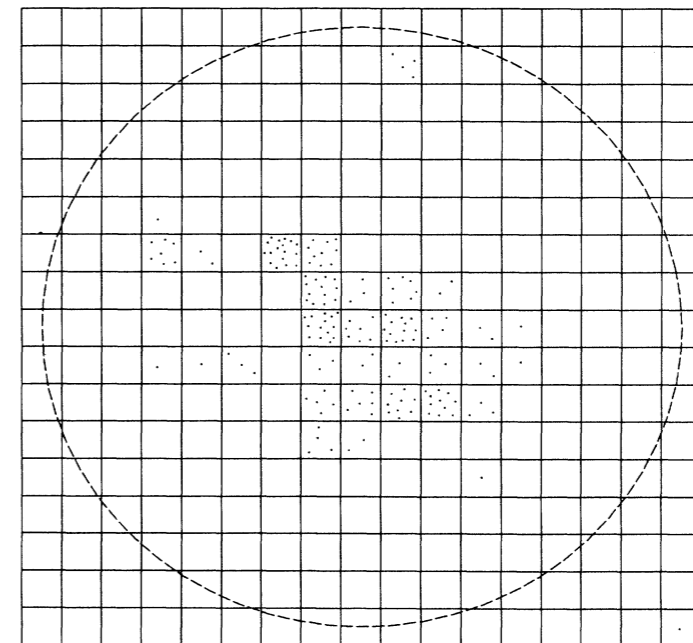
[Lönblad, Peterson, Rönvaldsson, 1991]



[Jones, 1988]

$N_{90} =$ Cell count for 90% of jet p_T

(d) GLUON $N_{90} = 21.41$ $E_{2,min} = 0.0222$

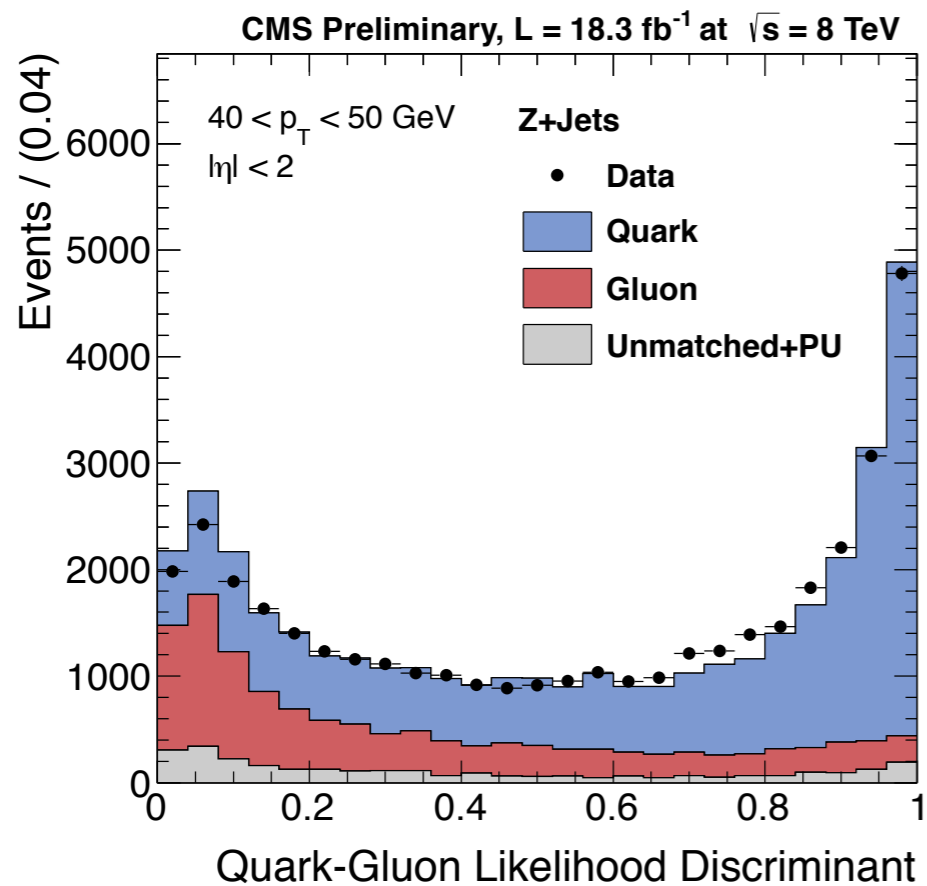


[Pumplin, 1991]

[see also Nilles, Steng, 1981; Fodor, 1990; ...]

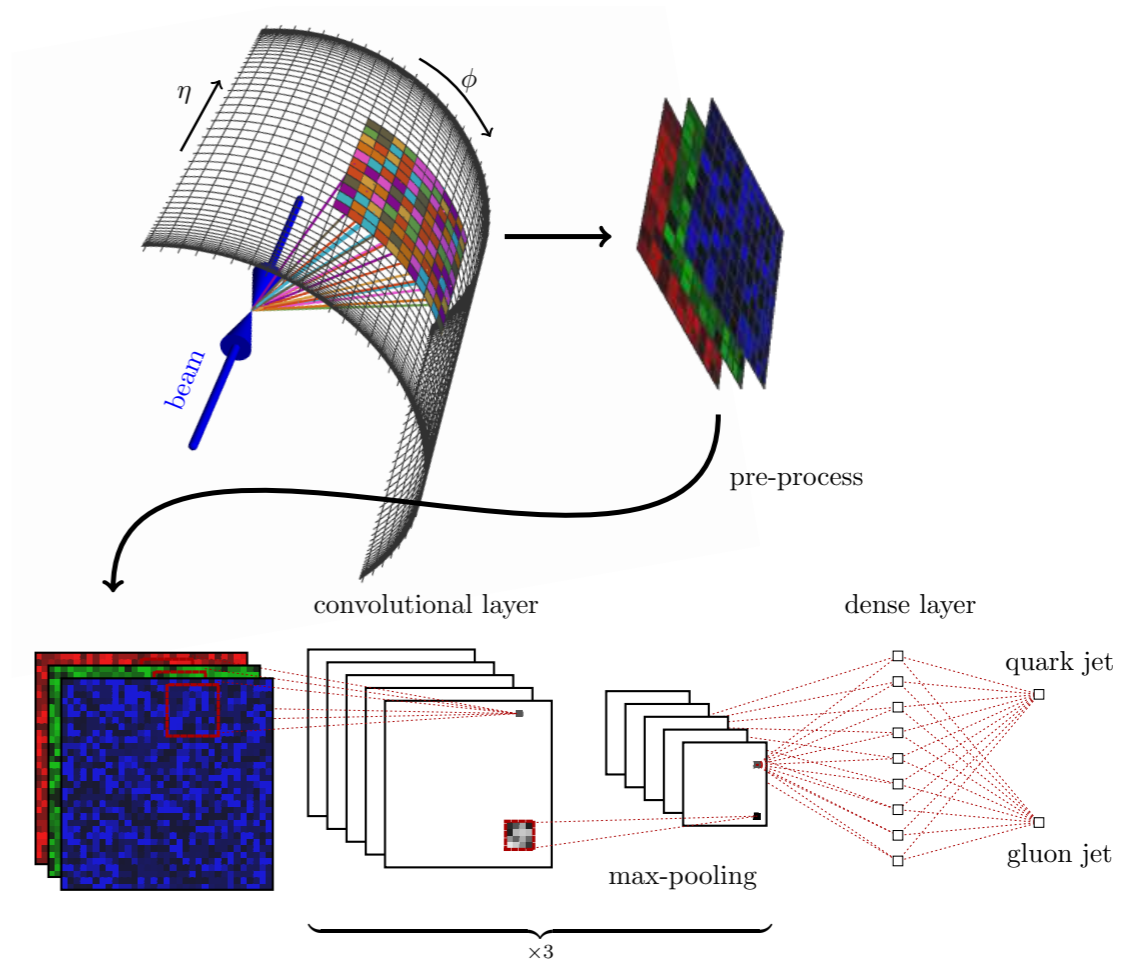
...with Renewed LHC Interest

Three Observable Discriminant ($n_{\text{had}}, p_{\text{T}}^{\text{D}}, \sigma_2$)



[CMS, JME-13-002]

Convolutional (“Deep”) Network ($p_{\text{T}}^{\text{charged}}, p_{\text{T}}^{\text{neutral}}, n_{\text{charged}}$)

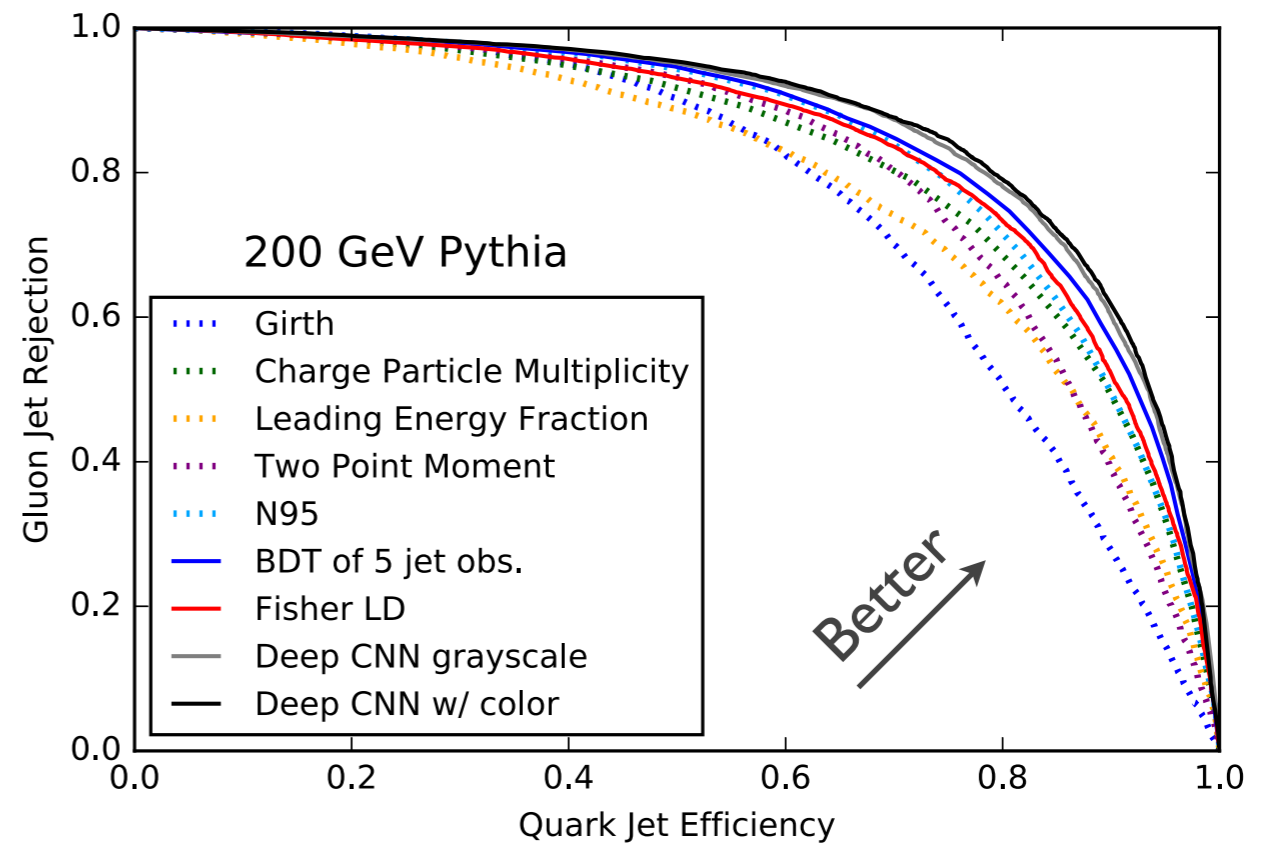
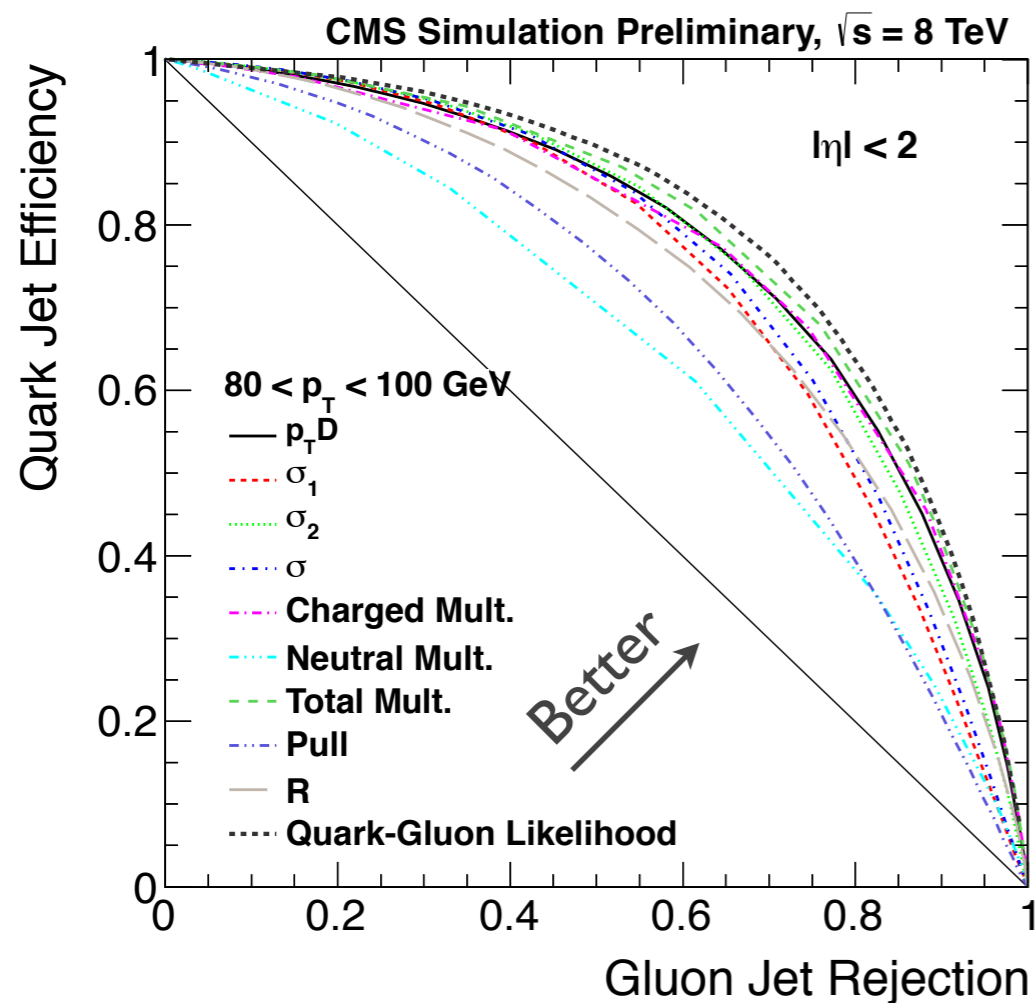


[Komiske, Metodiev, Schwartz, 1612.01551]

[see also Gallicchio, Schwartz, 1106.3076, 1211.7038; Krohn, Schwartz, Lin, Waalewijn, 1209.2421; Larkoski, Salam, JDT, 1305.0007; Larkoski, JDT, Waalewijn, 1408.3122; Bhattacharjee, Mukhopadhyay, Nojiri, Sakaki, Webber, 1501.04794]

...with Renewed LHC Interest

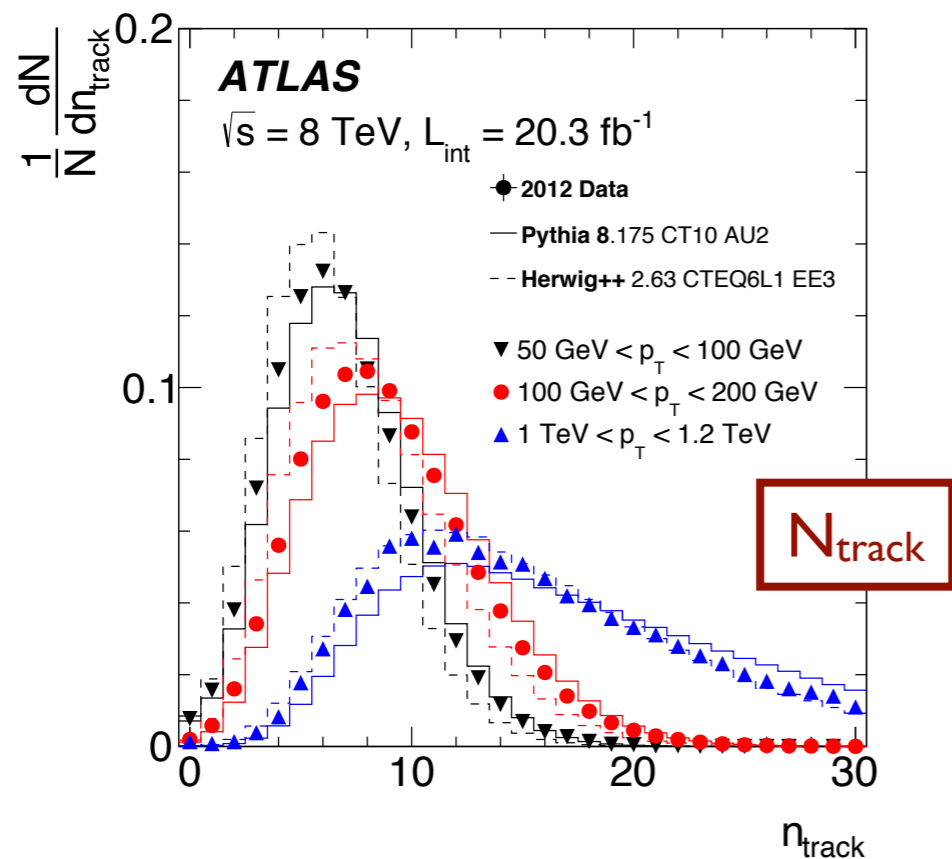
Performance gains from multivariate information



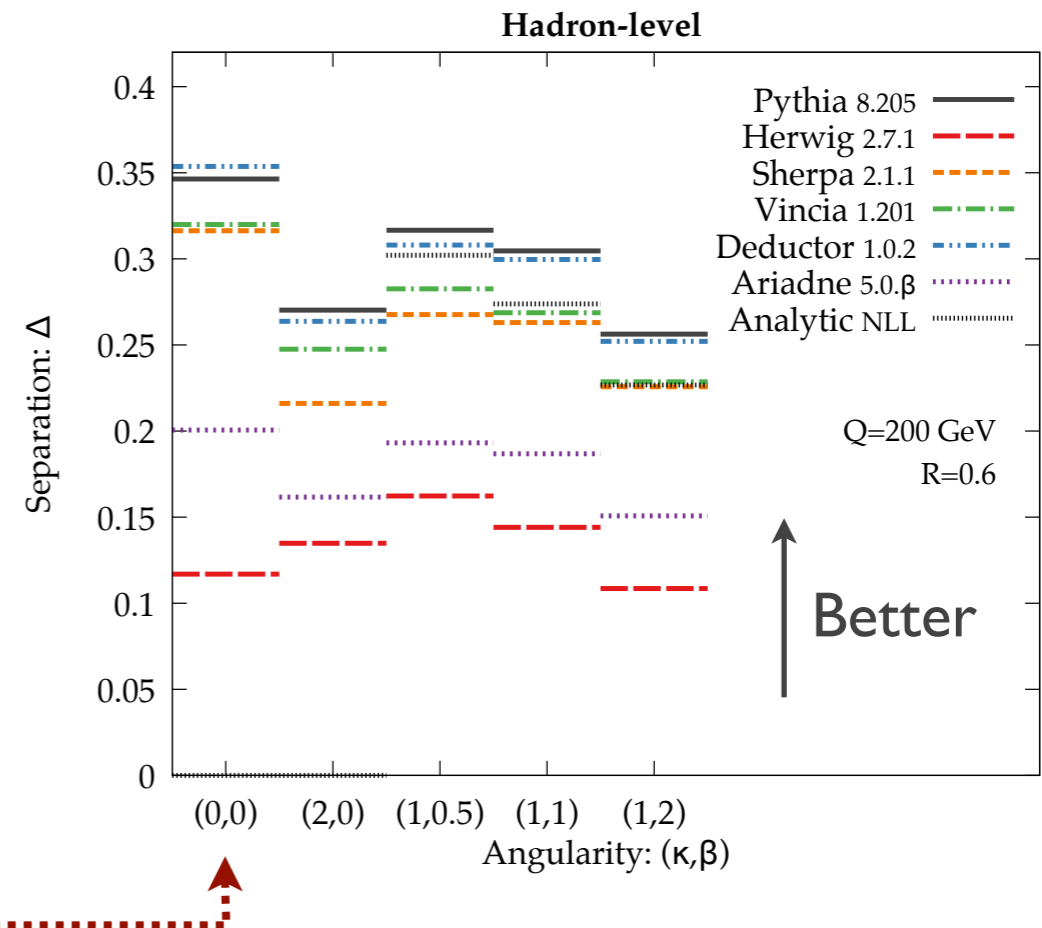
[see also Gallicchio, Schwartz, I 106.3076, I 21 I.7038; Krohn, Schwartz, Lin, Waalewijn, I 209.242 I;
Larkoski, Salam, JDT, I 305.0007; Larkoski, JDT, Waalewijn, I 408.3 I 22; Bhattacharjee, Mukhopadhyay, Nojiri, Sakaki, Webber, I 50 I.04794]

Challenge: Theoretical Uncertainties

“Pythia/Herwig Sandwich”



Classifier Separation



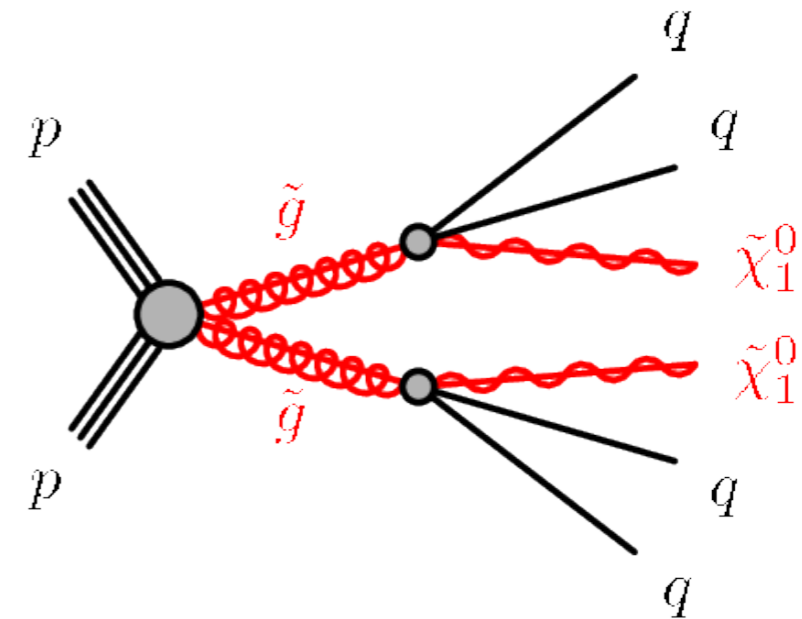
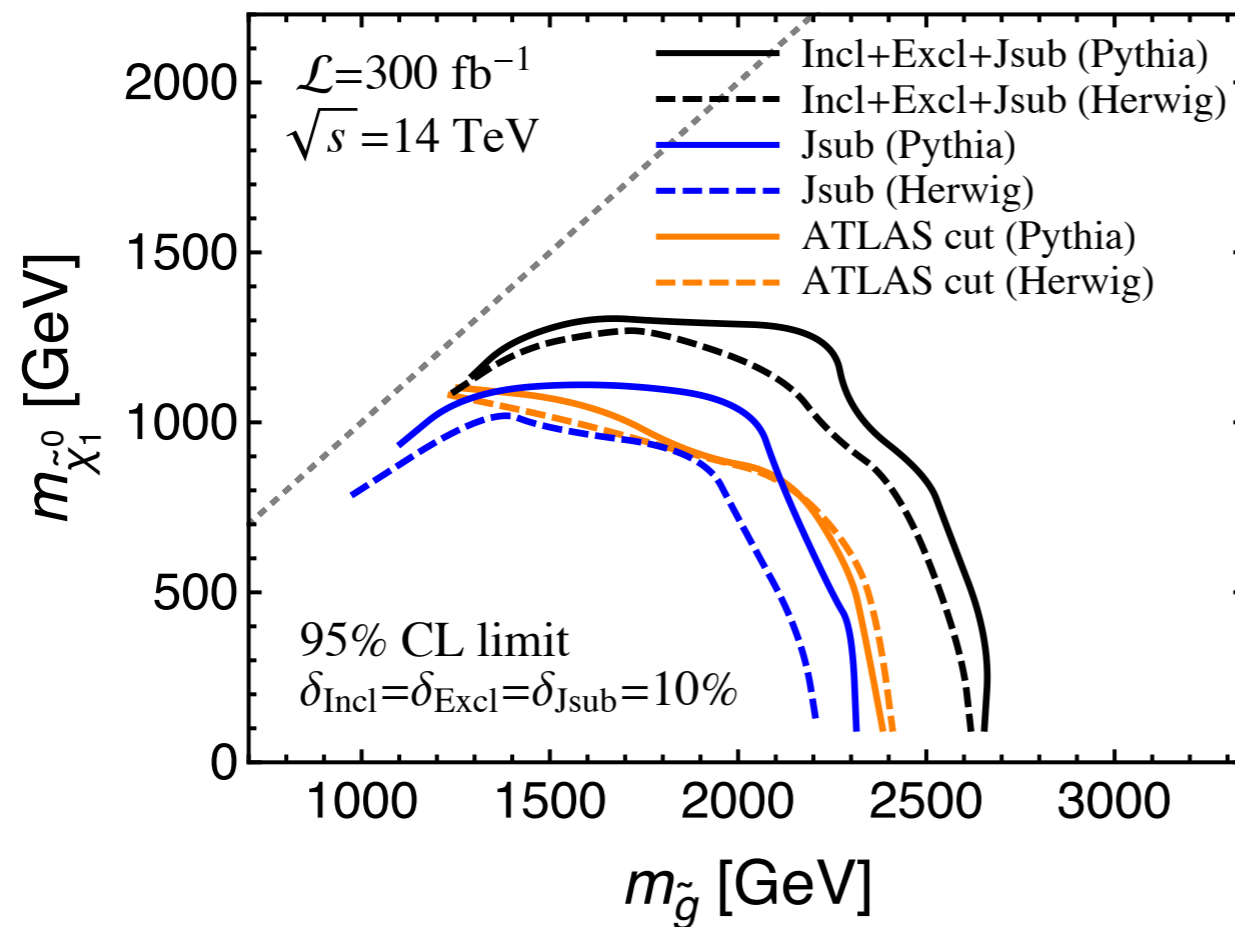
Small uncertainties in distributions yield large uncertainties in discrimination power

[ATLAS, I 602.00988]

[Soyez, JDT, Freytsis, Gras, Kar, Lönnblad, Plätzer, Siodmok, Skands, Soper, I 605.04692]

Challenge: Theoretical Uncertainties

Opportunity: New Physics Applications

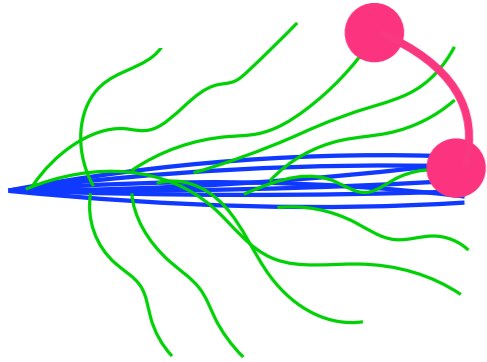


[Bhattacharjee, Mukhopadhyay, Nojiri, Sakakie, Webber, I 609.08781]

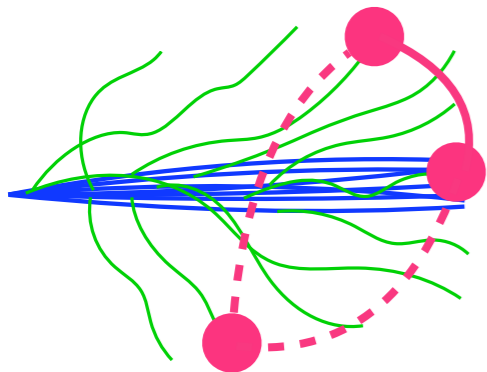
[ATLAS, I 602.00988]

[Soyez, JDT, Freytsis, Gras, Kar, Lönnblad, Plätzer, Siodmok, Skands, Soper, I 605.04692]

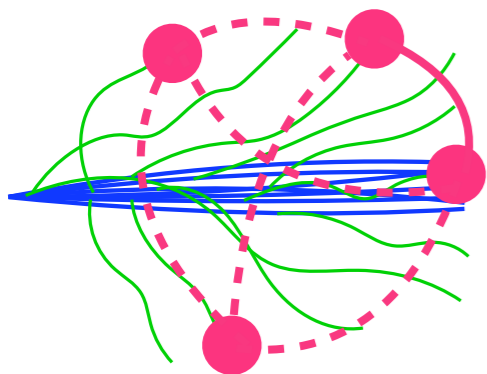
The Next Frontier: Information Beyond C_A/C_F



$$U_1 = \frac{\sum_{i < j} p_{Ti} p_{Tj} R_{ij}^\beta}{\left(\sum_i p_{Ti} \right)^2} \quad \leftarrow \text{Typical Quark/Gluon Discriminants}$$



$$U_2 = \frac{\sum_{i < j < k} p_{Ti} p_{Tj} p_{Tk} \min\{R_{ij}, R_{jk}, R_{ki}\}^\beta}{\left(\sum_i p_{Ti} \right)^3}$$

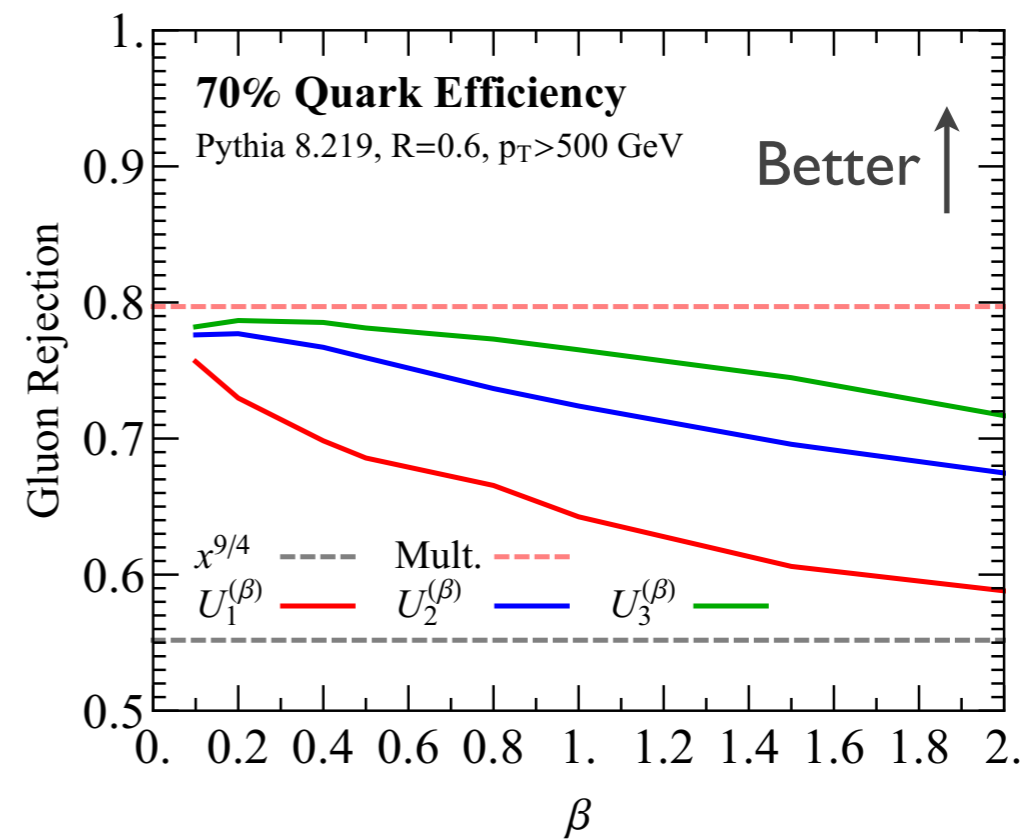
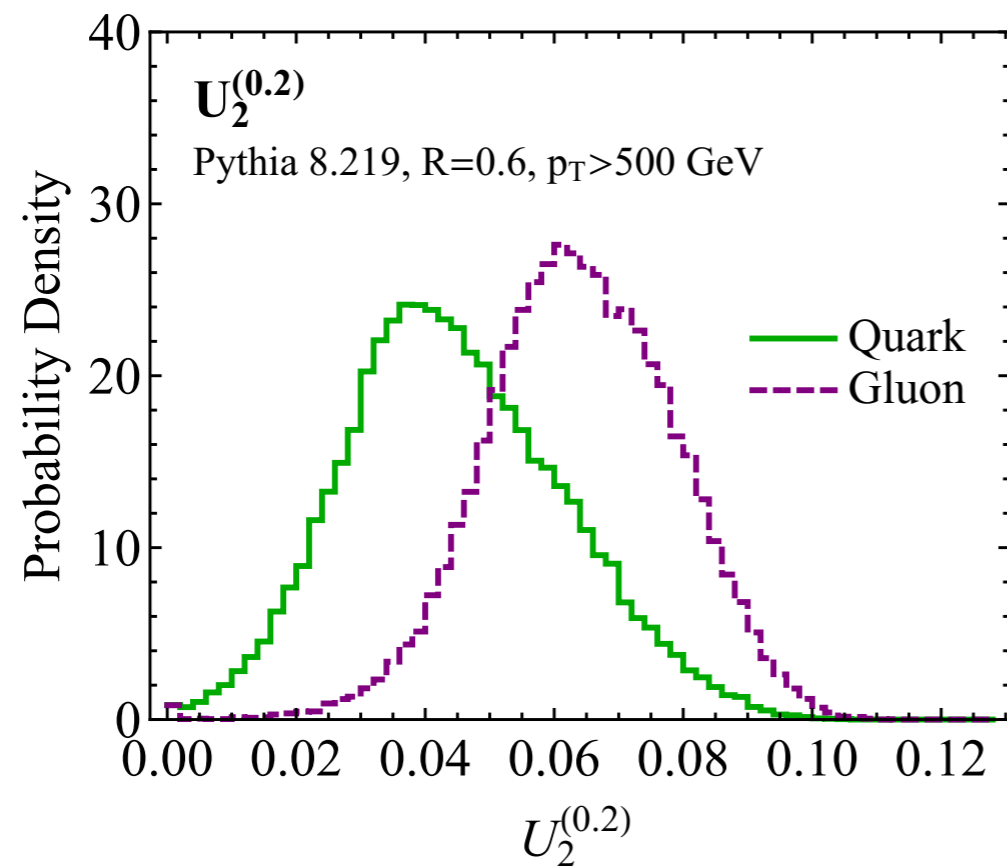


$$U_3 = \frac{\sum_{i < j < k < l} p_{Ti} p_{Tj} p_{Tk} p_{Tl} \min\{R_{ij}, R_{jk}, R_{kl}, R_{ik}, R_{jl}, R_{il}\}^\beta}{\left(\sum_i p_{Ti} \right)^4}$$

“Deep Learning” inspires “Deep Thinking”

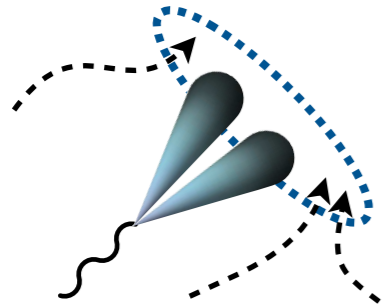
The Next Frontier: Information Beyond C_A/C_F

Derived using EFT power counting to probe perturbative multi-point soft-gluon phase space



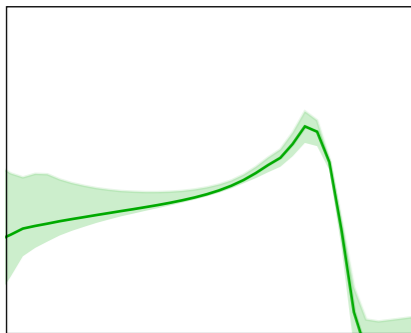
“Deep Learning” inspires “Deep Thinking”

Using Jets & QCD for BSM



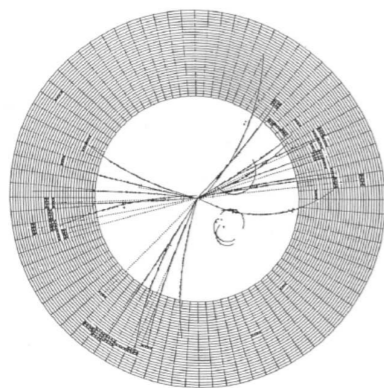
New Physics in the Boosted Regime

Wide range of searches capitalizing on jet substructure



Theoretical Advances in Jet Substructure

Precision calculations inspire improved, robust techniques



Back to the Future: Quarks vs. Gluons

Using detailed radiation patterns to enhance new physics searches