

Threshold corrections to the heavy Higgs decay

Hiroshi YOKOYA (KIAS)

Yuichiro Kiyo (Juntendo U) and HY, work in progress

HPNP2017, University of Toyama, March 1st, 2017

At the LHC experiments, we have found only the formation of the 125GeV Higgs so far. 2TeV diboson, 750GeV diphoton

Searches for heavy Higgs bosons in the extended Higgs sector (2HDM, HTM, HSM, ...):

$$H, A, H^{\pm}, H^{\pm\pm}, S,,,$$

MSSM neutral Higgs searches in H/A $\rightarrow \tau\tau$ mode \rightarrow stringent bound in the m_A-tan β plane.

 $m_A \sim 2m_t$ still open for tan $\beta \sim O(1)$



```
CMS-HIG-13-021, ATLAS-CONF-2016-085,,,
```

We study the threshold effects to the production and decays of neutral Higgs bosons with $m_A \sim 2m_t$. [focus on pseudoscalar (S-wave), but neglect scalar (P-wave)] Mixing of A and ttbar bound-states / interference effects in the production-decay are not implemented yet. Drees, Hikasa(90), talk by C. Zhang

Heavy Higgs Production & Decay



Yukawa interactions [in 2HDM]

$$\mathcal{L}_{Y} = \sum_{f} \xi_{A}^{f} \frac{y_{f}}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{f}[i\gamma_{5}] f A$$

$$\xi_{A}^{t} = \cot \beta,$$
(Type-II) $\xi_{A}^{b,\tau} = \tan \beta$



Production processes

Decay channels

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textcircled{ } & gg \rightarrow A, & \text{loop-induced, the largest} \\ & q\bar{q} \rightarrow HA, \\ & q\bar{q}' \rightarrow H^{\pm}A, \\ & gg(q\bar{q}) \rightarrow q\bar{q}A, \end{array}$

threshold corrections

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & A \rightarrow t\overline{t}, \\ & A \rightarrow b\overline{b}, \\ & A \rightarrow b\overline{b}, \\ & A \rightarrow \tau^{-}\tau^{+}, \end{array} \begin{array}{ccc} & \text{Yukawa couplings} \\ & A \rightarrow \tau^{-}\tau^{+}, \end{array} \begin{array}{ccc} & \text{Yukawa couplings} \\ & A \rightarrow \tau^{-}\tau^{+}, \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} & A \rightarrow \tau^{-}\tau^{+}, \end{array} \begin{array}{cccc} & \text{gauge coupling } [\propto \cos(\beta \cdot \alpha)] \\ & & A \rightarrow HZ, \\ & & A \rightarrow HZ, \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} & \text{gauge coupling } [\propto \cos(\beta \cdot \alpha)] \\ & & A \rightarrow HZ, \\ & & A \rightarrow HZ, \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & \text{gauge coupling } [\propto \cos(\beta \cdot \alpha)] \\ & & & A \rightarrow HZ, \\ & & & A \rightarrow HZ, \end{array}$$





Important even below $m_A \simeq 2m_t$ through off-shell top-quarks

$$\Gamma_{A \to t\bar{t}} \simeq \operatorname{Im} \left[\cdots \bigcirc \cdots \right]$$

HDECAY: (above thr.) tt@NLO

LO, NLO calc. for tt/bWbW

(below thr.) tbW@LO

Drees, Hikasa (90); MG5 aMC@NLO

Djouadi, Kalinowski, Spira (97)

Large QCD correction near threshold, because of Coulomb singularity.



 $\Gamma_{A \to t\bar{t}} \simeq m_A \beta \left| 1 + \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi} C_F \left(\frac{\pi^2}{2\beta} - 3 + \cdots \right) + \cdots \right|$



Loop-induced decays



Spira, Djouadi, Graudenz, Zerwas (95); Harlander, Kant (05); Aglietti, Bonciani, Degrassi, Vicini (07);

γγ: analytic 2-loop correction known
gg/Zγ: 2-loop numerically (we use 1-loop amp.)

$$\mathcal{F}_{A \to \gamma\gamma, t}(v) = \mathcal{F}_t^{(0)}(v) + \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi} \mathcal{F}_t^{(1)}(v)$$
$$v = \sqrt{1 - \tau}, \ \tau = 4m_t^2/m_A^2$$

Threshold expansion → Coulomb summation



1-loop/2-loop top-loop func.

Re[*F*]

Im[*F*]



7

Production: $\sigma(gg \rightarrow A)$ also roughly $\times 2^{\sim}3$

Summary and Outlook

- We studied the threshold corrections to the heavy Higgs decays and production for $m_A \sim 2m_t$.
- Near the heavy quark mass threshold, large Coulomb corrections arise, which have to be resummed to all orders in α_s .
- We formulated the threshold-correction based on NRQCD, and investigated a numerical impact of these corrections.

$$\frac{\Gamma_{A \to t\bar{t}}^{\text{thr.}}}{\Gamma_{A \to t\bar{t}}^{\text{pert.}}} \simeq 10 - 20 \qquad \frac{\Gamma_{A \to \gamma\gamma, gg, Z\gamma}^{\text{thr.}}}{\Gamma_{A \to \gamma\gamma, gg, Z\gamma}^{\text{pert.}}} \simeq 2 - 3 \qquad \text{@} \ \mathsf{m}_{\mathsf{A}} \, {}^{\mathsf{a}} \, \mathsf{Sm}_{\mathsf{t}}$$

• For a phenomenological application, both the production and decay have to be considered simultaneously.

 \Rightarrow mixing of A & ttbar-state / large interference effects.