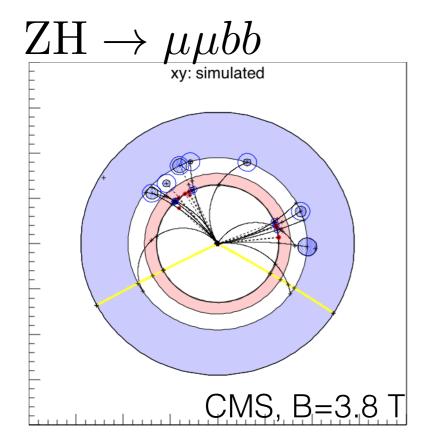
Papas

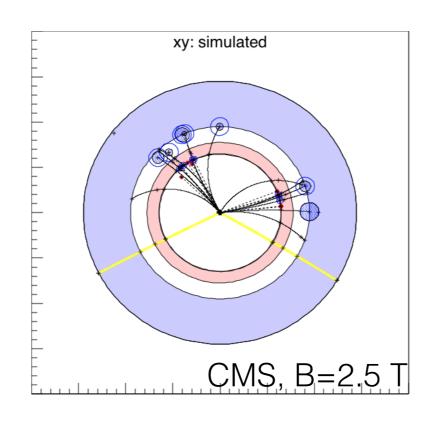
A Parametrized Particle Simulation for FCC-ee

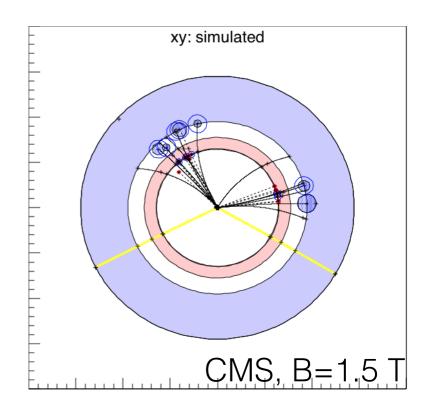
Colin Bernet (IPNL), Alice Robson (CERN) 23rd of November, 2016

2nd Mini-Workshop on FCC-ee detector requirements

Why a parametrized simulation?

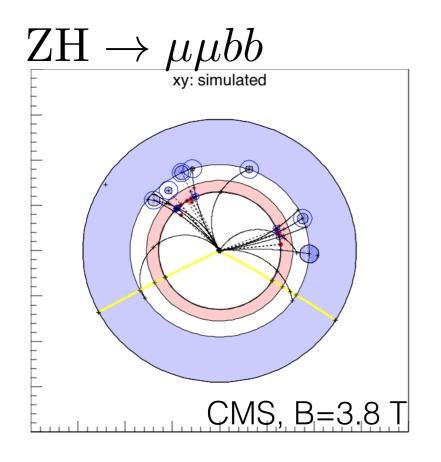


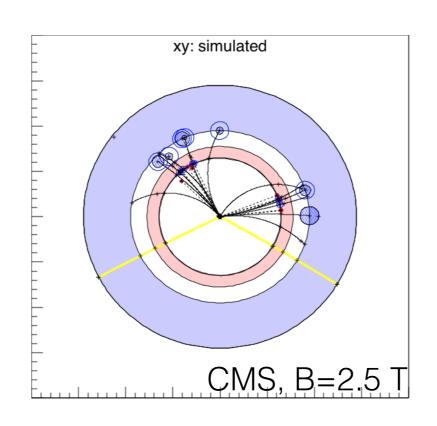


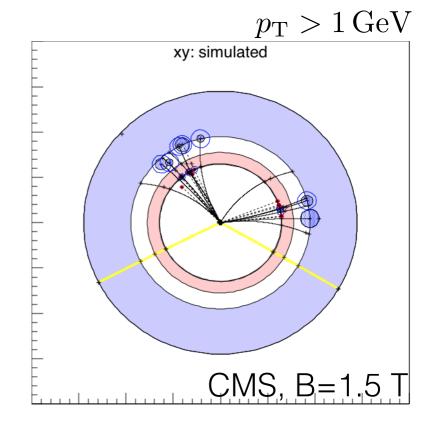


- What is the required detector performance for a given physics programme?
 - set up a number of different analyses
 - scan detector parameters
 - redo simulation and analyses

Need a realistic reconstruction

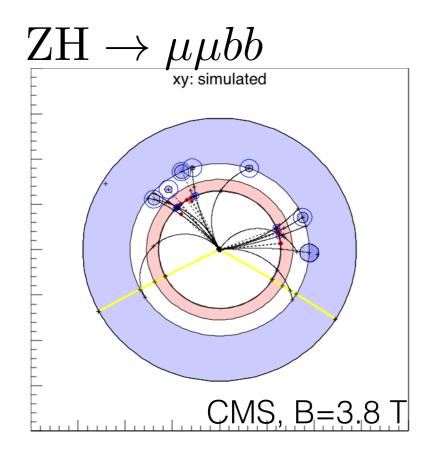


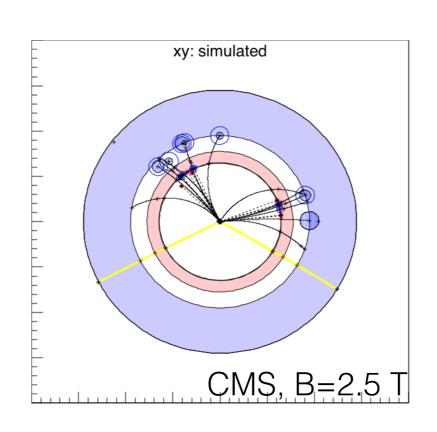


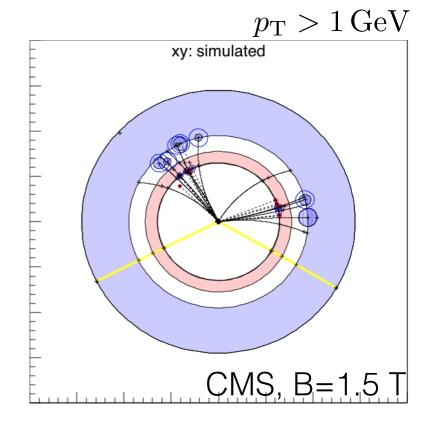


- Smearing the jet energy with a naive resolution $\propto X\%/\sqrt{E}$ does not capture the effect of the B field
- Need to reconstruct:
 - particles from the tracks and clusters (particle flow)
 - jets of particles

Need a varied physics programme







- The physics programme must be sensitive to the parameters being studied
 - e.g. jet energy resolution does not matter much in this channel
 - B field affects resolution on muon momentum and thus on recoil mass

A possible roadmap

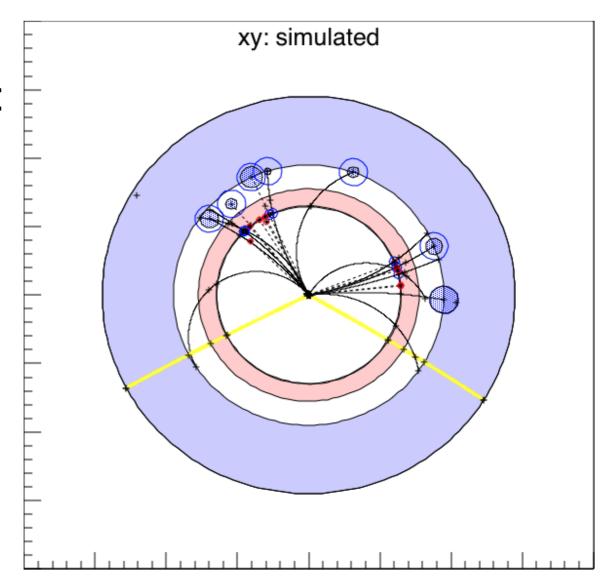
Let's do like our FCC-hh colleagues

- What is the required performance?
 - Detector parameter scans in analysis with parametrized simulation
 - Papas (C.B., A. Robson)
 - Delphes (particle flow mode, M. Selvaggi)
 - both integrated in FCC software, can use both to bracket the results (easy!)
- How to reach this performance?
 - Design specific parts of the detector in full sim (A. Zaborowska et al.)
 - e.g. ECAL + preshower to see how well ECAL showers can be separated.
 - Just need a piece of calorimeter
 - No need to simulate the whole event (particle gun, fast/full framework)

Papas: Outline

Parametrized particle simulation

- Simulate particle flow inputs:
 - Inner tracker
 - Calorimeters
- Particle flow reconstruction
- Jets & jet flavour tagging
- Leptons
- Example analyses



Inner tracker

These methods are mandatory

You can write anything you want inside (very flexible)

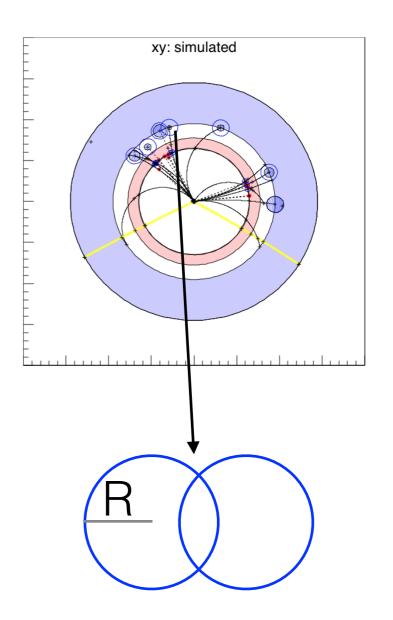
```
Inputs:
class Tracker(DetectorElement):
   #TODO acceptance and resolution
   #depend on the particle type
   def __init__(self):
       volume = VolumeCylinder('tracker', 1.29, 1.99)
                                                                         simple geometry
       mat = material.void
       super(Tracker, self).__init__('tracker', volume, mat)
                                                                          (cylinder)
   def acceptance(self, track):
       pt = track.pt
       eta = abs(track.p3.Eta())
       if eta < 1.35 and pt>0.5:
                                                                         acceptance model
           return random.uniform(0,1)<0.95
       elif eta < 2.5 and pt>0.5:
           return random.uniform(0,1)<0.9
       else:
           return False
                                                                         resolution model
   def pt_resolution(self, track):
       # TODO: depends on the field
       pt = track.pt
       return 1.1e-2

    (+ B field)
```

7

Calorimeters

- Similar code
- Inputs:
 - simple geometry (2 cylinders)
 - material
 - hadron showers in ECAL
 - energy resolution and response
 - acceptance
 - thresholds
 - cluster size R
 - a way to model calorimeter granularity

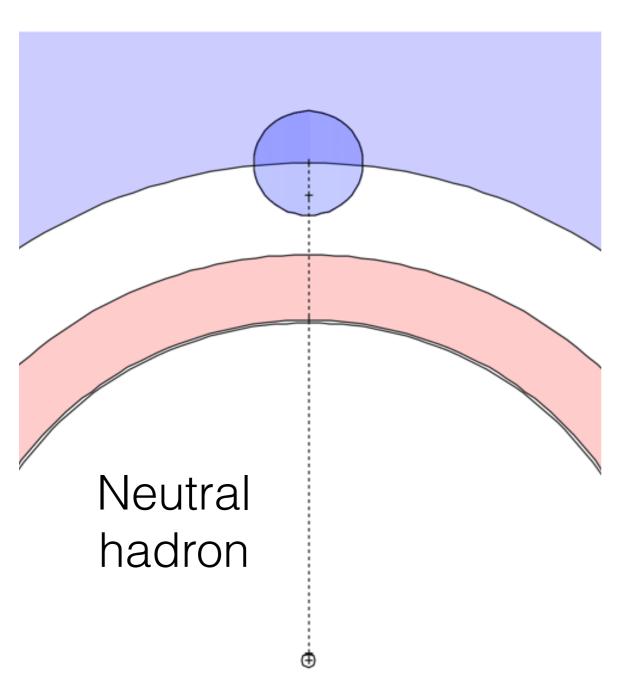


Merged clusters

- energy is summed
- cannot be resolved in particle flow

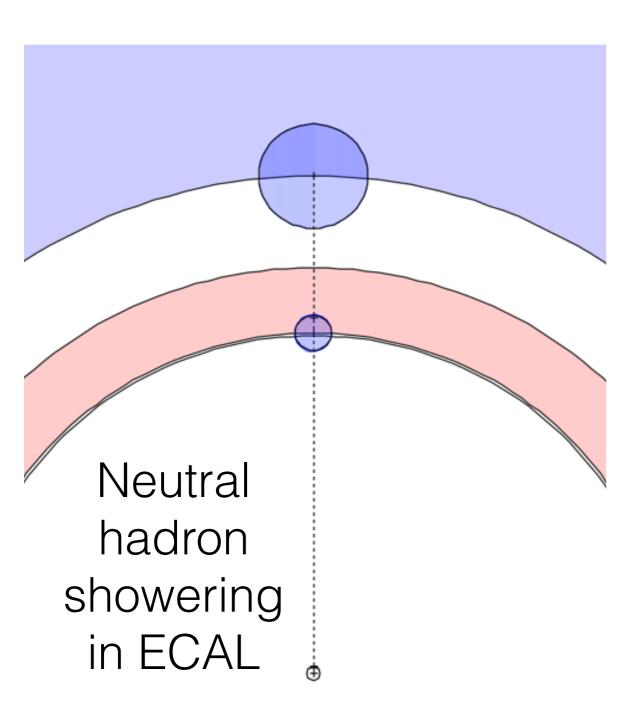
Particle flow: neutral hadron

Papas features a real particle flow algorithm ~ in CMS

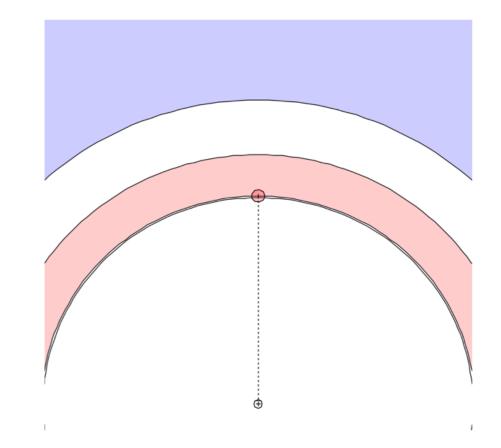


- HCAL cluster
 - → Neutral hadron
 - energy and direction from the cluster
 - assume m_K0L
 - assume primary vertex origin

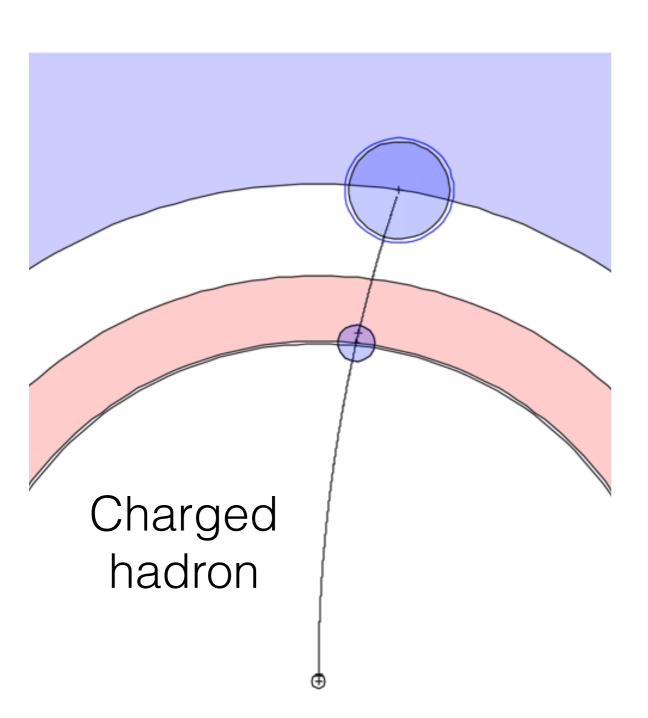
Particle flow: neutral hadron



- HCAL cluster
 - → Neutral hadron
- ECAL cluster
 - → Photon

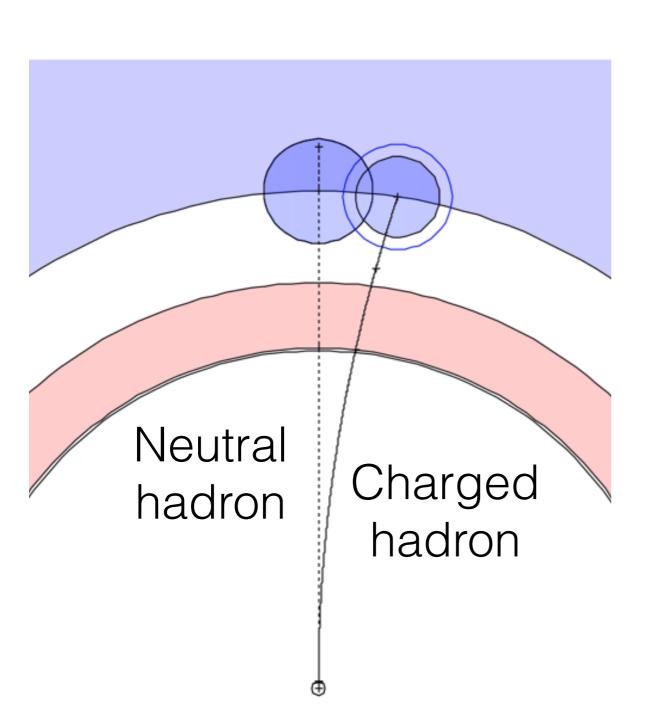


Particle flow: charged hadron



- Track
 - → Charged hadron
 - momentum from the track
 - assume m_pi
 - clusters not used
- electrons and muons discussed later

Particle flow: charged + neutral



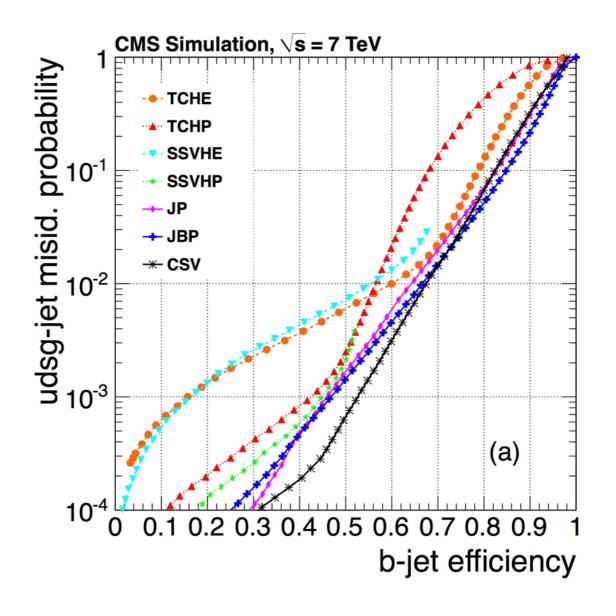
- Track
 - → Charged hadron
 - momentum from the track
 - assume m_pi
- Merged cluster: unresolved neutral
- Significant energy excess in HCAL
 - → Neutral hadron
 - calorimeter resolution for hadrons important if granularity is bad

e and μ

- In papas:
 - Momentum smearing
 - resolution parametrisation (e.g. vs pT, E, θ , ...)
 - Acceptance
 - efficiency parametrisation
- Something more ambitious could be done
 - model material in tracker, track fit, particle-flow electron reconstruction
- Better go full sim?

Jets and tagging

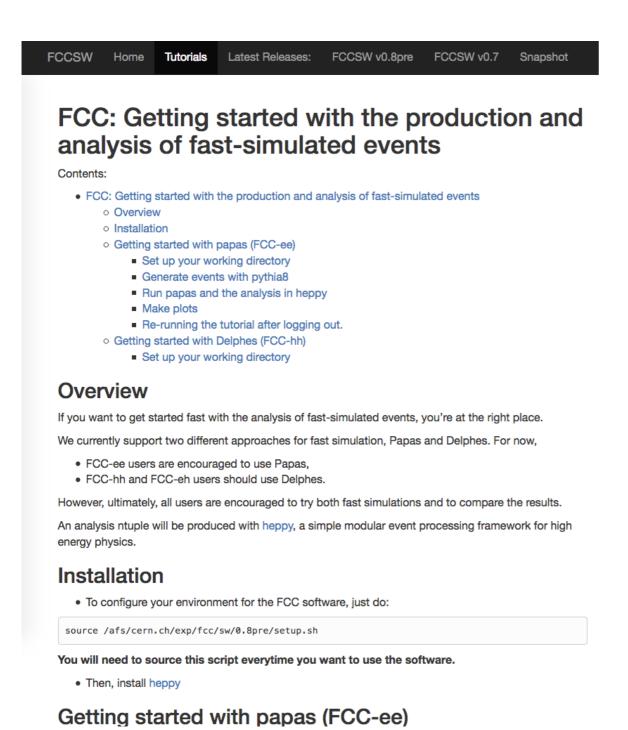
- papas runs fastjet
 - ▶ kT-ee exclusive, ...
- Simple parametrization of the tagging performance
 - provide a few points on your ROC curve
 - works for b, c, τ, tagging



Identification of b-quark jets with the CMS experiment https://arxiv.org/abs/1211.4462

Getting started

http://fccsw.web.cern.ch/



- FCC software documentation much improved recently
 - J. Lingemann and all
- Getting started page shows how to:
 - generate FCC EDM events with pythia
 - run papas
 - do analysis and get plots
 - how to run Delphes
 (FCC-hh, but applicable to FCC-ee as well)

Нерру

High Energy Physics in PYthon

- Event processing framework
- modular ~ CMSSW, Gaudi, Athena, Marlin
- written in python
- can read from root trees, CMS, FCC, LCIO event data models
- widely used in CMS
- many tools
 - batch processing, physics tools, ...

$ZH\rightarrow \mu\mu bb$ Generated particles papas (or Delphes) compute select µ Make Z Recoil isolation Reconstructed particles Particles Analysis not Z 2 Jets b tag n-tuple

Get started: install

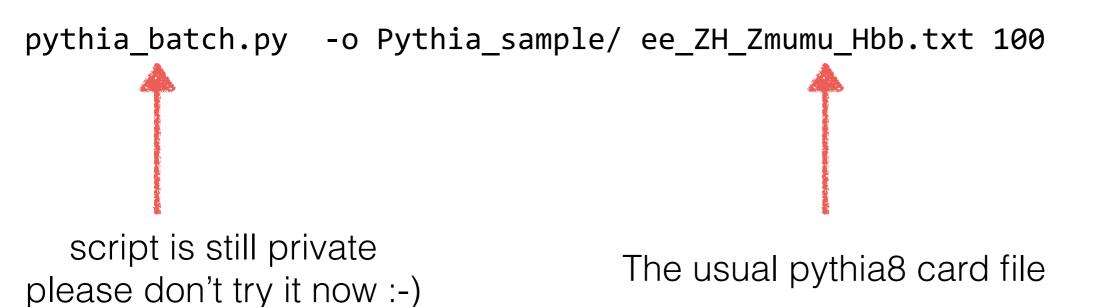
 Follow instructions from the « getting started » page on lxplus or SLC6 (1 min)

```
source /afs/cern.ch/exp/fcc/sw/0.8pre/setup.sh
git clone git@github.com:HEP-FCC/heppy.git
cd heppy/
source ./init.sh

mkdir Workdir
cd Workdir/
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/HEP-FCC/fcc-physics/master/pythia8/
ee_ZH_Zmumu_Hbb.txt
cp $HEPPY/test/analysis_ee_ZH_cfg.py .
```

Get started: run pythia

- generate 200k events with pythia8
 - ▶ 40 jobs, 5k events/job, 5 mins



Get started: papas and analysis

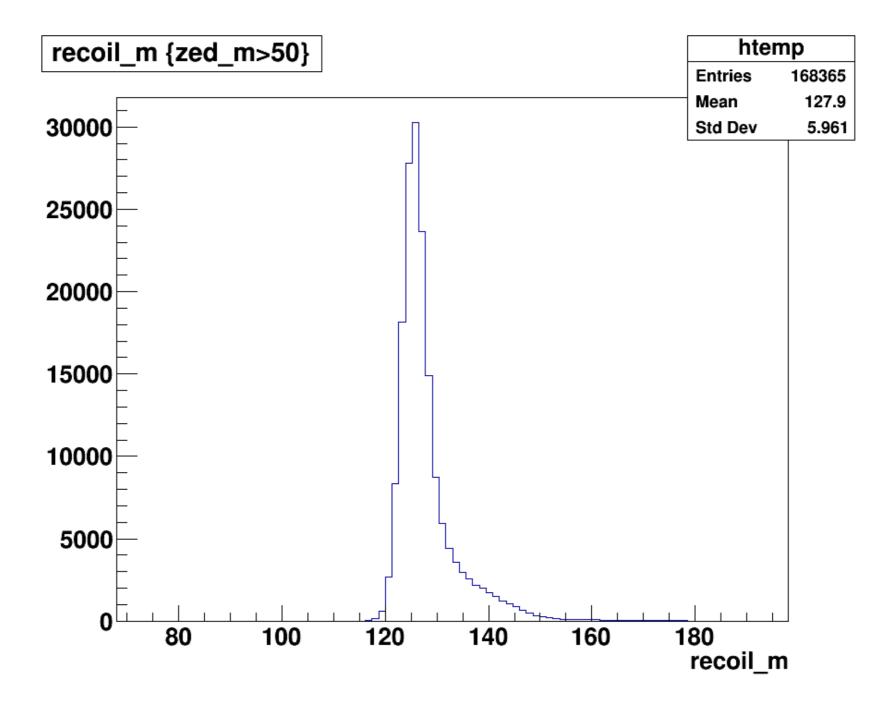
- Run papas and the analysis sequence on the CERN LSF cluster with heppy
 - → 40 jobs, 5k events/job, ~ 15 mins

```
heppy_batch.py -o Ntuples/ analysis_ee_ZH_cfg.py \
-b 'bsub -q 8nh < batchScript.sh'
```

Harvest the results (1 min)

```
cd Ntuples/
heppy_check.py *
heppy hadd.py .
```

Make the plot



events->Draw(« recoil_m », « zed_m > 50 »)

Users in FCC-ee

- ttbar analysis and b tagging studies
 - Nicolò Foppiani, Patrizia Azzi
- Sterile neutrinos
 - Sissel Bay Nilsen, Mogens Dam
- W mass
 - Marina Beguin, Elizabeth Locci
- ZH → 4 jets
 - Katharina Behr, Krisztian Peters, + students
- ZH → vv bb; WW → H
 - Gaël Touquet, C.B.
- Contact me if you want to join
 - together with Michele Selvaggi if you want to use Delphes

Current activities

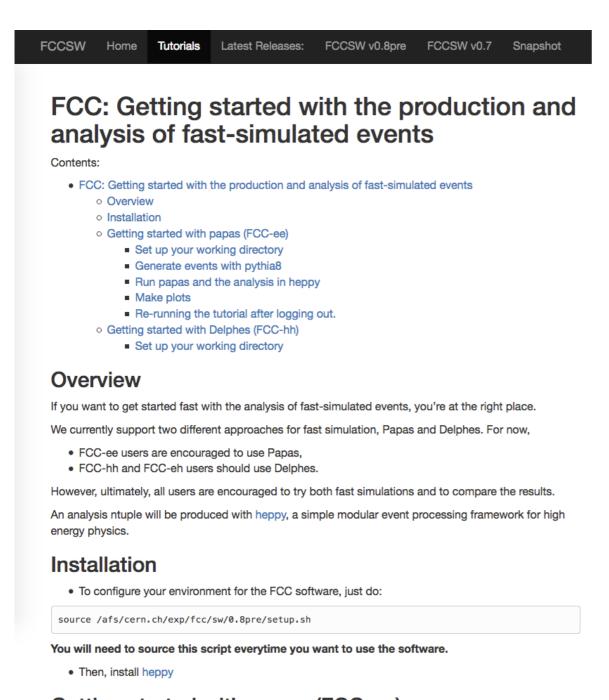
- C++ version of papas (A. Robson)
 - ▶ 10 times faster (now about 10 events/s in python)
 - Integration in fast/full simulation framework
- Cards for other detectors: ILD, FCC-ee(!)
 - also for Delphes (with M. Selvaggi)
- More example analyses
- Produce FCC EDM events with heppy/papas (B. Hegner)
 - share our samples
- More refined simulation?
 - preshower, material effects in inner tracker, track fit or full sim
 - high-level reconstruction (e.g. τ identification)

Conclusion

- Papas: generic and detailed model of particle flow
 - detector parameter scan from CMS to ILC-like detectors
- Get your samples in < 1 day
 - heppy batch tools (LSF, eos)
- Compare to Delphes in particle flow mode, and use the full sim.
 - both fully integrated, several users already in FCC-hh, same analysis code can be used

Getting started

http://fccsw.web.cern.ch/



- FCC software e-group:
 - fcc-experiments-sw-dev
- You'll be very welcome at our meetings:
 - every other Wed, 11:00
- We would be happy to report in the detector WG, e.g.
 - fast/full simulation framework (Anna)
 - designing a full sim detector model in the FCCSW
 - pileup infrastructure (Valentin)