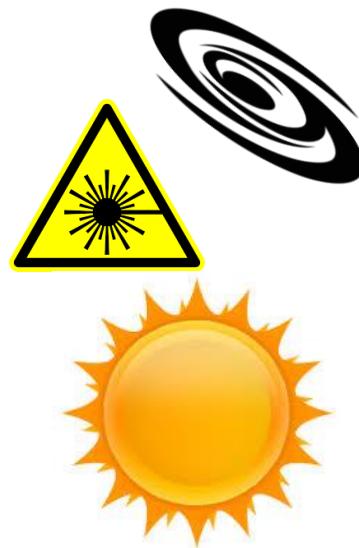


Physics case, prospects and status of the International AXion Observatory IAXO

Igor G. Irastorza (U. Zaragoza)
Axions&IAXO in Spain, Zaragoza, October 27th 2016



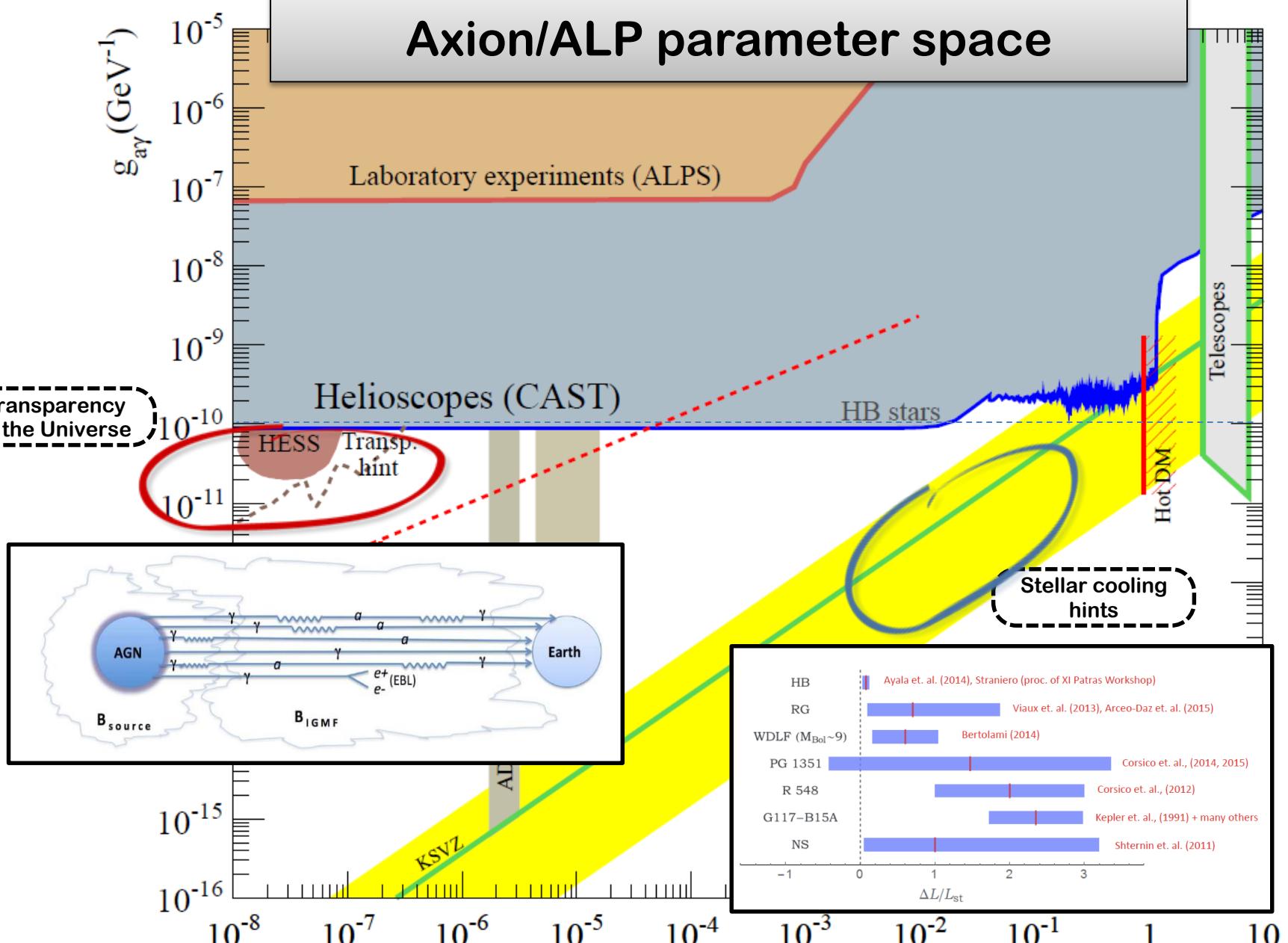
IAXO in the axion landscape



Source	Experiments	Model & Cosmology dependency	Technology
Relic axions	ADMX, ADMX-HF, Casper, CAPP, ...	High	New ideas emerging, Active R&D going on,...
Lab axions	ALPS, OSQAR, fifth force exps,...	Very low	
Solar axions	SUMICO, CAST, IAXO	Low	Ready for large scale experiment

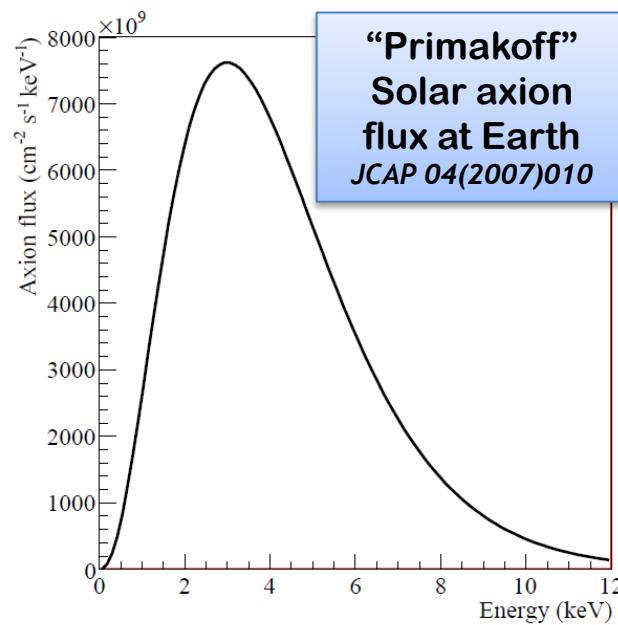
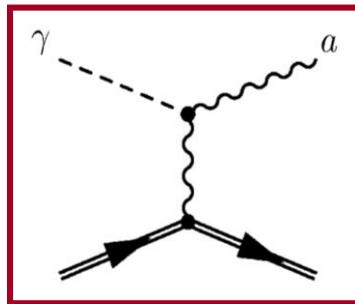
- Helioscopes → do not rely on the axion being the dominant DM component. Solar axion emission robust prediction
- Helioscopes → No R&D needed. Technology mature enough for a large scale experiment (IAXO)
- Large complementarity with other detection strategies

Axion/ALP parameter space



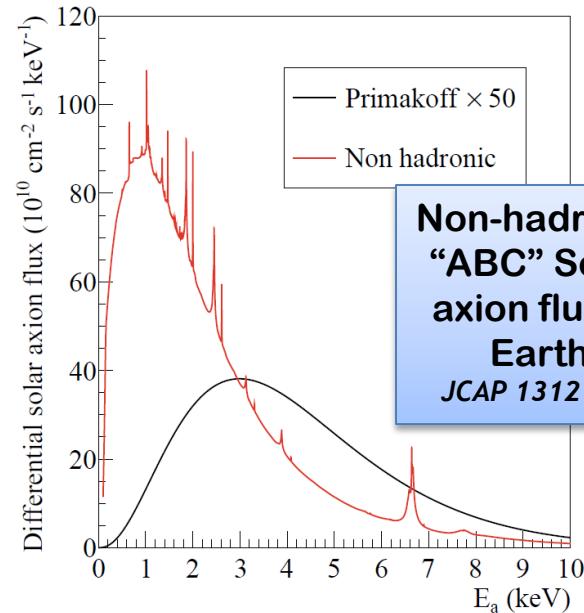
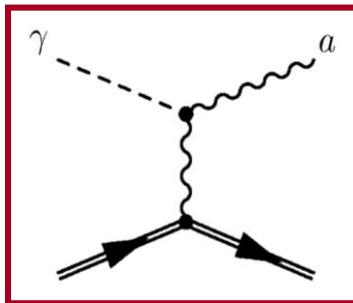
Solar Axions

- Solar axions produced by photon-to-axion conversion of the solar plasma photons in the solar core



Solar Axions

- Solar axions produced by photon-to-axion conversion of the solar plasma photons in the solar core



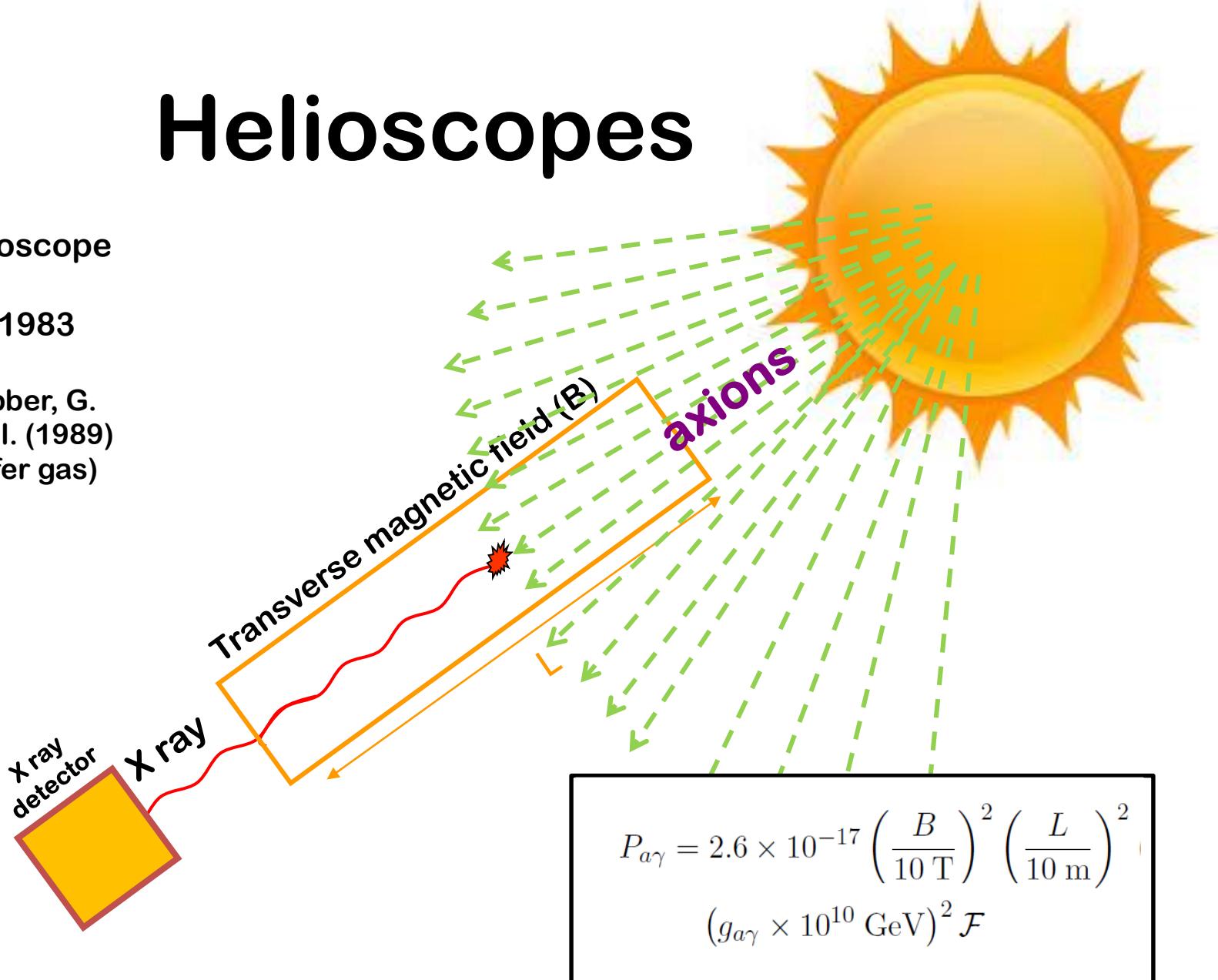
Non-hadronic
“ABC” Solar
axion flux at
Earth
JCAP 1312 008

* if the axion couples
with the electron (g_{ae})
(non hadronic axion)

Helioscopes

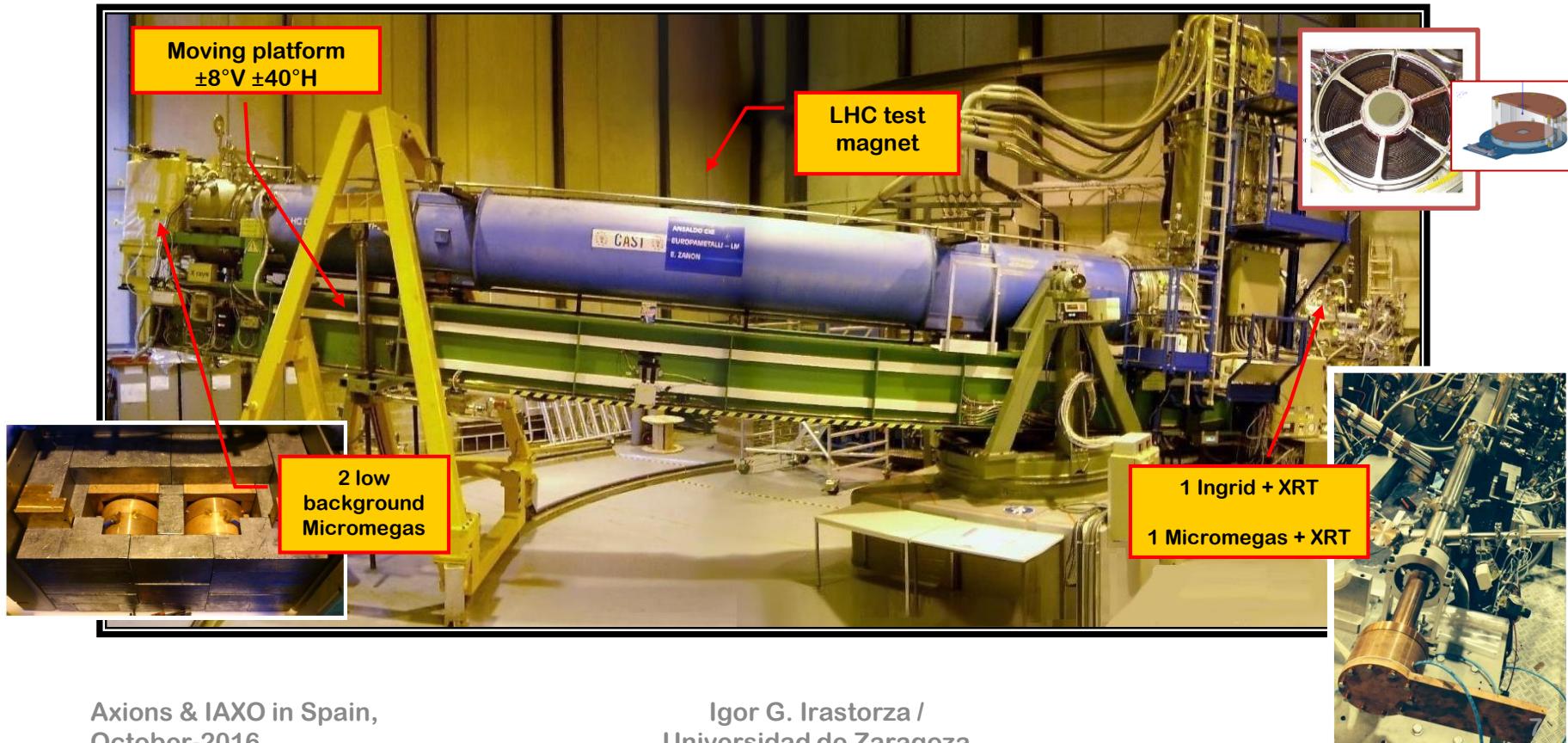
Axion helioscope
concept
P. Sikivie, 1983

+ K. van Bibber, G.
Raffelt, et al. (1989)
(use of buffer gas)



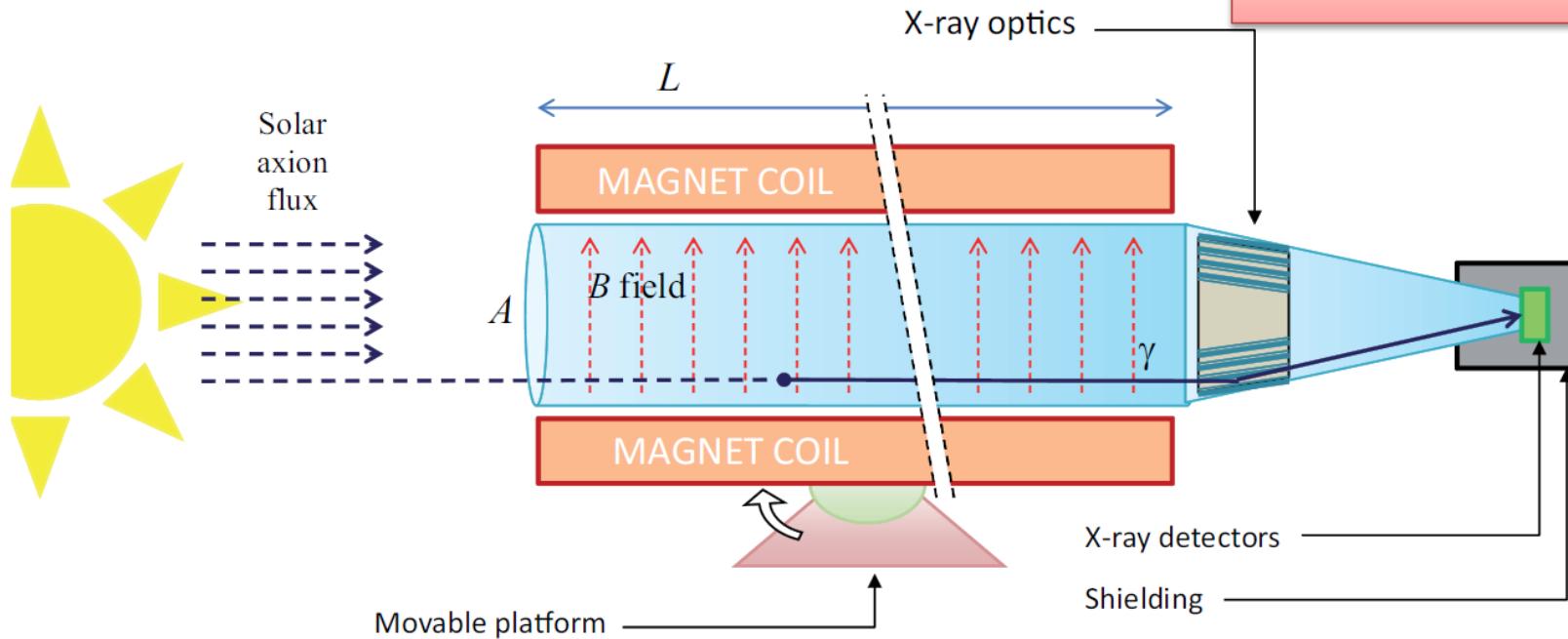
CAST experiment @ CERN

- Decommissioned LHC test magnet (L=10m, B=9 T)
- Moving platform $\pm 8^\circ V \pm 40^\circ H$ (to allow up to 50 days / year of alignment)
- 4 magnet bores to look for X rays
- 2 X ray telescopes to increase signal/noise ratio.



IAXO – Concept

Enhanced axion helioscope:
JCAP 1106:013, 2011

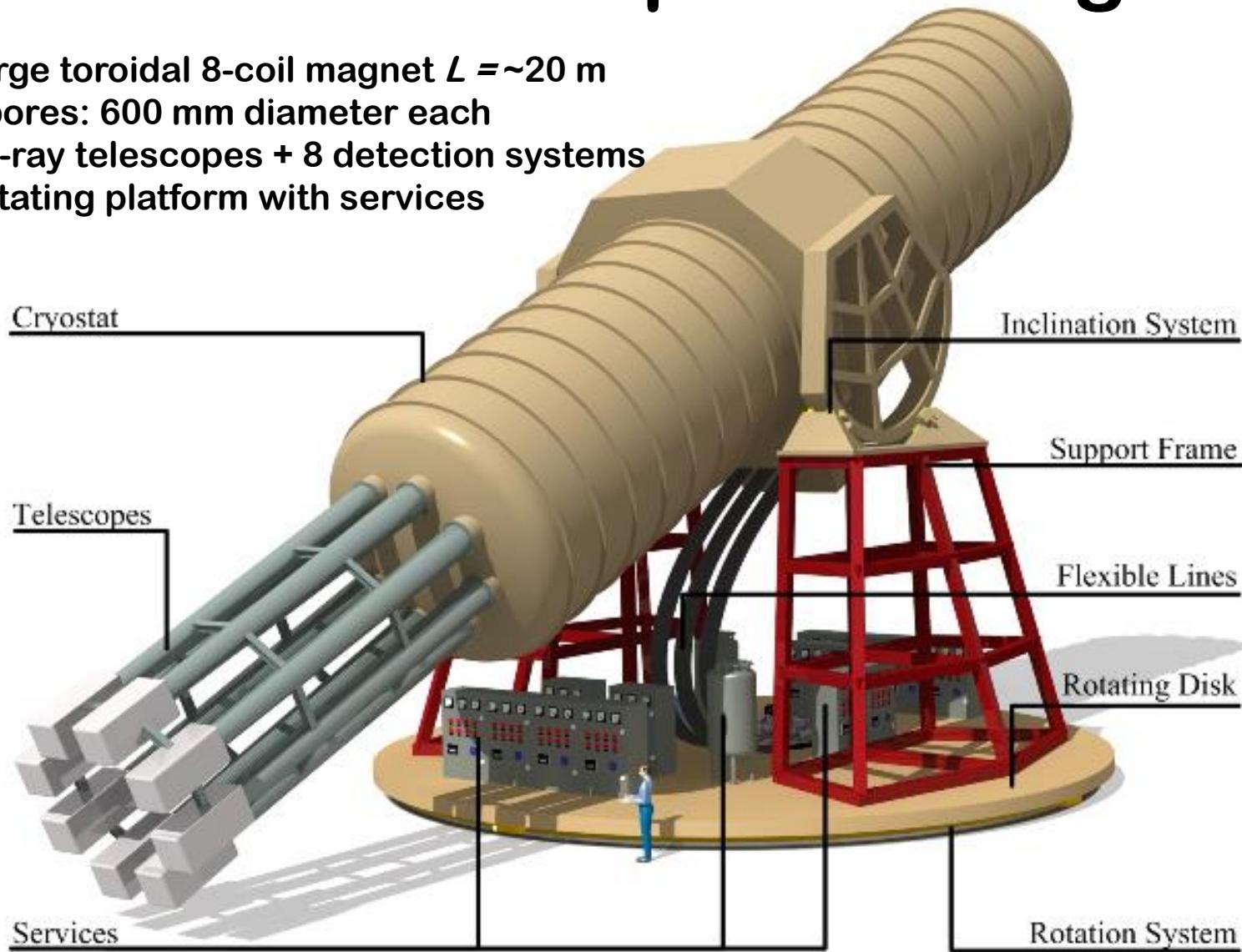


$$g_{a\gamma}^4 \propto b^{1/2} \epsilon^{-1} \text{detectors} \times a^{1/2} \epsilon_o^{-1} \text{optics} \underbrace{(BL)^{-2} A^{-1}}_{\text{magnet}} \times t^{-1/2} \text{exposure}$$

4+ orders of magnitude better SNR than CAST (JCAP 1106:013)

IAXO – Conceptual Design

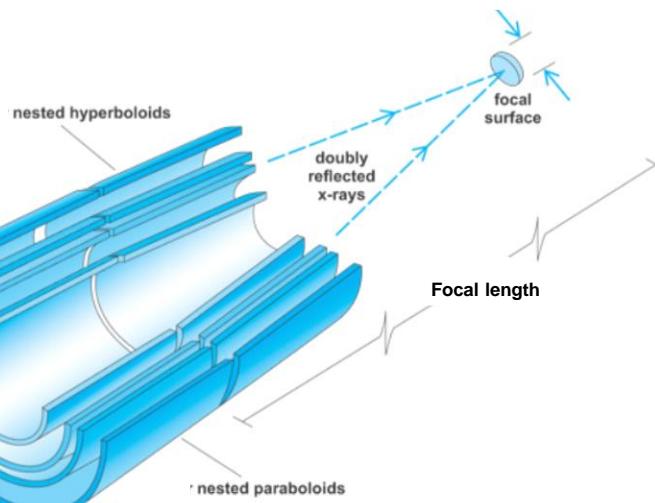
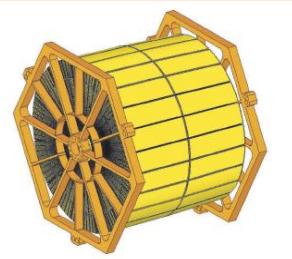
- Large toroidal 8-coil magnet $L = \sim 20$ m
- 8 bores: 600 mm diameter each
- 8 x-ray telescopes + 8 detection systems
- Rotating platform with services



IAXO technologies – Baseline

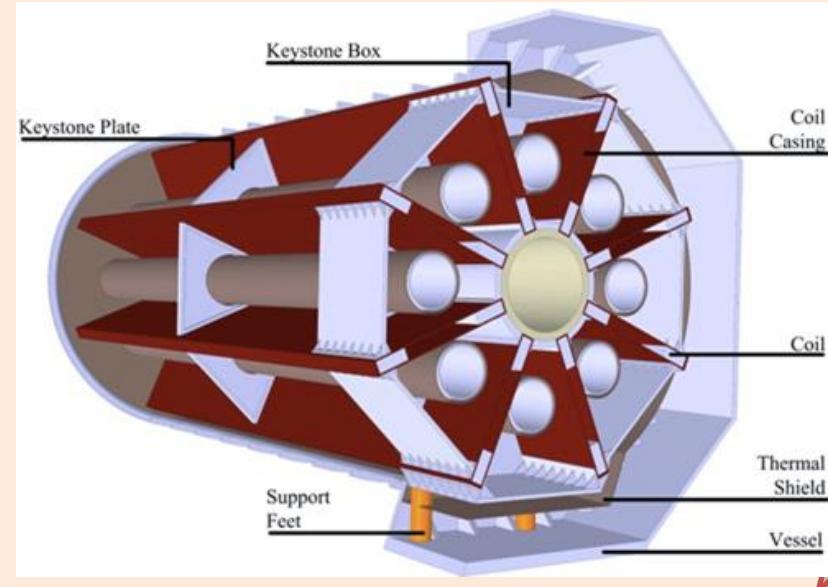
IAXO telescopes

- Slumped glass technology with multilayers
- Cost-effective to cover large areas
- Based on NuSTAR developments
- Focal length ~5 m
- 60-70% efficiency
- LLNL+UC+DTU + MIT + INAF



IAXO magnet

- Superconducting “detector” magnet.
- Toroidal geometry (8 coils)
- Based on ATLAS toroid technical solutions.
- CERN+CEA expertise
- 8 bores / 20 m long / 60 cm Ø per bore



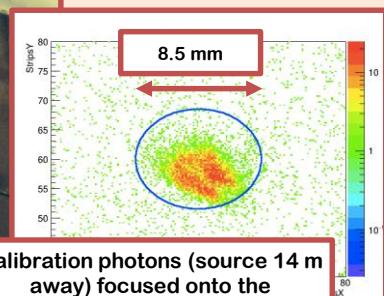
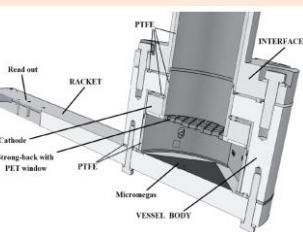
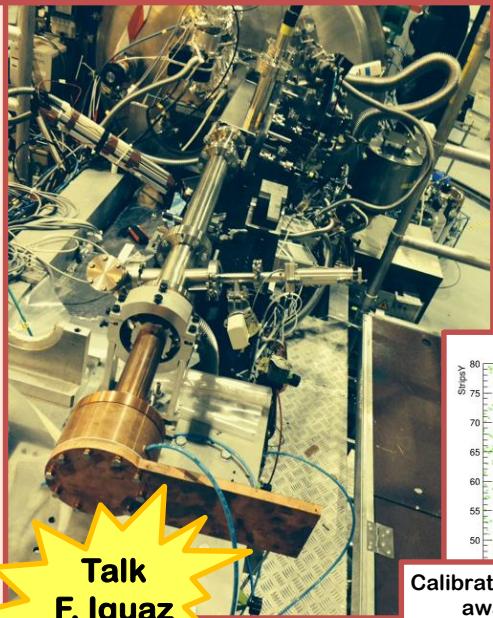
Baseline developed at:
IAXO Letter of Intent: CERN-SPSC-2013-022
IAXO Conceptual Design: JINST 9 (2014)
T05002 (arXiv:1401.3233)

IAXO technologies – Baseline

IAXO detectors

- Micromegas gaseous detectors
- Radiopure components + shielding
- Discrimination from event topology in gas
- Long trajectory in CAST
- Zaragoza + CEA + Bonn + others expertise

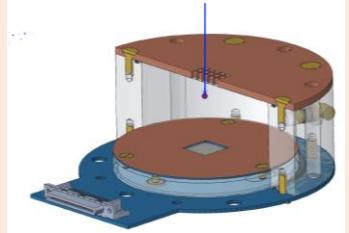
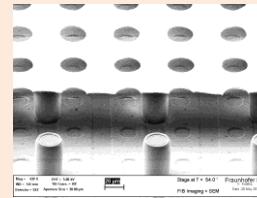
Optics+detector IAXO pathfinder system
(in operation in CAST during 2014-5)



IAXO detectors

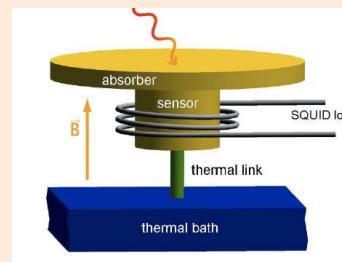
Ingrid detectors

- Better threshold
- U. Bonn

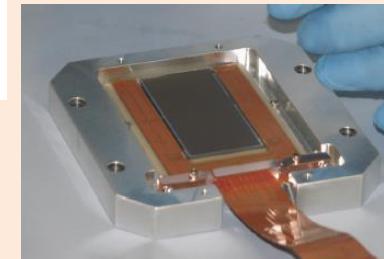


MMC (Magnetic Metallic Calorimeters) TES (Transition Edge Sensors)

- Very good E resolution & threshold
- Heidelberg + CEA + CNSMS



Low noise CCDs



Solar axion spectroscopy:
Axion-electron ABC spectrum
Axion mass determination

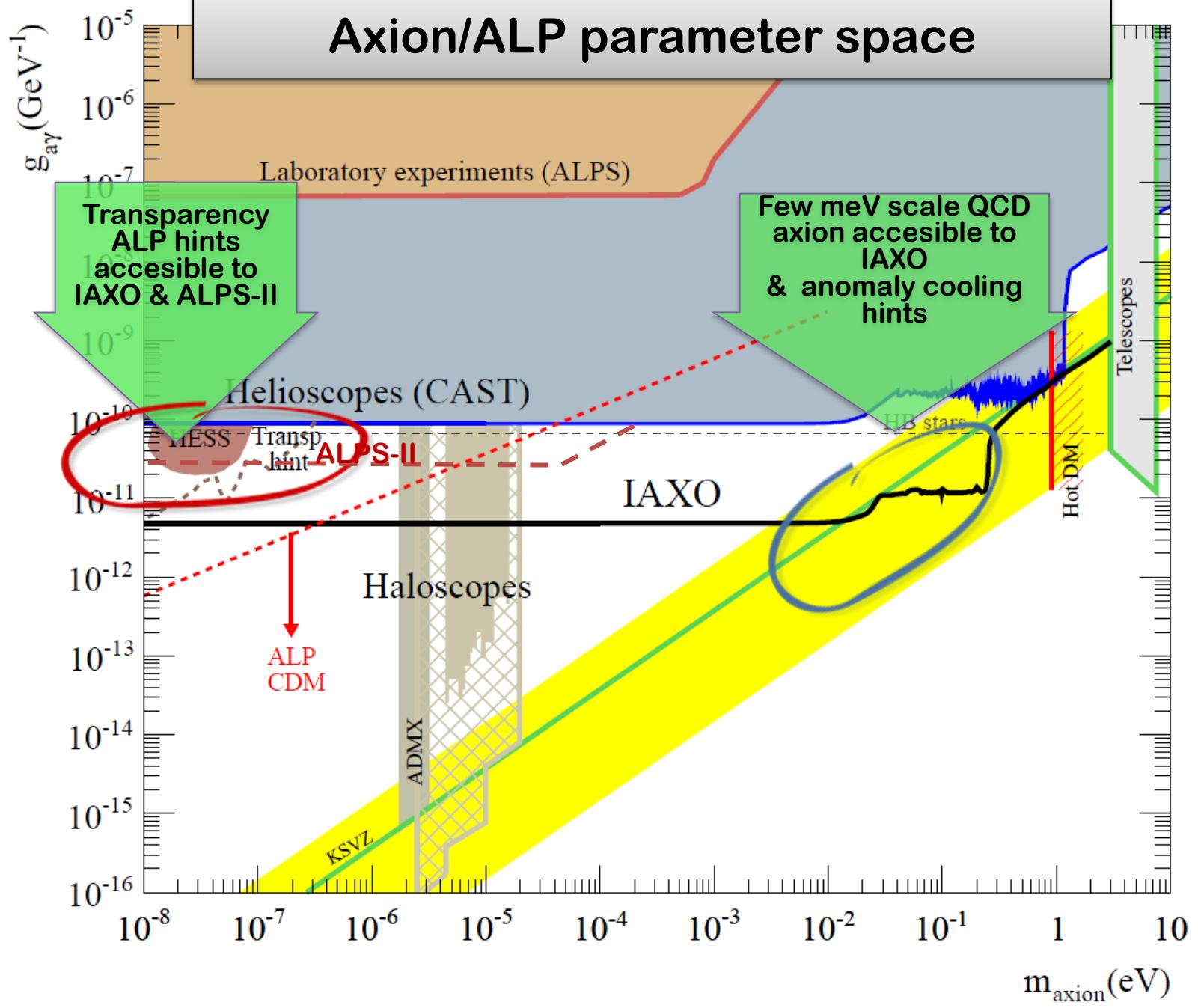
Services

Axions & IAXO in Spain,
October-2016

Igor G. Irastorza /
Universidad de Zaragoza

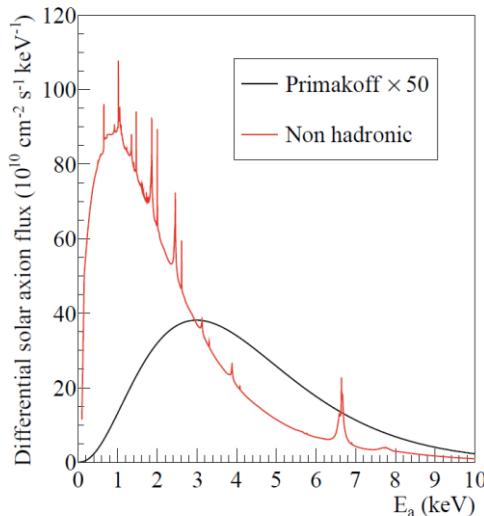
Rotation System

Axion/ALP parameter space

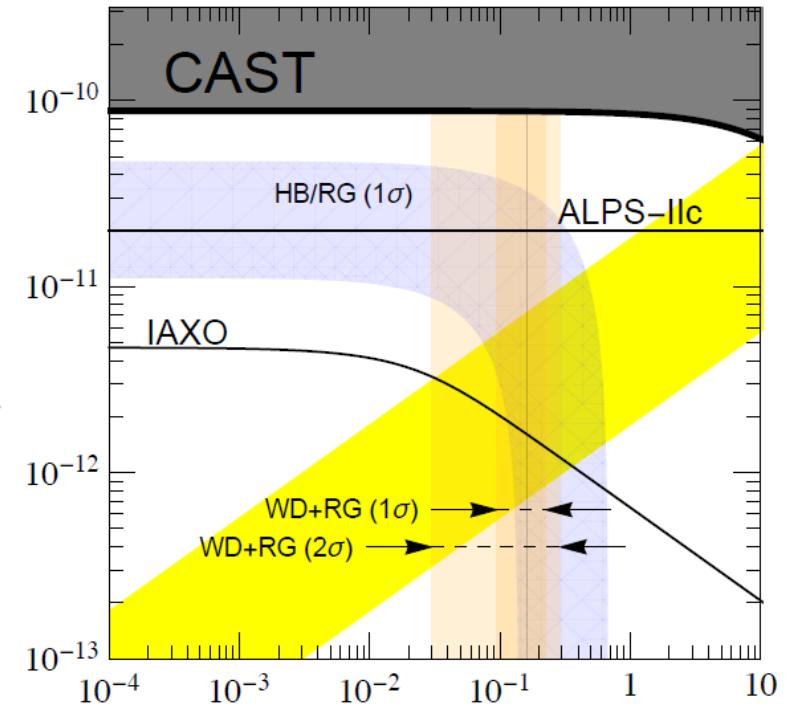


Axion-electron coupling

ABC-produced
solar axions

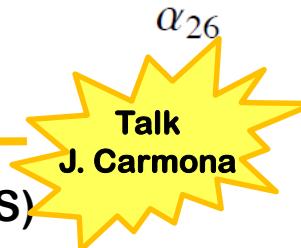


Sensitive to g_{ae} values down to $\sim 10^{-13}$



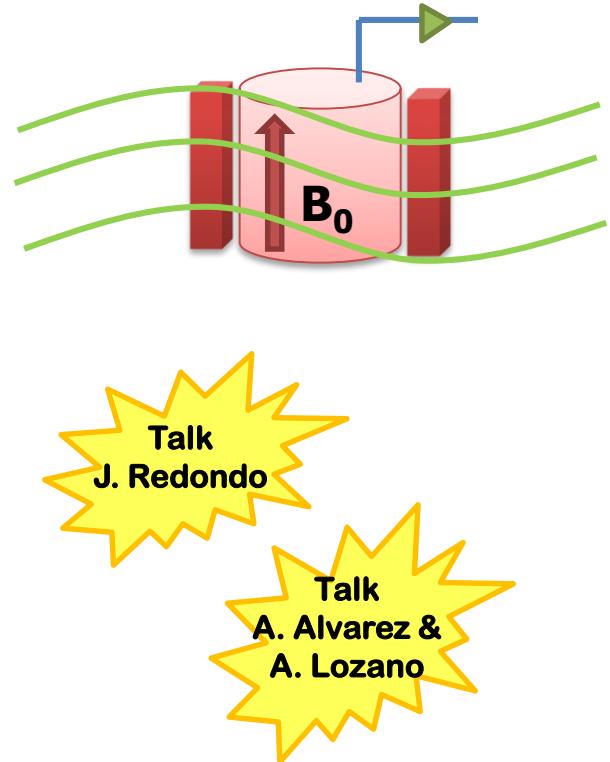
ALSO...

- Dark Matter Axions (\rightarrow use of IAXO magnet with cavities / RF antennas)
- ALPs from Dark Radiation
- ALPs from nearby Supernova (connection with SNEWS) \rightarrow MeV photon detector at the other end
- ...



Dark Matter with IAXO

- Motivation to perform “ADMX-like” searches in other mass ranges.
- Many new ideas being put forward. R&D needed.
- Various possible arrangements in IAXO. Leverage the huge magnetic volume available:
 1. Single large cavity tuned to low masses (ADMX-like but larger)
 2. Thin long cavities tuned to mid-high masses. Possibility for directionality. Add several coherently? (RADES?)
 3. Dish antenna focusing photons to the center. Broadband(?) search. Competitive at higher masses? (MADMAX like?)
 4. “DM-radio” idea?
- Initial stages of exploring and developing concepts.

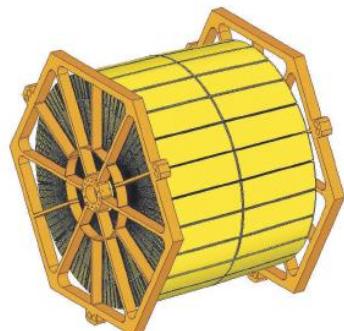
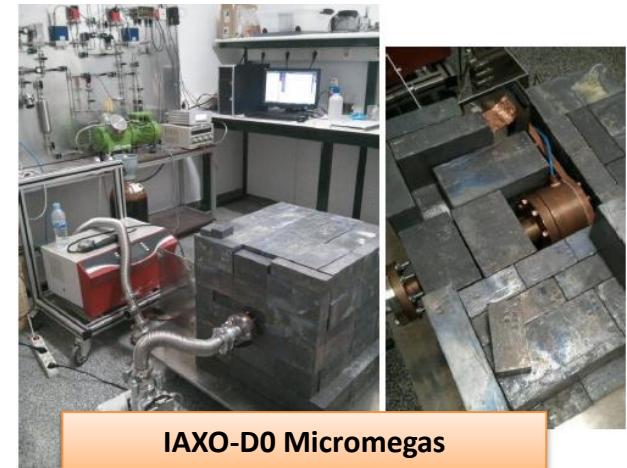


IAXO status of project

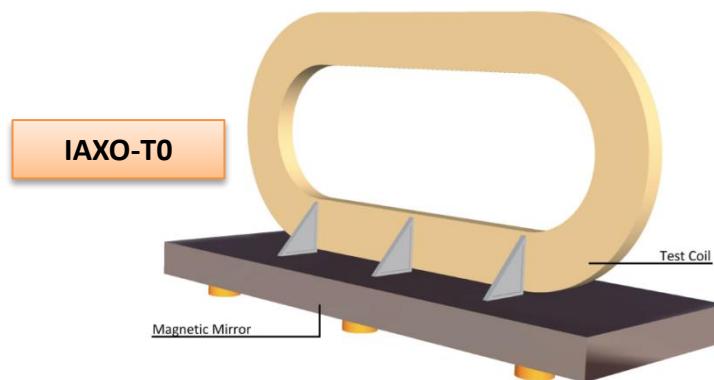
- **2011: First feasibility studies concluded (JCAP 1106:013,2011)**
- **2013: Conceptual Design finished (arXiv:1401.3233).**
 - Most activity carried out up to now ancillary to other group's projects (e.g. CAST)
- **August 2013: Letter of Intent submitted to the CERN SPSC**
 - LoI: [CERN-SPSC-2013-022]
 - Presentation in the open session in October 2013:
- **January 2014: Positive recommendations from SPSC.**
 - Acknowledge physics case + encourage proceed to TDR
- **2014-15: Transition phase towards TDR (technical design)**
 - Some IAXO preparatory activity already going on as part of CAST near term program: IAXO pathfinder system in CAST in 2014-15
 - Preparation of a MoU to carry out TDR work + formal establishment of collaboration
 - Strengthen collaboration, awareness actions, meetings, coordinated funding applications
 - First discussion on long-term plan to construction

TDR in progress

- **IAXO-T0:** demonstration coil magnet
- **IAXO-X0:** prototype x-ray optics
- **IAXO-D0:** prototype low background detector setup testing different technologies for detector
- Studies to refine IAXO physics case
- Additional physics potential
- Site studies
- Consolidate and structure collaboration

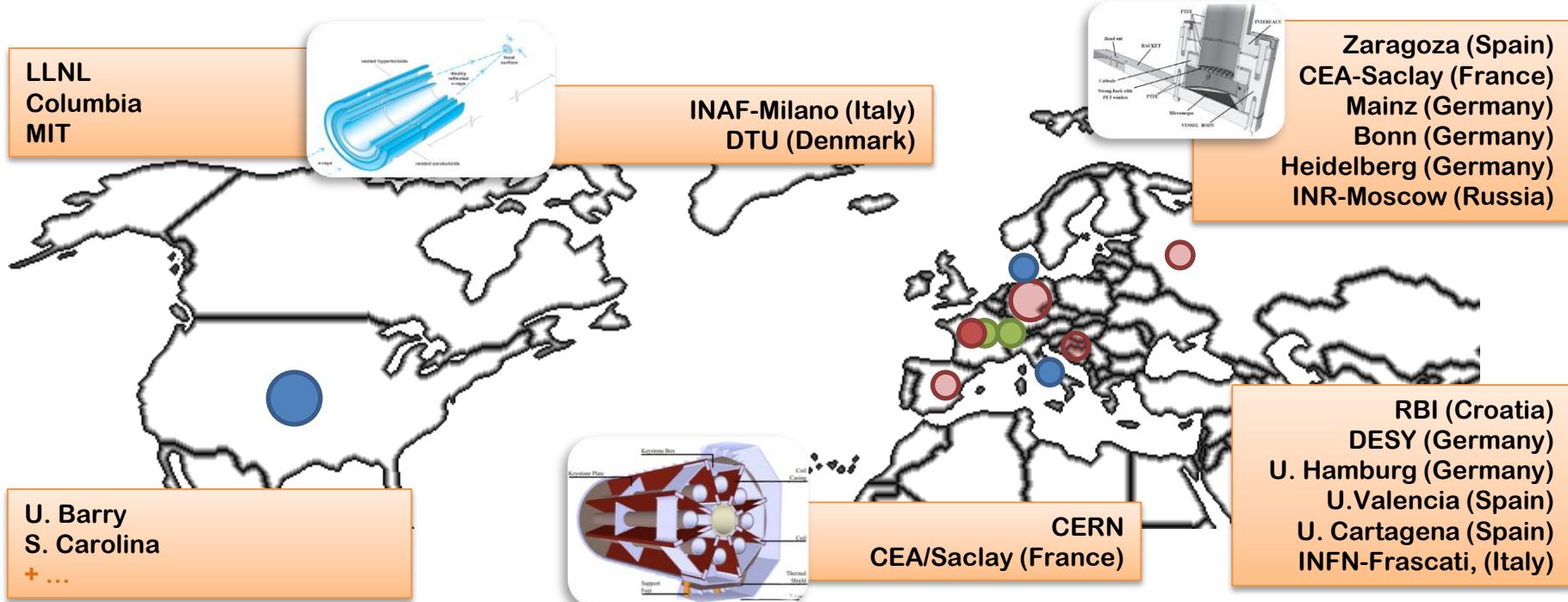


IAXO-X0



IAXO proto-collaboration

- Big effort to strengthen collaboration → large consortium involved in a number of funding applications, covering all TDR needs



New partners welcome...

(*) Only shown groups for which formal activity is ongoing or under discussion/preparation.
Potential interest in more groups than shown

Conclusions

- IAXO: best use of technologies (**magnet**, optics, detectors) and past trajectory of CAST at **CERN**
- IAXO will probe deep into unexplored axion+ALP parameter space:
 - QCD axions at the few meV scale → not at reach of any other technique
 - ALPs at the $g_{a\gamma\gamma} \sim 10^{-12}$ GeV⁻¹ scale
 - ALPs at the $g_{ae} \sim 10^{-13}$ scale
- IAXO as a generic “axion/ALP facility”
- First steps towards TDR after the positive recommendation from CERN SPSC.
- Large community now endorsing the project.
- Longer-term strategy towards construction under discussion. Site: CERN but also DESY or LNF

