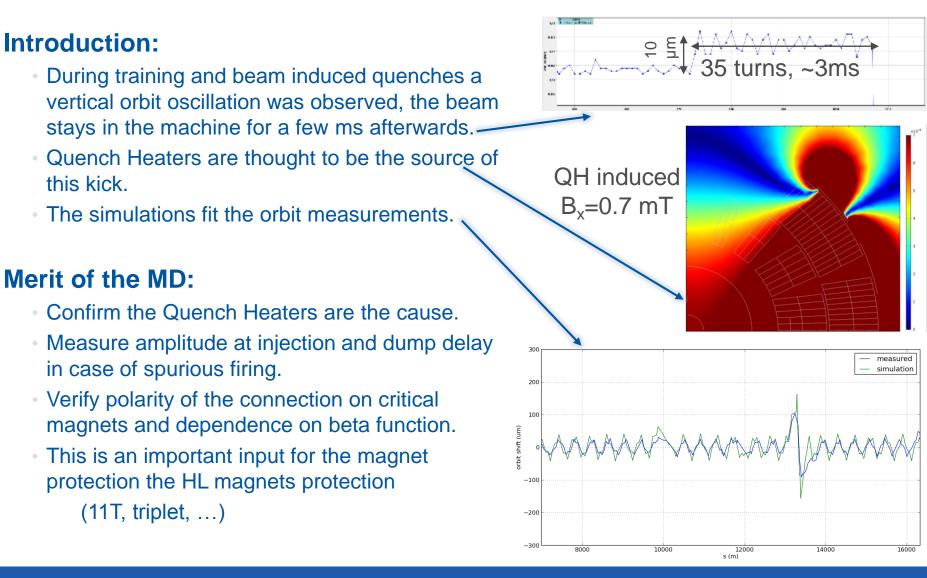


MD#1826: Measurement of QH vertical kick





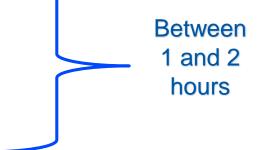
Introduction:

this kick.

MD#1826: Procedure to follow

• Procedure:

- Over-inject a nominal per beam.
- Fire the QH (at injection energy).
- Measure orbit and dump delay.
- Quench recovery.
- Short pre-cycle.



Preparation, special settings & readiness:

- Firing the QH can be done by simulating a quench signal via the QPS.
- Just like during the HW commissioning but with beam.
- No other special settings required.
- Time Requested: 3 magnets x 2h = 6h
- Foreseen for MD block 5: Friday 28 October 3-8AM



MD#1826: Magnet to be used

• Magnet Protection aspect:

- **MBC28L5** is known to have QH connected in a skew dipole way. We start from this one and explore the half-cell around it, but:
- MBA29L5, #2151, 2 propagated quenches @3538 A & 5234
- MBC28L5, #3211, beam induced quench@10971 A
- MBB28L5, #2148, training quench @10942 A, propagated @6530 A
- MBA28L5, #1186, 2 propagated quenches @6705 A & 2552 A
- MQXBL1 (close to 31L2), MQXBL2 (same plus recent MKI erratic)
- MQXBL5, OK
- If there is time:
 - MQXBR5, OK
 - MB.A27.L5, lots of quenches, not
 - MBA31L5, #3207, training quench @10728A, propagated @549A

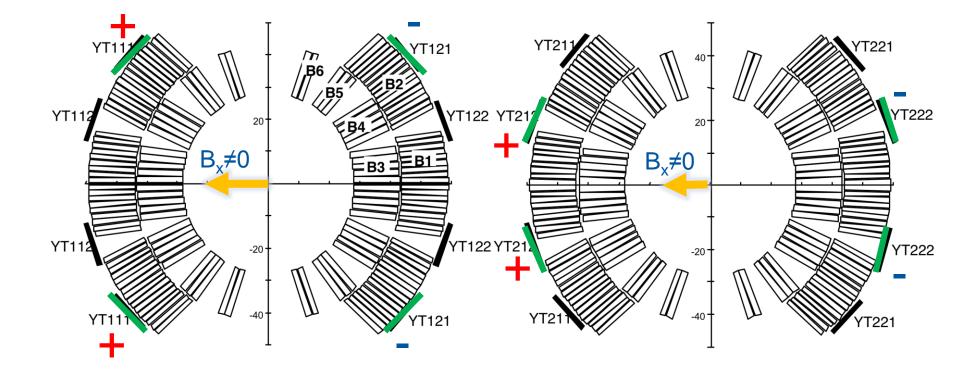




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MD#1182: Measurement of QH vertical kick

Most common connection scheme for the main dipole

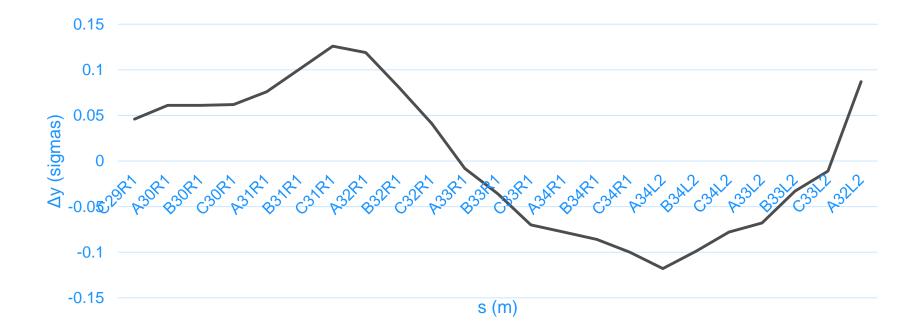




12 October 2016

MD#1182: Measurement of QH vertical kick

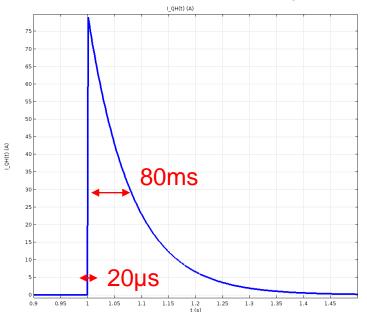
Orbit oscillation amplitude at the TCPD as a function of the MB where the QH is fired (simulation)





12 October 2016

MD#1182: Measurement of QH vertical kick



QH current decay

Baseline connection scheme for the Hi Lumi triplet.

