

# EuroCircol - The Cosine-theta Configuration:

## Electromagnetic Design

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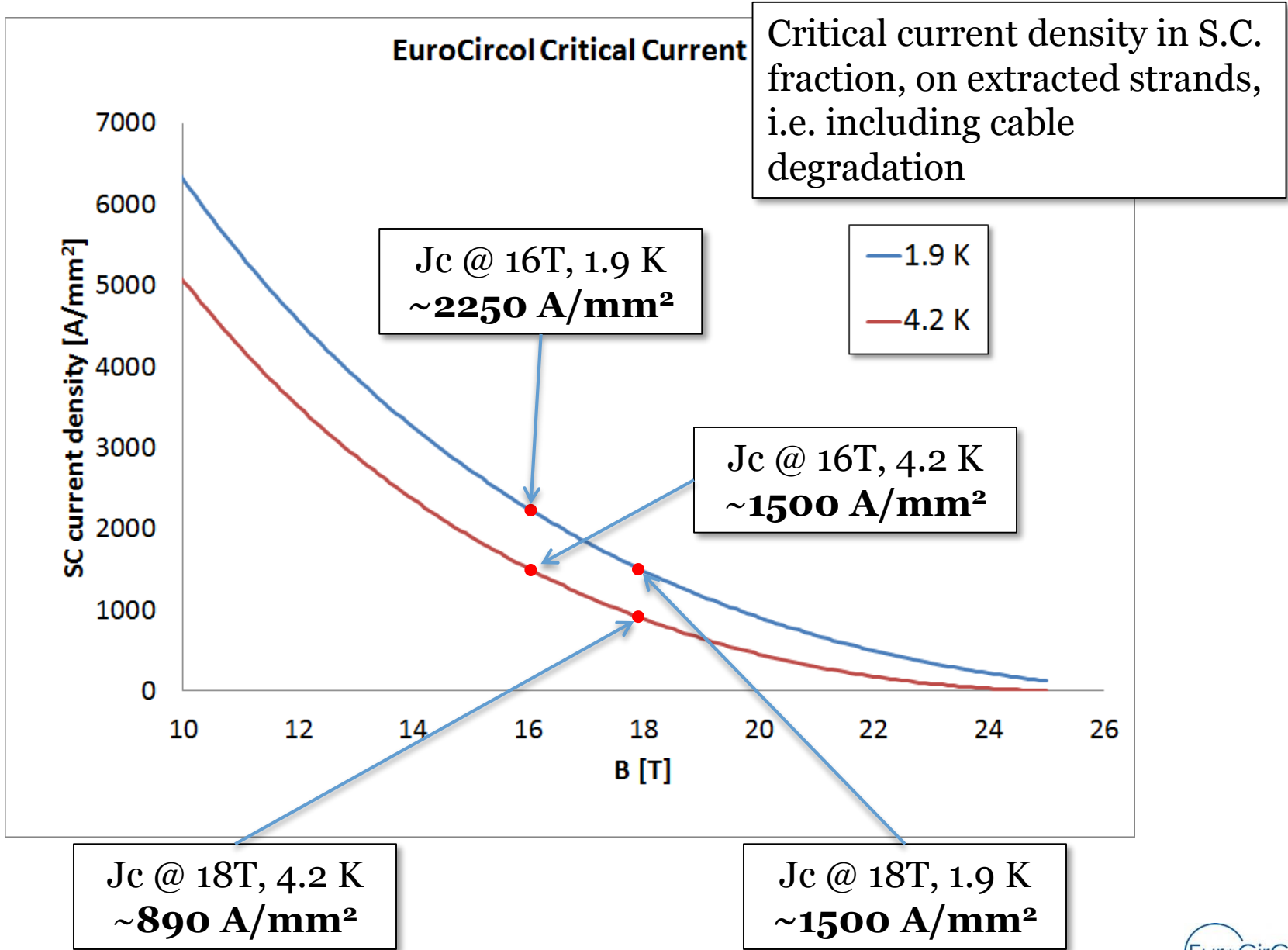
## Outline:

1. Main design parameters
2. Magnetic design
3. Protection

## 1.1 Main design parameters

<b>Constraints for the magnet design</b>	
<b>Bore inner diameter</b>	50 mm
<b>Beam distance</b>	250 mm
<b>Bore nominal field</b>	16 T
<b>Operating temperature</b>	1.9 K
<b>Oper. point on the load line (with “self field”)</b>	≤86 %
<b>Strand number per cable</b>	≤60
<b>Maximum strand diameter</b>	1.2 mm
<b>Cable insulation thickness</b>	0.15 mm
<b>Cu/NCu</b>	≥0.8
<b>Field harmonics (geometric/saturation)</b>	≤3/10 units
<b>Peak temperature (105 % of operating current)</b>	≤350 K
<b>Yoke outer radius</b>	400 mm
<b>Maximum voltage to ground</b>	~1 kV
<b>Minimum wedge thickness</b>	~1 mm

# 1.2 Main design parameters

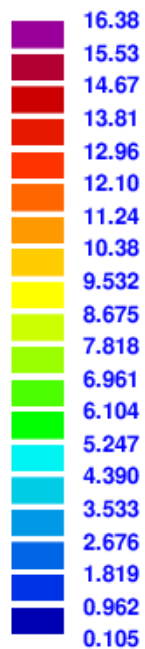


## 2.1 Magnetic design - cross section

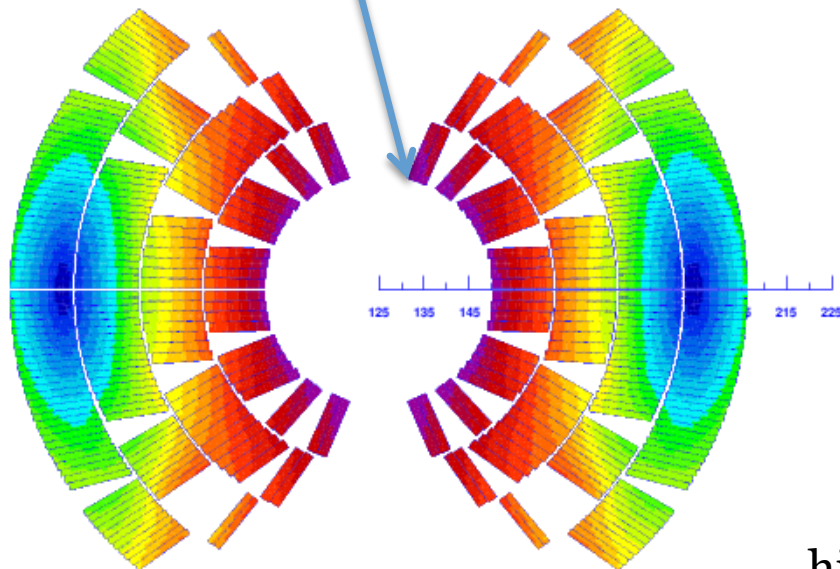
Configuration: **16T-22b-37-optd6f6**

B peak  
16.38 T (with strand "self-field")

|B| (T)

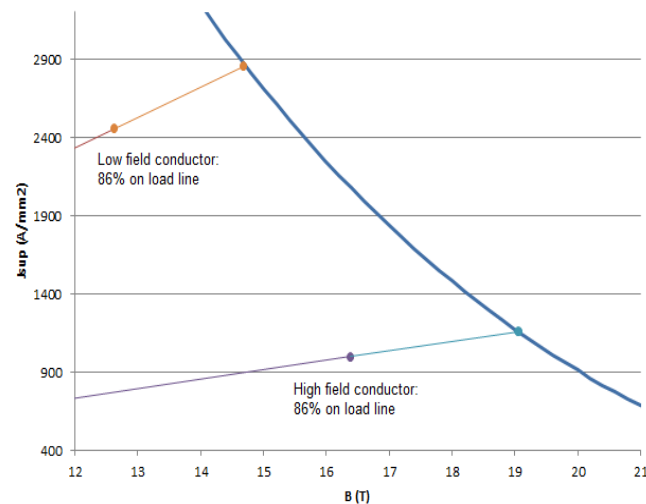


ROXIE<sub>10.2</sub>



Main characteristics:

- 2 double-pancakes
- 2 conductor size
- Splitting of pole blocks to decrease peak-field



high-field cond.

low-field cond.

Turn number:

Layer 1: 13

Layer 2: 20

Layer 3: 29

Layer 4: 39

**Tot: 202/ap.**

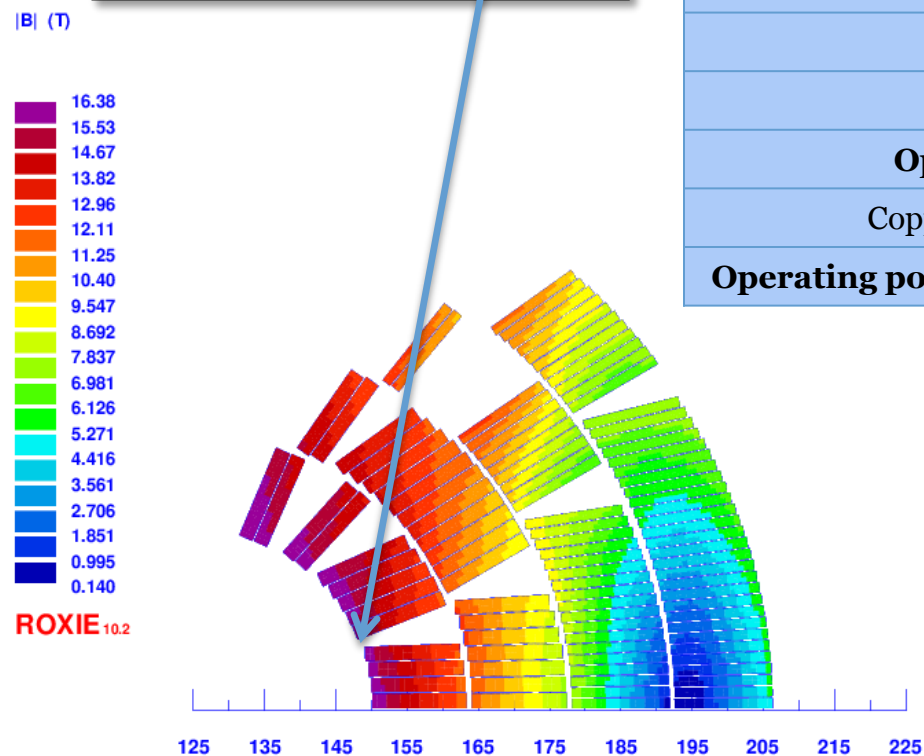
## 2.2 Magnetic design - Conductor

Wedge minimum thickness: **0.80 mm**

In LHC: 0.70 mm

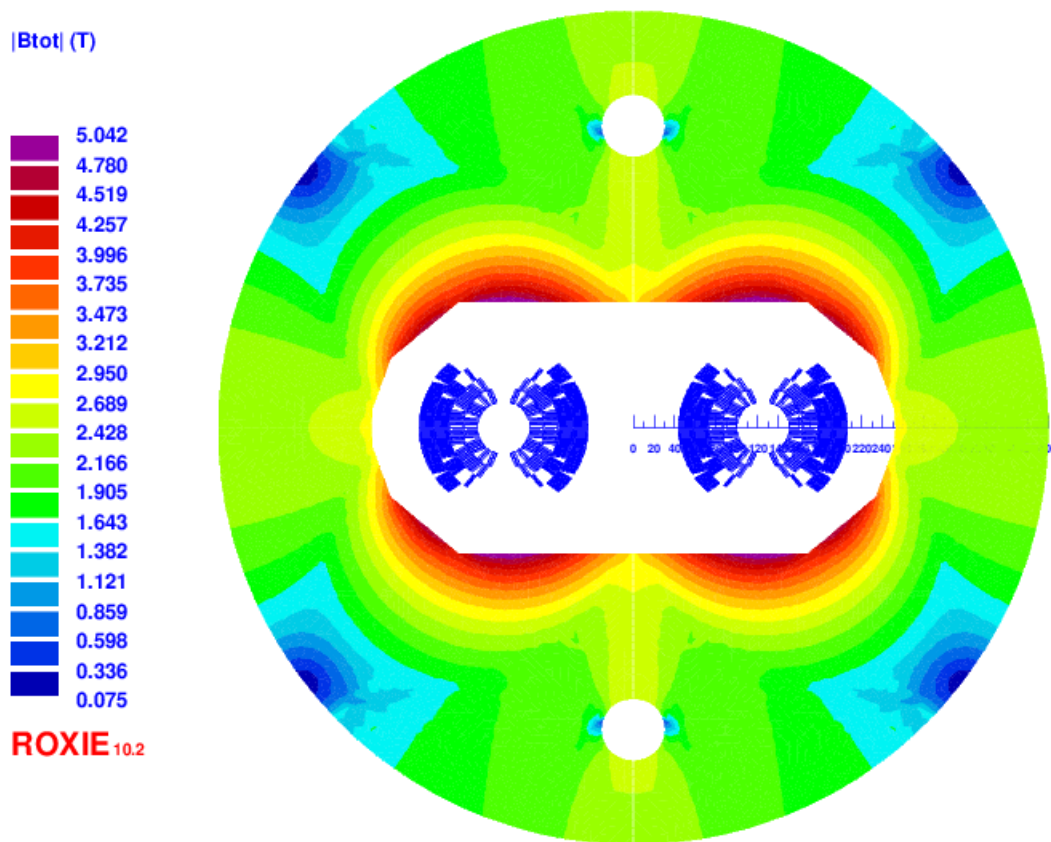
In D11: 0.98 mm

	Cable 1 (inner)	Cable 2 (outer)
Strand number	22	37
Strand diameter	1.1 mm	0.7 mm
Bare width	13.2 mm	13.65mm
Bare inner thickness	1.892 mm	1.204 mm
Bare outer thickness	2.072 mm	1.3231 mm
Insulation	0.15 mm	0.15 mm
Keystone angle	0.5°	0.5°
Cu/NCu	0.85	2.1
<b>Operating current</b>	<b>11230 A</b>	<b>11230A</b>
Copper current density	1169 A/mm <sup>2</sup>	1165 A/mm <sup>2</sup>
<b>Operating point on LL (1.9 K)</b>	<b>86%</b>	<b>86%</b>



## 2.3 Magnetic design – iron yoke

Possible lay-out of iron yoke for the positioning of collar in double aperture



Collar +  
Bladder & key

Inductance@ $I_{op}$  (1 ap)

19.7 mH/m

Stored energy (1 ap)

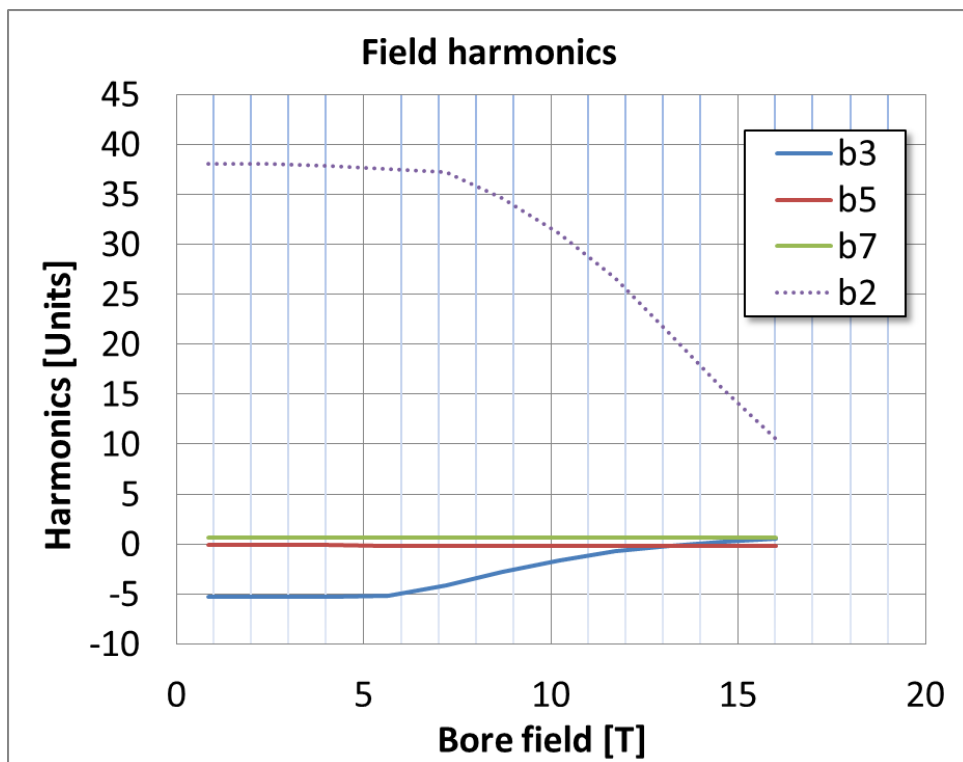
1.3 MJ/m

## 2.4 Magnetic design – field quality

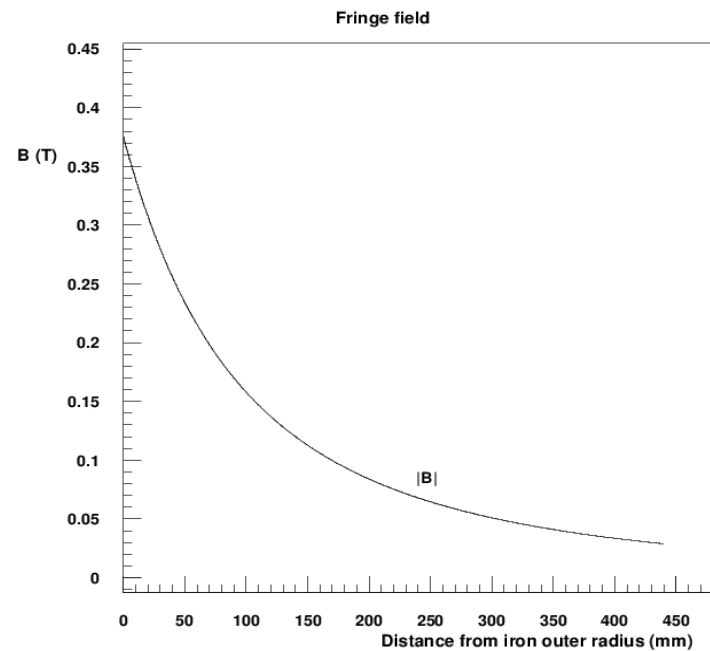
NORMAL RELATIVE MULTIPOLES @ 16 T:

b 1: 10000	b 2: 10.56	<b>b 3: -0.53</b>
b 4: -0.25	<b>b 5: -0.16</b>	b 6: -0.01
<b>b 7: 0.63</b>	b 8: -0.00	<b>b 9: 0.98</b>
b10: 0.00	<b>b11: 1.01</b>	b12: 0.00
<b>b13: -0.17</b>	b14: 0.00	<b>b15: 0.02</b>

- b2 optimization not performed
- Persistent currents **not** considered



Fringing field < 0.1 T at 200 mm from yoke





## 2.5 Magnetic design – strand area

### Conductor 1:

- 22 strands
- $\varnothing = 1.1$  mm
- **Cu/NCu = 0.85**
- $J_{\text{cu}} = 1169$  A/mm<sup>2</sup>
- Strand Area = 27.6 cm<sup>2</sup>/apert.
- Weight (FCC) = 3.14 ktons

### Conductor 2

- 36 strands
- $\varnothing = 0.712$  mm
- **Cu/NCu = 2.10**
- $J_{\text{cu}} = 1165$  A/mm<sup>2</sup>
- Strand Area = 38.7 cm<sup>2</sup>/apert.
- Weight (FCC) = 4.41 ktons

COND. AREA (double ap.): = 132.6 cm<sup>2</sup>



### FCC-hh dipoles:

➤ COND. MASS: = 7.55 ktons

#### Data for FCC-hh collider

Number of dipole units	4578
Dipole length	14.3 m
Conductor density	8.7 kg/dm <sup>3</sup>

## 2.6 Magnetic design – strand area

### ➤ Option to reduce cost

#### Conductor 2

24 (SC)+13 (Cu) strands

- $\varnothing = 0.7$  mm
- **Cu/NCu in S.C. strand= 1.0**
- $J_{cu} = 1165$  A/mm<sup>2</sup>
- Strand Area (SC)= 24.9 cm<sup>2</sup>/apert.
- Strand Area (Pure Cu) = 14.1 cm<sup>2</sup>/apert.
- SC strand weight (FCC) = 2.84 ktons
- Pure Cu strand weight (FCC) = 1.61 ktons
- Pure Cu cost << SC cost

➤ Stability as in cable 1 (Cu/NCu = 1)

➤ Current diffusion time in the Cu strands to be evaluated and **compared with discharge time**

- Zero order evaluation seems **ok** (few ms)



**TOTAL SC STRANDS: = 7.55 → 6.00 ktons (-20%)**

## 3.1 Protection

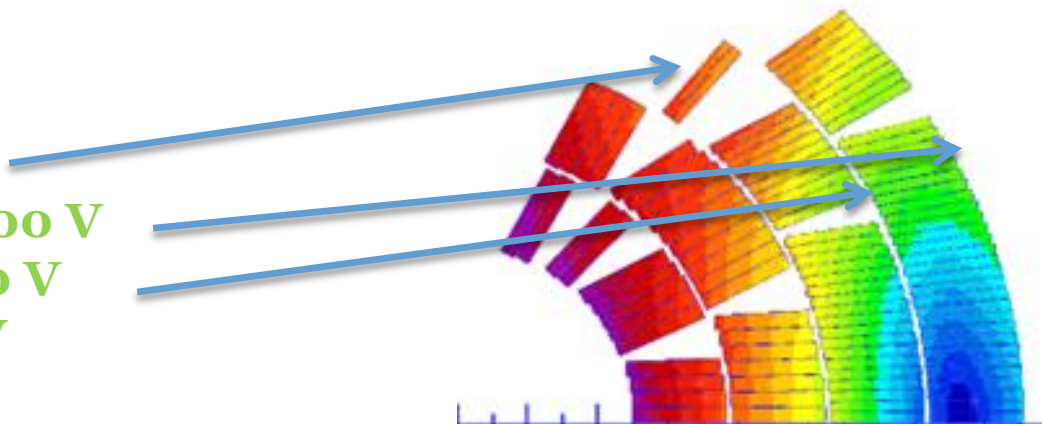
Simulations from **Coodi** (Tiina Salmi)

➤ Main assumptions:

- **No** energy extraction
- Quench induced in the whole magnet **40 ms** after initial quench start
- Inductance dependence on the current
- Material properties from **NIST**

➤ Results (**105 %** of  $I_{op}$ ):

- Hot spot temperature: **340 K**
- Maximum voltage to ground: **800 V**
- Layer-to-layer max voltage: **970 V**
- Turn-to-turn max voltage: **90 V**



More details in the Tiina Salmi talk

## **Conclusions:**

- The magnetic design fully accomplishes the EuroCirCol requirements
- The magnet produce 16 T magnetic field at 86% of the load-line (including self field)
- The pole conductors of the layer 1 and 2 have been misaligned
- Field quality is good: geometric harmonics within 1 unit, saturation of  $b_3$  within 5 units.
- 7.55 ktons of conductor, which could be optimized to 6

## **Work in progress and perspectives:**

- Iron yoke to be upgraded to the optimized version of the mechanical structure (see talk on the mechanics), not worrying
- Increase keystoneing (thin edge of low field cond.)?
- Optimization of  $b_2$  to be performed
- Study feasibility of conductor with pure Cu strands
- Start e.m. 3D study?