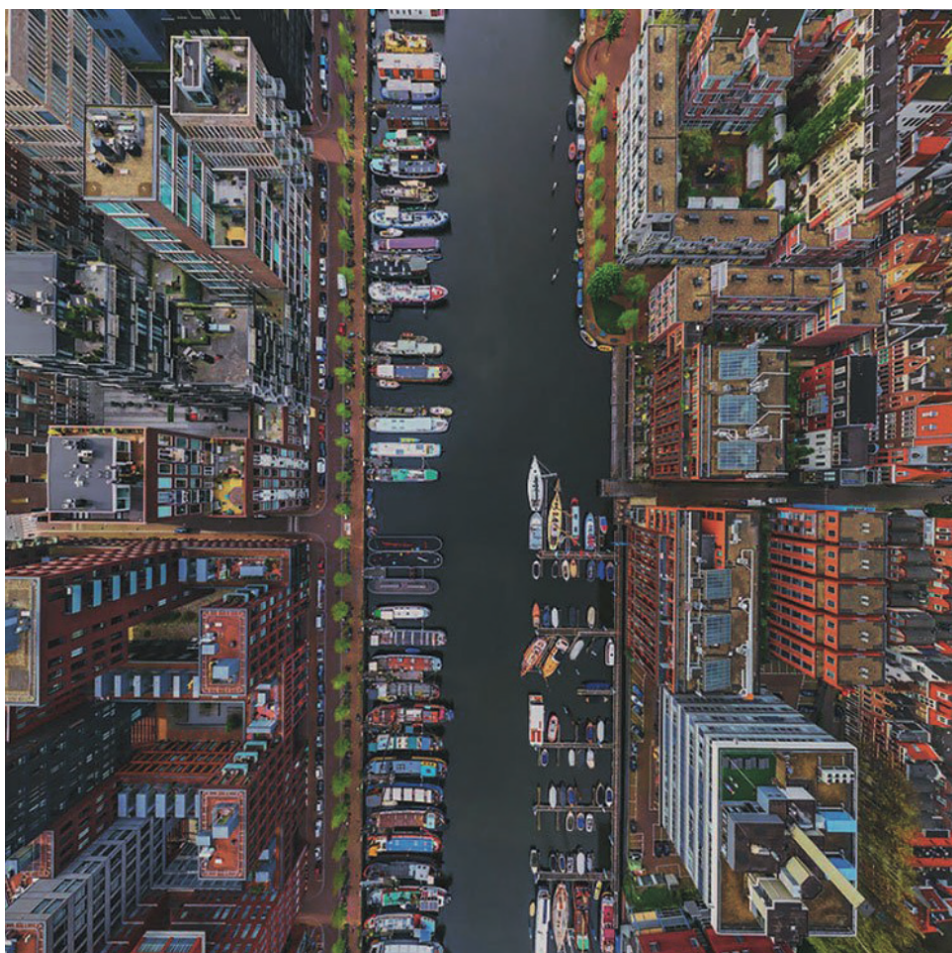


Top Quark Properties Measurement at the LHC (excluding EFT)



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on behalf of the ATLAS and
CMS Collaborations



Standard Model at the LHC 2017
Nikhef, NETHERLANDS / May 2 - 5, 2017

Physics of Top Quarks

- Test of SM (production, decay, coupling....etc)
- Top quark does not hadronize: momentum and spin transferred to decay products
- Search for processes with similar signature (t' , Z' ...)
- Mass is a fundamental parameter of the SM, and crucial for SM constraints via loop diagrams

Production Rate

- ▶ Pair Production cross section
- ▶ Single (EWK) production, $|V_{tb}|$
- ▶ FCNC, anomalous couplings
- ▶ Differential cross sections
- ▶ Production mechanism (gg, qq)

New Physics in production

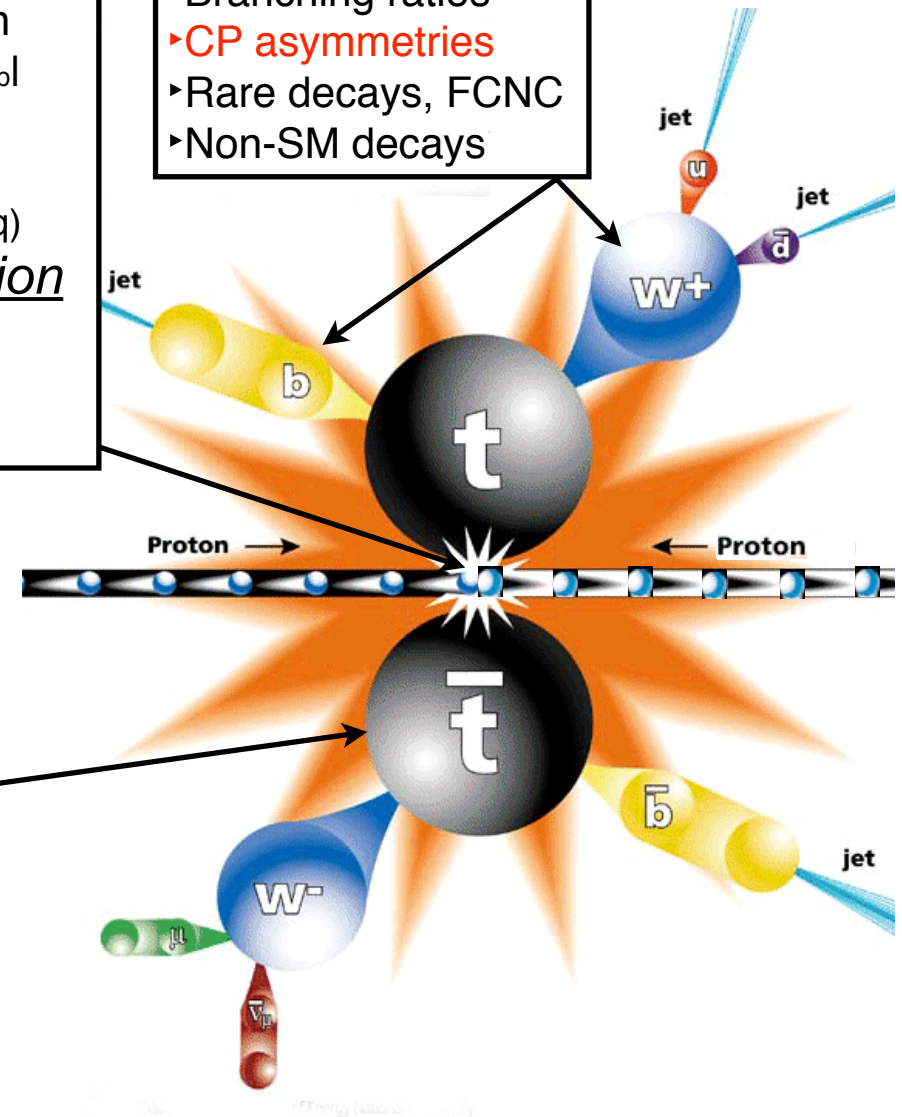
- ▶ Resonant production?
- ▶ Heavy Quark production?
- ▶ ...

Properties

- ▶ **Top mass**
- ▶ Top charge
- ▶ Top width
- ▶ Spin correlation
- ▶ W helicity
- ▶ **Charge asymmetry**

Decay

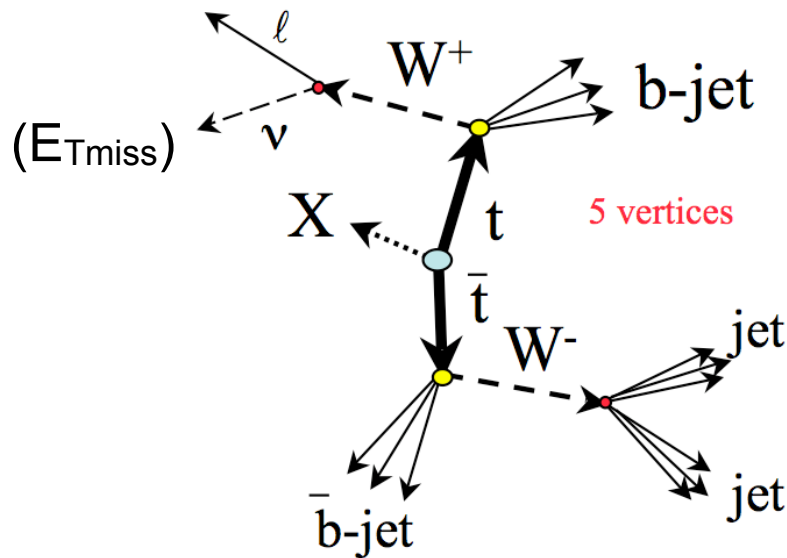
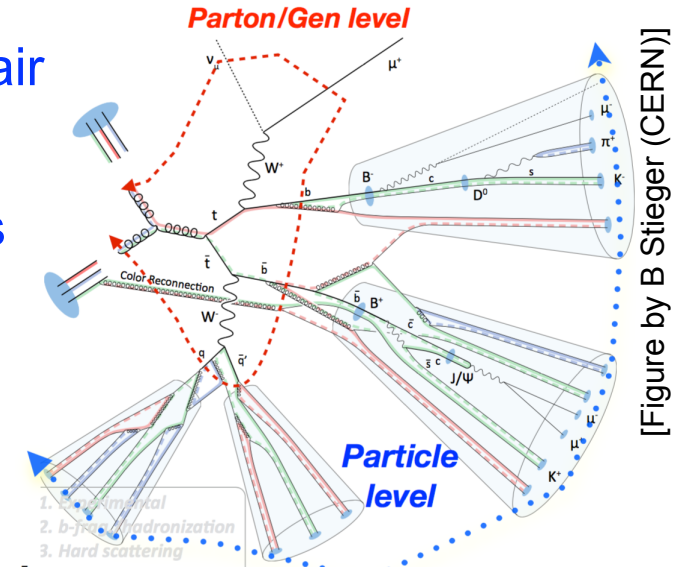
- ▶ Branching ratios
- ▶ **CP asymmetries**
- ▶ Rare decays, FCNC
- ▶ Non-SM decays



Top Events - Terminology

- Resolved: reconstructs well separated final state of top pair
- Boosted: hadronic top merged into one large-radius jet
- Particle Level: observable objects (stable leptons and jets clustered from stable particles)
- Fiducial phase space: close to detector acceptance
- Full phase space: full extrapolation

$$|V_{tb}| \sim 1, \text{ and } M_t > M_W + M_b \Rightarrow t \rightarrow Wb \text{ } (\sim 100\%)$$



tt event classification:

1st W decays to:

		1st W decays to:		
		jets	τ	μ e
2nd W decays to:	jets	all-jets		lepton+jets
	τ			
e μ	μ	lepton+jets		dilepton
	e			

Outline and Datasets in this talk

○ Top Quark Mass

- * hadronic channel, 8 TeV
- * l+jets channel, 13 TeV
- * dilepton channel, 8 TeV
- * Alternative techniques combination

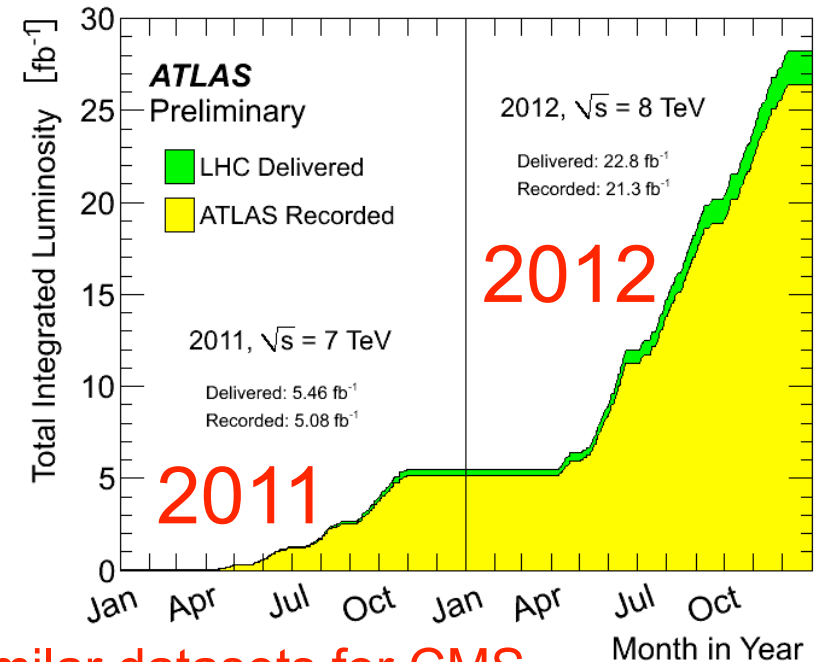


○ Charge Asymmetry

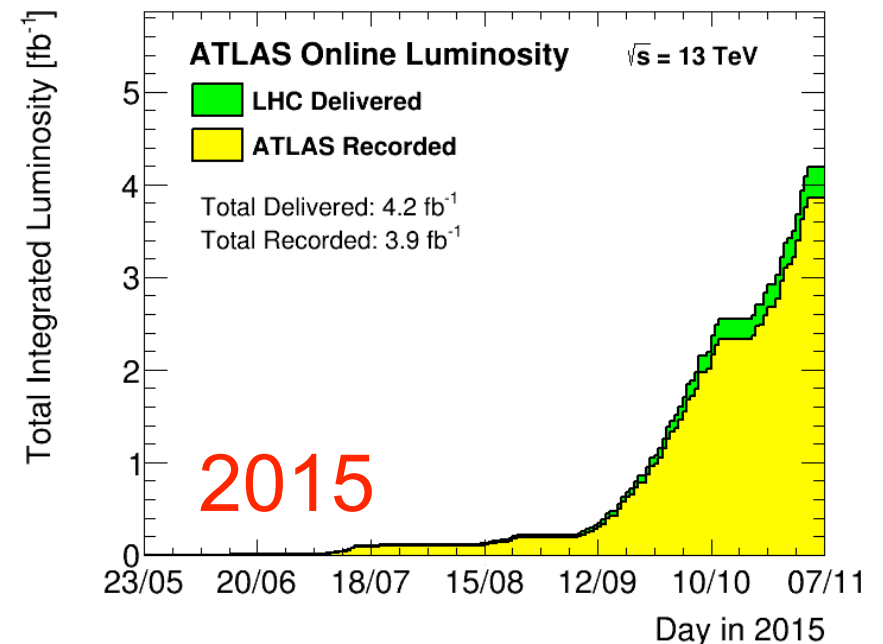


○ CPT, CP

- * Top-antitop mass difference, 8 TeV
- * CPV in top production / decay, 8 TeV
- * CP asymmetries in B from top, 8 TeV



Similar datasets for CMS.



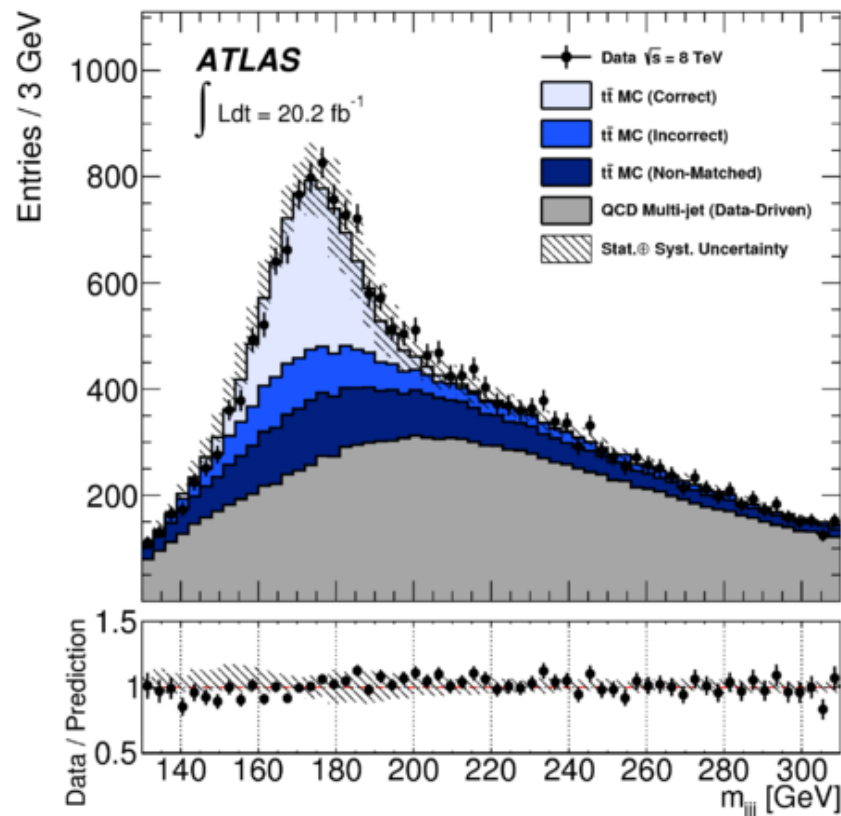
Top Quark Mass

Signature: (all hadronic) ≥ 6 jets (≥ 2 b) & $E_{T\text{miss}} < 60$ GeV

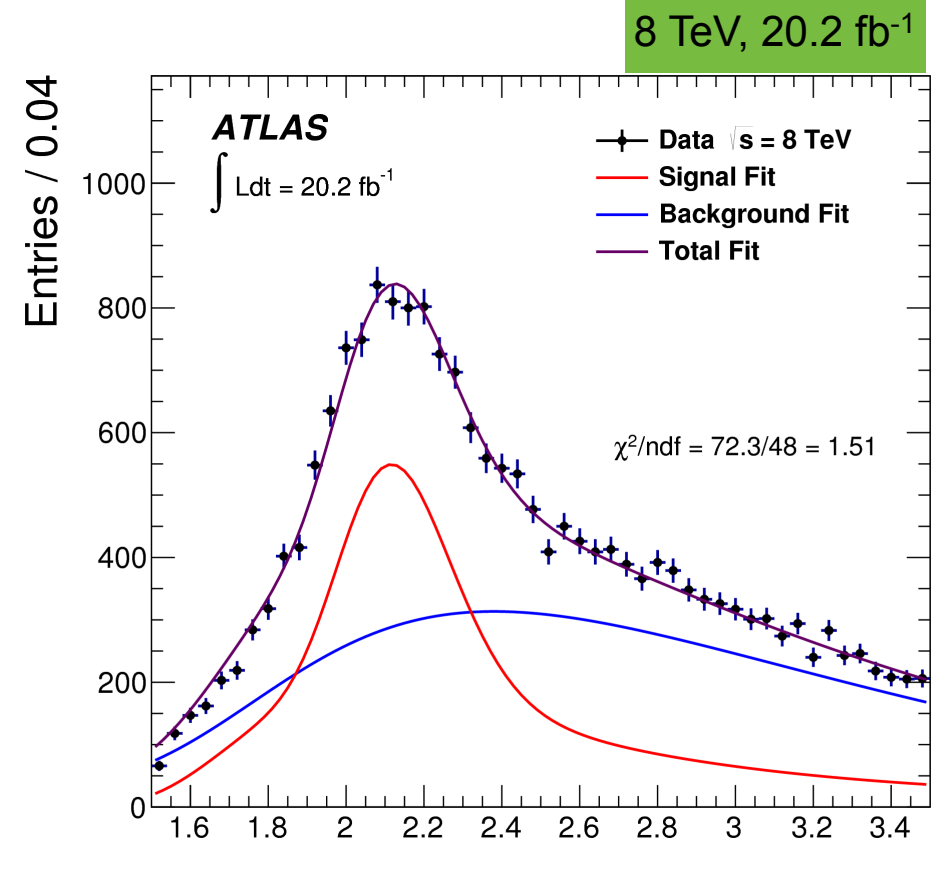
Method: Template fits to Ratio 3-jets (top) / 2-jets (W) mass and F_{bkg}



- Minimised- χ^2 kinematic event reconstruction; POWHEG-PYTHIA $t\bar{t}$ modelling
- ± 1.1 GeV total uncertainty
- Largest systematics from Had. modeling (PYTHIA vs. HERWIG 0.6 GeV), JES/bJES (0.6/0.3 GeV)



$$m_{\text{top}} = 173.72 \pm 0.55 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 1.01 \text{ (syst.) GeV}$$



[arXiv:1702.07546 (Feb 2017)]

$$R_{3/2} = m_{\text{jjj}} / m_{\text{jj}}$$

Top Quark Mass

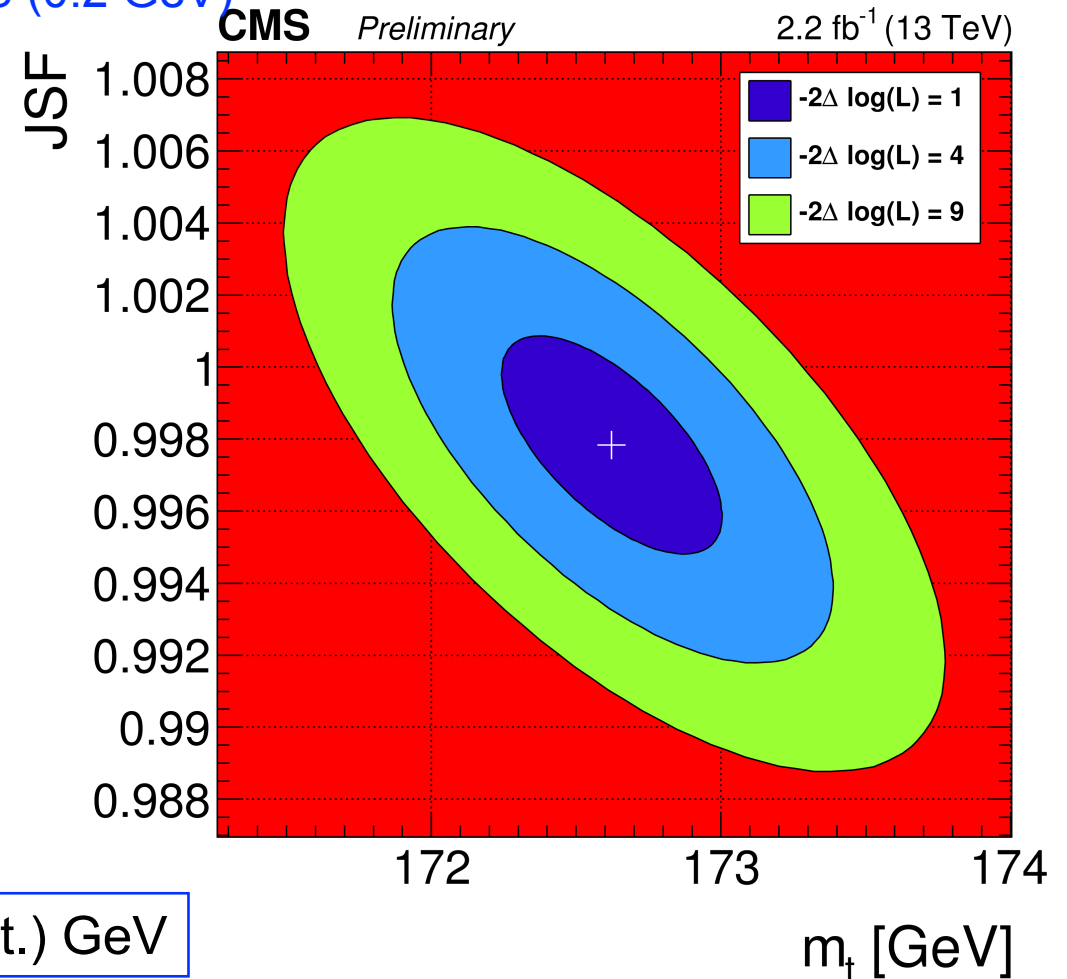
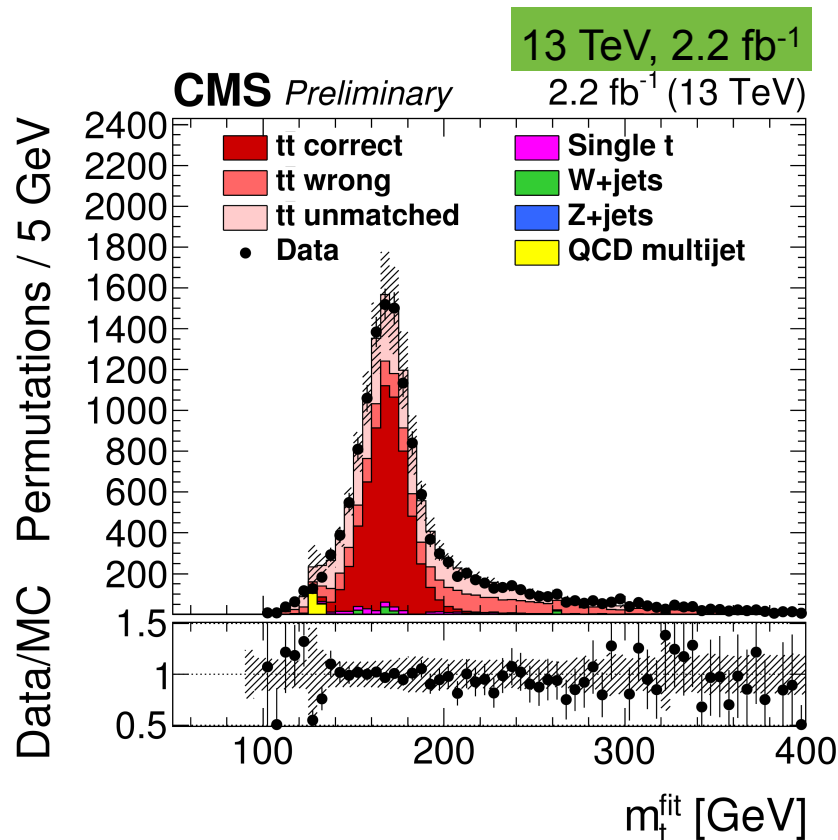


Signature: (l+jets) 1 isolated μ & ≥ 4 jets (≥ 2 b).

Method: Likelihood fit (ideogram) to m_t^{reco} and JES (2 parameter)

- χ^2 kinematic event reconstruction; POWHEG-PYTHIA tt modelling
- ± 0.8 GeV total uncertainty
- Largest systematics from Hadronisation modeling (PHYTHIA vs. HERWIG 0.4 GeV) and b-fragmentation, PS (0.2 GeV)

[CMS-PAS-TOP-16-022 (March 2017)]



$$m_{\text{top}} = 172.62 \pm 0.38 \text{ (stat.+JSF)} \pm 0.70 \text{ (syst.) GeV}$$

Top Quark Mass

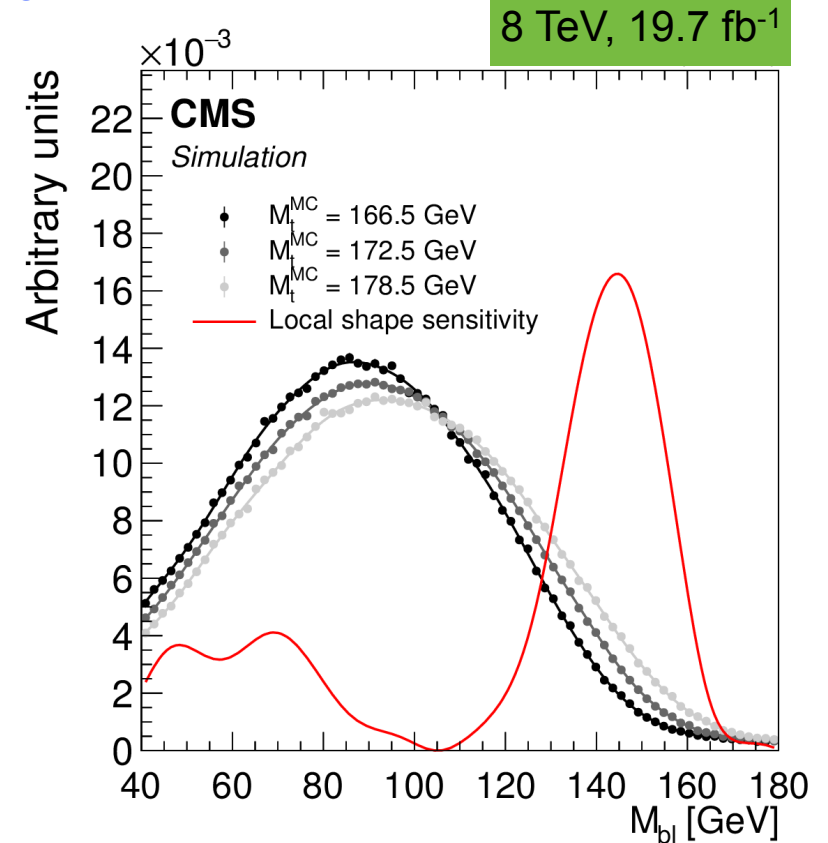
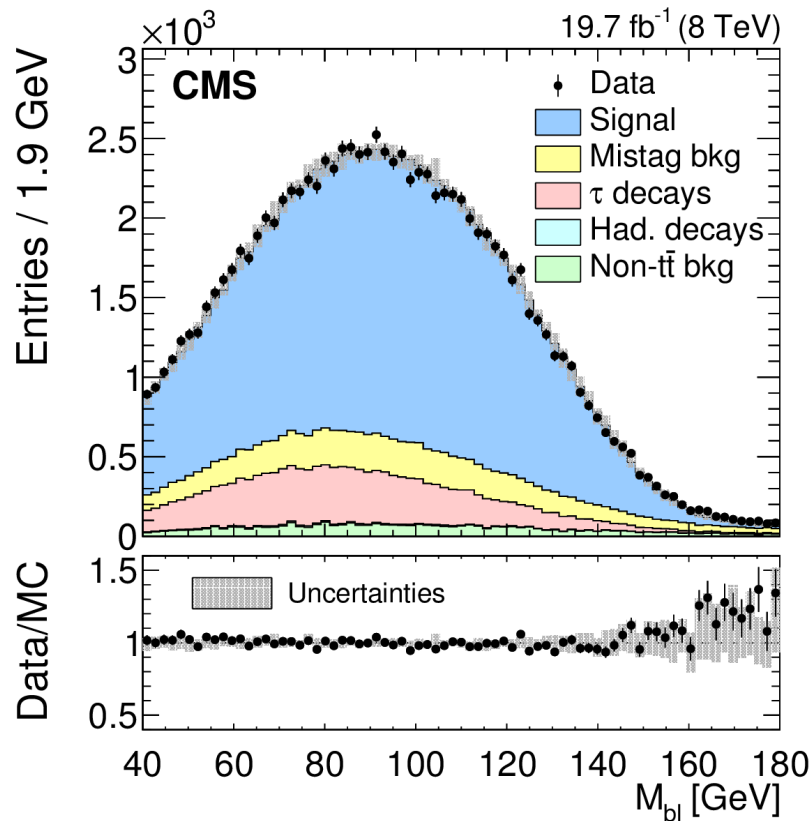


Signature: (dilepton) 2 isolated OS e/μ & $E_{T\text{miss}} > 40$ GeV & ≥ 2 b jets.

Method: Template fits of M_{l-b} (mass of lepton and b -jet), M_{T2}^{bb} , M_{l-bV} to m_t , JES

◦ MADGRAPH-PYTHIA $t\bar{t}$ modelling

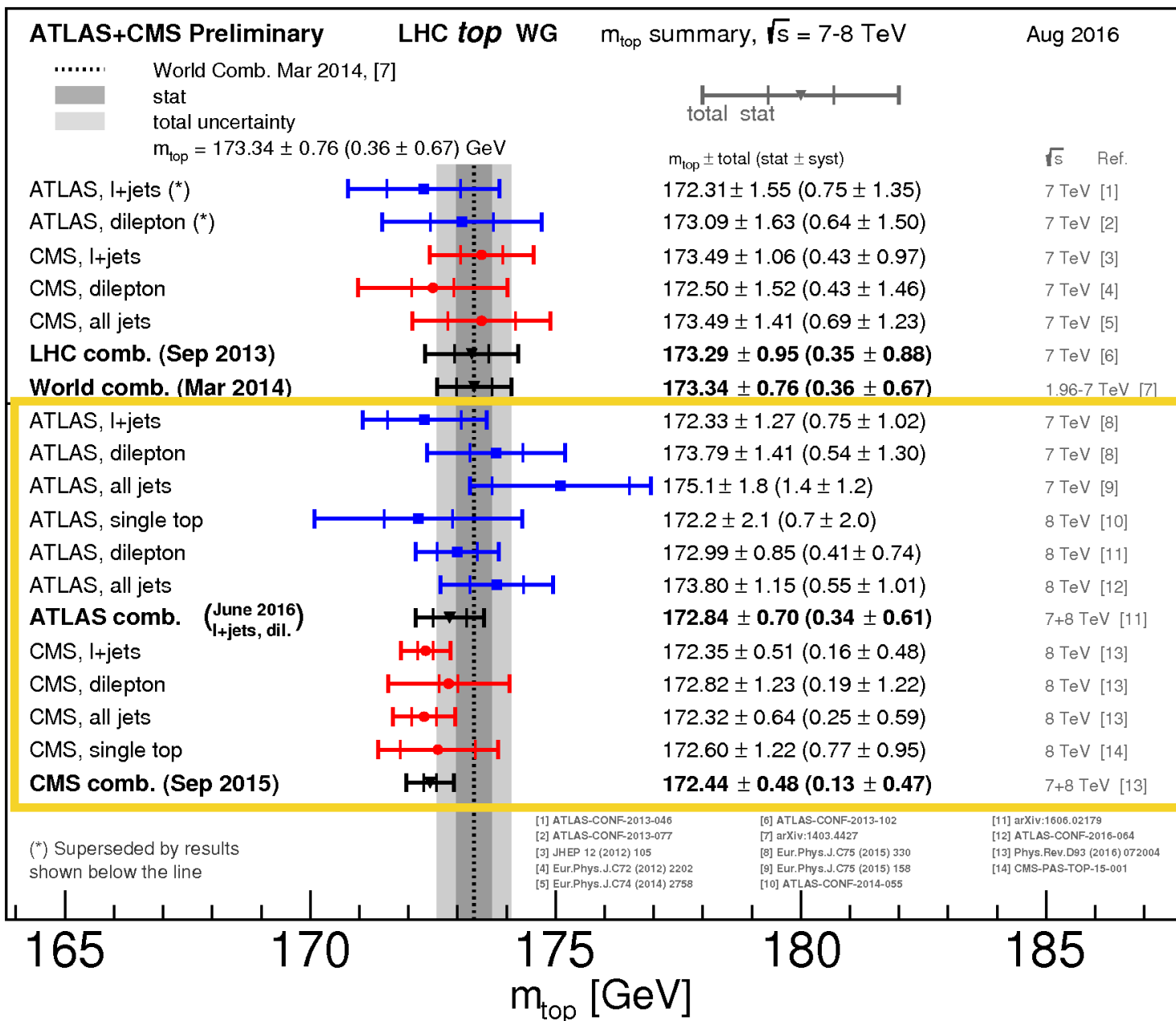
◦ Largest systematics from JES (0.45 GeV) and b quark fragmentation (0.4 GeV)



[CMS-TOP-15-008 (April 2017)]

$$m_{\text{top}} = 172.22 \pm 0.18 \text{ (stat.)} + 0.89/-0.93 \text{ (syst.) GeV}$$

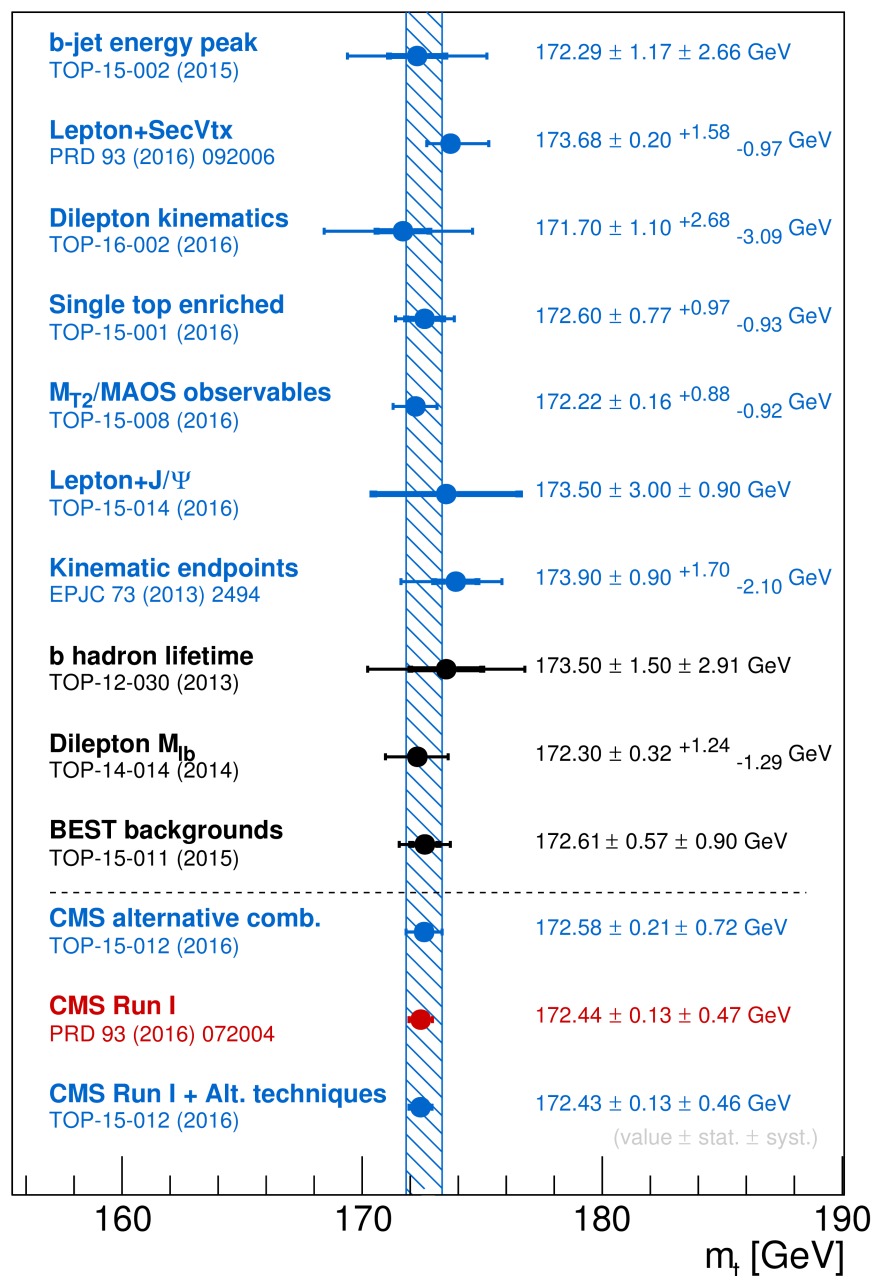
Top Quark Mass: combination



Top Mass: Alternative techniques



- Cross-check and support “standard techniques” of l+j, dil., had. channels
- 0.75 GeV precision
- Further combination does not improve yet on CMS Run I “standard” (0.48 GeV)
- Will improve with 13 TeV data



Combined m_t results	Legacy δm_t (GeV)	Alternative δm_t (GeV)	Combined δm_t (GeV)
Experimental uncertainties			
Method calibration	0.03	0.08	0.04
Jet energy corrections			
– JEC: Intercalibration	0.01	0.06	0.02
– JEC: In situ calibration	0.12	0.16	0.12
– JEC: Uncorrelated non-pileup	0.10	0.26	0.10
Lepton energy scale	0.01	0.13	0.01
E_T^{miss} scale	0.03	0.04	0.04
Jet energy resolution	0.03	0.03	0.03
b tagging	0.05	0.02	0.05
Pileup	0.06	0.07	0.06
Secondary vertex mass	n/a	0.04	<0.01
Backgrounds	0.04	0.08	0.04
Trigger	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
Modeling of hadronization			
JEC: Flavor	0.33	0.33	0.31
b jet modeling	0.14	0.22	0.14
Modeling of perturbative QCD			
PDF	0.04	0.11	0.04
Ren. and fact. scales	0.10	0.31	0.10
ME-PS matching threshold	0.08	0.22	0.08
ME generator	0.11	0.08	0.11
Single top modeling	n/a	0.04	0.01
Top quark p_T	0.02	0.23	0.02
Modeling of soft QCD			
Underlying event	0.11	0.11	0.11
Color reconnection modeling	0.10	0.10	0.10
Uncertainties (GeV)			
Total systematic	0.47	0.72	0.46
Statistical	0.13	0.21	0.13
Total Uncertainty	0.48	0.75	0.48

[CMS-PAS-TOP-15-012 (November 2016)]

Top Mass: Pole and MC mass

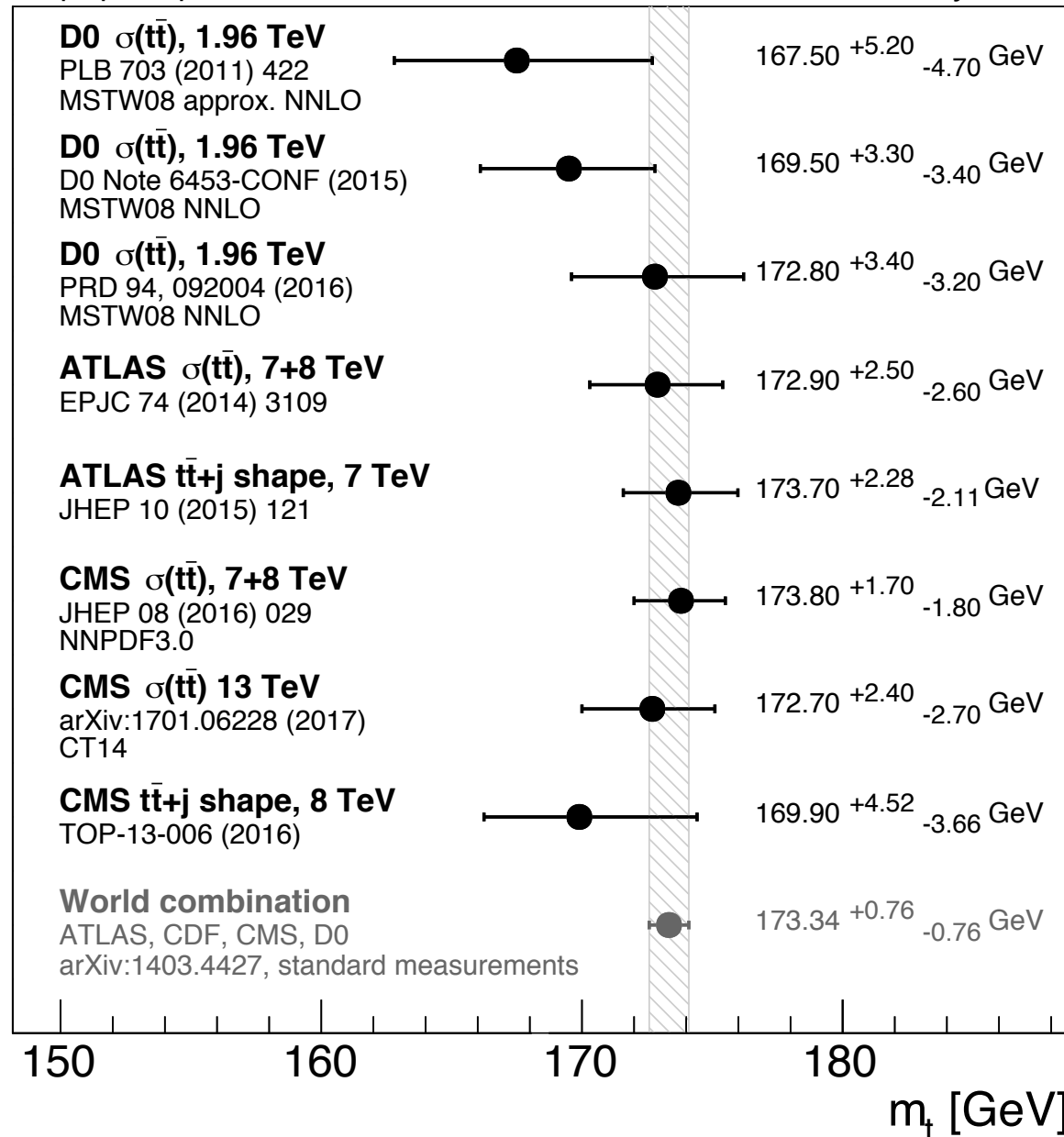


Pole Mass determination:

- Pair production cross section
- Gluon radiation (tt+j)

Top-quark pole mass measurements

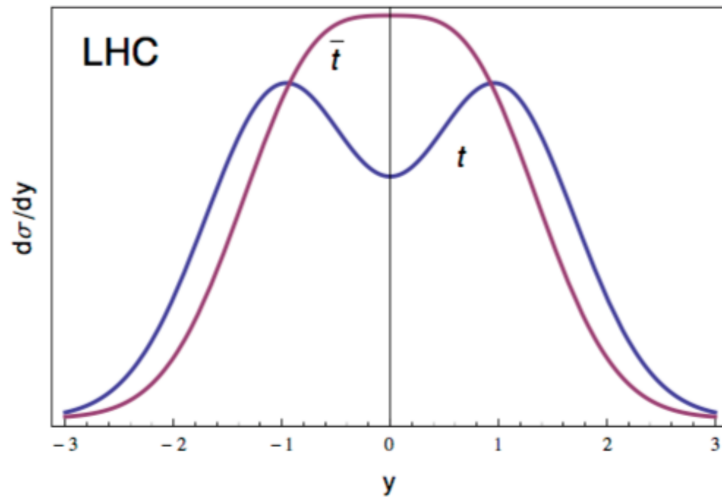
February 2017



$$\mathcal{R}(m_t^{\text{pole}}, \rho_s) = \frac{1}{\sigma_{t\bar{t}+1\text{-jet}}} \frac{d\sigma_{t\bar{t}+1\text{-jet}}}{d\rho_s}(m_t^{\text{pole}}, \rho_s),$$

$$\rho_s = \frac{2m_0}{\sqrt{s_{t\bar{t}+1\text{-jet}}}}, \quad m_0 = 170 \text{ GeV}$$

Charge Asymmetry

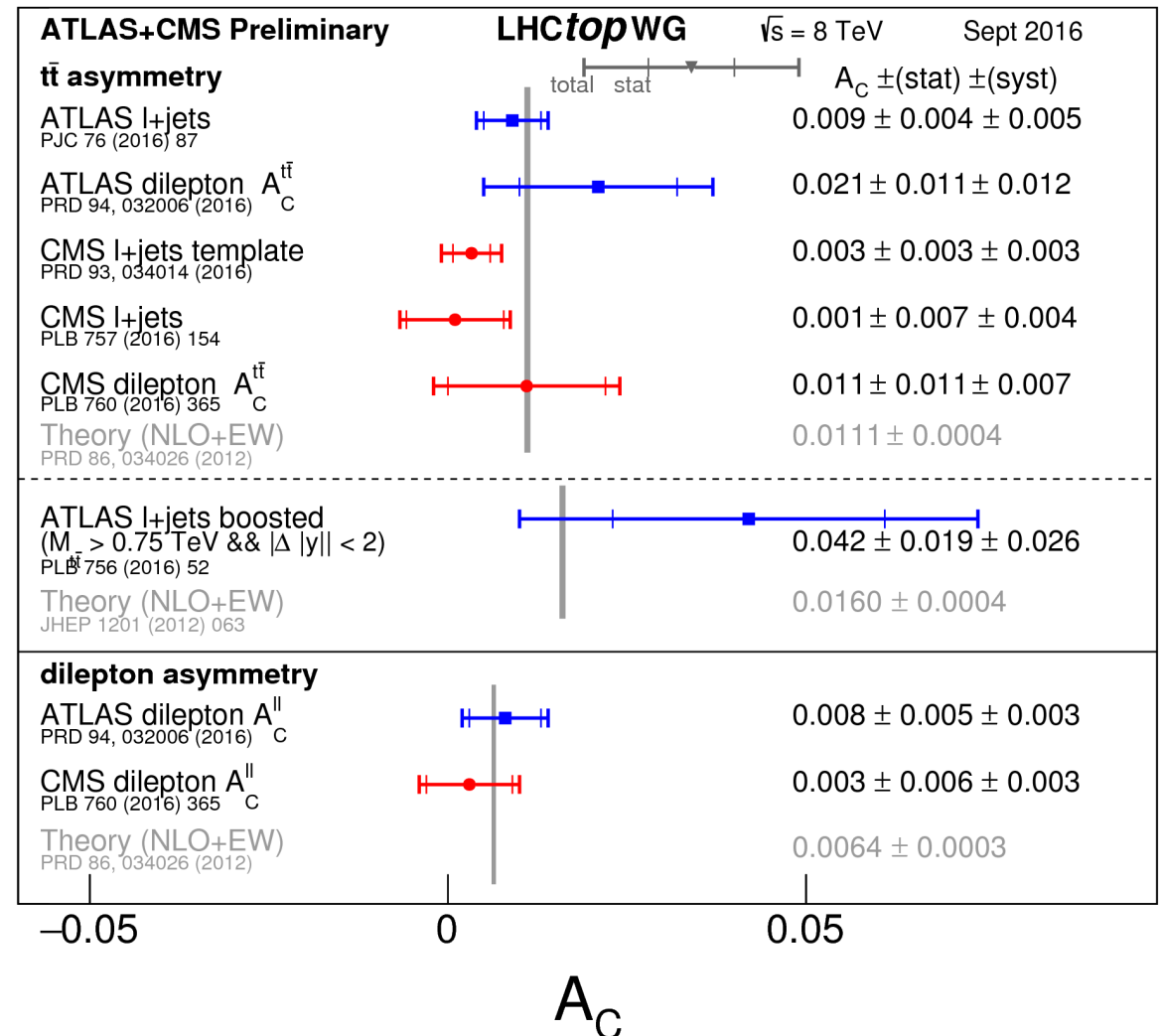


Arises at higher than tree-level order in the $qq \rightarrow tt$ process (NLO)

[Khun, Rodrigo, PRD 59 054017; Rodrigo, arXiv:1207.0331v1 (2012)]

$$A_C = \frac{N(\Delta|y| > 0) - N(\Delta|y| < 0)}{N(\Delta|y| > 0) + N(\Delta|y| < 0)} \quad \Delta|y| \equiv |y_t| - |y_{\bar{t}}|$$

- Analyses use boosted and resolved final states
- Probed at low and high m_{tt} and p_{tt}
- Precision at the level of 0.5%, with sizeable systematic uncertainties



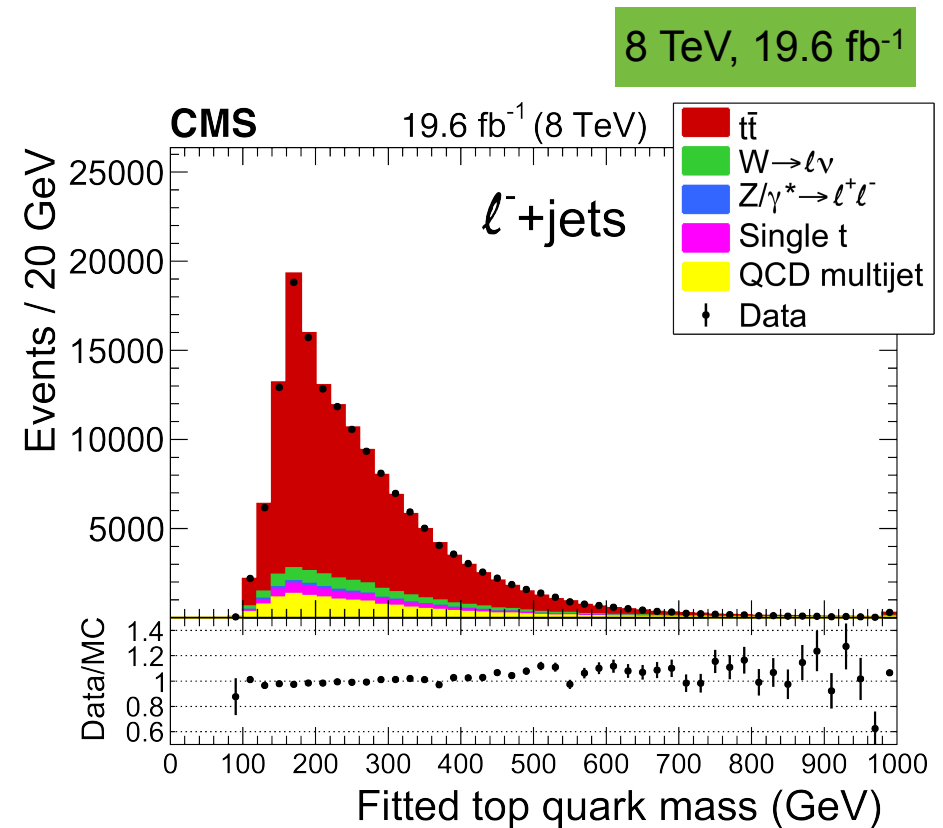
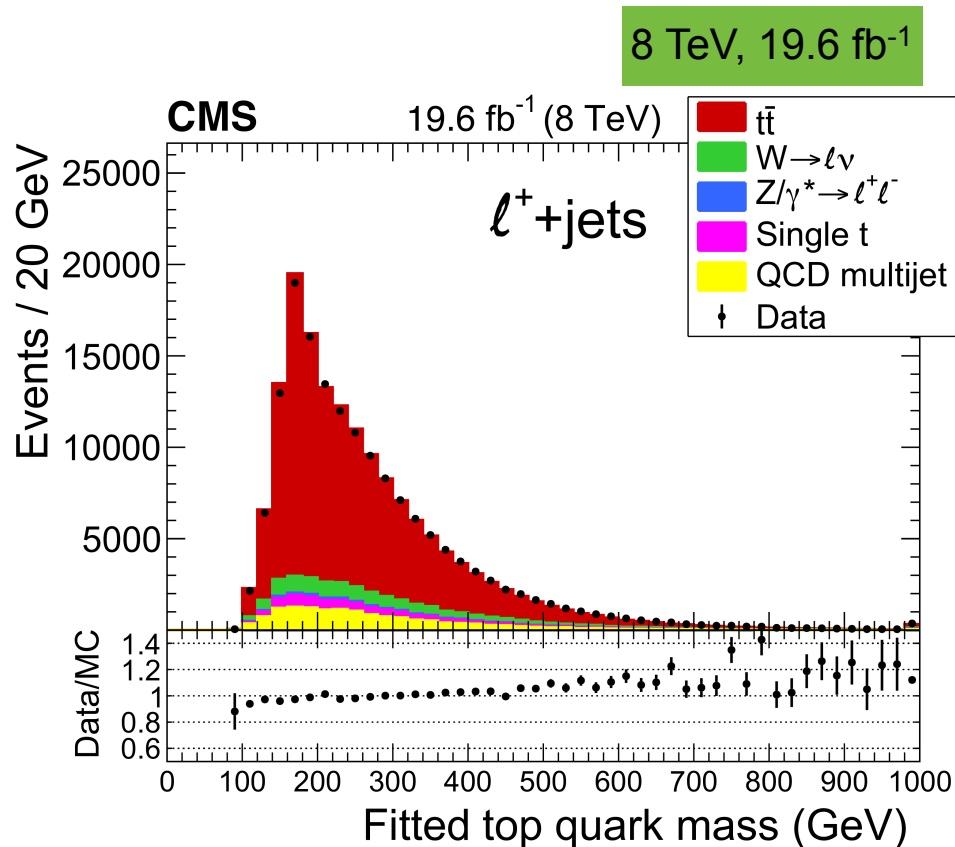
Top mass and CPT



Signature: (l +jets) 1 isolated e/μ & ≥ 4 jets (≥ 1 b).

Method: Mass difference between top and anti-top, Likelihood fit (ideogram)

- χ^2 kinematic event reconstruction
- 0.2 GeV precision
- Statistically dominated, syst. at ± 0.09 GeV (mainly b - b bar JES and b tagging)



$$\Delta m_t = -0.15 \pm 0.19(\text{stat}) \pm 0.09(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$$

[CMS-TOP-12-031 (October 2016)]

CP violation in top



Signature: (l+jets) 1 isolated e/μ & ≥4 jets (≥2 b).

Method: T-odd triple product correlations from momentum vectors

- Minimised- χ^2 kinematic event reconstruction
- Likelihood fit for signal and background

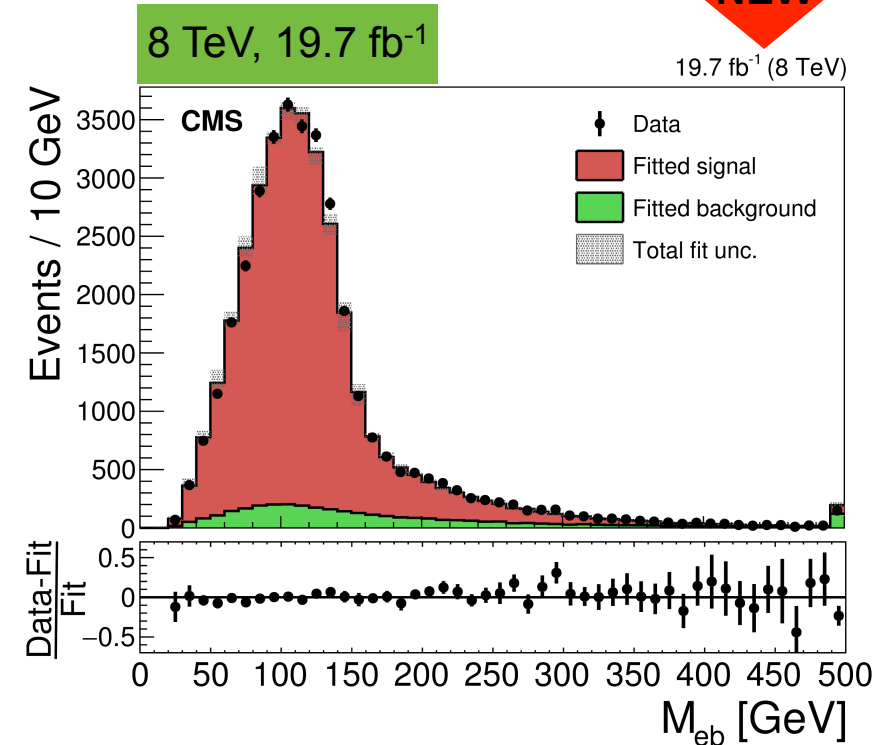
$$A_{CP}(O_i) = \frac{N_{\text{events}}(O_i > 0) - N_{\text{events}}(O_i < 0)}{N_{\text{events}}(O_i > 0) + N_{\text{events}}(O_i < 0)}.$$

$$O_2 = \epsilon(P, p_b + p_{\bar{b}}, p_\ell, p_{j_1}) \xrightarrow{\text{lab}} \alpha (\vec{p}_b + \vec{p}_{\bar{b}}) \cdot (\vec{p}_\ell \times \vec{p}_{j_1}),$$

$$O_3 = Q_\ell \epsilon(p_b, p_{\bar{b}}, p_\ell, p_{j_1}) \xrightarrow{\text{bbCM}} \alpha Q_\ell \vec{p}_b \cdot (\vec{p}_\ell \times \vec{p}_{j_1}),$$

$$O_4 = Q_\ell \epsilon(P, p_b - p_{\bar{b}}, p_\ell, p_{j_1}) \xrightarrow{\text{lab}} \alpha Q_\ell (\vec{p}_b - \vec{p}_{\bar{b}}) \cdot (\vec{p}_\ell \times \vec{p}_{j_1}),$$

$$O_7 = q \cdot (p_b - p_{\bar{b}}) \epsilon(P, q, p_b, p_{\bar{b}}) \xrightarrow{\text{lab}} \alpha (\vec{p}_b - \vec{p}_{\bar{b}})_z (\vec{p}_b \times \vec{p}_{\bar{b}})_z.$$



[JHEP 03 (2017) 101 (November 2016)]

	e + jets	A'_{CP} (%) μ + jets	ℓ + jets	A_{CP} (%) ℓ + jets
O_2	$-0.19 \pm 0.61 \pm 0.59$	$+0.46 \pm 0.57 \pm 0.65$	$+0.16 \pm 0.42 \pm 0.44$	$+0.3 \pm 1.1$
O_3	$+0.02 \pm 0.61 \pm 0.59$	$-0.59 \pm 0.57 \pm 0.65$	$-0.31 \pm 0.42 \pm 0.44$	-0.8 ± 1.6
O_4	$-0.17 \pm 0.61 \pm 0.59$	$-0.10 \pm 0.57 \pm 0.65$	$-0.13 \pm 0.42 \pm 0.44$	-0.4 ± 1.7
O_7	$-0.38 \pm 0.61 \pm 0.59$	$+0.43 \pm 0.57 \pm 0.65$	$+0.06 \pm 0.42 \pm 0.44$	$+0.1 \pm 0.8$

un-corrected / corrected - for detector effects

CP asymmetries in b from top

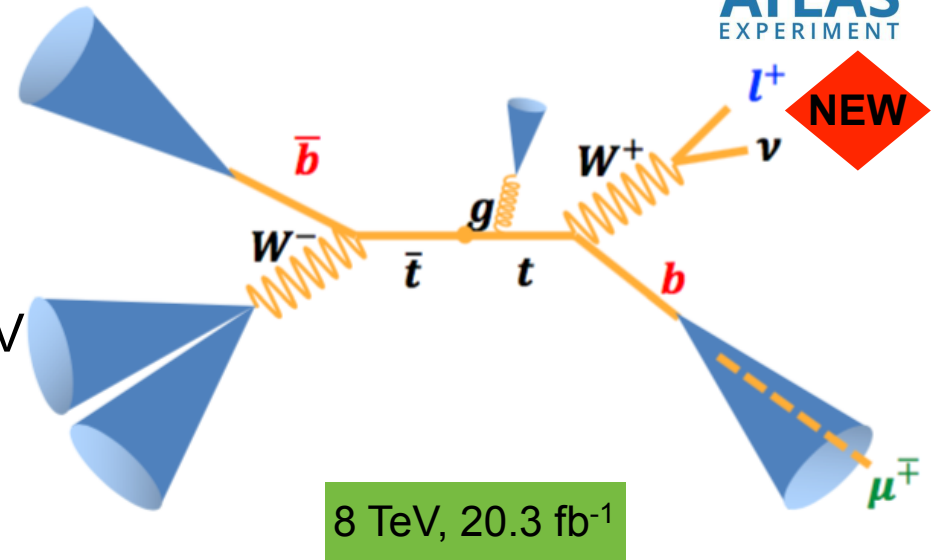
Top pairs: a.k.a. “a new **B factory**” !

Can probe the D0 single/di-muon anomaly

$A_{\text{dir}}^b \approx 0.3\%$ $A_{\text{dir}}^c \approx 1\%$ PRD 89, (2014) 012002

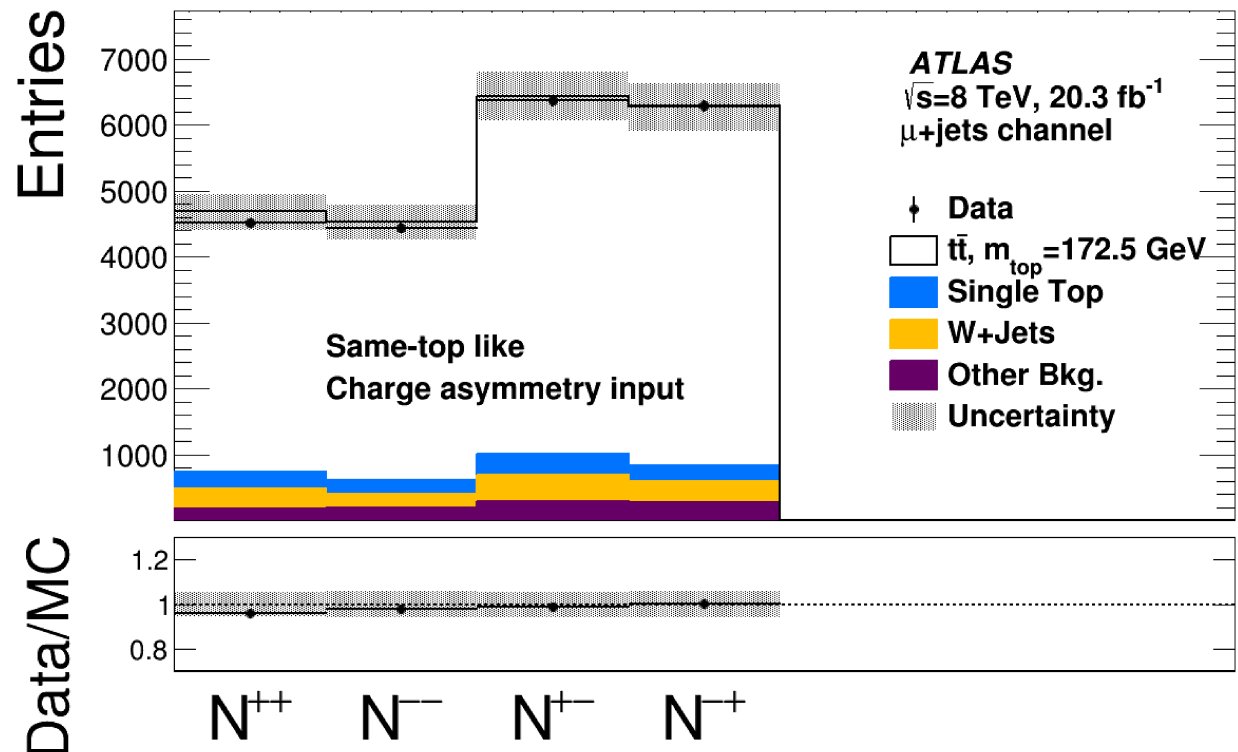
Signature: (l+jets) 1 isolated e/ μ & $E_{\text{Tmiss}} > 25$ GeV
& ≥ 4 jets (≥ 1 b).

Method: Soft muon- b , Likelihood fit, Unfolded



$$A_{\text{SS}} = \frac{\left(\frac{N^{++}}{N^+}\right) - \left(\frac{N^{--}}{N^-}\right)}{\left(\frac{N^{++}}{N^+}\right) + \left(\frac{N^{--}}{N^-}\right)}$$

$$A_{\text{OS}} = \frac{\left(\frac{N^{+-}}{N^+}\right) - \left(\frac{N^{-+}}{N^-}\right)}{\left(\frac{N^{+-}}{N^+}\right) + \left(\frac{N^{-+}}{N^-}\right)}$$



[JHEP 02 (2017) 071 (October 2016)]

CP asymmetries in b from top



- **Opposite Sign (OS)**
- $t \rightarrow l^+ \nu b \rightarrow l^+ l^- X \sim 55\%$
- $t \rightarrow l^+ \nu (b \rightarrow \bar{b} \rightarrow \bar{c}) \rightarrow l^+ l^- X \sim 4\%$
- $t \rightarrow l^+ \nu (b \rightarrow c \bar{c}) \rightarrow l^+ l^- X \sim 3\%$
- **Same Sign (SS)**
- $t \rightarrow l^+ \nu (b \rightarrow \bar{b}) \rightarrow l^+ l^+ X \sim 7\%$
- $t \rightarrow l^+ \nu (b \rightarrow c) \rightarrow l^+ l^+ X \sim 28\%$
- $t \rightarrow l^+ \nu (b \rightarrow \bar{b} \rightarrow c \bar{c}) \rightarrow l^+ l^+ X \sim 3\%$

$$A^{SS} = r_b A_{\text{mix}}^{bl} + r_{c\bar{c}} A_{\text{mix}}^{bc} + r_c A_{\text{dir}}^{bc} - (r_c + r_{c\bar{c}}) A_{\text{dir}}^{cl}$$

$$A^{OS} = \tilde{r}_c A_{\text{mix}}^{bc} + \tilde{r}_b A_{\text{dir}}^{bl} + (\tilde{r}_c + \tilde{r}_{c\bar{c}}) A_{\text{dir}}^{cl}$$

[JHEP 02 (2017) 071 (October 2016)]

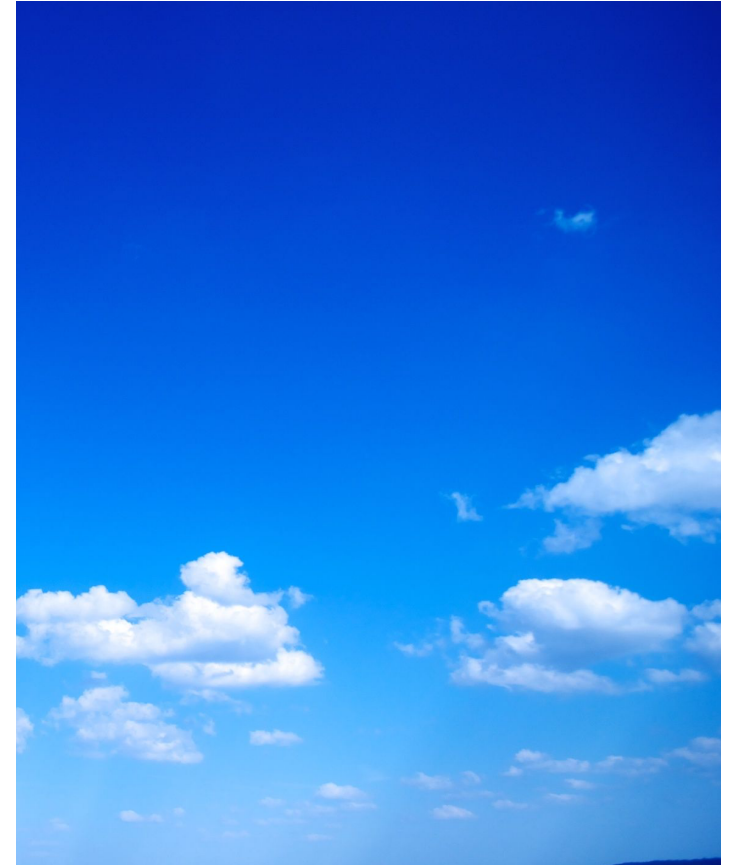
Results	Data (10^{-2})	Existing limits (2σ) (10^{-2})	SM (10^{-2})
A^{SS}	-0.7 ± 0.8	—	$< 10^{-2}$ [1]
A^{OS}	0.4 ± 0.5	—	$< 10^{-2}$ [1]
A_{mix}^b	-2.5 ± 2.8	< 0.1 [3]	$< 10^{-3}$ [2,3]
A_{dir}^{bl}	0.5 ± 0.5	< 1.2 [4]	$< 10^{-5}$ [1]
A_{dir}^{cl}	1.0 ± 1.0	< 6.0 [4]	$< 10^{-9}$ [1]
A_{dir}^{bc}	-1.0 ± 1.1	—	$< 10^{-7}$ [5]

[1] PRL 110, 232002 (2013) [2] arXiv:1511.09466v1 [3] arXiv:1412.7515v1 (HFAG) [4] PRD 87, 074036 (2015) [5] PLB 694, 374 (2011)

- Competitive direct CP limits. The first limit on direct b -to- c
- \mathcal{O} (1%) precision reached (stat. limited), comparable to the D0 anomaly effect.

Summary

- Dramatic improvements on top mass precision in the last few years, now well below 1 GeV
→ b fragmentation and hadronisation modelling becoming a significant limitation
- The large top datasets allow for the first time to perform *precision* measurements of charge and CP asymmetries. Currently to 0.5% —1.0%.
- First measurements of B properties from top decay.
- Most measurements have yet to use the large 13 TeV dataset, benefitting from the increased top cross section and the exceptional LHC performance.
Expect very significant advances by Summer 2017
- Find out more at:



<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/TopPublicResults>

<http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/publications/TOP/index.html>

<http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/preliminary-results/TOP/index.html>

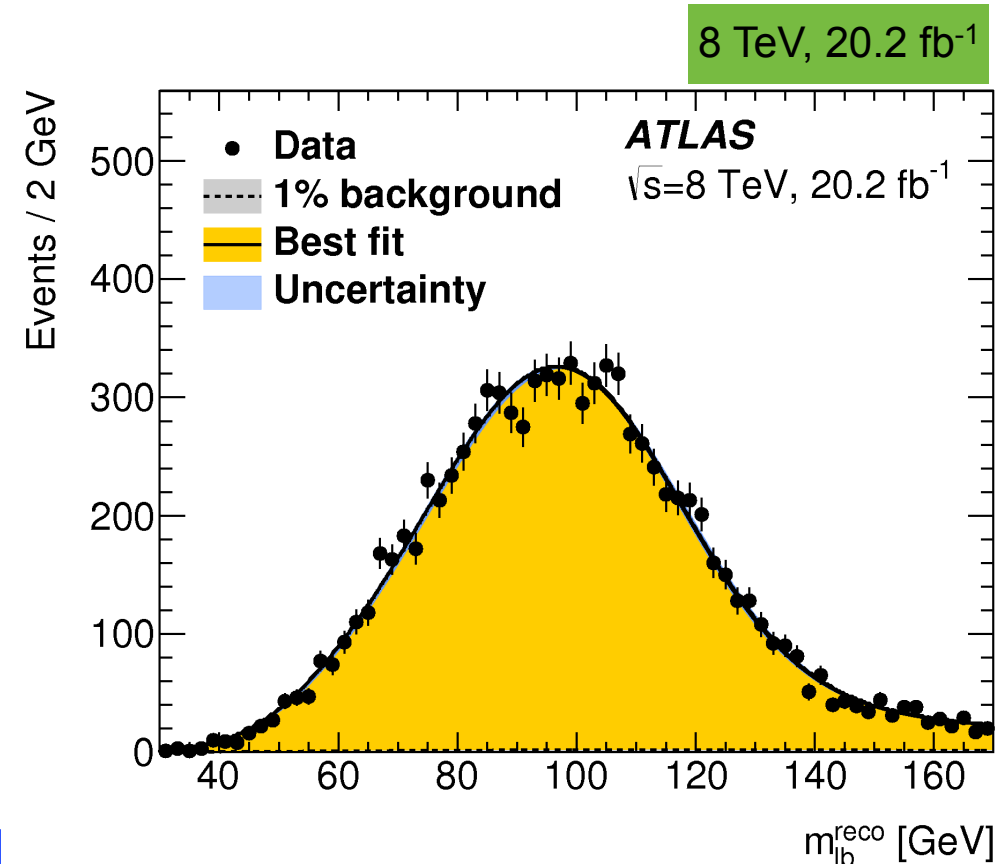
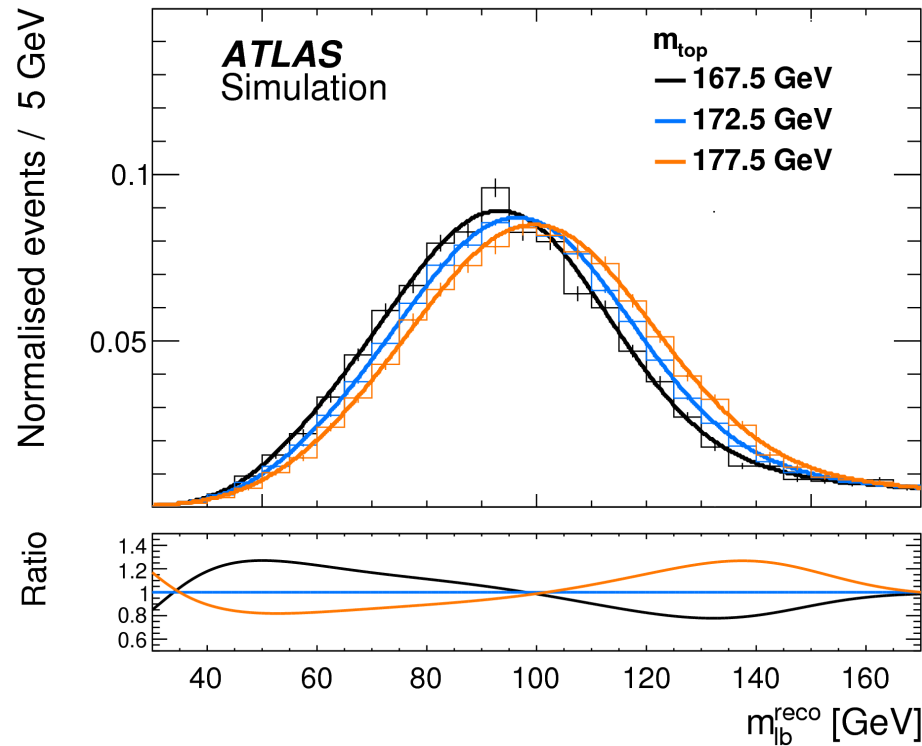
Additional Information

Top Quark Mass

Signature: (dilepton) 2 isolated OS e/μ & $E_{T\text{miss}} > 25$ GeV & ≥ 2 jets (≥ 1 b).

Method: Template fits to Reco. m_{l-b} (mass of lepton and b-jet)

- Minimum $\langle p_T \rangle_{l-b}$ optimises reconstruction of the event
- ± 0.8 GeV total uncertainty, most precise in dilepton channel to date
- Largest systematics from JES/bJES (0.5/0.3 GeV) and from Had. modeling/IFSR (0.2 GeV)



$$m_{\text{top}} = 172.99 \pm 0.41(\text{stat}) \pm 0.74(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$$

[Phys Lett B 761 350 (June 2016)]

Top Width



Indirect determinations use $R_b = B(t \rightarrow Wb)/B(t \rightarrow Wq)$ or the single top (t-ch) cross section. Precision of $\mathcal{O}(0.1 \text{ GeV})$

Direct determination focuses on mass lineshape.

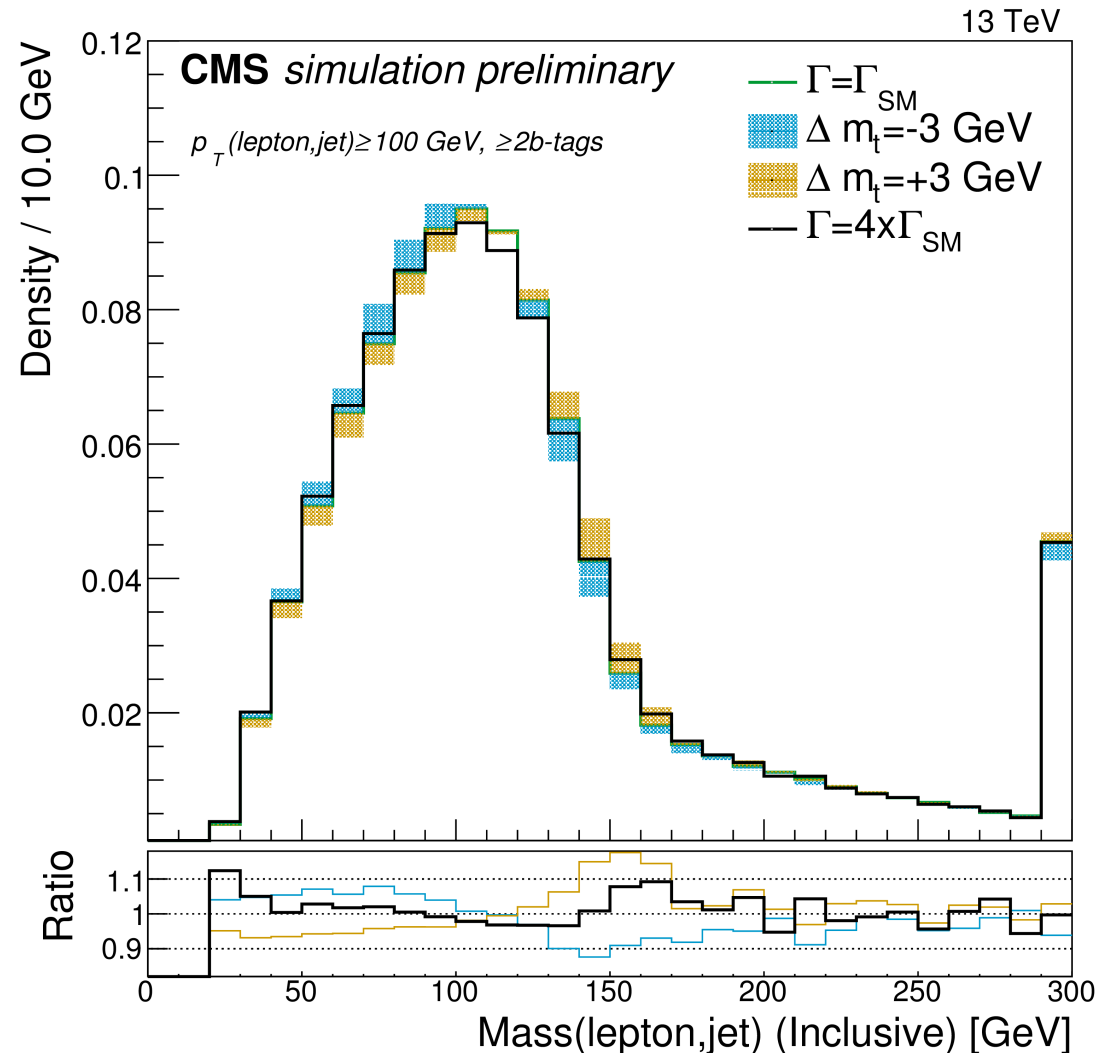
SM: $\Gamma^{\text{NLO}} = 1.35 \pm \mathcal{O}(1\%) \text{ GeV}$ ($m_t = 173.3 \text{ GeV}$ and $\alpha_s = 0.118$)

Signature: (dilepton) 2 isolated OS e/μ & ≥ 2 jets ($\geq 1 b$).

Method: M_{lb} inclusive spectrum, with sensitivity at low M_{lb} ; 2-D fit to signal and width

- First direct bound on Γ_t at the LHC
- Most precise direct bound on Γ_t

$0.6 < \Gamma_{\text{top}} < 2.5 \text{ GeV}$ (95% C.L.)



[CMS-PAS-TOP-16-019 (September 2016)]