



# Prospects for Higgs and gauge boson measurements in $\gamma\gamma$ collisions at FCC-ee and FCC-hh

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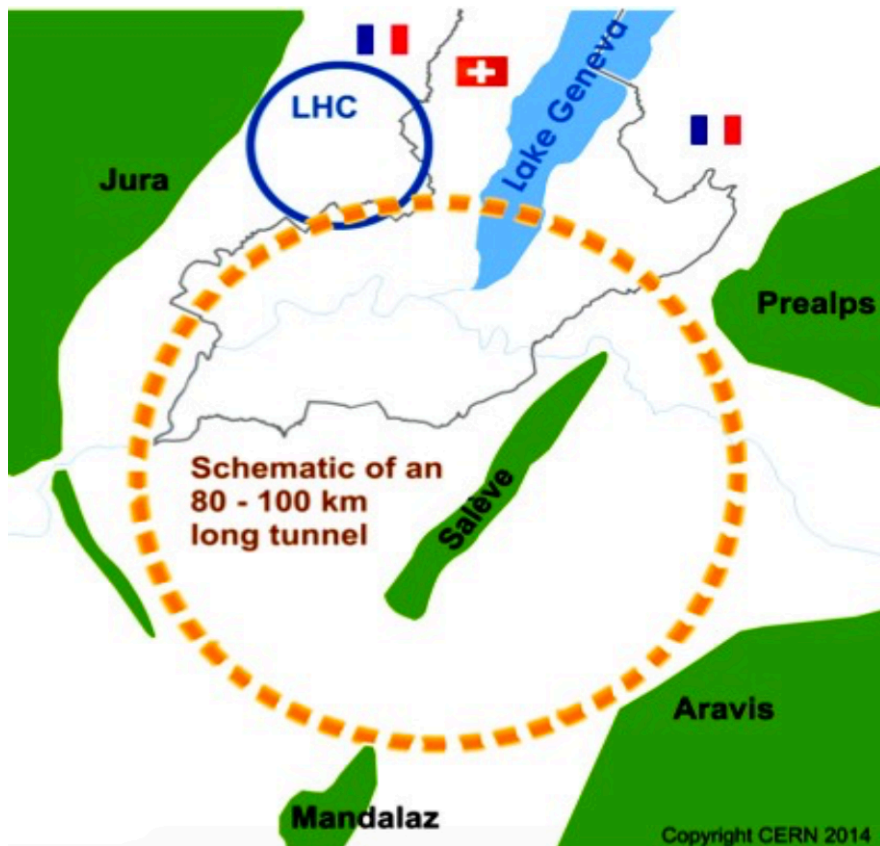
EDS Blois 2017

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# CERN Future Circular Collider

- FCC: Post-LHC collider project with  $R \sim 80$  km &  $B = 16\text{--}20$  T dipoles to achieve p-p collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 100$  TeV with up to  $L_{\text{int}} \sim 2$  ab<sup>-1</sup>/year. Goals: fully explore SM and search BSM physics with  $\times 10$  more  $\sqrt{s}$  and  $L_{\text{int}}$  than LHC.



- Initial phase with  $e^+e^-$  collisions at unprecedented energies & lumis:

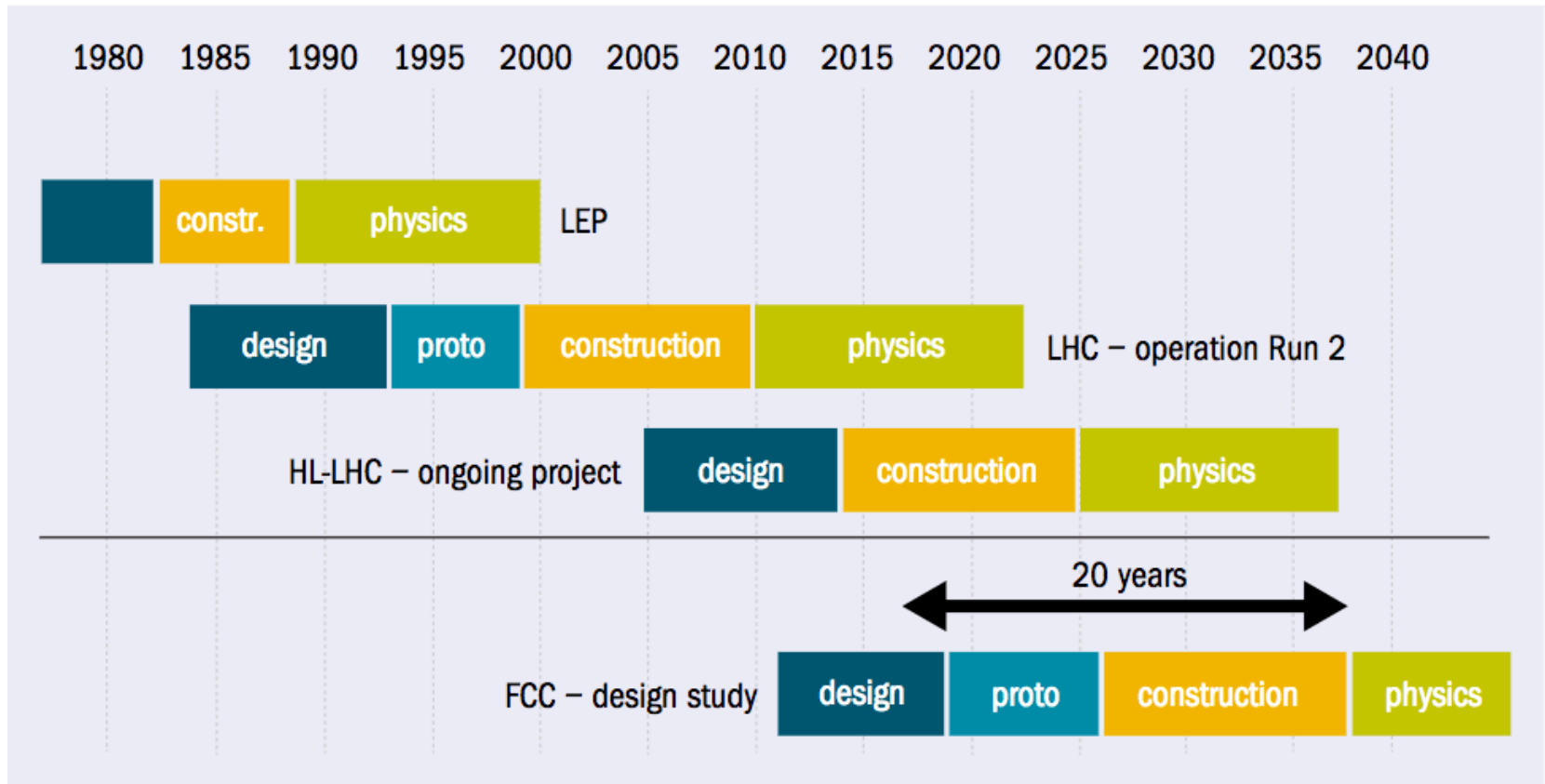
$e^+e^-$  (91 GeV),  $L_{\text{int}} \sim 80$  ab<sup>-1</sup>/year  
 $e^+e^-$  (160 GeV),  $L_{\text{int}} \sim 15$  ab<sup>-1</sup>/year  
 $e^+e^-$  (240 GeV),  $L_{\text{int}} \sim 3.5$  ab<sup>-1</sup>/year  
 $e^+e^-$  (350 GeV),  $L_{\text{int}} \sim 1$  ab<sup>-1</sup>/year

- Heavy-ions with pPb, PbPb colls. at never-reached energies & lumis:

pPb (63 TeV),  $L_{\text{int}} = 29$  pb<sup>-1</sup>/year  
PbPb (39 TeV),  $L_{\text{int}} = 110$  nb<sup>-1</sup>/year

- Plus DIS...

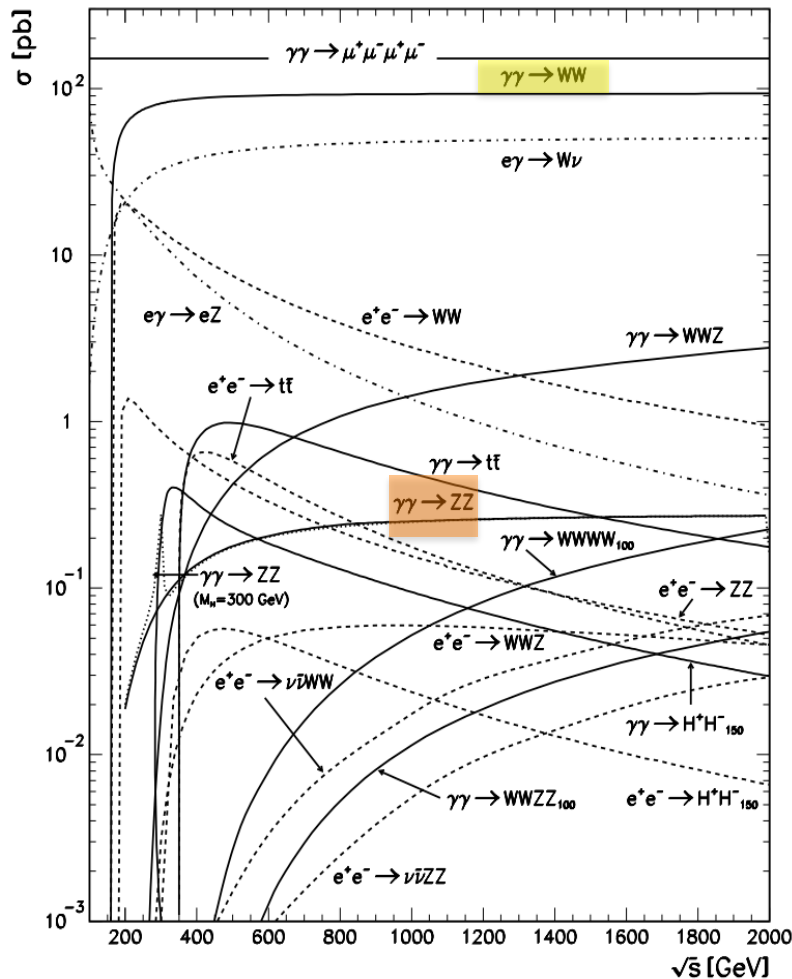
$e-h$  (3.5 TeV),  $L_{\text{int}} \sim 0.1$  ab<sup>-1</sup>/yr.  
 $e\text{-Pb}$  (1–3 TeV),  $L_{\text{int}} \sim 1$  fb<sup>-1</sup>/yr.



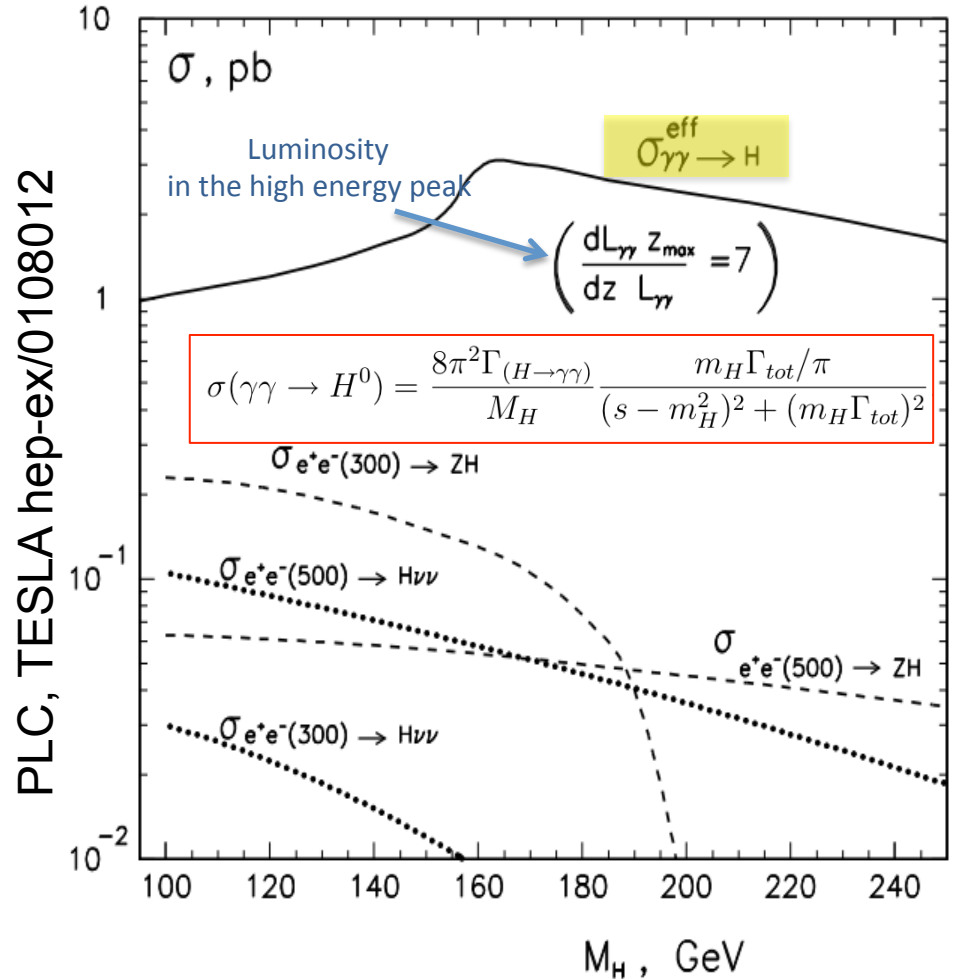
More information at Physics at its limits  
<http://cds.cern.ch/record/2262019>

# $\gamma\gamma$ Physics at a Photon Linear Collider\*

Typical (unpolarized) XS in  $\gamma\gamma$ ,  $\gamma e$  and  $e^+e^-$  collisions



Total XS of the Higgs production in  $\gamma\gamma$  and  $e^+e^-$  collisions.



Many interesting Higgs & EWK channels accessible.

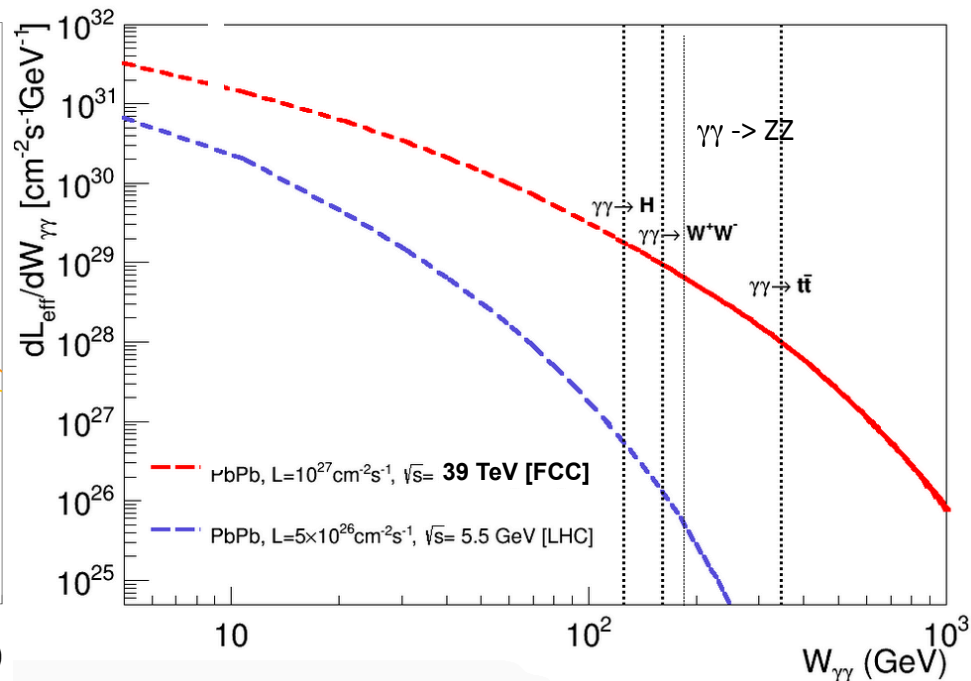
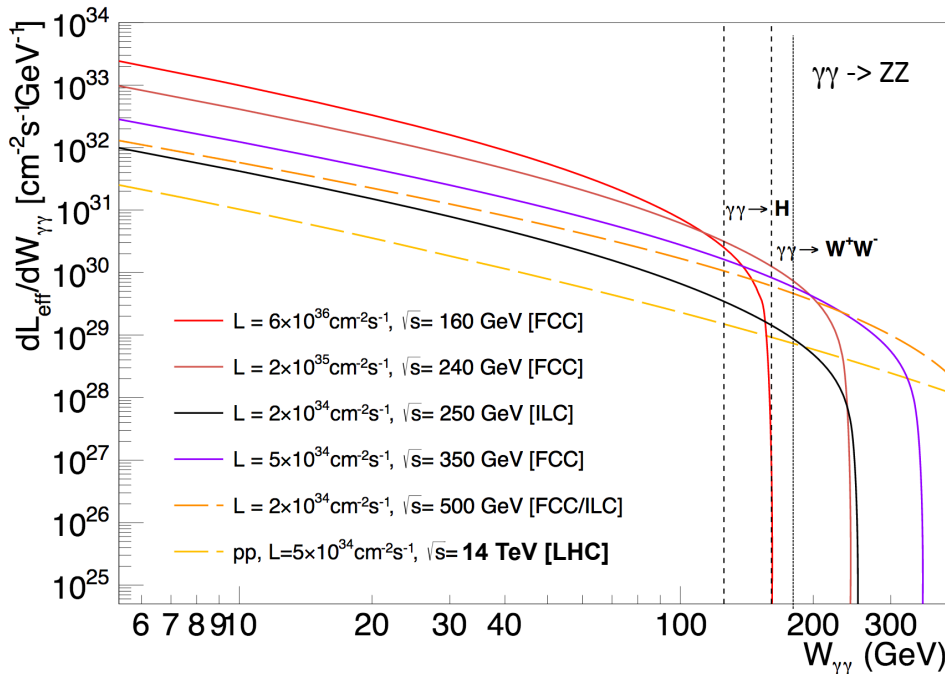
What fraction of these can be studied at the FCC using the equivalent photon fluxes surrounding the  $e^+e^-$  and ion-ion beams?

(\* )Using Compton-backscattered photons from the  $e^+e^-$  beams

# $\gamma\gamma$ luminosities @FCC(ee, pp, PbPb)

**Photon-photon effective luminosities** using Effective Photon Approximation (EPA) fluxes:  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}}(\text{FCC}, \gamma\gamma) > \mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}}(\text{pp-LHC}, \gamma\gamma)$  w/o huge LHC p-p pileup.

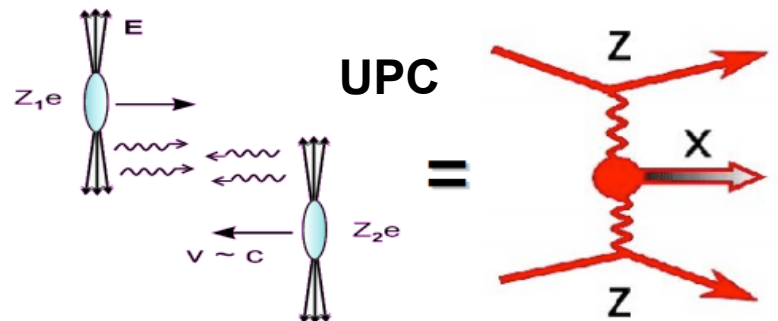
$$\dot{N}_{\gamma\gamma \rightarrow h} = L_{\gamma\gamma} \times \frac{dL_{\gamma\gamma} M_h}{dW_{\gamma\gamma} L_{\gamma\gamma}} \frac{4\pi^2 \Gamma_{\gamma\gamma} (1 + \lambda_1 \lambda_2)}{M_h^3} \equiv L_{\gamma\gamma} \times \sigma^{\text{eff}}. \quad (\text{Higgs, WW, ZZ, ... production rates proportional to } \gamma\gamma \text{ lumi})$$



- ◆ Interesting processes, never observed before, become accessible:

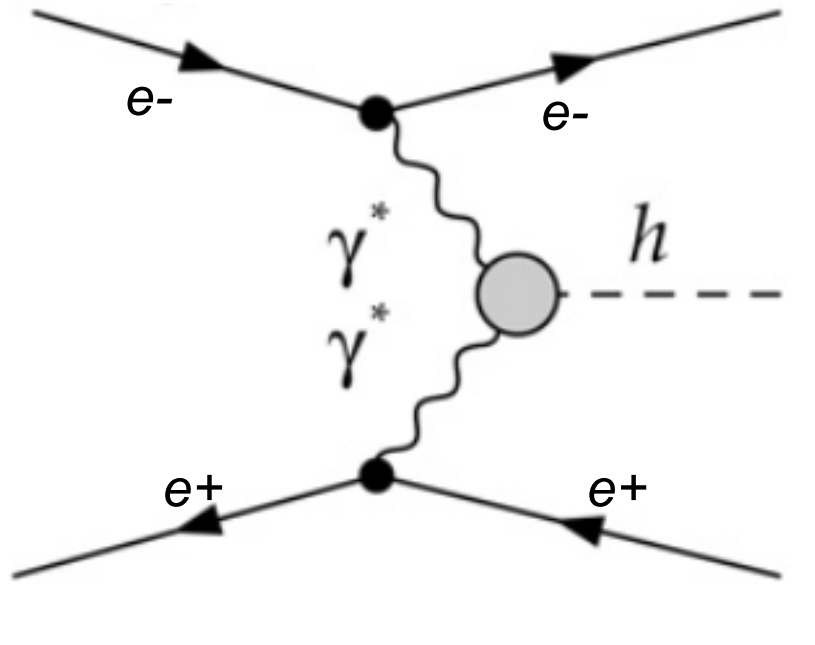
$$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow H, \quad \gamma\gamma \rightarrow ZZ$$

- ◆ Stringent constraints on anomalous QGC possible:  $\gamma\gamma W^+W^-$  and  $\gamma\gamma ZZ$

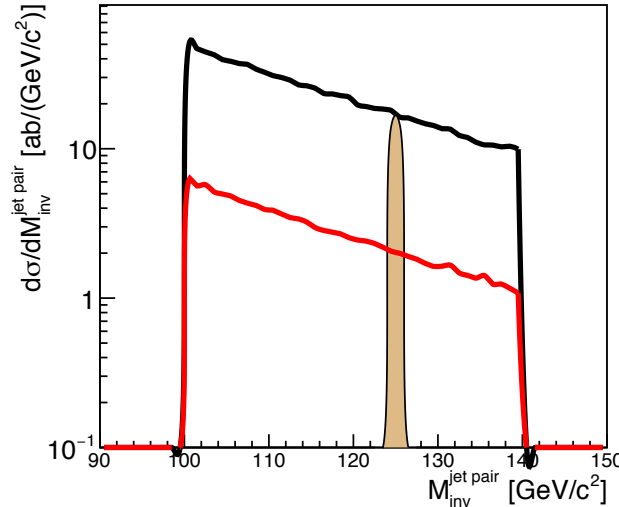
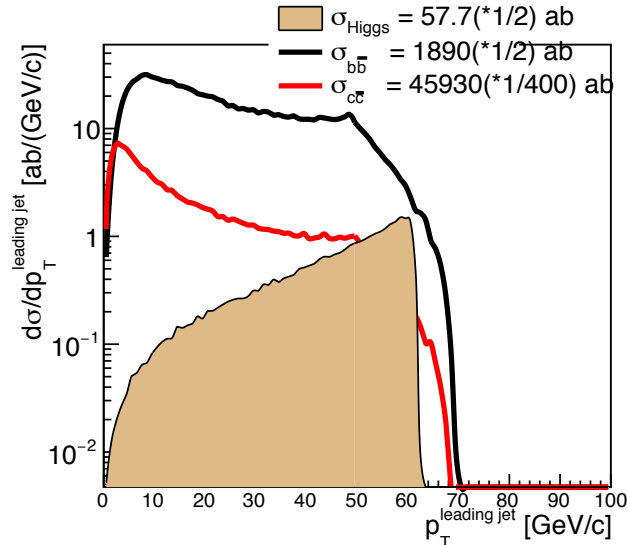


- ◆ **Superchic v2.03/04** ([link](#)), a Fortran based Monte Carlo event generator for Central Exclusive Production:
  - ◆ many processes with effective photon approximation flux ([EPA](#)) from pp and  $e^{+/-}$  beams available in the code (more details in the [manual](#));
  - ◆ code with dedicated changes to our analysis ([thanks to L. Harland-Lang](#)):
    - ◆  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$  (process 61) production ( $W$ 's decay suppressed);
    - ◆  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$  and  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  channels with **photon flux from  $e^{+/-}$ , pPb and PbPb beams**;
    - ◆  **$\gamma$ -virtuality constrained to (quasi-)real photon:  $0 < Q^2 < 2 \text{ GeV}^2$**
- ◆ **Pythia v8.226** ([link](#)) new developments in photon processes ([thanks to Ilkka Helenius](#)) with **photon flux from  $e^{+/-}$  beam**:
  - ◆ signal  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  and continuum backgrounds  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ ,  $c\bar{c}$  and  $q\bar{q}$
  - ◆ **only (quasi-)real photons are considered.**
- ◆ **Madgraph 2.4.5** ([link](#)): simulation of EPA processes for pPb and PbPb beams and estimation of aQGC exclusion limits for  $e^{+/-}$ , pPb and PbPb beam available.
- ◆ **Beams tagged** in the FCC-ee detectors scenarios:
  - ◆ Central plus Forward tagging:  $\theta_{\text{lepton}} > 8^\circ$  plus  $3.1^\circ < \theta_{\text{lepton}} < 6.5^\circ$   
(the region  $6.5^\circ < \theta_{\text{lepton}} < 8^\circ$  is not instrumented)
  - ◆ **Beam line tagging:  $\theta_{\text{lepton}} < 1^\circ$**

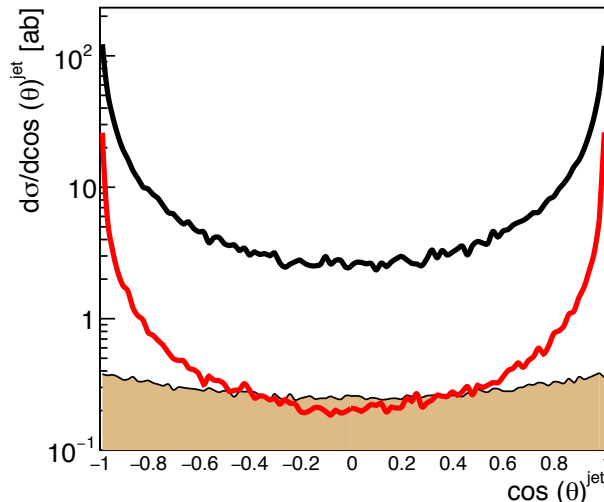
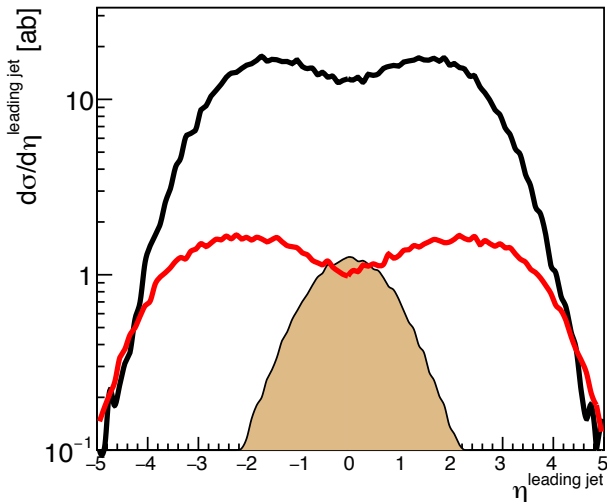
# Feasibility measurement study of $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ @ FCC-ee



# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow H \rightarrow bb\sim @ FCC-ee$



## Kinematical distributions for $\sqrt{s} = 240 \text{ GeV}$ (b-jet reco & mistag)



◆  $\gamma\gamma$  collision offers the unique possibility to produce Higgs boson s-channel resonance;

◆ Superchic and Pythia8 yield similar results;

◆ Signal:  
 $\sqrt{s} = 160 \text{ GeV}$ :  $13 (*1/2) \text{ ab}$   
 $L = 15 \text{ ab}^{-1}/\text{year}$  with 2IP  
 $N(H \rightarrow bb\sim) = 195 \text{ counts/year}$

$\sqrt{s} = 240 \text{ GeV}$ :  $57.7 (*1/2) \text{ ab}$   
 $L = 3.5 \text{ ab}^{-1}/\text{year}$  with 2IP  
 $N(H \rightarrow bb\sim) = 202 \text{ counts/year}$

$\sqrt{s} = 350 \text{ GeV}$ :  $128.8 (*1/2) \text{ ab}$   
 $L = 1 \text{ ab}^{-1}/\text{year}$  with 2IP  
 $N(H \rightarrow bb\sim) = 129 \text{ counts/year}$

◆ Backgrounds:  
 Dominant  $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^*, \gamma^* \rightarrow bb\sim$   
 ( $\sim 2 \text{ pb}$  over  $m_{\gamma\gamma} = 40 \text{ GeV}$ , without cuts) should be killed with  $e^\pm$  tag.  
 Continuum  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow bb\sim (cc\sim, qq\sim)$   
 $\text{Effic}(b\text{-jet reco}) = (70\%)^2$   
 $\text{Prob}(b\text{-mistag.}) = (5\%)^2$  (c)  
 $\text{Prob}(b\text{-mistag.}) = (1.5\%)^2$  (q)



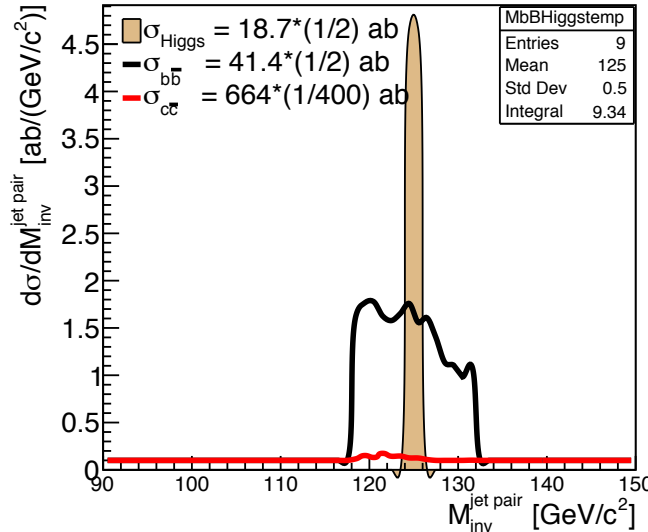
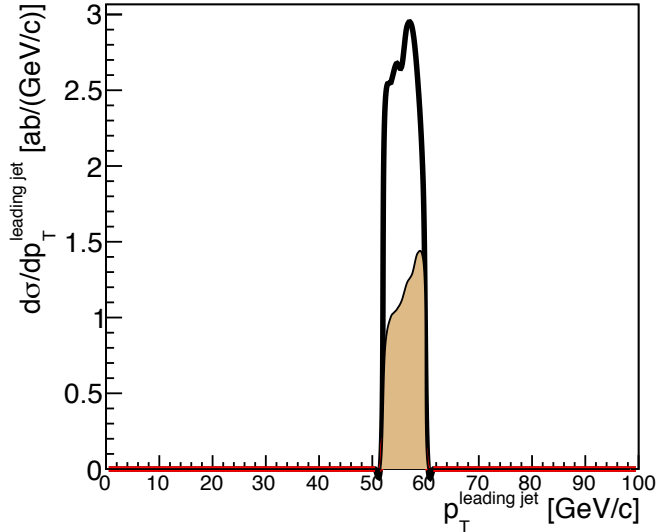
# Analysis Cuts

- ◆ **Tagging  $e^\pm$**  is crucial to remove  $e^-e^+ \rightarrow bb\bar{\nu}$  background. Three scenarios considered:
  - ◆ Central tagging  $\theta_{\text{lepton}} > 8^\circ$  : no signal or background events remained;
  - ◆ Forward tagging  $3.1^\circ < \theta_{\text{lepton}} < 6.5^\circ$  : no signal or background events remained;
  - ◆ Beam line tagging  $\theta_{\text{lepton}} < 1^\circ$  : removes from  $\sim 25\%$  (@160GeV) to 6% - 2% (@240GeV - 350GeV) of the signal and backgrounds.
- ◆ Removal of **irreducible  $\gamma\gamma$  backgrounds**:
  - ◆ Signal b-jets peak at  $p_T \approx m_H/2 = 62.5 \text{ GeV}/c \Rightarrow$  selecting events with **52 GeV/c**  $< p_T(\text{jet}) < 60 \text{ GeV}/c$  removes around 96% (98%) of the  $bb\bar{\nu}$  (mistagged  $cc\bar{\nu}$ ,  $qq\bar{\nu}$ ) background while killing  $\sim 66\%$  of the signal.
  - ◆ Expecting to reconstruct b-jets with  $p_T = 62. \pm 5. \text{ GeV}$  (**8% b-jet reco resolution**), propagates into  $m_{bb}$  resolution of  $\sqrt{2} \times 5. \sim 7. \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow$  applying **invariant mass cut within window:  $118 \text{ GeV} < M_{\text{inv}} < 132 \text{ GeV}$**  around  $m_H$  returns no signal lost but removes  $\sim 75\%$  ( $\sim 80\%$ ) of the  $bb\bar{\nu}$  (mistagged  $cc\bar{\nu}$ ,  $qq\bar{\nu}$ ) backgrounds.

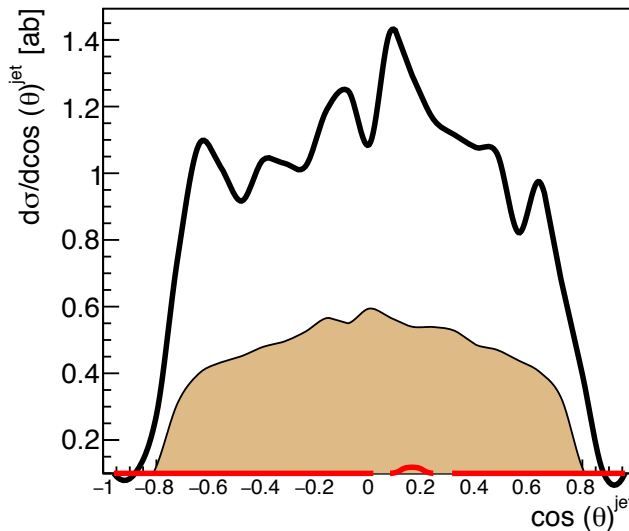
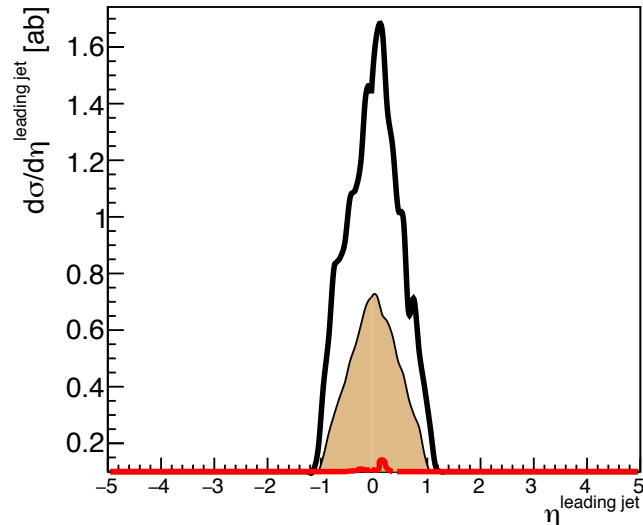
# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow H \rightarrow bb\sim @ FCC-ee$

Cuts:

Beam line tagging  $\theta_{\text{lepton}} < 1^\circ$   
 $52 \text{ GeV}/c < p_{T,\text{jets}} < 60 \text{ GeV}/c$   
 $118 \text{ GeV} < M_{bb} < 132 \text{ GeV}$



**Kinematical distributions for  $\sqrt{s} = 240 \text{ GeV}$  (after cuts)**



**Strong evidence / Observation  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow H \rightarrow bb\sim$  in  $\sim 1$  year at FCC-ee**

$\sqrt{s} = 160 \text{ GeV}$

$\sigma(\text{visible}) = 3.4 \text{ ab}$

$L = 15 \text{ ab}^{-1}/\text{year}$  with 2IP

$N(H \rightarrow bb\sim) = 50 \text{ counts/yr}$

$\Sigma(\text{backs}) = 121 \text{ counts/yr}$

$S/\sqrt{B} = 4.5 (15 \text{ ab}^{-1}/\text{yr})$

$\sqrt{s} = 240 \text{ GeV}$

$\sigma(\text{visible}) = 18.7 \text{ ab}$

$L = 3.5 \text{ ab}^{-1}/\text{year}$  with 2IP

$N(H \rightarrow bb\sim) = 65 \text{ counts/yr}$

$\Sigma(\text{backs}) = 156 \text{ counts/yr}$

$S/\sqrt{B} = 5.2 (3.5 \text{ ab}^{-1}/\text{yr})$

$\sqrt{s} = 350 \text{ GeV}$

$\sigma(\text{visible}) = 43.4 \text{ ab}$

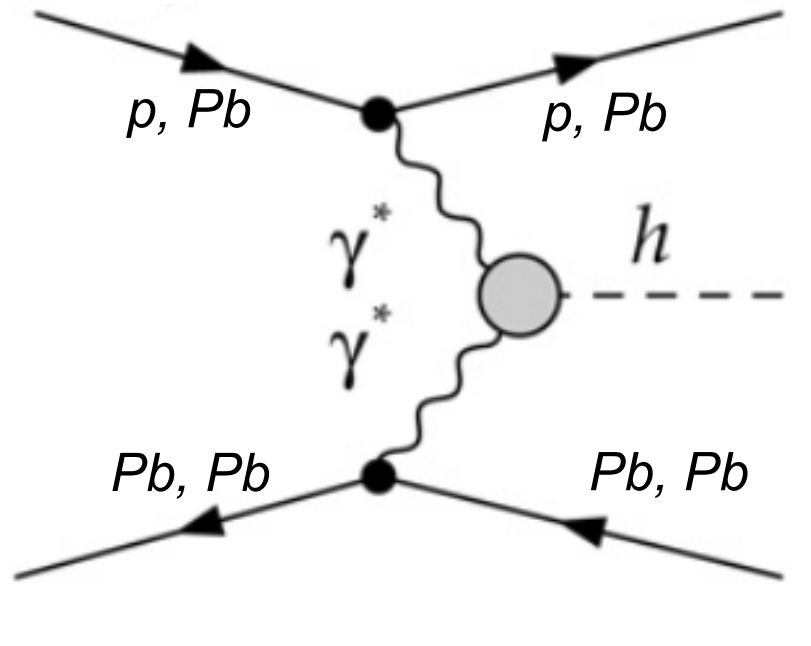
$L = 1.0 \text{ ab}^{-1}/\text{year}$  with 2IP

$N(H \rightarrow bb\sim) = 43 \text{ counts/yr}$

$\Sigma(\text{backs}) = 104 \text{ counts/yr}$

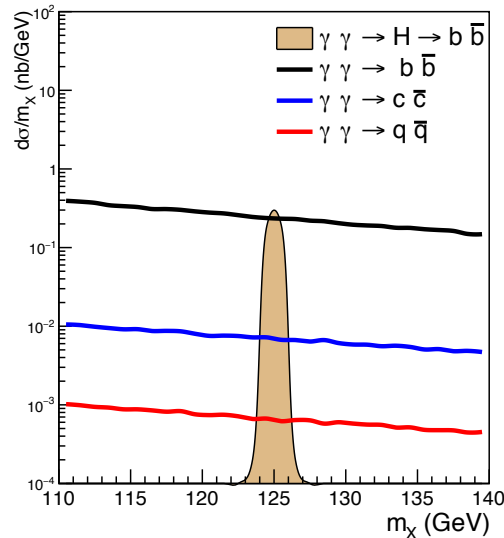
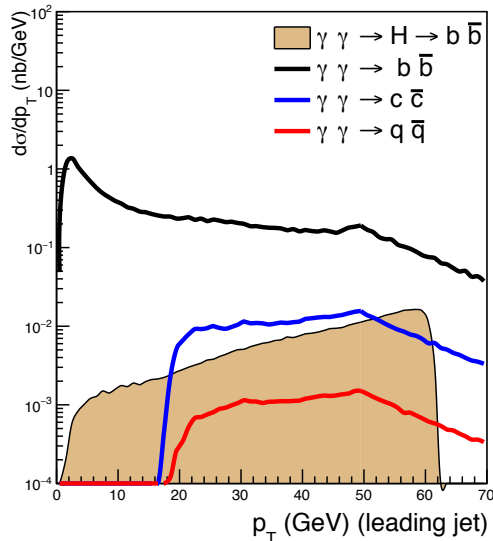
$S/\sqrt{B} = 4.2 (1 \text{ ab}^{-1}/\text{yr})$

# Feasibility measurement study of $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ @ FCC-pPb, PbPb

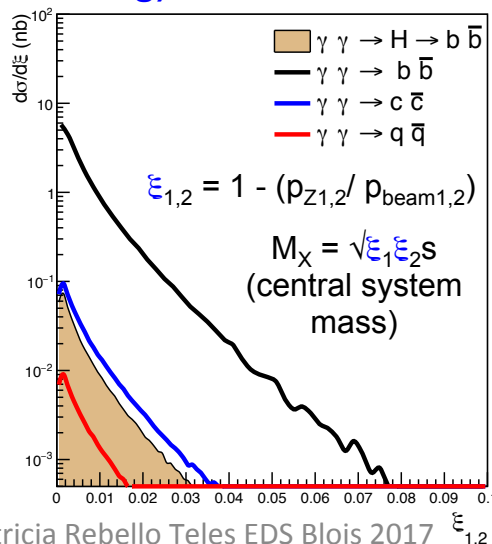
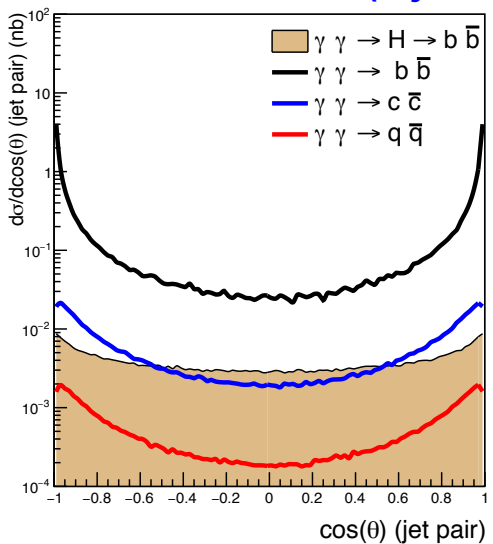


# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow H \rightarrow bb \sim @ FCC-PbPb$

PbPb @  $\sqrt{s} = 39$  TeV;  $Lumi_{int} = 110 \text{ nb}^{-1}/\text{year}$



Kinematical distributions for PbPb @  $\sqrt{s} = 39$  TeV (b-jet reco & mistag)



Patricia Rebello Teles EDS Blois 2017  $\xi_{1,2}$

◆ Superchicv2.03 & Magraph2.5.4, both adapted with photon flux from Pb beam\*, and Pythia8.2 (decay+shower.+hadr.)

Restricting phase space:

$$100 \leq m_{j1j2} \leq 300 \text{ GeV}$$

$$p_{T,jets} \geq 20 \text{ GeV}, -5 \leq \eta_{jets} \leq 5$$

$$\text{Effic}(b\text{-jet reco}) = (70\%)^2$$

$$\text{Prob}(b\text{-mistag.}) = (5\%)^2 \text{ (c)}$$

$$\text{Prob}(b\text{-mistag.}) = (1.5\%)^2 \text{ (q)}$$

◆ Signal

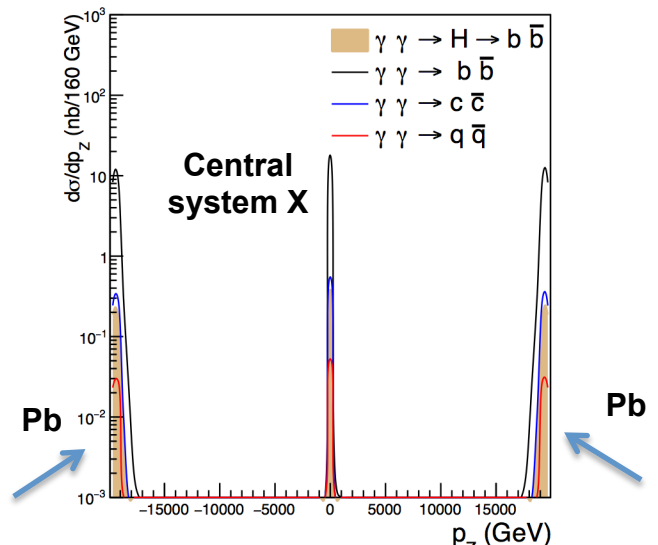
$$\sigma(Higgs \rightarrow bb \sim) = 0.38 \text{ nb} \sim 41.8 \text{ counts/yr}$$

◆ Backgrounds

$$\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow bb \sim) = 17.9 \text{ nb} \sim 1969 \text{ counts/yr}$$

$$\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow cc \sim) = 0.552 \text{ nb} \sim 60.72 \text{ counts/yr}$$

$$\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow qq \sim) = 0.053 \text{ nb} \sim 5.83 \text{ counts/yr}$$



(\*) Study of Higgs boson production and its  $b\bar{b}$  decay in  $\gamma\gamma$  processes in proton-nucleus collisions at the LHC. D. d'Enterria et al, Phys. Rev. D 81, 014004 (2010)

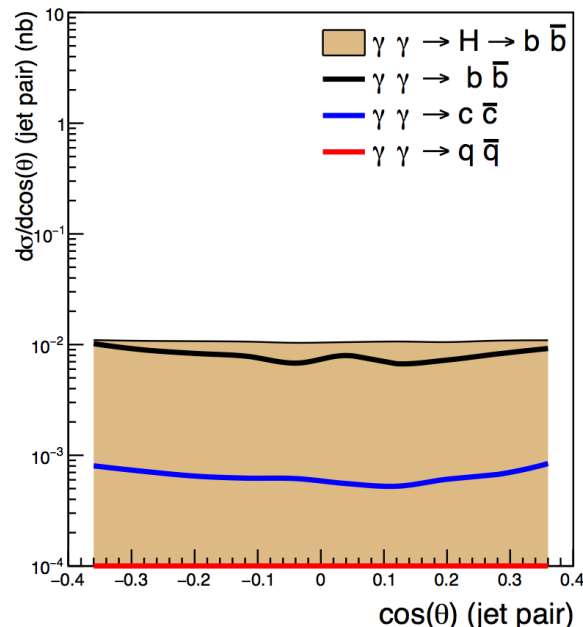
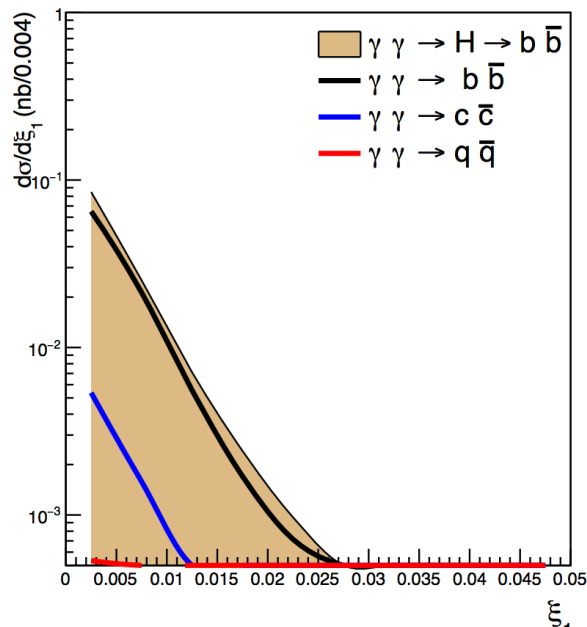
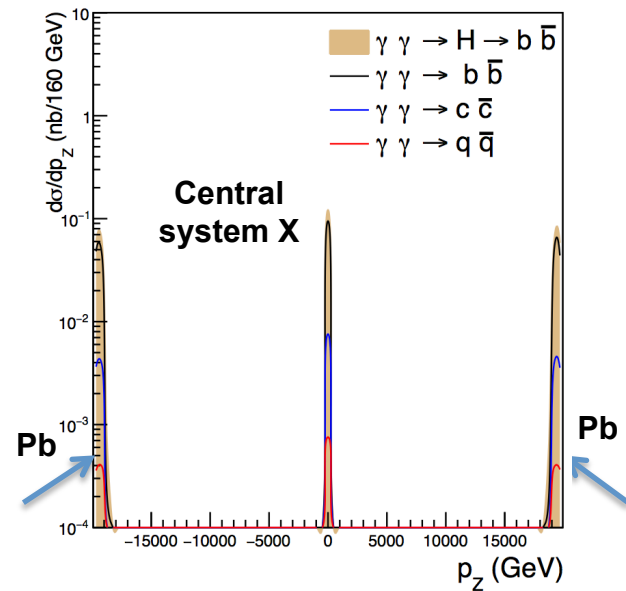
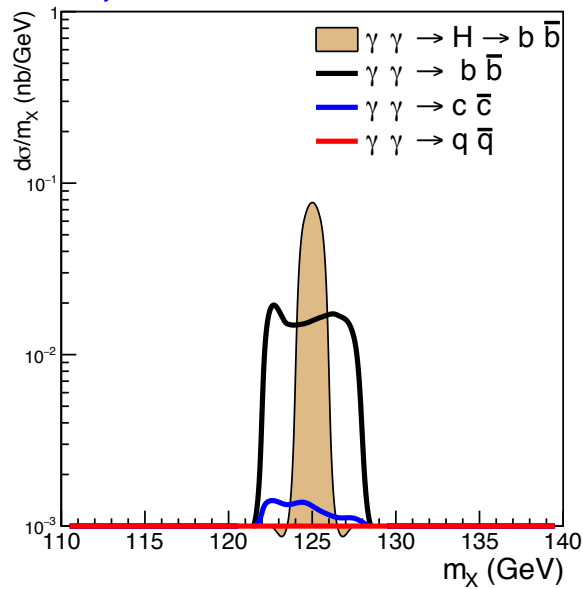
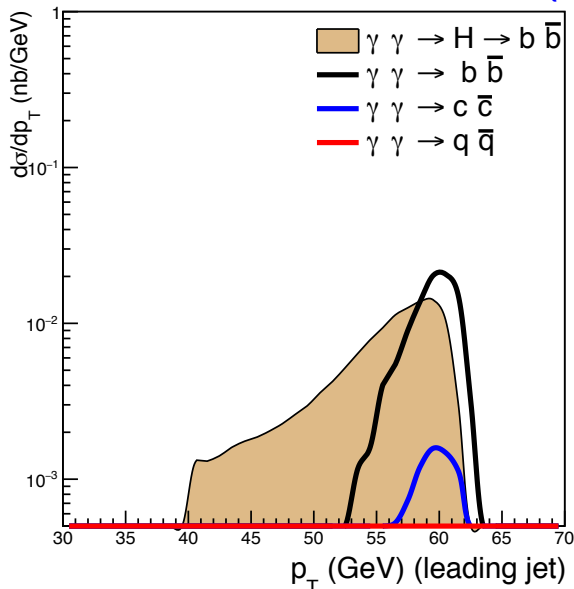
# Analysis Cuts & Efficiencies

Following analysis strategy of "Study of Higgs boson production and its  $b\bar{b}$  decay in  $\gamma\gamma$  processes in proton-nucleus collisions at the LHC"

[D. d'Enterria, Phys. Rev. D 81, 014004 (2010)]

- ◆ Removal of **irreducible  $\gamma\gamma$  backgrounds**:
  - ◆ Signal b-jets peak at  $p_T \approx m_H/2 = 62.5$  GeV/c:  
selecting events with  **$40 \text{ GeV/c} < p_T(\text{jet}) < 62.5 \text{ GeV/c}$**  removes around 86% of the  $b\bar{b}$ , and mistagged  $c\bar{c}$ ,  $q\bar{q}$  backgrounds while killing ~35% of the signal.
  - ◆ The acoplanarity within  $-0.45 < \cos(\theta_{j_1j_2}) < 0.45$  range, removes 66% of the backgrounds but only 34.1% of the signal: corresponding to  **$63.3^\circ \leq \theta_{j_1j_2} \leq 116.7^\circ$**  (the acoplanarity  $\theta_{j_1j_2}$  corresponds to the opening angle between the planes composed of the direction of the jet1 momentum and the beam axis, and the direction of jet2 momentum and the beam axis).
  - ◆ Expecting to reconstruct b-jets with  $p_T = 62. \pm 4.5$  GeV (**~7% b-jet reconstruction resolution**), propagates into  $m_{b\bar{b}}$  resolution of  $\sqrt{2} \times 4.5 \sim 3$  GeV. Applying **invariant mass within window:  $122 \text{ GeV} < M_{\text{inv}} < 128 \text{ GeV}$**  around  $m_H$  returns no signal loss but ~88% removal of backgrounds.

# Kinematical distributions for PbPb @ $\sqrt{s} = 39$ TeV (after cuts)



**FCC-PbPb at  $\sqrt{s} = 39$  TeV**  
 $\sigma(\text{visible Higgs}) = 0.121 \text{ nb}$

$\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = 0.094 \text{ nb}$   
 $\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow c\bar{c}) = 0.0073 \text{ nb}$   
 $\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow q\bar{q}) = 0.00075 \text{ nb}$

**L = 110 nb<sup>-1</sup>/yr**  
**Signal: 13 counts/yr**  
**Σ(Back): 11 counts/yr**

$S/\sqrt{B} = 3.97$  in one year

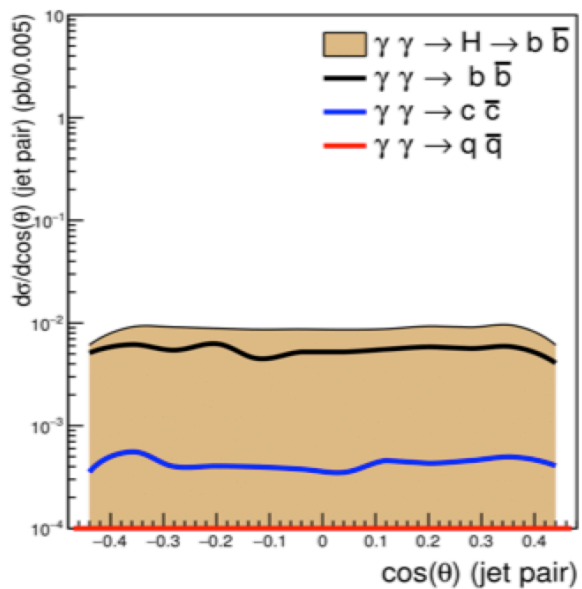
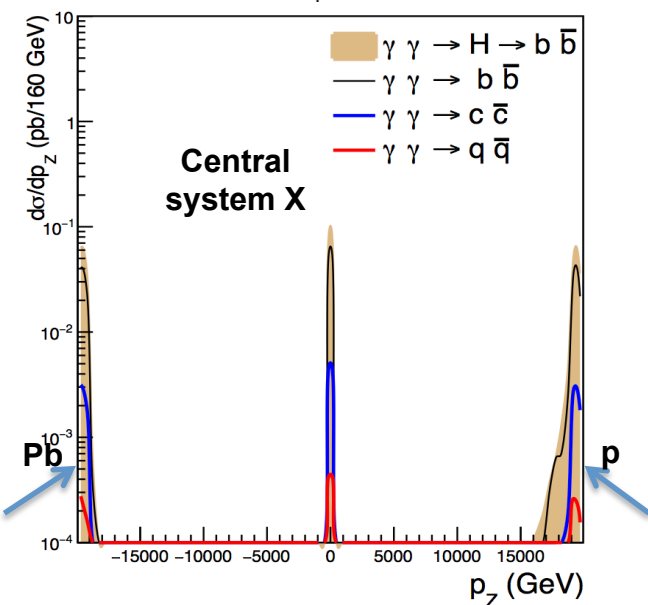
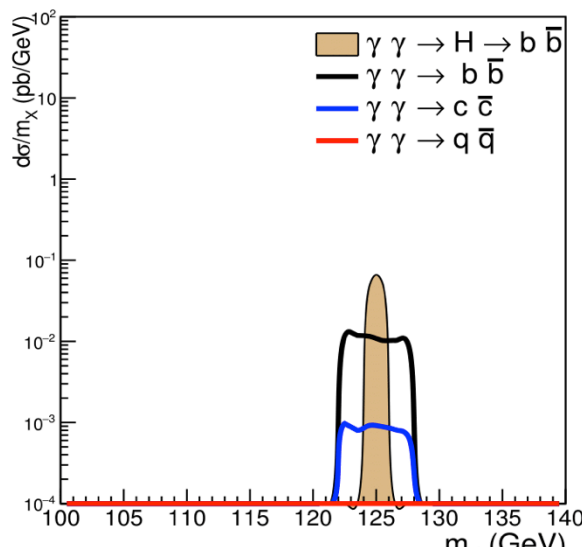
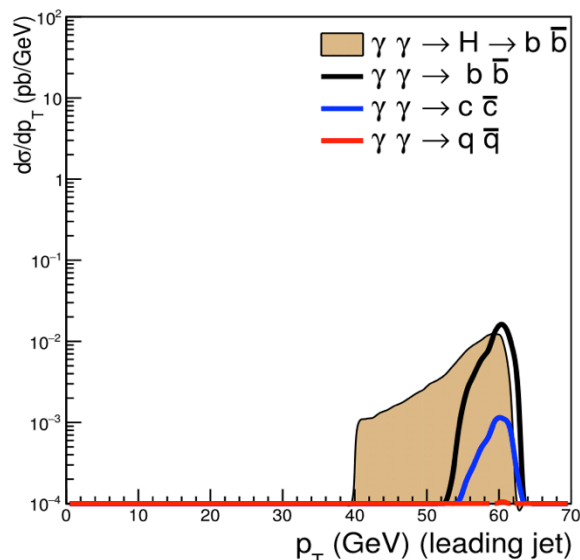
$3\sigma : L = 62.7 \text{ nb}^{-1} \sim 7 \text{ months}$   
 $5\sigma : L = 163 \text{ nb}^{-1} \sim 1.5 \text{ years}$

## Evidence/Observation of $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ @ FCC-PbPb

# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow H \rightarrow bb\sim @ FCC-pPb$

Kinematical distributions for pPb  $\sqrt{s} = 63$  TeV (after cuts)

Plots and XS before cuts in backup slide



FCC-pPb at  $\sqrt{s} = 63$  TeV  
 $\sigma(\text{visible Higgs}) = 0.102$  pb

$\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow bb\sim) = 0.065$  pb  
 $\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow cc\sim) = 0.005$  pb  
 $\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow qq\sim) = 0.00044$  pb

$L = 29$  pb<sup>-1</sup>/year

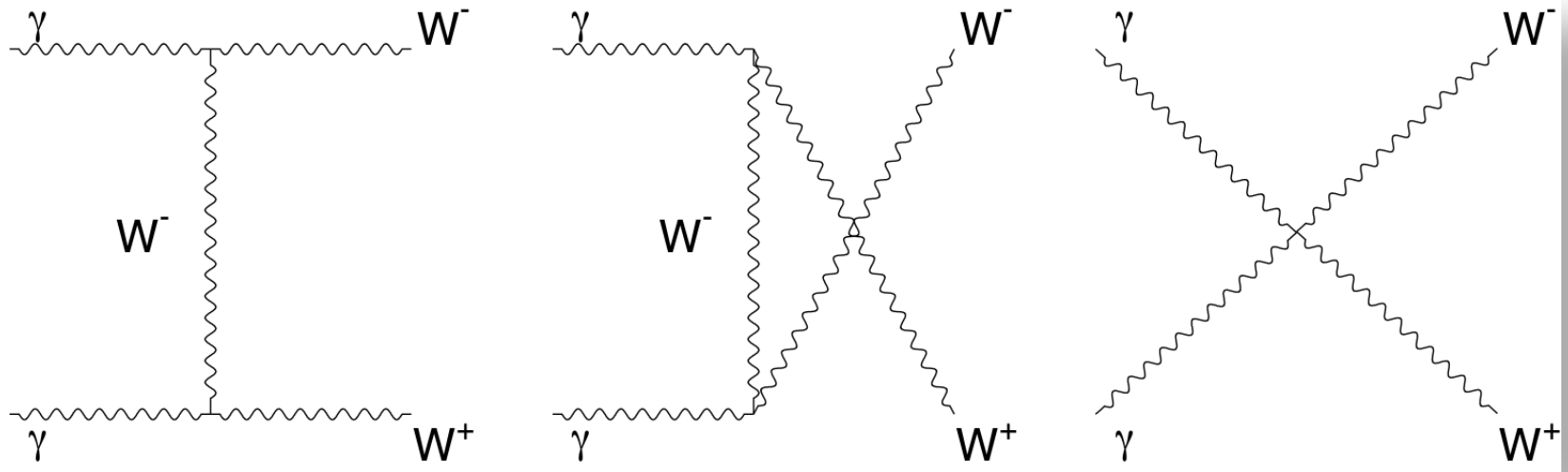
Signal:  $\sim 3$  counts/year  
 $\Sigma(\text{Back}): \sim 2$  counts/year

$S/\sqrt{B} = 2.07$  in one year

$3\sigma : L = 60.93$  pb<sup>-1</sup>  $\sim 2$  years  
 $5\sigma : L = 169.3$  pb<sup>-1</sup>  $\sim 5.8$  years

Evidence of  
 $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow H \rightarrow bb\sim$   
 @FCC-pPb

# Feasibility measurement study of $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^- \rightarrow 4 \text{ jets @ FCC-ee}$





# Theoretical Setup

## ◆ For Signal:

◆ **Superchic v.2.04** (for  $W^+W^-$  production) + **Pythia8.226** (for decaying, showering and hadronization within  $WW$  production phase space region).

- ✓ Possibility of experimental cuts (relevant for  $\gamma$ -induced processes):
  - "Photon:Q2max = 2."
  - "Photon:Wmin = 161.0"
  - "Photon:Wmax = -1"

## ◆ For Backgrounds:

◆ **Pythia6** ([link](#)) with equivalent photon flux in via "**gammale $\pm$** " option in PYINIT. Possibility of experimental cuts (relevant for  $\gamma$ -induced processes):

- ✓ Possibility of experimental cuts (relevant for  $\gamma$ -induced processes):
  - CKIN(61-64) :  $x_i$  energy fractions taken from leptons;
  - CKIN(65-68) :  $Q_i^2$  momentum transfer (photon virtualities);
  - CKIN(69-72) :  $\theta_i$  lepton scattering angle;
  - CKIN(77-78) :  $W^2$   $\gamma\gamma$ -invariant mass;
- ✓ ISR+FSR+Hadronization

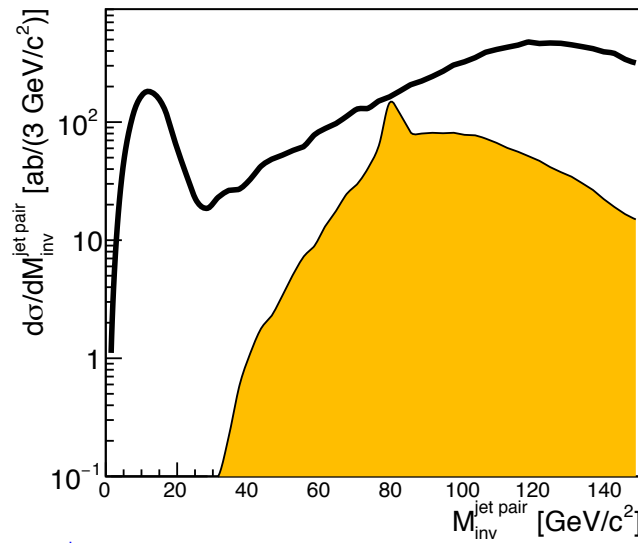
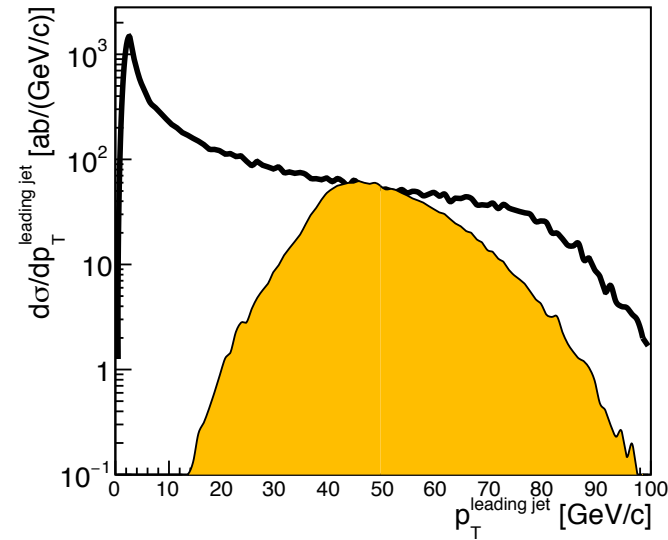
◆ **Jet Reconstruction: FastJet3** ([link](#)) with  $e^+e^-$  kt (Durham) algorithm.

◆  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 4j$  (decay with largest BR):

- ✓ Process 61 for signal (Superchic properly adapted); MSUB(58) in Pythia6 for backs.
- ✓ Hadronic  $W$  final-state,  $BR(W \rightarrow jj) = 2/3$ , to maximize statistics.
- ✓  $W$  pair production through  $\gamma\gamma$ -fusion is very suitable to test EWK theory: probe trilinear  $WW\gamma$  and quartic  $\gamma\gamma WW$  boson couplings.

# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 4 \text{ jets @ FCC-ee}$

FCC-ee with 2IP



◆ Signal:  
 $\sqrt{s} = 240 \text{ GeV}$ : 1640 ab  
 $L = 3.5 \text{ ab}^{-1}/\text{yr}$   
 $N(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW) = 11480 \text{ counts/yr}$

$\sqrt{s} = 350 \text{ GeV}$ : 10500 ab  
 $L = 1 \text{ ab}^{-1}/\text{yr}$   
 $N(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW) = 21100 \text{ counts/yr}$

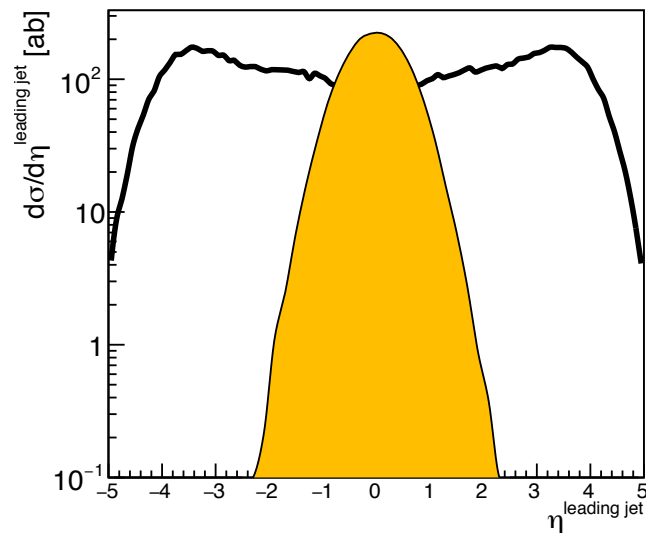
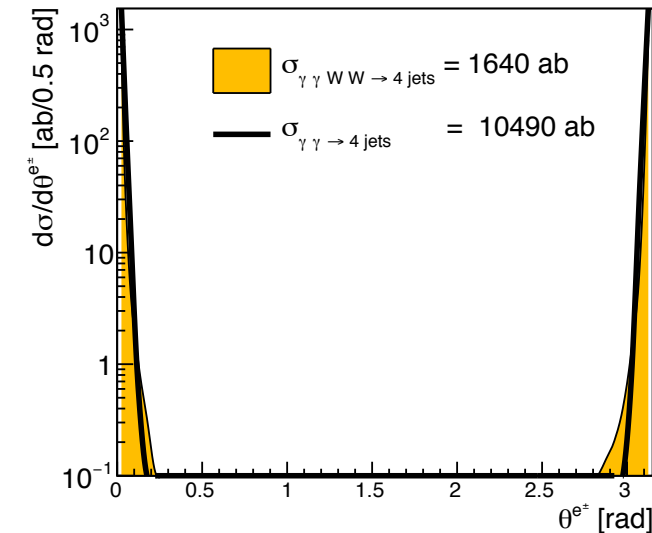
◆ Backgrounds:  
 • Dominant  
 $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^*, g^* \rightarrow 4j$  ( $\sim 8.8 \text{ pb}$  with cuts) killed with  $e^\pm$  tagging.

•  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 4 \text{ jets}$

$\sqrt{s} = 240 \text{ GeV}$ : 10490 ab  
 $N(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 4\text{Jets}) = 74430 \text{ counts/yr}$

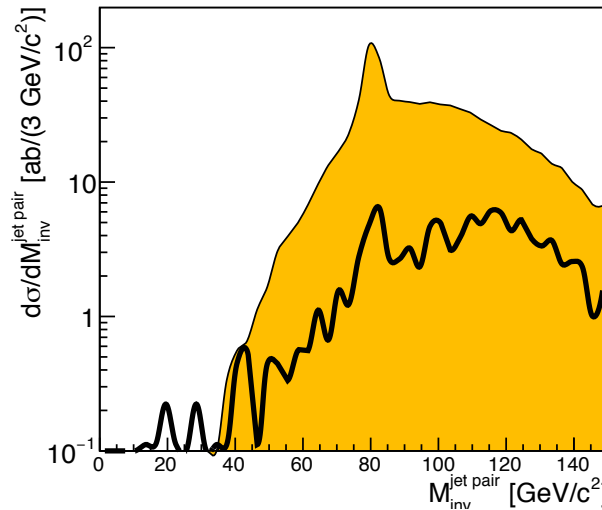
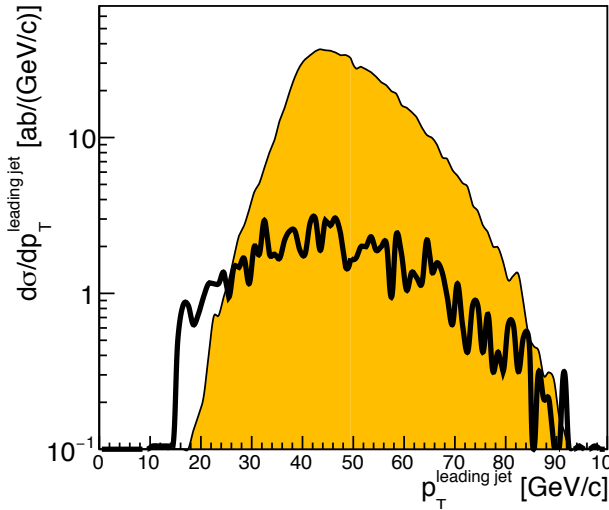
$\sqrt{s} = 350 \text{ GeV}$ : 46844 ab  
 $N(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 4\text{Jets}) = 93688 \text{ counts/yr}$

Kinematical distributions for  $\sqrt{s} = 240 \text{ GeV}$  (before cuts)

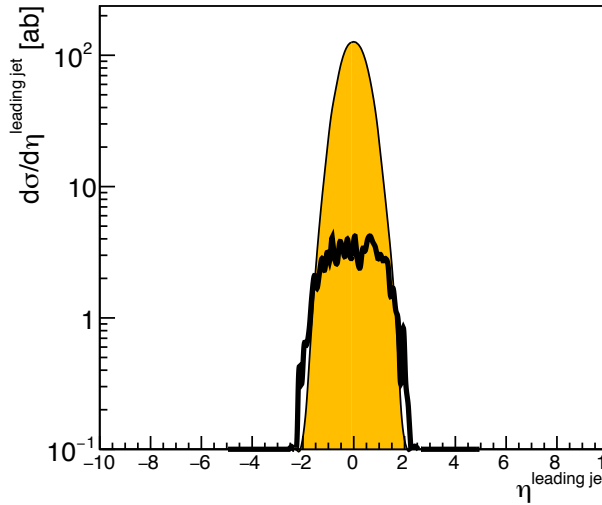
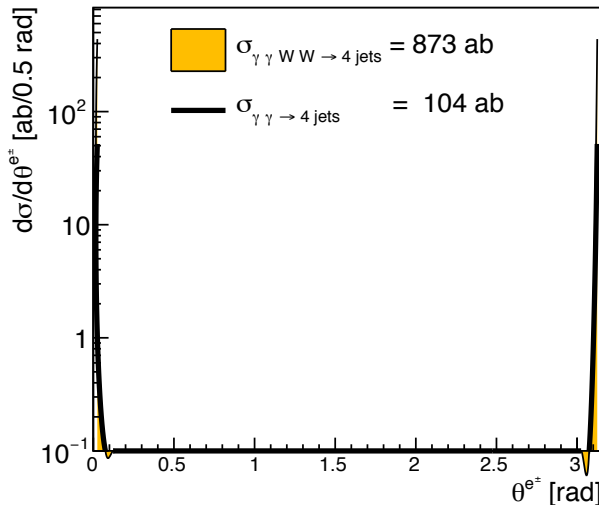


# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 4 \text{ jets @ FCC-ee}$

Cuts:  $p_{T, \text{Jets}} > 10 \text{ GeV}$ ;  
 $\eta_{\text{Jets}} < 5$ ;  $\Delta R_{\text{Jets}} > 0.4$ ;  
 $76.5 \text{ GeV} < M_{jj} < 84.5 \text{ GeV}$   
 Beam line tagging:  $q_{\text{lepton}} < 1^\circ$



Kinematical distributions for  $\sqrt{s} = 240 \text{ GeV}$  (after cuts)



Signal:

$\sqrt{s} = 240 \text{ GeV}$ :

$\sigma(\text{visible}) = 873 \text{ ab}$

$N(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW) = 6111 \text{ counts/yr}$

$\sqrt{s} = 350 \text{ GeV}$ :

$\sigma(\text{visible}) = 6610 \text{ ab}$

$N(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW) = 13220 \text{ counts/yr}$

◆ Background:

•  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 4 \text{ jets}$

$\sqrt{s} = 240 \text{ GeV}$ : 104 ab

$N(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 4 \text{ Jets}) = 728 \text{ counts/yr}$

$\sqrt{s} = 350 \text{ GeV}$ : 520 ab

$N(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW) = 1040 \text{ counts/yr}$

◆ ~ 99% events lost of the back against 53% of the signal

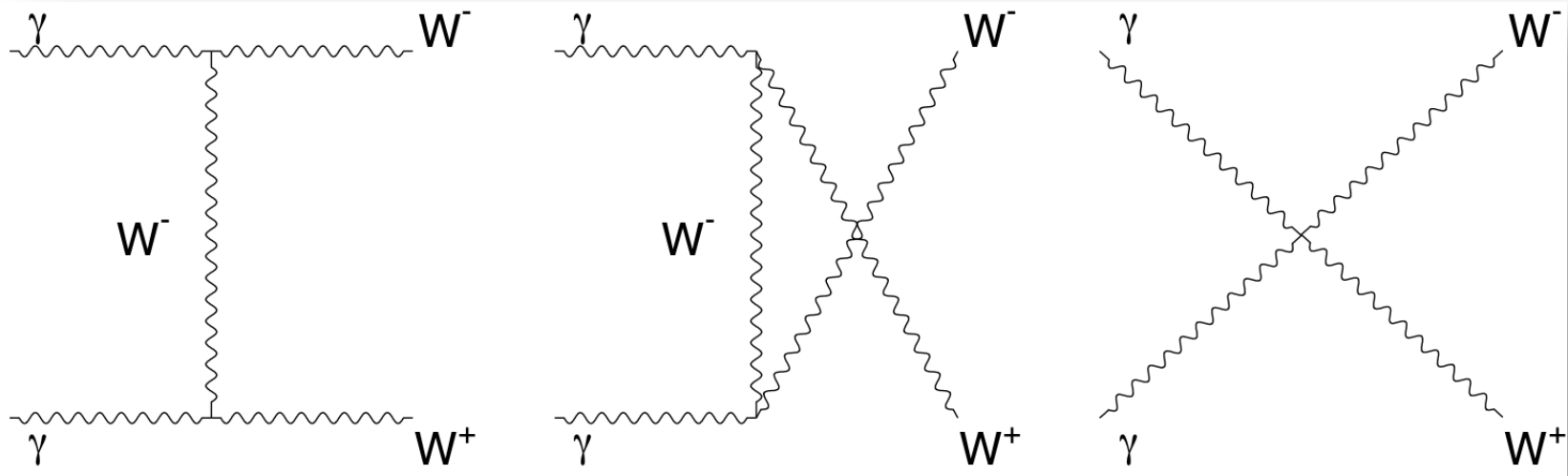
◆ Significance:  $S/\sqrt{B} = 6$

for  $L = 0.1 \text{ ab}^{-1} @ 240 \text{ GeV}$

for  $L = 0.015 \text{ ab}^{-1} @ 350 \text{ GeV}$

Observation of  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 4j @ \text{FCC-ee}(240, 350 \text{ GeV})$

# Feasibility measurement study of $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^- \rightarrow 4 \text{ jets @ FCC-PbPb}$



# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 4 \text{ jets @ FCC-PbPb}$

$\sqrt{s} = 39 \text{ TeV}$ : (PbPb flux)  
 Integrated luminosity  
 $L = 110 \text{ nb}^{-1}/\text{year}$

Madgraph + Py8 + FastJet3

Exclusive jets are categorized with kt algorithm,  $\Delta R > 0.4$  and sorted by transverse momentum.

◆ Phase Space:

$10 < m_{jj} < 1000 \text{ GeV}$

$p_{T\text{jet}} > 1 \text{ GeV}$

$-8 < \eta_{\text{jet}} < 8$

Nucleon mass = 0.9315 GeV

◆ Signal:

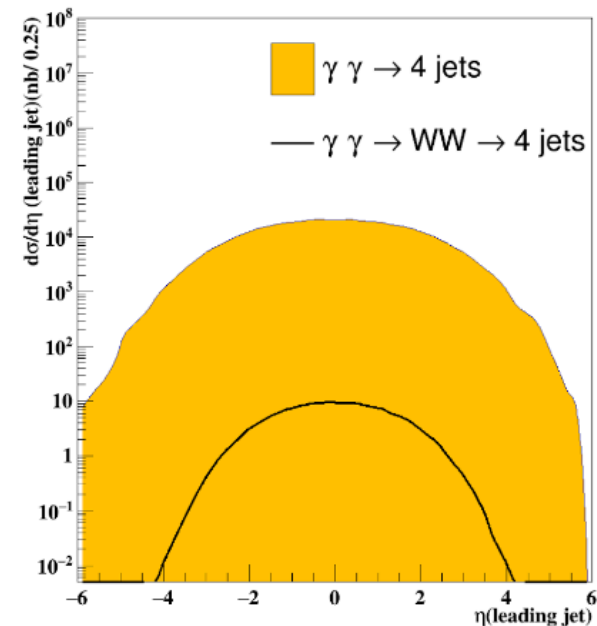
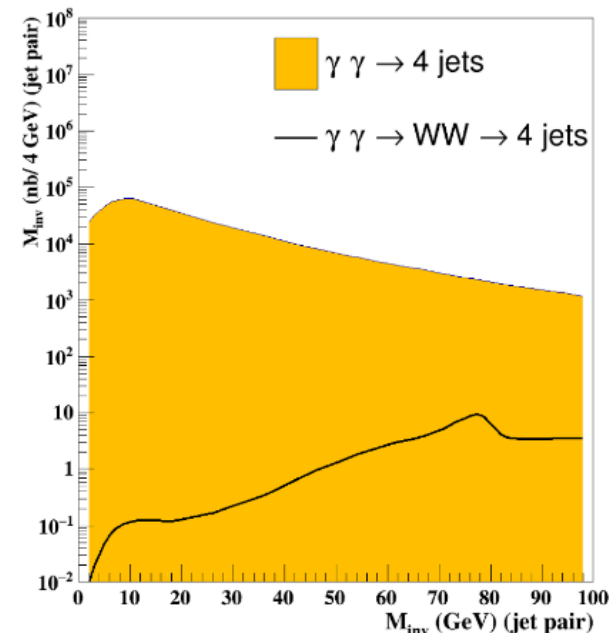
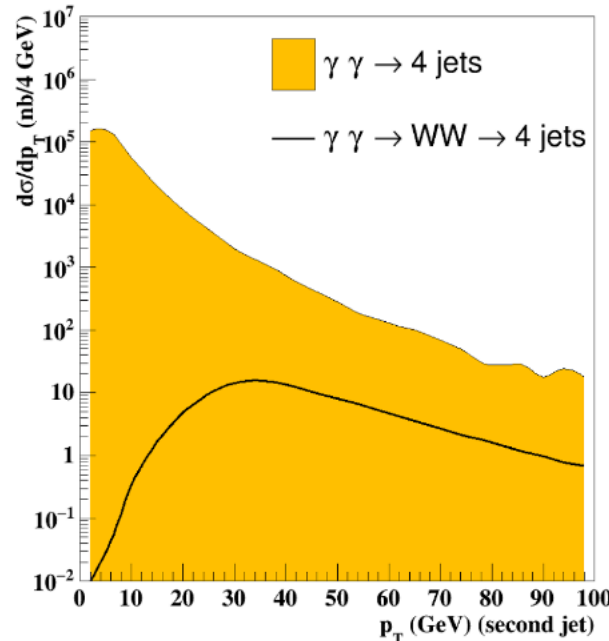
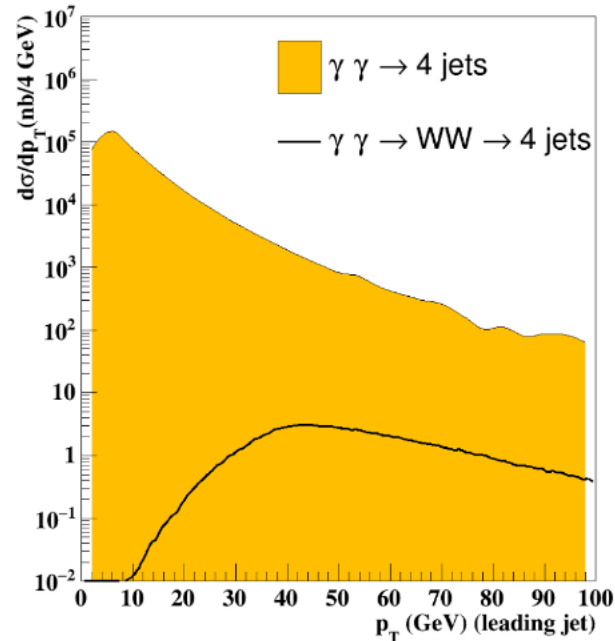
$\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 4\text{jets}) = 132.2 \text{ nb}$

$N(\text{events}) = 14542 \text{ counts/yr}$

◆ Background:

$\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 4\text{jets}) = 401305 \text{ nb}$

$N(\text{events}) = 4.41 \times 10^7 \text{ counts/yr}$



# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 4 \text{ jets @ FCC-PbPb}$

- ◆ Cuts applied to enhance the signal.

$$\begin{aligned}
 p_{T(\text{jets})} &> 30 \text{ GeV} \\
 -5 < \eta_{(\text{jets})} < 5 \\
 76.5 < m_{jj} < 84.5 \text{ GeV}
 \end{aligned}$$

- ◆ Visible Cross section after cuts:

Signal

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 4 \text{ jets}) &= 28.42 \text{ nb} \\
 \text{N(events) Signal} &= 3126 \text{ counts/yr}
 \end{aligned}$$

Background:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow b\bar{b}) &= 32.1 \text{ nb} \\
 \text{N(events) Background} &= 3531 \text{ counts/yr}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$S/\sqrt{B} = 52.1 \text{ for } L = 110 \text{ nb}^{-1}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l}
 S(3\sigma) \text{ for } L = 0.4 \text{ nb}^{-1} \sim 1.2 \text{ days} \\
 S(5\sigma) \text{ for } L = 1.01 \text{ nb}^{-1} \sim 3.3 \text{ days}
 \end{array} \right.$$

Removal of irreducible continuum 4-jet background:

- ◆ Signal W -jets peak at  $p_T \approx m_W/2 = 40 \text{ GeV}/c$ : selecting events with  $p_{T(\text{jet})} > 30 \text{ GeV}/c$  removes around 98% of the remaining continuum 4-jet background while keeping  $\sim 61.6\%$  of the signal.

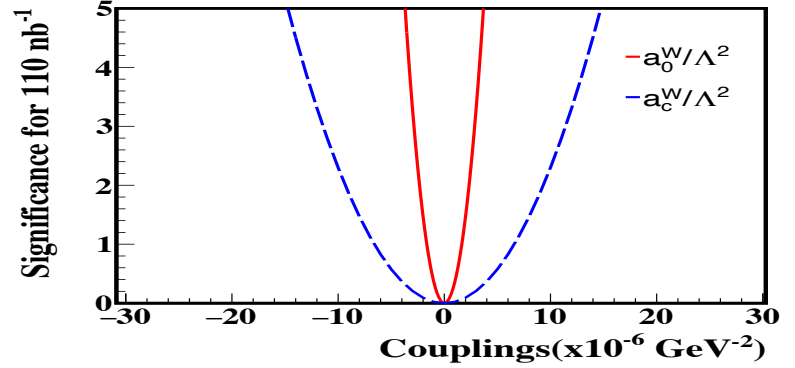
- ◆ Constraining the pseudorapidity region to  $-5 < \eta_{(\text{jets})} < 5$  keeps  $\sim 59.8\%$  of the signal

- ◆ Expecting to reconstruct W-mass with between the mass window  $76.5 \text{ GeV} - 84.5 \text{ GeV}$  retains  $\sim 21.5\%$  of the signal and left only  $\sim 0.008\%$  of the 4-jet continuum background.

**Observation of  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 4j @ \text{FCC-PbPb (39TeV)}$**

# aQGC via $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW$ @ FCC-ee, PbPb

◆ W pair production through  $\gamma\gamma$  fusion is very suitable to test EWK theory: probe trilinear  $WW\gamma$  and quartic  $\gamma\gamma WW$  boson couplings.



- ✓ Dim6 parameters related with LMs Dim8 ones (hep-ph/9908254 & hep-ph/0606118);
- ✓ **Pythia8.2** and **Superchic** (SC) are powerful tools for this computation => **need implementation of effective vertex.**
- ✓ Events for Dim6 operators, related to  $\gamma\gamma WW$ , generated with **Madgraph v2.5.4** => **aQGC XS properly weighted** by the **SM XS factor**, **SC/MG5 = 0.47**, for a reliable approximation in FCC-ee analysis.

Dim 6

$$L_6^0 = \frac{e^2 a_0^W}{8 \Lambda^2} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} W^{+\alpha} W_\alpha^- - \frac{e^2}{16 \cos^2 \Theta_W} \frac{a_0^Z}{\Lambda^2} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} Z^\alpha Z_\alpha$$

$$L_6^C = \frac{-e^2 a_C^W}{16 \Lambda^2} F_{\mu\alpha} F^{\mu\beta} (W^{+\alpha} W_\beta^- + W^{-\alpha} W_\beta^+) - \frac{e^2}{16 \cos^2 \Theta_W} \frac{a_C^Z}{\Lambda^2} F_{\mu\alpha} F^{\mu\beta} Z^\alpha Z_\beta$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{T,0} = \text{Tr} [\hat{W}_{\mu\nu} \hat{W}^{\mu\nu}] \times \text{Tr} [\hat{W}_{\alpha\beta} \hat{W}^{\alpha\beta}] \quad \mathcal{L}_{M,0} = \text{Tr} [\hat{W}_{\mu\nu} \hat{W}^{\mu\nu}] \times [(D_\beta \Phi)^\dagger D^\beta \Phi]$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{T,1} = \text{Tr} [\hat{W}_{\alpha\nu} \hat{W}^{\mu\beta}] \times \text{Tr} [\hat{W}_{\mu\beta} \hat{W}^{\alpha\nu}] \quad \mathcal{L}_{M,1} = \text{Tr} [\hat{W}_{\mu\nu} \hat{W}^{\nu\beta}] \times [(D_\beta \Phi)^\dagger D^\mu \Phi]$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{T,2} = \text{Tr} [\hat{W}_{\alpha\mu} \hat{W}^{\mu\beta}] \times \text{Tr} [\hat{W}_{\beta\nu} \hat{W}^{\nu\alpha}] \quad \mathcal{L}_{M,2} = [B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}] \times [(D_\beta \Phi)^\dagger D^\beta \Phi]$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{T,8} = B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} B_{\alpha\beta} B^{\alpha\beta}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{M,3} = [B_{\mu\nu} B^{\nu\beta}] \times [(D_\beta \Phi)^\dagger D^\mu \Phi]$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{T,9} = B_{\alpha\mu} B^{\mu\beta} B_{\beta\nu} B^{\nu\alpha}$$

Observed:

$$\text{CMS (8TeV): } a_0^W = [-4, 4] \text{ TeV}^{-2}$$

$$a_C^W = [-15, 15] \text{ TeV}^{-2}$$

Expected:

$$\text{FCC-ee (240GeV): } a_0^W = [-2, 2] \text{ TeV}^{-2}$$

$$a_C^W = [-8, 8] \text{ TeV}^{-2}$$

$$\text{FCC-PbPb (39TeV): } a_0^W = [-2.9, 2.9] \text{ TeV}^{-2}$$

$$a_C^W = [-11.6, 11.6] \text{ TeV}^{-2}$$

Dim 8

- ✓ Expected better aQGC constraints than recent LHC limits.

# Results & Perspectives

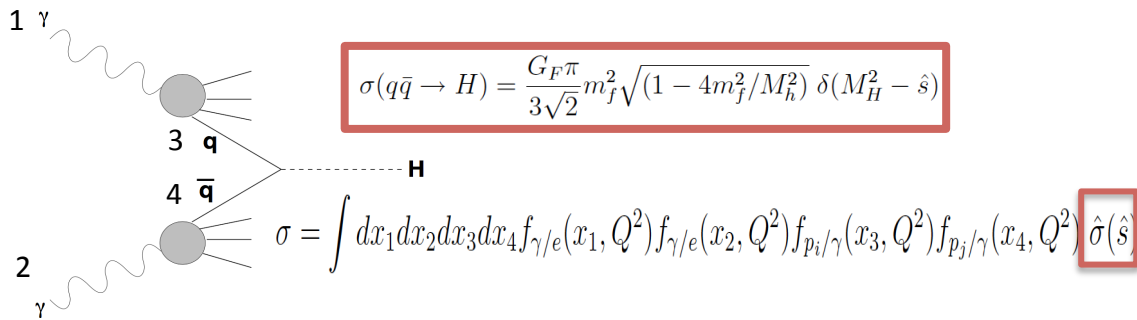
- ◆ Photon-photon collisions at the FCC-ee,hh provide rich and novel physics opportunities to study EWK and Higgs sector of the SM.
  - ◆ Two crucial processes considered:  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \text{H}$  (FCC-ee/pPb/PbPb) and  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \text{W}^+\text{W}^-$  (FCC-ee/PbPb)
  - ◆ EPA properly implemented in Superchic v2.04 and Pythia 8.226. Madgraph 2.5.4 suitable for PbPb and pPb fluxes.
  - ◆ Superchic used to weight Madgraph's dim6 aQGC events for FCC-ee.
- ◆  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \text{H} \rightarrow \text{bb}^{\sim}$  :
  - ✓ **FCC-ee:** cuts based on forward and central regions as well as beam line tagging plus suitable kinematical variables ( $p_{\text{TJets}}$  and  $M_{\text{bb}^{\sim}}$ ). **Evidence/Observation in all center-of-mass energies within one year running.**
  - ✓ **FCC-hh:** Cuts in suitable variables ( $p_{\text{TJets}}$  and  $M_{\text{bb}^{\sim}}$ ). **Evidence/Observation is expected at 39TeV and 63eV from 7 months running.**
- ◆  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \text{W}^+\text{W}^- \rightarrow 4 \text{ jets @FCC-ee, PbPb}$ :
  - ✓ cuts based plus on suitable kinematical variables ( $p_{\text{TJets}}$ ,  $\eta_{\text{Jets}}$ ,  $\Delta R_{\text{Jets}}$ , and  $M_{\text{jj}}$ ). **Observation at FCC-ee(240 GeV, 350GeV) and FCC-PbPb (39TeV) up to 1 month running.**
  - ✓ Preliminary studies of dim6 effective operators using EPA: improvements depending on future Monte Carlo implementations. Pointing to improve the recent CMS exclusion limits.
- ◆ **Outlook:**
  - ◆  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \text{W}^+\text{W}^-$  &  $\text{ZZ}$  @FCC-ee, hh with leptonic, semileptonic and hadronic decay channels in progress.



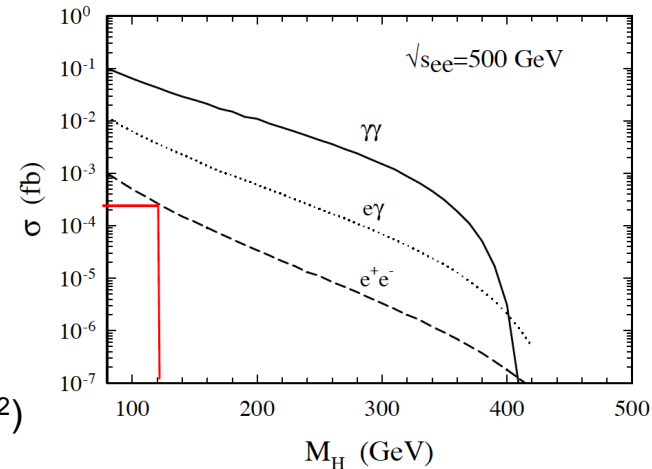
# Backup

## ◆ Resolved Photon Contribution to Higgs production in γγ collisions

- single Higgs boson production in γγ collisions via the hadronic content of the photon at e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup> colliders  
Pythia8.226 based on (default) Photon PDF by F. Cornet, P. Jankowski, M. Krawczyk and A. Lorca, Phys. Rev. D68 (2003) 014010
- the quark and gluon content of the photon are treated as partons described by partonic distributions, f<sub>q/γ</sub>(x,Q<sup>2</sup>) in direct analogy to partons inside hadrons. The associated spectrum of photons (here the Weizsäcker Williams distribution of effective photon approximation - EPA) convolute the cross sections with the photon distributions to obtain cross sections that can be compared to experiment



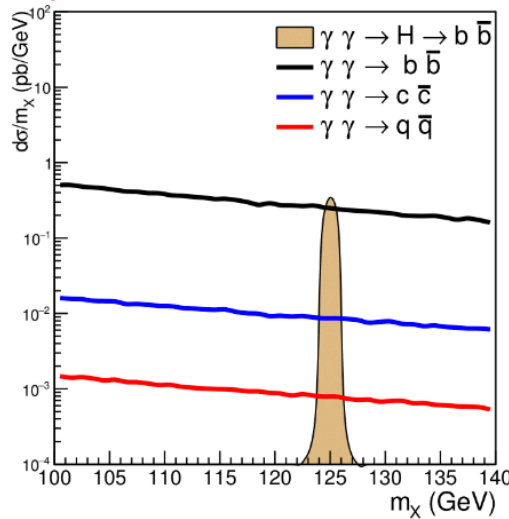
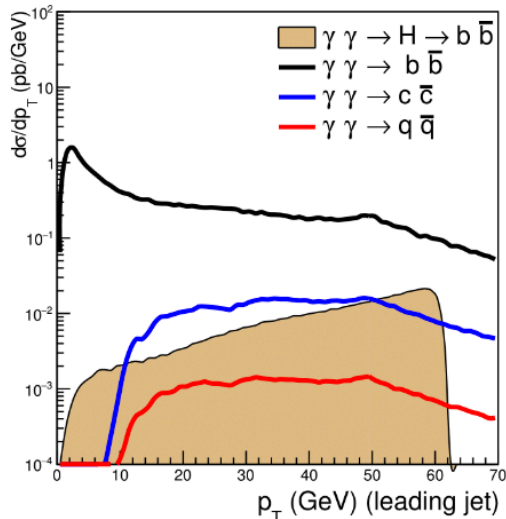
1 and 2 : photon from electron-positron beam => EPA f<sub>q/γ</sub>(x, Q<sup>2</sup>)  
 3 and 4: parton in the photon (quark, anti-quark or gluon) => f<sub>p/γ</sub>(x, Q<sup>2</sup>)



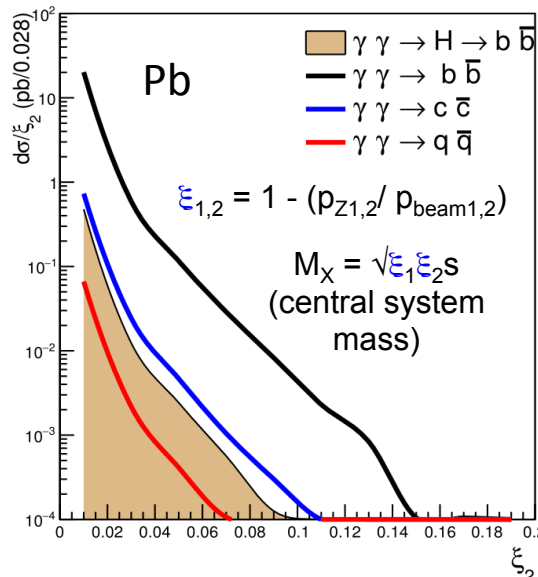
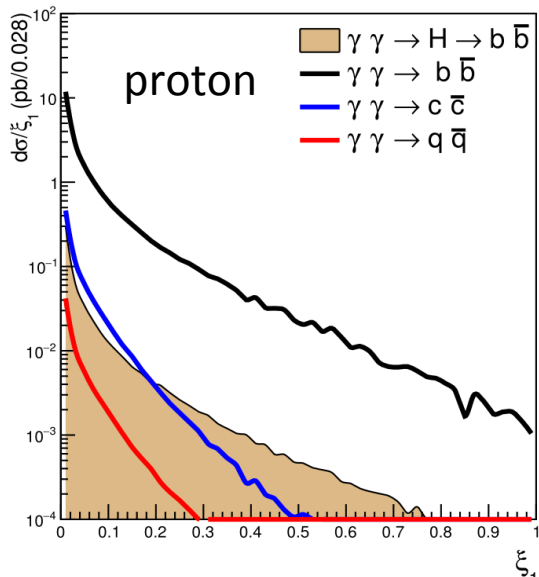
- for FCC-ee @160 – 350 GeV:
  - SM Higgs production cross section via resolved photons varies from 0.13 x 10<sup>-4</sup> ab to 0.18 x 10<sup>-3</sup> ab
  - Continuum backgrounds cross sections via resolved photons can reach huge 9.9 x 10<sup>+8</sup> ab (@350GeV) but events are 100% killed by the p<sub>T</sub> ≈ m<sub>H</sub>/2 = 62.5 GeV cut.

# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow H \rightarrow bb \sim @ FCC-pPb$

$\sqrt{s} = 63 \text{ TeV}; \text{Lumi}_{int} = 29 \text{ pb}^{-1}/\text{yr}$



## Kinematical distributions for $\sqrt{s} = 63 \text{ TeV}$ (b-jet reco & mistag)



◆ Superchicv2.03 & Magraph2.5.4, both adapted with photon flux from Pb beam\*, and Pythia8.2

◆ Restricting phase space:

$m_{j1j2} \geq 100 \text{ GeV}, p_{Tjets} \geq 20 \text{ GeV}, -5 \leq \eta \leq 5$

Effic(b-jet reco) =  $(70\%)^2$

Prob(b-mistag.) =  $(5\%)^2$  (c)

Prob(b-mistag.) =  $(1.5\%)^2$  (q)

◆ Signal:

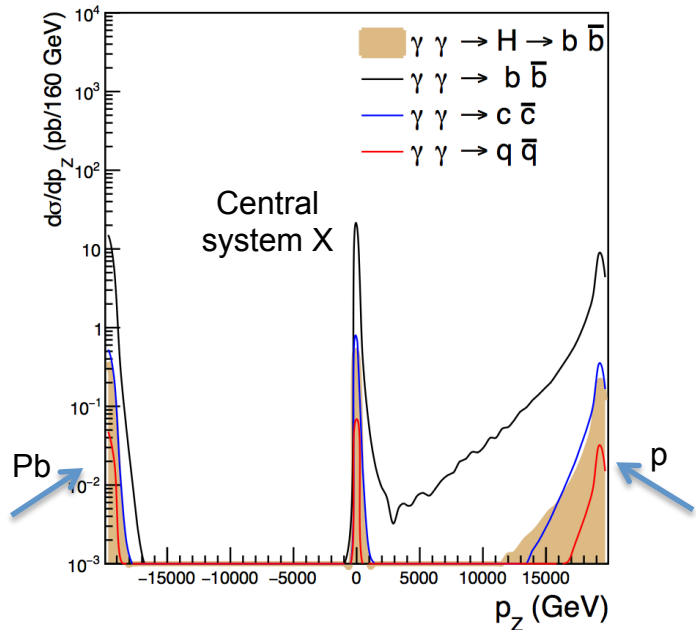
$\sigma(\text{Higgs} \rightarrow bb \sim) = 0.49 \text{ pb} \sim 14 \text{ counts/yr}$

◆ Backgrounds:

$\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow bb \sim) = 20.93 \text{ pb} \sim 607 \text{ counts/yr}$

$\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow cc \sim) = 0.763 \text{ pb} \sim 22 \text{ counts/yr}$

$\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow qq \sim) = 0.069 \text{ pb} \sim 2 \text{ counts/yr}$



(\*) Study of Higgs boson production and its  $b\bar{b}$  decay in  $\gamma\gamma$  processes in proton-nucleus collisions at the LHC. D. d'Enterria, Phys. Rev. D 81, 014004 (2010)

# Analysis Cuts

## ◆ Removal of **irreducible $\gamma\gamma$ backgrounds**:

### ◆ Signal b-jets peak at $p_T \approx m_H/2 = 62.5 \text{ GeV}/c$ :

selecting events with  **$40 \text{ GeV}/c < p_T (\text{jet}) < 62.5 \text{ GeV}/c$**  removes  $\sim 90\%$  of the  $bb\sim$ , and mistagged  $cc\sim$ ,  $qq\sim$  backgrounds while killing  $\sim 38\%$  of the signal.

### ◆ The acoplanarity within $-0.45 < \cos(\theta) < 0.45$ range removes 78% of the backgrounds but only 21% of the signal

### ◆ Expecting to reconstruct b-jets with $p_T = 62. \pm 4.5 \text{ GeV}$ ( **$\sim 7\%$ b-jet reco resolution**), propagates into $m_{bb}$ resolution of $\sqrt{2} \times 4.5 \sim 3. \text{ GeV}$ . Applying **invariant mass within window: $122 \text{ GeV} < M_{inv} < 128 \text{ GeV}$** around $m_H$ returns no signal loss but $\sim 99.7\%$ removal of backgrounds.