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Two short comments on:  
Lepton number violation searches at LHC

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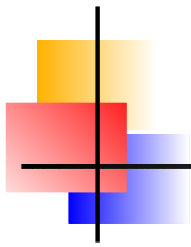


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*II.* Dijet constraints on LNV searches



*I.*

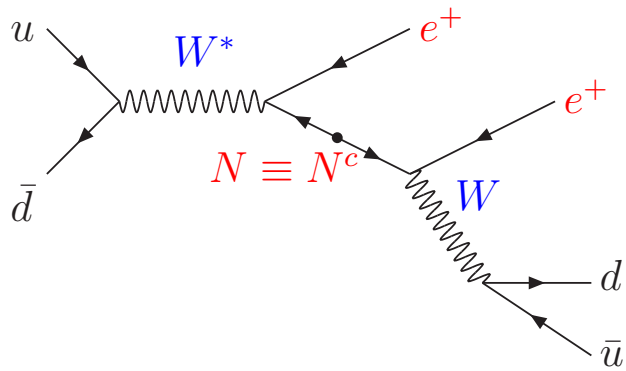
# Quasi-Dirac neutrinos at the LHC

Anamiati, Hirsch & Nardi

**JHEP1610 (2016) 010**

# LNv @ LHC

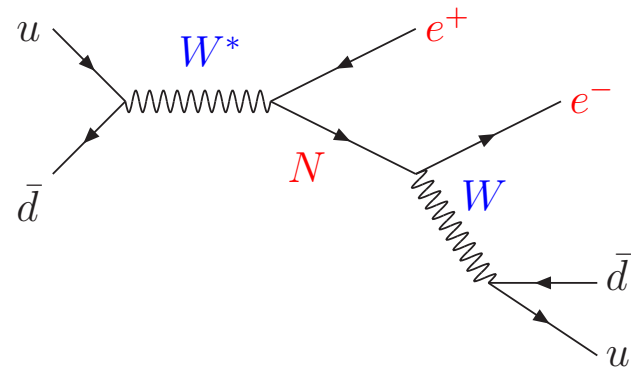
$$pp \rightarrow l^+l^+ + jj$$



Majorana neutrino

$$R_{ll} \equiv 1$$

$$pp \rightarrow l^+l^- + jj$$



Dirac neutrino

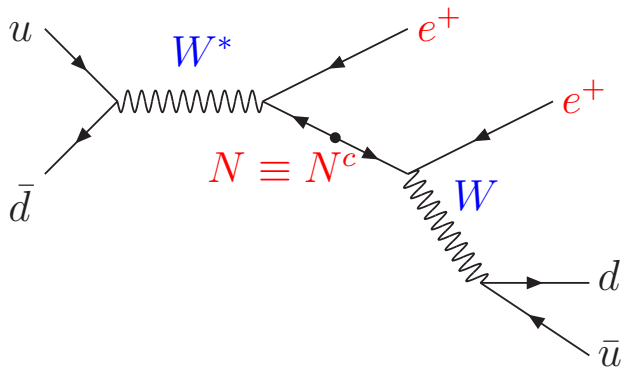
$$R_{ll} \equiv 0$$

where:

$$R_{ll} = \frac{\#(l^+l^+jj) + \#(l^-l^-jj)}{\#(l^+l^-jj)}$$

# LNv @ LHC

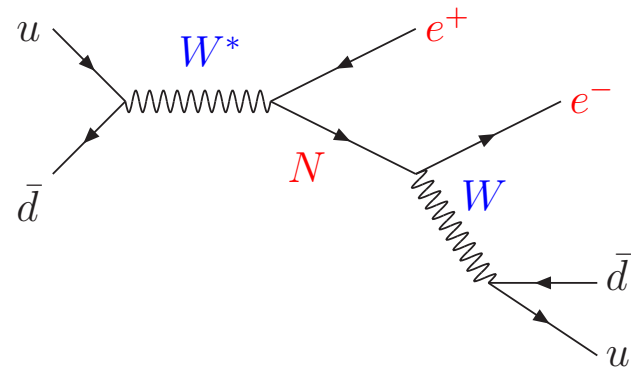
$$pp \rightarrow l^+l^+ + jj$$



Majorana neutrino

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Dirac neutrino

$$R_{ll} \equiv 0$$

Can one have  $R_{ll} = 1/2, 1/4 \dots 1/13$ ?



# Inverse seesaw

Inverse seesaw, basis  $(\nu_L, N_R^c, S_R^c)$ :

$$M_\nu = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & m_D^T & 0 \\ m_D & 0 & M_R \\ 0 & M_R^T & \mu \end{pmatrix}$$

Mohapatra &  
Valle, 1986

“Inverse” seesaw, because:

$$\begin{aligned} m_\nu &\Rightarrow 0 \\ M_\pm &\Rightarrow \pm \left( \hat{M}_R + \left\{ m_D \cdot m_D^T, \hat{M}_R^{-1} \right\} \right) \quad \text{IF: } \mu \Rightarrow 0 \end{aligned}$$

In this limit:

⇒ Light neutrinos massless

⇒ Heavy neutrinos: Dirac pair

Smallness of  $m_\nu$  due to nearly conserved L!



# Inverse seesaw

Inverse seesaw, basis  $(\nu_L, N_R^c, S_R^c)$ :

$$M_\nu = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & m_D^T & 0 \\ m_D & 0 & M_R \\ 0 & M_R^T & \mu \end{pmatrix}$$

Mohapatra &  
Valle, 1986

For non-zero  $\mu$ :

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{m}_\nu &= V_L m_\nu V_L^T = V_L m_D^T \cdot (M_R^T)^{-1} \cdot \mu \cdot (M_R)^{-1} \cdot m_D V_L^T \\ M_\pm &= \left( \hat{M}_R + \left\{ m_D \cdot m_D^T, \hat{M}_R^{-1} \right\} \right) \pm \frac{1}{2} \mu V \end{aligned}$$

$\Rightarrow$  - 3 light eigenvalues:  $\hat{m}_\nu$

$\Rightarrow$  - (3+3) heavy (nearly diagonal) eigenvalues :  $\hat{M}_\pm = \hat{M}_R \pm \frac{1}{2} \mu V$  **Quasi-Dirac!**



# Quasi-Dirac $\nu$ oscillations

Write the state from  $W_{L/R}^+ \rightarrow \bar{\ell}N_\ell$  and its conjugate state from  $W_{L/R}^- \rightarrow \ell N_{\bar{\ell}}$  in terms of the mass eigenstates as:

$$N_\ell = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(N_+ - iN_-),$$
$$N_{\bar{\ell}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(N_+ + iN_-).$$

Let them evolve. After time  $t$ :

$$N_\ell(t) = g_+(t)N_\ell + g_-(t)N_{\bar{\ell}},$$
$$N_{\bar{\ell}}(t) = g_-(t)N_\ell + g_+(t)N_{\bar{\ell}},$$

where the oscillating amplitudes read :

$$g_+(t) = e^{-iMt} e^{-\frac{\Gamma}{2}t} \cos\left(\frac{\Delta M}{2}t\right),$$
$$g_-(t) = i e^{-iMt} e^{-\frac{\Gamma}{2}t} \sin\left(\frac{\Delta M}{2}t\right).$$





# Quasi-Dirac $\nu$ oscillations

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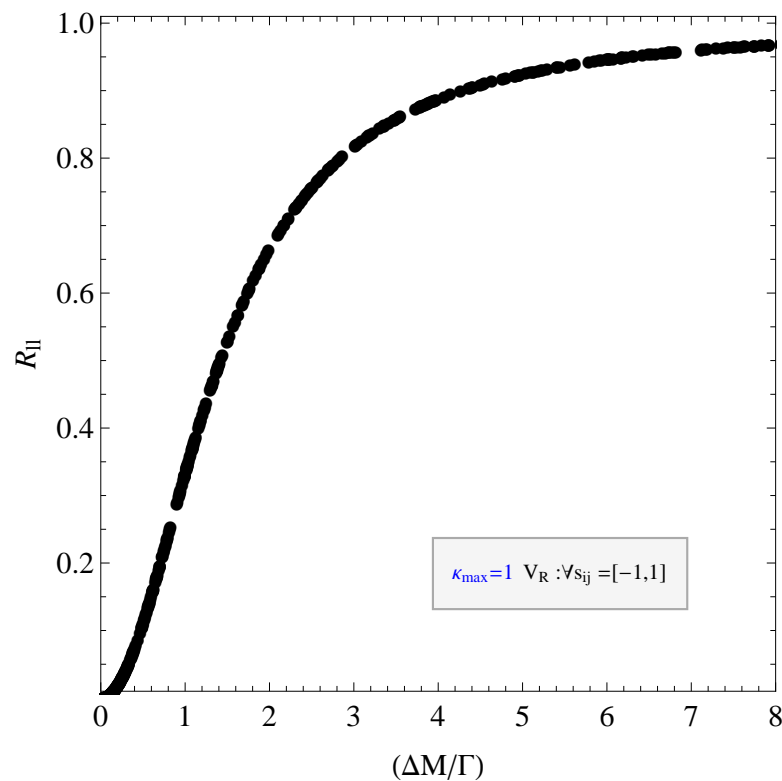
If  $\Gamma \gtrsim 10^{-14}$  GeV (or so), decay length short. Integrate over time:

$$R_{ll} = \frac{\int_0^\infty |g_-|^2 dt}{\int_0^\infty |g_+|^2 dt} = \frac{\Delta M^2}{2\Gamma^2 + \Delta M^2} .$$

# Quasi-Dirac $\nu$ oscillations

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Physics interpretation:

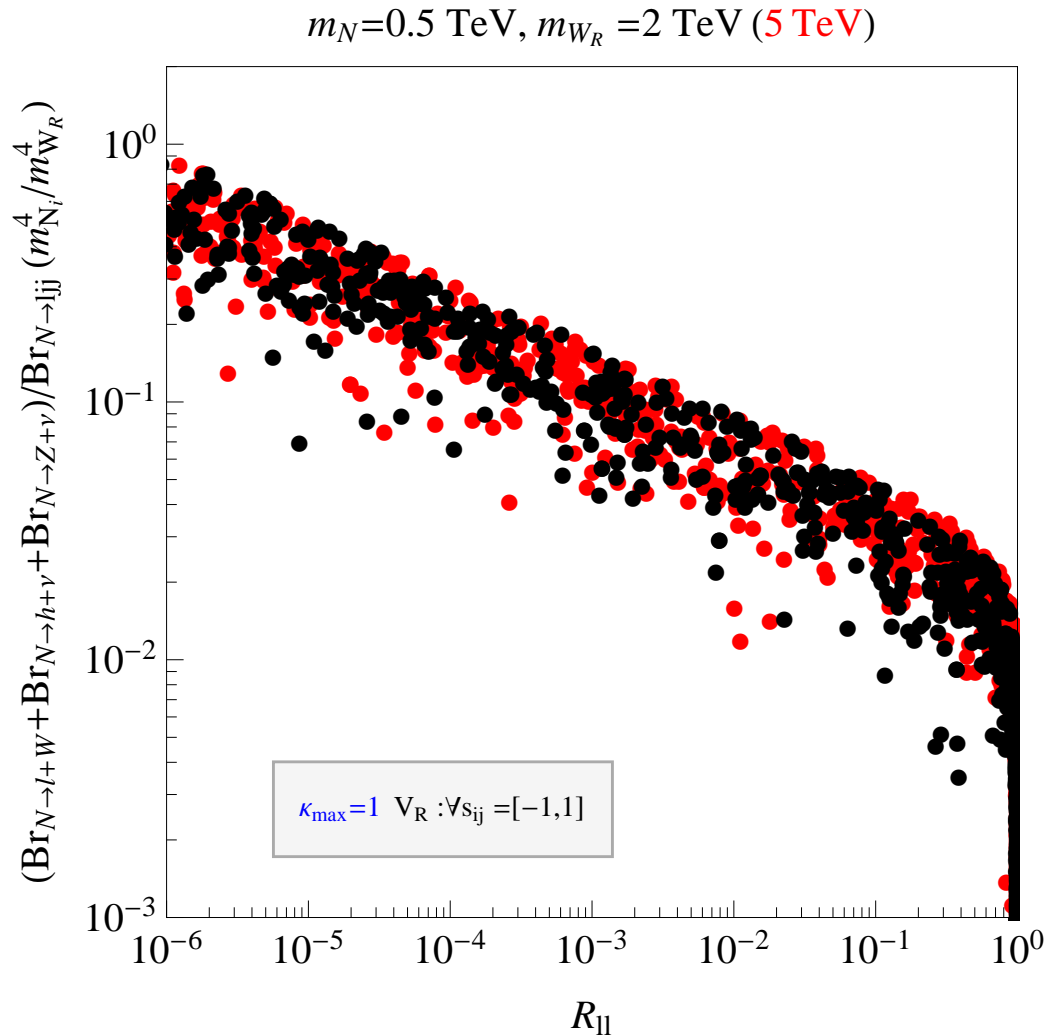
If  $\Gamma \simeq \Delta M$

states can interfere!

$R_{ll}$  any value in (0,1)

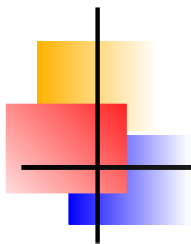
Is this observable at LHC?

# Heavy neutrino decays



Plot for LR model  
+ inverse seesaw

Decays to SM bosons  
(anti-)correlate with  $R_{II}$ !



*II.*

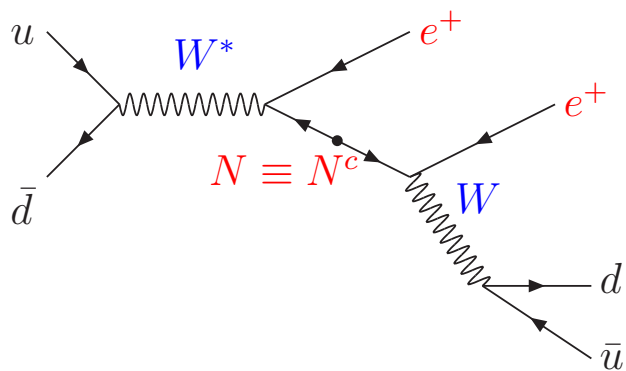
# Dijet constraints on LNV searches

Helo & Hirsch

**Phys.Rev. D92 (2015) 073017**

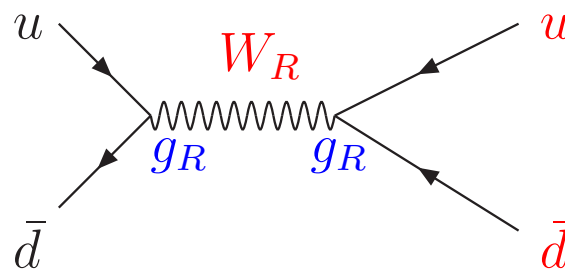
# LNV and Di-jets @ LHC

$$pp \rightarrow l^+ l^+ + jj$$



Lepton number violation

$$pp \rightarrow jj$$

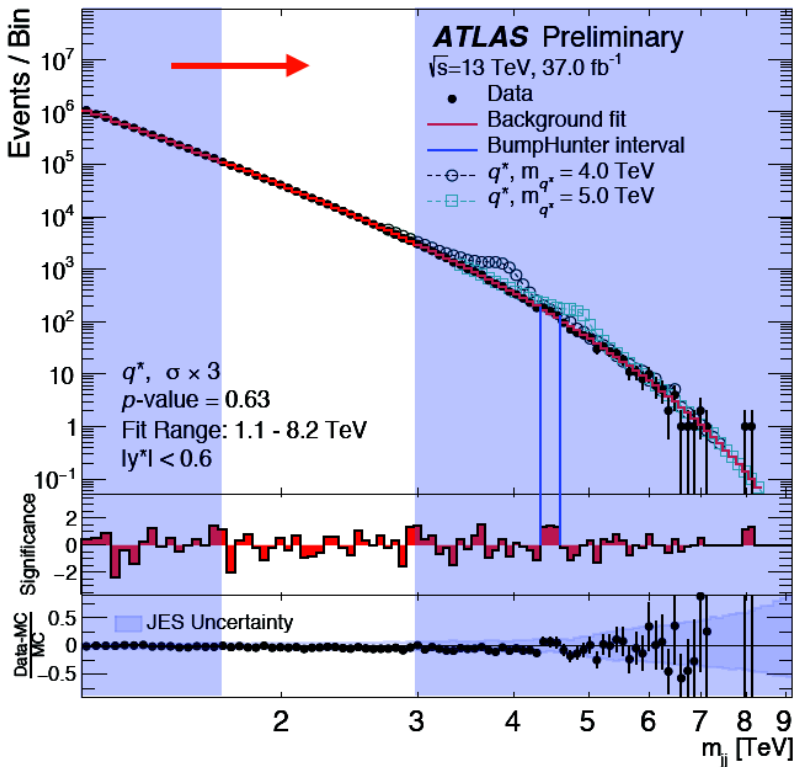


Lepton number conserved

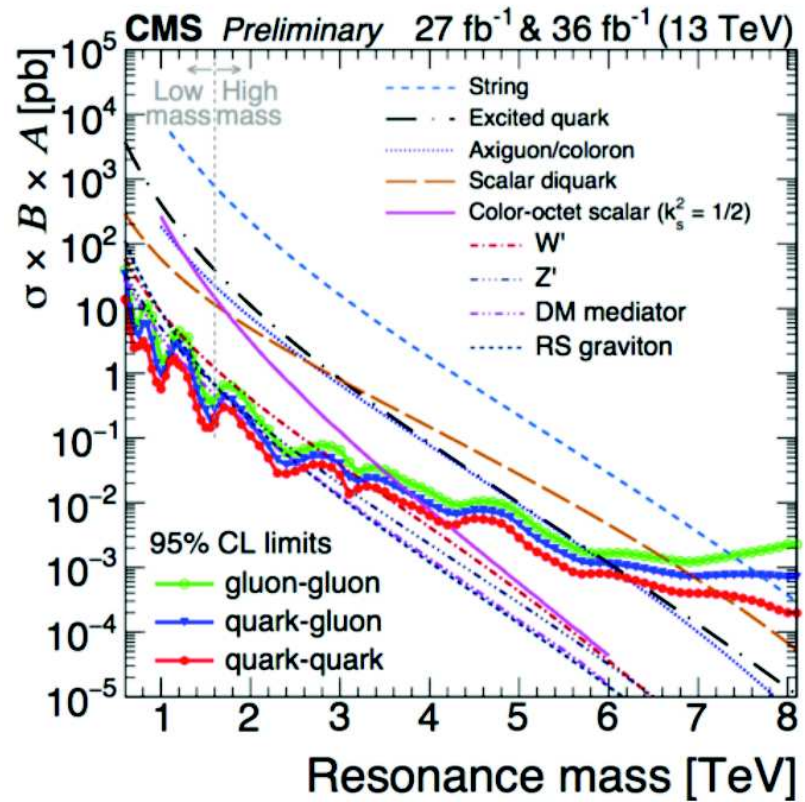
⇒ production cross section proportional to  $g_R^2$

⇒ Significant branching ratio to LNC state unavoidable

# Dijets 2017



PAPER EXOT-2016-21

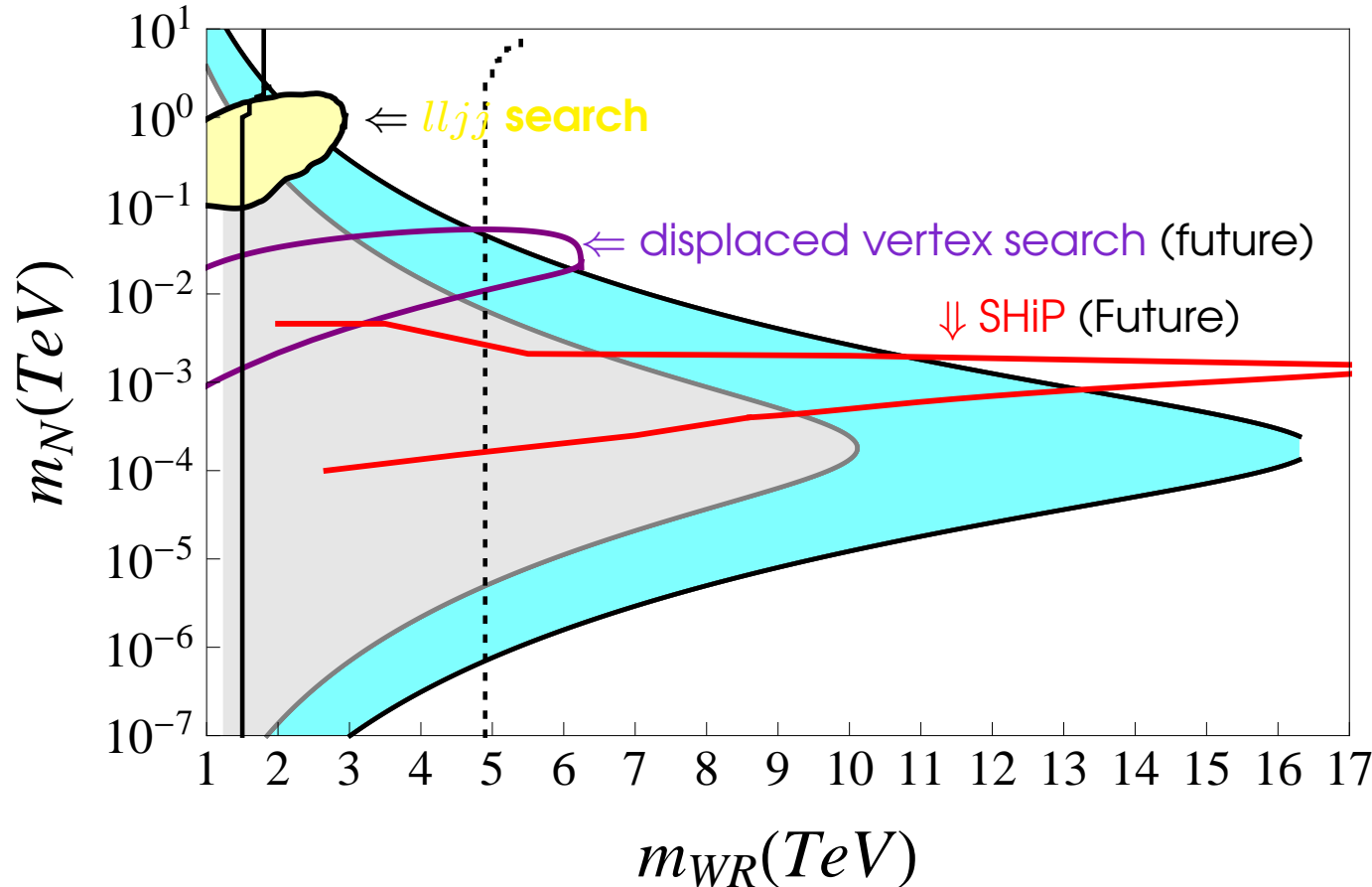


LEFT: ATLAS Dijet data

RIGHT: CMS Limits from dijet data

# Dijet and $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay

Absence of  $pp \rightarrow W_R \rightarrow jj$  gives limit on  $0\nu\beta\beta$ :



Helo & Hirsch  
PRD92 (2015)

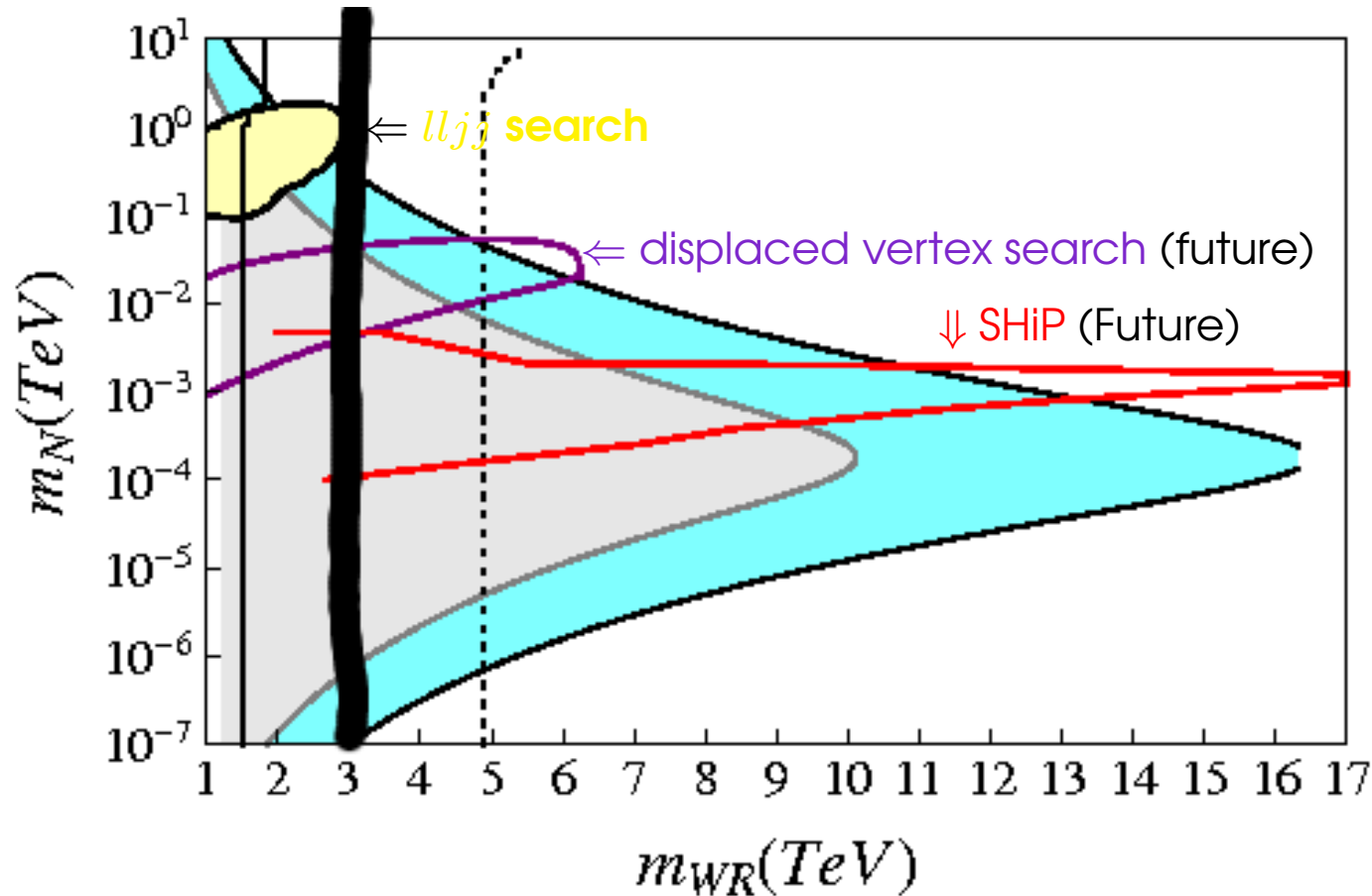
**gray:**  
 $T_{1/2}^{0\nu\beta\beta} \gtrsim 10^{25}$  ys

**cyan:**  
 $T_{1/2}^{0\nu\beta\beta} \gtrsim 10^{27}$  ys

⇒ full (dashed) 8 TeV data limit  
(future sensitivity) for dijet data

# Dijet and $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay

Absence of  $pp \rightarrow W_R \rightarrow jj$  gives limit on  $0\nu\beta\beta$ :



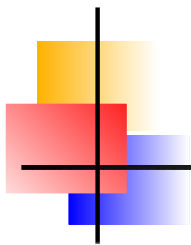
Helo & Hirsch  
PRD92 (2015)

gray:  
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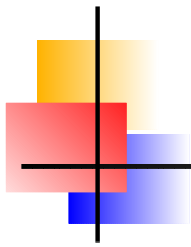
cyan:  
 $T_{1/2}^{0\nu\beta\beta} \gtrsim 10^{27}$  ys

⇒ thick full line: **estimated** limit  
from latest dijet data



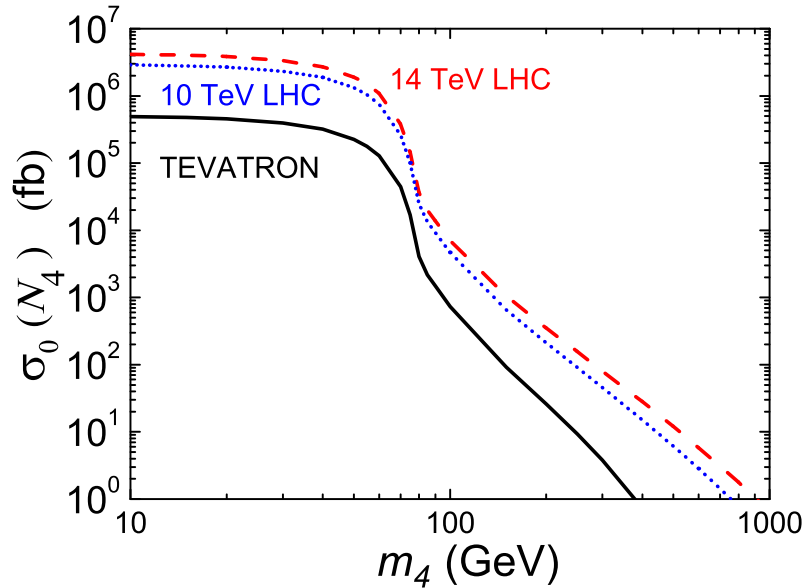


Thank you for your attention!



# Backup slides

# Cross sections

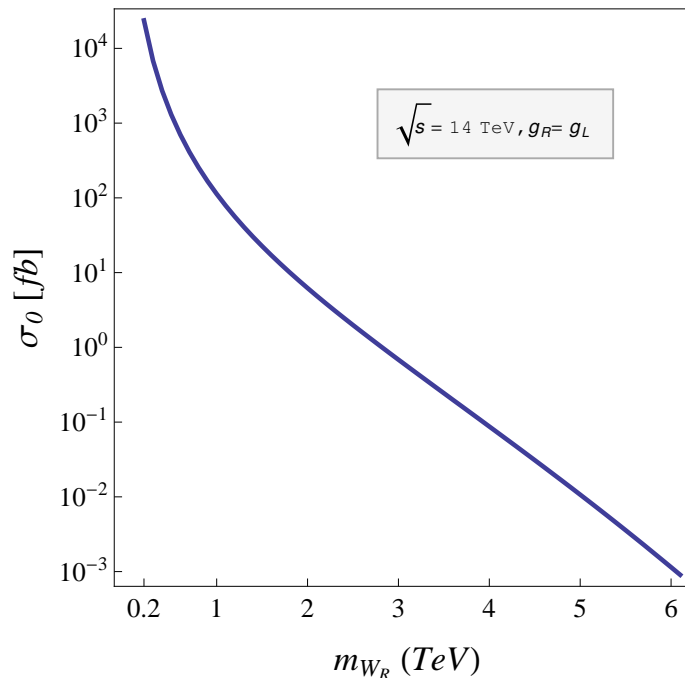


Heavy neutrino production in SM:

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow W^* \rightarrow l_\alpha^\pm + N_k) \propto |U_{\alpha k}|^2 \sigma_0$$

this plot from:

[Atre et al, JHEP 0905 \(2009\) 030](#)



Heavy neutrino production in LR model:

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow W_R) \times Br(W_R \rightarrow l_\alpha^\pm + N_k)$$

For  $m_N \gtrsim 100$  GeV

(even for  $|U_{\alpha k}|^2 \simeq \mathcal{O}(0.3)$ )

$$\sigma_{LR}/\sigma_{SM} \gtrsim 100$$