

Supported by EU Horizon 2020



European Network for Novel Accelerators

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Physics Scotland



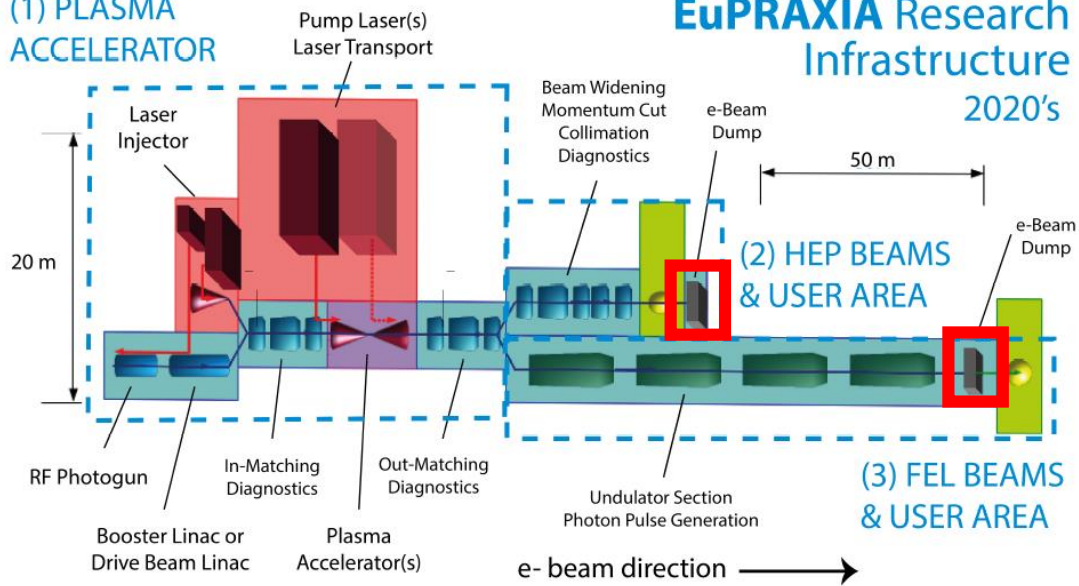
Pilot Applications of Electron Plasma Accelerators Workshop

Paul Scherkl and Bernhard Hidding

*Scottish Centre for the Application of Plasma-Based Accelerators SCAPA,
Department of Physics, University of Strathclyde
& The Cockcroft Institute*

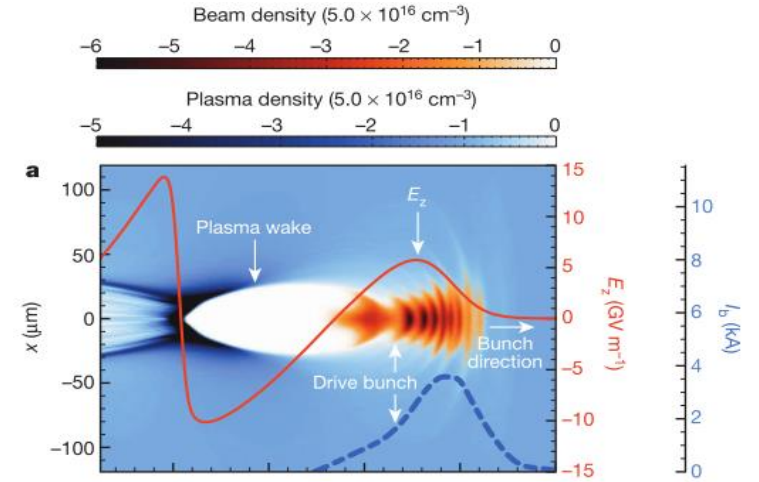
identify pilot applications for plasma accelerators both in **high energy physics (HEP)**, particle accelerator technology, but also in other fields of science and accelerator technology. In particular, this workshop aims at defining design **beam parameters** required by applications of electron beams to be delivered by the **future European plasma accelerator research facility EuPRAXIA**

(1) PLASMA ACCELERATOR



EuPRAXIA Research Infrastructure
2020's

Pilot applications



M. Litos et al., Nature 512, 035001, 2014

Simplest plasma wakefield geometry: **electron beam propagating in plasma**

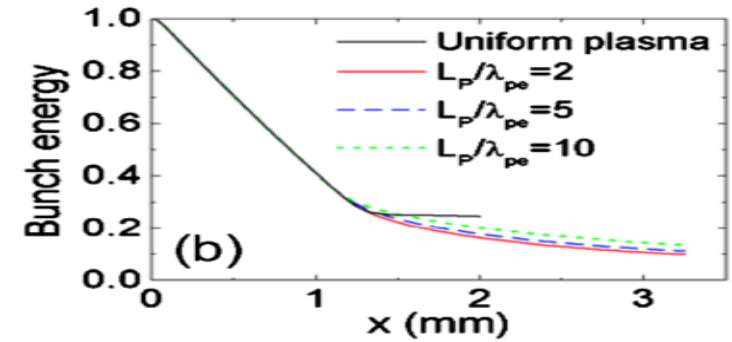
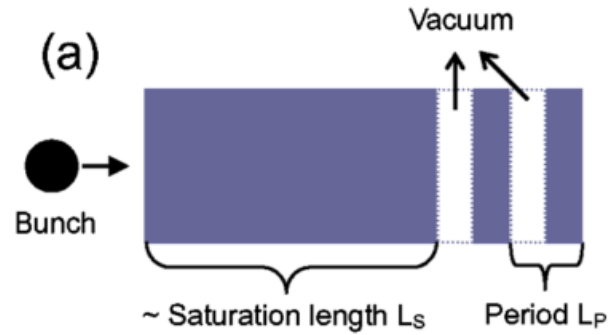
Beam excites plasma oscillations → energy transfer to plasma

Acceleration/deceleration on GeV/m level

1. Broadening of spectral distribution → medical and **space radiation** applications
See P. Delinokolas' talk later today
2. Controlled **deceleration** of electron beam: **plasma beam dump**

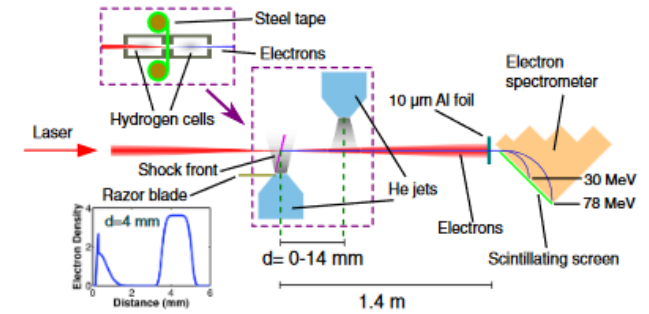
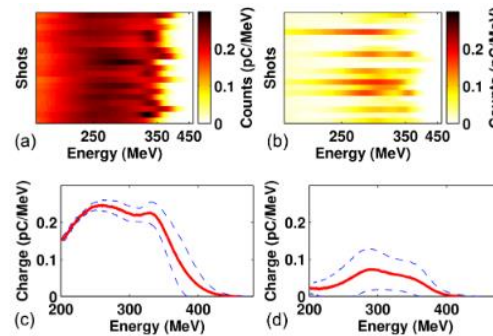
Collective deceleration: Toward a compact beam dump

H.-C. Wu,¹ T. Tajima,^{1,2} D. Habs,^{1,2} A. W. Chao,³ and J. Meyer-ter-Vehn¹



Collective Deceleration of Laser-Driven Electron Bunches

S. Chou (周紹暉),^{1,2,*} J. Xu (徐建彩),^{1,3} K. Khrennikov,² D. E. Cardenas,^{1,2} J. Wenz,² M. Heigoldt,² L. Hofmann,^{1,2} L. Veisz,^{1,4} and S. Karsch^{1,2}



Intense Electron Sources



Advanced PWFA Stage

energy boosting & quality boost through plasma photocathode

Photon Science



ultrahigh brightness
 $B \sim 10^{20} \text{ A m}^{-2} \text{ rad}^{-2}$
e.g. boost FEL gain, ultrashort γ -pulses..

High Energy Physics



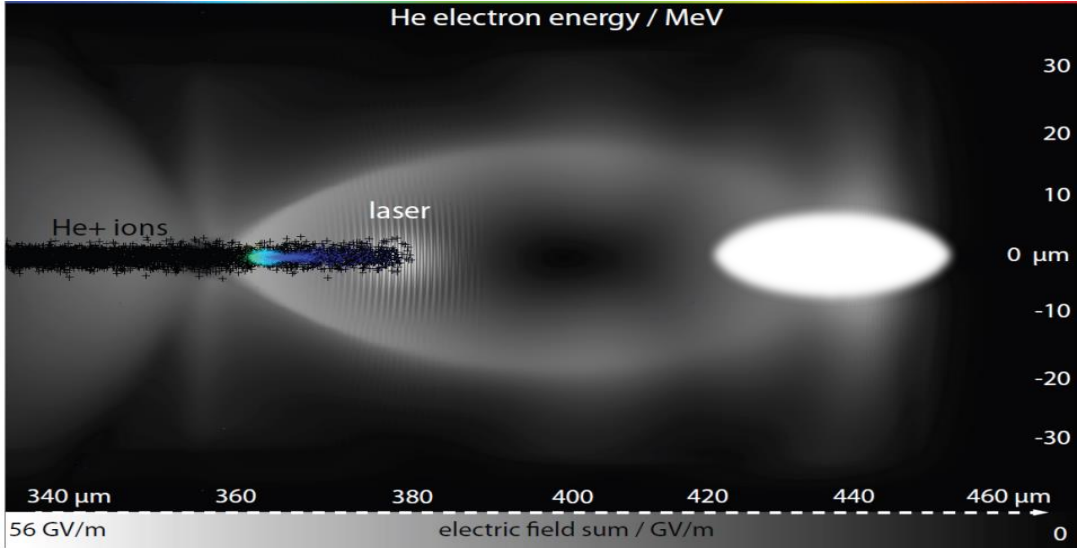
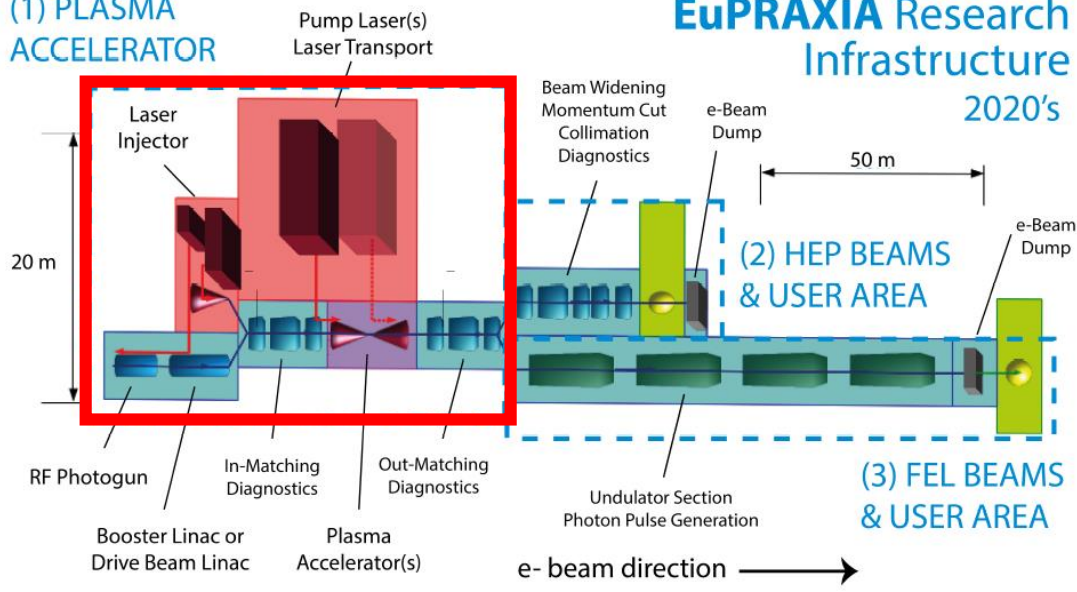
ultralow emittance
 $\epsilon_n \sim 10^{-9} \text{ m rad}$
e.g. as injector, staging..

All experiments and applications require beam dump

- Sufficient shielding
- Highly reduced contamination/radioactivation
- Small spatial footprint
- **Synergies with plasma acceleration!**

Easy setup, decent early-on application

(1) PLASMA ACCELERATOR



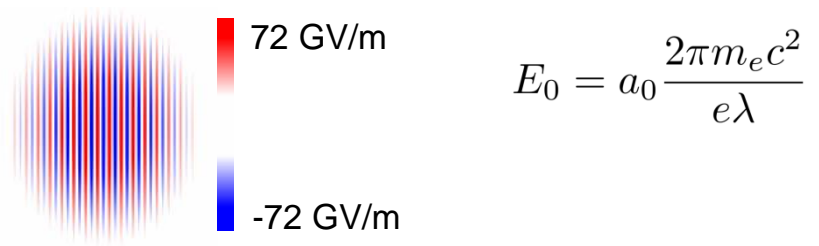
B. Hidding et al., PRL 108, 035001, 2012, Y. Xi et al., PRSTAB 2013, DE patent 2011, US patent 2012

Stable phase relation:
Dephasing-free acceleration to GeV levels

EuPRAXIA Research Infrastructure 2020's

Trojan Horse method

Laser kick contrib. to norm. emittance:



$$E_0 = a_0 \frac{2\pi m_e c^2}{e\lambda}$$

$$\sigma_{p_r} / (mc) \approx a_0 / 2$$

residual momentum

$$\sigma_{r,He} \approx w_0 / \sqrt{2}$$

source size

$$\epsilon_n = \gamma \sigma_x \sigma_\theta \propto a_0 w_0^2 \rightarrow \text{normalized emittance}$$

Schroeder et al., PRSTAB 17, 101301 (2014) ϵ_n down to 10^{-9} m rad

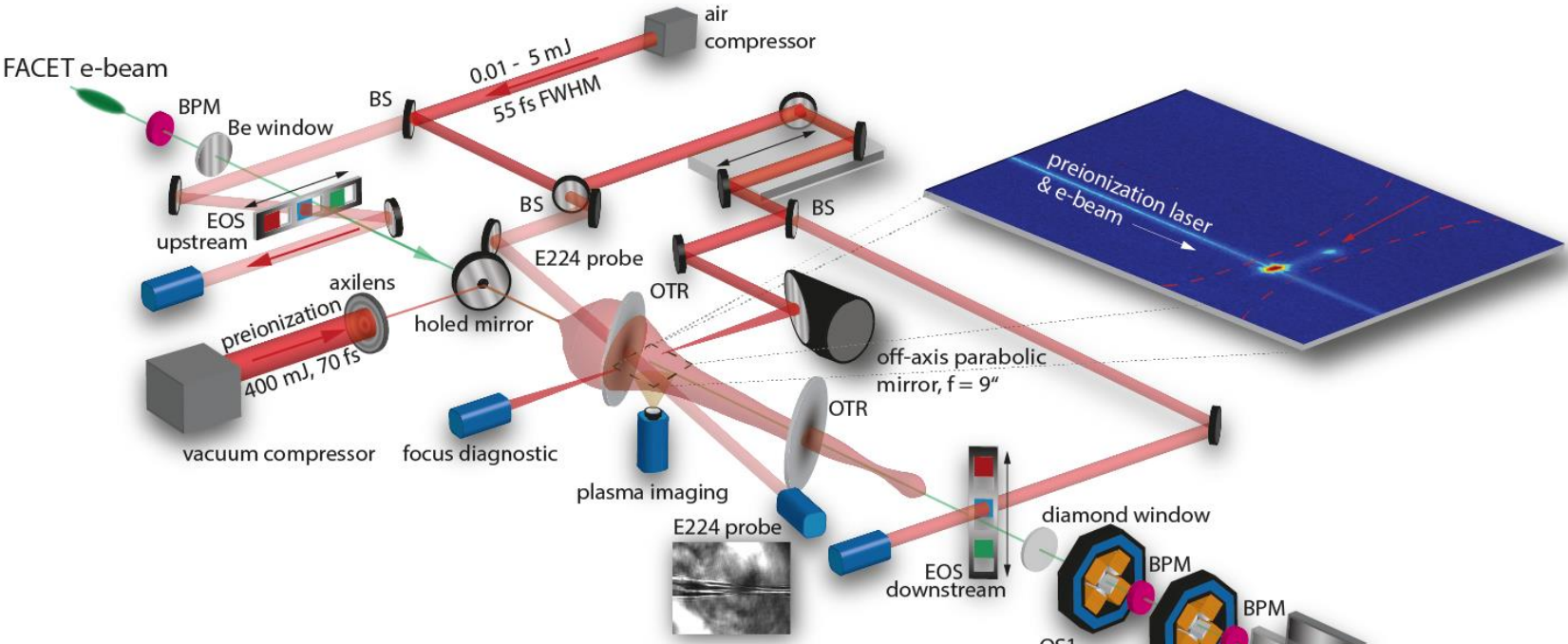
HEP Applications

$$L = \frac{f N^2}{4\pi \sigma_x \sigma_y}$$

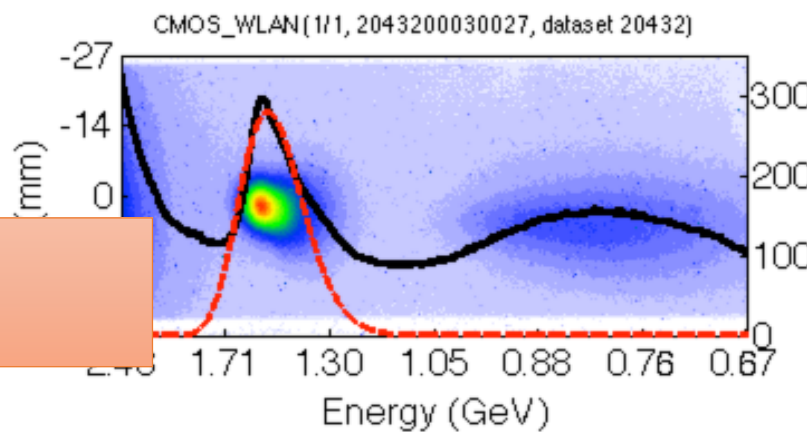
Radiation sources

$$b_6 = \frac{I_p}{\epsilon_n^2 \frac{\delta W}{0.1\% W}}$$

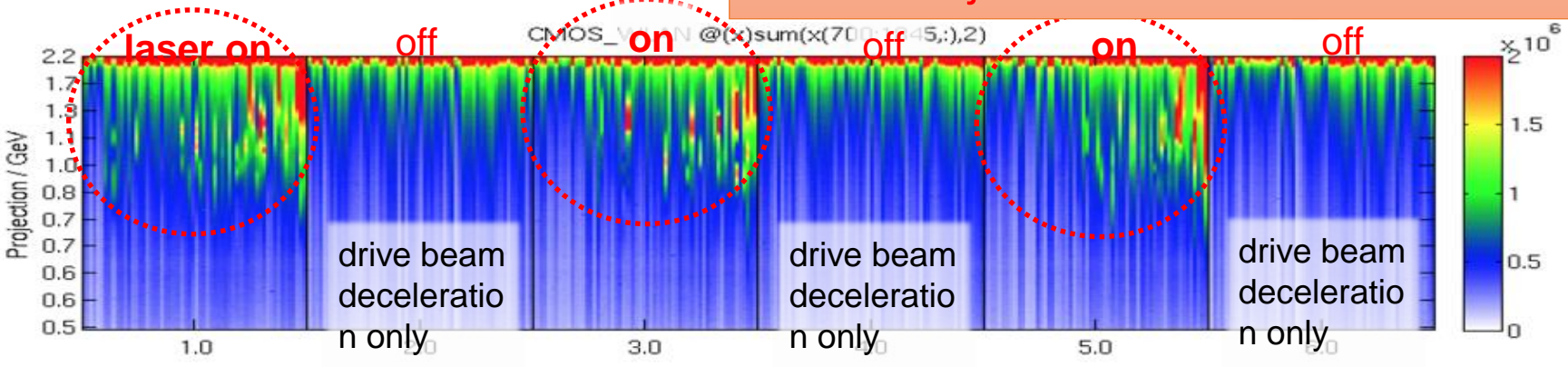
fs beams, kA-scale currents 4
 (typical for plasma accelerators)



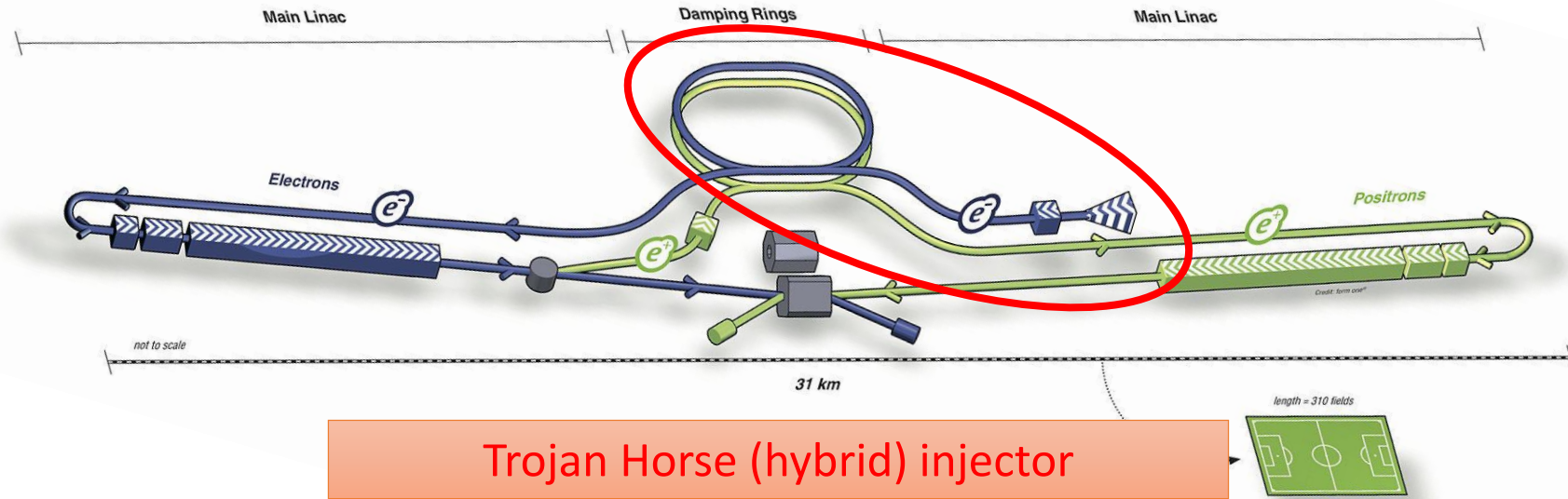
Injected witness bunch accelerated to 0.5 to 3 GeV :



Laser-triggered injection works
Trojan Horse beams measured?!



Plasma accelerator for high energy physics (HEP)

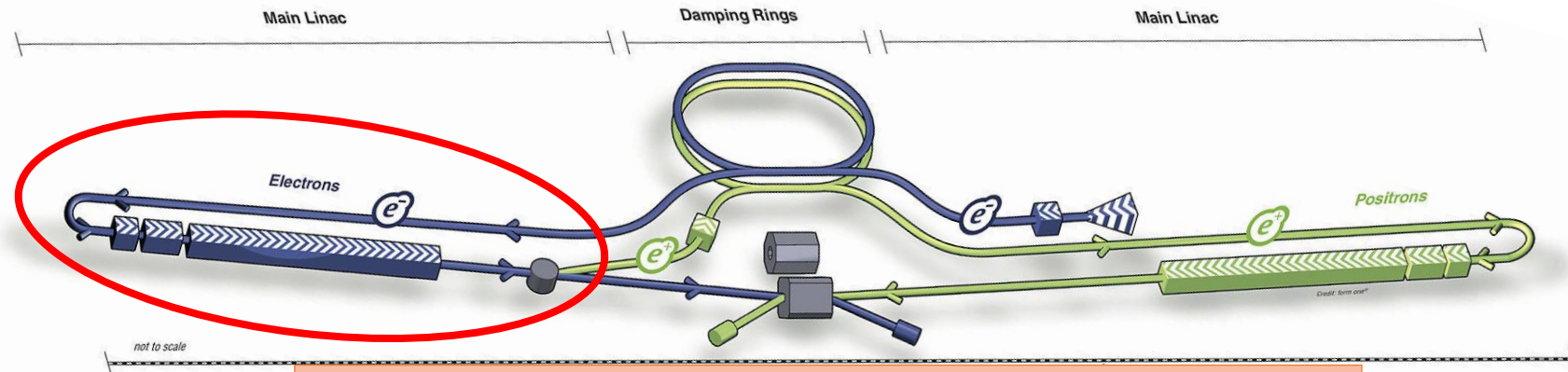


Ultra-low emittance → high luminosity

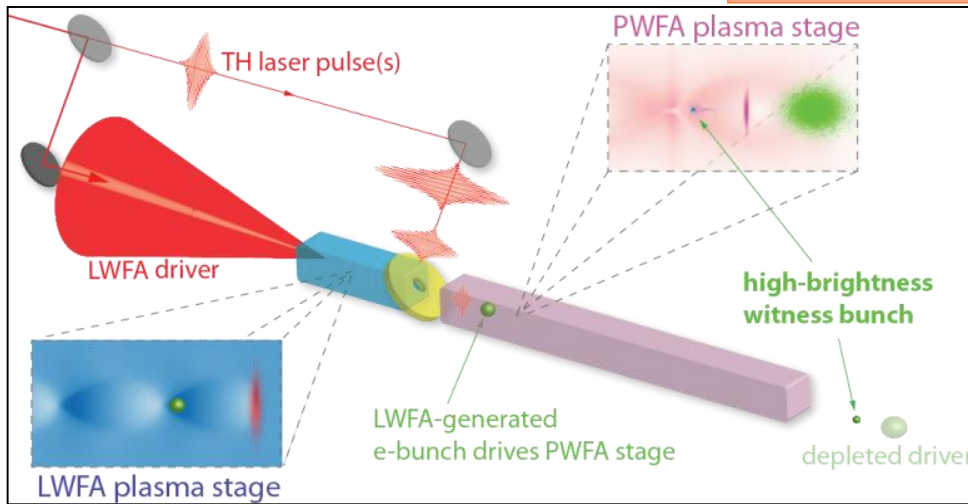
$$L = \frac{f N^2}{4\pi \sigma_x \sigma_y}$$

No damping rings → much smaller footprint

Plasma accelerator for high energy physics (HEP)



Stacked hybrid accelerators towards HEP energies



B. Hidding et al. J. Phys. B: At. Mol. Opt. Phys. 47 (2014) 234010

Benefits from huge progress in LWFA community:

- **Stable production of GeV beams**
- **Extremely high currents**
- **Plasma lens for refocusing/matching** S. Kuschel et al., PRAB 19, 071301 (2016)

+

Dephasing-free acceleration from PWFA

Dark current-free G. G. Manahan et al. (PRAB 19, 011303 (2016))

WP14 Hybrid Laser-Electron-Beam Driven Acceleration

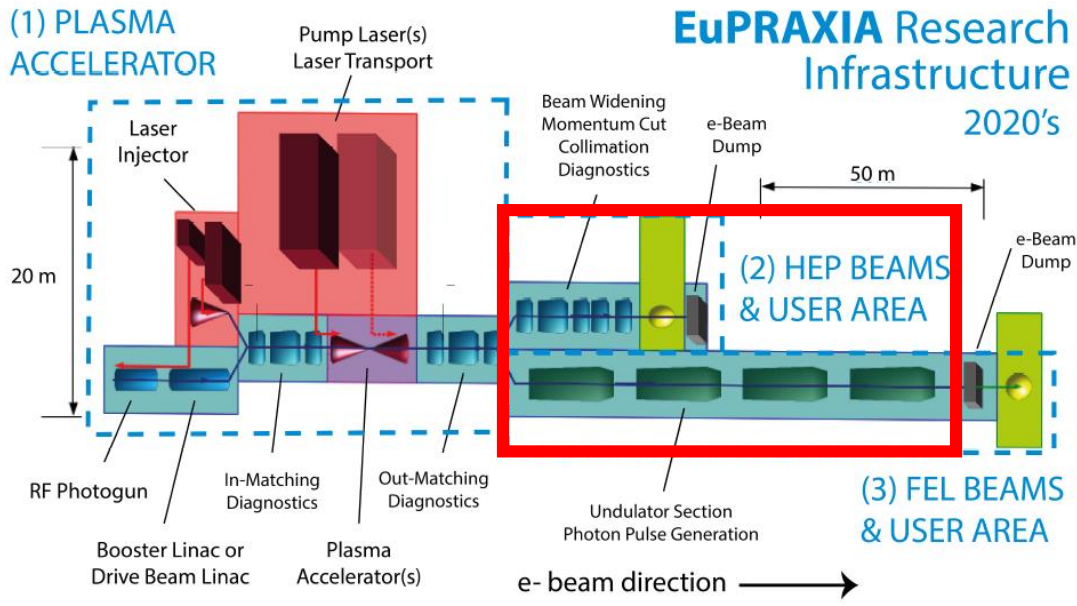
University of Strathclyde Glasgow
WP lead: Bernhard Hidding

DESY
WP deputy: Alberto de la Ossa

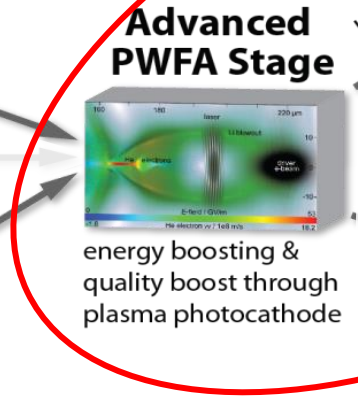
EuPRAXIA

LWFA: self-injection vs ionization injection

HZDR



Intense Electron Sources



Photon Science



ultrahigh brightness
 $B \sim 10^{20} \text{ A m}^{-2} \text{ rad}^{-2}$

e.g. boost FEL gain, ultrashort γ -pulses..

High Energy Physics

ultralow emittance
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e.g. as injector, staging..

Radiation sources open new opportunities for research, experiments, and commercialization

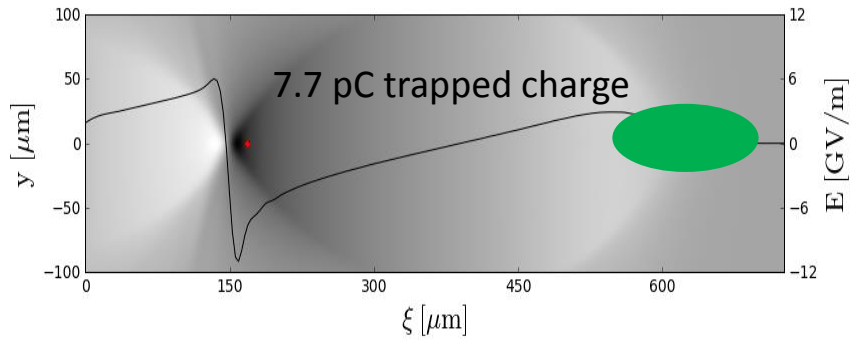
However: they rely on high-quality beam injector/accelerator

$$b_6 = \frac{I_p}{\frac{\epsilon_n^2}{0.1\%} \frac{\delta W}{W}}$$

Progress in beam brightness as basis for novel radiation schemes
 S. Di Mitri, Photonics 2015, 2, 317-341

High 6D brightness required!

Trojan Horse for monochromatic inverse Compton scattering

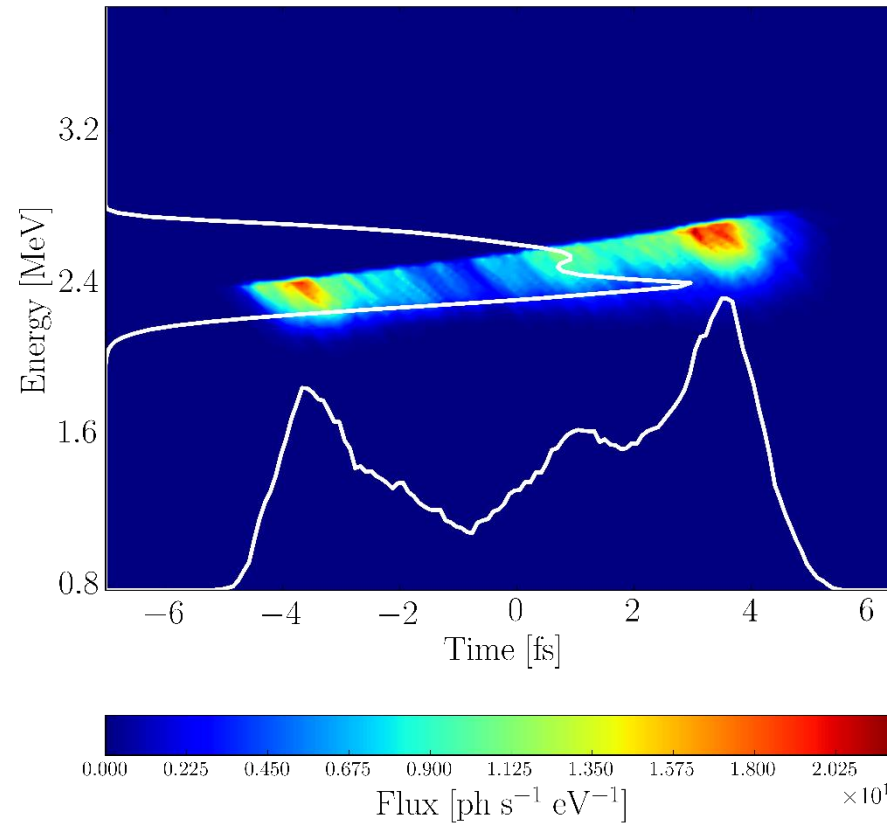
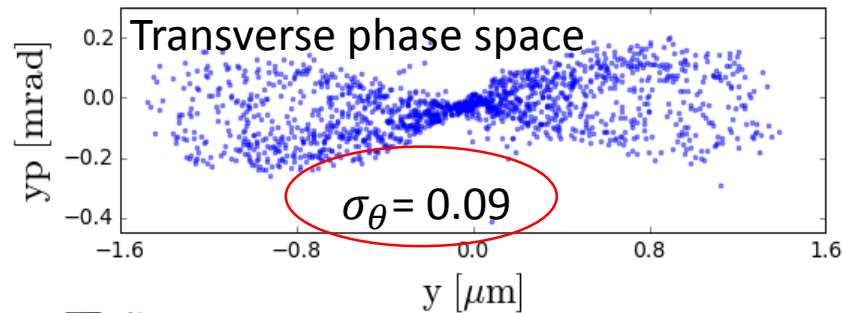
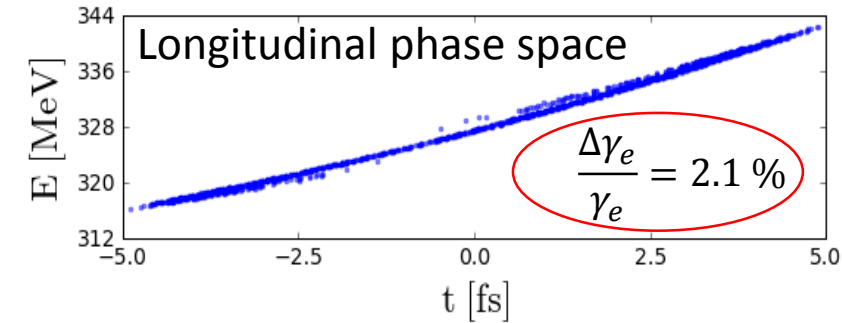


$$\frac{\Delta\omega}{\omega} \propto 2 \frac{\Delta\gamma_e}{\gamma_e}$$

Electron beam energy spread: offset
Here: 2.1 %

$$\frac{\Delta\omega}{\omega} \propto \frac{(\gamma_e \sigma_\theta)^2}{4}$$

Electron beam divergence couples with energy



$E = 2.5 \text{ MeV}$

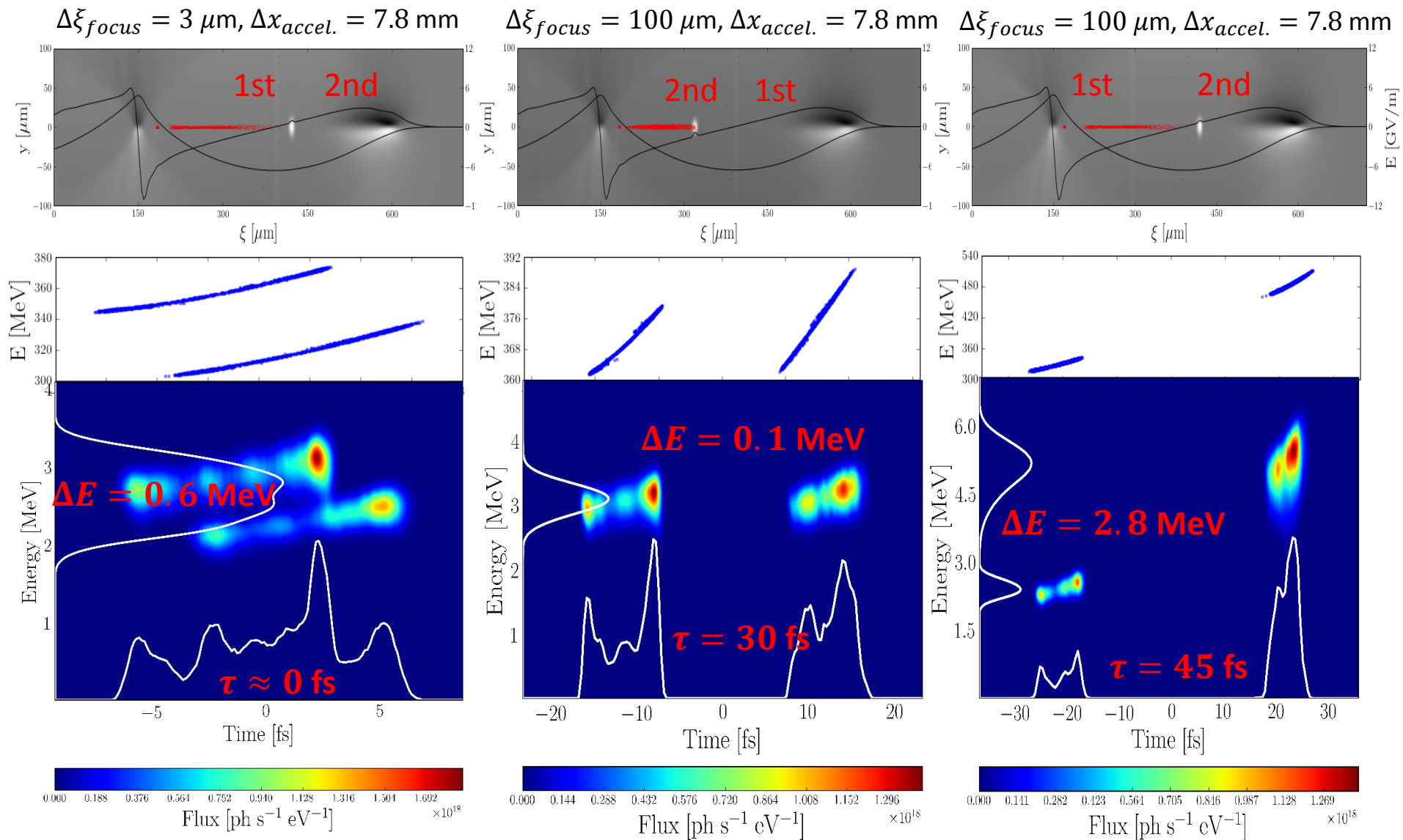
$\frac{\Delta\omega}{\omega} \approx 6.9\%$

State-of-the-art:
tens of percent!

7×10^6 photons/pulse

$\tau = 2.8 \text{ fs}$

Synchronized multicolor radiation



- Energy tunable
- Delay tunable
- Narrow bandwidth

Bunch properties

E_{mean} [MeV]	1404.3
$\sigma_{z,rms}$ [μm]	2.6
σ_{η}	0.03%
I_{peak} [kA]	2.0
ϵ_n [nm rad]	43.9
β [m]	7.3

Undulator

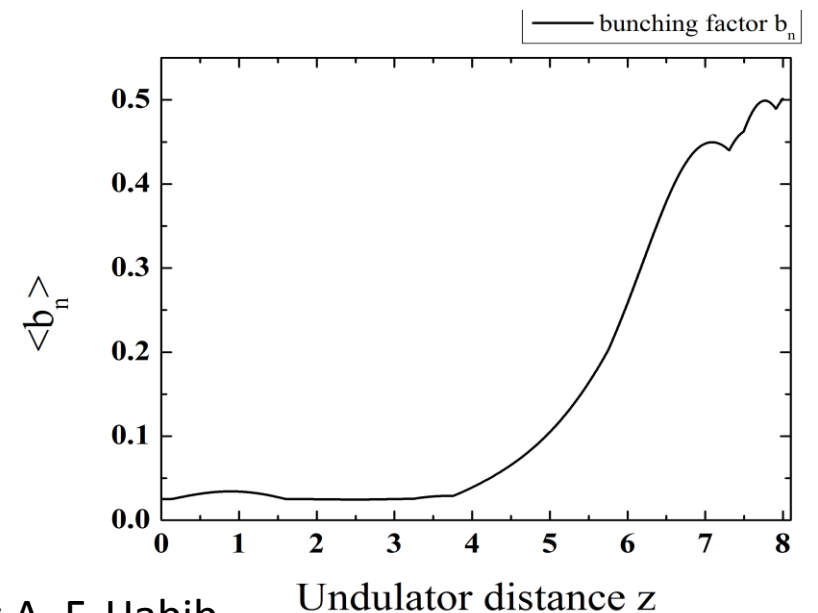
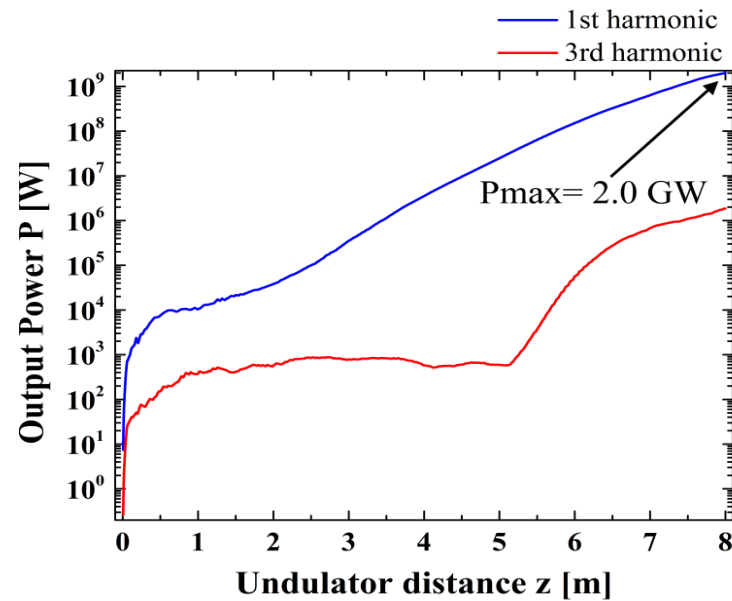
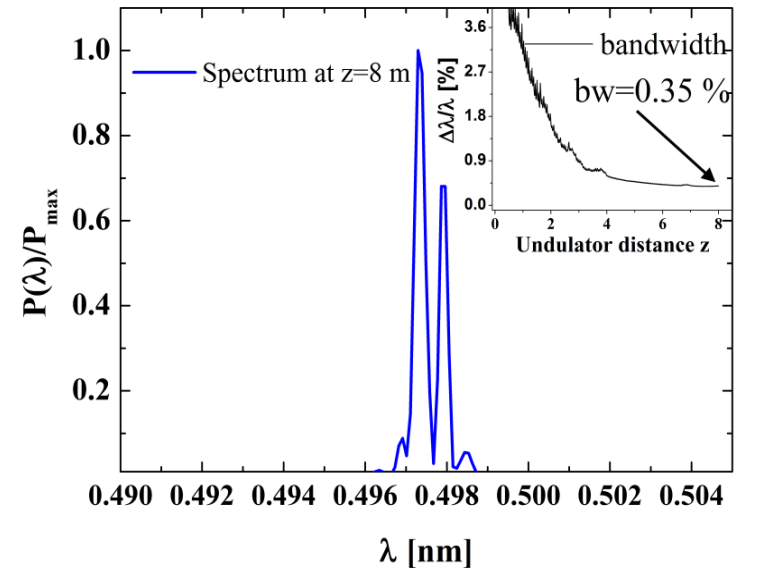
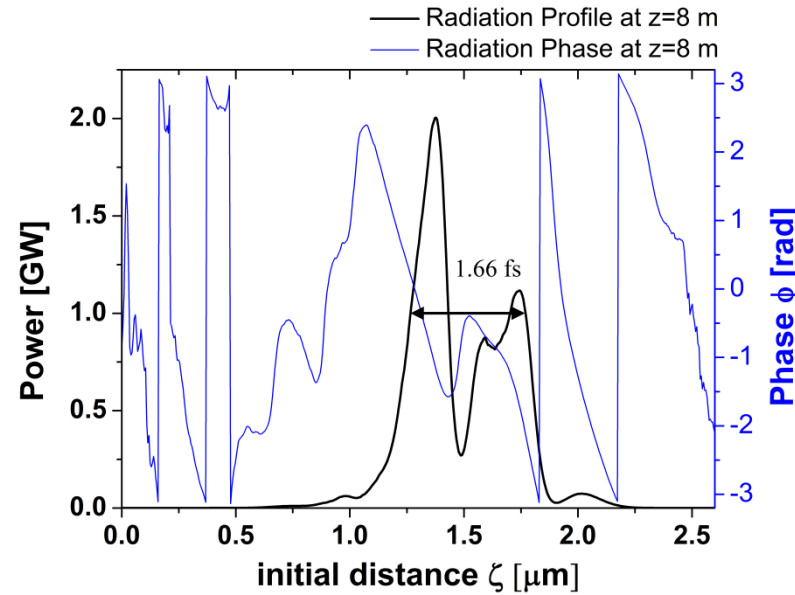
K	0.7	natural focusing
λ_u [mm]	6	cryogenic
λ_r [nm]	0.49	planar
L_u [m]	8	

Theoretical prediction [2]

P_{sat} [GW]	3.28
L_{sat} [m] $\rightarrow 20L_{g,3D}$	6
ρ	0.001
L_c [nm]	26
$\frac{\Delta\lambda}{\lambda} \sim \frac{\lambda_r}{2\pi L_c}$ [%]	0.3

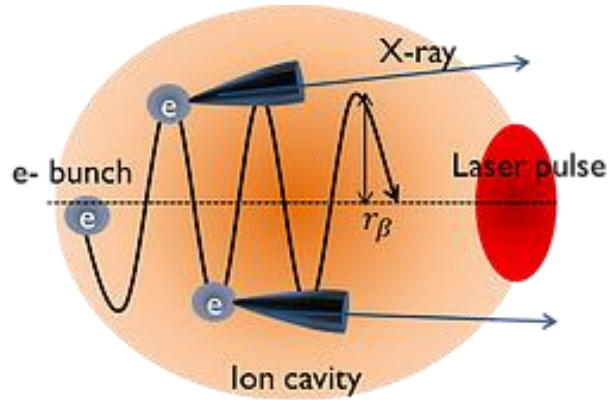
3D time-resolved FEL simulations with high-brightness TH cathode

e.g. designed to probe water dissociation

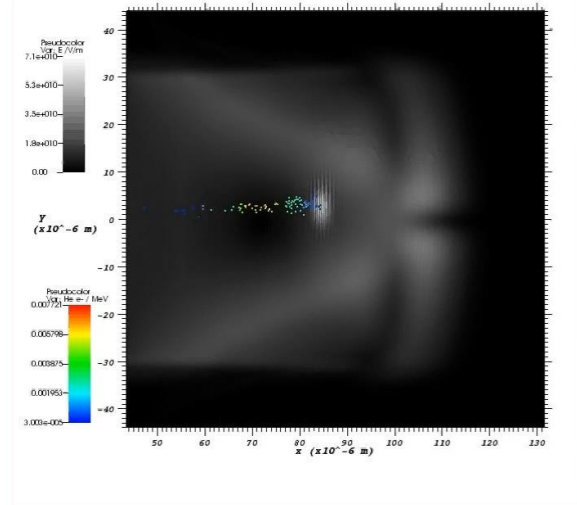
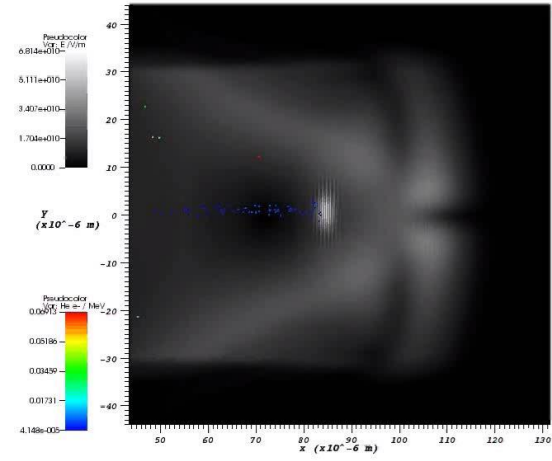


Courtesy A. F. Habib

Plasma-undulators: (enhanced) betatron radiation, Ion Channel Laser

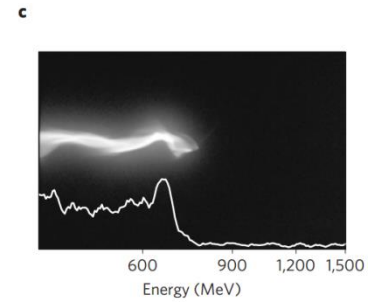
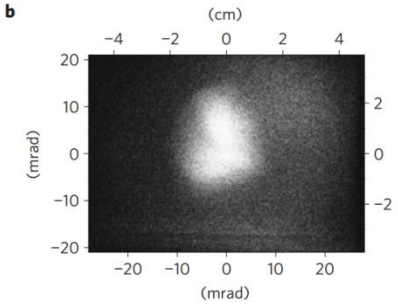
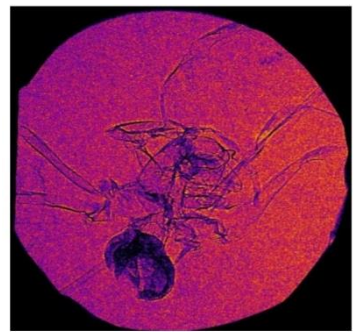
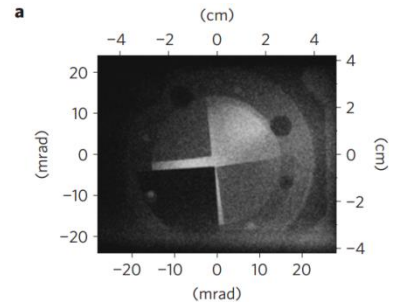
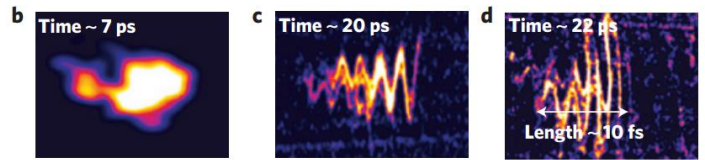
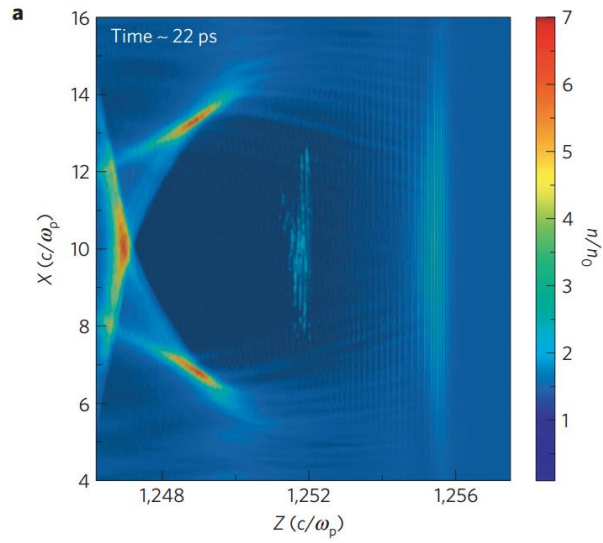


Betatron radiation, fig. from IPAL



B. Hidding, PRL 2012

S. Cipiccia et al., "Gamma-rays from harmonically resonant betatron oscillations in a plasma wake", Nat. Phys. 7, 867-871 (2011)



Cipiccia et al., J. Appl. Phys. 111, 063302 (2012);
 Cipiccia et al., Rev. Sci. Instrum. 84, 113302 (2013)
 Ersfeld et al., New Journal Physics. (2014)

Plasma-based beam dump as pilot application

- **Collective deceleration** instead of scattering and shower
- **No radioactivation** of dump, **reduced spatial footprint**
- Synergies with other plasma-based applications

Hybrid **injector** can produce 5 GeV beams

- Ultra-low emittance
- High luminosity as ultimate goal → HEP
- High brightness → **radiation sources**

Radiation sources based on hybrid injector produce **high-quality radiation**

- **Narrow bandwidth** ICS on MeV level
 - Even synchronized pulses possible
- **Compact and powerful FEL** applications
- Potentially even Ion Channel Laser