

Overview of PWFA (WG2)

Mark J. Hogan

April 25, 2017 @ ANAR2017



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

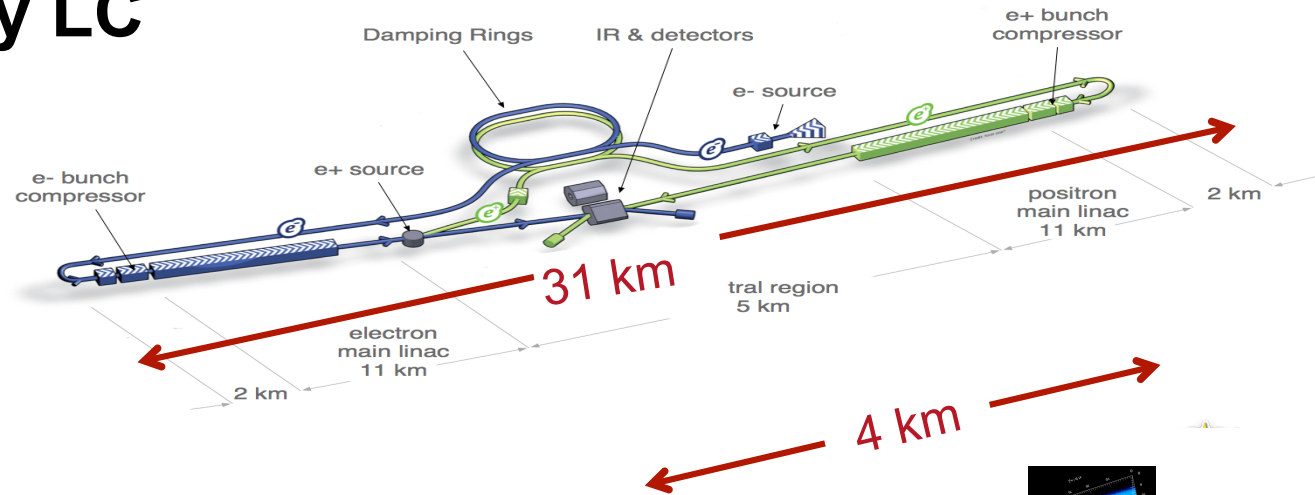
Office of Science



SLAC NATIONAL
ACCELERATOR
LABORATORY

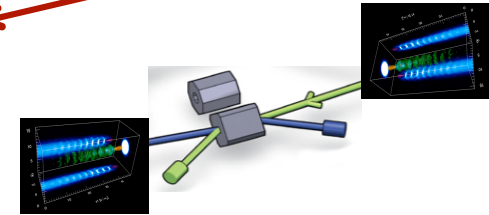
The Scale for a TeV Linear Collider

**Today's technology LC
– a 31km tunnel:**



Plasma Wakefield Technology LC:

→ GeV/m accelerating gradient



The Luminosity Challenge:

→ High-efficiency, low emittance

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{P_b}{E_b} \left(\frac{N}{4\pi\sigma_x\sigma_y} \right)$$

...and must do it for positrons too!

Accelerating Particles to Accelerating Beams → FACET



VOLUME 43, NUMBER 4 PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS 23 JULY 1979

Laser Electron Accelerator

T. Tajima and J. M. Dawson
Department of Physics, University of California, Los Angeles
 (Received 9 March 1979)

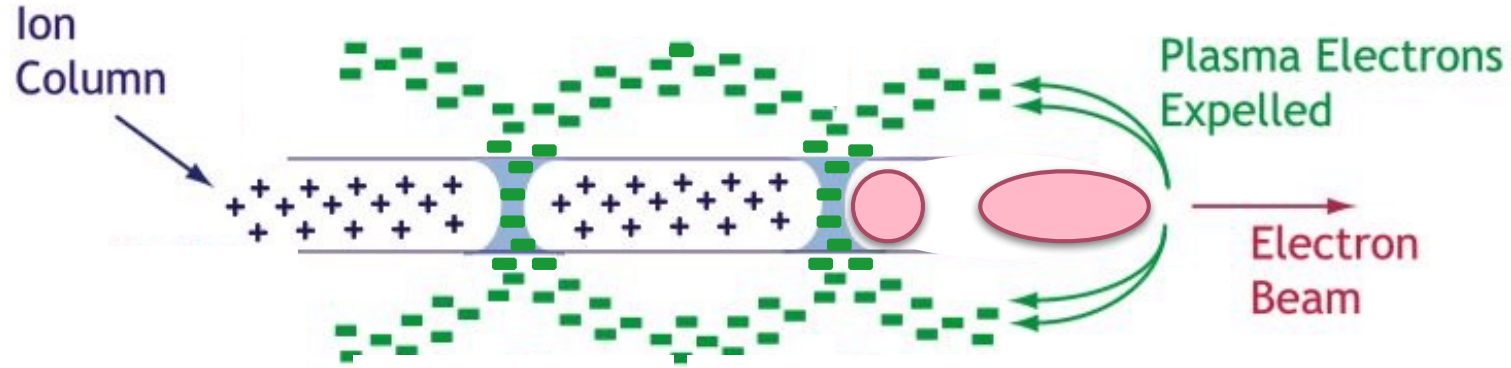
VOLUME 54, NUMBER 7 PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS 18 FEBRUARY 1985

Acceleration of Electrons by the Interaction of a Bunched Electron Beam with a Plasma

Pisin Chen^(a)
Stanford Linear Accelerator Center, Stanford University, Stanford, California 94305

and

J. M. Dawson, Robert W. Huff, and T. Katsouleas
Department of Physics, University of California, Los Angeles, California 90024
 (Received 20 December 1984)



$$E_0 \sim 10 \sqrt{\frac{n_0}{1 \times 10^{16} [\text{cm}^{-3}]}} [\text{GeV/m}]$$

- Two bunches externally injected
- Dimensions and spacing $\sim c/w_p \sim 20\mu\text{m}$
- Blow-out when $n_b \gg n_p$
- Plasma = highly efficient transformer
- No phase slippage – non-evolving wake

FACET Project History

20GeV, 3nC, 20 μm^3 , e⁻ & e⁺



Primary Goal:

- Demonstrate a single-stage high-energy plasma accelerator for electrons

Timeline:

- CD-0 2008
- CD-4 2012, Commissioning (2011)
- Experimental program (2012-2016)

A National User Facility:

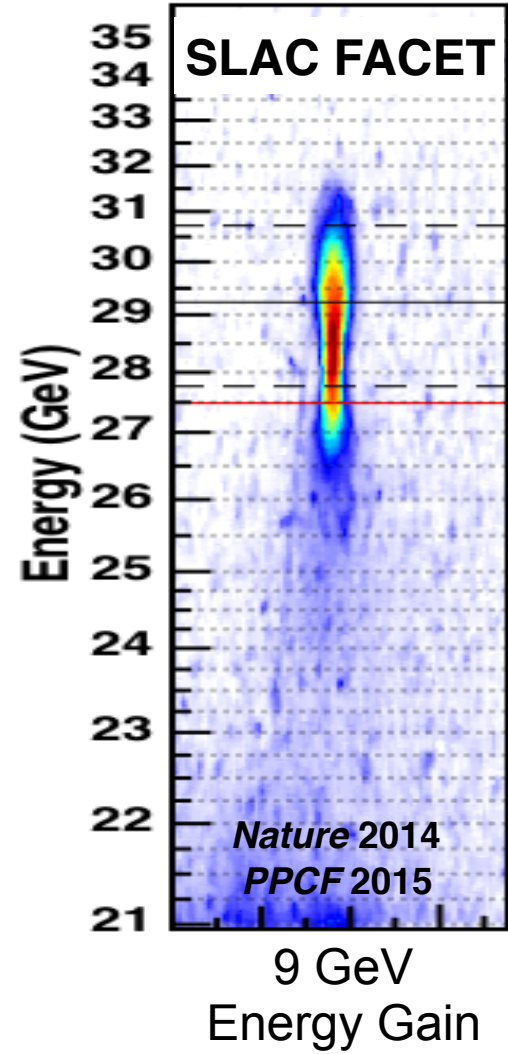
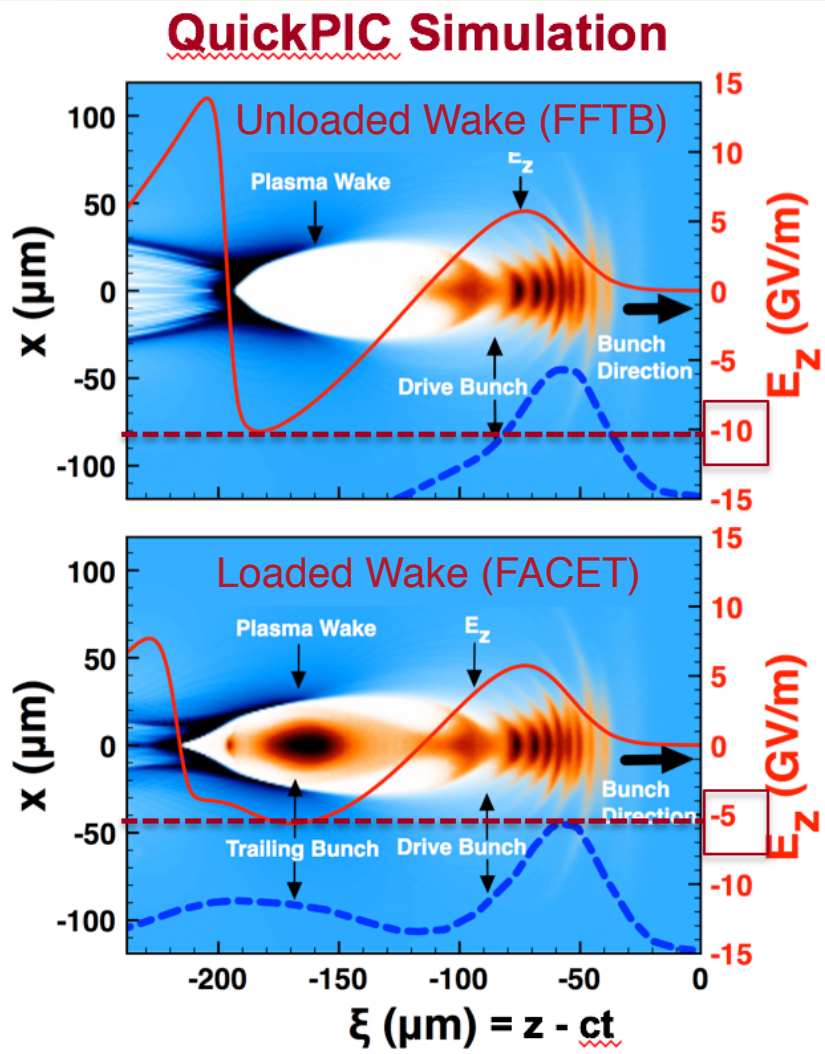
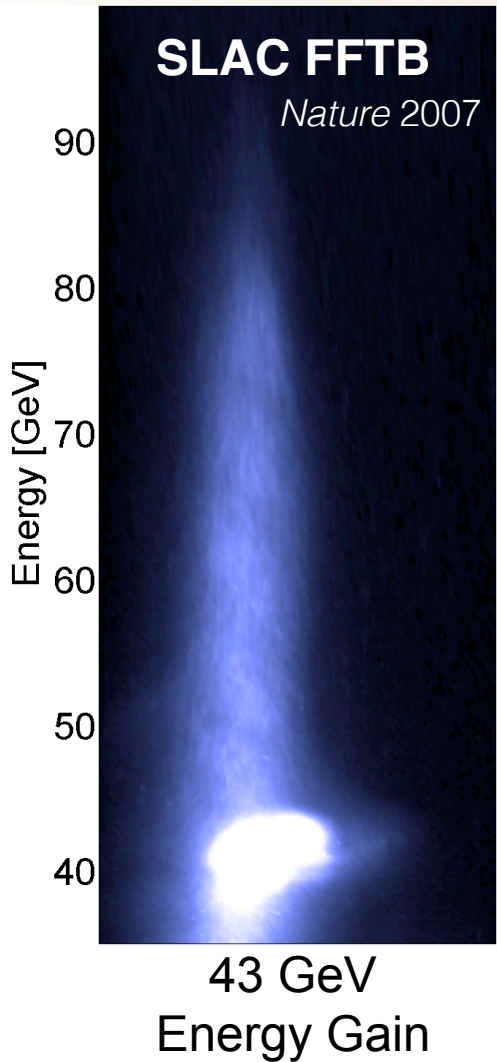
- Externally reviewed experimental program
- >200 Users, 25 experiments, 8 months/year operation

Key PWFA Milestones:

- ✓ Mono-energetic e⁻ acceleration
- ✓ High efficiency e⁻ acceleration (*Nature* **515**, Nov. 2014)
- ✓ First high-gradient e⁺ PWFA (*Nature* **524**, Aug. 2015)
- Demonstrate required emittance, energy spread (FY16)

Premier R&D facility for PWFA: Only facility capable of e⁺ acceleration
Highest energy beams uniquely enable gradient > 1 GV/m

Beam Loading Produces Narrow Energy Spread & High Efficiency

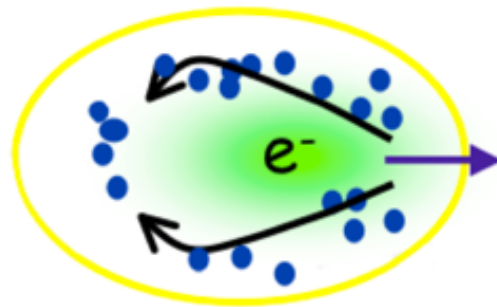


Narrow energy spread acceleration with high-efficiency has been demonstrated
Next decade will focus on simultaneously preserving beam emittance

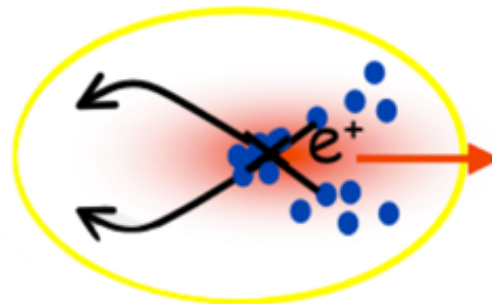
Extending to Positrons is Not Trivial

Experiments at SLAC FFTB in 2003 showed that the positron beam was distorted after passing through a low density plasma.

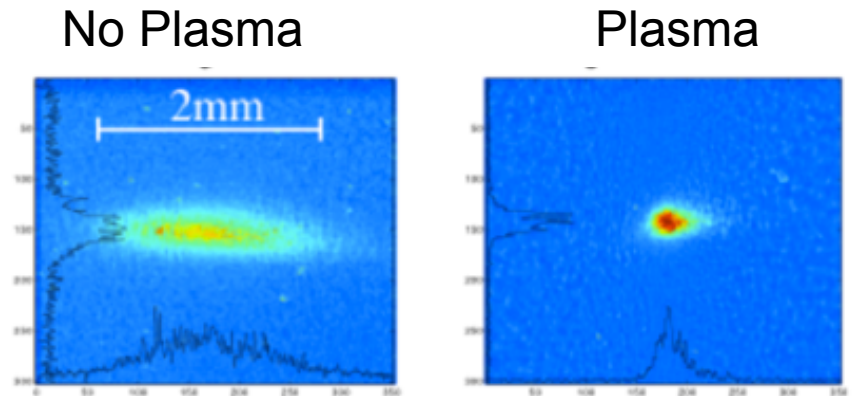
“Blow-out”



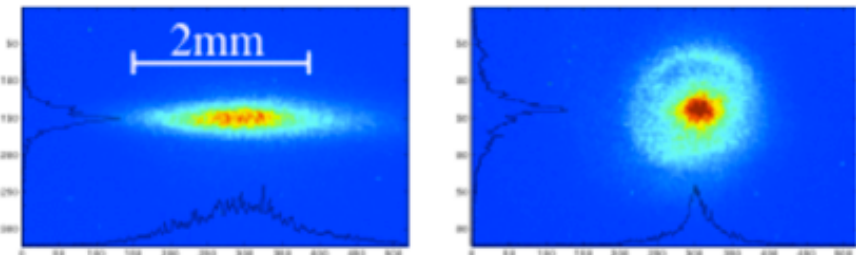
“Suck-in”



Electrons



Positrons



Phys. Rev. Lett. **90**, 205002 (2003)

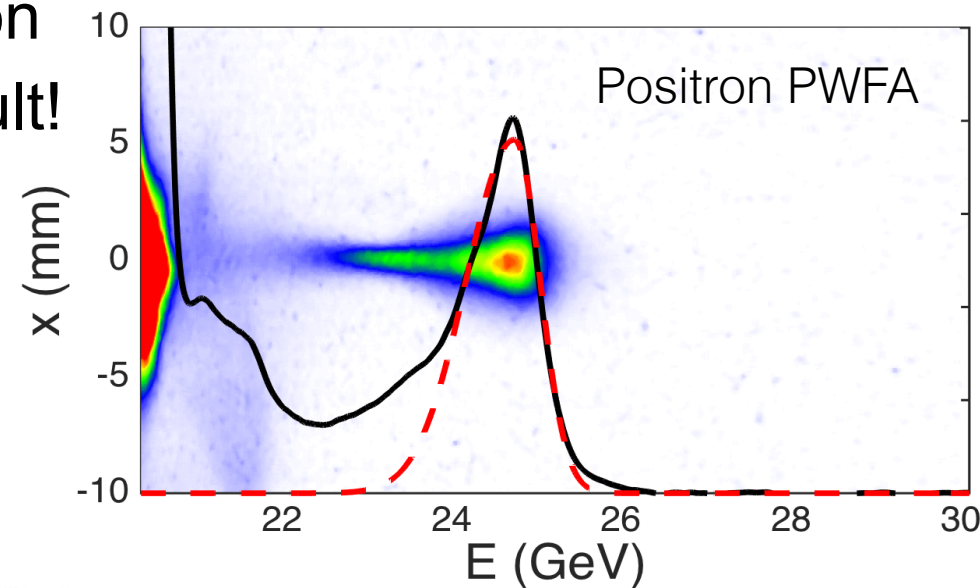
Phys. Rev. Lett. **101**, 055001 (2008)

The nonlinear blowout regime will not work for positron PWFA

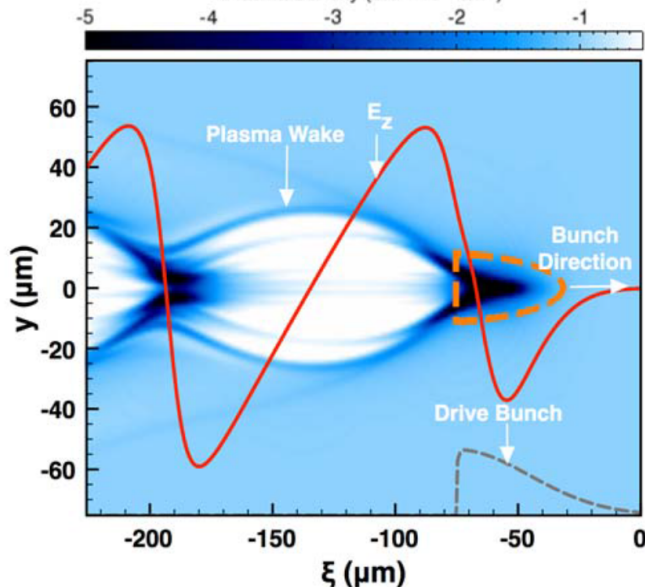
Multi-GeV Acceleration of Positrons

Injecting a single high-intensity positron bunch produced a very surprising result!

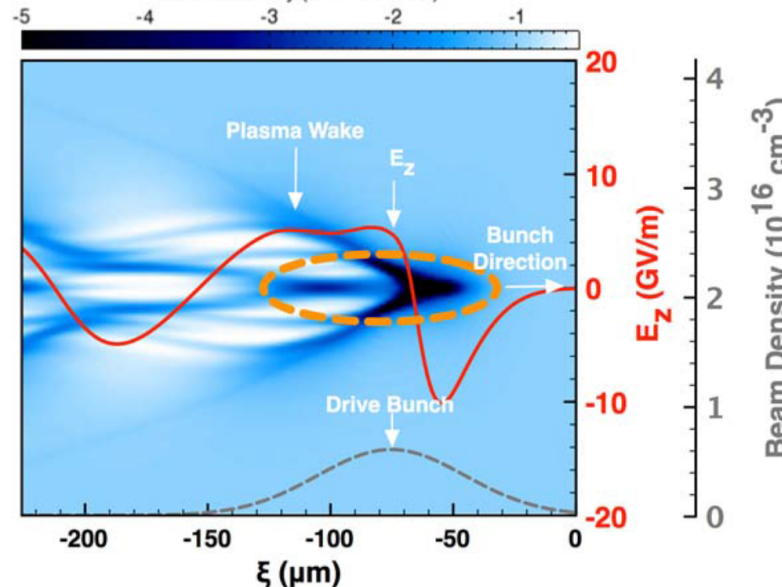
- Energy gain 4 GeV in 1.3 meters
- 1.8% energy spread
- Low beam divergence
- No halo



Unloaded

Plasma Density ($8.0 \times 10^{16} \text{ cm}^{-3}$)

Loaded

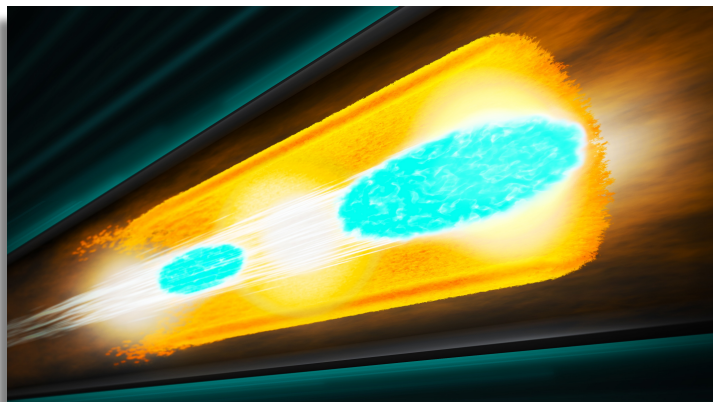
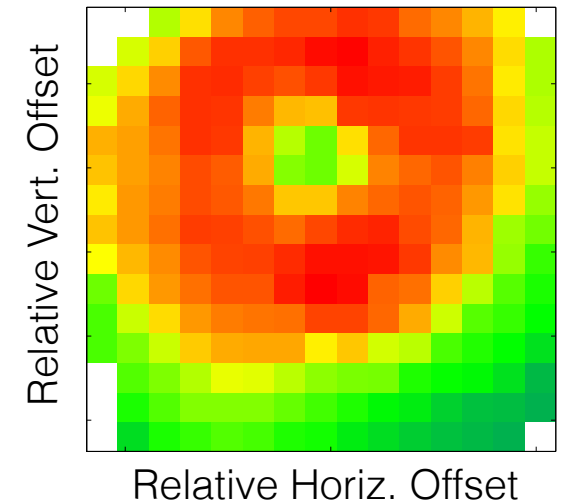
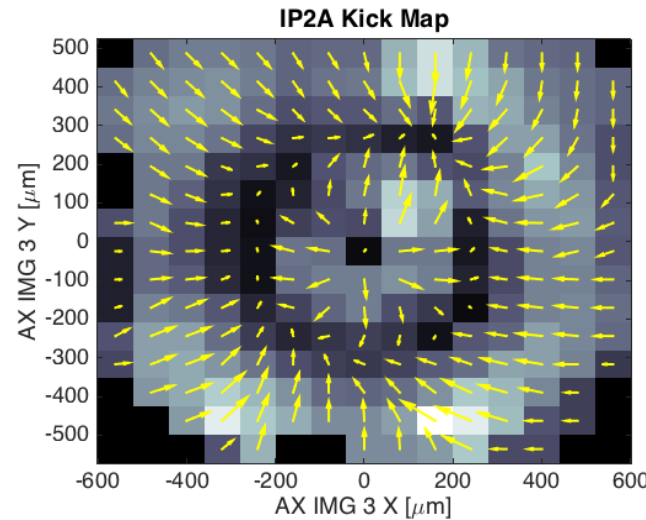
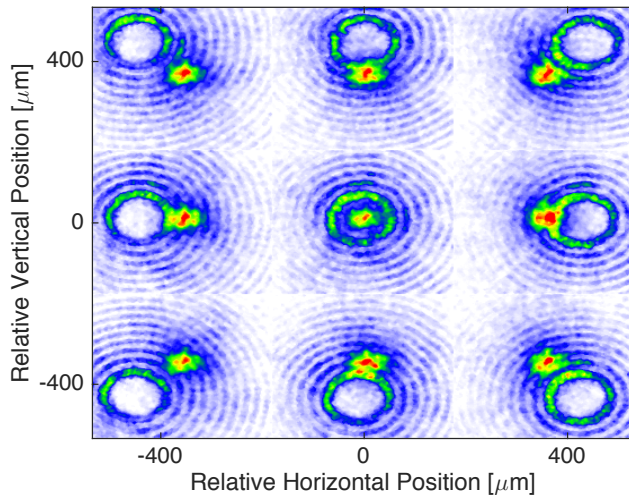
Plasma Density ($8.0 \times 10^{16} \text{ cm}^{-3}$)

New PWFA regime warrants further exploration and development towards PWFA-LC application

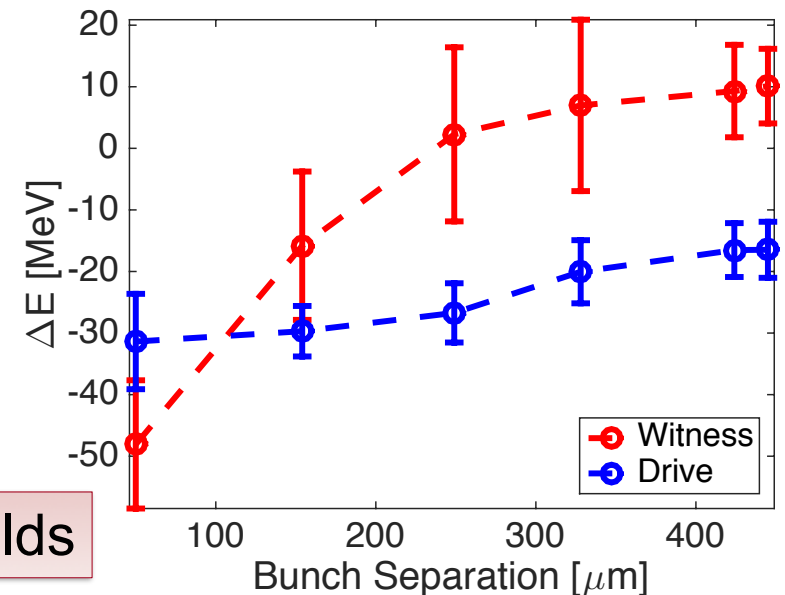
Demonstration of Acceleration in Hollow Channel Plasmas



Raster Scan of Beam-Channel Alignment Focusing Forces Minimized in Channel Center



Change bunch spacing to map the longitudinal wakefield



Engineer the Plasma Source to Control the Fields

Paths to a Linear Collider

Advantages

Challenges

Open Questions

Non-Linear Acceleration

Extremely large gradients.
Simple experimental setup.

No known solution using an electron drive beam.

What are the optimal beam and plasma parameters for an afterburner application?

Quasi-Linear Acceleration

Very large gradients.
Works with a driving electron beam.

Scaling the plasma and drive beam parameters for an LC-quality witness bunch looks challenging.

Can the emittance of the witness beam be preserved?

Hollow Channel Acceleration

Emittance preservation by precise alignment.
Works with a driving electron beam.

Modest accelerating gradients.

Can we increase the wake amplitude while maintaining the quality of the witness bunch?

These are critical questions on the path to a plasma-based Linear Collider

Beam Driven PWFA Parameters Achieved to Date



Energy					Performance				
PWFA-LC			State of the Art		PWFA-LC			State of the Art	
Parameter	Units	Value	Electrons	Positrons	Parameter	Units	Value	Electrons	Positrons
Final Energy	GeV	3000	29	24.4	Charge per Bunch	nC	1.5	0.03	0.207
Energy per Stage	GeV	25	9	4.4	Rep Rate	Hz	1E+04	1	1
Peak Gradient	GeV/m	7.6	6.9	3.4	Normalized Emittance (H)	μm	10	100	
Geographic Gradient	GeV/m	1			Normalized Emittance (V)	μm	0.035		
Transformer Ratio		1			Energy Spread [r.m.s.]	%	1	4	1.8
Number of Stages		60	1	1	Polarization	%	80		
Plasma Length	meter	3.3	1.3	1.3	Bunch Length (sigma)	μm	20	50	
Plasma Density	e-/cc	2E+16	5E+16	8E+16	Tolerances...				
Heat Load	kW/m	100			Electrons: Nature 515 (2014) and http://arxiv.org/pdf/1511.06743v1.pdf to be published in PPCF Positrons: Nature 524 (2015) Note: parameters are for single (best) cases/regimes. Individual parameters e.g. energy gain are not best of that quantity				
Cost									
PWFA-LC			State of the Art						
Parameter	Units	Value	Electrons	Positrons					
Efficiency - Instantaneous	%	50	30	34					
Efficiency - Total	%								

The parameters in above table are a self consistent set but it should be noted that a range of values has been measured for each quantity.

A Roadmap for Future Colliders Based on Advanced Accelerators Contains Key Elements for Experiments and Motivates FACET-II



Advanced Accelerator Development Strategy Report

DOE Advanced Accelerator Concepts Research Roadmap Workshop
February 2-3, 2016

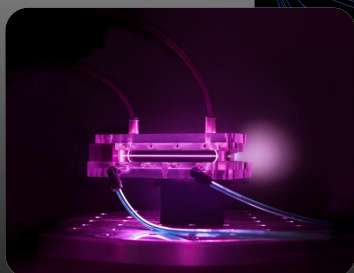
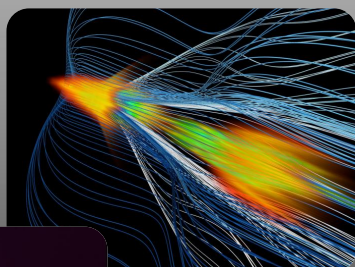
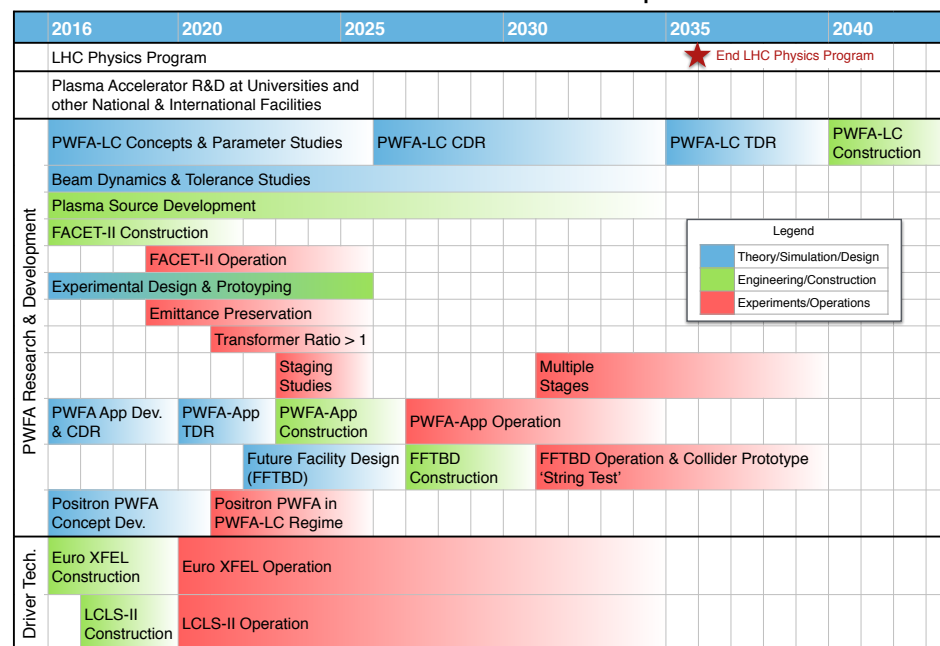


Image credits: lower left LBNL/R. Kallschmidt, upper right SLAC/UCLA/W. An

http://science.energy.gov/~media/hep/pdf/accelerator-rd-stewardship/Advanced_Accelerator_Development_Strategy_Report.pdf

Beam Driven Plasma Accelerator Roadmap for HEP



Key Elements for PWFA over next decade:

- Beam quality – build on 9 GeV high-efficiency FACET results with focus on emittance
- Positrons – use FACET-II positron beam identify optimum regime for positron PWFA
- Injection – ultra-high brightness sources, staging studies with external injectors

FACET-II Project Plan

10GeV, 2nC, 10 μ m³, e⁻ & e⁺



Timeline:

- ✓ Nov. 2013, FACET-II proposal, Comparative review
- ✓ CD-0 Sep. 2015
- ✓ CD-1 Oct. 2015 (*ESAAB, Dec.2015*)
- ✓ CD-2/3A Sep. 2016
- CD-3B Sep. 2017
- CD-4 2022

Experimental program (2019-2026)

Key R&D Goals:

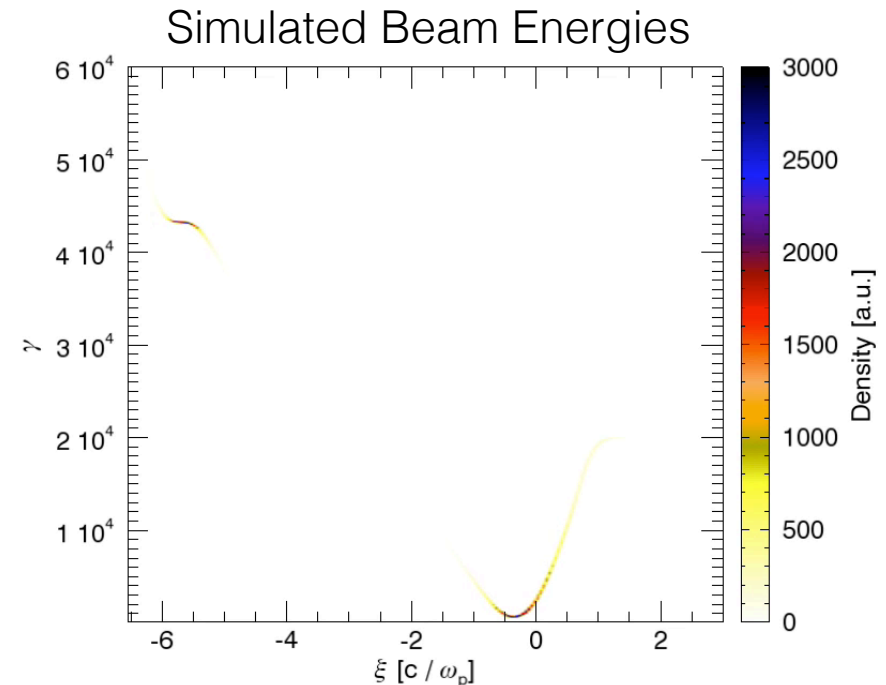
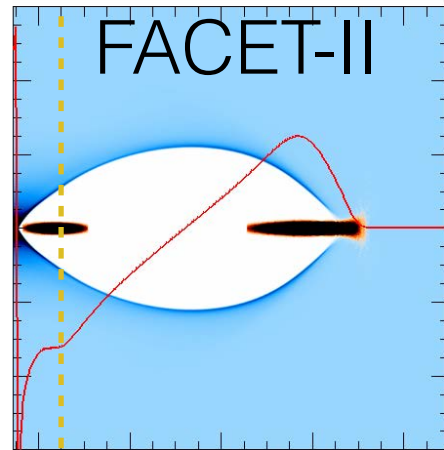
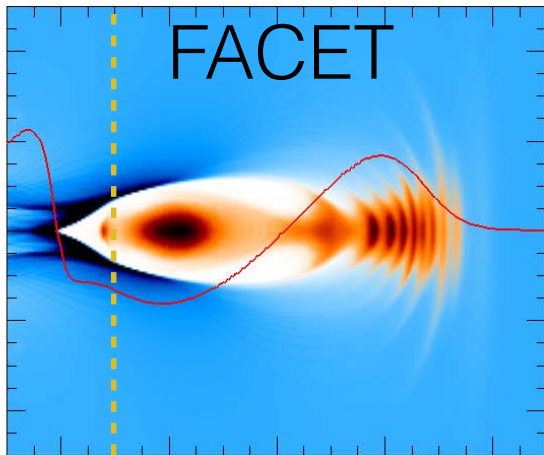
- Beam quality preservation, high brightness beam generation, characterization
- e⁺ acceleration in e⁻ driven wakes
- Staging challenges with witness injector
- Generation of high flux gamma radiation

Three stages:

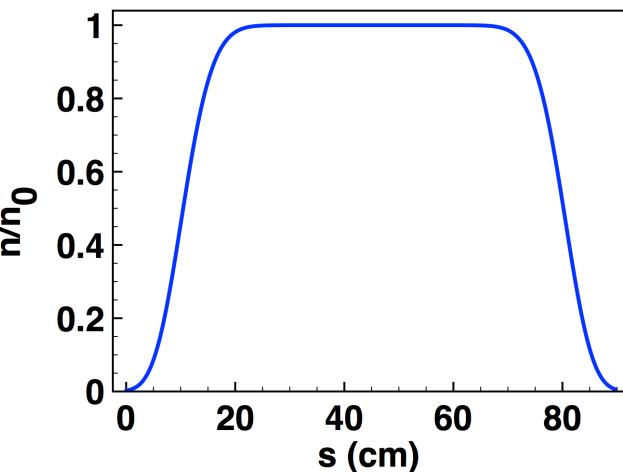
- | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---------|
| • Photoinjector | (e ⁻ beam only) | FY17-19 |
| • e ⁺ damping ring | (e ⁺ or e ⁻ beams) | FY18-20 |
| • “sailboat” chicane | (e ⁺ and e ⁻ beams) | |

FACET-II will operate as a National User Facility with an external program advisory committee reviewing proposals and recommending priorities for the experimental program

Design and QuickPIC Simulation of First Experiment



Plasma Density Profile

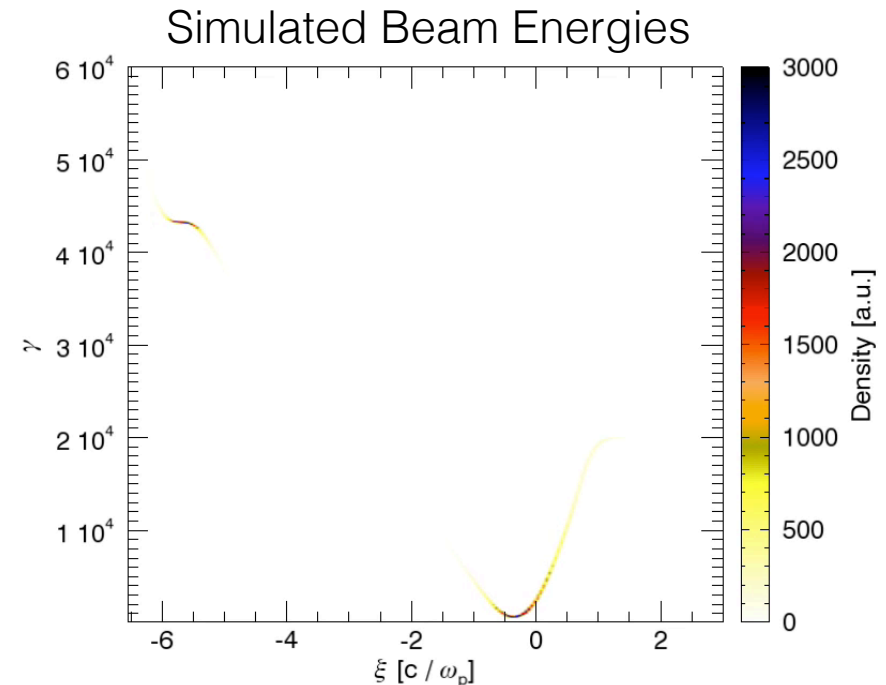
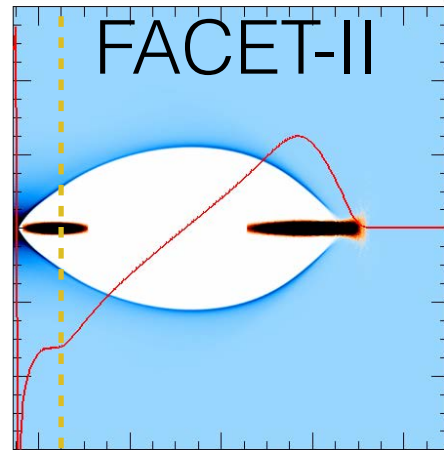
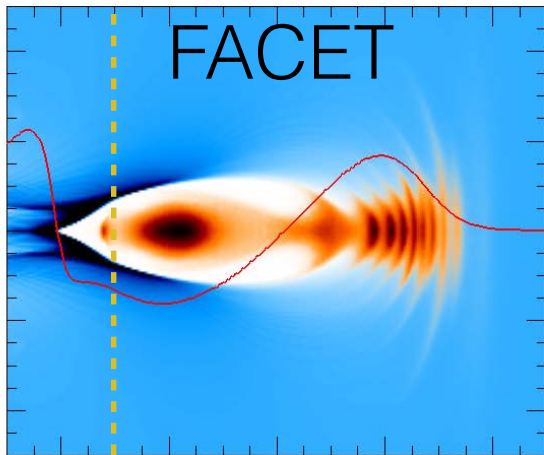


Illustrates science deliverables:

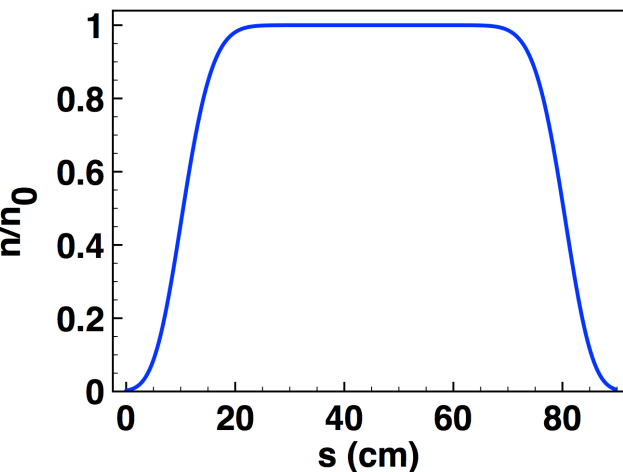
- Pump depletion of drive beam – Beam
- High efficiency & low energy spread – Beam
- Beam matching – Plasma source
- Emittance preservation – Diagnostics

Key upgrades (low emittance photo-injector beams, plasma source with optimized ramps, differential pumping)

Design and QuickPIC Simulation of First Experiment



Plasma Density Profile



Illustrates science deliverables:

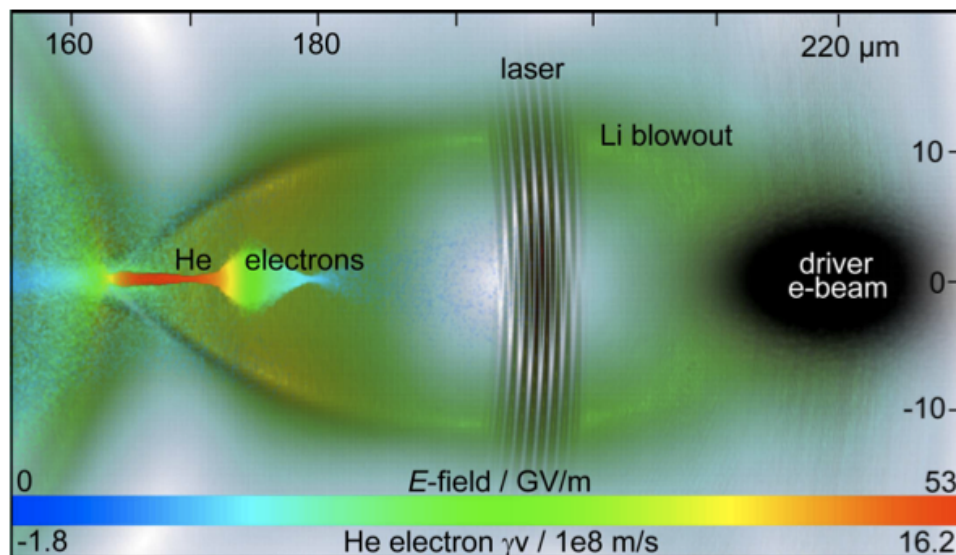
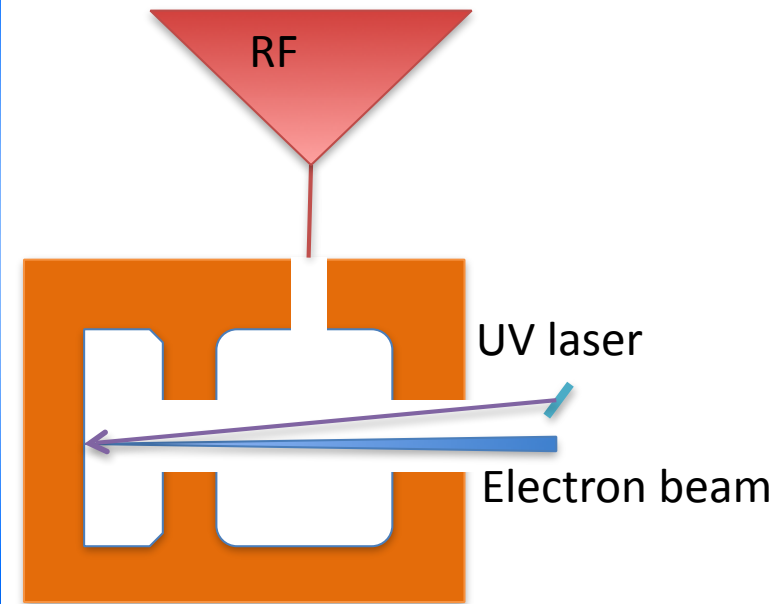
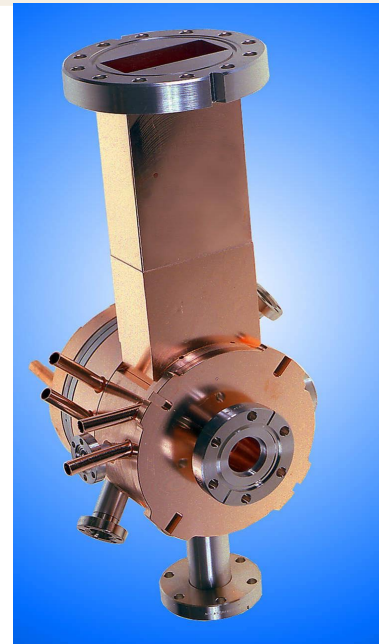
- Pump depletion of drive beam – Beam
- High efficiency & low energy spread – Beam
- Beam matching – Plasma source
- Emittance preservation – Diagnostics

Key upgrades (low emittance photo-injector beams, plasma source with optimized ramps, differential pumping)

Development of High-Brightness Electron Sources

LCLS Style Photoinjector

- 100MeV/m field on cathode
- Laser triggered release
- ps beams - multi-stage compressions & acceleration
 - Tricky to maintain beam quality (CSR, microbunching...)



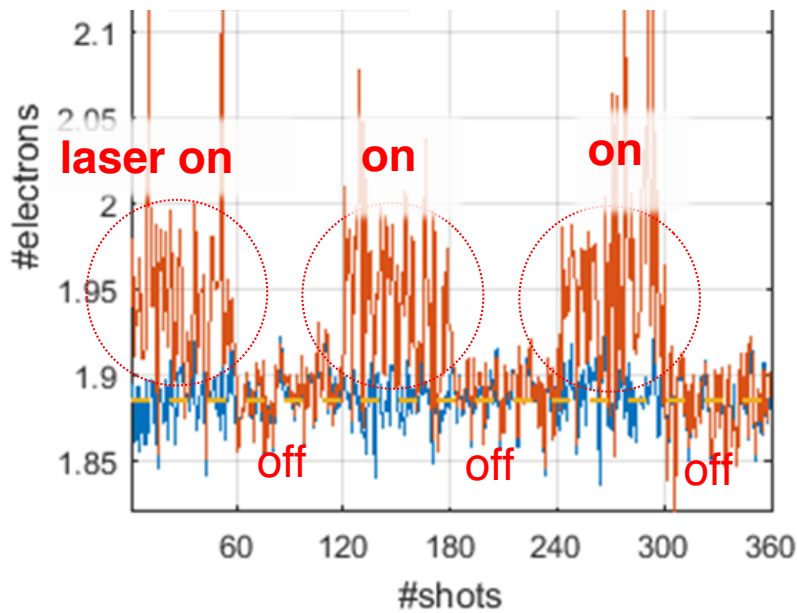
Plasma Photoinjectors

- 100 GeV/m
- fs beams, μm size
- Promise orders of magnitude improvement in emittance
- Injection from: TH, Ionization, DDR, CP...

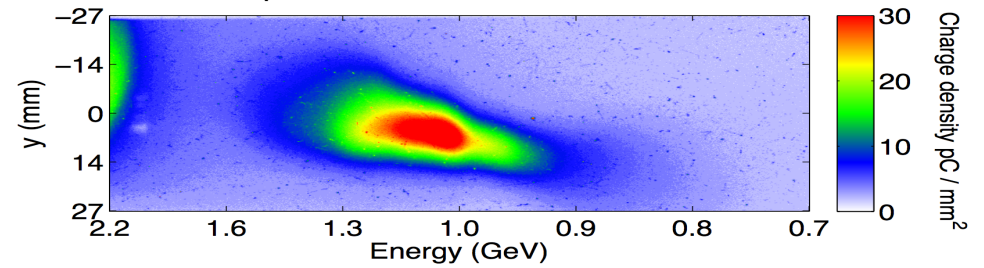
Experimental Data from Trojan Horse Injection Experiment



Laser Triggered Charge

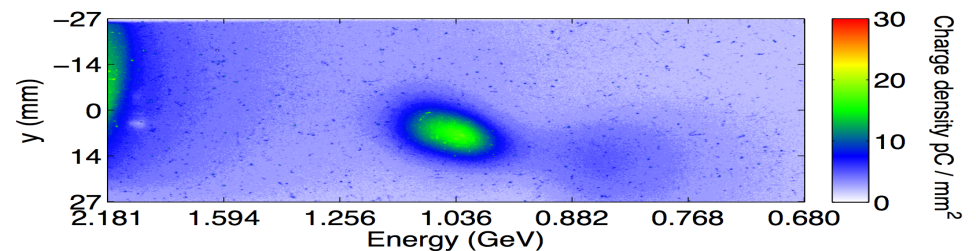
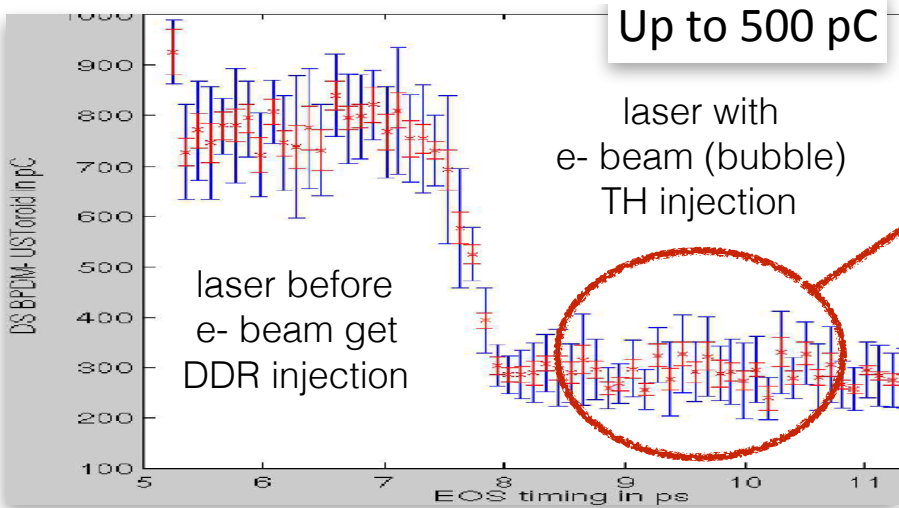
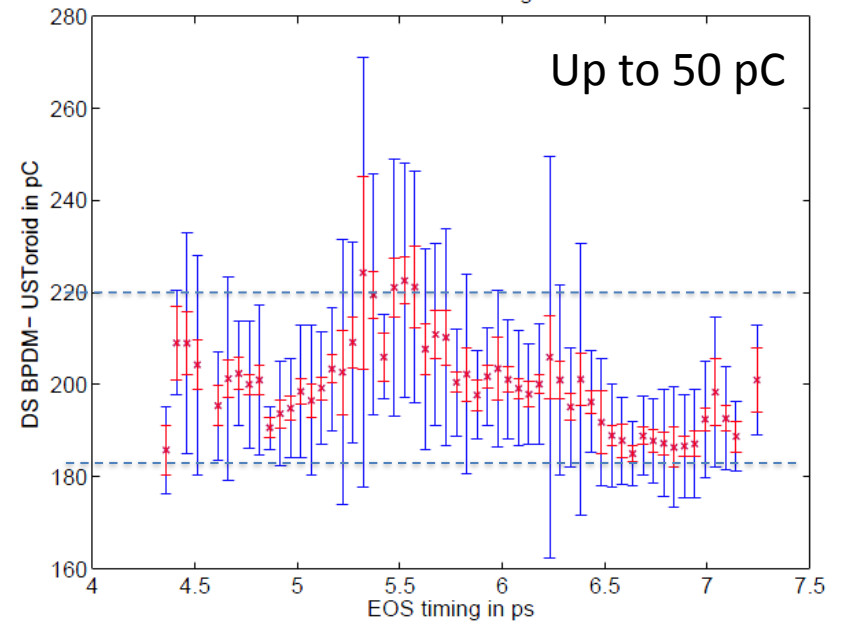


Up to 4 GeV measured



dataset 20425 Binning: 50 fs

Up to 50 pC



International Facilities Studying PWFA Are Coming Online Now and In Near Future

EuroNNAC, DESY:

- Fully funded horizon 2020 proposal Eupraxia "European Plasma Research Accelerator with eXcellene In Applications"

CERN

- AWAKE Proton Driven Plasma

DESY

- The FLASHForward Project

INFN

- SPARC_LAB

Helmholtz VI, EAAC Workshops...

BNL

- ATF & ATF-II



FLASHFORWARD



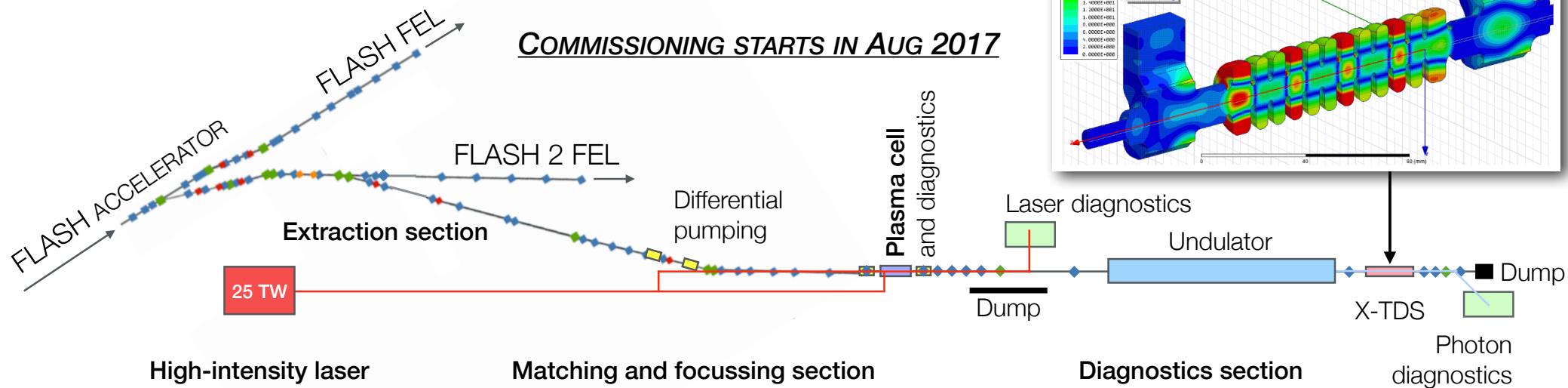
FUTURE-ORIENTED WAKEFIELD ACCELERATOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AT FLASH

- > a next-generation experiment for beam-driven plasma wakefield accelerator research
- > an extension beam line to the FLASH 1.25 GeV SCRF 1.3 GHz FEL facility
 - ~1 μm norm. emittance, ≈ 1 nC bunch charge, tunable few-fs to ps bunch duration
- > to be operated simultaneously with FLASH FEL user facility
- > facility goodies:
 - windowless steady-state-flow plasma target supporting H₂, N₂, and noble gases
 - X-band deflector post-plasma with ~1 fs resolution
 - 3 GHz cavity for phase space linearization → triangular current profiles
 - up to MHz rep. rate & 30 kW in drive beam possible

Project lead:
Jens Osterhoff (DESY)

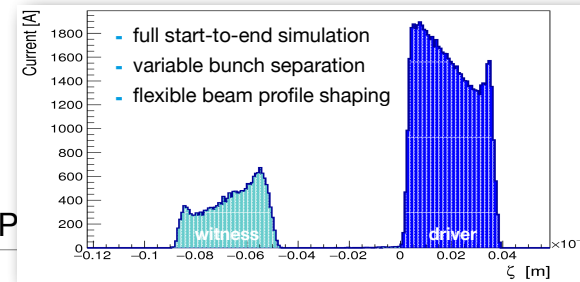
Scientific coordinator:
Richard D'Arcy (DESY)

COMMISSIONING STARTS IN AUG 2017



FLASHFORWARD experiments

FUTURE-ORIENTED WAKEFIELD ACCELERATOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT



PHASE I FOCUS (2017 - 2020)

X-1: PLASMA CATHODE FOR HIGH-BRIGHTNESS BEAMS

driver witness driver

GOALS:

- > 1 GeV energy gain of in-plasma injected beams
- transverse normalized beam emittance ~100 nm
- peak current ≥ 1 kA
- femtosecond bunch duration

> Beam generation for photon science applications

X-2: PLASMA BOOSTER AND BEAM-QUALITY CONSERVATION

energy transfer

witness driver witness driver

GOALS:

- > 1 GeV energy gain of externally injected beam
- conserve initial beam energy spread
- conserve initial beam normalized transverse emittance
- deplete drive beam energy
- 10% energy extraction efficiency from drive to witness

> Stage towards high-energy physics applications

PHASE II FOCUS (2020+)

X-100: FEL-GAIN DEMONSTRATION

+ [in PHASE I] X-10: Transformer ratio optimization, X-11: Hosing mitigation*, X-12: High rep.-rate operation, and many more. (incl. fs-resolution long. phase-space measurements, active plasma lens development, transverse plasma-wake imaging, ...)

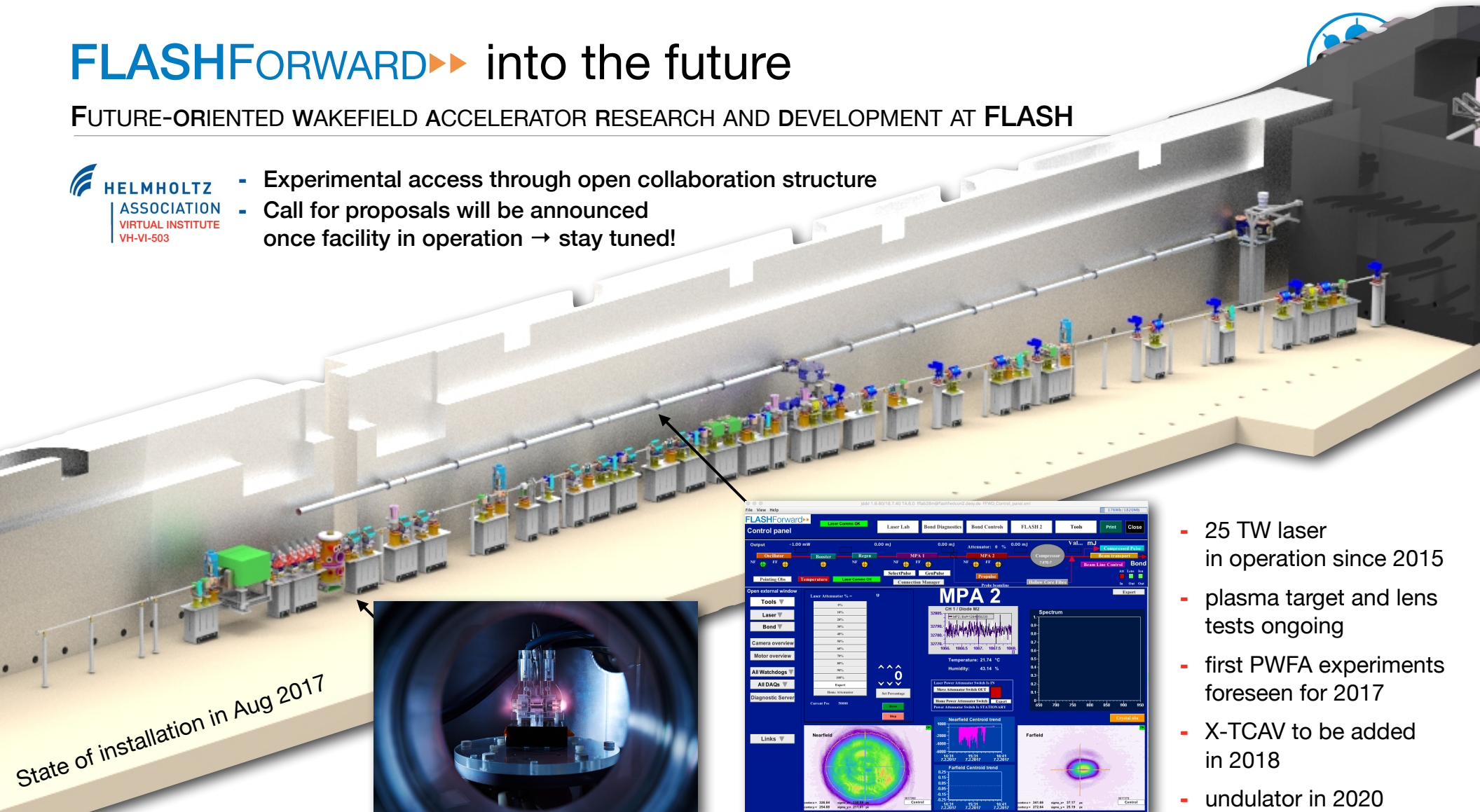
* T.Mehrling *et al.*, accepted for publication in Phys. Rev. Lett. (2017)

FLASHFORWARD into the future

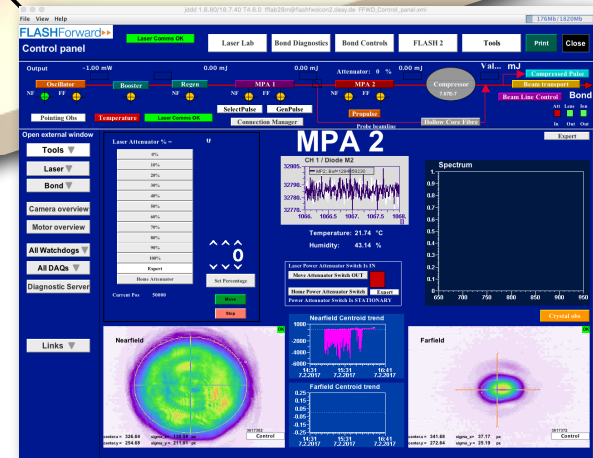
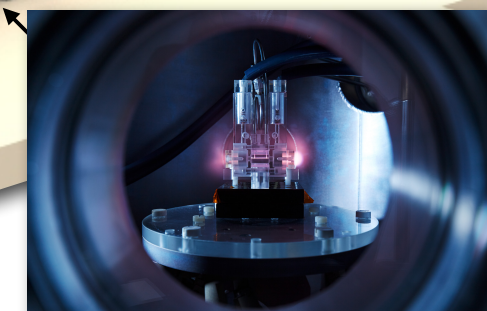
FUTURE-ORIENTED WAKEFIELD ACCELERATOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AT FLASH



- Experimental access through open collaboration structure
- Call for proposals will be announced once facility in operation → stay tuned!



State of installation in Aug 2017



- 25 TW laser in operation since 2015
- plasma target and lens tests ongoing
- first PWFA experiments foreseen for 2017
- X-TCAV to be added in 2018
- undulator in 2020

> For more info, get in touch with Jens Osterhoff (jens.osterhoff@desy.de) or subscribe through Twitter [@FForwardDESY](https://twitter.com/FForwardDESY)

AWAKE Collaboration Will Study Proton Driven PWFA



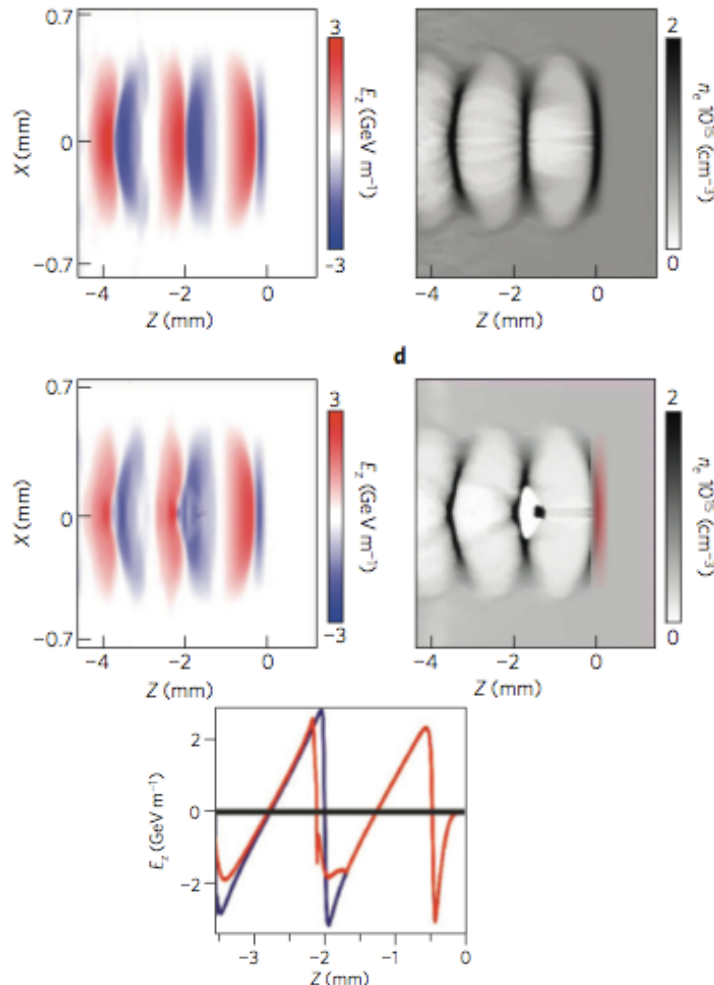
Proton-driven plasma-wakefield acceleration

Allen Caldwell^{1*}, Konstantin Lotov^{2,3}, Alexander Pukhov⁴ and Frank Simon^{1,5}

Idea to Harness the Large Stored Energy in Proton Bunches to make High Energy Electrons

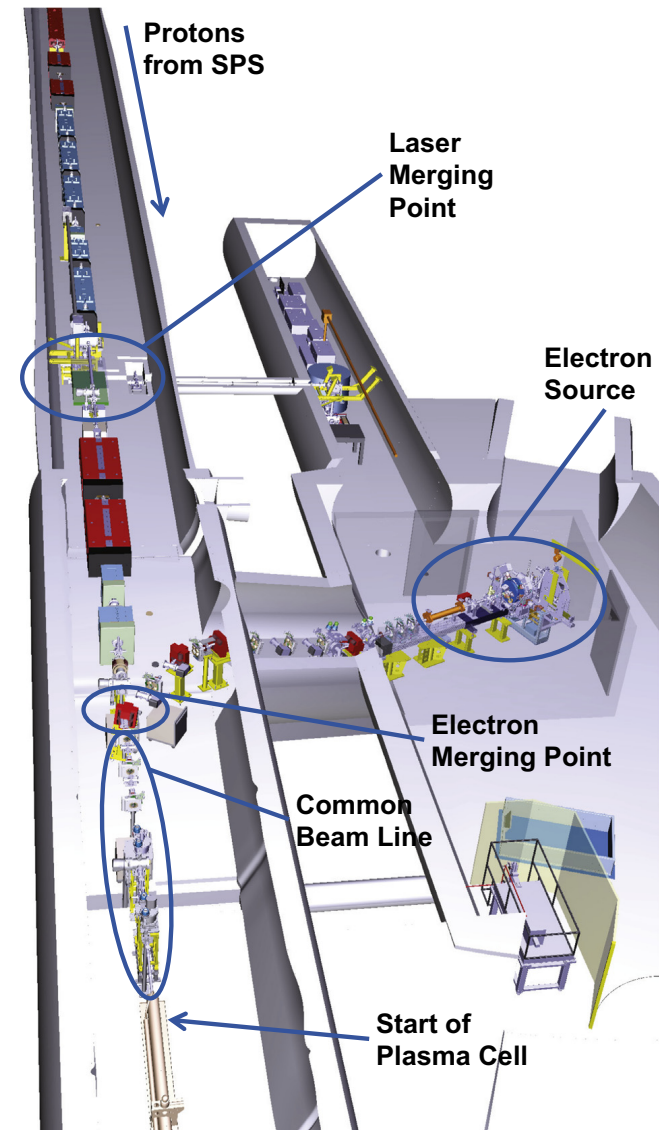
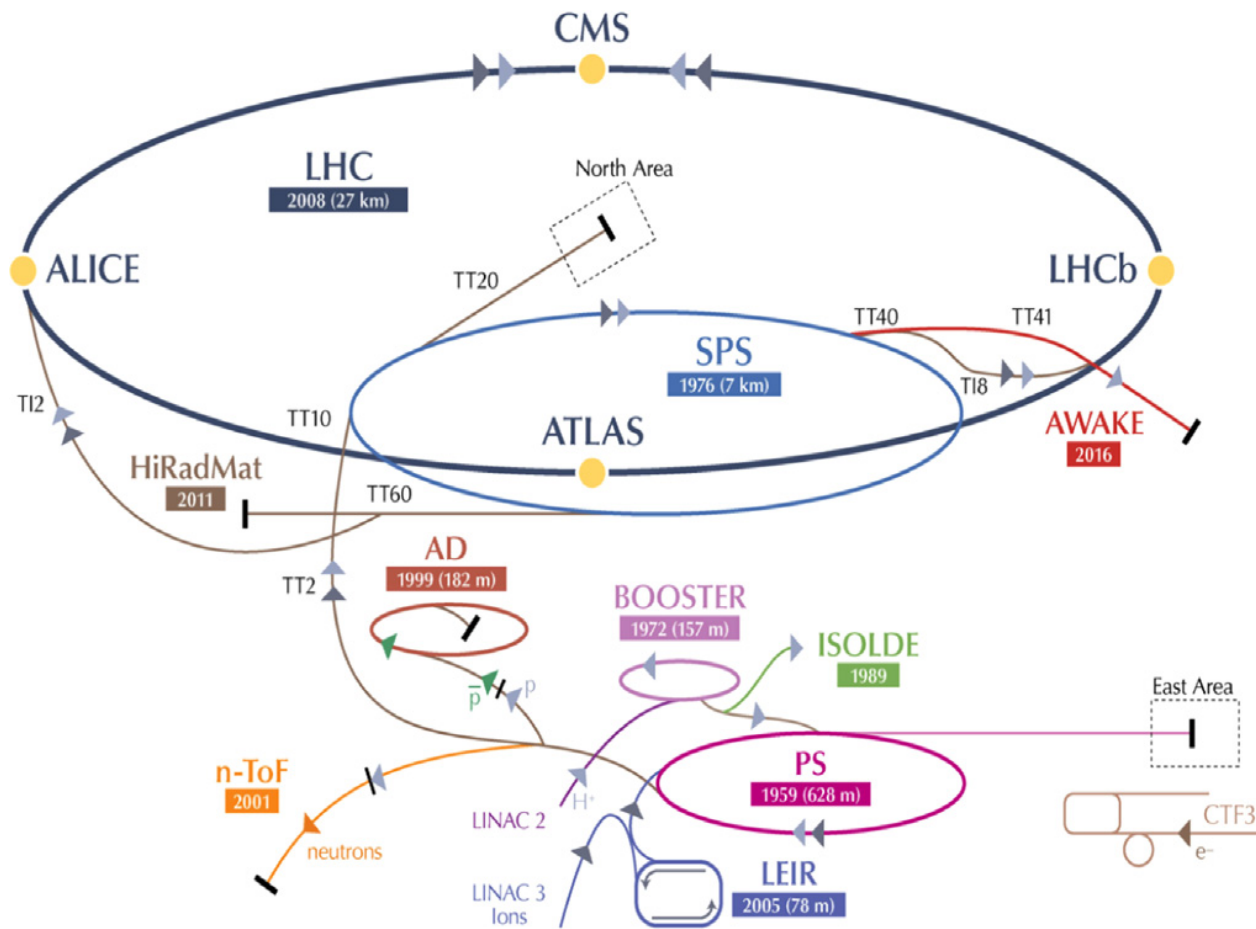
Goals of the AWAKE Collaboration:

- ❑ >500 GeV e⁻ in single long plasma cell (400m)!
- ❑ Requires short proton bunches (100μm vs 10 cm)
- ❑ Study physics of self-modulation of long p bunches
- ❑ Probe wakefields with externally injected e⁻
- ❑ Study injection dynamics for multi-GeV e⁻
- ❑ Develop long, scalable and uniform plasma cells
- ❑ Develop schemes for production and acceleration of short p bunches



The AWAKE Experiment at CERN

AWAKE Experimental Area



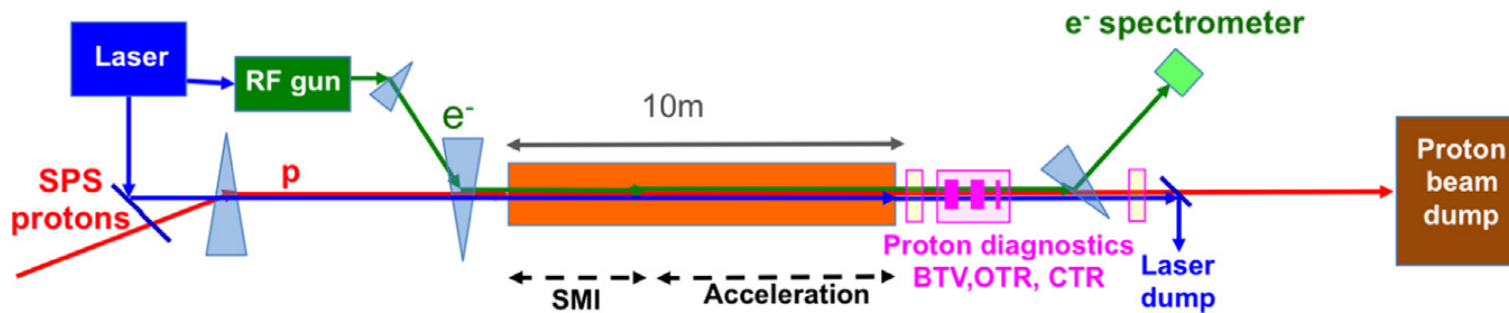
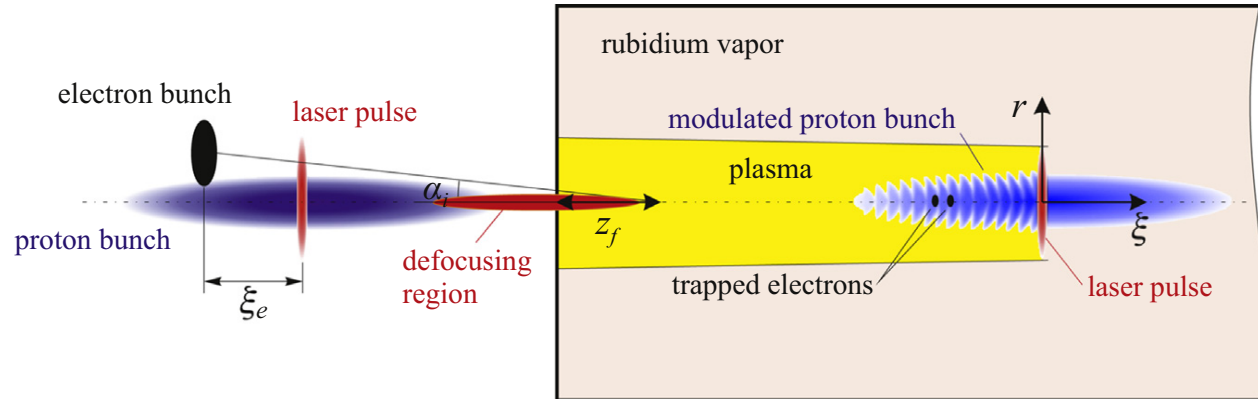
CERN Accelerator Complex

The AWAKE Experiment at CERN



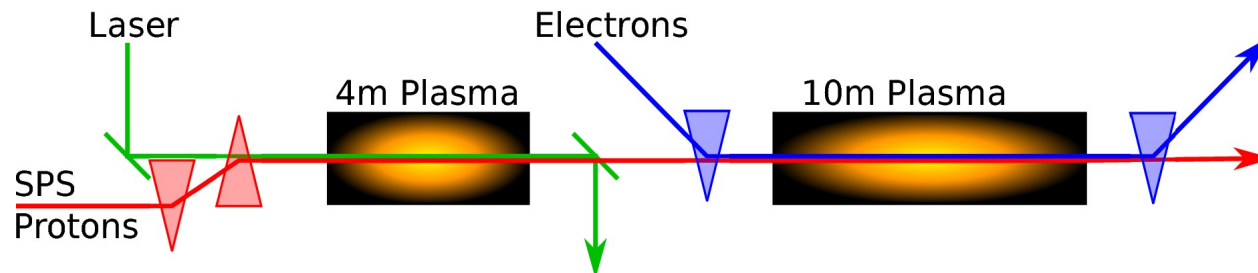
Run1:

- 2016: SMI of long proton bunches in plasma
- 2017-2018: Externally injected long electron bunches



Run2 (after long LHC shutdown):

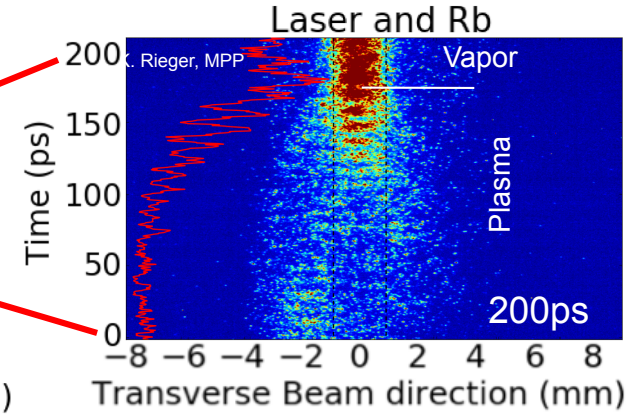
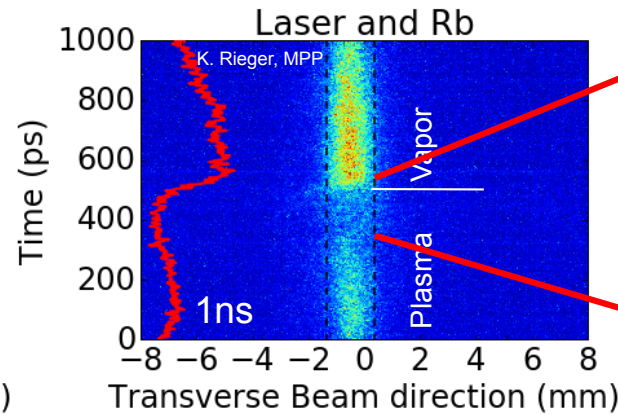
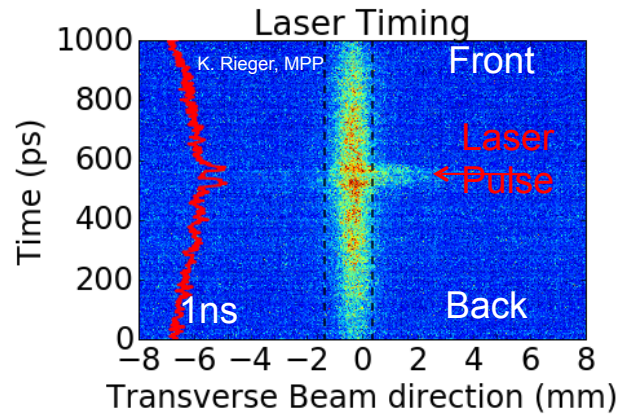
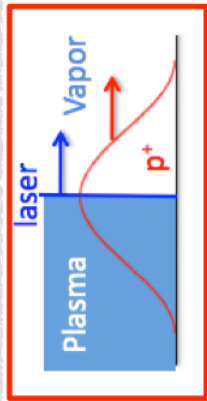
- Short e- bunches in wake of pre-modulated p bunch



The AWAKE Experiment at CERN



Streak camera Images from Run 1!

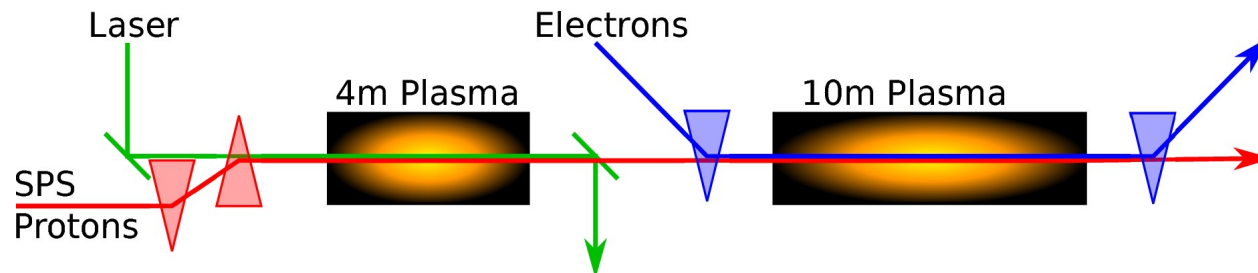


Courtesy of P. Muggli & K. Rieger, MPP



Run2 (after long LHC shutdown):

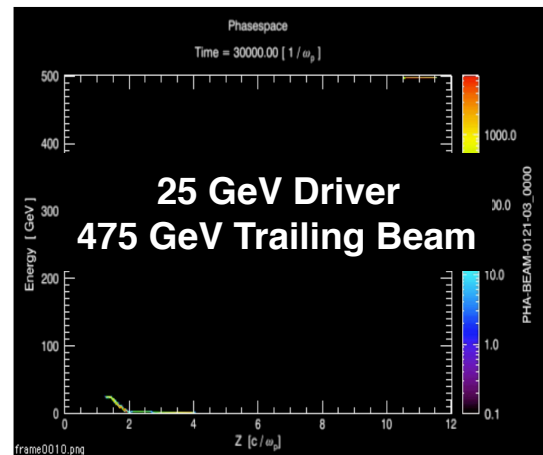
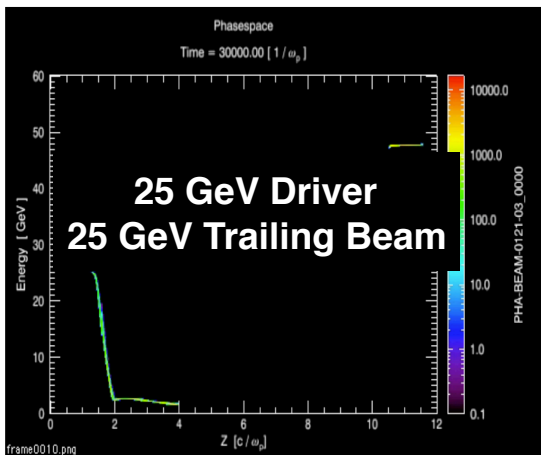
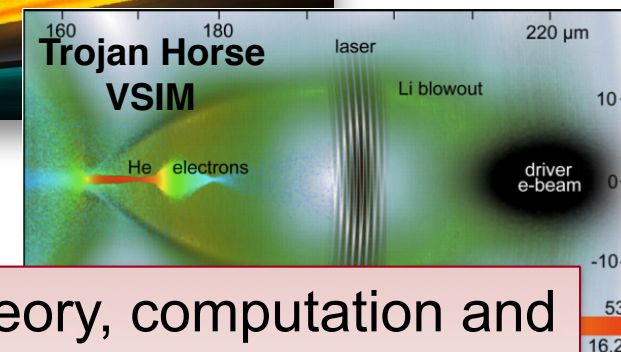
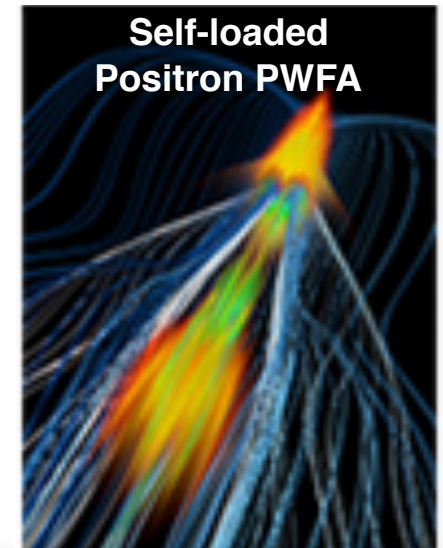
- Short e- bunches in wake of pre-modulated p bunch



Proposed setup for AWAKE Run 2.

Computation Has Been Essential Component of PWFA Science

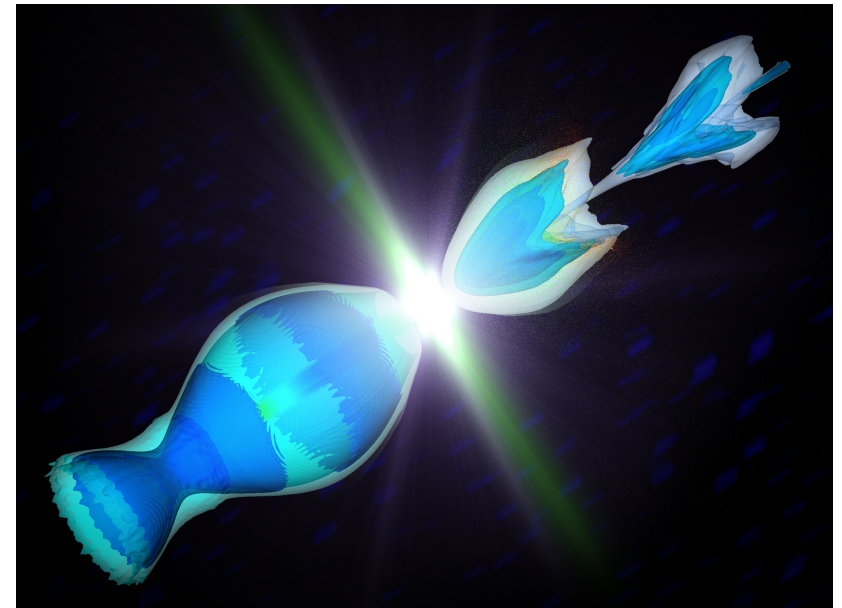
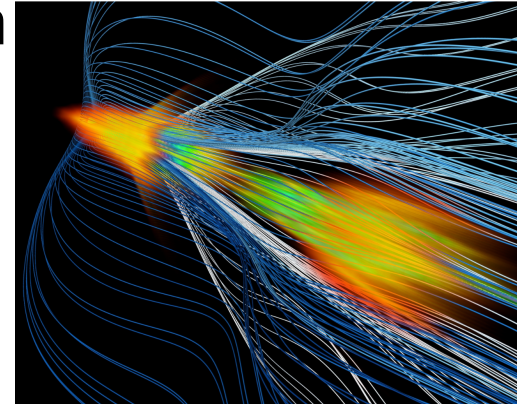
- QuickPIC, OSIRIS have been benchmarked against experiments at SLAC for the last 18 years
- Next generation e- & e+ experiments, plasma injectors, concepts using these beams, PWFA-LC studies...



FFTB & FACET enjoyed strong connection between theory, computation and experiment – every major result benefited from strong collaborations

Collider modeling, tolerance studies and optimization need advances in simulation capabilities

- Speed, resolution...more, more, more
 - Need more than a few time steps (BBU, positrons)
 - Collider level emittance means very small grids (adaptive mesh?)
- Physics:
 - Radiation loss
 - Ion motion
 - Scattering
 - All ionization models
 - Arbitrary beam and plasma profiles
 - Polarization
- Integration with accelerator and FEL codes



Another good opportunity to work together to develop common tools

Exascale Modeling of Advanced Particle Accelerators



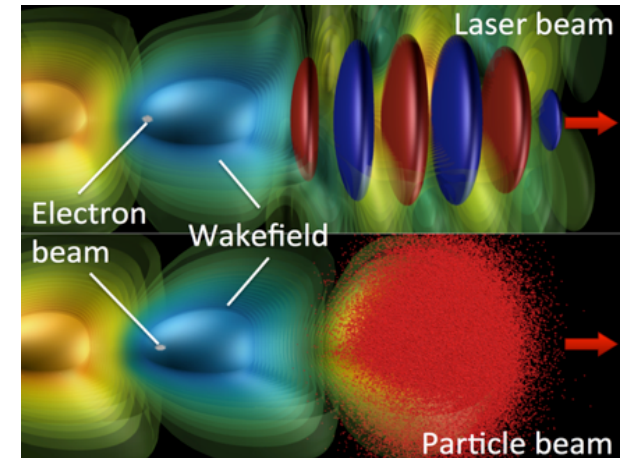
Goal (4 years): Convergence study in 3-D of 10 consecutive multi-GeV stages in linear and bubble regime, for laser- & beam-driven plasma accelerators.

How: → Combination of most advanced algorithms

→ Coupling of Warp+BoxLib+PICSAR

→ Port to emerging architectures (Xeon Phi, GPU)

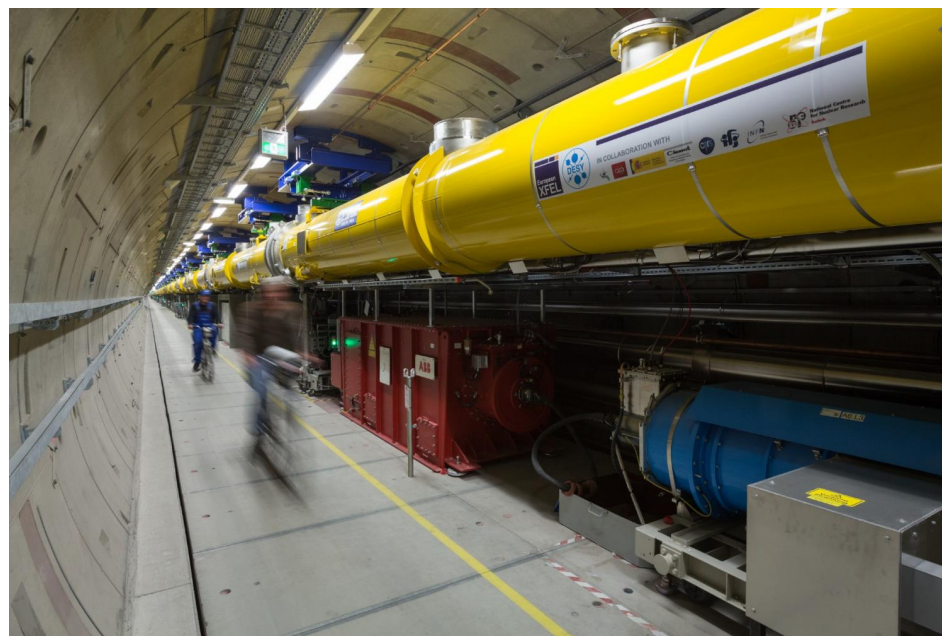
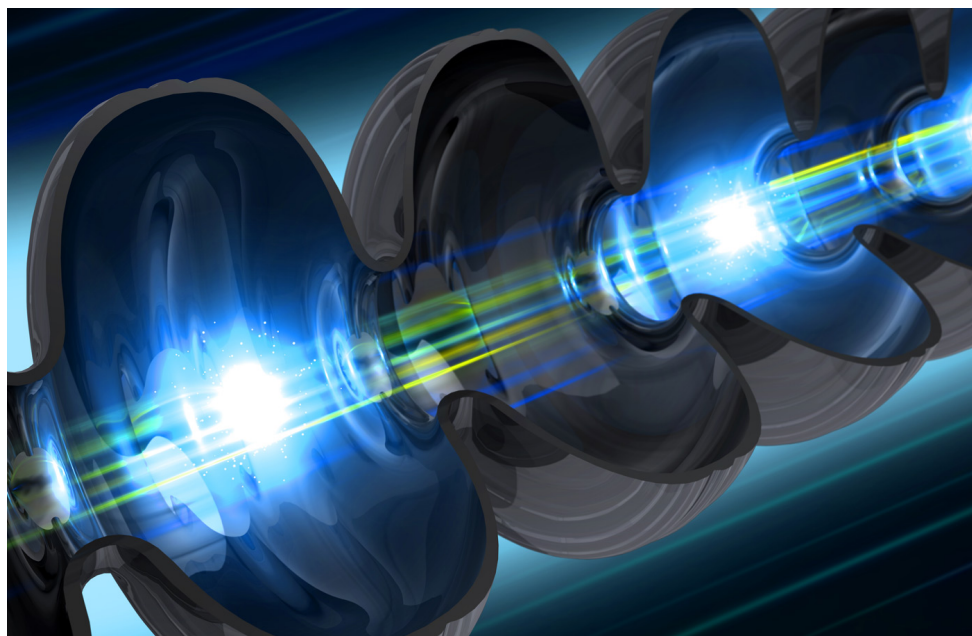
Who: LBNL ATAP (accelerators) + LBNL CRD (computing science) + SLAC + LLNL



Ultimate goal: enable modeling of 100 stages by 2025 for 1 TeV collider design!

Drive Beam Technology

- Beam driven wakefield accelerators benefit from decades of collider research and development
- Now benefitting from large free electron laser projects that will be operating within next 5 years
- Leverage experience from existing projects with multi-GeV, MHz repetition rate electron beams



LCLS-II, LCLS-II HE, European XFEL driving industrialization and experience with superconducting linacs

Diagnostic Development

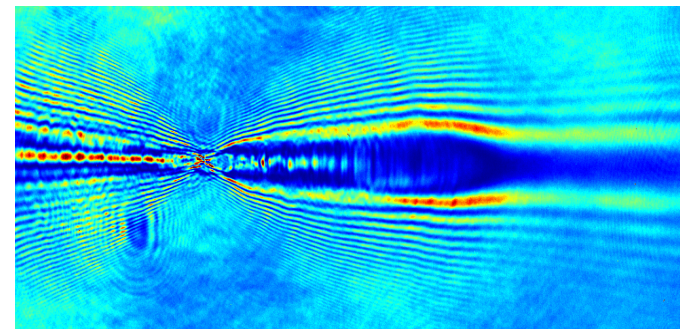
Colliders have very demanding requirements

Diagnostics can help understand the physics without the need to design all sub-systems to collider level tolerances

- Vary and measure every beam parameter single shot, every shot
 - Orbit, charge, bunch length, emittance, energy spectrum, phase space...
- Measure plasma parameters
 - Density, length, column width and evolution
- Plot correlations and ascertain range of acceptable inputs

These are very challenging measurements

- Femtosecond time resolution
- Sub-micron spatial resolution
- Benefit from XFEL community (ps to fs to as...)



Advanced Accelerator community has a history of innovation in this area and this is a good opportunity to work together to develop common techniques

Summary

- There is tremendous optimism and tremendous progress in plasma acceleration around the world
- There is a healthy mix of competition and collaboration
- Need larger projects AND smaller R&D – “can’t connect the dots looking forward”
- Plenty of room for new ideas (positrons, ultra-dense beams, kHz rep rates...)
- Need a bridge application on the way to HEP, likely photon science, maybe plasma based XFEL
- Stability, reliability won’t get you the cover of Nature but they are crucial to a user facility so likely developed close to one
- Combine compelling scientific questions, University-Lab collaborations, and state of the art facilities and experienced experimentalists, powerful scientific apparatus and rapid scientific progress follow naturally from these three

Thank you to all my colleagues who contributed material for this talk!