Jan. 10th, 2017@Tokyo Univ.

# Splitting Mass Spectra in Higgs-Anomaly Mediation

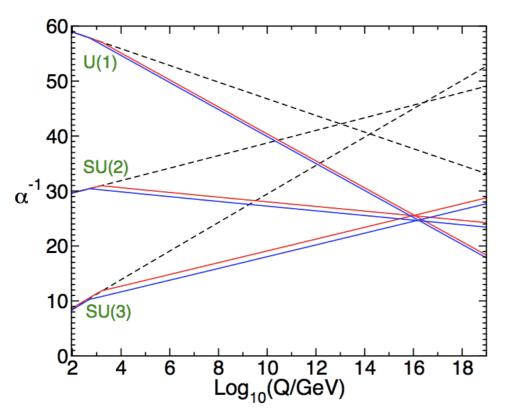
#### Norimi Yokozaki (Tohoku U.)

Wen Yin, Norimi Yokozaki, arXiv:1607.05705 (PLB)

See also

Tsutomu T. Yanagida, Wen Yin, Norimi Yokozaki, arXiv:1608.06618 (JHEP)

# Why SUSY

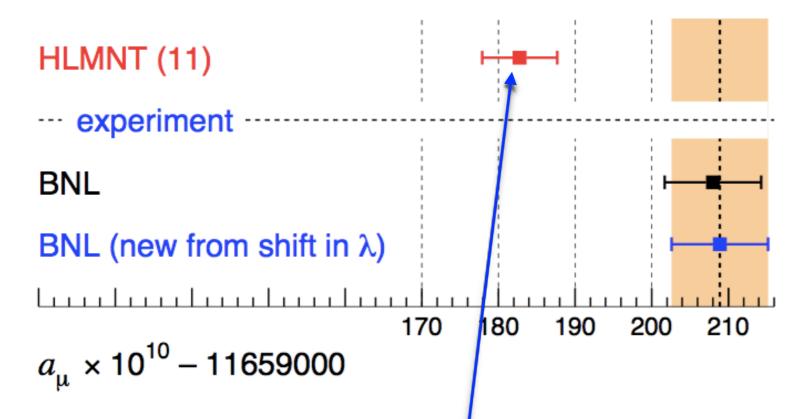


- Gauge coupling unification
  - $\rightarrow$  Indicating grand unification
  - $\rightarrow$  Matter unification
  - $\rightarrow$  Charge quantization

[from SUSY primer, S. Martin]

- Absence of the quadratic divergences in the scalar potential (SM Higgs, PQ-breaking scalar, inflaton)
- There is another experimental motivation

# Muon g-2 anomaly



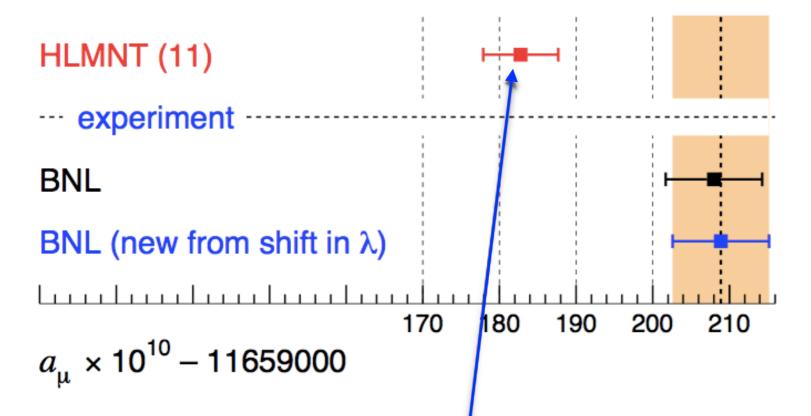
>3σ deviation from SM prediction!

[Also, Davier et al., 2016  $\rightarrow 3.6 \sigma$ ]

[Hagiwara, Liao, Martin, Nomura, Teubner, J.Phys. G38 (2011) 085003]

SM value  $\mathcal{L} = \frac{e}{4m_{\mu}} (a_{\mu})^{\text{NP}} \bar{\mu} \sigma_{\alpha\beta} \mu F^{\alpha\beta}$   $(a_{\mu})^{\text{NP}} \approx 2 \times 10^{-9} \text{ is required}$ 

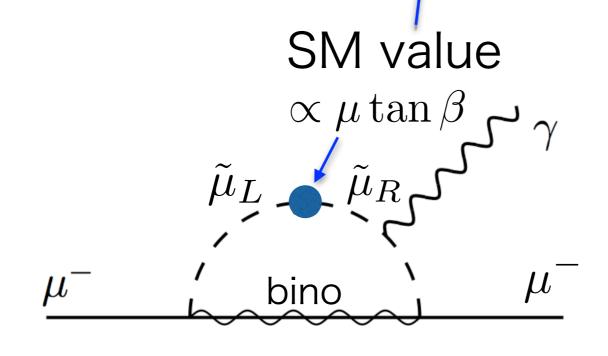
# Muon g-2 anomaly



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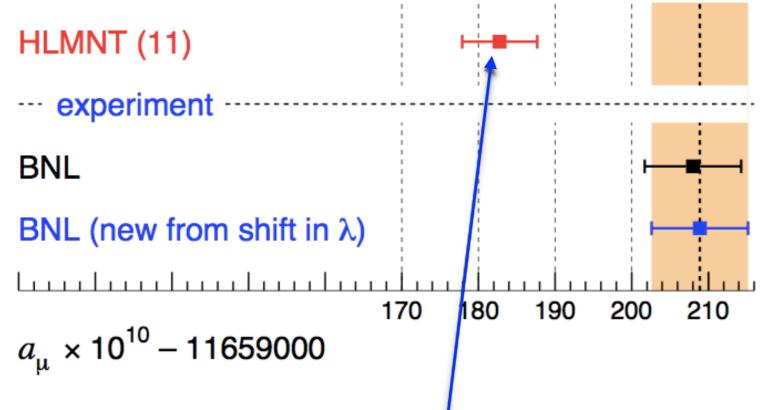
[Hagiwara, Liao, Martin, Nomura, Teubner, J.Phys. G38 (2011) 085003]



Relevant SUSY particles should be light as O(100) GeV

[Lopez, Nanopoulos and Wang, 1994; Chattopadhyay and Nath, 1996; Moroi, 1996]

# Muon g-2 anomaly



>3σ deviation from SM prediction!

[Also, Davier et al., 2016  $\rightarrow 3.6 \sigma$ ]

[Hagiwara, Liao, Martin, Nomura, Teubner, J.Phys. G38 (2011) 085003]

#### SM value

However, it is not easy to explain the muon g-2 in MSSM, in a way consistent with GUT.

## Difficulties

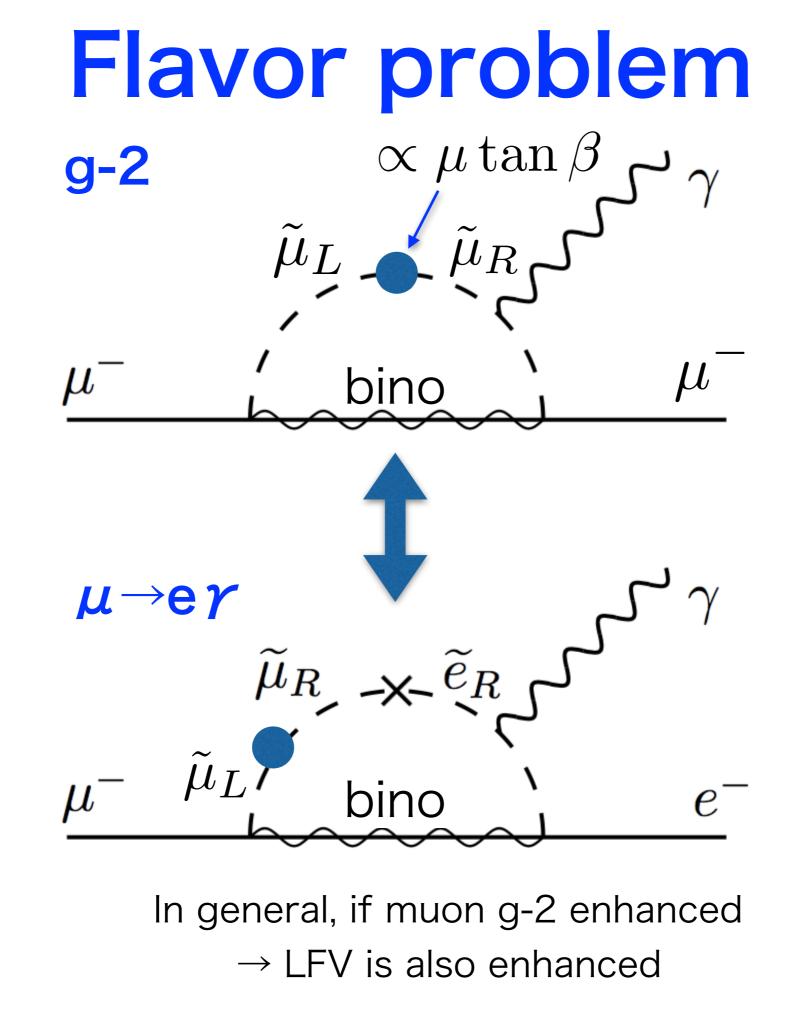
- · LHC SUSY search
  - $\rightarrow$  heavy squarks and gluino of >1.4 -1.8 TeV
- Higgs boson mass of 125 GeV  $\rightarrow$  heavy stops of ~10 TeV
- Muon g-2

•

- $\rightarrow$  light sleptons and neutralino/chargino of ~100-500 GeV
- Grand Unification  $\rightarrow$  Slepton and squarks live in same GUT multiplet, 10=(Q, U\*, E\*) 5\*=(L, D\*)

It is natural that their masses are degenerated at the tree level. GUT breaking effects may be required.

Naively, gaugino masses also unify:  $g_1=g_2=g_3=g_5 \rightarrow M_1=M_2=M_3=M_5$ 



# **Higgs-Anomaly mediation**

 We considered a simple model explaining the muon g-2, without difficulties concerning the GUT embedding and flavor violation (Yin-Yokozaki, 2016)

In our model, sfermion and gaugino masses originate from anomaly mediation and Higgs loop effects; therefore, no SUSY flavor problem arises

Refs for Anomaly mediation: [Giudice, Luty, Murayama, Rattazzi; Randall, Sundrum, 1999]

# **Higgs-Anomaly mediation**

 We considered a simple model explaining the muon g-2, without difficulties concerning the GUT embedding and flavor violation (Yin-Yokozaki, 2016)

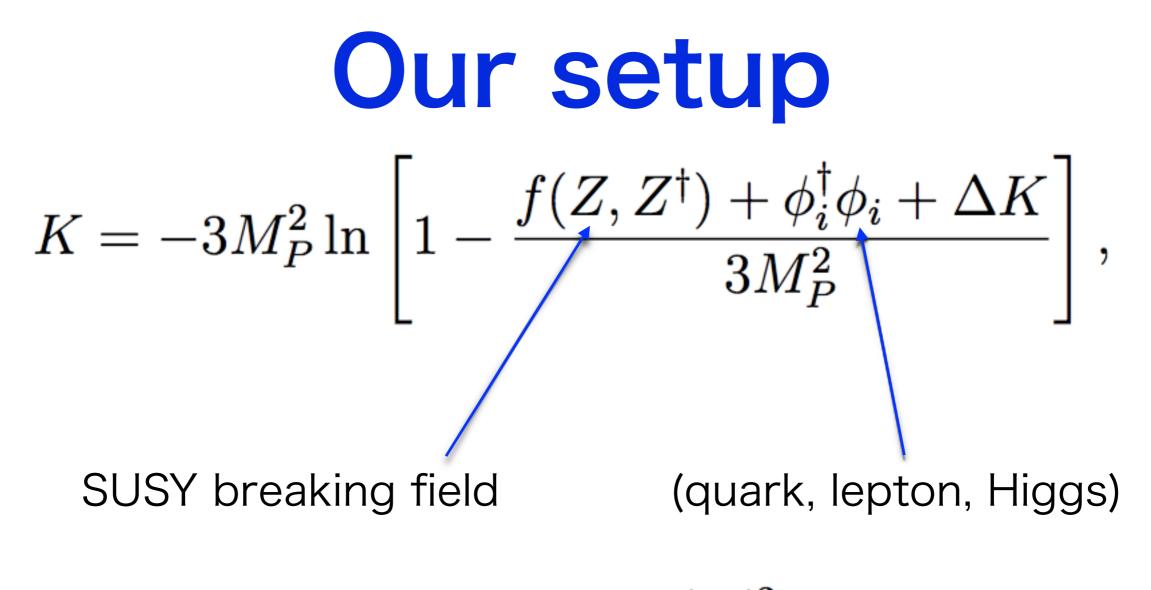
Recipe:

- 1, Sequestering the matter fields and SUSY breaking field
- → squarks and sleptons are massless at the tree level (gauginos are also massless)
  Solving the
- $\cdot$  2, Making the gravitino heavy (~100 TeV) <
  - → Anomaly mediation becomes effective, inducing GUT breaking effects

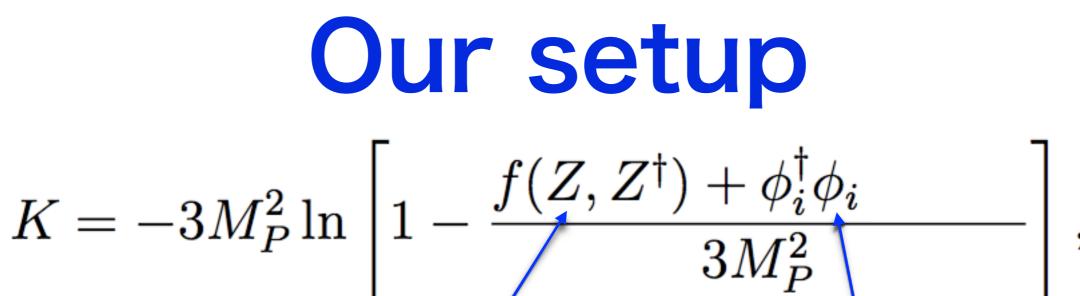
Relaxing the gravitino problem

flavor problem

• 3, Coupling only Higgs fields and SUSY breaking field directly. (Note: Higgs soft masses are tachyonic)



$$\Delta K = c_Z \frac{|Z|^2}{M_P^2} (|H_u|^2 + |H_d|^2),$$



,

SUSY breaking field (quark, lepton, Higgs)

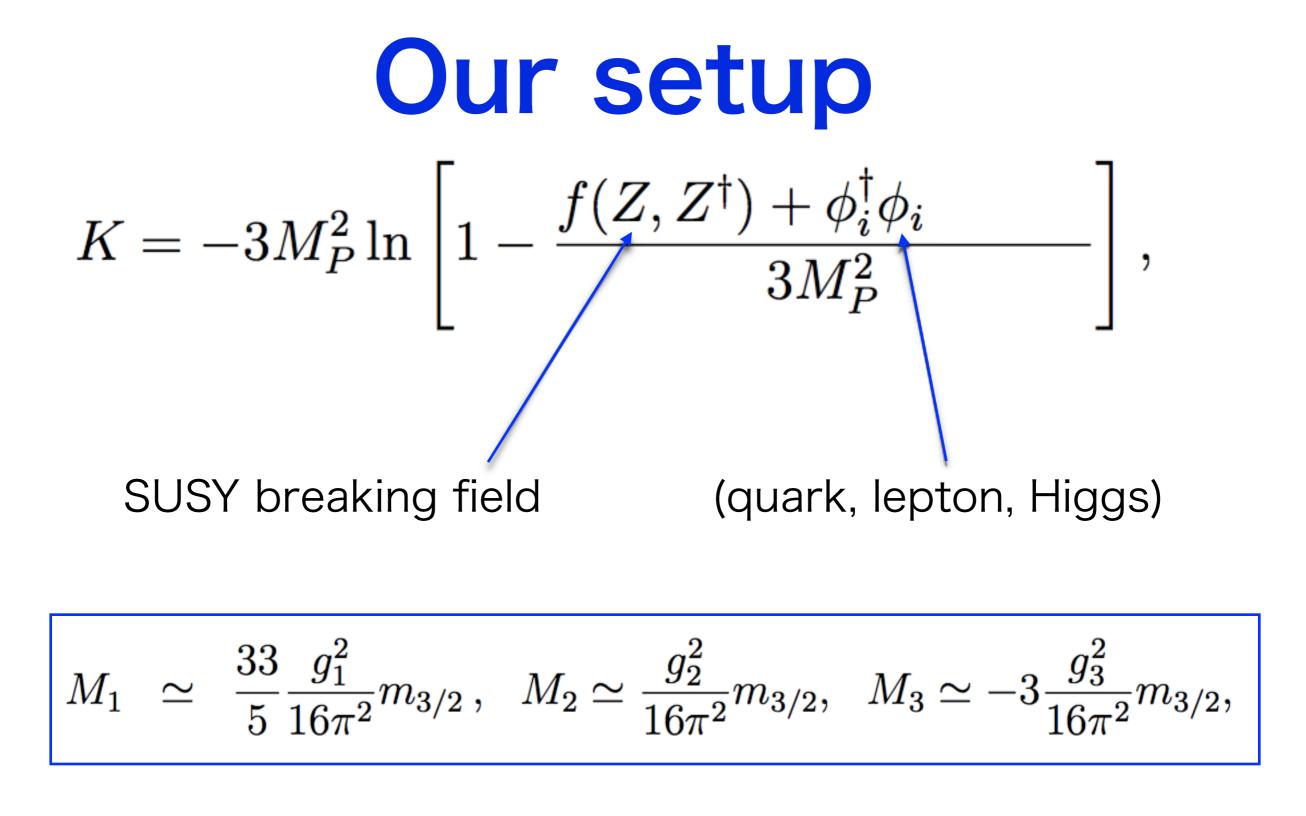
#### First, we start with a sequestered form

Sfermion masses vanish at the tree-level

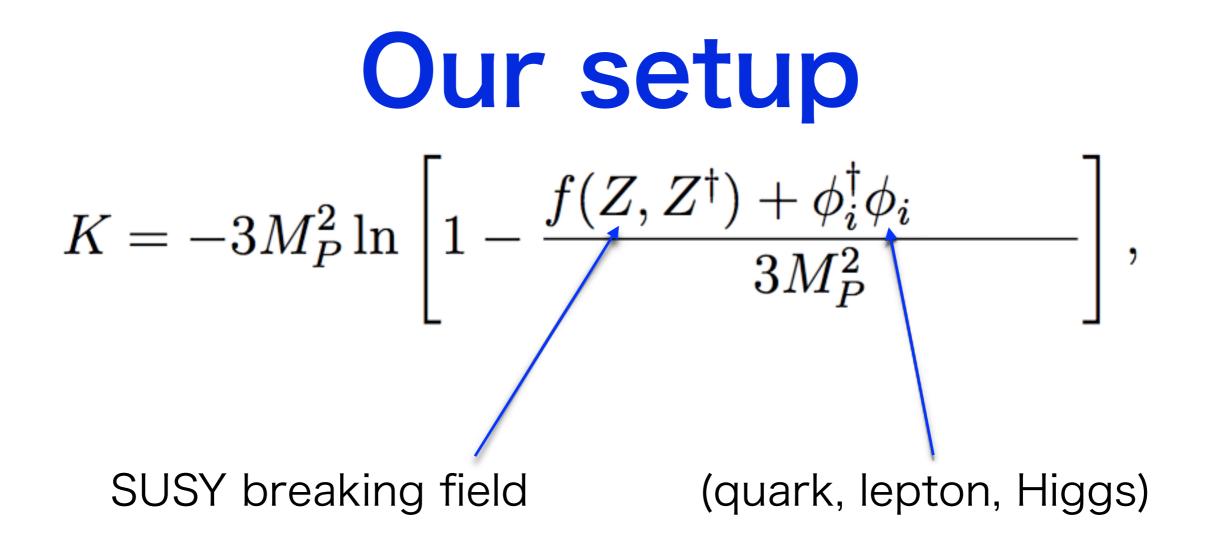
Simple and important assumption to solve SUSY flavor problem

(gaugino masses also vanish at the tree-level)

Ref. for sequestered form [Randall, Sundrum, 1999]



(gaugino masses also vanish at the tree-level) Ref. for sequestered form [Randall, Sundrum, 1999]

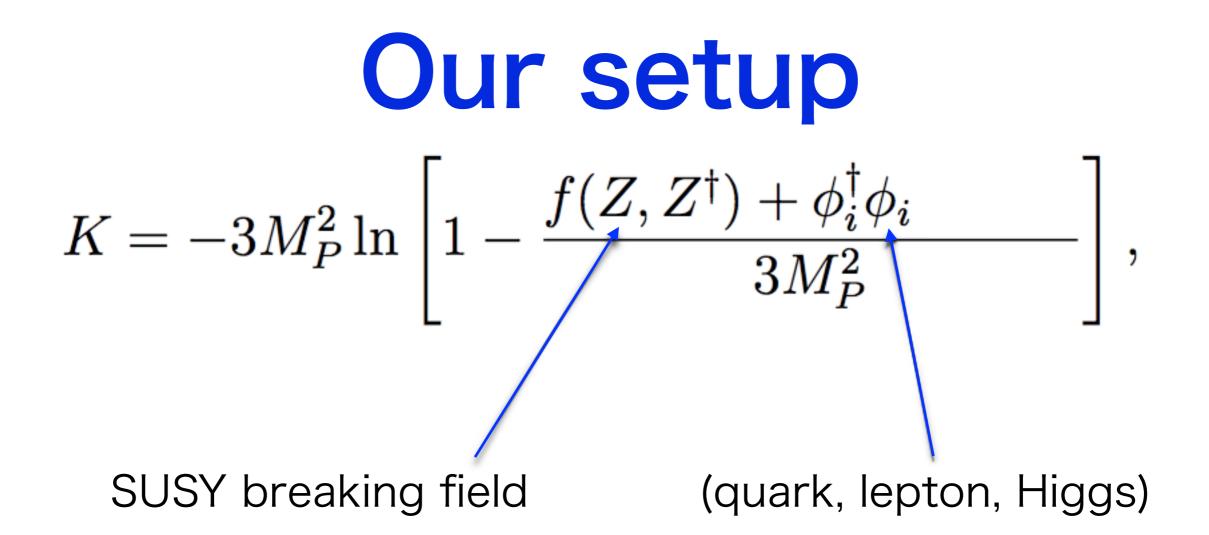


Sfermion masses vanish at the tree-level

From anomaly mediation effects, sfermion get masses at the two-loop level. However, slepton mass becomse tachyonic

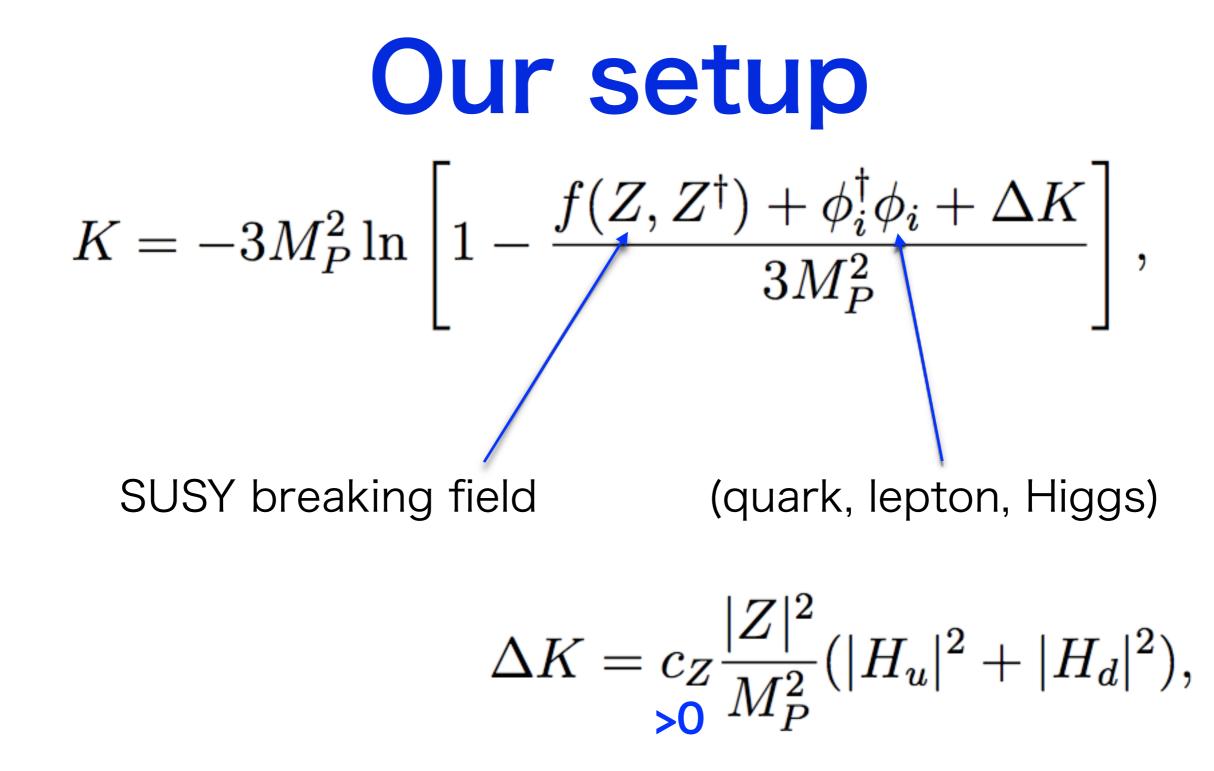
$$m_{\bar{E}}^2 \approx -22g_Y^4 \frac{m_{3/2}^2}{16\pi^2}$$

(Left-handed slepton has also tachyonic mass)



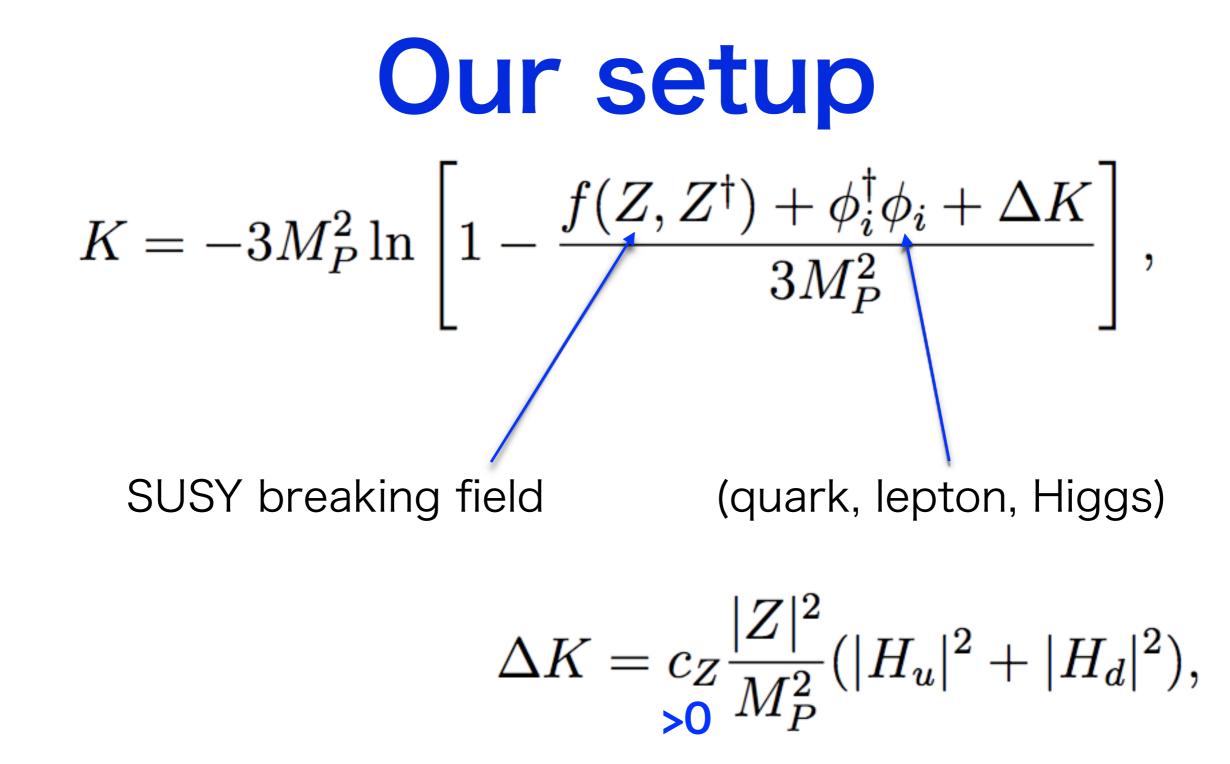
Sfermion masses vanish at the tree-level

From anomaly mediation effects, sfermion get masses at the two-loop level. However, slepton mass becomse tachyonic **Tachyonic slepton problem in anomaly mediation** → From another perspective, slepton can be light which is favored for the muon g-2 **GUT breaking effects are naturally included** 



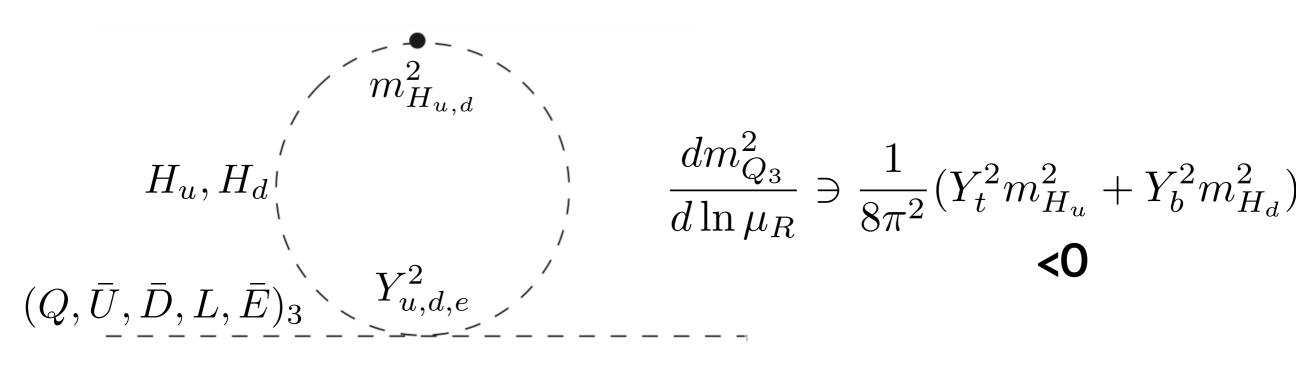
Only Higgs doublets couple to the SUSY breaking field directly

(Solving tachyonic slepton problem and making third generation sfermion heavy)

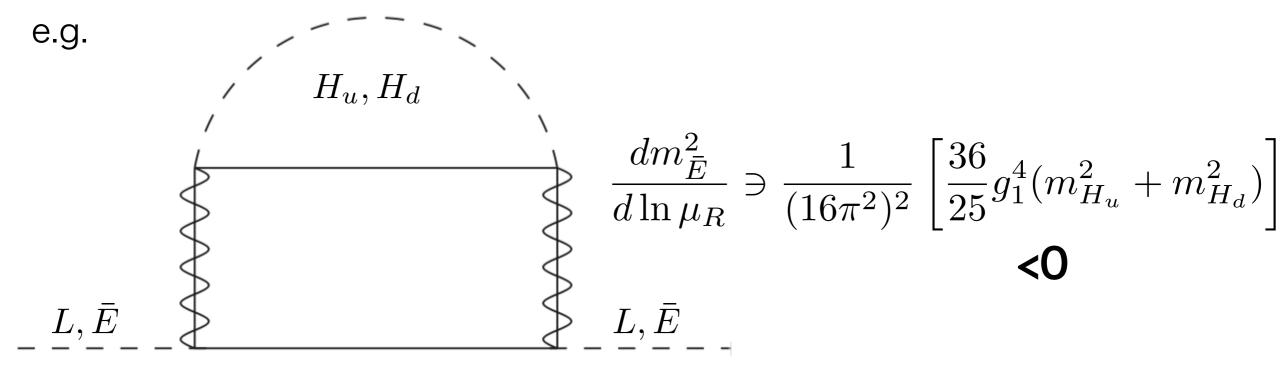


Only Higgs doublets couple to the SUSY breaking field directly

Negative Higgs soft mass squares are important!

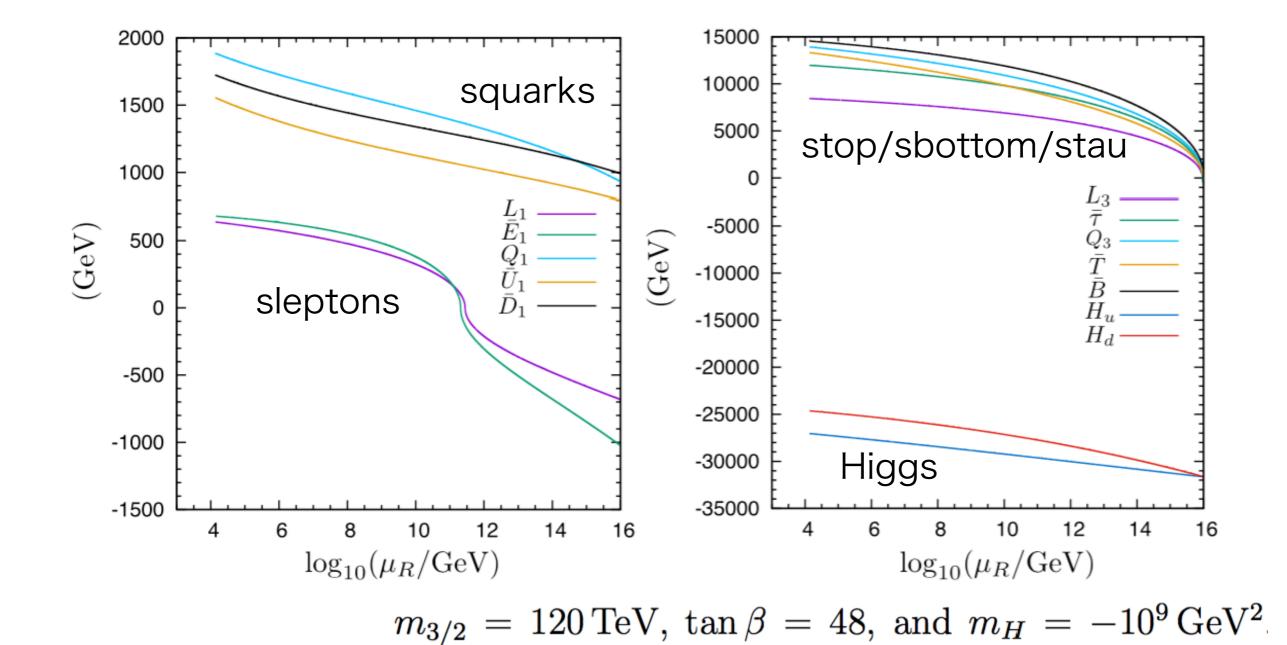


Lifting up 3rd generation sfermion masses at one-loop level Important for the Higgs mass of 125 GeV



Lifting up slepton masses, avoiding the tachyonic slepton problem at two-loop level

# RGE runnings of soft mass parameters



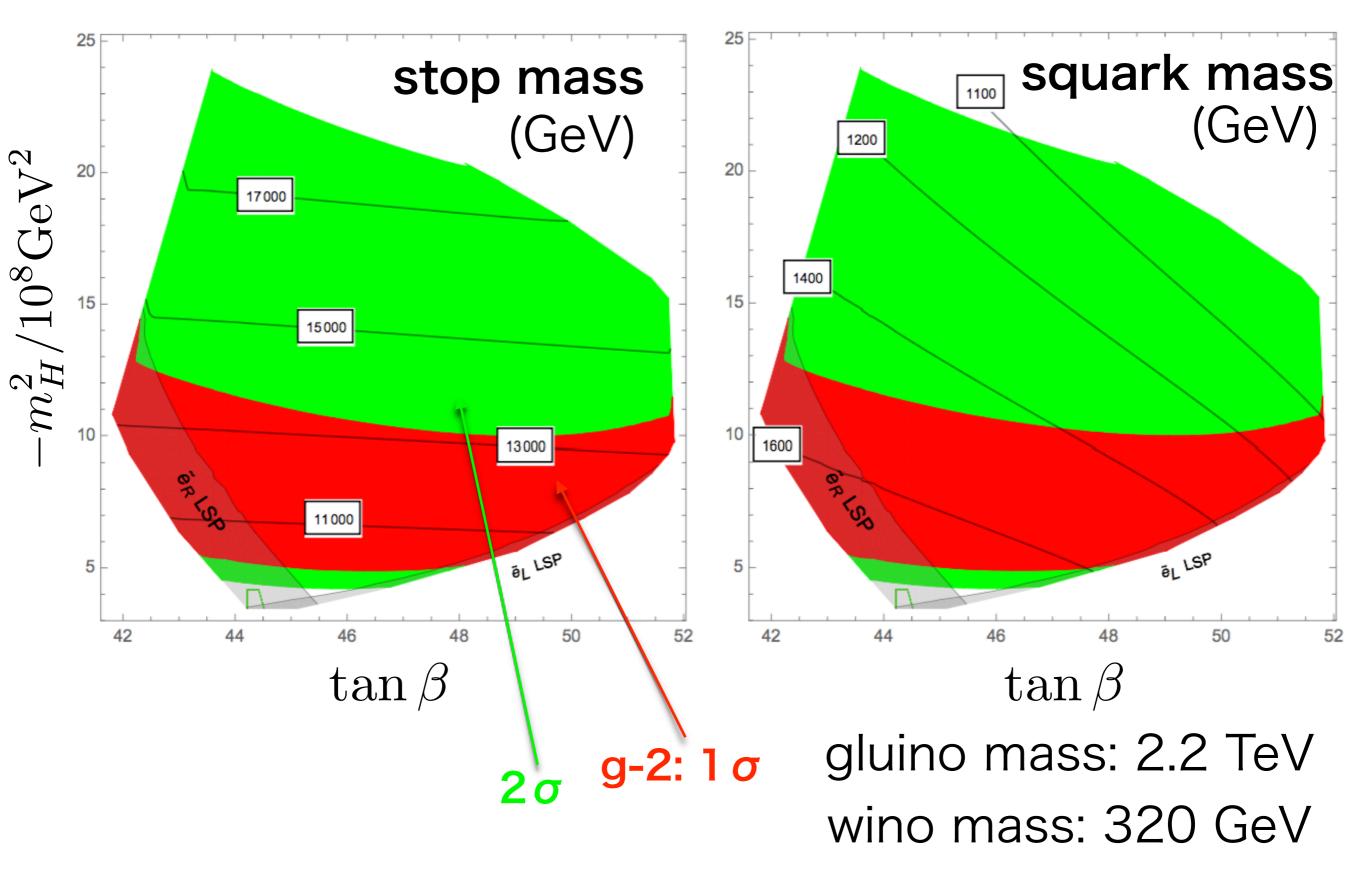
(Still D-flat direction of the Higgs potential is safe!)

# Mass spectrum and muon g-2

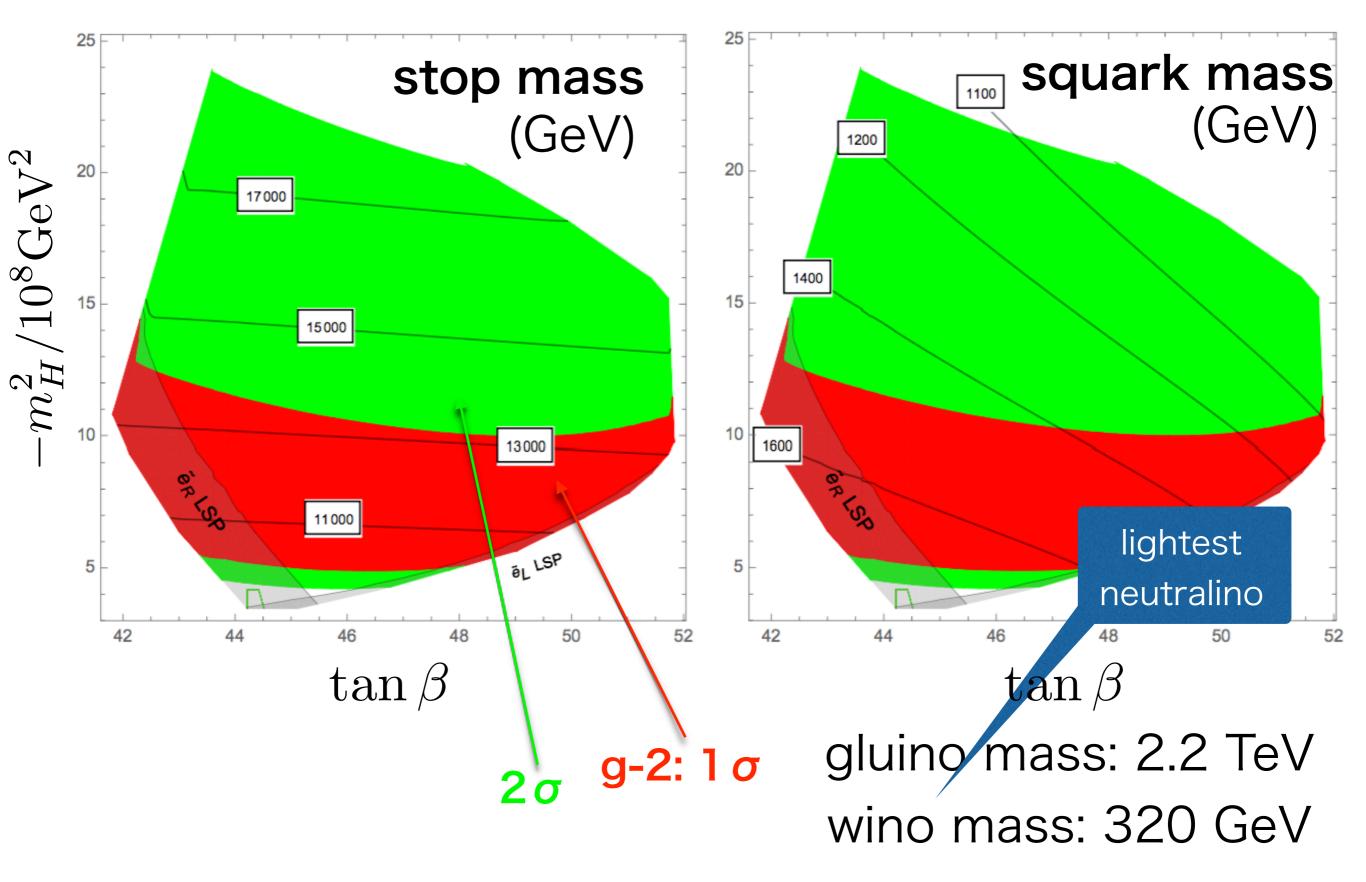
(Including leading two-loop corrections)

	Parameters	Point I	
	$m_{3/2}~({\rm TeV})$	120	
	$m_H^2~({ m GeV^2})$	$-9  imes 10^8$	
	aneta	48	
	Particles	Mass (GeV)	
	$\widetilde{g}$	2550	
~wino	$\widetilde{q}$	1830 - 2110	~ 2-2.5TeV
	$\widetilde{\chi}_1^0/\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	378	
~bino	$\tilde{\chi}_2^0$	1100	
	$\widetilde{e}_{L,R}$	549,682	6000-14
	$ ilde{\mu}_{L,R}$	609,778	~ 600GeV
	$\tilde{t}_{2,1}$ (TeV)	13.1, 12.5	
	$\tilde{b}_{2,1}$ (TeV)	14.2, 13.4	
	$ ilde{ au}_{2,1}$ (TeV)	11.4, 8.0	~ 10TeV
	$H^{\pm}({ m TeV})$	10.9	
	$\mu$ (TeV)	25.8	
	$(a_{\mu})_{ m SUSY} (10^{-10})$	18.6	~g-2:1σ

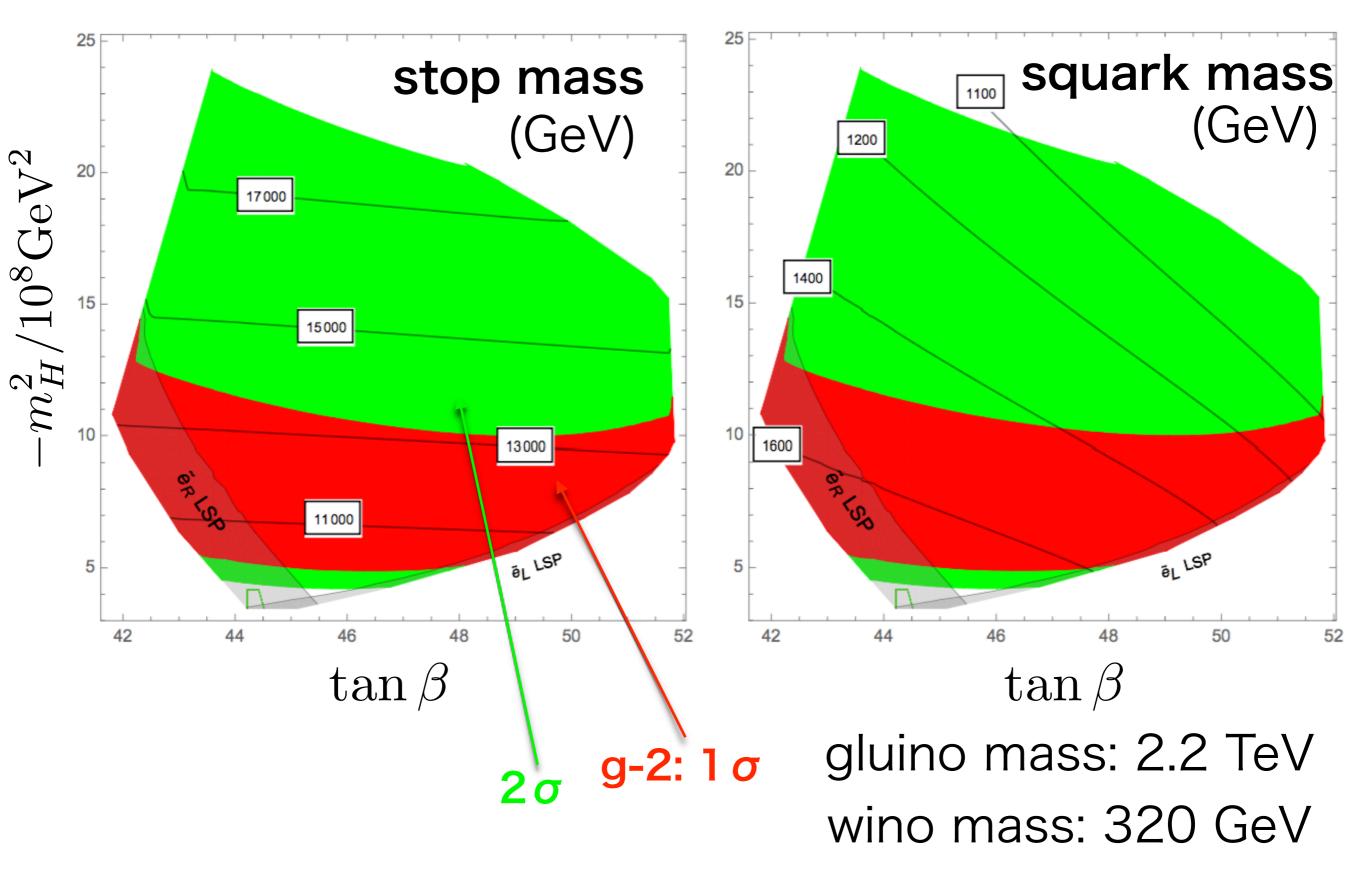
## m<sub>3/2</sub>=100 TeV



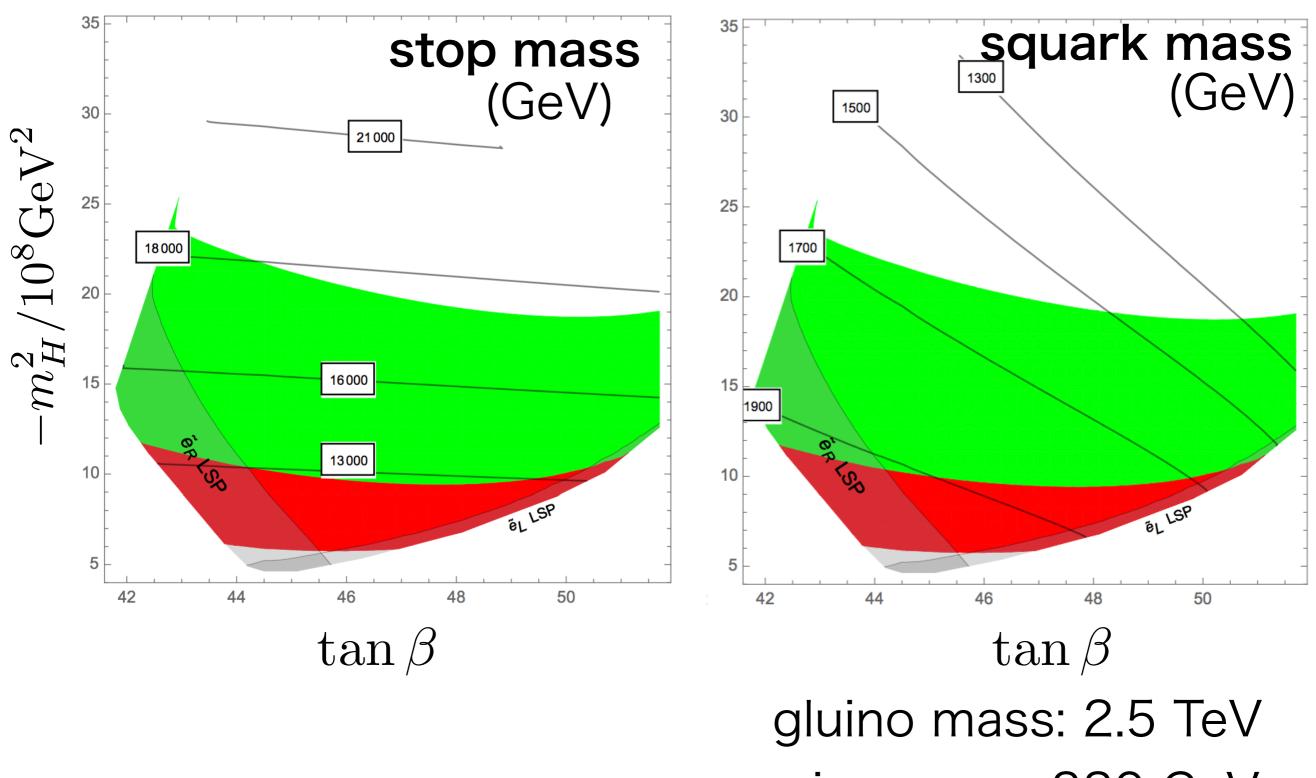
## m<sub>3/2</sub>=100 TeV



## m<sub>3/2</sub>=100 TeV

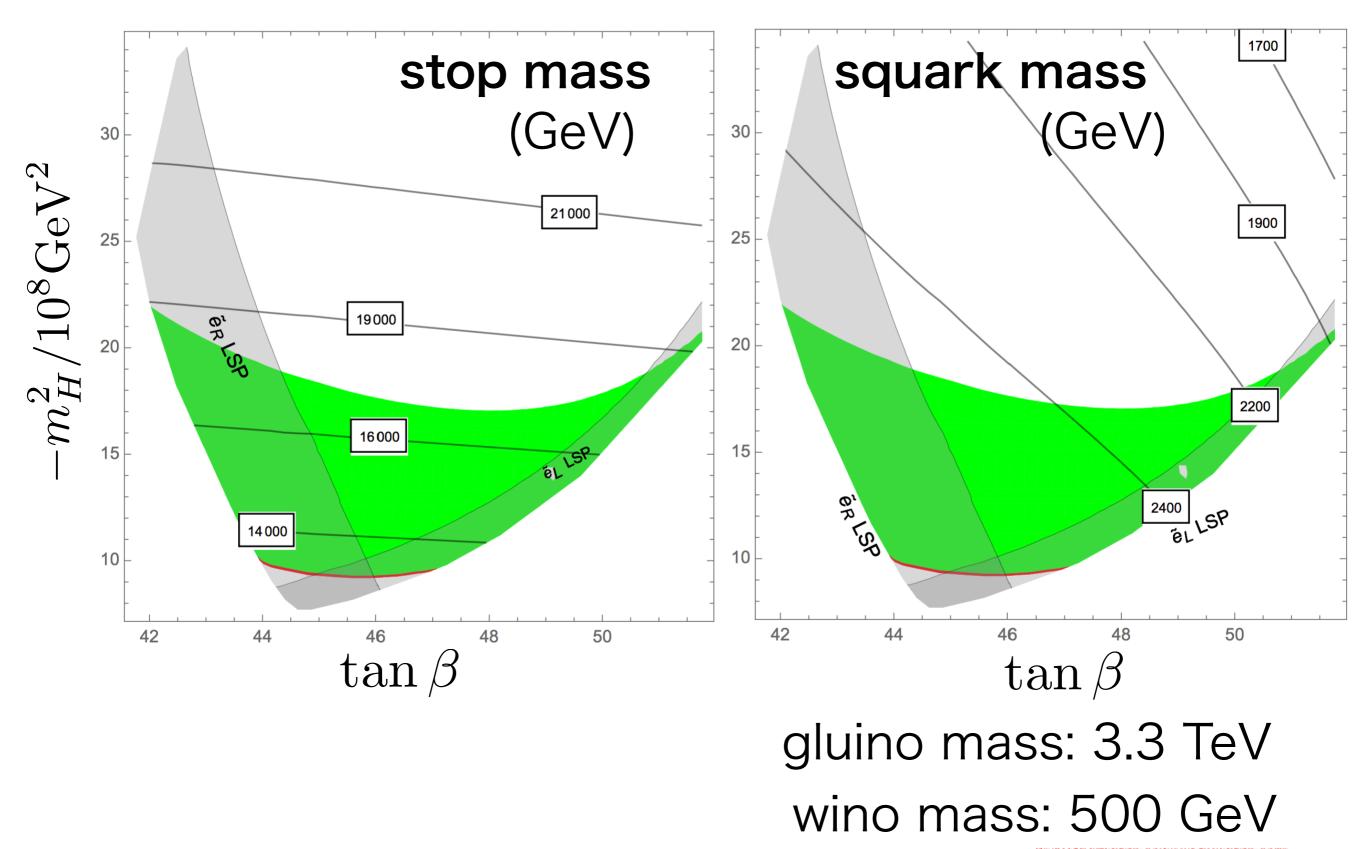


### m<sub>3/2</sub>=120 TeV

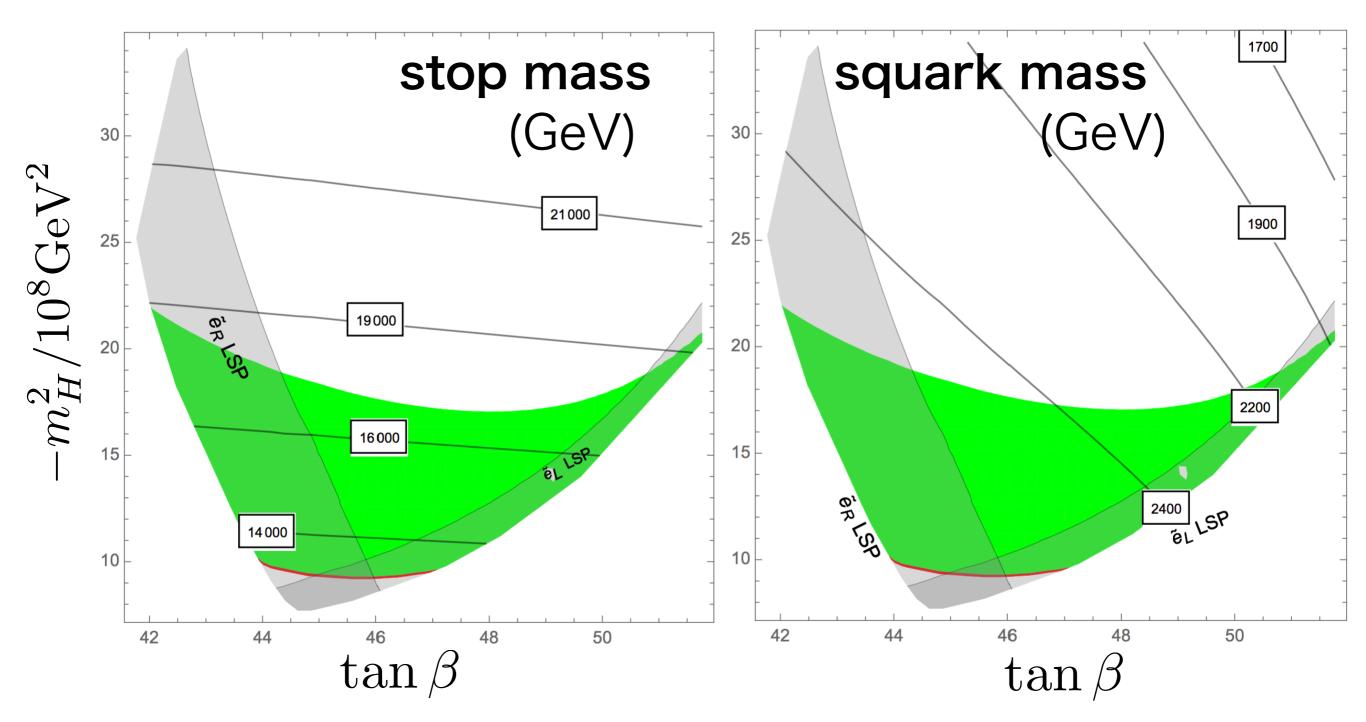


wino mass: 380 GeV

### m<sub>3/2</sub>=160 TeV

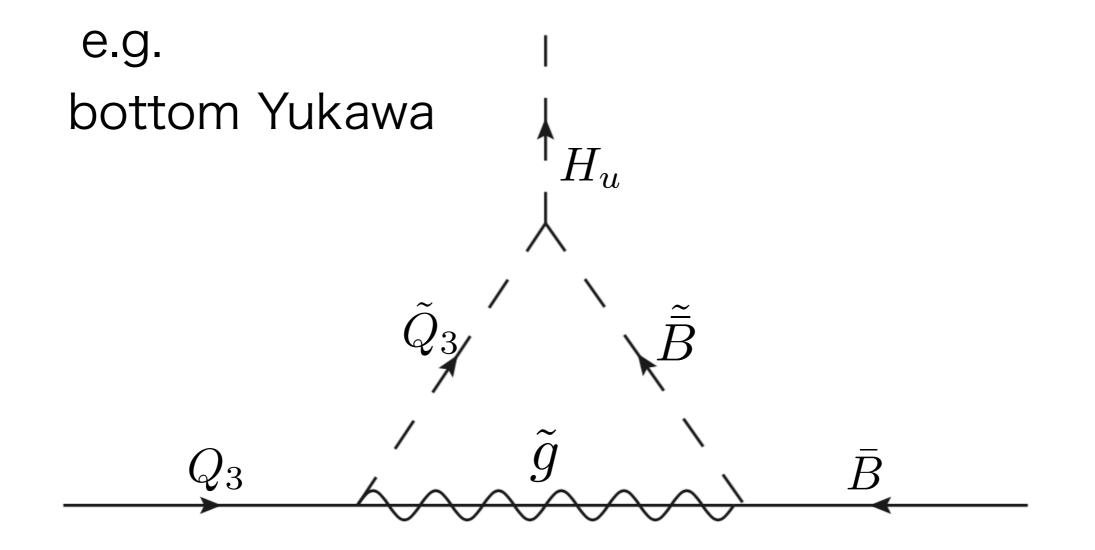


### m<sub>3/2</sub>=160 TeV



Wino search at the LHC can cover the region consistent with the muon g-2 (1  $\sigma$ )

## Yukawa coupling unification



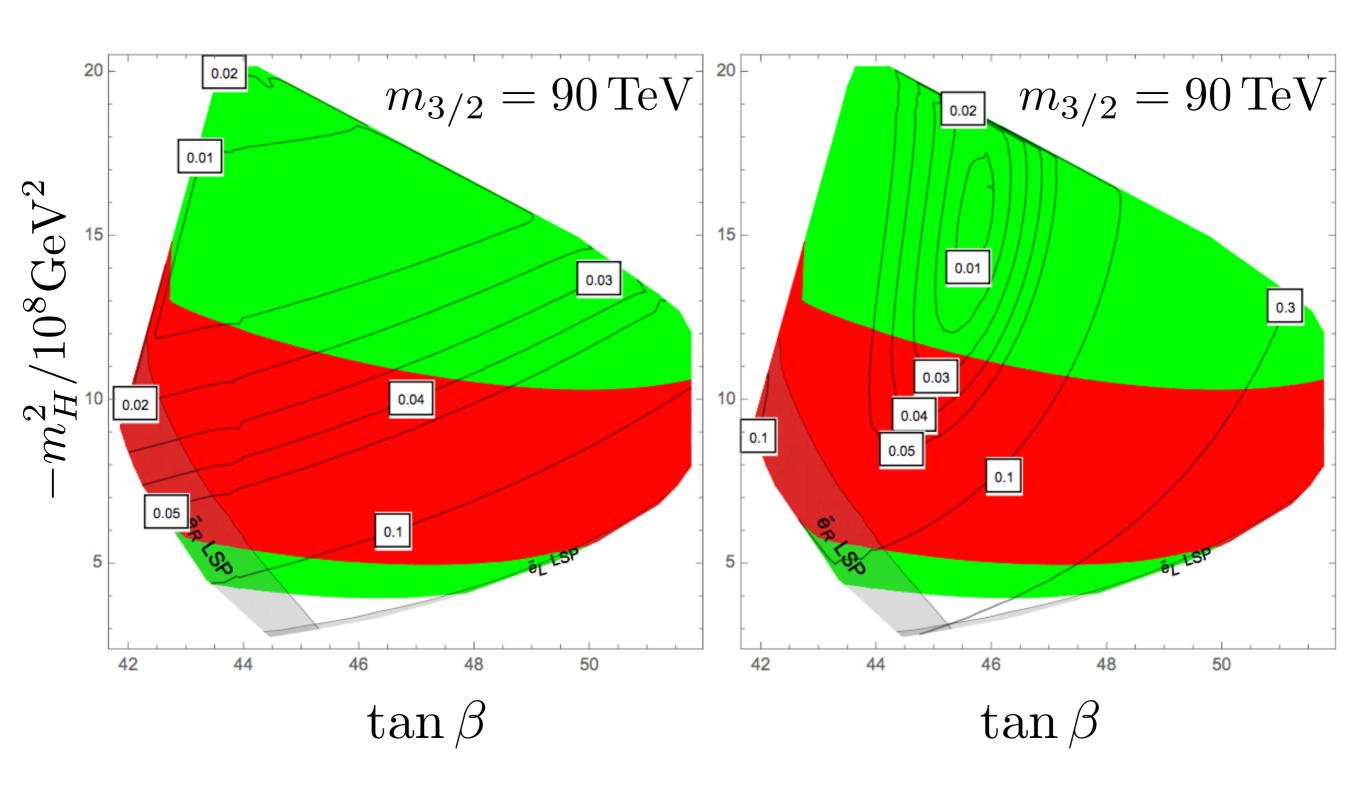
With important threshold corrections

#### **Bottom-Tau unification** Motivated by SU(5)

 $\sqrt{(Y_b - Y_\tau)^2}$ 

#### **Bottom-Tau-Top unification** Motivated by SO(10)

 $\sqrt{(Y_b - Y_\tau)^2 + (Y_t - Y_\tau)^2 + (Y_t - Y_b)^2}$ 



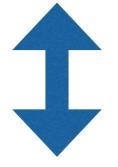


- · We have found a simple model which has many benefits
  - $\cdot$  Muon g-2 is explained.
  - The Higgs boson mass of 125 GeV is explained with ~10 TeV stops.
  - No SUSY flavor problem
  - Tachyonic slepton problem is solved
  - Gravitino problem is significantly relaxed with ~100 TeV gravitino

# Summary

- $\cdot\,$  Wino, squarks and gluino can be seen at the LHC.
- · Yukawa coupling unification is realized.
- · No singlet SUSY breaking field is required.  $\rightarrow$  Polonyi problem may be relaxed.
- Massless sfermions may be regarded as NG bosons, which may enable us to understand the origin of the family number, three. (Kugo, Yanagida, 1984 --- Yanagida, Win, Yokozaki, 2016)

Squarks and sleptons get masses from Higgs soft masses, and their hierarchical masses originate from the structure of the Yukawa couplings



Our scenario

 Quarks and leptons get masses from the VEV of the Higgs field, and their hierarchical masses originate from the structure of the Yukawa couplings.

#### The structure seems natural.